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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE CROWN IN CHANCERY FOR CANADA.

OTTAWA, 24th December, 1881.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to summon the following gentlemen to the Senate, to wit:—

IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA,—

Thomas McKay, Esquire, of Colchester.

IN THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,—

Alexander W. Ogilvie, Esquire, of the City of Montreal, for the Division of *Alma*.

IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO,—

James Skead, Esquire, of Ottawa.

Donald McInnes, Esquire, of Hamilton.

IN THE PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,—

Thomas Robert McInnes, Esquire, M.D., of New Westminster.

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz:—

OTTAWA, 4th January, 1882.

LINDSAY RUSSELL, Esquire, Surveyor General; to be from the 1st of January instant, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, *vice* John Stoughton Dennis, Esquire, superannuated.

PROCLAMATIONS.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
General,
Administrator.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.
To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you,—
GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Meeting of Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to the Fourth day of the month of February next, NEVERTHELESS, for certain causes and considerations, We have thought fit further to prorogue the same to THURSDAY, the NINTH day of the month of FEBRUARY next, so that neither you, nor any of you on the said FOURTH day of FEBRUARY next at Our City of Ottawa to appear are to be held and constrained: for WE DO WILL THAT you and each of you, be as to Us, in this matter, entirely exonerated; commanding, and by the tenor of these presents, enjoining you, and each of you, and all others in this behalf interested, that on THURSDAY, the NINTH day of the month of FEBRUARY next, at Our City of OTTAWA aforesaid, personally you be and appear, for the DESPATCH OF BUSINESS, to treat, do, act, and conclude upon those things which in Our said Parliament of Canada, by the Common Council of Our said Dominion, may, by the favour of God, be ordained.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved General SIR PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Administrator of the Government of Canada, and Commander of Our Forces therein, &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-FOURTH day of DECEMBER in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

5. The odd-numbered sections in Class D shall be for sale at \$2 per acre, payable at time of sale :

- a. Except where they have been or may be dealt with otherwise by the Governor in Council.
- b. Except lands affected by colonization agreements, as hereinafter provided.

6. Persons who, subsequent to survey, but before the issue of the Order in Council of 9th October, 1879, excluding the numbered sections from homestead entry, took possession of land in odd-numbered sections by residing on and cultivating the same, shall, if continuing so to occupy them, be permitted to obtain homestead and pre-emption entries as if they were on even-numbered sections.

PRE-EMPTIONS.

7. The prices for pre-emption lots shall be as follows :

For lands in Classes A, B and C, \$2.50 per acre.

For lands in Class D, \$2.00 per acre.

Payment shall be made in one sum at the end of three years from the date of entry, or at such earlier date as a settler may, under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Acts, obtain a patent for the homestead to which such pre-emption lot belongs.

COLONIZATION.

Plan Number One.

8. Agreements may be entered into with any company or person (hereinafter called the party) to colonize and settle tracts of land on the following conditions :

- a. The party applying must satisfy the Government of its good faith and ability to fulfil the stipulations contained in these regulations.
- b. The tract of land granted to any party shall be in Class D.

9. The odd-numbered sections within such tract may be sold to the party at \$2 per acre, payable, one-fifth in cash at the time of entering into the contract, and the balance in four equal annual instalments from and after that time. The party shall also pay to the Government five cents per acre for the survey of the land purchased by it, the same to be payable in four equal annual instalments at the same time as the instalments of the purchase money. Interest at the rate of six per cent per annum shall be charged on all past due instalments.

- a. The party shall, within five years from the date of the contract, colonize its tract.
- b. Such colonization shall consist in placing two settlers on homesteads on each even-numbered section, and also two settlers on each odd-numbered section.
- c. The party may be secured for advances made to settlers on homesteads according to the provisions of the 10th section of the Act 44 Victoria, chap. 16. (The Act passed in 1881 to amend the Dominion Lands Acts.)
- d. The homesteads of 160 acres shall be the property of the settler, and he shall have the right to purchase the pre-emption lot belonging to his homestead at \$2 per acre, payable in one sum at the end of three years from the date of entry, or at such earlier date as he may under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Acts obtain a patent for his homestead.
- e. When the settler on a homestead does not take up the pre-emption lot to which he has a right, the party may within three months after the settler's right has elapsed purchase the same at \$2 per acre, payable in cash at the time of purchase.

10. In consideration of having colonized its tract of land in the manner set forth in sub-section b of the last preceding clause, the party shall be allowed a rebate of one-half the original purchase-money of the odd-numbered sections in its tract.

a. During each of the five years covered by the contract an enumeration shall be made of the settlers placed by the party in its tract, in accordance with sub-section b of clause 9 of these regulations, and for each *bonâ fide* settler so found therein a rebate of one hundred and twenty dollars shall be credited to the party; but the sums so credited shall not, in the aggregate, at any time exceed one hundred and twenty dollars for each *bonâ fide* settler found within the tract, in accordance with the said sub-section, at the time of the latest enumeration.

b. On the expiration of the five years an enumeration shall be made of the *bonâ fide* settlers on the tract, and if they are found to be as many in number and placed in the manner stipulated for in sub-section b of clause 9 of these regulations, a further and final rebate of forty dollars per settler shall be credited to the party, which sum, when added to those previously credited, will amount to one-half of the purchase money of the odd-numbered sections and reduce the price thereof to one dollar per acre. But if it should be found that the full number of settlers required by these regulations are not on the tract, or are not placed in conformity with sub-section b of clause 9 of these regulations then, for each settler fewer than the required number, or not placed in conformity with the said sub-section, the party shall forfeit one hundred and sixty dollars of rebate.

c. If at any time during the existence of the contract the party shall have failed to perform any of the conditions thereof the Governor in Council may cancel the sale of the land purchased by it and deal with the party as may seem meet under the circumstances.

d. To be entitled to rebate the party shall furnish to the Minister of the Interior evidence that will satisfy him that the tract has been colonized and settled in accordance with sub-section b of clause 9 of these regulations.

Plan Number two.

11. To encourage settlement by capitalists who may desire to cultivate larger farms than can be purchased where the regulations provide that two settlers shall be placed on each section (but without diminishing the number of settlers required to be placed within each township), agreements may be entered into with any company or person (hereinafter called the party) to colonize and settle tracts of land on the following conditions :

- a. The party applying must satisfy the Government of its good faith and ability to fulfil the stipulations contained in these regulations.
- b. The tract of land granted to any party shall be in Class D.
- c. All the land within the tract may be sold to the party at two dollars per acre, payable in cash, at the time of entering into the contract. The party shall, at the same time, pay to the Government five cents per acre for the survey of the land purchased by it.
- d. The party shall, within five years from the date of the contract, colonize the township or townships comprised within its tract.
- e. Such colonization shall consist in placing one hundred and twenty-eight *bonâ fide* settlers within each township.

12. In consideration of having colonized its tract of land in the manner set forth in sub-section e of the last preceding clause, the party shall be allowed a rebate of one-half of the original purchase-money of its tract.

a. During each of the five years covered by the contract an enumeration shall be made of the settlers placed by the party in its tract, in accordance with sub-section e of clause 11 of these regulations, and for each *bonâ fide*

settler so found therein a rebate of one hundred and twenty dollars shall be repaid to the party; but the sums so repaid shall not, in the aggregate, at any time exceed one hundred and twenty dollars for each *bonâ fide* settler found within the tract, in accordance with the said sub-section at the time of the latest enumeration.

b. On the expiration of the five years an enumeration shall be made of the *bonâ fide* settlers placed by the party in its tract, and if they are found to be as many in number and placed in the manner stipulated for in sub-section e of clause 11 of these regulations, a further and final rebate of forty dollars per settler shall be repaid, which sum when added to those previously repaid to the party will amount to one-half of the purchase money of its tract and reduce the price thereof to one dollar per acre. But if it should be found that the full number of settlers required by these regulations are not on the tract, or are not placed in conformity with the said sub-section, then, for each settler fewer than the required number or not settled in conformity with the said sub-section, the party shall forfeit one hundred and sixty dollars of rebate.

c. To be entitled to rebate, the party shall furnish to the Minister of the Interior evidence that will satisfy him that the tract has been colonized and settled in accordance with sub-section e of clause 11 of these regulations.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

13. The Government shall give notice in the *Canada Gazette* of all agreements entered into for the colonization and settlement of tracts of land under the foregoing plans in order that the public may respect the rights of the purchasers.

TIMBER FOR SETTLERS.

14. The Minister of the Interior may direct the reservation of any odd or even numbered section having timber upon it, to provide wood for homestead settlers; and each such settler may, where the opportunity for so doing exists, purchase a wood lot, not exceeding 20 acres, at the price of \$5 per acre in cash.

15. The Minister of the Interior may grant, under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Acts, licenses to cut timber on lands within surveyed townships. The lands covered by such licenses are hereby withdrawn from homestead and pre-emption entry and from sale.

PASTURAGE LANDS.

16. Under the authority of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 16, leases of tracts for grazing purposes may be granted on the following conditions:

a. Such leases to be for a period of not exceeding twenty-one years, and no single lease shall cover a greater area than 100,000 acres.

b. In surveyed territory, the land embraced by the lease shall be described in townships and sections. In unsurveyed territory, the party to whom a lease may be promised shall, before the issue of the lease, cause a survey of the tract to be made, at his own expense, by a Dominion Lands Surveyor, under instructions from the Surveyor-General; and the plan and field notes of such survey shall be deposited on record in the Department of the Interior.

c. The lessee shall pay an annual rental at the rate of \$10 for every 1,000 acres embraced by his lease, and shall within three years from the granting of the lease, place on the tract one head of cattle for every ten acres of land embraced by the lease, and shall during its term maintain cattle thereon in at least that proportion.

d. After placing the prescribed number of cattle upon the tract leased, the lessee may purchase land within his leasehold for a home farm and *corral*, paying therefor \$2.00 per acre in cash.

e. Failure to fulfil any of the conditions of his lease shall subject the lessee to forfeiture thereof.

17. When two or more parties apply for a grazing lease of the same land, tenders shall be invited, and the lease shall be granted to the party offering the highest premium therefor in addition to the rental. The said premium to be paid before the issue of the lease.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

18. Payments for land may be in cash, scrip, or Police or Military Bounty Warrants.

19. These Regulations shall not apply to lands valuable for town plots, or to coal or other mineral lands, or to stone or marble quarries, or to lands having water power thereon; or to sections 11 and 29 in each Township, which are School Lands, or Sections 8 and 26, which belong to the Hudson's Bay Company.

By order,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Surveyor General.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 23rd December, 1881.

26-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 22nd December, 1881.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Administrator of the Government, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 20th instant, and under the authority of the Act 44 Vic., chap. 11, section 11, has been pleased to order and direct, that the following article be placed on the list of articles that may be imported into Canada without payment of duty, viz:

"Jute cloth" as taken from the loom, neither pressed, mangled, calendered, nor in any way finished, and not less than 42 inches wide, when imported to be manufactured into *bags only*.

By command,

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

26-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twelfth day of November, 1881, incorporating George Joseph O'Doherty, barrister-at-law, William McKay, painter, James Boyle O'Doherty, merchant, Henry Francis McCarthy, druggist, Joseph Robert Esmonde, merchant, George Patrick Brophy, civil engineer, Joseph Boyden, merchant, William Edward Brown, merchant, John Charles Roger, printer, and Pierre Hyacinthe Chabot, merchant, all of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of manufacturing, refining, buying and selling of starch, glucose, grape, cane and other sugars and syrups throughout the Dominion of Canada, by the name of "The Dominion Sugar and Syrup Company, (Limited)," with a total capital stock of twenty thousand dollars divided into two hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-eighth day of November, 1881.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

26-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the

Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twelfth day of November, 1881, incorporating Hugh McLennan, merchant, Thomas Harris Hodgson, merchant, George Matheson Kinghorn, forwarder, Abner Kingman, merchant, and Thomas Briggs Brown, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of the purchase, building, holding, working and selling of steamships and other vessels and the employment of the same in the carrying for hire of coal, minerals, merchandize and cargoes of all descriptions as well as passengers in and between any port or ports in Canada and between such ports and any British or foreign ports; the purchase and sale of coal, minerals, merchandize and other property in connection with the working of said steamships and vessels; the purchase and sale of lands, mineral rights, coal mines

and other mines in Canada and the working of the same; the purchase, erection and sale of piers, warehouses, offices and other buildings, lines of railway and tramway on lands of the company, for use in connection with the business of the company, at such ports and mines, and all other purposes connected with or incidental to the working of such steamers, vessels, mines, buildings, piers, works and other property as aforesaid, by the name of "The Black Diamond Steamship Company of Montreal, limited," with a total capital stock of three hundred thousand dollars divided into three thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-eighth day of November, 1881.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secretary of State.

26-3

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 30th November, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....	\$	\$ cts. 974 00	\$ cts. 206 85
Agricultural Implements	"	2,206 00	594 05
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals. 21,762	13,504 00	3,351 00
Animals.....	\$	3,763 00	752 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	122,611 00	21,738 39
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	35,660 00	9,530 06
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 221,102	136,635 00	16,730 13
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 14,429	56,614 00	6,001 31
Rice and all other Breadstuffs	\$	21,083 00	7,033 54
Candles.....	Lbs. 30,075	4,528 00	1,126 25
Chicory.....	" 8,365	417 00	333 87
Coal of all kinds and Coke	Tons. 108,072	415,774 00	58,284 31
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 137,520	19,242 00	2,798 28
" " U. States.....	" 25,922	4,215 00	993 27
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	20,105 00	2,268 85
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	5,554 00	651 30
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	362,576 00	77,592 48
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	75,678 00	16,624 34
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	65,974 00	18,635 25
Fancy Goods.....	"	54,771 00	11,448 74
Fish.....	"	6,763 00	1,350 68
Fruit, Dried.....	"	199,931 00	48,748 45
" green, &c.....	"	36,912 00	7,313 98
Furs.....	"	42,322 00	7,546 50
Glass and Glassware.....	"	88,143 00	20,852 50
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	6,360 00	1,825 28
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	37,588 00	9,397 00
Hops.....	Lbs. 20,915	5,791 00	1,254 90
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	1,037,129 00	298,458 52
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	108,012 00	25,365 35
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	11,451 00	1,711 02
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,842 00	28,525 05
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	16,631 00	3,218 31
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,546 00	8,513 20
Musical Instruments.....	"	42,739 00	11,802 40
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 544,112	72,150 00	39,164 05
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 69,212	41,677 00	9,626 15
Paints and Colors.....	\$	31,104 00	5,197 35
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	117,827 00	28,324 67
Perfumery, &c.....	"	5,008 00	1,042 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,572,360	142,706 00	18,061 11
Butter.....	" 117	28 00	4 66
Cheese.....	" 5,801	1,090 00	174 03
Lard.....	" 222,322	26,635 00	4,446 44
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	4,770 00	837 46
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 46,237	124 00	37 95
Seeds.....	\$	5,484 00	836 80
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	98,730 00	29,058 85
Soap of all kinds.....	" 84,695	6,968 00	2,130 82
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	20,934 00	4,700 50
Starch.....	Lbs. 39,333	2,526 00	786 66
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 96,326	104,887 00	146,029 88
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	" 51,845	41,589 00	30,442 14
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,395	9,899 00	5,725 19
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 290,810	12,923 00	7,431 15
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 5,583,081	214,425 00	106,200 60
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 9,450,009	322,845 00	144,100 58
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 132,834	4,563 00	2,199 87
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 1,074,946	37,482 00	15,275 64
" Glucose and Syrups.....	" 81,477	3,477 00	1,619 22
" Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 74,291	30,068 00	6,638 30
" Molasses not for refining.....	" 232,511	67,864 00	10,294 30
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 785,642	162,710 00	35,688 51
" United States	" 264,741	52,066 00	18,092 81
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 22,848	31,076 00	18,190 87
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	111,262 00	28,272 80
Woollen manufactures	"	296,264 00	81,740 61
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs.		
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	610,483 00	138,490 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$5,920,688 00	\$1,583,471 53
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		69,344 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,854,492 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 7,844,524 00	\$1,583,471 53

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of Manitoba and British Columbia) for November, 1881.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	121,274 00	12,535 00	133,809 00
do Fisheries.....	723,141 00		723,141 00
do Forest.....	1,874,047 00	101,931 00	1,975,978 00
Animals and their Produce.....	2,138,662 00	33,633 00	2,172,295 00
Agricultural Products.....	6,460,624 00	234,086 00	6,694,710 00
Manufactures	291,257 00	105,158 00	396,415 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	38,038 00	5,050 00	43,088 00
Totals.....	11,647,043 00	492,393 00	12,139,436 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Total.....	11,647,043 00	492,393 00	12,139,436 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 5th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 30TH NOVEMBER, 1881.

LIABILITIES.										
CAPITAL.										
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	227,591 52			17,030 00		5,395,232 34	180,000 00	81,359 55	5,901,213 41
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00						3,055,209 13	83,000 00	57,041 79	3,195,250 92

ASSETS.										
Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	1,372,105 28	600 82	1,949,242 34	1,783,350 63	936,953 28	180,000 00		*419,624 98	6,641,877 33	
	724,890 48		994,555 35	94,714 18	1,109,904 80	83,000 00	237,220 00	125,791 51	3,467,539 59	
City and District Savings Bank.....										
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	97,463 27									

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10.

N. S. GARLAND,
 Clerk of Statistics.
 FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
 Ottawa, 7th Dec. 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Deputy Minister of Finance.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A); \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Director, Hamilton.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000).....	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assn. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock	Fire and Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B.C. Bonds.....	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.....	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal.....	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....	Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock	Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	\$21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.....	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds	Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life,

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto	\$100,000 Canada Stock	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586)	Life.
The Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000, U. S. bonds	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont	\$50,171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680)	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life)	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B)	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$97,333.33, British Annuities (General). Total \$418,182	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218)	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512)	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B)	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto	\$100,343 Canada stock	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200)	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident) ..	Life and Accident.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B)	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930)	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.. ..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal...	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal,	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U.S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of November, 1881. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Oct., 1881	\$7,190,373 78	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$226,529 96
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	576,412 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	1,211 51	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$7,504,603 78
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	36,863 55
			7,541,467 33
	7,767,997 29		7,767,997 29

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 19th December, 1881.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST DECEMBER, 1881.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Cranton Section.....	.....	Inverness N.S.	John Cranton, Sr.
Dixon's Point.....	.....	Kent..... N.B.	Joseph Elliott.
Dyers Bay.....	Lindsay.....	Bruce, N.R. O.	Alexander T. Simpson.
Deloro.....	Marmora.....	Hastings, N.R..... O.	Ernest Gaujet.
Dirleton.....	Torbolton.....	Carleton..... O.	J. Drummond.
Duclos.....	Masham.....	Ottawa..... Q.	A. F. Duclos.
Garretton	Augusta.....	Grenville, S.R..... O.	Nathaniel Garrett.
Galson.....	Lingwick.....	Compton..... Q.	M. L. McIver.
Glen Cove.....	.....	Guysborough..... N.S.	Michael Meagher.
Lourdes (re-opened).....	Gloucester.....	Russell..... O.	W. Lawless
Mount Chesney.....	Kingston.....	Frontenac..... O.	Anthony English.
Marchhurst.....	March.....	Carleton..... O.	G. Rivett.
Mill Bank.....	.....	Northumberland..... N.B.	David McHardy.
Purbrook.....	Draper.....	Simcoe, N.R..... O.	John Crockford.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

English River..... Co. Algoma, O.
Harewood..... Co. Westmoreland, N.B.
Matlock..... Co. Lambton, O.
*Neebish..... Co. Algoma, O.
Soperton..... Co. Leeds, O.

* 1st November, 1881,

NAMES CHANGED.

Sable River, Co. Bruce, N.R. O..... to Sauble Falls.
West Farnham, Co. Missisquoi, Q..... to Farnham.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th Sept., 1881, published in accordance with the Act 34 Vict., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Aug., 1881.	Deposits for Sept., 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, Sept., 1881.	Balance, 31st Sept., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario,—</i>					
Toronto.....	486,581 51	34,115 00	520,696 51	35,375 35	485,321 16
<i>Manitoba,—</i>					
Winnipeg	253,986 53	68,750 00	322,736 53	32,952 02	289,784 51
<i>British Columbia,—</i>					
Victoria	1,268,968 23	70,930 00	1,339,928 23	49,812 03	1,290,116 20
Nanaimo	134,026 28	4,978 00	139,004 28	3,310 77	135,663 51
New Westminster.....	146,861 68	14,592 00	161,453 68	5,103 60	156,350 08
<i>Nova Scotia,—</i>					
Amherst	110,886 37	8,463 00	119,349 37	2,524 24	116,825 13
Antigonish	25,149 83	4,732 00	29,881 83	835 00	29,046 83
Annapolis.....	107,942 98	6,391 00	114,333 98	4,262 54	110,071 44
Arichat.....	123,076 71	3,583 82	126,660 53	5,429 38	121,231 15
Acadia Mines.....	24,805 63	1,877 00	26,682 63	748 57	25,934 06
Baddeck.....	28,383 85	4,100 00	32,483 85	708 24	31,775 61
Bridgewater.....	17,447 83	1,754 00	19,201 83	1,141 94	18,059 89
Barrington.....	28,022 30	1,969 00	29,991 30	140 00	29,851 30
Digby	51,886 52	4,006 00	58,892 52	5,135 14	53,757 38
Guysboro	39,647 09	3,068 00	42,715 09	1,579 40	41,135 69
Halifax.....	2,226,177 87	88,881 28	2,315,059 15	62,545 15	2,252,514 00
Kentville.....	76,604 73	4,437 46	81,042 19	3,775 65	77,266 54
Liverpool	108,165 58	2,307 00	110,472 53	1,223 13	109,249 45
Little Glace Bay	12 65	.....	12 65	.....	12 65
Lingan	8,526 05	411 00	8,937 05	481 00	8,456 05
Lunenburg.....	68,216 73	930 00	69,146 73	2,430 67	66,716 06
Maitland.....	43,198 19	4,036 00	47,234 19	2,803 39	44,430 80
New Glasgow.....	83,246 75	3,507 00	86,753 75	3,884 00	82,869 75
Parrsboro'.....	42,097 52	1,148 00	43,245 52	3,373 81	39,871 71
Port Hood.....	43,248 23	455 00	43,703 23	846 00	42,857 23
Pictou	36,365 60	2,015 00	38,380 60	304 76	38,075 84
Shelburne.....	29,715 39	408 00	30,123 39	1,181 86	28,941 53
Sydney.....	150,430 46	7,418 00	157,848 46	2,542 23	155,306 23
Sherbrooke	31,813 02	2,500 00	34,313 02	2,077 19	32,235 83
Truro	172,714 37	8,309 00	181,023 37	5,595 38	175,427 99
Wallace.....	.....	5,040 00	5,040 00	99 75	175,427 99
Windsor.....	365,903 83	14,941 00	380,844 83	19,261 50	361,583 33
Weymouth.....	48,876 93	3,712 00	52,588 93	1,015 69	51,573 24
Yarmouth.....	250,452 62	19,647 00	270,099 62	5,858 01	264,241 61
<i>New Brunswick,—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,441 92	1,195 00	60,636 92	1,053 51	59,583 41
Chatham.....	171,804 99	10,212 00	182,016 99	4,514 56	177,502 43
Dalhousie	127,312 16	5,969 00	133,281 16	1,093 53	132,187 63
Dorchester	16,371 35	230 00	16,601 35	332 00	16,269 35
Fredericton	245,712 66	20,393 00	266,105 66	5,541 98	260,563 68
Hillsboro'.....	16,361 26	1,993 00	18,354 26	261 95	18,092 31
Moncton	103,546 76	11,284 00	114,830 76	7,513 53	107,317 23
Newcastle	115,947 79	2,796 00	118,743 79	3,604 03	115,139 76
Richibucto.....	61,549 06	3,546 00	65,095 06	542 00	64,553 06
St. Andrews	178,284 64	9,714 00	187,998 64	4,860 14	183,138 50
St. John.....	1,501,703 92	45,961 00	1,547,664 92	25,097 46	1,522,567 46
Woodstock	163,118 09	5,783 00	168,901 09	3,756 11	165,144 98
<i>Prince Edward Island,</i>					
Charlottetown	641,231 11	34,259 13	675,490 24	17,442 95	658,047 29
Total	10,038,825 57	556,776 69	10,595,602 26	344,001 14	10,251,601 12

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th Dec., 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st August 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st July, 1881.	Deposits for August, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, August, 1881.	Balance, 31st August, 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	477,581 99	25,993 50	503,575 49	16,993 98	486,581 51
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg	228,883 18	51,300 00	280,183 18	26,196 65	253,986 53
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,261,624 50	73,470 00	1,335,094 50	66,126 27	1,268,968 23
Nanaimo	125,368 92	9,823 00	135,196 92	1,170 64	134,026 28
New Westminster.....	142,255 43	11,353 00	153,618 43	6,756 75	146,861 68
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst	97,206 18	15,787 00	112,993 18	2,106 81	110,886 37
Antigonish	23,555 44	2,490 00	26,045 44	895 61	25,149 83
Annapolis.....	98,297 29	12,044 68	110,323 97	2,380 99	107,942 98
Arichat	122,766 97	2,329 12	125,096 09	2,019 38	123,076 71
Acadia Mines	25,602 47	2,523 00	28,125 47	3,319 84	24,805 63
Baddeck	25,408 07	3,355 00	28,764 07	380 22	28,383 85
Bridgewater	15,140 95	2,593 00	17,738 95	291 12	17,447 83
Barrington.....	28,257 30	7 00	28,264 30	242 00	28,022 30
Digby.....	53,937 16	4,583 00	58,520 16	3,633 64	54,886 52
Guysboro'.....	37,416 64	5,566 00	42,982 64	3,335 55	39,647 09
Halifax.....	2,224,446 38	82,021 93	2,306,468 31	80,290 44	2,226,177 87
Kentville.....	74,148 45	5,225 82	79,374 27	2,769 54	76,604 73
Liverpool	104,804 23	4,374 00	109,178 23	1,012 65	108,165 58
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65	.....	12 65	.....	12 65
Lingan	8,404 05	130 00	8,534 05	8 00	8,526 05
Lunenburg	65,854 25	3,178 00	69,032 25	815 52	68,216 73
Maitland.....	42,602 66	2,693 00	45,300 66	2,102 47	43,198 19
New Glasgow.....	81,918 29	3,413 00	85,331 29	2,084 54	83,246 75
Parrsboro'.....	40,435 16	1,892 00	42,327 16	229 64	42,097 52
Port Hood.....	41,785 83	2,446 00	44,231 83	983 60	43,248 23
Pictou.....	34,904 07	1,904 00	36,808 07	442 47	36,365 60
Shelburne	29,547 06	585 29	30,132 45	417 06	29,715 39
Sydney	147,783 27	8,744 00	156,527 27	6,096 81	150,430 46
Sherbrooke	31,800 00	2,052 00	33,852 00	547 51	31,813 02
Truro	168,373 07	10,227 00	178,600 07	5,835 70	172,714 37
Windsor.....	368,754 57	8,228 00	376,982 57	11,078 74	365,903 83
Weymouth.....	48,006 46	1,493 00	49,499 46	622 53	48,876 93
Yarmouth.....	253,693 42	18,168 00	271,861 42	21,408 80	250,452 62
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst	55,387 33	5,008 00	60,395 33	953 41	59,441 92
Chatham	169,988 17	4,053 00	174,041 17	2,236 18	171,804 99
Dalhousie	125,340 04	3,183 00	128,523 04	1,210 88	127,312 16
Dorchester.....	15,866 35	1,105 00	16,971 35	600 00	16,371 35
Fredericton.....	238,705 97	14,156 00	252,861 97	7,149 31	245,712 66
Hillsboro'.....	15,892 67	997 00	16,889 67	528 41	16,361 26
Moncton	100,472 20	9,150 00	109,622 20	6,075 44	103,546 76
Newcastle.....	115,748 70	4,662 00	120,410 70	4,462 91	115,947 79
Richibucto.....	57,902 98	3,928 00	61,830 98	281 92	61,549 06
St. Andrews.....	163,351 61	10,743 00	174,094 61	809 97	173,284 64
St. John	1,459,180 19	61,061 00	1,520,241 19	21,537 27	1,501,703 92
Woodstock.....	162,294 64	6,755 00	169,049 64	5,931 55	163,118 09
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown	629,436 67	27,939 00	657,375 67	16,144 56	641,231 11
Total.....	9,843,634 44	535,758 44	10,379,392 88	340,567 31	10,038,825 57

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 30th Nov., 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st Octob r.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	
Total	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....						
\$1 & \$2.....						
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....						
\$50 & \$100.....						
\$500 & \$1000.....						
Total.....						

Fractional Notes.....	175,781 35
Provincial "	173,679 85
Montreal issue.....	7,321,736 50
Toronto "	4,805,808 00
Halifax "	1,7 3,812 50
St. John "	704,669 25
Victoria "	31,212 50
Total.....	\$14,946,699 95

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 30th November.....	2,744,398 90
Guarantee Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,664,398 90
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,946,699 95	1,491,669 99
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on 14,946,699 95	2,242,004 99
	\$3,736,674 98
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,927,723 92
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p.c. on 14,946,699 95	11,210,024 97
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	789,975 03

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,927,723 92
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	789,975 03
Total Excess.....	2,717,698 95

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 9th December, 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether

they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba; or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Western Canada Colonization Company," with power to acquire, improve and sell lands, and promote immigration, and with other powers.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 3rd January, 1882.

28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.

28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the term of several patents of invention issued to Thomas A. Edison, and to extend the time for manufacture under the terms of the said patents and the general statutes in that behalf, and to allow importation of articles covered by such patents for a limited time.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the said Thomas A. Edison.
Dated Hamilton, 5th January, 1882.

28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the period limited for the completion of the works of the Canada Southern Bridge Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
28-9 Solicitors for the company.

NOTICE is given that the "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to the eighth and thirteenth sections of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 58, intituled "An Act to increase and extend the powers of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien,"

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.
Montreal, 29th December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act incorporating "The International Construction Company," with power to said company to enter into contracts for the construction, equipment or operating of railway and telegraph lines, canals, bridges, steamboats and barges within the Dominion of Canada, and for acquiring, holding, selling and leasing of real estate, within said Dominion.

THOMAS WELLS,
Solicitor for applicants.
Winnipeg, 5th January, 1882. 23-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company; to make provision for the issue of a certain amount of paid-up stock, as paid-up shares of stock, in said company; to increase the amount of bonds, or debentures, which may be issued by said company; to authorize said company to construct a bridge over the Ottawa river, at some point between the village of Aylmer and the city of Ottawa; to fix a day for the annual general meeting of the shareholders of said company; and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 22nd December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, by "The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada," for an Act to amend the Acts incorporating and relating to the said company by authorizing the said company to carry on the business of inland and ocean marine insurance, and to otherwise extend the business of the company; to authorize the directors to levy assessments on the shareholders whenever the stock is impaired, or to readjust or write off any part of the paid-up capital; to extend the class or nature of securities in which the company may invest its funds; to authorize the company to take over the business of or to amalgamate with any other company, and otherwise to extend the powers of the company and to amend the said Acts.

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the British America Assurance Company, will apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, to pass an Act amending their charter, and the several Acts affecting the same, by changing the time for the holding of the annual meeting of the said company, and the election of the directors thereof, from the first Monday of August, to the second Thursday in the month of February in each year; and to close the financial year of the company, for the annual statement, to be submitted to the proprietors of the said company at the said meeting, on the 3rd day of December in each year, and to consolidate all Acts affecting the said company as so amended.

C. GAMBLE,
Solicitor for B.A.A. Co.
British America Assurance Co. Buildings,
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the "Commercial Travellers Association of Canada," to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to give effect to the By-Laws of the Association; and to declare the "Accident" and "Mortuary" benefits provided by such By-Laws to be exempt from liability to the creditors of any member of the Association; and also providing for the deposit with the Dominion Government of the "Permanent Reserve Fund" of the Association for the purpose of securing the said benefits and upon terms as similar as may be to those provided for deposits with the Government under the General Insurance Acts; and to otherwise amend and extend the Acts relating to the said Association.

H. SYMONS,
Solicitors for the applicants.
Dated the third day of January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to revive the Statute 43 Vic. chap. 56, incorporating the "South Saskatchewan Valley Railway Company" and to amend the same by extending the time for commencing the said railway, and for other purposes.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solicitor for the applicants.
29th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the shareholders of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, under the name of the "Canada Mutual Telegraph Company," and to confer upon the said company all such powers and privileges as are now enjoyed or possessed by any other telegraph company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the letters patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 30th November, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, working and operating a line of railway from the east end of Lake Athabasca in the North West Territories, to some point on the Hudson Bay at or near Fort Churchill, with power to

build bridges and to build, own and run tramways, steamers and boats on the Peace and Athabasca Rivers and their tributaries and other navigable waters connected with the line.

KENNEDY & SUTHERLAND,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Winnipeg, 20th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Brant Loan and Savings Society under the name of "The Brant Loan and Savings Company," and empowering said company to issue stock and debentures, invest moneys on real estate, bank stock, debentures and other securities, and to purchase, hold, improve and dispose of lands, and otherwise to exercise the powers usually conferred on Loaning companies.

WILSON, SMYTH & MUIRHEAD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Brantford, 27th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The American Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

C. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for the applicants

25th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the Montreal Board of Trade, to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to permit the fusion and amalgamation of the said Board with other commercial corporate bodies in that City.

Montreal, 23rd December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, by the C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company, for an Act of incorporation changing its name, and granting it extended powers and privileges.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, and the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 38, and to make more clear the provisions of the said last named Act; to provide also for supplying the place of any one or more of the joint assignees who may die, remove or from any cause become incapacitated from acting; also to define the powers of the joint assignees as respects the collecting, making or giving notices of calls, bringing of suits for assessments on stocks and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the "St. Lawrence Bridge and Manufacturing

Company" for the purpose of constructing a bridge over the St. Lawrence river, opposite the City of Montreal, by way of St. Helen's Island, and for enlarging and improving in connection therewith the Harbor of Montreal; the whole in general conformity with the scheme known as the "Shearer scheme," proposed by Mr. James Shearer, and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company to be a work for the general advantage of Canada, and also to amend the several Acts relating to the said company, and for further power for the issue of bonds and debenture stock, and to re-arrange and increase their bonded debt, and for the repeal of section twelve of the Act forty-three Victoria, chapter sixty-six (Ontario), providing for the appointment of a Commissioner for the purpose therein mentioned, and also to repeal the seventeenth section of the said Act providing for the election of a director by certain municipalities therein mentioned, and for other purposes; and also to repeal the last proviso in the fourteenth section of the Act forty-four Victoria, chapter seventy four (Ontario), and also to give the said company power to arrange with other railway companies for station accommodation and to join with other companies in the erection of a joint station, and also the right to make running arrangements with other railways; also to purchase, charter and work steamboats and other vessels; and also to authorize the said company to amalgamate with or lease their line to the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, and for other purposes.

MARTIN & ELLIOT,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, the 28th day of December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act extending the period of twelve months limited by the fifth section of the Act authorizing the establishment of Superannuation Provident and Insurance Funds by the company; also to authorize the company to purchase or lease railways which touch or intersect its own line or to amalgamate with the companies owning such railways, also to declare and define the company's powers in that respect, and to authorize the acquisition of station grounds and premises and access thereto for the company's purposes.

SAMUEL BARKER,
Solicitor G.W. Ry. Co.

Dated at Hamilton, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

TAKE Notice that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Niagara River Bridge Company.

The applicants purpose erecting a bridge (without a drawbridge) for railway purposes from some point in the Dominion of Canada on the left bank of the Niagara River to some point in the United States of America between the Falls of Niagara and the mountain ridge above Lewiston.

The applicants purpose charging or levying a toll of not more than five dollars per car for each car passing over said bridge.

FOSTER, CLARKE & BOWES,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the General Land Company of Canada, for the purposes of purchasing and colonizing lands in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

ROYAL & PRUDHOMME,
Solicitors for applicants.
Winnipeg, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the Saskatchewan and Qu'Appelle Navigation Company, for the purposes of dredging and navigating the Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle and Assiniboine Rivers.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 14th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Tecumseh Insurance Company of Canada," for the purpose of carrying on the business of fire and inland marine and live stock insurance.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, will apply at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an amendment to their Act of incorporation to authorize them to adopt the provisions relating to Mutual Insurance Companies in the Province of Ontario, and also to issue policies covering losses from wind storms and tornadoes.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that a Bill will be introduced at the next session of the Dominion Parliament to ratify and confirm the resolutions of the "North Shore Railway Company" of the eleventh day of August, and of the second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, having for their object to transfer to the Province of Quebec all the interest of the said company in the railway then in course of construction between the cities of Quebec and Montreal, and the rights belonging thereto; and also to ratify and confirm the deed of cession and transfer passed by the "Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway Company," the sixteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, before Mtre Louis N. Dumouchel, Notary, to the Government of the Province of Quebec, of all the interest of the said Company in its railway then in course of construction between Montreal and Aylmer, with a branch to St. Jérôme, and the rights belonging thereto.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. of Railways.
Dated Quebec, 20th Dec., 1881. 26-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company to be called the "Ontario Pacific Railroad" Company, for the purpose of constructing, equipping and operating a line of railway from Cornwall by Ottawa, touching at or near Arnprior, Eganville, lake Nipissing to Sault Ste. Marie, and branches, with power to bridge the St. Lawrence and St. Mary's Rivers at or near both termini.

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor for applicants.
Ottawa, 19th December, 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the "Anchor Insurance Company" by enabling it to transact the business of Fire Insurance, to reduce its capital and for other purposes.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY,
Solicitors for applicant.
Toronto, 22nd Dec., 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to empower "The New York and Ontario Furnace Company," a corporation organized under the Laws of the State of New Jersey, to acquire and hold real and personal estate in the Dominion of Canada and to carry on in the Dominion of Canada the business of mining, smelting, and manufacture of iron and steel, and to incorporate the shareholders thereof into a corporation under and by the authority of the Parliament of Canada for the above purposes.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Belleville, 22nd December, A.D. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from or near Montreal to a point on the southern boundary of the township of Dundee, in the county of Huntingdon, there to connect with a railway in the State of New York, and to build a branch to connect with the Canada Atlantic Railway at some point in the county of Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
for Applicants.

Huntingdon, Que., Dec. 10, 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for a charter to incorporate "The Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company," and to empower said company to enter upon lands, to locate, construct and carry on a railway for transporting vessels, with or without cargo, from Chignecto Bay to Baie Verte; and to locate, construct and maintain a Passenger and Freight Railway in combination therewith from Amherst to Cape Jouriman; and to invest the said company with all usual and requisite powers for the above purposes.

H. G. C. KETCHUM,
Promoter and Engineer.

Fredericton, Nov. 22, 1881. 25-9

ENGLISH AND COLONIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating this company so as to authorize the said company to organize and commence business on the subscription and payment on account of capital of less amounts than are mentioned in the said Act, and for other purposes.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the Niagara Grand Island Bridge.

25--9
NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Edison Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated Hamilton, Ont., 15th Dec. 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the time limited by the several Acts respecting the Canada Southern Railway Company or the Erie and Niagara Railway Company, for commencing and completing the original lines of the said companies or any branch lines authorized by the said Acts or any of them.

25-10
NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Richelieu Bridge Company, with power to build, work, maintain and manage a toll bridge for ordinary traffic purposes across the Richelieu River from the Parishes of St. Thomas in the county of Missisquoi to Lacolle or St. Valentine in the county of St. John. The said bridge to be constructed with a draw leaving a passage when open of forty feet, or the width of that of the Vermont Junction Railway Bridge over same river at St. John's, Que. The bridge over navigable portions of said river to have abutments or piers one hundred and fifty feet apart, and arches five feet or more above high water mark, and over unnavigable portions to be built of piles if desired. Arches of bridge to be of such height above high water, the intervals between the abutments or piers, width of draw to be such as may be approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council. And with power to collect tolls for any passage over said bridge at rates not to exceed the following: Foot passengers, each way, five cents; loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs, and spring colts following the mare, each way, ten cents; sheep and pigs, per head, five cents; cart, carriage, buggy, waggon, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, each way, twenty-five cents; carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter, or other vehicle drawn by two animals, each way, thirty-five cents. The above rates include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Clarenceville, Que., Dec. 10, 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Ottawa and Arnprior Junction railway Company" for the purpose

of constructing and working a line of railway from Quyon or some adjacent point in the Township of Onslow, in the County of Pontiac, Province of Quebec, to the Village of Arnprior, in the Province of Ontario, crossing the Ottawa River by way of the Chats Falls or Rapids; with power also to construct the necessary bridge or bridges over said river for the purposes of said railway at or near said Chats Falls or Rapids; also with power to extend said railway from Arnprior, crossing the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Arnprior to some point in the Township of Bagot, in the County of Renfrew, on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, and if necessary also to cross the Kingston and Pembroke Railway at said point; also with power to build branch lines, to sell or lease said railway, to amalgamate with any other Railway Company, to lease or buy any other railway, and to connect with and obtain running powers over other railways, and to construct along said railway and branches a Telegraph line.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Dated, December 15th 1881. 25-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, to Smith's Falls, and thence to the Town of Perth, in the County of Lanark, and Province of Ontario, to be called "The Montreal and Central Canada Railway Company," with power to construct a bridge or bridges across the Rideau River, the Rideau Canal, the Ottawa River and the St. Anne's Canal, with power to amalgamate with, connect with, and obtain running powers over any line or lines of railway and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada, and with power to build and run tramways, steam ferries, steamboats, vessels and barges, in connection with the said line of railway and bridges.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, Dec., A.D. 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Ontario Investment Association," and authorizing said Association to lend money on the security of Real Estate in Manitoba, or any other of the Provinces of the Dominion, and permitting the said Association to charge such interest on the loans effected as may be agreed upon with the borrowers, and also enlarging the borrowing powers of the said Association and enabling it to receive money on deposit.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 14th December, 1881. 25-10

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to reduce the capital stock of the Ontario Bank.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank,
Toronto, 7th December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the Souris and Rocky Mountain Railway Company, for purpose of enabling the said company to construct its line and branches north of Fifty-first degree of North Latitude.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 1st December, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, by "The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company" for an Act changing the name of the company to the "Dominion Life Insurance Company," or such other name as the Directors may approve of, and to amend the seventh, eighth and eleventh sections of the Act incorporating the said company, and for other amendments to the said Act

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from a point on the North Branch of the Saskatchewan River, between Fort à La Corne and Carleton, running north-westerly to the Peace River, to be called "The Saskatchewan and Peace River Railway," with power to build and run branches to any navigable waters to the north of said main line and south to the North Branch of the Saskatchewan River.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for the applicants.

6th December, 1881.

24-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given by The Ottawa, Vaudreuil and Montreal Railway Company that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act further to extend the time limited for the construction of that portion of the line of the said Railway Company lying between West Hawkesbury and the City of Ottawa, and further to confirm the powers conferred upon said company.

PINHEY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for the company.

Dated 6th December, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act incorporating the Pilots commissioned for the service of Pilotage between Quebec and Montreal, under the name of "The Corporation of Pilots of Montreal."

BELLEAU & STAFFORD,
Attorneys.

Quebec, 26th October, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to authorize the said company to purchase, lease, or amalgamate with any line of railway, whose line touches or intersects any part of their line, also

to declare and define the powers of the said company in that respect, and further for power under the provisions of the Railway Act, to acquire station grounds and tracks leading thereto which in their judgment may be necessary for their purposes.

JOHN BELL,
Solicitor of the G. T. R. Co. of Canada.

Dated at Montreal, this 2nd day of Nov., 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Saskatchewan, with power to acquire and hold real estate and invest the moneys of said Synod in such part of the Dominion of Canada and on such securities as may, by the said Synod, be deemed proper from time to time.

BLAKE, KERR & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 5th December, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a resolution of the shareholders of the Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company, passed at a special general meeting of the shareholders of the said company, duly called and held at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, on the 22nd day of November, 1881, application will be made by said company to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for a special Act to authorize the said company to wind up and liquidate its affairs.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
President.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Vice President.

ALEXANDER GIBB,
Solicitor for applicants.

JOHN PENNOCK,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 7th December 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to authorize the "Mutual Life Association of Canada" to change the name of the association. Also to empower the said association to issue policies on the principle of non-participation of profits, and for other purposes.

MACKELCAN, GIBSON & BELL,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, 24th November, 1881.

23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the "Nova Scotia Railway Company, Limited," with full powers to acquire, wholly or in part, by purchase or otherwise, the existing lines of railway (excepting the Intercolonial Railway) whether finished or not, in Nova Scotia, or any one or more of them, and the appurtenances.

2. The construction, completion, repair and equipment of existing partially completed lines of railway in Nova Scotia.

3. The construction of a line of railway in the Island of Cape Breton, and lines connecting with the Government Railway in the County of Pictou and County of Halifax.

4. The establishment, maintenance and operation of ferries and steamboat service between Nova Scotia proper and the Island of Cape Breton, between Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia, between New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and between Nova Scotia and the United States of America.

5. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, coaches and conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with said railways hereinbefore mentioned, and the working and operating of the same for hire.

6. The maintenance and operation of all the lines of railway hereinbefore mentioned, whether now constructed or hereafter to be constructed.

THOMPSON & GRAHAM,
Solicitors for applicants.

Halifax, N.S., 24th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE.—The Napierville Junction Railway and Quarry Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament for the following amendments to their charter:

Change of appellation.

Locate its Eastern Terminus at St. John, Q.

Extension south-westerly parallel with the Province Line, and to the River St. Lawrence.

23-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Quebec Timber Company (Limited)."

E. T. BROOKS,
Solicitor for applicants.

November 26, 1881. 23-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Rainy River Improvement Company."

The objects of the proposed company will be to construct booms, dams, slides, piers and works in the rivers, lakes, streams and creeks hereinafter mentioned and on the banks thereof for the purpose of transmission of saw logs, square timber, flatted timber and all descriptions of timber down the whole course of the river flowing westward from Hunter's Island through Rainy Lake, down the course of Rainy River to the Lake of the Woods and the streams, rivers and creeks flowing into the said river, Rainy Lake and Rainy River, in the Province of Manitoba, and Ontario, or in the District of Keewatin; and with all the powers and privileges similar to the provisions in an Act of the Consolidated Statutes of the late Province of Canada intituled "An Act respecting Joint Stock Companies to construct works to facilitate the transmission of timber down rivers and streams," and amendments thereto; and also with full power and privilege to unite and amalgamate with any company formed for a similar purpose by the laws of the State of Minnesota.

PINHEY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 28th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Manitoba and Saskatchewan Transportation Com-

pany," for the purpose of building and operating a line of railway from some point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, between Winnipeg and Portage La Prairie to a point on Lake Manitoba, and of constructing and running vessels in connection therewith on Lakes Manitoba and Winnipegosis and the Saskatchewan River, and improving the navigation of the said lakes and rivers; with power to build railways or canals connecting said lakes and river, and to levy tolls on said canals.

C. E. HAMILTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Winnipeg, 21st November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate, "The Winnipeg and Springfield Bridge Company" with power to build, work, maintain and manage a toll bridge for ordinary traffic purposes across the Red River at some point between the northerly limits of the City of Winnipeg and the Louise Bridge in the County of Selkirk and Province of Manitoba, the said bridge to be constructed with a draw leaving a passage when open of forty feet or more, and with arches twenty-five and one half feet above low water, and with intervals of two hundred feet or more between the abutments of piers. And with power to collect tolls for any passage over the said bridge at rates not exceeding the following:—

Foot passengers, each way, two cents.

Rider with horse or mule, each way, ten cents.

Loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs and spring colts following the mare, each way, five cents.

Sheep and pigs, per head, each way, two cents.

Cart, carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, each way, twelve cents and a half.

Carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by two or more animals, each way, twenty cents.

The above rates include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

W. H. CULVER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Winnipeg, 21st November 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, to incorporate "The Manitoba Bank" for the purpose of doing a Banking business in the Dominion of Canada, with the head office of such Bank at Winnipeg.

H. E. HENDERSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the North Western Bank.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Whitby, 21st November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a charter for a drawbridge with two openings sixty feet wide, the bottom of the lower cord to be not less than four feet above high water, across the Saint Croix River to the boundary line between New Brunswick and the State of Maine, to connect with a bridge from the City of Calais, said bridge to be used for railway and other purposes

and to be built at or near the location surveyed by the Grand Southern Railway Company.

M. MACMONAGLE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at St. Stephen the 16th day of November,
A.D., 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act empowering them to close their business, wind up their affairs and distribute the surplus assets of the company and for all requisite powers for the said purposes.

F. R. DESPARD,
Secretary.

Dated, 23rd November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to authorize an increase of their Loan Capital, so however that the total yearly interest shall not exceed the interest on their present Loan Capital, including interest at the rate of six per centum per annum on the portion unissued; and to authorize the acquisition or purchase of or union with railway companies whose railways they have power to lease or agree to work; and otherwise to extend the powers of the said Company.

SAMUEL BARKER,
Solicitor for Great Western Railway Company.
Dated at Hamilton, Ontario, 24th November 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Grand Central Station Company, with power to erect, build and maintain a Railway Station, in the City of Toronto, and with power to construct or acquire in and near to the City of Toronto, all lines of railway, or to acquire right and running powers over existing lines of railway necessary to connect with and bring into such station the traffic of any railway using or desiring to use such station, and with power to make connections with the elevators and wharves and with other railway stations in the City of Toronto, and to contract with forwarding, railway and shipping companies for the carriage of goods and passengers, and with all the powers given under the Consolidated Railway Act, 1879, to railway companies under the headings of "plans and surveys" and "lands and their valuation."

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the applicants.
Dated 24th November, 1881. 22-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Canada Provident Association."

The objects of the Association shall be: For the mutual good of the members thereof; to make provision by means of assessments, dues, donations or other payments of members against sickness, unavoidable misfortune and death; and for substantially assisting the widows and orphans of deceased members.

The chief place of business of the association shall be in the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, but the Association shall have power to change their head office to any other City in Canada; and other places of business may be established from time to time throughout Canada as the same are required.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Ottawa, the 25th day of November, A.D., 1881 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate a company to build and work a bridge for railway and other purposes across the Niagara River, at or near the Village of Queenston, in the Township of Niagara, in the County of Lincoln, or such other point as the company may select, with power to amalgamate with any company in the United States of America, incorporated or to be incorporated for building a railway bridge across the said river, who may be willing to unite with the company so to be incorporated in Canada in order to secure a railway bridge open to all companies in Canada and the United States with equal rights and privileges, with power to collect tolls on the said bridge on ordinary carriage and passenger traffic at rates not exceeding the following:—

Foot passengers, each way, twelve and one half cents.

Rider with horse or mule, each way, twenty-five cents.

Loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs and spring colts, following the mare, each way, five cents.

Sheep and pigs, per head, each way, seven and one half cents.

Carts, carriages, wagons, buggies, sleighs, cutters or other vehicles, with a driver, drawn by one animal, each way, twenty-five cents. The same if drawn by two or more animals, each way, thirty-seven and one half cents.

All passengers in above mentioned conveyances, each way, twelve and one half cents.

The above rate to include the *bona fide* loads of each vehicle.

The company to be called "The Niagara Peninsula Bridge Company."

P. McCARTHY,
Solicitor for applicants.

St Catharines, Nov. 22nd, 1881.

22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act amending the Act of incorporation of the Ontario & Quebec Railway Company, so as to enable the company to acquire the charter of or amalgamate with the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company, and to acquire the charter of or amalgamate with such other railway company or companies as the Ontario & Quebec Railway when constructed may connect with, intersect, or cross, or which may be a feeder or an easterly or westerly continuation of the Ontario & Quebec Railway, or to lease all or any of such railways, and also for other amendments to the said Act.

W. H. LOCKHART GORDON,
Solicitor for applicants.
25th November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from the City of Ottawa or some point on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway or the Canada and Atlantic Railway, passing through or near the Villages of Metcalfe, Ormond, Vernon, Bate's Corners or West Winchester, Winchester Springs, Bell's Corners and Morrisburgh, to a point opposite Ogden's Island, in the State of New York, to be called "The Ottawa, Waddington and New York Railway and Bridge Company," with power to construct a bridge across the canal and the main channel of the St. Lawrence River to Ogden's Island, connecting with a line across the Island and the American waters to Waddington and Teal's Station or some other point on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain Railway or with Canton, and to connect with the projected line of railway through the Adirondacks to North Creek; with power to amalgamate with, connect with, and obtain running

powers over, any line or lines of railways and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada; and with power also to build and run tramways, steam ferries, steamboats, vessels and barges in connection with the said line of railway and bridge; with power also to construct, maintain and operate an Inter-Provincial bridge across the Ottawa River at or near the said City of Ottawa, to some point in the Province of Quebec, as well for the said railway as for ordinary carriage and traffic purposes; with power to collect tolls on the said bridge on such ordinary carriage and passenger traffic thereon, at the rates not exceeding the following:—

Foot passengers, each way, two cents.

Rider with horse or mule, each way, five cents.

Loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs and spring colts following the mare, five cents each way.

Sheep and pigs, per head, each way, two cents.

Each carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, ten cents each way.

Each carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by two or more animals, each way fifteen cents.

The above rates to include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

With power also to construct and operate a line or lines of railway from the Quebec side of the said Bridge to connect with all or any of the railways terminating in, or passing through the County of Ottawa.

The height of the arches of the bridge across the St. Lawrence Canal and River to be not less than 60 feet above high water; the interval between the abutments or piers across the main channel of the St. Lawrence River to be the whole width of the said channel or not less than 350 feet, and across the shoal to Ogden's Island not less than 200 feet. The height of the arches of the bridge across the Ottawa River to be not less than 30 feet above high water and the interval between the abutments or piers to be not less than 200 feet; or the arches of the said bridges to be of such height above high water, the intervals between the abutments or piers to be such, and the tolls to be collected to be such, as may be approved of by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ottawa, 19th November, 1881.

22-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Mutual Benefit Association of "Sherbrooke."

21-9

E. T. BROOKS,
Solicitor for applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Stadacona Fire & Life Insurance Company, in liquidation, will apply the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend and extend the statute 43 Victoria, cap. 70, intituled "An Act to empower The Stadacona Fire & Life Insurance Company to relinquish their charter and to provide for the winding up of their affairs," and to enable them to finally close and liquidate the affairs of the said company within a fixed delay of one year to be computed from the passing of the Act prayed for; and in that view to extinguish the claims not admitted by them and not brought before the Courts within such delay; also the claims of persons unknown and not found within said delay, and also for other similar purposes.

C. A. E. GAGNON,
JOSEPH MELCHIOR BERNIER, Priest,
ALPHONSE LETELLIER,
Liquidators.

F. B. CASGRAIN,
Attorney for applicants.

21-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a Company, for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from a point on Thunder Bay at or near Prince Arthur's Landing, through the municipalities of Shumiah and Neebing, to a point on Pigeon River where it can meet a projected line of railway from Duluth to Pigeon River; with power to build a bridge across Pigeon River, and any other rivers on its route,—and to amalgamate or connect with, or obtain running powers over, any other line or lines of railway and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada,—and to build and run branches to Pigeon Bay and wherever it may be desirable and advantageous for the settlement and development of the country;—and also with power to build and run ferries, steamers, vessels and barges in connection with the said line of railway and bridges,—to be called "The Thunder Bay and Minnesota Railway Company."

EDWARD A. WILD,

Agent for the applicants.

Toronto, 10th Oct., 1881.

21-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the undersigned and others as a company to build and work a bridge for railway and other purposes across the St. Mary River at such points on the said river as the company may select, with power to amalgamate with any company in the United States, incorporated or to be incorporated for building a railway bridge across the said river, who may be willing to unite with the company so to be incorporated in Canada in order to secure a railway bridge open to all companies in Canada and the United States, upon equal terms and rates, and with equal rights and privileges.

The capital to be \$1,000,000, and the name of the Company to be "The Sault Ste. Marie Bridge Company."

WM. GOODERHAM,
GEO. A. COX,
JOHN S. NEWBERRY,
JAMES McMILLAN,
JOHN PROCTOR,
B. P. CHENEY.

Dated this 10th November, 1881.

21-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of "The Clements Steamship Company" (limited), with power to purchase, hire, acquire, own or charter steamships, sailing vessels, and all other kinds of craft including tugs and barges, and to carry on the business of common carriers of passengers and goods, forwarders and traders between the several ports and places in Canada and ports and places outside of Canada, by the said company as the said company shall think proper; also to carry on in Canada and elsewhere, as their business may require, the business of wharfingers and warehousemen, and to acquire and hold by purchase or lease all lands, wharves, docks, elevators, warehouses and other estate real and personal required for the proper and efficient working of the said business.

JAS. WEST. BINGAY,

Solicitor for applicants.

Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, 9th November 1881.

ALFRED PATRICK, Parliamentary agent.

21-9

APPPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Canada and Provincial Loan Company, Limited," and empowering said company to issue stock and debentures, invest moneys on real estate, bank stock, debentures and other securities, and to purchase, hold, improve and dispose of lands and

otherwise to exercise the powers usually conferred on Loan companies.

McDOUGALLS & GORDON,
Applicants, solicitors.

Toronto, 15th Nov., 1881.

21-9

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next Session of the Legislature of the Dominion of Canada an application will be made for an Act to empower the Portage, Westbourne and North Western Railway Company to build and operate a line of railway from the present terminus of their railway already or about to be constructed in the Province of Manitoba in a north westerly direction to a point at or near the forks of the Saskatchewan, and thence to the Peace River, with power to construct a branch south of the Saskatchewan to the mouth of that River and a branch in a southerly direction to the main line of the Canada Pacific Railway, with power also to run steamers and barges on navigable waters connected with the line.

21-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act authorizing The Trust and Loan Company of Canada, to carry on business as a Loan Company in all of the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada, with like powers as are now possessed by said Company in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, and to allow said Company to recover such rate of interest as may be agreed upon with borrowers, and to authorize the issue of debenture stock by said Company, and for other purposes.

MACDONALD, MACDONALD & MARSH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 17th November, 1881.

21-9

TAKE Notice that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act amending the Act incorporating "The Imperial Guarantee and Loan Society" by, amongst other things, changing the names of the Provisional Directors, reducing the capital stock, extending the Trust clauses, and changing the name to "The Trust Company of Canada."

WELLS, GORDON & SAMPSON.

9th November, 1881.

20-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from Portage La Prairie, in the Province of Manitoba, to the White Mud River at the head of navigation, thence to Gladstone, thence in a north westerly direction to a point at or near the village of Prince Albert; with power to construct branches and with power to build bridges and to build, own and run tramways, steamers and boats; with power also to amalgamate, connect with and purchase and obtain running powers over other line or lines of railway.

J. J. FOY,

Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 8th November, 1881.

20-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act giving to the local Master of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice at Hamilton, power to make assessments on premium notes of policy holders in the Canadian Mutual Fire Insurance Company, and to make all necessary directions for compelling payment of such assessments, and generally to vest in the said local Master all powers relating to assessments on and collecting of premium notes and apportionment of expenses between the branches of the said Canadian Mutual Fire Insurance Company which, under the Acts relating to Mutual Fire Insurance Companies, were vested in the Board of Directors of the said Canadian Mutual Fire Insurance Company, and also declaring the effect of any certificate of the said Master as to the amount due on any note or undertaking of policy holders in said Company

for assessments the same as by said Acts are given to the certificate of the Secretary of any Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

C. E. FREEMAN,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, 9th November, 1881.

20-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from some point on the River Ottawa at or near Hawkesbury Village, in the County of Prescott, passing through or near the Village of Vankleek Hill, to a point at or near Glen Robertson, in the Township of Lochiel, on the line of the Canada Atlantic Railway; with power to build a branch railway or tramway between the said Village of Vankleek Hill and the Caledonia Springs, in the Township of Caledonia, —said railway to be called "The Prescott and Gengarry Counties Junction Railway."

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,

Solicitors for applicants.

Ottawa, 10th November, 1881.

20-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made by the Canada Landed Credit Company, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act relating to the said Company, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Canada Landed Credit Company," passed in the twenty-second year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter 133, for the purpose of enabling the said Company to lend money on the security of real estate in the Province of Manitoba, and permitting the said Company to charge such rate of interest on loans effected in the Provinces of Ontario and Manitoba as may be agreed upon between them and the borrower, and for other purposes.

McCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Toronto, 7th November, 1881.

20-9

NOTICE is hereby given that "The American Telegraph and Cable Company" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to invest the said Company with the powers, privileges and rights necessary and useful to enable it to carry on its business in Canada and to give it a corporate existence and powers within the Dominion.

ALFRED PATRICK,

Parliamentary Agent.

Ottawa, 5th November, 1881.

19-10

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, by Louis Bredannaz, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, carriage-maker, Edmond Armant, of the same place, chemist, Frederick Aiken Howland, of Lambton Mills, in the Province of Ontario, miller; Allen John Stephens, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, manufacturer; Oliver Aiken Howland, of the same place, barrister, and Samuel Trees, of the said City of Toronto, merchant, for letters patent incorporating the "Toronto Patent Wheel and Waggon Company, (Limited)" for the purpose of manufacturing, selling, and dealing in all kinds of vehicles and acquiring and working patents relating thereto.

Chief place of business, at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario. Capital, \$25,000, divided into 250 shares of \$100 each.

Provisional Directors, the above named Louis Bredannaz, Edmond Armant, Frederick Aiken Howland, Allen John Stephens and Samuel Trees.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,

Solicitors for applicants.

December 28th, 1881.

28-tf

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ottawa and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$200,000, in 2,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Francis Clemow, of the City of Ottawa, President of the Ottawa Gas Company; Charles T. Bate, of Ottawa, Gentleman; Charles Magee, of Ottawa, Real Estate Agent; Robert Blackburn, of New Edinburgh, in the County of Carleton, merchant; the Honorable Richard W. Scott, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Henry N. Bate, of Ottawa, merchant; Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Edward Anderson C. Pew, of the Town of Welland, Province of Ontario, Esquire, Alexander Fraser, of Westmeath, in the County of Renfrew, lumber merchant, and James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the Province of Quebec, President of the Bank of Ottawa.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional Directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

SCOTT, MAC TAVISH & MAC CRAKEN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, the 4th day of January, 1882. 28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, by Redmond Brough, civil engineer; Henry O'Brien, barrister; Thomas Dill, mechanical engineer; William A. Browne, civil engineer; and Robert Roddy, clerk of the Corporation of Toronto, all of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, for Letters Patent incorporating the Canadian Patent Rail, Joint and Supply Company for the purpose of acquiring and working patents for improvements in railway rails, plant and supply and for the construction and manufacture of such rails plant and supplies, with its chief place of business at Toronto in the Province of Ontario, with a capital stock of \$20,000 divided into 1,000 shares of \$20 each. Of the above applicants the following are provisional directors of the company: Redmond Brough, Henry O'Brien and Thomas Dill.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,

28-6

Solicitors for applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Mark Cohen, of the City of Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, merchant, Samuel Davis, merchant, Alexander Saunders, merchant, Lewis Saunders, merchant, Moise Schwob, merchant, Asher Ansell, merchant, John Moss, merchant, Hyam D. Moss, merchant; Bendix A. Boas, merchant, of the city of Montreal, Quebec, Mark Samuels, merchant, Alfred David Benjamin, merchant, Emanuel Samuels, merchant, of the city of Toronto, Ontario, and Edmund Scheuer of the city of Hamilton, Ontario, merchant; to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The International Colonization Company, of Canada, (Limited.)"

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve, and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada; to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting, on any terms or system that may be considered advisable; to stock the same lands, and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce; to work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral produce of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company, and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money, or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal estate for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars, in one hundred thousand shares of ten dollars each.

5. The above mentioned applicants, who are all subjects of Her Majesty are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

Montreal, 5th January, 1882.

28-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of a company in and by the name "The Temperance Colonization Society."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

- (b) With power to contract with the purchasers and settlers of the lands that intoxicating liquor or alcoholic beverages shall not be manufactured or sold in the settlement.
 - (c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.
 - (d) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.
 - (e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.
 - (f) To aid either by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.
 - (g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.
 - (h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.
3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.
4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$2,000,000.
5. There are to be 20,000, (twenty thousand) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.
6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants: that is to say, the following residing in the City of Toronto, George Maclean Rose, publisher; William Pemberton Page, editor of the *Canadian Farmer*; Arthur Farley, merchant; John N. Lake, land agent; Joseph Alpheus Livingston, manufacturer and importer; William Gooderham, President of the Toronto and Nipissing Railway; David Millar, merchant; Henry O'Hara, Insurance Agent; Daniel Rose, publisher; Joseph B. King, Grand Secretary Independent Order of Oddfellows; R. S. Hudson, inspector; J. Herbert Bartlett, Manager Toronto Bridge Company; Joseph Wild, Doctor of Divinity; J. Watson Hughes, commission merchant; John Potts, Doctor of Divinity; William J. Hunter, Doctor of Divinity, George B. Sparling, Professor Upper Canada College; W. K. Dickson, commission merchant; Samuel White, capitalist; F. Marriott, accountant; Arthur Worth, accountant; Joseph Lucas, Assistant Inspector Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company; W. Lowrey, accountant; N. Willcocks, accountant; R. K. Robb, accountant; G. H. Hall, accountant; Charles Marriott, commercial traveller; W. R. Smallpiece, commercial traveller; C. T. Leonard, attorney at law; J. R. Davis, accountant; J. D. Moulton, commercial agent; B. H. Vidal, Barrister; A. J. Williams, attorney at law; William Reford, commission merchant; W. B. Close, real estate agent; D. W. Clendenan, barrister; William Baillie, merchant; Ghent Davis, Gentleman, David Henderson Gentleman; J. R. Adamson, Gentleman; S. G. Chamberlain, Gentleman; W. N. Harris, merchant; H. B. Hunt, merchant; Curran Morrison, barrister; George Patterson, merchant; Fred Winstanley, Gentleman; Wesley A. Law, proprietor commercial agency; J. B. Nixon, commission merchant; H. B. Blachford, merchant; W. H. H. Mussen, gentleman; Frederick Weir Harcourt, solicitor, F. S. Smith, gentleman; C. E. Blachford, merchant John C. Forbes, artist; J. J. Toukin, merchant; Thomas H. Gilmour, gentleman; D. W. Alexander, merchant; John C. Hurst, insurance agent; E. A. Childs, merchant; Robert Houghton, gentleman; Berry Moore, mer-

chant; Thomas McCracken, lumber merchant; George W. Torrance, merchant; Henry E. Caston, barrister; David S. Keith, merchant; Thomas T. Rolph, barrister, and William Oldright, physician and surgeon; the following residing in the City of Hamilton: J. C. White, merchant; William Clark, farmer; Lawrence C. Lee, farmer, and Thomas Griffith, clergyman, and S. W. Hill, of Ridgeville, farmer; A. Gifford, of Meaford, farmer; William Blair, M.P.P., of Truro, Nova Scotia; Ambrose Willcox of Springfield, merchant; J. G. Robinson, of Belleville, President of the Hastings Loan Company and Treasurer of Albert College; W. H. Moss, of Granton, clergyman; James McLean, of Mount Pleasant, mill owner; Thomas Keyes, of St. Catharines, farmer; the Hon. David Reesor, of Yorkville, senator; George Douglas, of Montreal, Doctor of Divinity; E. A. Telfer, of London, England, clergyman; James A. Hall, of Peterboro, Sheriff; G. W. Grant, of Granton, gentleman; M. W. Minthorne, of Stratford, commercial traveller; J. A. Musgrove, broker, and W. H. Musgrove, and J. T. Musgrove, clergymen, all of Philadelphia, in the United States of America; W. H. Hornby, of Brampton, farmer; W. C. Hamilton, of Goderich, merchant; George Cox, of London, Ontario, gentleman; George Jackson, of Downsview, land owner; N. B. Colcock, of Welland, merchant; M. S. Smith, farmer, and John McIntyre, both of Tilsonburg; David D. Hay, of Listowell, Division Court Clerk; J. M. Bond, of Guelph, merchant; Charles Turner, of Davenport, clergyman; H. H. Bridgland, of Downsview aforesaid, land owner; Robert Barber, of Streetsville, merchant; W. H. Storey, of Acton, merchant; John R. Barber, of Georgetown, merchant; Thomas Webster, of Brantford, Grand Scribe Sons of Temperance; James Daly, of Brampton, farmer, and Isaac Simpson, of Kingston, private banker; Of whom the said George Maclean Rose, William Pemberton Page, Arthur Farley, John N. Lake, and Joseph Alpheus Livingston are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company.

McCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB, & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for applicants,

Dated at Toronto, this 4th day of January, 1882.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Robert Irving Walker, of the City of Toronto, merchant; Reverend William Bee, of the same place, Methodist Minister; Robert Walker, of the same place, merchant; Reverend Thomas Griffith, of the Town of Brampton, Methodist Minister; Robert John Fleming, of the City of Toronto, merchant,—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Primitive Methodist Colonization Company," (Limited.)

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges; the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one hundred thousand dollars.

5. To be divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Robert Irving Walker, William Bee, Robert Walker, Thomas Griffith and Robert John Fleming are to be first or provisional Directors of the company.

REATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 23th December, 1881.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, by Frederick Ardle Fitzgerald, of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, oil refiner; John Walker, of the same place, manufacturer; Thomas Allen Stevens, of the same place, manufacturer; Joseph Seymour Fallows, of the same place, oil refiner; William Pearce Turner, of the same place, manufacturer; Frank Beemer Scove, of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, one of the United States of America, mechanical engineer; James Burns, of the said City of London, manufacturer, and Thomas H. Tracy, of the said City of London, civil engineer, for letters patent under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," constituting the applicants and such others as may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ball Electric Light Company, (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to manufacture and deal in electrical machines and appliances of all kinds; to purchase or sell patents of invention for electrical inventions of any kinds and licenses for using the same; to erect and construct lines of wire and other appliances for and to supply electric light or power, and generally to supply electricity or electrical appliances for all purposes for which they are applicable.

3. The chief place of business of the company shall be in the City of London, Ontario, but other places of business may be established from time to time throughout Canada as the company may require.

4. The intended amount of capital of the said company shall be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is five thousand and the amount of each share is one hundred dollars.

6. The applicants shall be the first directors of the company.

W. W. FITZGERALD,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at London, Ont., 10th October, 1881.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for Letters Patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Canadian Manufacturer Publishing Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the printing and publishing of newspapers, books, pamphlets, periodicals, and information for the promotion of manufacturing and commercial industries in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the Company will be Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock in the first instance will be \$5,000.

5. The number of shares will be fifty, and the value of each share, \$100.

The names in full and the addresses and callings of the applicants, are respectively as follows: Frederick Nicholls, Toronto, journalist; Thomas Cowan, Galt, manufacturer; Thomas D. Wardlaw, Galt, manufacturer; James S. Wardlaw, Galt, manufacturer; Henry Bickford, Dundas, manufacturer; James Young, Hamilton, manufacturer; Hamilton Young, manufacturer; Samuel J. Leonard, Dundas, manufacturer.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional Directors.

F. M. McDOUGALL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa this 28th of December, A.D., 1881.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month from the last publication of this notice, application will be made by the persons hereinafter named, to the Governor in Council, at Ottawa, for a charter under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic.

The proposed name of the company is "The Toronto, Manitoba, and North West Land Company, Limited."

The company seek incorporation for the purpose of issuing stock, purchasing, holding, improving and leasing or selling lands, freehold and leasehold.

The chief place of business of the company will be at the City of Toronto.

The amount of capital stock will be one hundred thousand dollars in two thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

The applicants are Alexander Manning, Esquire, Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, Esquire, Abraham William Lauder, Esquire, William Scott, contractor, John Small, Gentleman, George Burrows Gordon, Esquire, Horace Thorne, Esquire, William James Baines, broker, Andrew Heron, Gentleman, William Henry Knowlton, merchant, and Thomas Davies, brewer, all of the City of Toronto.

The said Alexander Manning, Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, John Small, William Henry Knowlton, Horace Thorne and Thomas Davies are to be the provisional directors of said company.

McDOUGALLS & GORDON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Toronto, 20th December, 1881.

26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned, and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic, by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Eureka Woolen Mill Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are the manufacture of woolen cloths of all descriptions, and the owning or hiring of buildings necessary therefor.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be Lower Hopewell, in the County of Pictou, and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is thirty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be three thousand and the value of each share ten dollars.

The names in full and the addresses of and callings of each of the applicants are:

James McKay, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; James W. Grant, Hopewell, Pictou County, miller; Isaac McNaughton, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer;

John Ross, New Glasgow, Pictou County, farmer; Henry S. Pool, Stellarton, Pictou County, coal mine manager; Henry B. Kendrick, Riverton, Pictou County, manufacturer; Robert A. Walker, New Glasgow, Pictou County, merchant; Isaac A. Grant, Pictou, Pictou County, merchant; Robert P. Fraser, Pictou, Pictou County, druggist; Joseph McNaughton, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; Duncan C. Fraser, New Glasgow, Pictou County, barrister. The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 17th day of December
A.D. 1881. 26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council, under the provisions of 40 Vic., chap. 43, by William Van Duzer Lawrence, merchant, Ebenezer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, cashier, all of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and John Myeth, merchant, and Frank H. Myeth, merchant, both of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, one of the United States of America, for letters patent to incorporate them and such others as may become shareholders in the said company, as a body politic and corporate under the name of "Apothecaries Hall Co." (Limited) of Montreal.

The object for which incorporation is sought is the manufacturing, buying and selling drugs, chemicals, toilet articles, proprietary medicines, etc., within the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

The principal place of business of said company shall be in the City of Montreal.

The capital stock of the said company shall be one hundred thousand dollars, divided into one hundred shares each one thousand dollars.

The provisional directors of said company shall be the said William Van Duzer Lawrence, John Myeth and John Stephen Bates.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Attorneys for applicants.

Montreal, 19th December, 1881. 26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent incorporating the undermentioned applicants and those who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is the "Canada Jute Company, (Limited)."

2. The purpose for which incorporation is sought is, the making, manufacturing and selling of bags, and the importing, buying and selling of all materials required in the making and manufacturing thereof.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five hundred; the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, are as follows:

The Honorable John Hamilton, Senator, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Alexander Murray, merchant, John McDougall, manufacturer, Joshua Collins, merchant,—all of the said city of Montreal; who are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

Dated at Montreal, this twentieth day of December, 1881.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Attorneys for solicitors.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by the Honourable George William Allan, of the City of Toronto, Senator of the Dominion of Canada; Thomas Sutherland Stayner, of the City of Toronto, Director of the Canadian Bank of Commerce; John Henry Grasett Hagarty, of the City of Toronto, shipping and commission merchant; Henry James Grasett, the younger, of the City of Toronto, shipping and commission merchant, and Frederick William Kingstone, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law,—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Toronto Steam Navigation Company, (Limited)."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to carry on a passenger, freight and general forwarding business on Lakes Ontario, Huron, Superior, Michigan and Erie, and the River St. Lawrence and the other lakes, rivers, canals and navigable waters connected therewith or flowing thereinto or therefrom; and to construct, own, charter, lease, purchase, or dispose of steamships, vessels, tramways, wharves, docks, warehouses and such other property as may be or become necessary or desirable in connection with the carrying on of such business.

The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on upon and near the navigable waters aforesaid, and its chief place of business is to be at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

The capital stock of the company is to be two hundred thousand dollars in two thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The said George William Allan, Thomas Sutherland Stayner and Frederick William Kingstone, all of whom are residents of Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

F. W. KINGSTONE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 15th December, 1881. 25-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of the present notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent of incorporation of the Dominion Barb Wire Company.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is to be "Dominion Barb Wire Company, (limited)."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought, is the manufacturing and selling of barb wire.

3. The place within the Dominion of Canada which is to be the chief place of business of the said company is the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be one hundred, and the amount of each share six hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are James Cooper, merchant, and Frederick Fairman, merchant, both of the City and District of Montreal; Francis T. Sherman and Eben J. Marsh, both of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, manufacturers, and Jane Knight, of the City of Montreal, wife duly separated as to property of the said James Cooper, and Harriet J. Latham, also of the said City of Montreal, wife duly separated as to property of the said Frederick Fairman.

7. The said James Cooper, Frederick Fairman and Eben J. Marsh, are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, the major part of whom are resident in Canada.

KERR, CARTER & McGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 15th December, 1881. 25-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by P. Garneau, Esquire, of Quebec, merchant, M.P.P., late member of the Government of the Province of Quebec; Alphonse Desjardins, Esquire, of Montreal, M.P., President of "La Banque Jacques Cartier"; Robert T. Leckie, of Sherbrooke, manufacturer; Hector Legru, of Paris, France, manufacturer, and the Count de Wazières, also of Paris, France, capitalist, to obtain Letters Patent constituting them, with such other persons as shall become shareholders in said company, a body corporate and politic, with all the powers appertaining to a loan company,—such company to be called the "Crédit Mobilier Canadien."

The chief place of business of said company will be in the City of Montreal.

The capital of the company will be twenty millions of dollars (or one hundred millions of francs) divided into two hundred thousand shares of one hundred dollars (or five hundred francs) each.

The provisional directors will be the said P. Garneau, A. Desjardins, R. J. Leckie, H. Legru and Count de Wazières.

Montreal, 30th November, 1881.

23-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.—The annual general meeting of the shareholders of "The Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company," for the election of directors and other general purposes, will be held at the Company's offices in Deseronto, on Monday, the sixth day of February, 1882, at seven o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

WM. R. AYLSWORTH,
Secretary to Board.

Deseronto, Ont., January 3rd, 1882.

28-1

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent on the paid-up capital stock of the Pictou Bank, for the half-year ending 31st Dec., 1881, has this day been declared and will be payable at any office of the Bank, on and after Wednesday, 1st February.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th till the 31st January inclusive.

By order of the Board,

THOMAS WATSON,
Manager.

Pictou, N. S., 3rd January, 1882.

28-4

MERCHANTS' BANK OF HALIFAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent on the paid-up capital of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax has been this day declared for the current half-year, and will be payable at the Banking House, on Monday, 23rd January next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 8th till the 23rd January—both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

GEORGE MACLEAN,
Cashier.

22nd December, 1881.

28-3

THE annual meeting of the shareholders of the Pictou Bank for the election of Directors and other business will be held in Grant's Hall, Pictou, at 11 o'clock a. m., on Wednesday, the 25th day of January, 1882.

By order of the Board,

THOMAS WATSON,
Manager.

Pictou, 31st Dec., 1881.

28-4

NOTICE.—The Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company hereby give notice that they will pay and redeem at the Banking House of Messrs. R. P. Flower & Co., in the City of New York, on the first day of July, 1882, all the bonds and debentures and interest coupons thereto attached issued by the said company and dated at Kingston, Ontario, the first day of January, 1880.

This notice is given in pursuance of the proviso in each of said bonds contained, and after the first day of July, 1882, interest on the principal sums mentioned in said bonds respectively shall cease.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Dated at Kingston, Ontario, this 27th day of December, 1881.

27-4

ATLANTIC AND NORTH-WEST RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Atlantic and North-West Railway Company, will be held at the offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Montreal, on Wednesday, the 1st day of February, 1882, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors, transacting the business of the company whether general or special, and electing Directors for the ensuing year.

HARRY CUTT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 28th Dec., 1881.

27-5

LA BANQUE DE ST. HYACINTHE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current six months, and will be payable at the office of said Bank on and after Wednesday, the first of February next.

The transfer books will be closed from the first to the fifteenth of February next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held on Wednesday, the 15th February next, at 11 o'clock a.m.

By order of the directors,

R. ST. JACQUES.

Cashier.

St. Hyacinthe, 20th December, 1881.

26-5

KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a second call of five per cent on the new issue of the capital stock of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company has been made this day, by the directors of the said company, and that the same is payable on or before the 24th of January, 1882, at the office of the company in Kingston.

And a third call of ten per cent on the new issue is now made, and that the same is payable on or before the 24th of February, 1882, at the office of the company in Kingston.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Sec. and Treas. K. & P. R.

Dated this 17th December, 1881.

26-4

NOTICE is hereby given that the sixth annual general meeting of the shareholders of The National Investment Company of Canada (Limited), for the election of Directors, and other business, will be held at the Company's office, Equity Chambers, Adelaide street East, City of Toronto, on Wednesday, the 18th day of January, 1882, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order,

ANDREW RUTHERFORD,
Manager.

Toronto, 14th Dec., 1881.

25-4

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY
COMPANY.

TAKE Notice that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Napanee, Tamworth and Quebec Railway Company, will be held at the Council Chamber, in the Town of Napanee, on Tuesday, the 17th day of January, A.D. 1882, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon.

W. S. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

Napanee, Ont., 15th Dec., 1881.

25--4

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the stockholders of the Ontario Bank will be held on Tuesday, the 24th day of January next, at the Banking House of the Bank in the City of Toronto, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the resignation of the whole Board of Directors, to make by-laws relating to the appointment of scrutineers, the mode of filling up vacancies in the Board of Directors, and for the transaction and consideration of all matters whatsoever which might be considered or transacted at an annual general meeting of the said stockholders.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank, Toronto, 7th Dec. 1881.

24--7

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city and at its Branches on and after Monday, the second day of January next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st of December next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at its Banking House in this city on Monday the sixteenth day of January next.

Chair to be taken at three o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board,

J. E. BRAIS,
Cashier.

Montreal, 24th November, 1881.

22--8

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



BUREAU DU GREFFIER DE LA COURONNE EN
CHANCELLERIE DU CANADA.

Ottawa, 24 décembre 1881.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR du GOUVERNEMENT d'appeler au Sénat les Messieurs suivants, savoir:—

DANS LA PROVINCE DE LA NOUVELLE-ECOSSE,—

Thomas McKay, Ecuier, de Colehester.

DANS LA PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC,—

Alexander W. Ogilvie, Ecuier, de la Cité de Montréal, pour la Division d'Alma.

DANS LA PROVINCE D'ONTARIO,—

James Skead, Ecuier, d'Ottawa;
Donald McInnes, Ecuier, de Hamilton.

DANS LA PROVINCE DE LA COLOMBIE-BRITANNIQUE,—

Thomas Robert McInnes, Ecuier, M. D., de New-Westminster.

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU
CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR du GOUVERNEMENT de faire la nomination suivante, savoir:—

OTTAWA, 4 janvier 1882.

LINDSAY RUSSELL, écuyer, Arpenteur général; Député du ministre de l'Intérieur, à compter du 1er janvier courant, *vice* John Stoughton Dennis, écuyer, mis à la retraite.

PROCLAMATIONS.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
Général,
Administrateur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.

—SALUT:—

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que l'Assemblée de Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogée au quatrième jour de février prochain, NÉANMOINS, pour certaines causes et considérations, NOUS AVONS JUGÉ A PROPOS de le proroger de nouveau à JEUDI le NEUVIÈME jour du mois de FÉVRIER prochain, de manière que ni vous ni aucun de vous, n'êtes tenus de vous trouver en Notre Cité d'Ottawa le dit quatrième jour de février prochain; car NOUS VOULONS que vous et chacun de vous à cet égard soyez exonérés; vous commandant et par ces présentes, vous enjoignant, et à chacun de vous et tous autres y intéressés, de vous trouver personnellement en Notre dite CITÉ d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le NEUVIÈME jour du mois de FÉVRIER prochain, pour l'EXPÉDITION DES AFFAIRES, et y traiter, agir et conclure sur les matières qui, par la faveur de Dieu, en Notre dit Parlement du Canada, pourront, par le Conseil Commun de Notre dite Puissance, être ordonnés.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Seeau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Général Sir PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Chevalier Commandeur de l'Ordre Très-distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Administrateur du gouvernement du Canada et Commandant des Forces de Sa Majesté en icelui, etc., etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, le VINGT-QUATRIÈME jour de DÉCEMBRE, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-une, et de Notre Règne la quarante-etinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

P. L. MACDOUGALL.
Général, ~~ministre~~
Administrateur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } **A**TTENDU que par en vertu d'un acte passé dans la trente septième année de Notre règne, chapitre trente-quatre et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement (sauf les ports de Québec et de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario) dans l'une ou l'autre des dites provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignées à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil ;

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du huitième jour de décembre, dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, désignant le Port de Carleton, province de Québec, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements. Les limites du dit port s'étendront à partir de la Pointe Magnecha, jusqu'à la rive escarpée de Maria, y compris les dites rives escarpées dans la Baie de Tracadigash.

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que nous confère le dit acte et un ordre en Conseil, Nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au port de Carleton, dans la province de Québec.

De ce qui précède Nos fœux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Général SIR PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Chevalier Commandeur de l'Ordre Très-distingué de St. Michel et St. George, Administrateur du gouvernement du Canada et Commandant des Forces de Sa Majesté en icelui, etc., etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITE d'OTTAWA, ce HUITIÈME jour de DÉCEMBRE, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-une, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

26-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA,

Samedi, 17 décembre 1881.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU
GOUVERNEMENT EN CONSEIL.

IL a plu à Son Excellence l'Administrateur du gouvernement, sur la recommandation du ministre de l'intérieur et en vertu de l'acte 43 Vic., chap. 26, d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que les

règlements suivants concernant la disposition des terrains à charbon soient et les dits règlements sont par le présent adoptés :

10. Que l'affermage des terrains miniers pourra être fait pour (21) vingt et un ans, dans l'ordre de leurs demandes, aux requérants qui auront convaincu le ministre de l'intérieur de leurs moyens et habileté pour exploiter efficacement les mines qu'on sollicite, les dits requérants devant en ce cas payer un loyer de vingt-cinq centins par acre exigible semi-annuellement d'avance.

20. Que le locataire paiera un droit de dix centins par tonne sur tout le charbon tiré de la mine. Rapports trimestriels faits sous serment devant être fournis au ministre de l'intérieur par le locataire, montrant la quantité de charbon tiré de la mine, les droits exigibles sur icelle et la date de tel rapport.

30. Que l'étendue de terre à être louée à une personne n'excèdera pas trois cent vingt acres (320).

40. Les bornes de ces terrains en dessous de la surface de tels terrains loués seront les plans ou lignes verticaux dans lesquels est comprise la surface.

50. Le locataire devra commencer les opérations actives dans l'espace d'une année et exploiter la mine dans l'espace des deux années qui suivront le commencement du bail et payer le prix du loyer en même temps que les droits, sans quoi le bail sera résilié et la Couronne reprendra les terrains.

60. Le bail pourra être renouvelé pour d'autres périodes de vingt et une années chacune et pour tels prix et droits dont il sera convenu entre le gouvernement et le locataire.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier, Conseil Privé.

26-3

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Jeudi, 22 décembre 1881.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU
GOUVERNEMENT EN CONSEIL.

IL a plu à Son Excellence l'Administrateur du gouvernement sur la recommandation du ministre des douanes d'ordonner, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada, et il est par le présent ordonné, que les règlements suivants concernant l'emménagement du charbon importé dans le Canada soient, et les dits règlements sont par le présent adoptés.

1. Les cours, hangars et autres bâtiments dans lesquels les importateurs de charbon désirent emmagasiner cet article pour les fins du commerce peuvent être acceptés comme entrepôts, et l'on pourra y emmagasiner le charbon sans paiement de droits de la même manière et aux mêmes conditions pour celui qu'on en retire pour la consommation, le transport ou l'exportation, qu'il est pourvu par la loi pour l'emménagement de tout autre article, excepté dans les cas ci-après pourvus.

2. L'importateur de charbon désirant emmagasiner cet article tel que pourvu ci-dessus devra, avant d'en obtenir la permission, donner un cautionnement expirable le premier jour de mai alors prochain d'un montant suffisant pour couvrir le double du droit exigible sur tout le charbon devant être ainsi emmagasiné, suivant le tarif alors en force, tel cautionnement devant être exécuté par lui-même et deux personnes jouissant d'un bon crédit comme garanties, acceptables par le percepteur des douanes au port où l'on se propose d'emmagasiner tel charbon, ou par le ministre des douanes, et dont la condition sera le paiement intégral du droit sur l'exportation de toute la quantité ainsi emmagasinée, avant le dit premier jour de mai alors prochain.

3. Le propriétaire du charbon ainsi emmagasiné devra chaque semaine faire une entrée de la quantité vendue, enlevée ou exportée, et une entrée pour toute la quantité emmagasinée devra ainsi être faite avant le premier jour de mai alors prochain suivant la date de l'emménagement tel que dit ci-dessus et avant l'ex-

piration du dit cautionnement tel que ci-dessus pourvu, sujet à toutes pénalités, amendes et forfeitures auxquelles il est pourvu par l'acte concernant les douanes, 40 Vict., chap. 10, pour fraudes se rattachant à l'emmagasinage et aux marchandises emmagasinées.

Il a plu en outre à Son Excellence d'ordonner que l'ordre en conseil du 29 avril 1879, réglant l'emmagasinage du charbon soit, et le dit ordre en conseil est par le présent rescindé.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

26-3

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

RÈGLEMENTS CONCERNANT LES TERRES FÉDÉRALES.

Les règlements suivants concernant la vente et la colonisation des terres fédérales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest seront, à dater du 1er janvier 1882, substitués aux règlements maintenant en force portant la date du 25 mai dernier.

1. Les terres arpentées dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest seront classées comme suit pour les fins des présents règlements :

Classe A.—Terres situées d'un côté ou l'autre de la voie principale du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique et de ses voies de raccordement dans un rayon de vingt-quatre milles.

Classe B.—Terres situées d'un côté ou l'autre de tout chemin de fer projeté (autre que le chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique) approuvé par un ordre en Conseil publié dans la *Gazette du Canada*, dans un rayon de douze milles.

Classe C.—Terres situées au sud de la voie principale du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique et non comprises dans les classes A ou B.

Classe D.—Terres autres que celles comprises dans les classes A, B et C.

2. Les sections portant des numéros pairs dans toutes les classes précédentes seront réservées exclusivement pour les établissements (homesteads) et les préemptions.

a. Excepté pour la classe D où elles pourront être affectées par les arrangements de colonisation tel que ci-après pourvu.

b. Excepté là où il sera nécessaire de fournir des lots à bois aux colons.

c. Excepté dans les cas où le ministre de l'Intérieur, sous l'autorité des actes concernant les terres fédérales, jugera nécessaire de retirer certaines terres et de les vendre par encan public ou autrement en disposer suivant l'ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil.

3. Les sections portant des numéros impairs dans la classe A sont réservées pour la compagnie du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique.

4. Les sections portant des numéros impairs dans les classes B et C seront offertes en vente au prix de \$2.50 l'acre, payable au temps de la vente :

a. Excepté dans les cas où il en aura été ou il en sera autrement disposé par le Gouverneur en Conseil.

5. Les sections portant des numéros impairs dans la classe D seront offertes en vente au prix de \$2.00 l'acre, payable au temps de la vente.

a. Excepté dans les cas où il y en aura été ou il en sera autrement disposé par le Gouverneur en Conseil.

b. Excepté les terres affectées par les arrangements de colonisation, tel que ci-après pourvu.

6. Les personnes qui, après l'arpentage, mais avant l'émission de l'ordre en conseil du 9 octobre 1879, excluant les sections de nombre impair de l'inscription comme établissement (homestead), ont pris possession de certaines terres dans les sections de nombre impair, en y résidant et en la cultivant, obtiendront la permission, si elles continuent de les occuper, de faire une inscription comme établissement (homestead), et préemption tout comme si ces sections étaient de nombre pair.

PRÉEMPTIONS.

7. Les prix pour les lots de préemption seront comme suit :

Pour les terres dans les classes A, B et C, \$2.50 l'acre.

Pour les terres dans la classe D, \$2.00 l'acre.

Le paiement sera fait en une somme à l'expiration des trois années qui suivront la date de l'inscription ou aussitôt que le colon pourra sous l'autorité des actes concernant les terres fédérales obtenir des lettres patentes pour l'établissement [homestead] auquel appartient telle préemption.

COLONISATION.

Plan No. 1.

8. Des arrangements pourront être entrepris avec un particulier ou une compagnie (ci-après appelés la personne) pour la colonisation de lisières de terre aux conditions suivantes :—

a. Le requérant devra convaincre le gouvernement de sa bonne foi et de son habileté dans l'accomplissement des stipulations contenues dans ces règlements.

b. La lisière de terre accordée à une personne sera dans la classe D.

9. Les sections de nombre impair comprise dans telle lisière pourront être vendues à la personne moyennant \$2.00 l'acre, payable un cinquième comptant au temps de la signature du contrat, et la balance en quatre versements annuels égaux, à dater de là. La personne paiera aussi au gouvernement cinq centins par acre pour l'arpentage de la terre achetée par elle, cette somme payable en quatre versements annuels égaux aux mêmes dates que les versements sur le prix d'achat. Un intérêt de six pour cent par année sera chargé sur tous les versements dus pour le passé.

a. La personne devra coloniser sa lisière de terre dans les cinq ans qui suivent la date du contrat.

b. Cette colonisation consistera à établir deux colons sur les établissements (homesteads) sur chaque section de nombre pair et de même deux colons sur chaque section de nombre impair.

c. La personne pourra être garantie pour les avances faites aux colons sur les établissements (homesteads) en conformité de la 10e section de l'Acte 44 Vict., chap. 16, (L'acte adopté en 1881 pour amender les actes concernant les terres fédérales.)

d. Les établissements (homesteads) de 160 acres seront la propriété du colon, et ce dernier aura le droit d'acheter le lot de préemption appartenant à son établissement (homestead) moyennant \$2.00 l'acre payables en une seule somme à l'expiration des trois années qui suivent la date de l'inscription, ou plus à bonne heure suivant que le dit colon pourra en conformité des actes concernant les terres fédérales obtenir des lettres patentes pour son établissement (homestead.)

e. Lorsque le colon sur un établissement (homestead) ne prend pas le lot de préemption auquel il a droit, il est loisible à la personne dans les trois mois qui suivront la perte de tel droit pour le dit colon, d'acheter le susdit lot au prix de \$2.00 l'acre, payables au comptant lors de l'achat.

10. En considération de la colonisation opérée sur sa lisière de terre de la manière indiquée dans la sous-section b de la clause précédente, il sera accordé à la personne une diminution de la moitié du prix d'achat original des sections de nombre impair dans sa lisière.

a. Durant chacune des cinq années couvertes par le contrat, il sera fait une énumération des colons placés par la personne sur sa lisière, en conformité de la sous-section b de la clause 9 de ces règlements, et pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* ainsi trouvé une diminution de cent vingt piastres sera mise au crédit de la personne; mais le total de ces sommes ainsi mises au crédit de la personne ne devra pas excéder celle de cent vingt piastres pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* trouvé sur la dite

lisière de terre, en conformité de la susdite sous-section au temps de la dernière énumération.

- b. A l'expiration des cinq années il sera fait une énumération des colons *bonâ fide* sur la lisière de terre, et s'il est constaté que ces derniers sont aussi nombreux et placés de même façon que stipulé dans la sous-section b de la clause 9 de ces règlements, une diminution nouvelle et finale de quarante piastres par colon sera mise au crédit de la personne, laquelle somme, une fois ajoutée à celles précédemment créditées, s'élèvera à la moitié du prix d'achat des sections de nombre impair et réduira le prix de ces dernières à une piastre l'acre. Mais s'il est constaté que le nombre total des colons requis par ces règlements n'est pas sur la lisière de terre ou ne sont pas placés conformément à la sous-section b de la clause 9 de ces règlements, alors, pour chaque colon de moins que le nombre requis ou placé autrement qu'en conformité avec la dite sous-section, la personne perdra cent soixante-six piastres de diminution.
- c. Si en n'importe quel temps durant l'existence du contrat la personne manque de remplir l'une des conditions de ce dernier, il sera loisible au Gouverneur en conseil d'annuler la vente du terrain acheté, et traiter la personne comme il semblera opportun de le faire dans les circonstances.
- d. Pour avoir droit à la diminution, la personne devra fournir au ministre de l'intérieur une preuve satisfaisante que la lisière de terre a été colonisée en conformité de la sous-section b de la clause 9 de ces règlements.

Plan No. 2.

En vue d'encourager la colonisation par les capitalistes qui désireraient cultiver de plus grandes fermes que celles qui peuvent être achetées là où les règlements veulent que chaque section compte deux colons (mais sans diminuer le nombre des colons requis dans chaque township) des arrangements peuvent être faits avec une compagnie ou un particulier (ci-après désignés sous le nom de personne), pour la colonisation de lisières de terrain aux conditions suivantes :

- a. Le requérant devra convaincre le gouvernement de sa bonne foi et de son habileté dans l'exécution des stipulations contenues en ces règlements.
- b. La lisière de terre accordée à une personne sera dans la classe D.
- c. Tout le terrain compris dans cette lisière peut être vendu à la personne moyennant deux piastres l'acre payables comptant, au temps de la conclusion du contrat. La personne paiera en même temps alors au gouvernement cinq centins par acre pour l'arpentage de la terre achetée par elle.
- d. La personne devra dans les cinq ans à dater du contrat, coloniser le township ou les townships compris dans sa lisière de terre.
- e. Telle colonisation consistera à placer cent vingt-huit colons de bonne foi dans chaque township.

12. En considération de la colonisation faite sur sa lisière de terre en la manière expliquée dans la sous-section e de la clause qui précède immédiatement, la personne obtiendra une diminution de la moitié du prix d'achat primitif.

- a. Durant chacune des cinq années couvertes par le contrat il sera fait une énumération des colons placés par la personne sur sa lisière de terre, conformément à la sous-section e de la 11e clause de ces règlements, et pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* ainsi trouvé sur la dite lisière de terre il sera remis à la personne une somme de cent vingt piastres; mais le total des sommes ainsi remises ne devra en aucun temps excéder cent vingt piastres pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* trouvé sur la lisière de terre, en conformité de la dite sous-section au temps de la dernière énumération.
- b. A l'expiration des cinq années il sera fait une énumération des colons *bonâ fide* placés par la personne sur sa lisière de terre, et s'il est constaté

qu'ils sont en tels nombre et situation que stipulés dans la sous-section e de la clause 11 de ces règlements il sera fait une nouvelle et dernière remise sur le prix de quarante piastres par colon, laquelle somme une fois ajoutée à celles précédemment remises à la personne s'élèvera à la moitié du prix d'achat de la lisière de terre et réduira ce dernier à une piastre par acre. Mais s'il est constaté que le nombre requis de colons par ces règlements ne sont pas sur la lisière de terre ou n'ont pas été placés en conformité de la dite sous-section, alors pour chaque colon moindre que le nombre requis ou placé autrement que voulu par la dite sous-section, la personne perdra le droit à une diminution de cent soixante piastres.

- c. Pour avoir droit à la diminution la personne devra convaincre le ministre de l'Intérieur que la lisière de terre a été colonisée en conformité de la sous-section e de la 11e clause de ces règlements.

AVIS OFFICIEL.

13. Le gouvernement devra donner avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* de tous les arrangements conclus pour la colonisation des lisières de terre en conformité des plans ci-dessus afin que le public puisse respecter les droits des acheteurs.

BOIS POUR LES COLONS.

14. Le ministre de l'Intérieur peut faire réserver n'importe quelle section de nombre pair ou impair garnie de bois, pour pouvoir fournir du bois aux colons des établissements (homesteads); et tout tel colon pourra, quand l'occasion s'en présentera, acheter un lot à bois n'excédant pas 20 acres, pour le prix de \$5.00 comptant l'acre.

15. Il sera loisible au ministre de l'Intérieur, en vertu des actes concernant les terres fédérales d'accorder des licences pour couper du bois sur les terres dans les townships arpentés. Les terres couvertes par telles licences sont par les présents règlements retirées des inscriptions et vente comme établissements (homestead) et préemption.

TERRES A PATURAGE.

16. Sous l'autorité de l'acte 44 Victoria, chap. 16, des lisières de terre pour les fins de pâturage pourront être constituées à bail aux conditions suivantes :

- a. Ces baux seront pour un terme n'excédant pas vingt et un ans et aucun d'eux ne devra comprendre plus de 100,000 acres.
- b. Dans un territoire arpenté, la terre comprise dans un bail sera décrite comme township et sections. Dans un territoire non arpenté la personne à qui on aura promis un bail devra, avant la conclusion de tel bail, faire arpenter la lisière de terre à ses propres frais par un arpenteur des terres fédérales, sous les instructions de l'arpenteur-général; et les plan et notes de tel arpentage seront déposés aux archives du département de l'Intérieur.
- c. Le preneur devra payer une rente annuelle de \$10 pour chaque mille acres compris dans son bail et devra, dans les trois ans qui suivent la date du bail, placer sur la lisière de terre une tête de bétail pour chaque dix acres de terre compris dans le bail, et devra durant ce temps maintenir sur telle lisière de terre un troupeau dans cette proportion.
- d. Après avoir placé le nombre prescrit de bétails sur la lisière de terre louée, le preneur pourra acheter des terres dans la région comprise dans le bail pour une maison de ferme et un corral, moyennant le prix de \$2.00 par acre payable comptant.
- e. Le preneur encourra la résiliation de son bail s'il manque de se conformer aux conditions de ce dernier.

17. Si deux personnes ou plus sollicitent chacune un bail pour les mêmes terres à pâturage, des soumissions seront demandées, et le bail sera accordé à

la personne offrant la plus forte prime en sus de la rente. La dite prime payable avant la conclusion du bail.

DISPOSITIONS GÉNÉRALES.

18. Les paiements pour les terres pourront être faits en numéraire, en scrip, ou en certificats de primes militaires ou de police.

19. Les présents règlements ne s'appliqueront pas aux terres qui ont quelque valeur comme emplacements de ville, ni aux terrains houillers ou autres terrains miniers, ni aux carrières de marbre ou de pierre, ni aux terres sur lesquelles se trouveront des pouvoirs d'eau; ils n'affecteront non plus, les sections 11 et 29 dans chaque township, qui sont des terres d'écoles publiques, ni les sections 8 et 26, qui sont des terres de la compagnie de la baie d'Hudson.

Par ordre,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Arpenteur-général.

Département de l'Intérieur,
Ottawa, 23 décembre 1881.

28-3

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 décembre dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,349,542 02
Excise	565,780 07
Département des Postes.....	106,498 20
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	182,576 51
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	14,188 61
Divers	147,695 83
	<u>\$2,366,281 24</u>
Revenu, 30 novembre 1881.....	13,801,342 84
	<u>\$16,167,624 08</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,232,920 52
do 30 novembre 1881.....	10,099,153 47
	<u>\$11,332,073 99</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 2 janvier 1882.

DÉPARTEMENT DES DOUANES.

OTTAWA, 22 décembre 1881.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il a plu à Son Excellence l'Administrateur du gouvernement, par ordre en conseil en date du 20 courant, et en vertu de l'acte 44 Vict., chap. 11, article 11, d'ordonner que l'article suivant soit mis sur la liste des articles qui peuvent être admis en Canada francs de droits, savoir :

"Toile de jute," telle que sortie du métier, et n'étant ni pressée ni calandrée, ni finie en aucune manière, et d'une largeur d'au moins 42 pouces, lorsque importée pour être confectionnée en sacs seulement.

Par ordre,

J. JOHNSON,
Commissaire des douanes.

26-3

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu des dispositions de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877, des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada, en date du douzième jour de novembre 1881, constituant en corporation Hugh McLennan, marchand; Thomas Harris Hodgson, marchand; George Mathieson Kinghorn, expéditeur; Abner Kingman, marchand, et Thomas Briggs Brown, marchand, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, dans la Puissance du Canada, dans le but d'acheter, de construire, de posséder, d'exploiter et de vendre des vapeurs et autres navires, et de les employer au transport de houille, minéraux, marchandises et cargaisons de tout genre, de même que des passagers, dans et entre un port ou des ports quelconques du Canada, et entre ces ports et les ports anglais ou étrangers; d'acheter et de vendre de la houille, des minéraux, des marchandises et autres articles en rapport avec l'exploitation des dits vapeurs et navires; d'acheter, de vendre et d'exploiter des terres, des droits miniers et des mines de charbon et autres en Canada; d'acheter, d'ériger et de vendre des quais, des entrepôts, des bureaux et autres bâtiments ainsi que des lignes de chemins de fer et tramways sur les terrains de la compagnie pour l'usage de la compagnie et en rapport avec ses affaires à tels ports ou mines, et toute autre fin se rattachant directement ou indirectement à l'exploitation de tels vapeurs, navires, mines, bâtiments, quais, constructions et autres propriétés tel que dit ci-dessus,—sous le nom de "Compagnie des navires à vapeur Diamant Noir, de Montréal, à responsabilité limitée," (The Black Diamond Steamship Company of Montreal, Limited), avec un capital de trois cent mille piastres, divisé en trois mille actions de cent piastres.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, le vingt-huitième jour de novembre 1881.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

26-3

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts.—Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)...	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...	Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 débiteures de municipalités; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.	William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U. et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....	John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"	Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....	J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.	W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre, de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)	J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....	Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 ids. pes., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"	J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....	F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, G.-B.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.	R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$85,000 bons des E.-U. (B)...	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.. ..	Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic. ; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont. ; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000)	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....	Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.	Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire".....	W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"....	Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	£10,000 stg., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....	G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....	C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....	A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. effets canadiens	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"	F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	£21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"	William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....	D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U..	Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.	A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.	Sur les glaces.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....	J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont. Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont- réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800).. \$85,833 fonds publics canadiens. \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont.. J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens \$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec			
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lides canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$97,333.33 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$418,182.....	
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto..	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montreal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et \$20,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES, D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉS, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernement, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dt. Compte des banques d'épargne d^e la Poste, pour le mois de novembre 1881.

Av.

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 oct. 1881.....	\$7,190,373 78	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$226,529 96
Dépôts durant le mois	576,412 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	1,211 51		
		Balance :--	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$7,504,603 78
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	36,863 55
			7,541,467 33
	7,767,997 29		\$7,767,997 29

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.

Département des Finances, Ottawa, 19 décembre 1881.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, provenant du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce.

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique américaine du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

C. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

25 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par la Chambre de Commerce de Montréal au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte permettant la fusion de la dite Chambre de Commerce avec d'autres corps politiques dans cette cité.

Montréal, 23 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, dans le but d'obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole du Canada, et l'acte 41 Vict. chap. 38, et de rendre plus claires les clauses de l'acte en dernier lieu nommé, à l'effet également de remplacer celui ou ceux des syndics qui pourraient mourir, se retirer pour une cause quelconque, devenir incapables d'agir, à l'effet de plus de définir les pouvoirs des syndics pour ce qui a trait à la perception, aux avis de convocation à être faits ou donnés, aux poursuites à être intentées pour cotisations sur actions et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie manufacturière et du pont St. Laurent" dans le but de construire un pont sur le St. Laurent en face de la cité de Montréal par le travers de l'île Ste. Hélène, et dans le but d'élargir et d'améliorer le port de Montréal en autant que le pont y est concerné; le tout en conformité généralement du plan connu sous le nom de "Plan Shearer," proposé par M. James Shearer, et pour d'autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

AVIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, par la Compagnie manufacturière C. W. Williams, pour l'obtention d'un acte d'incorporation modifiant le nom de la dite compagnie et accordant à cette dernière de plus amples pouvoirs et privilèges.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 28 décembre 1881. 27-6

AVIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les actionnaires de la Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada sous le nom de "Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada" et pour conférer à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs et privilèges dont jouit ou que possède actuellement toute autre compagnie de télégraphe faisant affaires au Canada ou y étant constituée en corps politique, à part ceux conférés à la dite Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada par les lettres-patentes qui l'ont constituée en corps politique.

CARTER ET CARTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 30 novembre 1881. 27-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Générale des terres du Canada, dans le but d'acheter et coloniser des terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

ROYAL ET PRUDHOMME,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Winnipeg, 29 décembre 1881. 27-9

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte pour remettre en vigueur le statut 43 Vic., chap. 56, qui constitue en corporation la compagnie du chemin de fer de la Vallée de la Saskatchewan-Sud, et pour amender cet acte en prolongeant le délai fixé pour commencer le dit chemin de fer, et pour d'autres fins.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

29 décembre 1881. 27-9

AVIS.—Une demande sera faite à la session prochaine du parlement du Canada, pour un acte incorporant la compagnie de navigation des rivières Saskatchewan et Qu'Appelle, pour le projet de draguer et de naviguer les rivières Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle et Assiniboine.

MACMILLAN ET TAYLOR,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

Londres, Ont., 14 décembre 1881. 26-9

AVIS est donné par les présentes qu'il sera introduit devant le parlement de la Puissance, à sa prochaine session, une loi pour ratifier et confirmer les résolutions de "La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Rive Nord," du onzième jour d'août et deuxième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, ayant pour but de transférer à la province de Québec toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre les cités de Québec et de Montréal, et les droits s'y rattachant; et aussi pour ratifier et confirmer l'acte de cession et transport passé par la compagnie du chemin de fer de "Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental," le seizième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, devant M^{re} Louis N. Dumouchel, notaire au

gouvernement de la province de Québec, de toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre Montréal et Aylmer avec un embranchement vers St. Jérôme, et les droits s'y rattachant.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. des chemins de fer

Québec, 20 décembre 1881. 26-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada, pour la passation d'un acte incorporant la Compagnie du Pont du Richelieu, avec pouvoir de bâtir, exploiter, entretenir et administrer un pont de péage pour les besoins ordinaires du trafic sur la rivière Richelieu, reliant la paroisse de St.-Thomas, comté de Missisquoi, à celle de Lacolle ou de Saint-Valentin, dans le comté de St.-Jean. Ce pont sera construit de manière qu'une portion de son tablier s'ouvre et laisse un passage de quarante pieds de large pour les besoins de la navigation, ou un passage égal à celui du pont de la compagnie de chemin de fer Vermont Junction R.R. sur la même rivière, à St.-Jean, P.Q. Sur la partie navigable de cette rivière, ce pont sera sur des piles éloignées de cent cinquante pieds les unes des autres et des arcades de cinq pieds ou plus au-dessus du niveau des hautes eaux; sur les parties non navigables de la rivière, le pont sera aussi sur des piles, s'il est nécessaire; les arcades du pont à telle hauteur au-dessus des hautes eaux, les intervalles entre les piles et la largeur du tablier tournant seront tels que Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en Conseil pourra décider. Avec aussi pouvoir d'exiger des taux de péage sur ce pont ne pouvant excéder les suivants: Piétons, aller et retour, cinq centins; animaux, excepté moutons, cochons, et poulains du printemps suivant leur mère, dix centins par tête; moutons et cochons, cinq centins par tête; voiture de toute espèce, simple, traînée par un seul animal, vingt-cinq centins; voiture double traînée par deux animaux, trente-cinq centins. Ces taux de péage couvrent la charge de chaque voiture, s'y trouvant *bonâ fide*.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solliciteur des requérants.

Clarenceville, Québec, 10 décembre 1881. 25-9

AVIS public est par le présent donné, que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada, pour un acte à l'effet d'incorporer une compagnie pour construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, entre ou près de la cité de Montréal, jusqu'à un point sur le côté sud du township de Dundee, dans le comté de Huntingdon, pour s'y joindre à un chemin de fer dans l'Etat de New-York, et pour construire une branche afin de se joindre au chemin de fer Atlantique du Canada (Canada Atlantic Railway), à quelque point dans le comté de Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
Pour les requérants.

Huntingdon, Qué., 10 décembre, 1881. 25-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique Edison du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Hamilton, Ont., 15 décembre 1881. 25-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant l'Association de Placements d'Ontario et autorisant la dite association à prêter des deniers sur la garantie de biens-fonds en Manitoba, ou dans aucune des provinces de la Puissance, et permettant à la dite Association d'exiger tel taux d'intérêt sur les prêts faits qu'elle pourra convenir avec les emprunteurs; et aussi étendant les pouvoirs d'emprunter qu'à la dite association, et lui permettant de recevoir des deniers en dépôt.

CRONYN ET GREENLEES,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Daté 14 décembre, 1881. 25-10

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un Acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique une compagnie dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de la cité de Montréal dans la province de Québec, à Smith's Falls, et de là à la ville de Perth, dans le comté de Lanark, province d'Ontario, devant être appelée "La Compagnie du chemin de fer Montréal et Canada Central," avec pouvoir de construire un pont ou des ponts sur la rivière Rideau, le canal Rideau, la rivière Ottawa et le canal Ste Anne. avec pouvoir de plus de s'amalgamer avec toute ligne de chemin de fer, de s'y joindre, et d'en obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur telle ligne ou telles lignes de chemin de fer et ponts, dans ou hors la Puissance du Canada, et avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter des tramways, des bateaux passeurs, navires, bâtiments et barges, en rapport avec la dite ligne de chemin de fer et les dits ponts.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Ottawa, Déc. 1881. 25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada à sa prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La Compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction d'Ottawa et Arnprior" dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de Quyon ou quelque point environnant dans le township de Onslow, dans le comté de Pontiac, province de Québec, au village d'Arnprior dans la province d'Ontario, traversant la rivière Ottawa aux rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir aussi de construire le pont ou les ponts nécessaires sur la dite rivière pour les fins du dit chemin de fer à ou près les dits rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir de plus de continuer le dit chemin de fer d'Arnprior en croisant le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Arnprior à quelque point dans le township de Bagot, dans le comté de Renfrew, sur le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke, et s'il est nécessaire, de traverser le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke au dit point, avec pouvoir de plus de construire des voies d'embranchement, de vendre ou louer le dit chemin de fer, de s'amalgamer à toute autre compagnie de chemin de fer, de louer ou acheter tout autre chemin de fer et de se joindre à n'importe quelle autre compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur la voie de cette dernière et de construire une voie télégraphique le long des dits chemin de fer et embranchements.

A. FERGUSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
15 décembre 1881. 25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que la Compagnie du Grand Tronc des chemins de fer du Canada s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte autorisant la dite compagnie à acheter, louer toute ligne de chemin de fer

touchant ou intéressant la sienne propre, ou à se fusionner avec elle, de plus, déclarant et définissant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie à ce sujet, et lui permettant aussi, sous l'autorité de l'acte concernant les chemins de fer, d'acquérir les terrains pour gares et les voies ferrées qui y conduisent qui, dans son opinion, peuvent être nécessaires à ses fins.

JOHN BELL,
Solliciteur pour la Compagnie du Grand
Tronc des chemins de fer du Canada.
Daté à Montréal, ce 2e jour de novembre 1881. 24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les pilotes nommés par commission pour le service du pilotage entre Québec et Montréal, sous le nom de "La corporation des pilotes de Montréal."

BELLEAU ET STAFFORD,
Procureurs.
Québec, 26 octobre 1881. 24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le Synode du diocèse de Saskatchewan, avec pouvoir d'acquérir et posséder des propriétés immobilières et d'engager les capitaux du dit Synode dans telle partie du Canada et sur telles garanties qui auront été de temps à autre jugées convenables par le dit Synode.

BLAKE, KERR ET CASSELS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
5 décembre 1881. 24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité d'une résolution des actionnaires de la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole d'Ottawa, adoptée à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, dûment convoquée et tenue dans la cité d'Ottawa, province d'Ontario, le 22e jour de novembre 1881, demande sera faite par la dite compagnie au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte spécial autorisant la dite compagnie à liquider ses affaires.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
Président.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Vice-Président.

ALEXANDER GIBB,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
JOHN PENNOCK,
Secrétaire.
Ottawa, 7 décembre 1881. 24-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné par la compagnie du chemin de fer Ottawa, Vaudreuil et Montréal, que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de la prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de prolonger le délai prescrit pour la construction de cette partie de la ligne de la dite compagnie comprise entre Hawkesbury-Ouest et la ville d'Ottawa, et de plus à l'effet de confirmer les pouvoirs conférés à la dite compagnie.

PINHEY ET CHRISTIE,
Solliciteurs pour la compagnie.
6 décembre, 1881. 24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada à la prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie de transport du Manitoba et de la Saskatchewan," dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer d'un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique

entre Winnipeg et le Portage de la Prairie à un point sur le lac Manitoba, de construire et exploiter des navires se rattachant à la dite ligne sur les lacs Manitoba, Winnipegosis et la rivière Saskatchewan, d'améliorer la navigation sur les dits lacs et rivière, avec pouvoir de construire des chemins de fer et canaux, reliant tels lacs et rivière, et de percevoir des droits sur les dits canaux.

C. E. HAMILTON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 21 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière de la Pluie."

L'objet de la compagnie projetée est de construire des estacades, chaussées, glissoires, quais et autres travaux dans les rivières, cours d'eau et ruisseaux ci-après mentionnés, et sur les rivages de ces derniers pour la descente de billes, pièces de bois carré, bois de charpente de toute description sur tout le cours de la rivière coulant à l'ouest depuis l'île Hunter, à travers le lac à la Pluie en suivant le cours de la rivière de la Pluie jusqu'au Lac des Bois et par les cours d'eau, ruisseaux et rivières se déchargeant dans les dits rivière de la Pluie et lac à la Pluie, dans les provinces de Manitoba et Ontario ou dans le district de Kéwatin, avec tous pouvoirs et privilèges conformes à l'acte des Statuts Refondus de la ci-devant province du Canada, intitulé "Acte concernant les compagnies à fonds social pour faire des travaux à l'effet de faciliter la descente du bois de charpente sur les rivières et les cours d'eau," et aux amendements faits subséquemment au dit acte, avec pleins pouvoir et privilège de s'unir et se fondre avec n'importe quelle compagnie formée dans un objet semblable sous l'autorité des lois de l'Etat du Minnesota.

PINHEY ET CHRISTIE,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
28 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie du pont de Winnipeg et Springfield," avec pouvoir de construire, exploiter et maintenir un pont de péage pour les fins ordinaires du trafic sur la Rivière Rouge à un certain point entre les limites nord de la cité de Winnipeg et le pont Louise, dans le comté de Selkirk, province du Manitoba, le dit pont devant être construit avec un tablier tournant donnant un passage, une fois ouvert, de quarante pieds au plus, et avec des arches de vingt-cinq pieds et demi d'élévation au-dessus du niveau de l'eau basse et avec des intervalles de deux cents pieds au plus entre les culées ou caissons; avec pouvoir de percevoir des taux de péage sur le dit pont à des taux n'excédant pas les suivants :

Piétons, à chaque passage, deux centins.
Cavalier sur mule ou cheval, à chaque passage, dix centins.

Animaux libres par tête, excepté les moutons, les pores et les poulains du printemps suivant la mère, à chaque passage, cinq centins.

Moutons et pores, par tête, à chaque passage, deux centins.

Carrosse, voiture, charrette, phaéton, traîneau, voiture de course ou autre véhicule tiré par un animal, à chaque passage, douze centins et demi.

Voiture, carrosse, phaéton, traîneau, voiture de course ou autre véhicule tiré par deux animaux ou plus, à chaque passage, vingt centins.

Les taux ci-dessus couvrent les charges *bonâ fide* de chaque véhicule.

W. H. CULVER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 21 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie de bois de charpente de Québec" (limitée).

E. T. BROOKS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
26 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS.—La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Jonction et des Carrières de Napierville s'adressera au parlement du Canada pour l'adoption des amendements suivants à sa charte :

Pour changer son nom.

Pour placer le terminus de sa ligne à St. Jean, Q.

Pour étendre sa ligne au sud-ouest parallèlement à la frontière de la province, et au fleuve St. Laurent.
23-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour constituer en corps politique "La Banque de Manitoba" dans le but de faire des affaires de banque dans la Puissance du Canada, le bureau principal de telle banque devant être à Winnipeg.

H. E. HENDERSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Daté ce 14 novembre 1881. 22-9

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour un acte pour incorporer la Banque du Nord-Ouest.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Procureur des requérants.
Whitby, 21 novembre 1881. 22-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte modifiant l'acte constitutif de la compagnie de chemin de fer Ontario et Québec, de manière à permettre à la compagnie d'acquérir la charte de la compagnie de chemin de fer Toronto, Grey et Bruce ou se fusionner avec cette compagnie, et d'acquérir la charte ou de se fusionner avec telle autre compagnie ou compagnies de chemin de fer que le chemin de fer Ontario et Québec une fois construit pourra croiser ou à laquelle il pourra se relier, ou qui pourra être un tributaire ou une continuation est ou ouest du chemin de fer Ontario et Québec; ou de louer tous ou aucun de ses chemins de fer; et aussi pour d'autres amendements au dit acte.

W. H. LOCKHART GORDON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
25 novembre 1881. 22-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada lors de sa prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique une compagnie pour construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de la cité d'Ottawa ou de quelque point sur le chemin de fer Saint-Laurent et Ottawa ou sur le chemin de fer Canada et Atlantique, passant à travers ou près les villages de Metcalfe, Ormond, Vernon, Bate's Corners ou Winchester-Ouest, Winchester Springs, Bell's Corners et Morrisburgh à un point en face de l'île Ogden dans l'Etat de New-York, devant être appelé "La compagnie du pont et du chemin de fer Ottawa, Waddington et New-York," avec pouvoir de construire un pont sur le canal et le chenal principal de la rivière Saint-Laurent à l'île Ogden, se reliant avec une ligne s'étendant à travers l'île et les eaux américaines à Waddington et la station de la Sarcelle ou quelque autre point sur le chemin de fer Ogdensburgh et lac Champlain ou avec Canton, et se raccorder avec

la ligne projetée du chemin de fer à travers Adirondacks à North Creek; avec pouvoir de se fondre avec toutes lignes de ponts et chemins de fer dans ou hors du Canada, de s'y joindre ou d'obtenir d'elles de faire circuler ses trains sur leurs voies ferrées; avec pouvoir de plus de construire et exploiter des tramways, bateaux-passeurs, vapeurs, navires et barges en rapport avec la dite ligne de pont et chemin de fer, avec pouvoir de plus de construire, maintenir et exploiter un pont inter-provincial sur la rivière Ottawa à ou près la dite cité d'Ottawa à quelque point dans la province de Québec, tant pour le dit chemin de fer que pour les voitures ordinaires et les fins générales du trafic; avec pouvoir de percevoir des taux de péage sur le dit pont, sur les voitures ordinaires et le trafic passager qui se fera dessus à des taux n'excédant pas les suivants:

Piétons pour l'aller et pour le retour, 2 centins.

Cavalier sur cheval ou mule, à chaque passage, 5 centins.

Animaux libres, par tête, excepté les moutons, cochons et poulains du printemps suivant la mère, 5 centins à chaque passage.

Moutons et cochons par tête, à chaque passage, 2 centins.

Chaque voiture, carrosse, cabriolet, traîneau ordinaire, traîneau de course ou autre véhicule traîné par un animal, 10 centins à chaque passage.

Chaque voiture, carrosse, cabriolet, traîneau ordinaire, traîneau de course ou autre véhicule tiré par deux animaux ou plus, à chaque passage, 15 centins.

Les taux ci-dessus devant couvrir les charges *bonâ fide* de chaque véhicule; avec pouvoir de plus de construire et exploiter une ligne ou des lignes de chemin de fer du bout du pont placé du côté de Québec pour se raccorder avec toutes ou quelques-unes des voies ferrées se terminant dans le comté d'Ottawa ou passant à travers.

La hauteur des arches du pont sur le canal et la rivière St. Laurent ne devant pas être moindre que de 60 pieds au-dessus du niveau de l'eau haute; l'intervalle entre les culées ou caissons sur le chenal principal de la rivière St. Laurent devant être de toute la largeur du dit chenal ou de pas moins que 350 pieds et au-dessus de la batture à l'île Ogden de pas moins que 200 pieds. La hauteur des arches du pont sur l'Ottawa ne devant pas être moindre que de 30 pieds ou-dessus du niveau de l'eau haute, et l'intervalle entre les culées ou caissons ne devant pas être moindre que de 200 pieds; ou les arches des dits ponts devant être d'une hauteur telle au-dessus du niveau de l'eau haute, les intervalles entre les culées ou caissons devant être tels, et les taux de péage devant être tels qu'il plaise à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil d'approuver.

SCOTT, MAC TAVISH ET MAC CRACKEN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 19 novembre 1881.

22-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que la Compagnie d'Assurance de Stadacona contre le feu et sur la vie, en liquidation, s'adressera au Parlement de la Puissance du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender et simplifier l'acte 43 Victoria, chap. 70, intitulé "Acte pour autoriser la Compagnie d'Assurance de Stadacona contre le feu et sur la vie à renoncer à sa charte et d'établir un mode de liquider les affaires," et pour pouvoir clore et liquider finalement les affaires de la dite compagnie dans un délai fixé d'un an à compter de la passation de l'acte demandé, et dans ce but d'éteindre les réclamations non admises par elle et non poursuivies devant les tribunaux, dans ce délai; et celles de personnes inconnues et non trouvées dans ce délai; et pour autres fins analogues.

C. A. E. GAGNON,

JOSEPH MELCHIOR BERNIER, Prêtre,

ALPHONSE LETELLIER,

Liquidateurs.

P. B. CASGRAIN,

Procureur des pétitionnaires.

21-9

AVIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "The Mutual Benefit Association of Sherbrooke."

E. T. BROOKS,

21-9

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada demande sera faite pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet d'autoriser la compagnie de chemin de fer Portage, Westbourne et North Western à construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer du terminus actuel de son chemin de fer déjà construit ou à la veille de l'être dans la province de Manitoba, dans une direction nord-ouest jusqu'à un point à ou près à la fourche de la Saskatchewan et de là à la rivière de la Paix; avec pouvoir de construire un embranchement au sud de la Saskatchewan à l'embouchure de cette rivière et un embranchement dans une direction sud à la voie principale du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique; avec pouvoir aussi de faire circuler des barges et vapeurs sur les eaux navigables réunies à la ligne.

21-9

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique "La compagnie limitée de prêts provinciale et du Canada," et autorisant la dite compagnie à émettre des débetures et obligations, à placer des sommes d'argent sur des immeubles, sur des obligations de banque, débetures et autres garanties, à acheter, détenir, améliorer et vendre des terres et exercer en un mot tous les pouvoirs conférés d'ordinaire aux compagnies de prêts.

McDOUGALLS ET GORDON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 15 novembre 1881.

21-9

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte autorisant la Compagnie d'Emprunt et de Prêt du Canada à faire des opérations comme compagnie de prêt dans toutes les provinces du Canada, avec les mêmes pouvoirs que ceux maintenant possédés par la dite compagnie dans les provinces d'Ontario et de Québec, et de permettre à la dite compagnie de prélever tel taux d'intérêt qui pourra être convenu entre elle et les emprunteurs, et aussi afin d'autoriser l'émission de bons par la dite compagnie, et pour d'autres fins.

MACDONALD, MACDONALD ET MARSH,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté 17 novembre 1881.

21-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement de la Puissance du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique une compagnie pour construire et exploiter une ligne de chemins de fer partant du Portage la Prairie, dans la province du Manitoba, jusqu'à la rivière White Mud à la tête de la navigation, et de là à Gladstone, et de là dans une direction nord-ouest à un point à ou près du village de Prince Albert; avec pouvoir de construire des embranchements, et avec pouvoir de construire des ponts et de construire et posséder des tramways, vapeurs et barges; et de plus avec pouvoir de s'amalgamer et se joindre à et d'acheter et d'obtenir des pouvoirs d'exploiter sur d'autre ligne ou des lignes de chemin de fer.

J. J. FOY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Toronto, 8 novembre 1881.

20-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par la compagnie de prêts dite "Canada Landed Credit Company" à la prochaine session du

parlement du Canada, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte concernant la dite compagnie et intitulé "Un acte pour constituer en corps politique la compagnie de prêts dite 'The Canada Landed Credit Company'", adopté dans la vingt-deuxième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 133, dans le but de permettre à la dite compagnie de prêter de l'argent sur des garanties immobilières dans la province du Manitoba, et de charger sur les prêts faits dans les provinces d'Ontario et Manitoba tels taux d'intérêt dont il pourra être convenu avec l'emprunteur et pour autres fins.

MCCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB ET CREELMAN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Toronto, 7 novembre 1881. 20-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il sera fait une demande au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte prolongeant la durée de divers brevets d'invention accordés à Thomas A. Edison, et étendant le délai pour fabriquer aux termes des dits brevets et des statuts généraux à ce sujet, et pour permettre l'importation pendant un certain temps d'articles protégés par ces brevets.

OSLER, GWYN ET TEETZEL,
Solliciteurs du dit Thomas A. Edison.
Daté à Hamilton, 5 janvier 1882. 28-9

A VIS est donné que le "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien," demandera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, des amendements aux sections 8 et 13 de l'acte 44 Vict., ch. 58, intitulé "Acte pour amender et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

L'administrateur-délégué,
J. WURTELE.
Montréal, le 29 décembre 1881. 28-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction du Pacifique et de Pontiac; de pourvoir à l'émission d'un certain montant de capital payé, comme parts payées dans la dite compagnie; d'augmenter le montant des bons ou débentures qui peuvent être émis par la dite compagnie; d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa, à un certain point entre le village d'Aylmer et la cité d'Ottawa; de fixer un jour pour l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 22 décembre 1881. 28-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné en conformité de l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social qu'un mois après la première publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte dans le but ci-après mentionné, et que,

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant une charte est d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus, de coloniser et de vendre les dites terres,

d'arpenter, d'améliorer, de cultiver les dites terres, d'y construire des maisons, de vendre et d'acheter du grain et autres produits du sol, de vendre, acheter, louer, affermer, hypothéquer, les dites terres et en général d'en disposer de toute façon; de prêter de l'argent et de l'assistance aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon au moyen d'hypothèque ou arrangement qu'il aura été convenu mutuellement; d'ériger et d'acquérir des scieries et de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service; d'élever, croiser, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux et de faire des affaires dans toutes les branches de l'agriculture et de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaire de la compagnie projetée sera la cité d'Ottawa, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds-social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$200,000, divisé en 2,000 actions de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont Francis Clemow, de la cité d'Ottawa, président de la compagnie du Gaz d'Ottawa; Charles T. Bate, d'Ottawa, gentilhomme; Charles Magee, d'Ottawa, agent d'immeuble; Robert Blackburn, de New Edinburgh, dans le comté de Carleton, marchand; l'Hon. Richard W. Scott, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit; Henry N. Bate, d'Ottawa, marchand; Daniel O'Connor, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit; Edward Anderson, sen., de la ville de Welland, province d'Ontario, Ecr.; Alexander Fraser, de Westmeath, dans le comté de Renfrew, marchand de bois, et James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans la province de Québec, président de la Banque d'Ottawa.

Tous les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie; tous sont des résidents du Canada.

SCOTT, MAC TAVISH ET MAC CRAKEN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Daté à Ottawa ce 4e jour de janvier 1882. 28-6

A VIS est donné par le présent, qu'une demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, pour obtenir des lettres patentes en vertu des dispositions de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877, par Mark Cohen, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, marchand, Samuel Davis, marchand, Alexander Saunders, marchand, Lewis Saunders, marchand, Moïse Schwob, marchand, Asher Ansell, marchand, John Moss, marchand, Hyam D. Moss, marchand, Bendix A. Boas, marchand, de la cité de Montréal, Québec; Mark Samuels, marchand, Alfred David Benjamin, marchand, Emanuel Samuels, marchand, de la cité de Toronto, Ontario, et Edmund Scheuer, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, marchand,—les constituant ainsi que d'autres en un corps politique et incorporé pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom collectif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie de colonisation Internationale du Canada (à responsabilité limitée)" (The International Colonization Company, of Canada, Limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est le suivant: Acheter ou d'autre manière acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres et biens-fonds en Canada; développer les ressources de ces terres en y faisant des constructions, les défrichant, égouttant et améliorant d'autre manière par la culture et les plantations d'après tel système qu'il paraîtra convenable; de mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'élever, acheter et vendre toutes espèces d'animaux, bestiaux, moutons et produits; d'exploiter, convertir, vendre, employer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des produits miniers de la propriété de la compagnie; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur la dite propriété et d'acheter et vendre des articles et marchandises de toutes sortes; de construire ou acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, bâtisses, machines, anses, estacades et outillage; de faire, pourvoir et employer des tramways, canaux, chemins et tous autres travaux et moyens de transport

nécessaires ou utiles pour l'amélioration de la propriété de la compagnie, et de contribuer aux frais d'entretien et de construction des dits travaux ou aucun d'eux; d'aider, encourager et promouvoir l'immigration sur la propriété de la compagnie, et de la coloniser, d'aider aux émigrants de pays étrangers à venir au Canada et de les aider à s'établir sur des terres en Canada; et avec pouvoir d'agir comme agents pour tout gouvernement ou corporation ou personne pour l'achat ou vente de terres ou hypothèques sur des terres en Canada, et pour l'encouragement de l'immigration au Canada, et pour les fins susdites de prêter ou octroyer des sommes de deniers, ou faire des octrois gratuits de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des biens-meubles et immeubles pour l'objet et le but de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des biens-meubles et immeubles, de la compagnie; et généralement faire et exécuter toutes choses nécessaires pour atteindre le but susdit.

3. Les opérations de la compagnie projetée seront faites dans les diverses provinces du Canada, et le siège principal de ses affaires en Canada sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres, divisé en cent mille actions de dix piastres chaque.

5. Les requérants sus-mentionnés, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté, seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

Montréal, 5 janvier 1882.

28-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général du Canada en conseil, en vertu des clauses de l'acte 40 Vict., chap. 43, par William Van Duzer Lawrence, marchand, Ebenezer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, caissier, tous de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et John Myeth, marchand, et Frank H. Myeth, marchand, tous deux de Philadelphie, dans l'Etat de Pensylvanie, l'un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, pour obtenir des lettres-patentes à l'effet de les constituer eux et telles autres personnes qui pourront devenir actionnaires dans la dite compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de "Compagnie de la Salle des Apothicaires de Montréal" (limitée).

L'objet pour lequel la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique est de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des drogues, produits chimiques, articles de toilette, médecines spéciales, etc., dans tout le Canada et ailleurs.

La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera à Montréal.

Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cent mille piastres, divisé en cent parts de mille piastres chacune.

Les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie seront les dits William Van Duzer Lawrence, John Myeth et John Stephen Bates.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,
Procureurs des requérants.

Montréal, 19 décembre 1881.

26-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour obtenir des lettres patentes constituant en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées les requérants soussignés et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée:—

1. Le nom que se propose de porter la compagnie est, "La compagnie de chanvre du Canada, limitée."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est de confectionner, fabriquer et vendre des sacs, importer, acheter et vendre tous matériaux requis dans les confection et manufacture d'iceux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le capital-actions que se propose de prendre la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de cinq cent; le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Les nom et prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit:—

L'honorable John Hamilton, sénateur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Alexander Murray, marchand, John McDougall, manufacturier, Joshua Collins, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal; lesquels seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT, TAIT ET ABBOTTS,

Procureurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Montréal, le 20 décembre 1881.

27-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que dans le mois qui suivra la dernière publication du présent avis, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en Conseil sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" pour l'obtention de lettres patentes constituant en corps politique la Compagnie de fil de fer barbelé de la Puissance.

1. Le nom social de la compagnie sera "Compagnie de fer barbelé de la Puissance, limitée."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est de pouvoir fabriquer et vendre du fil de fer barbelé.

3. L'endroit du Canada choisi comme devant être le principal siège d'affaires de la dite compagnie est la cité de Montréal, province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de soixante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de cent et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de six cents piastres.

6. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités des divers requérants sont: James Cooper, marchand, et Frederick Fairman, marchand, tous deux de la dite cité et du district de Montréal; Francis T. Sherman, et Eben J. Marsh, tous deux de Chicago, dans l'Etat de l'Illinois, manufacturiers, et Jane Knight, de la cité de Montréal, épouse dûment séparée quant aux biens du dit James Cooper, et Harriet J. Latham, également de la dite cité de Montréal, épouse dûment séparée quant aux biens du dit Frederick Fairman.

7. Les dits James Cooper, Frederick Fairman et Eben J. Marsh seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie, dont le plus grand nombre résident au Canada.

KERR, CARTER ET MCGIBBON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 15 décembre 1881.

25-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'une demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur en Conseil, sous l'autorité de l'acte concernant les compagnies à fonds social de 1877, par l'honorable M. P. Garneau, négociant, ancien ministre du gouvernement de Québec, résidant à Québec; Alphonse Desjardins, M.P., et président de la banque Jacques-Cartier de Montréal; Robert T. Leckie, de Sherbrooke, manufacturier; Hector Legru, de Paris, France, industriel, et le Comte de Wazières, rentier, également de Paris, France, pour obtenir des lettres patentes les constituant avec telles autres personnes qui deviendront actionnaires dans la dite compagnie en un corps politique et légal avec les pouvoirs d'une compagnie de prêt, laquelle compagnie portera le nom de "Crédit Mobilier Canadien."

La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Montréal.

Le capital de la compagnie sera de vingt millions de dollars ou cent millions de francs divisé en deux cent mille actions de cent dollars ou cinq cents francs chacune.

Les directeurs provisoires de la compagnie seront les dits MM. honorable P. Garneau, Alph. Desjardins, Robert J. Leckie, H. Legru et Comte de Wazières.

Montréal, le 30 novembre 1881,

23-6

AVIS DIVERS.

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER ATLANTIQUE
ET DU NORD-OUEST.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Atlantique et du Nord-Ouest aura lieu aux bureaux de la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, Montréal, mercredi le 1er février 1882, à midi précis, dans le but de recevoir le rapport des directeurs, de considérer les affaires soit générales ou spéciales de la compagnie, et d'élire des directeurs pour l'année prochaine.

HARRY CUTT,

Secrétaire.

Montréal, 28 décembre 1881.

27-5

LA BANQUE DE ST. HYACINTHE.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de quatre pour cent. sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour les six mois courant, et sera payable au bureau de la dite banque le et après mercredi, le premier février prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du premier au quinze février aussi prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu mercredi, le 15 février prochain à 11 heures A.M.

Par ordre des directeurs,

R. ST. JACQUES,

Caissier.

St. Hyacinthe, 20 décembre 1881.

26-5

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré, et que tel dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville et ses succursales le et après lundi, le deuxième jour de janvier prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront clos du 16 au 31 décembre prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu dans sa maison de banque en cette ville, lundi, le seizième jour de janvier prochain.

Le fauteuil sera pris à trois heures p.m.

Par ordre du bureau,

J. E. BRAIS,

Caissier.

Montréal, 24 novembre 1881.

22-8

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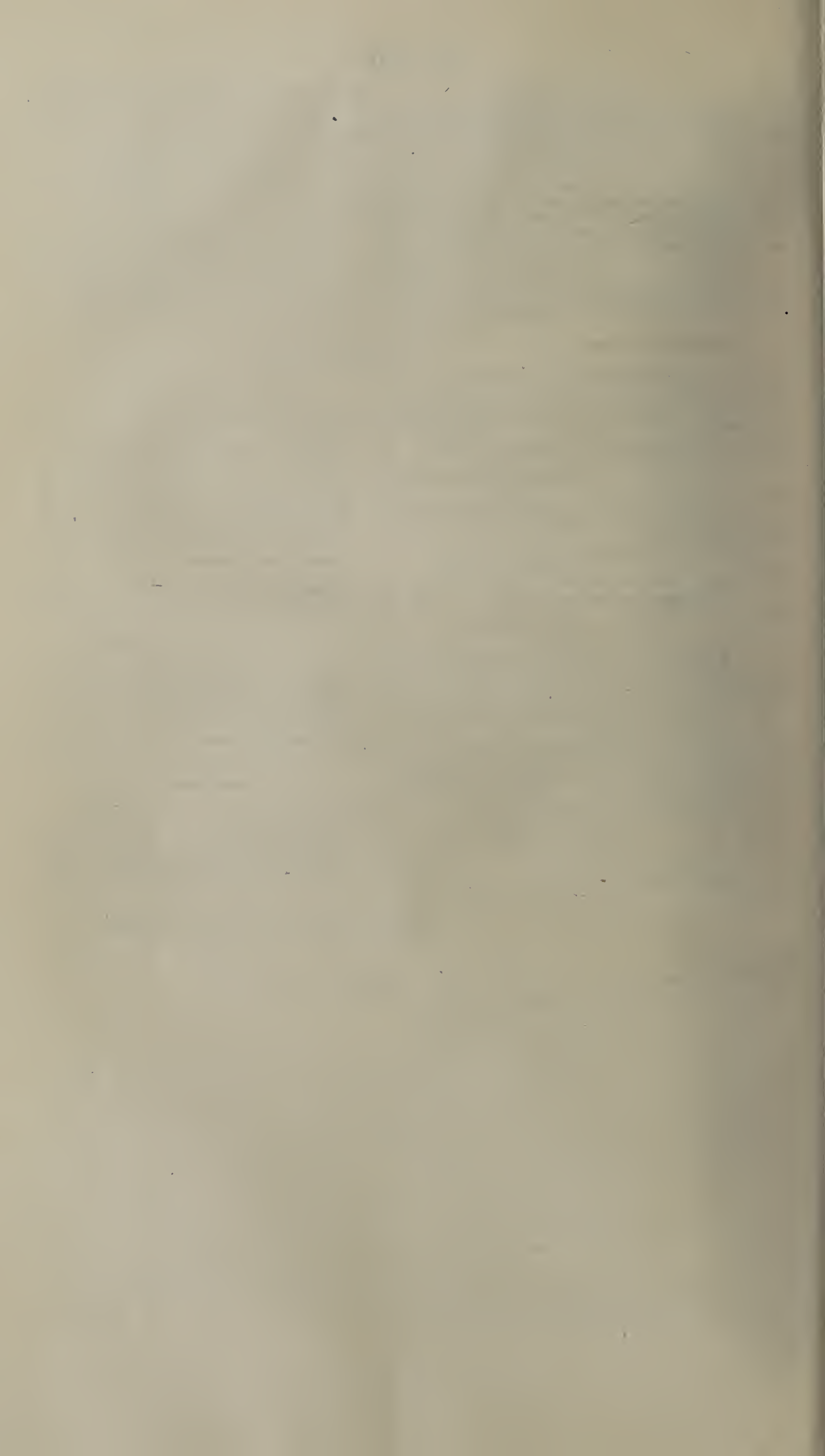
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*Clerk of the Peace,
County of Ontario.*

The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 23rd December, 1881.

DAVID McCULLOCH, of the City of Hamilton, Esquire; to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

9th January, 1882.

W. H. PURDY, of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Esquire; to be Shipping Master for the Port of St. John, in the said Province, *vice* Allan McLean, Esquire, deceased.

10th January, 1882.

FRANCIS GIBAUT, of Percé, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman; to be Landing Waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs.

12th January, 1882.

AMÉDÉE DAVIGNON, of St. John's, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman; to be Landing Waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs.

ERRATUM.—In the "*Canada Gazette*" of the 31st December last, for the words "Samuel Shaw Lazier, Esquire, Junior Judge of the County Court of the County of Hastings, in the Province of Ontario; to be Judge of the County Court of the County of Hastings in the said Province" read "Thomas Appleby Lazier, &c."

PROCLAMATIONS.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
General,
Administrator.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you,—
GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Meeting of Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to the Fourth day of the month of February next, NEVERTHELESS, for certain causes and considerations, We have thought fit further to prorogue the same to THURSDAY, the NINTH day of the month of FEBRUARY next, so that neither you, nor any of you on the said FOURTH day of FEBRUARY next at Our City of Ottawa to appear are to be held and constrained: for WE DO WILL THAT you and each of you, be as to Us, in this matter, entirely exonerated; commanding, and by the tenor of these presents, enjoining you, and each of you, and all others in this behalf interested, that on THURSDAY, the NINTH day of the month of FEBRUARY next, at Our City of OTTAWA aforesaid, personally you be and appear, for the DESPATCH OF BUSINESS, to treat, do, act, and conclude upon those things which in Our said Parliament of Canada, by the Common Council of Our said Dominion, may, by the favour of God, be ordained.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved General SIR PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Administrator of the Government of Canada, and Commander of Our Forces therein, &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-FOURTH day of DECEMBER in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Wednesday, 11th day of January, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF
THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Manitoba, with the Legislative Assembly of that Province did, on the 25th day of May, 1881, pass the undermentioned Act which has been transmitted, entitled as follows, viz:—

"An Act to incorporate the Winnipeg South Eastern Railway Company."

And whereas the said Act has been laid before the Administrator of the Government in Council together with a Report from the Minister of Railways and Canals and the Minister of Justice recommending that the said Act should be disallowed,—

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has thereupon this day been pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to declare his disallowance of the said Act and the same is disallowed accordingly.

Whereof the Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Manitoba, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

I, Sir Patrick Leonard MacDougall, Administrator of the Government of Canada, do hereby certify that the undermentioned Act passed by the Legislature of Manitoba, on the 25th day of May A. D. 1881, intitled "An Act to incorporate the Winnipeg South Eastern Railway Company" was received by me on the 22nd day of November A. D. 1881.

Given under my hand and seal this 11th day of January, 1882.

[L.S.] P. L. MacDOUGALL, General,
29-3 Administrator.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 13th January, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (1).

No. 1.

Imperial Army Act, and other Acts, 1881.

As the Militia of Canada is subject under the provisions of 31 Vic. cap. 40, sect. 64, to the laws applicable to Her Majesty's Troops in Canada, not inconsistent with that Act,—the following memorandum issued by the General Commanding Her Majesty's Regular Troops at Halifax, Nova Scotia, is published for guidance and to secure uniformity in the mode of carrying out discipline in the Militia of the Dominion, from this date:—

"Halifax, 27th December, 1881.

MEMORANDUM respecting the Army Act 1881; And Regulation of the Forces Act 1881; and Rules of procedure.

1. Copy of General Order issued on receipt of the above Acts.

"HEAD QUARTERS, Halifax, N.S.,
25th October, 1881.

"1. In accordance with section 191 Army Act 1881, and Section 52 (b) Regulation of the Forces

"Act 1881, the Army Act 1881, and the regulation of the Forces Act 1881 will come into operation in this Command from the 27th October, 1881.

"The attention of Officers commanding Corps and Heads of departments is directed to General Order 112, 1881, specially issued on the 21st September, 1881, and the appendices thereto A and B relative to the above mentioned Acts.

"The Rules of Procedure made under the Army Act 1881, will not come into force until the 1st January, 1882."

2. The Regulation of the Forces Act was received here at the same time as the Army Act. By the 5th Schedule of Army Act, 1881, Part II (with some small exceptions) and Part III. Sect. 50 of the Regulation of the Forces Act are repealed.

3. The New Rules of Procedure with amended "Forms of Charges" and "Proceedings of Courts Martial" will be in force on the 1st January, 1882. At present we are following the rules of procedure made under the Army Discipline Act, 1879."

No. 2.

REGULATIONS AND ORDERS FOR THE MILITIA, 1879.

Non-Combatant Officers holding substantive rank.

The following has been authorized to be added to Paragraph 45 as sub-paragraph (a):—

(a) An Officer who may have obtained Substantive Rank as a Combatant Officer and has subsequently accepted an appointment as a non-combatant, is not permitted to avail himself of his combatant rank while holding such non-combatant appointment.

No. 3.

Schools of Military Instruction.

Adverting to No. 4 of General Orders (24) 14th October, 1881, no Officer or non-commissioned Officer belonging to any corps of Active Militia of the City in which the School he is attending is maintained, if resident beyond two miles from the City limits will be entitled to either personal or travelling allowances.

No. 4.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE OF CANADA.

The Gentleman undernamed having passed his examination in June, 1881, been certified by the Head Quarters Board of Examiners, and since complied with certain special requirements, his admission as Gentleman Cadet to the Royal Military College of Canada is hereby confirmed:—

NAME AND RESIDENCE.	MARKS.		
	Obligatory.	Voluntary.	Total.
Norman Guy von Hugel, Port Hope, Ont	2211	4127	6338

No. 5.

Staff.

Lieutenant Colonel Casimir Stanislas Gzowski, Staff Officer to the Engineer Force of Canada and Honorary Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, to have the rank of Colonel in the Militia, from 24th May, 1879, being the date of his appointment as Honorary Aide-de-Camp to the Queen.

No. 6.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Welland Canal Field Battery.

To be Captain :

1st Lieutenant and Captain Frank King, G.S., vice Brevet Major Richard S. King, who is hereby permitted to retire with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, under the provisions of paragraph 91 of Regulation and Orders, 1879.

Lieutenant-Colonel Richard S. King, raised the Welland Canal Field Battery in 1865, and was present as Captain with a portion at the engagement with Fenians at Fort Erie in 1866, where he was severely wounded. Although crippled from the effects of his wound Lieutenant-Colonel King continued in command of the Battery, with rank of Brevet Major, to this date, and now on retirement a step of rank is granted him as a special case in consequence of his long and faithful service in the Active Militia of Canada.

Ottawa Field Battery of Artillery.

2nd Lieutenant, provisionally, Benjamin Savage, having been reported by his Commanding Officer for continuous absence from parades and Camps of Exercise, his name is hereby removed from the list of Officers of the Active Militia.

2nd Battalion, "Queen's Own Rifles of Canada."

The words "of Canada" have been authorized to be substituted for "of Toronto" in the additional designation of this Battalion. The Battalion will therefore in future be designated the "2nd Battalion, Queen's Own Rifles of Canada."

13th Battalion of Infantry, Hamilton.

To be Captain :

Lieutenant John Jacques Stuart, V.B., vice Moore, appointed Adjutant.

To be Adjutant :

Captain and Brevet Major Alexander Huggins Moore, G.S., vice Macready, retired.

*18th "Prescott" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 2 Company, Vankleek Hill.*

To be Captain :

Joseph Felix Luc Routhier, Esquire, M.S., vice John Vankleek whose is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

Lieutenant Duncan McPhee is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

2nd Lieutenant Samuel Higginson having left limits his name is hereby removed from the list of Officers of the Active Militia.

No. 4 Company.

The Head Quarters of this Company are hereby changed from East Hawkesbury to St. Eugène.

To be Captain ; from 12th January, 1881 :

Felix Routhier, Esquire, (formerly Captain Ste. Placide Infantry Company), M.S., vice Martin Leroy, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

To be Lieutenant :

Peter G. Valois Gentleman, M.S., vice William Samuel Mooney, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

*19th "Lincoln" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 4 Company, Beamsville.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

Color Sergeant Thomas Fisher, vice Franklin B. Rodgers whose resignation is hereby accepted.

*20th "Halton" Battalion, "Lorne Rifles."**No. 3 Company, Georgetown.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

Sergeant Frederick William Barber, vice Goodwillie, promoted.

No. 4 Company, Norval.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :

Sergeant John Gallop, vice Robert Curry left limits.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

Corporal Robert Leonard Barker, vice Kent left limits.

No. 5 Company, Nelson.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :

Sergeant-Major Robert Graham, vice Breckon, promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

Corporal John Hilyard Burns, vice John G. Cooper left limits.

No. 6 Company, Acton.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

Sergeant David L. Shults, vice James Crichton left limits.

To be Quarter-Master :

John Roaf Barber, (Major, from Regimental Division of Halton, Reserve Militia,) V.B., vice Appelbe appointed Captain in 10th Battalion.

*31st "Grey" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 2 Company, Meaford.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

Sergeant Hugh Robert Cleland, vice LeRoy, appointed Quarter-Master.

To be Quarter-Master :

2nd Lieutenant, provisionally, David John LeRoy from No. 2 Company, vice Thomas Donovan, deceased.

*34th "Ontario" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 6 Company, Brooklyn.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

John James O'Donovan, Gentleman, vice Napier left limits.

*35th Battalion of Infantry, "Simcoe Foresters."**No. 2 Company, Collingwood.*

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :

John Edward Moberly, Gentleman, vice Alfred Macdonald Knight whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 5 Company, Barrie.

To be Captain :

John Powell, Esq., M.S., vice Mackenzie, retired.

To be Quarter-Master :

Lieutenant, provisionally, Peter Franklin Ewan from No. 5 Company, vice Hunter, retired.

38th "Brant" Battalion, "Dufferin Rifles."

No. 2 Company, Brantford.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant William David Jones, vice Granville Holme Carrol left limits.

No. 3 Company, Brantford.

To be Captain, from 16th December, 1881:

William Henry Hulson, (formerly Lieutenant and Adjutant 27th Battalion,) M.S., vice Alfred John Wilkes who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

Lieutenant Walter Alexander Wilkes, having left limits his name is hereby removed from the list of Officers of the Active Militia.

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant Edward Digby Henwood is hereby accepted.

43rd "Ottawa and Carleton" Battalion of Rifles.

This Battalion is hereby permitted to adopt the motto "Advance," and to bear the same upon their appointments.

44th "Welland" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 4 Company, Fort Erie.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant Ernest Alexander Cruickshank, V.B., vice Newbigging, promoted.

56th "Grenville" Battalion, "Lisgar Rifles."

No. 6 Company, North Augusta.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Private James Albert Elliott, vice T. H. Elliott, resigned.

77th "Wentworth" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 2 Company, Waterdown.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant James McMonies, V.B., vice Glasgow, appointed Paymaster.

No. 3 Company, Binbrooke.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant William George Fletcher, M.S., vice J. Hoey, appointed Paymaster.

To be Paymaster:

Captain James Hoey, M.S., from No. 3 Company, vice Glasgow, retired.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

2nd Lieutenant William Sidney Bethune, G.S.I., No. 2 Company, 77th Battalion from 28th December, 1881.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Montreal Brigade of Garrison Artillery.

To be Captains:

1st Lieutenant Frederick Minden Cole, G.S., vice George W. Hamilton who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

1st Lieutenant Robert Morris Birks, G.S., vice Molson, retired.

To be 2nd Lieutenants, provisionally:

David Stevenson, Gentleman, vice Birks, promoted.
William Henry Arnton, Gentleman, vice Whitley, promoted.

11th Battalion of Infantry "Argenteuil Rangers."

No. 5 Company, East Gore.

Captain George Sherritt is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

53rd "Sherbrooke" Battalion of Infantry.

Lieutenant Colonel William E. Ibbotson is hereby placed on the Retired List retaining rank.

70th "Champlain" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 5 Company, Sté. Anne de la Pérade.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Jeffrey Rousseau, M.S., vice Philippe A. Tessier, left limits.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant Tancred Brunet, vice J. Rousseau, promoted.

2nd Lieutenant A. George Beaudry having left limits his name is hereby removed from the list of Officers of the Active Militia.

81st "Portneuf" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 3 Company, Deschambault.

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant J. Maurice Croteau is hereby accepted.

83rd "Joliette" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 3 Company, Joliette.

Memo.—Adverting to No. 4 of General Orders (28) 16th December, 1881, in which Joseph Edouard Parent is appointed Lieutenant, omit "2nd."

Dorchester Provisional Battalion of Infantry.

No. 4 Company, Ste. Justine.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Etienne Coulombe, Gentleman, vice Cayouette, left limits.

Kamouraska Provisional Battalion of Infantry.

No. 4 Company, St. Denis.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Napoléon Langlais, M.S., vice A. Thomas Michaud, left limits.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

New Brunswick Engineers Company.

The New Brunswick Engineers Company is hereby changed to a Rifle Company to be designated the "Saint John Rifle Company."

Saint John Rifle Company,

To be Captain:

2nd Lieutenant John Thomas Twining Hartt, V.B., vice Henry Fullerton Perley who will continue to be attached to the Militia Staff at Head Quarters as Engineer Officer.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

2nd "Halifax" Brigade of Garrison Artillery.

Assistant Surgeon John Sommers, M.D., to have the rank of Surgeon, from 24th November, 1881.

63rd "Halifax" Battalion of Rifles.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant William James Butler, M.S., vice Mackay, promoted.

Cumberland Provisional Battalion of Infantry.

No. 3 Company, Maclean and River Hebert.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

Bugler Owen Lewis Harrison, M.S., vice Herbert Hoeg reported as declining to qualify.

Victoria Provisional Battalion "Argyle Highlanders."

No. 1 Company, Baddeck.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Color Sergeant Farquhar McRae, vice Horatio Henry Haliburton left limits.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

Winnipeg Troop of Cavalry.

Captain George Holmes Young is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

No. 7.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

ROYAL SCHOOLS OF GUNNERY.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

FIRST CLASS "LONG COURSE" CERTIFICATE.

Gunnery.

2nd Lieutenant H. Goodwin, Montreal Company of Engineers.

THIRD CLASS "SHORT COURSE" CERTIFICATES.

Quarter-Master Sergeant D. C. F. Bliss, Ottawa Field Battery.

Bombardier C. F. Wetherell, Gananoque Field Battery.

FOURTH CLASS "SHORT COURSE" CERTIFICATES.

Acting Bombardier A. Walsh, "B" Battery R.S.G.

Gunner William McMurray, do

Gunner Frederick Settrington, do

do A. Macquisten, do

do E. Lauthier, Prescott Garrison Battery.

do H. McLachlan, (late) Trenton do

Driver G. Walleck, No. 2 Battery 1st Provisional Brigade Field Artillery.

Infantry:

2nd Lieutenant W. S. Bethune, 77th Battalion.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

FIRST CLASS "SHORT COURSE" CERTIFICATES.

Gunnery.

Captain C. J. Q. Coursol, 65th Battalion.

Acting Bombardier A. Rough, "A" Battery R.S.G.

do A. Savignac, do

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st December, 1881.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,349,542 02
Excise.....	565,780 07
Post Office.....	106,498 20
Public Works, including Railways.	182,576 51
Bill Stamps	14,188 61
Miscellaneous	147,695 83
	<hr/>
	\$ 2,366,281 24
Revenue to 30th Nov., 1881.....	13,801,342 84
	<hr/>
	\$16,167,624 08
Expenditure.....	\$1,232,920 52
do 30th Nov., 1881.....	10,099,153 47
	<hr/>
	\$11,332,073 99

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 2nd January, 1881.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of December 1881, incorporating E. Churchill and Sons, of Hantsport, in the County of Hants, in the Province of Nova Scotia, in the Dominion of Canada, shipowners; Jedediah E. Newcomb, of the same place, merchant; William Curry, barrister-at-law; Godfrey Philip Payzant, merchant; Bennett Smith, shipowner; Mark Curry, merchant; Thomas Aylward, master mariner; Jedediah A. Shaw, druggist; William Henry Blanchard, barrister-at-law; Shubael Dimock, shipbuilder; Samuel G. Black, farmer; Edward Wilson Dimock, merchant; William Dimock, merchant; Aubrey Blanchard, barrister-at-law; John Dart, D.C.L., President King's College; John Sterling, merchant; John Doran, merchant; Andrew P. Shand, merchant; C. and G. Wilson, merchants; James E. Graham, merchant; Charles W. Knowles, stationer; Walter Lawson, cashier Commercial Bank of Windsor; Michael Doyle, master mariner; Lewis E. Dimock, accountant; Edgar D. Shand, merchant; William O'Brien, master mariner; John M. Smith, merchant; Charles DeWolf Smith, merchant, all of Windsor, in the said County of Hants; Charles E. Young, of Falmouth, in the said County of Hants, farmer; Archibald McCallum, shipbuilder; William McDougall, shipbuilder, and Nelson Murphy, merchant, all of Maitland, in the said County of Hants; John A. Harvie, shipbuilder, John Mann, master mariner, and John Poole, farmer, all of Newport, in the said County of Hants,—for the purpose of the manufacturing and selling of cotton yarns, threads and fabrics of every description, and the acquiring and erection of all materials, machinery, buildings and erections necessary therefor, by the name of "The Windsor Cotton Company, (limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into four thousand shares of fifty dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-fourth day of December, 1881.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of December, 1881, incorporating John Harris, Alanson Harris, James Kerr Osborne, manufacturers, Joseph N. Shenston, gentleman, Franklin Grobb, mechanic, all of the City of Brantford, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, and Lyman Melvine Jones and John Henry Housser, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, in the said Dominion, manufacturers, for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing, buying and selling agricultural implements, machinery and other manufactures throughout the Dominion of Canada, by the name of "A. Harris, Son and Company, (Limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-fourth day of December, 1881.

27-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

DOMINION LANDS REGULATIONS.

The following Regulations for the sale and settlement of Dominion Lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories shall, on and after the first day of January, 1882, be substituted for the Regulations now in force, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of May last:—

1. The surveyed lands in Manitoba and the North-West Territories shall, for the purposes of these Regulations, be classified as follows:

Class A.—Lands within twenty-four miles of the main line or any branch line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, on either side thereof.

Class B.—Lands within twelve miles, on either side, of any projected line of railway (other than the Canadian Pacific Railway), approved by Order in Council published in the *Canada Gazette*.

Class C.—Lands south of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway not included in Class A or B.

Class D.—Lands other than those in Classes A, B and C.

2. The even-numbered sections in all the foregoing classes are to be held exclusively for homesteads and pre-emptions.

a. Except in Class D where they may be affected by colonization agreements as hereinafter provided.

b. Except where it may be necessary, out of them, to provide wood lots for settlers;

c. Except in cases where the Minister of the Interior, under provisions of the Dominion Lands Acts, may deem it expedient to withdraw certain lands, and sell them at public auction or otherwise deal with them as the Governor in Council may direct.

3. The odd-numbered sections in Class A are reserved for the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

4. The odd-numbered sections in Classes B and C shall be for sale at \$2.50 per acre, payable at time of sale:

a. Except where they have been or may be dealt with otherwise by the Governor in Council.

5. The odd-numbered sections in Class D shall be for sale at \$2 per acre, payable at time of sale:

a. Except where they have been or may be dealt with otherwise by the Governor in Council.

b. Except lands affected by colonization agreements, as hereinafter provided.

6. Persons who, subsequent to survey, but before the issue of the Order in Council of 9th October, 1879, excluding odd-numbered sections from homestead entry, took possession of land in odd-numbered sections by residing on and cultivating the same, shall, if continuing so to occupy them, be permitted to obtain homestead and pre-emption entries as if they were on even-numbered sections.

PRE-EMPTIONS.

7. The prices for pre-emption lots shall be as follows:

For lands in Classes A, B and C, \$2.50 per acre.
For lands in Class D, \$2.00 per acre.

Payment shall be made in one sum at the end of three years from the date of entry, or at such earlier date as a settler may, under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Acts, obtain a patent for the homestead to which such pre-emption lot belongs.

COLONIZATION.

Plan Number One.

8. Agreements may be entered into with any company or person (hereinafter called the party) to colonize and settle tracts of land on the following conditions:

a. The party applying must satisfy the Government of its good faith and ability to fulfil the stipulations contained in these regulations.

b. The tract of land granted to any party shall be in Class D.

9. The odd-numbered sections within such tract may be sold to the party at \$2 per acre, payable, one-fifth in cash at the time of entering into the contract, and the balance in four equal annual instalments from and after that time. The party shall also pay to the Government five cents per acre for the survey of the land purchased by it, the same to be payable in four equal annual instalments at the same time as the instalments of the purchase money. Interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum shall be charged on all past due instalments.

a. The party shall, within five years from the date of the contract, colonize its tract.

b. Such colonization shall consist in placing two settlers on homesteads on each even-numbered section, and also two settlers on each odd-numbered section.

c. The party may be secured for advances made to settlers on homesteads according to the provisions of the 10th section of the Act 44 Victoria, chap. 16. (The Act passed in 1881 to amend the Dominion Lands Acts.)

d. The homesteads of 160 acres shall be the property of the settler, and he shall have the right to purchase the pre-emption lot belonging to his homestead at \$2 per acre, payable in one sum at the end of three years from the date of entry, or at such earlier date as he may under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Acts obtain a patent for his homestead.

e. When the settler on a homestead does not take up the pre-emption lot to which he has a right, the party may within three months after the settler's right has elapsed purchase the same at \$2 per acre, payable in cash at the time of purchase.

10. In consideration of having colonized its tract of land in the manner set forth in sub-section b of the last preceding clause, the party shall be allowed a rebate of one-half the original purchase money of the odd-numbered sections in its tract.

a. During each of the five years covered by the contract an enumeration shall be made of the settlers placed by the party in its tract, in accordance with sub-section b of clause 9 of these regulations, and for each *bonâ fide* settler so found therein a rebate of one hundred and twenty dollars shall be credited to the party; but the sums so credited shall not, in the aggregate, at any time exceed one hundred and twenty dollars for each *bonâ fide* settler found within the tract, in accordance with the said sub-section, at the time of the latest enumeration.

b. On the expiration of the five years an enumeration shall be made of the *bonâ fide* settlers on the tract, and if they are found to be as

many in number and placed in the manner stipulated for in sub-section *b* of clause 9 of these regulations, a further and final rebate of forty dollars per settler shall be credited to the party, which sum, when added to those previously credited, will amount to one half of the purchase money of the odd-numbered sections and reduce the price thereof to one dollar per acre. But if it should be found that the full number of settlers required by these regulations are not on the tract, or are not placed in conformity with sub-section *b* of clause 9 of these regulations then, for each settler fewer than the required number, or not placed in conformity with the said sub-section, the party shall forfeit one hundred and sixty dollars of rebate.

c. If at any time during the existence of the contract the party shall have failed to perform any of the conditions thereof the Governor in Council may cancel the sale of the land purchased by it and deal with the party as may seem meet under the circumstances.

d. To be entitled to rebate the party shall furnish to the Minister of the Interior evidence that will satisfy him that the tract has been colonized and settled in accordance with sub-section *b* of clause 9 of these regulations.

Plan Number two.

11. To encourage settlement by capitalists who may desire to cultivate larger farms than can be purchased where the regulations provide that two settlers shall be placed on each section (but without diminishing the number of settlers required to be placed within each township), agreements may be entered into with any company or person (hereinafter called the party) to colonize and settle tracts of land on the following conditions:

a. The party applying must satisfy the Government of its good faith and ability to fulfil the stipulations contained in these regulations.

b. The tract of land granted to any party shall be in Class D.

c. All the land within the tract may be sold to the party at two dollars per acre, payable in cash, at the time of entering into the contract. The party shall, at the same time, pay to the Government five cents per acre for the survey of the land purchased by it.

d. The party shall, within five years from the date of the contract, colonize the township or townships comprised within its tract.

e. Such colonization shall consist in placing one hundred and twenty-eight *bonâ fide* settlers within each township.

12. In consideration of having colonized its tract of land in the manner set forth in sub-section *c* of the last preceding clause, the party shall be allowed a rebate of one-half of the original purchase-money of its tract.

a. During each of the five years covered by the contract an enumeration shall be made of the settlers placed by the party in its tract, in accordance with sub-section *c* of clause 11 of these regulations, and for each *bonâ fide* settler so found therein a rebate of one hundred and twenty dollars shall be repaid to the party; but the sums so repaid shall not, in the aggregate, at any time exceed one hundred and twenty dollars for each *bonâ fide* settler found within the tract, in accordance with the said sub-section at the time of the latest enumeration.

b. On the expiration of the five years an enumeration shall be made of the *bonâ fide* settlers placed by the party in its tract, and if they are found to be as many in number and placed in the manner stipulated for in sub-section *c* of clause 11 of these regulations, a further and final rebate of forty dollars per settler shall be repaid, which sum when added to those previously repaid to the party will amount to one-half of the purchase money of its tract and reduce the price thereof to one dollar per acre. But if it should be found that the full number of settlers required by these regulations are not on the tract, or are not placed in conformity with the said sub-section, then, for each settler fewer than the required number or not settled in conformity with the said sub-section, the party shall forfeit one hundred and sixty dollars of rebate.

c. To be entitled to rebate, the party shall furnish to the Minister of the Interior evidence that will satisfy him that the tract has been colonized and settled in accordance with sub-section *c* of clause 11 of these regulations.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

13. The Government shall give notice in the *Canada Gazette* of all agreements entered into for the colonization and settlement of tracts of land under the foregoing plans in order that the public may respect the rights of the purchasers.

TIMBER FOR SETTLERS.

14. The Minister of the Interior may direct the reservation of any odd or even numbered section having timber upon it, to provide wood for homestead settlers; and each such settler may, where the opportunity for so doing exists, purchase a wood lot, not exceeding 20 acres, at the price of \$5 per acre in cash.

15. The Minister of the Interior may grant, under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Acts, licenses to cut timber on lands within surveyed townships. The lands covered by such licenses are hereby withdrawn from homestead and pre-emption entry and from sale.

PASTURAGE LANDS.

16. Under the authority of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 16, leases of tracts for grazing purposes may be granted on the following conditions:

a. Such leases to be for a period of not exceeding twenty-one years, and no single lease shall cover a greater area than 100,000 acres.

b. In surveyed territory, the land embraced by the lease shall be described in townships and sections. In unsurveyed territory, the party to whom a lease may be promised shall, before the issue of the lease, cause a survey of the tract to be made, at his own expense, by a Dominion Lands Surveyor, under instructions from the Surveyor-General; and the plan and field notes of such survey shall be deposited on record in the Department of the Interior.

c. The lessee shall pay an annual rental at the rate of \$10 for every 1,000 acres embraced by his lease, and shall within three years from the granting of the lease, place on the tract one head of cattle for every ten acres of land embraced by the lease, and shall during its term maintain cattle thereon in at least that proportion.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- d. After placing the prescribed number of cattle upon the tract leased, the lessee may purchase land within his leasehold for a home farm and *corral*, paying therefor \$2.00 per acre in cash.
- e. Failure to fulfil any of the conditions of his lease shall subject the lessee to forfeiture thereof.
17. When two or more parties apply for a grazing lease of the same land, tenders shall be invited, and the lease shall be granted to the party offering the highest premium therefor in addition to the rental. The said premium to be paid before the issue of the lease.
18. Payments for land may be in cash, scrip, or Police or Military Bounty Warrants.
19. These Regulations shall not apply to lands valuable for town plots, or to coal or other mineral lands, or to stone or marble quarries, or to lands having water power thereon; or to sections 11 and 29 in each Township, which are School Lands, or Sections 8 and 26, which belong to the Hudson's Bay Company.

By order,
LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Surveyor General.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 23rd December, 1881.

27-3

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st Octob. r.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,283,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....						
\$1 & \$2.....						
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....						
\$50 & \$100.....						
\$500 & \$1000.....						
Total.....						

Fractional Notes.....	173,155 85	
Provincial ".....	161,229 85	
Montreal issue.....	7,381,852 50	
Toronto ".....	4,831,198 00	
Halifax ".....	1,719,568 50	
St. John ".....	702,259 25	
Victoria ".....	29,545 50	
Total.....	\$14,998,809 45	

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st December.....	2,832,888 48
Guarantee Sterling Debentures.....	2,920,000 00
	5,752,888 48
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,998,809 45	1,499,880 94
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,998,809 45	2,249,821 42
	\$3,749,702 36
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	2,003,186 12
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,998,809 45.....	11,249,107 09
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	750,892 91
SUMMARY.	
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	2,003,186 12
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	750,892 91
Total Excess.....	2,754,079 03

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 13th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME LE QUEBEC, ON THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1881.

CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	259,443 17	.....	.....	17,287 55	.....	5,531,854 87	180,000 00	70,019 22	6,058,604 81
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00	3,089,200 03	83,000 00	89,861 72	3,262,061 75

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ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.							
Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock.	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	1,379,582 18	615 96	2,124,758 41	1,767,110 02	921,053 54	180,000 00	.....	421,504 33	6,794,624 44
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	724,890 48	.....	1,002,476 70	128,370 88	1,135,955 05	83,000 00	237,220 00	127,407 37	3,534,350 42

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th Jan., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st October, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 30th Sept., 1881.	Deposits for October, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, October, 1881.	Balance, 31st October, 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	485,321 16	46,576 37	531,897 53	42,952 82	488,944 71
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	289,784 51	83,607 00	373,391 51	39,394 65	333,996 86
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,290,116 20	70,951 00	1,361,067 20	47,108 80	1,313,958 40
Nanaimo.....	135,663 51	8,419 00	144,142 51	5,933 50	138,159 01
New Westminster.....	156,350 08	1,331 00	167,731 08	6,148 21	161,582 87
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	116,825 13	5,497 00	122,322 13	6,498 66	115,823 47
Antigonish.....	29,046 83	2,755 00	31,801 83	992 27	30,809 56
Annapolis.....	110,071 44	8,147 00	118,218 44	6,010 92	112,207 52
Arichat.....	121,231 15	1,911 00	123,142 15	3,099 88	120,042 27
Acadia Mines.....	25,934 06	2,580 00	28,514 06	1,828 45	26,685 61
Baddeck.....	31,775 61	2,502 63	34,278 24	1,000 08	33,278 16
Bridgewater.....	18,059 89	695 00	18,754 89	780 00	17,974 89
Barrington.....	29,851 30	1,452 00	31,303 30	550 80	30,752 50
Digby.....	53,757 38	6,491 00	60,248 38	2,932 56	57,315 82
Guysboro'.....	41,135 69	2,135 00	43,270 69	1,670 87	41,599 82
Halifax.....	2,252,514 00	66,730 47	2,319,244 47	82,411 26	2,236,833 21
Kentville.....	77,266 54	6,689 50	83,955 84	2,189 60	81,766 24
Liverpool.....	109,249 45	3,801 00	113,050 45	2,747 40	110,303 05
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Longan.....	8,456 05	1,103 00	9,559 05	524 00	9,035 05
Lunenburg.....	66,716 06	1,685 00	68,401 06	2,774 72	65,626 34
Maitland.....	44,430 80	2,033 00	46,463 80	1,585 85	44,877 95
New Glasgow.....	82,869 75	6,654 00	89,523 75	2,954 10	86,569 65
Parrsboro'.....	39,871 71	1,260 00	41,131 71	1,051 55	40,080 16
Port Hood.....	42,857 23	1,690 00	44,547 23	736 97	43,810 26
Pictou.....	38,075 84	1,366 00	39,441 84	1,273 19	38,168 65
Shelburne.....	28,941 53	2,170 00	31,111 53	1,083 32	30,028 21
Sydney.....	155,306 23	4,424 00	159,730 23	5,781 28	153,948 95
Sherbrooke.....	32,258 83	700 00	32,958 83	1,748 79	31,187 04
Truro.....	175,427 99	6,612 00	182,040 99	5,416 09	176,624 90
Wallace.....	4,940 25	1,781 00	6,721 25	190 50	6,530 75
Windsor.....	361,583 33	6,317 00	367,900 33	15,548 28	352,352 05
Weymouth.....	51,573 24	817 00	52,390 24	2,398 18	49,992 06
Yarmouth.....	264,211 61	15,522 00	279,763 61	8,634 98	271,128 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,583 41	1,888 00	61,471 41	1,154 58	60,316 83
Chatham.....	177,502 43	6,401 00	183,903 43	4,397 65	179,505 78
Dalhousie.....	132,187 63	3,194 00	135,381 63	1,786 38	133,595 25
Dorchester.....	16,269 35	2,131 42	18,400 77	2,591 29	15,809 48
Fredericton.....	260,563 68	8,102 00	268,665 68	10,652 85	258,012 83
Hillsboro'.....	18,092 31	725 00	18,817 31	376 14	18,441 17
Moncton.....	107,317 23	13,157 00	120,474 23	8,166 93	112,307 30
Newcastle.....	115,139 76	8,740 00	123,879 76	3,762 20	120,117 56
Richibucto.....	64,553 06	390 00	64,943 06	817 99	64,095 07
St. Andrews.....	183,138 50	4,018 00	187,156 50	1,245 98	185,910 52
St. John.....	1,522,567 46	46,151 00	1,568,718 46	30,001 52	1,538,716 94
Sussex.....		3,282 00	3,282 00	280 00	3,002 00
Woodstock.....	165,144 98	6,278 00	171,422 98	3,746 12	167,676 86
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	658,047 29	26,456 00	684,503 29	20,066 09	664,437 20
Total.....	10,251,601 12	517,429 19	10,769,030 31	395,033 25	10,373,997 06

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th Sept., 1881, published in accordance with the Act 34 Vict., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Aug., 1881.	Deposits for Sept., 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, Sept., 1881.	Balance, 31st Sept., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario,—</i>					
Toronto.....	486,581 51	34,115 00	520,696 51	35,375 35	485,321 16
<i>Manitoba,—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	253,986 53	68,750 00	322,736 53	32,952 02	289,784 51
<i>British Columbia,—</i>					
Victoria	1,268,968 23	70,960 00	1,339,928 23	49,812 03	1,290,116 20
Nanaimo	134,026 28	4,978 00	139,004 28	3,340 77	135,663 51
New Westminster.....	146,861 68	14,592 00	161,453 68	5,103 60	156,350 08
<i>Nova Scotia,—</i>					
Amherst	110,886 37	8,463 00	119,349 37	2,524 24	116,825 13
Antigonish	25,149 83	4,732 00	29,881 83	835 00	29,046 83
Annapolis.....	107,942 98	6,391 00	114,333 98	4,262 54	110,071 44
Arichat.....	123,076 71	3,583 82	126,660 53	5,429 38	121,231 15
Acadia Mines.....	24,805 63	1,877 00	26,682 63	748 57	25,934 06
Baddeck.....	28,383 85	4,100 00	32,483 85	708 24	31,775 61
Bridgewater.....	17,447 83	1,754 00	19,201 83	1,141 94	18,059 89
Barrington.....	28,022 30	1,969 00	29,991 30	140 00	29,851 30
Digby	51,886 52	4,006 00	58,892 52	5,135 14	53,757 38
Guysboro.....	39,647 09	3,068 00	42,715 09	1,579 40	41,135 69
Halifax	2,226,177 87	88,881 28	2,315,059 15	62,545 15	2,252,514 00
Kentville.....	76,604 73	4,437 46	81,042 19	3,775 65	77,266 54
Liverpool.....	108,165 58	2,307 00	110,472 58	1,223 13	109,249 45
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan	8,526 05	411 00	8,937 05	481 00	8,456 05
Lunenburg.....	68,216 73	930 00	69,146 73	2,430 67	66,716 06
Maitland.....	43,198 19	4,036 00	47,234 19	2,803 39	44,430 80
New Glasgow.....	83,246 75	3,507 00	86,753 75	3,884 00	82,869 75
Parrsboro.....	42,097 52	1,148 00	43,245 52	3,373 81	39,871 71
Port Hood.....	43,248 23	455 00	43,703 23	846 00	42,857 23
Pictou	36,365 60	2,015 00	38,380 60	304 76	38,075 84
Shelburne.....	29,715 39	408 00	30,123 39	1,181 86	28,941 53
Sydney	150,430 46	7,418 00	157,848 46	2,542 23	155,306 23
Sherbrooke	31,813 02	2,500 00	34,313 02	2,077 19	32,235 83
Truro	172,714 37	8,309 00	181,023 37	5,595 38	175,427 99
Wallace.....		5,040 00	5,040 00	99 75	361,583 33
Windsor.....	365,993 83	14,941 00	380,844 83	19,261 50	361,583 33
Weymouth.....	48,876 93	3,712 00	52,588 93	1,015 69	51,573 24
Yarmouth.....	250,452 62	19,647 00	270,099 62	5,858 01	264,241 61
<i>New Brunswick,—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,441 92	1,195 00	60,636 92	1,053 51	59,583 41
Chatham.....	171,804 99	10,212 00	182,016 99	4,514 56	177,502 43
Dalhousie	127,312 16	5,969 00	133,281 16	1,093 53	132,187 63
Dorchester.....	16,371 35	230 00	16,601 35	332 00	16,269 35
Fredericton	245,712 66	20,393 00	266,105 66	5,541 98	260,563 68
Hillsboro'	16,361 26	1,993 00	18,354 26	261 95	18,092 31
Moncton.....	103,546 76	11,284 00	114,830 76	7,513 53	107,317 23
Newcastle	115,947 79	2,796 00	118,743 79	3,604 03	115,139 76
Richibucto	61,549 06	3,546 00	65,095 06	542 00	64,553 06
St. Andrews	178,284 64	9,714 00	187,998 64	4,860 14	183,138 50
St. John.....	1,501,703 92	45,961 00	1,547,664 92	25,097 46	1,522,567 46
Woodstock.....	163,118 09	5,783 00	168,901 09	3,756 11	165,144 98
<i>Prince Edward Island,</i>					
Charlottetown	641,231 11	34,259 13	675,490 24	17,442 95	658,047 29
Total	10,038,825 57	556,776 69	10,595,602 26	344,001 14	10,251,601 12

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th Dec., 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1st DECEMBER, 1881.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Cranton Section .....	.....	Inverness N.S.	John Cranton, Sr.
Dixon's Point.....	.....	Kent..... N.B.	Joseph Elliott.
Dyers Bay	Lindsay	Bruce, N.R. O.	Alexander T. Simpson.
Deloro	Marmora	Hastings, N.R. O.	Ernest Gaujot.
Dirdleton	Torbolton	Carleton..... O.	J. Drummond.
Duclos	Masham	Ottawa	A. F. Duclos.
Garretton	Augusta	Grenville, S.R. O.	Nathaniel Garrett.
Galson	Lingwick	Compton	M. L. McIver.
Glen Cove .....	.....	Guysborough N.S.	Michael Meagher.
Lourdes (re-opened)	Gloucester.....	Russell	W. Lawless
Mount Chesney.....	Kingston	Frontenac O.	Anthony English.
Marchhurst	March	Carleton	G. Rivett.
Mill Bank .....	.....	Northumberland.....N.B.	David McHardy.
Purbrook	Draper.....	Simcoe, N.R.... O.	John Crockford.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

English River..... Co. Algoma, O.
Harewood Co. Westmoreland, N.B.
Matlock..... Co. Lambton, O.
*Neebish..... Co. Algoma, O.
Soperton Co. Leeds, O.

* 1st November, 1881.

NAMES CHANGED.

Sable River, Co. Bruce, N.R. O. to Sauble Falls.
West Farnham, Co. Missisquoi, Q. to Farnham.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Amount of Deposit.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....		Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).		Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.		Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....		Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds		Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)		Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.		Steam Boilers, &c.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....		Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....		Fire and Inland Marine.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash		Guarantee.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock.		Fire.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).		Fire and Life.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....		Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B. C. Bonds.		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....		Life.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock		Fire.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehouse. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)		Guarantee.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$100,343 Canada stock		Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)		Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock		Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock		Fire.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock		Life.
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....		Fire and Life
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000		Fire and Life.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool...	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock		Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	£21,000 stg. Canada Stock		Fire.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)		Life.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.. ..	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....		Fire.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds		Life.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....		Plate Glass Insurance.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....		Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 cash		Life.
		\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)		Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586) ..	Life.
The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont... ..	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life)	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,667, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200).....	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.....	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court. The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

STATEMENT OF

CAPITAL

NAME OF BANK.
—
NOM DE LA BANQUE.

Capital
Authorized.

Capital
Subscribed.

Capital
autorisé.

Capital
souscrit.

Total Quebec.....	3,827,447 38	5,725,084 58	2,943,799 93	1,037,303 56	1
Total Ontario.....	2,065,911 60	3,315,310 81	2,476,013 31	1,013,495 93	1
Total Ontario and Quebec.....	5,893,358 98	9,040,395 39	5,419,813 24	2,050,799 49	1
NOVA SCOTIA.					
Bank of Yarmouth.....	42,431 49	18,808 00	13,469 03	16,480 73	
Bank of Nova Scotia.....	116,928 53	207,874 00	97,778 58	149,384 60	
Exchange Bank of Yarmouth.....	13,811 63	11,585 00	2,075 00	12,472 66	
Merchants Bank of Halifax.....	116,715 97	178,705 00	91,784 45	31,431 22	
People's Bank of Halifax.....	65,087 23	82,479 00	29,938 35	12,470 45	
Union Bank of Halifax.....	43,460 48	109,072 00	41,042 9	12,394 30	
Bank of Liverpool.....					
Pictou Bank.....	41,527 05	23,088 00	23,984 78	22,454 82	
Halifax Banking Company.....	24,162 78	16,286 00	18,972 44	24,778 05	
Commercial Bank of Windsor.....	16,644 44	11,918 76	4,940 64	9,564 26	
Total Nova Scotia.....	480,769 60	659,815 76	323,986 17	291,431 09	
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.					
*Bank of Prince Edward Island.....					
Union Bank.....					
*Merchants Bank P. E. Island.....					
NEW BRUNSWICK.					
Bank of New Brunswick.....	147,049 69	107,475 00	51,263 00	186,038 82	
Maritime B. of the Dominion of Canada	878 08	49,151 00	1,862 93	4,482 72	
*People's Bank.....					
St. Stephen's Bank.....	39,562 78		38,490 96	22 508 41	
Total New Brunswick.....	187,490 55	156,626 00	91,616 89	213,030 01	
BRITISH COLUMBIA.					
*Bank of British Columbia.....					

Total Ontario and Quebec.....	5,893,358 98	9,040,395 39	5,419,813 24	2,050,799 49	1
" Nova Scotia.....	480,769 60	659,815 76	323,986 17	291,431 09	
" New Brunswick.....	187,490 55	156,626 00	91,616 89	213,030 01	
Grand Total.....	6,561,619 13	9,856,837 15	5,835,416 30	2,555,260 59	1

*At present not obliged to make returns.

† Mechanics'

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th Jan., 1882

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of November, 1881 Cr

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Oct., 1881	\$7,190,373 78	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$226,529 96
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	576,412 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	1,211 51	Balance:—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$7,504,603 78
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	36,863 55
			7,541,467 33
	7,767,997 29		7,767,997 29

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 19th December, 1881.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 30th November, 1881.

ARTICLES.		ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
		Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....	\$		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Agricultural Implements	"		974 00	206 85
Ale, Beer and Porter.....	Gals.	21,762	2,206 00	594 05
Animals.....	"		13,504 00	3,351 00
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"		3,763 00	752 60
Brass and manufactures of.....	"		122,611 00	21,738 39
Breadstuffs, viz :—			35,660 00	9,530 06
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush.	221,102	136,635 00	16,730 13
Flour and Meal.....	Brls.	14,429	56,614 00	6,001 31
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$		21,083 00	7,033 54
Candles.....	Lbs.	30,075	4,528 00	1,126 25
Chicory.....	"	8,365	417 00	333 87
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons.	108,072	415,774 00	58,284 31
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs.	137,520	19,242 00	2,798 28
" U. States.....	"	25,922	4,215 00	993 27
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$		20,105 00	2,268 85
Cordage of all kinds.....	"		5,554 00	651 30
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"		362,576 00	77,592 48
Drugs and Medicines.....	"		75,678 00	16,624 34
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"		65,974 00	18,635 25
Fancy Goods.....	"		54,771 00	11,448 74
Fish.....	"		6,763 00	1,350 68
Fruit, Dried.....	"		199,931 00	48,748 45
" green, &c.....	"		36,912 00	7,313 98
Furs.....	"		42,322 00	7,546 50
Glass and Glassware.....	"		88,143 00	20,852 50
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"		6,360 00	1,825 28
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"		37,588 00	9,397 00
Hops.....	Lbs.	20,915	5,791 00	1,254 90
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$		1,037,129 00	208,458 52
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"		108,012 00	25,365 35
Lead and manufactures of.....	"		11,451 00	1,711 02
Leather and manufactures of.....	"		127,842 00	28,525 05
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"		16,631 00	3,218 31
Malt.....	Lbs.			
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$		29,546 00	8,513 20
Musical Instruments.....	"		42,739 00	11,802 40
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals.	544,112	72,150 00	39,164 05
" all other, N.E.S.....	"	69,212	41,677 00	9,626 15
Paints and Colors.....	\$		31,104 00	5,197 35
Paper and manufactures of.....	"		117,827 00	28,324 67
Perfumery, &c.....	"		5,008 00	1,042 80
Provisions, viz :				
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs.	1,572,360	142,706 00	18,061 11
Butter.....	"	117	28 00	4 66
Cheese.....	"	5,801	1,090 00	174 03
Lard.....	"	222,322	26,635 00	4,446 44
Poultry and other meats.....	\$		4,770 00	837 46
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs.	46,237	124 00	37 95
Seeds.....	\$		5,484 00	836 80
Silk, manufactures of.....	"		98,730 00	29,058 85
Soap of all kinds.....	"	84,695	6,968 00	2,130 82
Spices, ground and unground.....	"		20,934 00	4,700 50
Starch.....	Lbs.	39,333	2,526 00	786 66
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals.	96,326	104,887 00	146,029 88
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	"	51,845	41,589 00	30,442 14
Sparkling.....	Doz.	1,395	9,899 00	5,725 19
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs.	290,810	12,923 00	7,431 15
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	"	5,583,081	214,425 00	106,200 60
" below No. 9, D.S.....	"	9,450,009	322,845 00	144,100 58
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	"	132,834	4,563 00	2,199 87
" Melado, &c., &c.....	"	1,074,946	37,482 00	15,275 64
Glucose and Syrups.....	"	81,477	3,477 00	1,619 22
Molasses for refining.....	Gals.	74,291	30,068 00	6,638 30

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 4th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of Manitoba and British Columbia) for November, 1881.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	121,274 00	12,535 00	133,809 00
do Fisheries.....	723,141 00	.....	723,141 00
do Forest.....	1,874,047 00	101,931 00	1,975,978 00
Animals and their Produce.....	2,138,662 00	33,633 00	2,172,295 00
Agricultural Products.....	6,460,624 00	234,086 00	6,694,710 00
Manufactures	291,257 00	105,158 00	396,415 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	38,038 00	5,050 00	43,088 00
Totals.....	11,647,043 00	492,393 00	12,139,436 00
Coin and Bullion.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand Total.....	11,647,043 00	492,393 00	12,139,436 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 5th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate

NOTICE is given that application will be made to Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the St. Lawrence and Pacific Railway Ferry Co.

Montreal, 10th January, 1882.

23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway and telegraph from some point at or near to Michipicoton Harbor, on the north east of Lake Superior, to Moose Fort or some other point on James' Bay, wherever it might be deemed most advisable to build the line.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Toronto, 12th January, 1882.

29-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to amend the Act 43 Vic. chap. 46, and to define the powers, duties and term of office of the liquidators appointed to wind up the affairs of the Consolidated Bank of Canada, and to provide for their replacement, in consequence of the remaining assets having been disposed of, and for other purposes.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882.

29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Great Eastern Railway Company.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882.

29 9

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the passage of an Act to consolidate the several Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company and declaratory of the powers heretofore granted to the said company, and to grant to the said company all such other powers as have heretofore been granted by Parliament to other telegraph companies.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.

Montreal Office, 12th January, 1882.

29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Western

Canada Colonization Company," with power to acquire, improve and sell lands, and promote immigration, and with other powers.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 3rd January, 1882.

28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.

28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the term of several patents of invention issued to Thomas A. Edison, and to extend the time for manufacture under the terms of the said patents and the general statutes in that behalf, and to allow importation of articles covered by such patents for a limited time.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,

Solicitors for the said Thomas A. Edison.

Dated Hamilton, 5th January, 1882.

28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the period limited for the completion of the works of the Canada Southern Bridge Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.

28-9

NOTICE is given that the "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to the eighth and thirteenth sections of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 58, intituled "An Act to increase and extend the powers of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

J. WURTELE,

Managing Director.

Montreal, 29th December, 1881.

28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act incorporating "The International Construction Company," with power to said company to enter into contracts for the construction, equipment or operating of railway and telegraph lines, canals, bridges, steamboats and barges within the Dominion of Canada, and for acquiring, holding, selling and leasing of real estate, within said Dominion.

THOMAS WELLS,

Solicitor for applicants.

Winnipeg, 5th January, 1882.

28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company; to make provision for the issue of a certain amount of paid-up stock, as paid-up shares of stock, in said company; to increase the amount of bonds, or debentures, which may be issued by said company; to authorize said company to construct a bridge over the Ottawa river, at some point between the village of Aylmer and the city of Ottawa; to fix a day for the annual general meeting of the shareholders of said company; and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 22nd December, 1881.

28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, by "The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada," for an Act to amend the Acts incorporating and relating to the said company by authorizing the said company to carry on the business of inland and ocean marine insurance, and

to otherwise extend the business of the company; to authorize the directors to levy assessments on the shareholders whenever the stock is impaired, or to readjust or write off any part of the paid-up capital; to extend the class or nature of securities in which the company may invest its funds; to authorize the company to take over the business of or to amalgamate with any other company, and otherwise to extend the powers of the company and to amend the said Acts.

J. K. KERR,

Solicitor for the company.

Toronto, 5th January, 1882.

28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the British America Assurance Company, will apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, to pass an Act amending their charter, and the several Acts affecting the same, by changing the time for the holding of the annual meeting of the said company, and the election of the directors thereof, from the first Monday of August to the second Thursday in the month of February in each year; and to close the financial year of the company, for the annual statement, to be submitted to the proprietors of the said company at the said meeting, on the 3rd day of December in each year, and to consolidate all Acts affecting the said company as so amended.

C. GAMBLE,

Solicitor for B.A.A. Co.

British America Assurance Co. Buildings,

Toronto, 5th January, 1882.

28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the "Commercial Travellers Association of Canada," to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to give effect to the By-Laws of the Association; and to declare the "Accident" and "Mortuary" benefits provided by such By-Laws to be exempt from liability to the creditors of any member of the Association; and also providing for the deposit with the Dominion Government of the "Permanent Reserve Fund" of the Association for the purpose of securing the said benefits and upon terms as similar as may be to those provided for deposits with the Government under the General Insurance Acts; and to otherwise amend and extend the Acts relating to the said Association.

H. SYMONS,

Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated the third day of January, 1882.

28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to revive the Statute 43 Vic. chap. 56, incorporating the "South Saskatchewan Valley Railway Company" and to amend the same by extending the time for commencing the said railway, and for other purposes.

J. STEWART TUPPER,

Solicitor for the applicants.

29th Dec., 1881.

27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the shareholders of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, under the name of the "Canada Mutual Telegraph Company," and to confer upon the said company all such powers and privileges as are now enjoyed or possessed by any other telegraph company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the letters patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,

Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 30th November, 1881.

27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, working and operating a line of railway from the east end of Lake Athabasca in the North West Territories, to some point on the Hudson Bay at or near Fort Churchill, with power to

build bridges and to build, own and run tramways, steamers and boats on the Peace and Athabasca Rivers and their tributaries and other navigable waters connected with the line.

KENNEDY & SUTHERLAND,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Winnipeg, 20th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Brant Loan and Savings Society under the name of "The Brant Loan and Savings Company," and empowering said company to issue stock and debentures, invest moneys on real estate, bank stock, debentures and other securities, and to purchase, hold, improve and dispose of lands, and otherwise to exercise the powers usually conferred on Loaning companies.

WILSON, SMYTH & MUIRHEAD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Brantford, 27th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The American Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

C. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for the applicants

25th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the Montreal Board of Trade, to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to permit the fusion and amalgamation of the said Board with other commercial corporate bodies in that City.

Montreal, 23rd December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, by the C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company, for an Act of incorporation changing its name, and granting it extended powers and privileges.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, and the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 38, and to make more clear the provisions of the said last named Act; to provide also for supplying the place of any one or more of the joint assignees who may die, remove or from any cause become incapacitated from acting; also to define the powers of the joint assignees as respects the collecting, making or giving notices of calls, bringing of suits for assessments on stocks and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the "St. Lawrence Bridge and Manufacturing

Company" for the purpose of constructing a bridge over the St. Lawrence river, opposite the City of Montreal, by way of St. Helen's Island, and for enlarging and improving in connection therewith the Harbor of Montreal; the whole in general conformity with the scheme known as the "Shearer scheme," proposed by Mr. James Shearer, and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company to be a work for the general advantage of Canada, and also to amend the several Acts relating to the said company, and for further power for the issue of bonds and debenture stock, and to re-arrange and increase their bonded debt, and for the repeal of section twelve of the Act forty-three Victoria, chapter sixty-six (Ontario), providing for the appointment of a Commissioner for the purpose therein mentioned, and also to repeal the seventeenth section of the said Act providing for the election of a director by certain municipalities therein mentioned, and for other purposes; and also to repeal the last proviso in the fourteenth section of the Act forty-four Victoria, chapter seventy four (Ontario), and also to give the said company power to arrange with other railway companies for station accommodation and to join with other companies in the erection of a joint station, and also the right to make running arrangements with other railways; also to purchase, charter and work steamboats and other vessels; and also to authorize the said company to amalgamate with or lease their line to the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, and for other purposes.

MARTIN & ELLIOT,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, the 28th day of December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act extending the period of twelve months limited by the fifth section of the Act authorizing the establishment of Superannuation Provident and Insurance Funds by the company; also to authorize the company to purchase or lease railways which touch or intersect its own line or to amalgamate with the companies owning such railways, also to declare and define the company's powers in that respect, and to authorize the acquisition of station grounds and premises and access thereto for the company's purposes.

SAMUEL BARKER,
Solicitor G.W. Ry. Co.

Dated at Hamilton, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

TAKE Notice that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Niagara River Bridge Company.

The applicants purpose erecting a bridge (without a drawbridge) for railway purposes from some point in the Dominion of Canada on the left bank of the Niagara River to some point in the United States of America between the Falls of Niagara and the mountain ridge above Lewiston.

The applicants purpose charging or levying a toll of not more than five dollars per car for each car passing over said bridge.

FOSTER, CLARKE & BOWES,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the General Land Company of Canada, for the purposes of purchasing and colonizing lands in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

ROYAL & PRUD'HOMME,
Solicitors for applicants.
Winnipeg, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the Saskatchewan and Qu'Appelle Navigation Company, for the purposes of dredging and navigating the Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle and Assiniboine Rivers.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 14th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Tecumseh Insurance Company of Canada," for the purpose of carrying on the business of fire and inland marine and live stock insurance.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, will apply at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an amendment to their Act of incorporation to authorize them to adopt the provisions relating to Mutual Insurance Companies in the Province of Ontario, and also to issue policies covering losses from wind storms and tornadoes.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that a Bill will be introduced at the next session of the Dominion Parliament to ratify and confirm the resolutions of the "North Shore Railway Company" of the eleventh day of August, and of the second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, having for their object to transfer to the Province of Quebec all the interest of the said company in the railway then in course of construction between the cities of Quebec and Montreal, and the rights belonging thereto; and also to ratify and confirm the deed of cession and transfer passed by the "Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway Company," the sixteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, before M^{re} Louis N. Dumouchel, Notary, to the Government of the Province of Quebec, of all the interest of the said Company in its railway then in course of construction between Montreal and Aylmer, with a branch to St. Jérôme, and the rights belonging thereto.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. of Railways.
Dated Quebec, 20th Dec., 1881. 26-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company to be called the "Ontario Pacific Railroad" Company, for the purpose of constructing, equipping and operating a line of railway from Cornwall by Ottawa, touching at or near Arnprior, Eganville, lake Nipissing to Sault Ste. Marie, and branches, with power to bridge the St. Lawrence and St. Mary's Rivers at or near both termini.

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor for applicants.
Ottawa, 19th December, 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the "Anchor Insurance Company" by enabling it to transact the business of Fire Insurance, to reduce its capital and for other purposes.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY,
Solicitors for applicant.
Toronto, 22nd Dec., 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to empower "The New York and Ontario Furnace Company," a corporation organized under the Laws of the State of New Jersey, to acquire and hold real and personal estate in the Dominion of Canada and to carry on in the Dominion of Canada the business of mining, smelting, and manufacture of iron and steel, and to incorporate the shareholders thereof into a corporation under and by the authority of the Parliament of Canada for the above purposes.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Belleville, 22nd December, A.D. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from or near Montreal to a point on the southern boundary of the township of Dundee, in the county of Huntingdon, there to connect with a railway in the State of New York, and to build a branch to connect with the Canada Atlantic Railway at some point in the county of Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
for Applicants.

Huntingdon, Que., Dec. 10, 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for a charter to incorporate "The Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company," and to empower said company to enter upon lands, to locate, construct and carry on a railway for transporting vessels, with or without cargo, from Chignecto Bay to Baie Verte; and to locate, construct and maintain a Passenger and Freight Railway in combination therewith from Amherst to Cape Jouriman; and to invest the said company with all usual and requisite powers for the above purposes.

H. G. C. KETCHUM,
Promoter and Engineer.

Fredericton, Nov. 22, 1881. 25-9

ENGLISH AND COLONIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating this company so as to authorize the said company to organize and commence business on the subscription and payment on account of capital of less amounts than are mentioned in the said Act, and for other purposes.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the Niagara Grand Island Bridge.

25-9

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Edison Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated Hamilton, Ont., 15th Dec. 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the time limited by the several Acts respecting the Canada Southern Railway Company or the Erie and Niagara Railway Company, for commencing and completing the original lines of the said companies or any branch lines authorized by the said Acts or any of them.

25-10

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Richelieu Bridge Company, with power to build, work, maintain and manage a toll bridge for ordinary traffic purposes across the Richelieu River from the Parishes of St. Thomas in the county of Missisquoi to Lacolle or St. Valentine in the county of St. John. The said bridge to be constructed with a draw leaving a passage when open of forty feet, or the width of that of the Vermont Junction Railway Bridge over same river at St. John's, Que. The bridge over navigable portions of said river to have abutments or piers one hundred and fifty feet apart, and arches five feet or more above high water mark, and over unnavigable portions to be built of piles if desired. Arches of bridge to be of such height above high water, the intervals between the abutments or piers, width of draw to be such as may be approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council. And with power to collect tolls for any passage over said bridge at rates not to exceed the following: Foot passengers, each way, five cents; loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs, and spring colts following the mare, each way, ten cents; sheep and pigs, per head, five cents; cart, carriage, buggy, waggon, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, each way, twenty-five cents; carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter, or other vehicle drawn by two animals, each way, thirty-five cents. The above rates include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Clarenceville, Que., Dec. 10, 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Ottawa and Arnprior Junction railway Company" for the purpose

of constructing and working a line of railway from Quyon or some adjacent point in the Township of Onslow, in the County of Pontiac, Province of Quebec, to the Village of Arnprior, in the Province of Ontario, crossing the Ottawa River by way of the Chats Falls or Rapids; with power also to construct the necessary bridge or bridges over said river for the purposes of said railway at or near said Chats Falls or Rapids; also with power to extend said railway from Arnprior, crossing the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Arnprior to some point in the Township of Bagot, in the County of Renfrew, on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, and if necessary also to cross the Kingston and Pembroke Railway at said point; also with power to build branch lines, to sell or lease said railway, to amalgamate with any other Railway Company, to lease or buy any other railway, and to connect with and obtain running powers over other railways, and to construct along said railway and branches a Telegraph line.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Dated, December 15th 1881. 25-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, to Smith's Falls, and thence to the Town of Perth, in the County of Lanark, and Province of Ontario, to be called "The Montreal and Central Canada Railway Company," with power to construct a bridge or bridges across the Rideau River, the Rideau Canal, the Ottawa River and the St. Anne's Canal, with power to amalgamate with, connect with, and obtain running powers over any line or lines of railway and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada, and with power to build and run tramways, steam ferries, steamboats, vessels and barges, in connection with the said line of railway and bridges.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, Dec., A.D. 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Ontario Investment Association," and authorizing said Association to lend money on the security of Real Estate in Manitoba, or any other of the Provinces of the Dominion, and permitting the said Association to charge such interest on the loans effected as may be agreed upon with the borrowers, and also enlarging the borrowing powers of the said Association and enabling it to receive money on deposit.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 14th December, 1881. 25-10

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to reduce the capital stock of the Ontario Bank.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank,
Toronto, 7th December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the Souris and Rocky Mountain Railway Company, for purpose of enabling the said company to construct its line and branches north of Fifty-first degree of North Latitude.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for applicants.
Toronto, 1st December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, by "The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company" for an Act changing the name of the company to the "Dominion Life Insurance Company," or such other name as the Directors may approve of, and to amend the seventh, eighth and eleventh sections of the Act incorporating the said company, and for other amendments to the said Act

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.
24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from a point on the North Branch of the Saskatchewan River, between Fort à La Corne and Carleton, running north-westerly to the Peace River, to be called "The Saskatchewan and Peace River Railway," with power to build and run branches to any navigable waters to the north of said main line and south to the North Branch of the Saskatchewan River.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for the applicants.
6th December, 1881. 24-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given by The Ottawa, Vaudreuil and Montreal Railway Company that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act further to extend the time limited for the construction of that portion of the line of the said Railway Company lying between West Hawkesbury and the City of Ottawa, and further to confirm the powers conferred upon said company.

PINHEY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for the company.
Dated 6th December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act incorporating the Pilots commissioned for the service of Pilotage between Quebec and Montreal, under the name of "The Corporation of Pilots of Montreal."

BELLEAU & STAFFORD,
Attorneys.
Quebec, 26th October, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to authorize the said company to purchase, lease, or amalgamate with any line of railway, whose line touches or intersects any part of their line, also

to declare and define the powers of the said company in that respect, and further for power under the provisions of the Railway Act, to acquire station grounds and tracks leading thereto which in their judgment may be necessary for their purposes.

JOHN BELL,
Solicitor of the G. T. R. Co. of Canada.
Dated at Montreal, this 2nd day of Nov., 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Saskatchewan, with power to acquire and hold real estate and invest the moneys of said Synod in such part of the Dominion of Canada and on such securities as may, by the said Synod, be deemed proper from time to time.

BLAKE, KERR & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated 5th December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a resolution of the shareholders of the Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company, passed at a special general meeting of the shareholders of the said company, duly called and held at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, on the 22nd day of November, 1881, application will be made by said company to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for a special Act to authorize the said company to wind up and liquidate its affairs.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
President.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Vice President.

ALEXANDER GIBB,
Solicitor for applicants.

JOHN PENNOCK,
Secretary.
Ottawa, 7th December 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to authorize the "Mutual Life Association of Canada" to change the name of the association. Also to empower the said association to issue policies on the principle of non-participation of profits, and for other purposes.

MACKELCAN, GIBSON & BELL,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Hamilton, 24th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the "Nova Scotia Railway Company, Limited," with full powers to acquire, wholly or in part, by purchase or otherwise, the existing lines of railway (excepting the Intercolonial Railway) whether finished or not, in Nova Scotia, or any one or more of them, and the appurtenances.

2. The construction, completion, repair and equipment of existing partially completed lines of railway in Nova Scotia.

3. The construction of a line of railway in the Island of Cape Breton, and lines connecting with the Government Railway in the County of Pictou and County of Halifax.

4. The establishment, maintenance and operation of ferries and steamboat service between Nova Scotia proper and the Island of Cape Breton, between Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia, between New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and between Nova Scotia and the United States of America.

5. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, coaches and conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with said railways hereinbefore mentioned, and the working and operating of the same for hire.

6. The maintenance and operation of all the lines of railway hereinbefore mentioned, whether now constructed or hereafter to be constructed.

THOMPSON & GRAHAM,
Solicitors for applicants.

Halifax, N.S., 24th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE.—The Napierville Junction Railway and Quarry Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament for the following amendments to their charter:

Change of appellation.

Locate its Eastern Terminus at St. John, Q.

Extension south-westerly parallel with the Province Line, and to the River St. Lawrence.

23-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Quebec Timber Company (Limited)."

E. T. BROOKS,
Solicitor for applicants.

November 26, 1881. 23-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Rainy River Improvement Company."

The objects of the proposed company will be to construct booms, dams, slides, piers and works in the rivers, lakes, streams and creeks hereinafter mentioned and on the banks thereof for the purpose of transmission of saw logs, square timber, flatted timber and all descriptions of timber down the whole course of the river flowing westward from Hunter's Island through Rainy Lake, down the course of Rainy River to the Lake of the Woods and the streams, rivers and creeks flowing into the said river, Rainy Lake and Rainy River, in the Province of Manitoba, and Ontario, or in the District of Keewatin; and with all the powers and privileges similar to the provisions in an Act of the Consolidated Statutes of the late Province of Canada intituled "An Act respecting Joint Stock Companies to construct works to facilitate the transmission of timber down rivers and streams," and amendments thereto; and also with full power and privilege to unite and amalgamate with any company formed for a similar purpose by the laws of the State of Minnesota.

PINHEY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 23th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Manitoba and Saskatchewan Transportation Com-

pany," for the purpose of building and operating a line of railway from some point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, between Winnipeg and Portage La Prairie to a point on Lake Manitoba, and of constructing and running vessels in connection therewith on Lakes Manitoba and Winnipegosis and the Saskatchewan River, and improving the navigation of the said lakes and rivers; with power to build railways or canals connecting said lakes and river, and to levy tolls on said canals.

C. E. HAMILTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Winnipeg, 21st November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate, "The Winnipeg and Springfield Bridge Company" with power to build, work, maintain and manage a toll bridge for ordinary traffic purposes across the Red River at some point between the northerly limits of the City of Winnipeg and the Louise Bridge in the County of Selkirk and Province of Manitoba, the said bridge to be constructed with a draw leaving a passage when open of forty feet or more, and with arches twenty-five and one half feet above low water, and with intervals of two hundred feet or more between the abutments of piers. And with power to collect tolls for any passage over the said bridge at rates not exceeding the following:—

Foot passengers, each way, two cents.

Rider with horse or mule, each way, ten cents.

Loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs and spring colts following the mare, each way, five cents.

Sheep and pigs, per head, each way, two cents.

Cart, carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, each way, twelve cents and a half.

Carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by two or more animals, each way, twenty cents.

The above rates include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

W. H. CULVER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Winnipeg, 21st November 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, to incorporate "The Manitoba Bank" for the purpose of doing a Banking business in the Dominion of Canada, with the head office of such Bank at Winnipeg.

H. E. HENDERSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the North Western Bank.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Whitby, 21st November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a charter for a drawbridge with two openings sixty feet wide, the bottom of the lower cord to be not less than four feet above high water, across the Saint Croix River to the boundary line between New Brunswick and the State of Maine, to connect with a bridge from the City of Calais, said bridge to be used for railway and other purposes

and to be built at or near the location surveyed by the Grand Southern Railway Company.

M. MACMONAGLE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at St. Stephen the 16th day of November.
A.D., 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act empowering them to close their business, wind up their affairs and distribute the surplus assets of the company and for all requisite powers for the said purposes.

F. R. DESPARD,
Secretary.

Dated, 23rd November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to authorize an increase of their Loan Capital, so however that the total yearly interest shall not exceed the interest on their present Loan Capital, including interest at the rate of six per centum per annum on the portion unissued; and to authorize the acquisition or purchase of or union with railway companies whose railways they have power to lease or agree to work; and otherwise to extend the powers of the said Company.

SAMUEL BARKER,
Solicitor for Great Western Railway Company.
Dated at Hamilton, Ontario, 24th November 1881.
22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Grand Central Station Company, with power to erect, build and maintain a Railway Station, in the City of Toronto, and with power to construct or acquire in and near to the City of Toronto, all lines of railway, or to acquire right and running powers over existing lines of railway necessary to connect with and bring into such station the traffic of any railway using or desiring to use such station, and with power to make connections with the elevators and wharves and with other railway stations in the City of Toronto, and to contract with forwarding, railway and shipping companies for the carriage of goods and passengers, and with all the powers given under the Consolidated Railway Act, 1879, to railway companies under the headings of "plans and surveys" and "lands and their valuation."

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated 24th November, 1881. 22-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Canada Provident Association."

The objects of the Association shall be: For the mutual good of the members thereof; to make provision by means of assessments, dues, donations or other payments of members against sickness, unavoidable misfortune and death; and for substantially assisting the widows and orphans of deceased members.

The chief place of business of the association shall be in the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, but the Association shall have power to change their head office to any other City in Canada; and other places of business may be established from time to time throughout Canada as the same are required.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, the 25th day of November, A.D., 1881 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate a company to build and work a bridge for railway and other purposes across the Niagara River, at or near the Village of Queenston, in the Township of Niagara, in the County of Lincoln, or such other point as the company may select, with power to amalgamate with any company in the United States of America, incorporated or to be incorporated for building a railway bridge across the said river, who may be willing to unite with the company so to be incorporated in Canada in order to secure a railway bridge open to all companies in Canada and the United States with equal rights and privileges, with power to collect tolls on the said bridge on ordinary carriage and passenger traffic at rates not exceeding the following:—

Foot passengers, each way, twelve and one half cents.

Rider with horse or mule, each way, twenty-five cents.

Loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs and spring colts, following the mare, each way, five cents.

Sheep and pigs, per head, each way, seven and one half cents.

Carts, carriages, wagons, buggies, sleighs, cutters or other vehicles, with a driver, drawn by one animal, each way, twenty-five cents. The same if drawn by two or more animals, each way, thirty-seven and one half cents.

All passengers in above mentioned conveyances, each way, twelve and one half cents.

The above rate to include the *bona fide* loads of each vehicle.

The company to be called "The Niagara Peninsula Bridge Company."

P. McCARTHY,
Solicitor for applicants.

St. Catharines, Nov. 22nd, 1881.

22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act amending the Act of incorporation of the Ontario & Quebec Railway Company, so as to enable the company to acquire the charter of or amalgamate with the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company, and to acquire the charter of or amalgamate with such other railway company or companies as the Ontario & Quebec Railway when constructed may connect with, intersect, or cross, or which may be a feeder or an easterly or westerly continuation of the Ontario & Quebec Railway, or to lease all or any of such railways, and also for other amendments to the said Act.

W. H. LOCKHART GORDON,
Solicitor for applicants.

25th November, 1881.

22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from the City of Ottawa or some point on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway or the Canada and Atlantic Railway, passing through or near the Villages of Metcalfe, Ormond, Vernon, Bate's Corners or West Winchester, Winchester Springs, Bell's Corners and Morrisburgh, to a point opposite Ogden's Island, in the State of New York, to be called "The Ottawa, Waddington and New York Railway and Bridge Company," with power to construct a bridge across the canal and the main channel of the St. Lawrence River to Ogden's Island, connecting with a line across the Island and the American waters to Waddington and Teal's Station or some other point on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain Railway or with Canton, and to connect with the projected line of railway through the Adirondacks to North Creek; with power to amalgamate with, connect with, and obtain running

powers over, any line or lines of railways and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada; and with power also to build and run tramways, steam ferries, steamboats, vessels and barges in connection with the said line of railway and bridge; with power also to construct, maintain and operate an Inter-Provincial bridge across the Ottawa River at or near the said City of Ottawa, to some point in the Province of Quebec, as well for the said railway as for ordinary carriage and traffic purposes; with power to collect tolls on the said bridge on such ordinary carriage and passenger traffic thereon, at the rates not exceeding the following:—

Foot passengers, each way, two cents.

Rider with horse or mule, each way, five cents.

Loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs and spring colts following the mare, five cents each way.

Sheep and pigs, per head, each way, two cents.

Each carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, ten cents each way.

Each carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by two or more animals, each way fifteen cents.

The above rates to include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

With power also to construct and operate a line or lines of railway from the Quebec side of the said Bridge to connect with all or any of the railways terminating in, or passing through the County of Ottawa.

The height of the arches of the bridge across the St. Lawrence Canal and River to be not less than 60 feet above high water; the interval between the abutments or piers across the main channel of the St. Lawrence River to be the whole width of the said channel or not less than 350 feet, and across the shoal to Ogden's Island not less than 200 feet. The height of the arches of the bridge across the Ottawa River to be not less than 30 feet above high water and the interval between the abutments or piers to be not less than 200 feet; or the arches of the said bridges to be of such height above high water, the intervals between the abutments or piers to be such, and the tolls to be collected to be such, as may be approved of by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ottawa, 19th November, 1881.

22-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Mutual Benefit Association of "Sherbrooke."

21-9

E. T. BROOKS,
Solicitor for applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Stadacona Fire & Life Insurance Company, in liquidation, will apply the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend and extend the statute 43 Victoria, cap. 70, intituled "An Act to empower The Stadacona Fire & Life Insurance Company to relinquish their charter and to provide for the winding up of their affairs," and to enable them to finally close and liquidate the affairs of the said company within a fixed delay of one year to be computed from the passing of the Act prayed for; and in that view to extinguish the claims not admitted by them and not brought before the Courts within such delay; also the claims of persons unknown and not found within said delay, and also for other similar purposes.

C. A. E. GAGNON,
JOSEPH MELCHIOR BERNIER, Priest,
ALPHONSE LETELLIER,
Liquidators.

P. B. CASGRAIN,
Attorney for applicants.

21-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a Company, for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from a point on Thunder Bay at or near Prince Arthur's Landing, through the municipalities of Shuniah and Neebing, to a point on Pigeon River where it can meet a projected line of railway from Duluth to Pigeon River; with power to build a bridge across Pigeon River, and any other rivers on its route,—and to amalgamate or connect with, or obtain running powers over, any other line or lines of railway and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada.—and to build and run branches to Pigeon Bay and wherever it may be desirable and advantageous for the settlement and development of the country;—and also with power to build and run ferries, steamers, vessels and barges in connection with the said line of railway and bridges,—to be called "The Thunder Bay and Minnesota Railway Company."

EDWARD A. WILD,

Agent for the applicants.

Toronto, 10th Oct., 1881.

21-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the undersigned and others as a company to build and work a bridge for railway and other purposes across the St. Mary River at such points on the said river as the company may select, with power to amalgamate with any company in the United States, incorporated or to be incorporated for building a railway bridge across the said river, who may be willing to unite with the company so to be incorporated in Canada in order to secure a railway bridge open to all companies in Canada and the United States, upon equal terms and rates, and with equal rights and privileges.

The capital to be \$1,000,000, and the name of the Company to be "The Sault Ste. Marie Bridge Company."

WM. GOODERHAM,
GEO. A. COX,
JOHN S. NEWBERRY,
JAMES McMILLAN,
JOHN PROCTOR,
B. P. CHENEY.

Dated this 10th November, 1881.

21-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of "The Clements Steamship Company" (limited), with power to purchase, hire, acquire, own or charter steamships, sailing vessels, and all other kinds of craft including tugs and barges, and to carry on the business of common carriers of passengers and goods, forwarders and traders between the several ports and places in Canada and ports and places outside of Canada, by the said company as the said company shall think proper; also to carry on in Canada and elsewhere, as their business may require, the business of wharfingers and warehousemen, and to acquire and hold by purchase or lease all lands, wharves, docks, elevators, warehouses and other estate real and personal required for the proper and efficient working of the said business.

JAS. WENT. BINGAY,

Solicitor for applicants.

Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, 9th November 1881.

ALFRED PATRICK, Parliamentary agent.

21-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Canada and Provincial Loan Company, Limited," and empowering said company to issue stock and debentures, invest moneys on real estate, bank stock, debentures and other securities, and to purchase, hold, improve and dispose of lands and

otherwise to exercise the powers usually conferred on Loaning companies.

McDOUGALLS & GORDON,
Applicants, solicitors.

Toronto, 15th Nov., 1881.

21-9

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next Session of the Legislature of the Dominion of Canada an application will be made for an Act to empower the Portage, Westbourne and North Western Railway Company to build and operate a line of railway from the present terminus of their railway already or about to be constructed in the Province of Manitoba in a north westerly direction to a point at or near the forks of the Saskatchewan, and thence to the Peace River, with power to construct a branch south of the Saskatchewan to the mouth of that River and a branch in a southerly direction to the main line of the Canada Pacific Railway, with power also to run steamers and barges on navigable waters connected with the line.

21-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act authorizing The Trust and Loan Company of Canada, to carry on business as a Loan Company in all of the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada, with like powers as are now possessed by said Company in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, and to allow said Company to recover such rate of interest as may be agreed upon with borrowers, and to authorize the issue of debenture stock by said Company, and for other purposes.

MACDONALD, MACDONALD & MARSH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 17th November, 1881.

21-9

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by the Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, of the City of Toronto; James Beaty, the younger, of the same place, barrister at law; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterboro, in the Province of Ontario, railway manager; Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, merchant, and Frederick Charles Denison, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The British Canadian Colonization Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada,

and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars.

5. To be divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, James Beaty the younger, George A. Cox, Frederick Charles Denison and Robert Jaffray, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th Jan., 1882.

29-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described, will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters patent under the great seal granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Medical Specialities Manufacturing Company."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are the manufacturing and selling of drugs, medicines and medical specialties of all kinds and descriptions, throughout the Dominion of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is (\$8,000) eight thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be eighty, and the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows, namely:—The Honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, of the City of Montreal, Queen's Counsel; Thomas Craig Fields, Gentleman, and George Simpson, merchant, both of the Parish of St. Andrews, in the said Province of Quebec; James Muir, of the said City of Montreal, real estate agent, and George Bury, of the City of Montreal, accountant; the three first named of whom, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882.

29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Simeon Jones, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, banker; Howard Douglas Troop, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; The Hon. Isaac Burpee, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Member of the Parliament of Canada; Jeremiah Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; William Frederick Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; John Stewart, of the said City of St. John, merchant; James Vaughan, of the City of Liverpool, in England, G.B., merchant; George McLeod, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Thomas Furlong, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Henry Roycroft Ranney, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, insurance agent; the Honorable Abner Reid McClellan, of Hopewell, Albert County, in the Province of New Brunswick, senator,—for letters patent to constitute them and others who may become shareholders hereafter, a body corporate under the name of "New Brunswick Steam Ship Company, limited."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: to purchase, construct, acquire, charter, hire, sell, lease, repair and operate steamboats, sailing vessels and other vessels of all kinds and to carry on therewith the business of common carriers, forwarders, traders and the conveyance of mails, the transportation of passengers, merchandise and all such business as is usually carried on by Ocean steamers and sailing vessels, between Canada, Great Britain and other countries; also tugs, barges and all other kinds of vessels used in harbour and navigable waters.

To purchase, construct, acquire, hire, lease, and own wharves, warehouses and other buildings; slips, piers, docks, dockyards, tramways, elevators and work the same; to establish shops and stores and vend articles of ship stores and merchandise therein as may be requisite and necessary for the carrying on of said business, with power to sell and dispose of or exchange for other property when not required for the purposes of said Company, also power to make, draw, accept and endorse promissory notes, bills of exchange, drafts or bank cheques requisite in the company's interest, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainments of the above objects.

The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the City of St. John, Province of New Brunswick, and at such other places in the several Provinces of the Dominion as the directors may from time to time determine; and its chief place of business will be in the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100.00 each. The said Isaac Burpee, Jeremiah Harrison, Simeon Jones, Thomas Furlong, Howard D. Troop, John Stewart, George McLeod, Hon. Abner Reid McClelan, and James Vaughan of Liverpool, a major part of whom are residents in Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

St. John, N.B., 10th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey any real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company

will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 7th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, by Louis Bredannaz, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, carriage-maker, Edmond Armant, of the same place, chemist, Frederick Aiken Howland, of Lambton Mills, in the Province of Ontario, miller; Allen John Stephens, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, manufacturer; Oliver Aiken Howland, of the same place, barrister, and Samuel Trees, of the said City of Toronto, merchant, for letters patent incorporating the "Toronto Patent Wheel and Waggon Company, (Limited)" for the purpose of manufacturing, selling, and dealing in all kinds of vehicles and acquiring and working patents relating thereto.

Chief place of business, at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario. Capital, \$25,000, divided into 250 shares of \$100 each.

Provisional Directors, the above named Louis Bredannaz, Edmond Armant, Frederick Aiken Howland, Allen John Stephens and Samuel Trees.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,
Solicitors for applicants.

December 28th, 1881.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ottawa and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$200,000, in 2,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Francis Clemow, of the City of Ottawa, coal merchant; Charles T. Bate, of Ottawa, President of the Ottawa Gas Company;

Charles Magee, of Ottawa, Real Estate Agent; Robert Blackburn, of New Edinburgh, in the County of Carleton, merchant; the Honorable Richard W. Scott, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Henry N. Bate, of Ottawa, merchant; Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Edward Anderson C. Pew, of the Town of Welland, Province of Ontario, Esquire, Alexander Fraser, of Westmeath, in the County of Renfrew, lumber merchant, and James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the Province of Quebec, President of the Bank of Ottawa.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional Directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, the 4th day of January, 1882. 28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, by Redmond Brough, civil engineer; Henry O'Brien, barrister; Thomas Dill, mechanical engineer; William A. Browne, civil engineer; and Robert Roddy, clerk of the Corporation of Toronto, all of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, for Letters Patent incorporating the Canadian Patent Rail, Joint and Supply Company for the purpose of acquiring and working patents for improvements in railway rails, plant and supply and for the construction and manufacture of such rails plant and supplies, with its chief place of business at Toronto in the Province of Ontario, with a capital stock of \$20,000 divided into 1,000 shares of \$20 each. Of the above applicants the following are provisional directors of the company: Redmond Brough, Henry O'Brien and Thomas Dill.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,

Solicitors for applicants.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Mark Cohen, of the City of Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, merchant, Samuel Davis, merchant, Alexander Saunders, merchant, Lewis Saunders, merchant, Moise Schwob, merchant, Asher Ansell, merchant, John Moss, merchant, Hyam D. Moss, merchant; Bendix A. Boas, merchant, of the city of Montreal, Quebec, Mark Samuels, merchant, Alfred David Benjamin, merchant, Emanuel Samuels, merchant, of the city of Toronto, Ontario, and Edmund Scheuer of the city of Hamilton, Ontario, merchant; to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The International Colonization Company, of Canada, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve, and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada; to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting, on any terms or system that may be considered advisable; to stock the same lands, and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce; to work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral produce of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booning grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company, and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same,

assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money, or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal estate for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars, in one hundred thousand shares of ten dollars each.

5. The above mentioned applicants, who are all subjects of Her Majesty are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

Montreal, 5th January, 1882.

28-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of a company in and by the name "The Temperance Colonization Society."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) With power to contract with the purchasers and settlers of the lands that intoxicating liquor or alcoholic beverages shall not be manufactured or sold in the settlement.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$2,000,000

5. There are to be 20,000, (twenty thousand) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants: that is to say, the following residing in the City of Toronto, George Maclean Rose, publisher; William Pemberton

Page, editor of the *Canadian Farmer*; Arthur Farley, merchant; John N. Lake, land agent; Joseph Alpheus Livingston, manufacturer and importer; William Gooderham, President of the Toronto and Nipissing Railway; David Millar, merchant; Henry O'Hara, Insurance Agent; Daniel Rose, publisher; Joseph B. King, Grand Secretary Independent Order of Oddfellows; R. S. Hudson, inspector; J. Herbert Bartlett, Manager Toronto Bridge Company; Joseph Wild, Doctor of Divinity; J. Watson Hughes, commission merchant; John Potts, Doctor of Divinity; William J. Hunter, Doctor of Divinity, George B. Sparling, Professor Upper Canada College; W. K. Dickson, commission merchant; Samuel White, capitalist; F. Marriott, accountant; Arthur Worth, accountant; Joseph Lucas, Assistant Inspector Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company; W. Lowrey, accountant; N. Willcocks, accountant; R. K. Robb, accountant; G. H. Hall, accountant; Charles Marriott, commercial traveller; W. R. Smallpiece, commercial traveller; C. T. Leonard, attorney at law; J. R. Davis, accountant; J. D. Moulton, commercial agent; B. H. Vidal, Barrister; A. J. Williams, attorney at law; William Reford, commission merchant; W. B. Close, real estate agent; D. W. Clendenan, barrister; William Baillie, merchant; Ghent Davis, Gentleman, David Henderson Gentleman; J. R. Adamson, Gentleman; S. G. Chamberlain, Gentleman; W. N. Harris, merchant; H. B. Hunt, merchant; Curran Morrison, barrister; George Patterson, merchant; Fred Winstanley, Gentleman; Wesley A. Law, proprietor commercial agency; J. B. Nixon, commission merchant; H. B. Blachford, merchant; W. H. H. Mussen, gentleman; Frederick Weir Harcourt, solicitor, F. S. Smith, gentleman; C. E. Blachford, merchant John C. Forbes, artist; J. J. Toukin, merchant; Thomas H. Gilmour, gentleman; D. W. Alexander, merchant; John C. Hurst, insurance agent; E. A. Childs, merchant; Robert Houghton, gentleman; Berry Moore, merchant; Thomas McCracken, lumber merchant; George W. Torrance, merchant; Henry E. Caston, barrister; David S. Keith, merchant; Thomas T. Rolph, barrister, and William Oldright, physician and surgeon; the following residing in the City of Hamilton: J. C. White, merchant; William Clark, farmer; Lawrence C. Lee, farmer, and Thomas Griffith, clergyman, and S. W. Hill, of Ridgeville, farmer; A. Gifford, of Meaford, farmer; William Blair, M.P.P., of Truro, Nova Scotia; Ambrose Willcox of Springfield, merchant; J. G. Robinson, of Belleville, President of the Hastings Loan Company and Treasurer of Albert College; W. H. Moss, of Granton, clergyman; James McLean, of Mount Pleasant, mill owner; Thomas Keyes, of St. Catherine's, farmer; the Hon. David Reesor, of Yorkville, senator; George Douglas, of Montreal, Doctor of Divinity; E. A. Telfer, of London, England, clergyman; James A. Hall, of Peterboro, Sheriff; G. W. Grant, of Granton, gentleman; M. W. Minthorne, of Stratford, commercial traveller; J. A. Musgrove, broker, and W. H. Musgrove, and J. T. Musgrove, clergymen, all of Philadelphia, in the United States of America; W. H. Hornby, of Brampton, farmer; W. C. Hamilton, of Goderich, merchant; George Cox, of London, Ontario, gentleman; George Jackson, of Downsview, land owner; N. B. Colcock, of Welland, merchant; M. S. Smith, farmer, and John McIntyre, both of Tilsonburg; David D. Hay, of Listowell, Division Court Clerk; J. M. Bond, of Guelph, merchant; Charles Turner, of Davenport, clergyman; H. H. Bridgland, of Downsview aforesaid, land owner; Robert Barber, of Streetsville, merchant; W. H. Storey, of Acton, merchant; John R. Barber, of Georgetown, merchant; Thomas Webster, of Brantford, Grand Scribe Sons of Temperance; James Daly, of Brampton, farmer, and Isaac Simpson, of Kingston, private banker; Of whom the said George Maclean Rose, William Pemberton Page, Arthur Farley, John N. Lake, and Joseph Alpheus Livingston are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company.

McCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB, & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for applicants,

Dated at Toronto, this 4th day of January, 1882.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Robert Irving Walker, of the City of Toronto, merchant; Reverend William Bee, of the same place, Methodist Minister; Robert Walker, of the same place, merchant; Reverend Thomas Griffith, of the Town of Brampton, Methodist Minister; Robert John Fleming, of the City of Toronto, merchant,—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Primitive Methodist Colonization Company," (Limited.)

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges; the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one hundred thousand dollars.

5. To be divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Robert Irving Walker, William Bee, Robert Walker, Thomas Griffith and Robert John Fleming are to be first or provisional Directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th December, 1881.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, by Frederick Ardlie Fitzgerald, of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, oil refiner; John Walker, of the same place, manufacturer; Thomas Allen Stevens, of the same place, manufacturer; Joseph Seymour Fallows, of the same place, oil refiner; William Pearce Turner, of the same place, manufacturer; Frank Beemer Scovel, of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, one of the United States of America, mechanical engineer; James Burns, of the said City of London, manufacturer, and Thomas H. Tracy, of the said City of London, civil engineer, for letters patent under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," constituting the applicants and such others as may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ball Electric Light Company, (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to manufacture and deal in electrical machines and appliances of all kinds; to purchase or sell patents of invention for electrical inventions of any kinds and licenses for using the same; to erect and construct lines of wire and other appliances for and

to supply electric light or power, and generally to supply electricity or electrical appliances for all purposes for which they are applicable.

3. The chief place of business of the company shall be in the City of London, Ontario, but other places of business may be established from time to time throughout Canada as the company may require.

4. The intended amount of capital of the said company shall be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is five thousand and the amount of each share is one hundred dollars.

6. The applicants shall be the first directors of the company.

W. W. FITZGERALD,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at London, Ont., 10th October, 1881. 27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for Letters Patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Canadian Manufacturer Publishing Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the printing and publishing of newspapers, books, pamphlets, periodicals, and information for the promotion of manufacturing and commercial industries in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the Company will be Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock in the first instance will be \$5,000.

5. The number of shares will be fifty, and the value of each share, \$100.

The names in full and the addresses and callings of the applicants, are respectively as follows: Frederick Nicholls, Toronto, journalist; Thomas Cowan, Galt, manufacturer; Thomas D. Wardlaw, Galt, manufacturer; James S. Wardlaw, Galt, manufacturer; Henry Bickford, Dundas, manufacturer; James Young, Hamilton, manufacturer; Hamilton Young, manufacturer; Samuel J. Leonard, Dundas, manufacturer.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional Directors.

F. M. McDOUGALL,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa this 28th of December, A.D., 1881. 27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month from the last publication of this notice, application will be made by the persons hereinafter named, to the Governor in Council, at Ottawa, for a charter under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic.

The proposed name of the company is "The Toronto, Manitoba, and North West Land Company, Limited."

The company seek incorporation for the purpose of issuing stock, purchasing, holding, improving and leasing or selling lands, freehold and leasehold.

The chief place of business of the company will be at the City of Toronto.

The amount of capital stock will be one hundred thousand dollars in two thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

The applicants are Alexander Manning, Esquire, Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, Esquire, Abraham William Lauder, Esquire, William Scott, contractor, John Small, Gentleman, George Burrowes Gordon, Esquire, Horace Thorne, Esquire, William James Baines, broker, Andrew Heron, Gentleman, William Henry

Knowlton, merchant, and Thomas Davies, brewer, all of the City of Toronto.

The said Alexander Manning, Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, John Small, William Henry Knowlton, Horace Thorne and Thomas Davies are to be the provisional directors of said company.

McDOUGALLS & GORDON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Toronto, 20th December, 1881. 26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned, and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic, by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Eureka Woolen Mill Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are the manufacture of woolen cloths of all descriptions, and the owning or hiring of buildings necessary therefor.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be Lower Hopewell, in the County of Pictou, and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is thirty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be three thousand and the value of each share ten dollars.

The names in full and the addresses of and callings of each of the applicants are:

James McKay, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; James W. Grant, Hopewell, Pictou County, miller; Isaac McNaughton, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; John Ross, New Glasgow, Pictou County, farmer; Henry S. Pool, Stellarton, Pictou County, coal mine manager; Henry B. Kendrick, Riverton, Pictou County, manufacturer; Robert A. Walker, New Glasgow, Pictou County, merchant; Isaac A. Grant, Pictou, Pictou County, merchant; Robert P. Fraser, Pictou, Pictou County, druggist; Joseph McNaughton, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; Duncan C. Fraser, New Glasgow, Pictou County, barrister. The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 17th day of December A.D. 1881. 26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council, under the provisions of 40 Vic., chap. 43, by William Van Duzer Lawrence, merchant, Ebenezer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, cashier, all of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and John Myeth, merchant, and Frank H. Myeth, merchant, both of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, one of the United States of America, for letters patent to incorporate them and such others as may become shareholders in the said company, as a body politic and corporate under the name of "Apothecaries Hall Co." (Limited) of Montreal.

The object for which incorporation is sought is the manufacturing, buying and selling drugs, chemicals, toilet articles, proprietary medicines, etc., within the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

The principal place of business of said company shall be in the City of Montreal.

The capital stock of the said company shall be one hundred thousand dollars, divided into one hundred shares each one thousand dollars.

The provisional directors of said company shall be the said William Van Duzer Lawrence, John Myeth and John Stephen Bates.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Attorneys for applicants.

Montreal, 19th December, 1881. 26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent incorporating the undermentioned applicants and those who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is the "Canada Jute Company, (Limited)."

2. The purpose for which incorporation is sought is, the making, manufacturing and selling of bags, and the importing, buying and selling of all materials required in the making and manufacturing thereof.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five hundred; the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, are as follows:

The Honorable John Hamilton, Senator, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Alexander Murray, merchant, John McDougall, manufacturer, Joshua Collins, merchant,—all of the said city of Montreal; who are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

Dated at Montreal, this twentieth day of December, 1881.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Attorneys for solicitors.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by the Honourable George William Allan, of the City of Toronto, Senator of the Dominion of Canada; Thomas Sutherland Stayner, of the City of Toronto, Director of the Canadian Bank of Commerce; John Henry Grasett Hagarty, of the City of Toronto, shipping and commission merchant; Henry James Grasett, the younger, of the City of Toronto, shipping and commission merchant, and Frederick William Kingstone, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law,—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Toronto Steam Navigation Company, (Limited)."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to carry on a passenger, freight and general forwarding business on Lakes Ontario, Huron, Superior, Michigan and Erie, and the River St. Lawrence and the other lakes, rivers, canals and navigable waters connected therewith or flowing thereinto or therefrom; and to construct, own, charter, lease, purchase, or dispose of steamships, vessels, tramways, wharves, docks, warehouses and such other property as may be or become necessary or desirable in connection with the carrying on of such business.

The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on upon and near the navigable waters aforesaid, and its chief place of business is to be at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

The capital stock of the company is to be two hundred thousand dollars in two thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The said George William Allan, Thomas Sutherland Stayner and Frederick William Kingstone, all of whom are residents of Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

F. W. KINGSTONE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 15th December, 1881.

25-6 29-4

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of the present notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent of incorporation of the Dominion Barb Wire Company.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is to be "Dominion Barb Wire Company, (limited)."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought, is the manufacturing and selling of barb wire.

3. The place within the Dominion of Canada which is to be the chief place of business of the said company is the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be one hundred, and the amount of each share six hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are James Cooper, merchant, and Frederick Fairman, merchant, both of the City and District of Montreal; Francis T. Sherman and Eben J. Marsh, both of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, manufacturers, and Jane Knight, of the City of Montreal, wife duly separated as to property of the said James Cooper, and Harriet J. Latham, also of the said City of Montreal, wife duly separated as to property of the said Frederick Fairman.

7. The said James Cooper, Frederick Fairman and Eben J. Marsh, are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, the major part of whom are resident in Canada.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 15th December, 1881.

25-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

SOURIS AND ROCKY MOUNTAIN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of said company, No. 13, Wellington Street East, Toronto, on Thursday, the second day of February, 1882, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing Directors of the company for the ensuing year, and confirming By-laws, and for any other business that may lawfully come before said meeting.

ALEXANDER GEMMEL,
Secretary.

Toronto, 7th January, 1882.

29-2

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four (4) per cent. on the capital stock of the Bank of Nova Scotia, has this day been declared, for the current half-year, and will be payable at any office of the Bank, on or after Wednesday, 1st February next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 14th prox., till the 1st February inclusive.

By order of the Board,

THOS. FYSHE,
Cashier.

Halifax, 31st December, 1881.

29-1

KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general annual meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held at the Company's offices in the City of Kingston, at noon on Wednesday the 8th day of February 1882.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Sec. Treas.

THE ONTARIO AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, will be held at the company's principal office, No. 18 King Street West, in the City of Toronto, on Tuesday the seventh day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the general business of the company.

By order,

H. W. MANTON,
Secy. Treas. *pro tem.*

Dated 9th January, 1882.

29-4

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the provisional directors of the Winnipeg and Hudson's Bay Railway and Steamship Company will be held at my office, No. 10, York Street, Ottawa, on the 26th day of January 1882, at 2 p. m. for the purpose of receiving plans of surveys, the opening of stock books and general business.

JOSEPH RIOPELLE,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Ottawa, 10th January, 1882.

29-2

NOTICE.—Pursuant to the Statutes and By-law in that behalf, the general annual meeting of the shareholders of the Manitoba South-Western Colonization Railway Company, for the election of directors and other general purposes, will be held at the general office of the company in the City of Winnipeg, Province of Manitoba, Dominion of Canada, on Wednesday, the first day of February 1882, and will begin at eleven o'clock a. m.

By order of the Board of Directors,

J. H. HAMMOND,
Secretary.

Winnipeg, 4th January, 1882.

29-3

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent on the paid-up capital stock of the Pictou Bank, for the half-year ending 31st Dec., 1881, has this day been declared and will be payable at any office of the Bank, on and after Wednesday, 1st February.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th till the 31st January inclusive.

By order of the Board,

THOMAS WATSON,
Manager.

Pictou, N. S., 3rd January, 1882.

28-4

MERCHANTS' BANK OF HALIFAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent on the paid-up capital of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax has been this day declared for the current half-year, and will be payable at the Banking House, on Monday, 23rd January next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 8th till the 23rd January—both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

GEORGE MACLEAN,
Cashier.

22nd December, 1881.

28-3

THE annual meeting of the shareholders of the Pictou Bank for the election of Directors and other business will be held in Grant's Hall, Pictou, at 11 o'clock a. m., on Wednesday, the 25th day of January, 1882.

By order of the Board,

THOMAS WATSON,
Manager.

Pictou, 31st Dec., 1881.

28-4

NOTICE.—The Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company hereby give notice that they will pay and redeem at the Banking House of Messrs. R. P. Flower & Co., in the City of New York, on the first day of July, 1882, all the bonds and debentures and interest coupons thereto attached issued by the said company and dated at Kingston, Ontario, the first day of January, 1880.

This notice is given in pursuance of the proviso in each of said bonds contained, and after the first day of July, 1882, interest on the principal sums mentioned in said bonds respectively shall cease.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Dated at Kingston, Ontario, this 27th day of December, 1881.

27-4

ATLANTIC AND NORTH-WEST RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Atlantic and North-West Railway Company, will be held at the offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Montreal, on Wednesday, the 1st day of February, 1882, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors, transacting the business of the company whether general or special, and electing Directors for the ensuing year.

HARRY CUTT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 28th Dec, 1881.

27-5

LA BANQUE DE ST. HYACINTHE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current six months, and will be payable at the office of said Bank on and after Wednesday, the first of February next.

The transfer books will be closed from the first to the fifteenth of February next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held on Wednesday, the 15th February next, at 11 o'clock a.m.

By order of the directors,

R. St. JACQUES.

Cashier.

St. Hyacinthe, 20th December, 1881.

26-5

KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a second call of five per cent. on the new issue of the capital stock of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company has been made this day, by the directors of the said company, and that the same is payable on or before the 24th of January, 1882, at the office of the company in Kingston.

And a third call of ten per cent. on the new issue is now made, and that the same is payable on or before the 24th of February, 1882, at the office of the company in Kingston.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Sec. and Treas. K. & P. R.

Dated this 17th December, 1881.

26-4

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the stockholders of the Ontario Bank will be held on Tuesday, the 24th day of January next, at the Banking House of the Bank in the City of Toronto, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the resignation of the whole Board of Directors, to make by-laws relating to the appointment of scrutineers, the mode of filling up vacancies in the Board of Directors, and for the transaction and consideration of all matters whatsoever which might be considered

or transacted at an annual general meeting of the said stockholders.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank, Toronto, 7th Dec. 1881.

24-7

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city and at its Branches on and after Monday, the second day of January next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st of December next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at its Banking House in this city on Monday the sixteenth day of January next.

Chair to be taken at three o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board,

J. E. BRAIS,

Cashier.

Montreal, 24th November, 1881.

22-8

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU GOUVERNEMENT de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 23 décembre 1881.

DAVID McCULLOCH, de la cité d'Hamilton, écuyer ;
Percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

9 janvier 1882.

W. H. PURDY, de St. Jean, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick, écuyer ; Surintendant Maritime (*Shipping Master*) pour le port de St. Jean, dans la dite province, *vice* Allan McLean, écuyer, décédé.

10 janvier 1882.

FRANCIS GIBAUT, de Percé, dans la Province de Québec, gentilhomme ; Officier préposé au débarquement et examinateur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

12 janvier 1882.

AMÉDÉE DAVIGNON, de St. Jean, dans la province de Québec, gentilhomme ; Officier préposé au débarquement et examinateur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

ERRATUM.—Dans la "*Gazette du Canada*" d 131 décembre dernier, au lieu des mots : "Samuel Shaw Lazier, écuyer, juge junior de la cour de comté du comté de Hastings, dans la province d'Ontario ; Juge de la cour de comté du comté de Hastings, dans la dite province" lisez "Thomas Appleby Lazier, etc."

PROCLAMATIONS.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
Général,
Administrateur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.

—SALUT:

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que l'Assemblée de Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogée au quatrième jour de février prochain, NÉANMOINS, pour certaines causes et considérations, Nous AVONS JUGÉ A PROPOS de le proroger de nouveau à JEUDI le NEUVIÈME jour du mois de FÉVRIER prochain, de manière que ni vous ni aucun de vous, n'êtes tenus de vous trouver en Notre Cité d'Ottawa le dit quatrième jour de février prochain ; car Nous voulons que vous et chacun de vous à cet égard soyez exonérés ; vous commandant et par ces présentes, vous enjoignant, et à chacun de vous et tous autres y intéressés, de vous trouver personnellement en Notre dite CITÉ d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le NEUVIÈME jour du mois de FÉVRIER prochain, pour l'EXPÉDITION DES AFFAIRES, et y traiter, agir et conclure sur les matières qui, par la faveur de Dieu, en Notre dit Parlement du Canada, pourront, par le Conseil Commun de Notre dite Puissance, être ordonnés.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Général Sir PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Chevalier Commandeur de l'Ordre Très-distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Administrateur du gouvernement du Canada et Commandant des Forces de Sa Majesté en icelui, etc., etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce VINGT-QUATRIÈME jour de DECEMBRE, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-une, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,

Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 11e jour de janvier 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU
GOUVERNEMENT EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le lieutenant-gouverneur de la province du Manitoba, avec le concours de l'Assemblée législative de cette province a adopté, le 25e jour de mai 1881, l'acte ci-dessous mentionné qui a été transmis, intitulé comme suit :

"Acte pour constituer en corps politique la compagnie du chemin de fer Sud-est de Winnipeg."

Et attendu que le dit acte a été placé devant l'administrateur du gouvernement en conseil avec un rapport du ministre des chemins de fer et canaux et du ministre de la Justice recommandant que le dit acte soit désavoué,—

Il a plu en conséquence à Son Excellence l'administrateur du gouvernement, par et de l'avis de Son conseil privé, de déclarer aujourd'hui son désaveu du dit acte, et le dit acte est en conséquence désavoué.

Ce dont le lieutenant-gouverneur de la province du Manitoba et toute autre personne que les présentes concernent devront prendre avis pour agir en conséquence.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

Je, Sir Patrick Leonard MacDougall, administrateur du gouvernement du Canada, certifie par les présentes que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné adopté par la législature du Manitoba le 25e jour de mai A.D. 1881 intitulé : "Acte pour constituer en corps politique la compagnie du chemin de fer du sud-est de Winnipeg" a été reçu par moi le 22e jour de novembre A.D. 1881.

Donné sous mes seing et sceau ce 11e jour de janvier 1882.

(L.S.) P. L. MacDOUGALL, général,
29-3 Administrateur.

ORDRES GENERAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX,

OTTAWA, 13 janvier 1882.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (1).

No. 1.

Acte relatif à l'armée impériale et autres actes, 1881.

Vu que la milice du Canada d'après les clauses du 31 Vic. cap. 40, sec. 64, est sujette aux lois applicables aux troupes de Sa Majesté en Canada qui ne sont pas contraires à cet acte, le memorandum suivant du général commandant les troupes régulières de Sa Majesté à Halifax, Nouvelle-Ecosse, est publié afin de se guider et obtenir l'uniformité dans la manière de pratiquer la discipline dans la milice du Canada, de ce jour :—

" Halifax, 27 décembre 1881.

MEMORANDUM touchant l'acte relatif à l'armée 1881 ;
et l'acte relatif aux règlements des Forces 1881 ;
et règles de procédure.

1. Copie de l'ordre général émané au reçu des actes ci-dessus.

" QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX, HALIFAX, N.E.
25 octobre, 1881.

" 1. En conformité de la section 191 de l'acte " relatif à l'armée 1881, et de la section 52 (b) de " l'acte relatif aux règlements des Forces 1861, l'acte " relatif à l'armée 1881 et l'acte relatif aux règle- " ments des Forces 1881, deviendront en vigueur " dans ce gouvernement le 27 octobre 1881.

" On appelle l'attention des officiers commandants " et des chefs de bureaux sur l'ordre général 112, 1881, " spécialement émané le 21 septembre 1881, et sur les " appendices A et B relatifs aux actes ci-dessus men- " tionnés.

" Les règles de procédure faites d'après l'acte rela- " tif à l'armée 1881, ne deviendront en vigueur que " le 1er janvier 1882."

2. L'acte relatif aux règlements des Forces fut reçu ici en même temps que les actes relatifs à l'armée. La partie II (à de légères exceptions près) et la partie III. Sec. 50 de l'acte relatif aux règlements des Forces sont revoquées par la 5e cédula de l'acte relatif à l'armée 1881.

3. Les nouvelles règles de procédure avec des formules d'accusation amendées et les procédures des conseils de guerre seront en vigueur le 1er janvier 1882. A présent nous suivons les règles de procédure faites d'après l'acte relatif à la discipline de l'armée 1879."

No. 2.

RÈGLEMENTS DE LA MILICE, 1879.

Officiers non-combattants en possession d'un grade réel.

L'addition de ce qui suit au paragraphe 45 a été autorisée et formera le sous paragraphe (a) :—

(a) Un officier ayant obtenu un grade réel comme officier combattant et ayant par la suite accepté une nomination de non-combattant ne pourra se prévaloir de son grade de combattant tant qu'il conservera sa dernière nomination.

No. 3.

Ecoles d'instruction militaire.

Relativement au No. 4 des Ordres Généraux (24) du 14 octobre 1881, nul officier ou sous-officier faisant partie d'un corps de la milice active de la ville ou l'école qu'il suit est établie ne recevra d'indemnités soit de route soit personnelles.

No. 4.

COLLÈGE MILITAIRE ROYAL DU CANADA.

Le monsieur dont le nom est ci-dessous ayant passé son examen en juin 1881 et ayant obtenu un certificat du bureau d'examineurs aux quartiers généraux, et s'étant depuis conformé à certaines formalités spéciales, est admis en qualité d'élève au Collège Militaire Royal du Canada.

NOM ET RÉSIDENCE.	POINTS.		
	Sujets		Total.
	Obli- ga- toires.	Facul- tatifs.	
Norman Guy von Hugel, Port Hope, Ont	2211	4127	6338

No. 5.

Etat-Major.

Le lieutenant-colonel Casimir Stanislas Gzowski, officier d'état-major du génie du Canada et aide-de-camp honoraire de la Reine, aura le grade de colonel dans la milice du 24 mai 1879, cette date étant celle de sa nomination en qualité d'aide-de-camp honoraire de la Reine.

No. 6.

MILICE ACTIVE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

Brigade d'artillerie de place de Montréal.

Sont nommés capitaines :

1er lieutenant Frederick Minden Cole, E.d'A., vice George W. Hamilton, qui a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer et de conserver son grade.

1er lieutenant Robert Morris Birks, E.d'A., vice Molson, qui s'est retiré.

Sont nommés lieutenants, provisoirement :

David Stevenson, gentilhomme, vice Birks, promu.
William Henry Arnton, gentilhomme, vice Whitley, promu.

11e bataillon d'infanterie "Argenteuil Rangers."

Compagnie No. 5, East Gore.

Le capitaine George Sherritt a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer et de conserver son grade.

53e bataillon d'infanterie "Sherbrooke."

Le lieutenant-colonel William E. Ibbotson est, par le présent, mis sur la liste des officiers en retraite tout en conservant son grade.

70e bataillon d'infanterie "Champlain."

Compagnie No. 5, Ste. Anne de la Pêrade.

Est nommé capitaine :

Lieutenant Jeffrey Rousseau, E.M., vice Philippe A. Tessier, qui a laissé les limites.

Est nommé lieutenant, provisoirement :

Sergent Tancrede Brunet, vice J. Rousseau, promu.

Le 2nd lieutenant A. George Beaudry ayant laissé les limites, son nom est, par le présent, retranché du cadre des officiers de la milice active.

81e bataillon d'infanterie "Portneuf."

Compagnie No. 3, Deschambault.

La démission du 2nd lieutenant J. Maurice Croteau est par le présent acceptée.

83e bataillon d'infanterie "Joliette."

Compagnie No. 3, Joliette.

Memo.—Vu le No. 4 des Ordres Généraux (28) 16 décembre 1881, dans lequel Joseph Edouard Parent est nommé lieutenant, omettez "2nd."

Bataillon provisoire d'infanterie de Dorchester.

Compagnie No. 4, Ste Justine.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

Etienne Coulombe, gentilhomme, vice Cayouette, qui a laissé les limites.

Bataillon provisoire d'infanterie de Kamouraska.

Compagnie No. 4, St. Denis.

Est nommé capitaine :

Lieutenant Napoléon Langlois, E.M., vice A. Thomas Michaud, qui a laissé les limites.

No. 7.

CERTIFICATS ACCORDÉS.

ÉCOLES ROYALES D'ARTILLERIE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

CERTIFICATS DE PREMIÈRE CLASSE "COURS ABRÉGÉ."

Artillerie.

Capitaine C. J. Q. Coursol, 65e bataillon.

Fonctionnaire-bombardier A. Rough, batterie "A" E.d'A.R.

do A. Savignac, do

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel

Adjudant Général de la Milice, Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

RÈGLEMENTS CONCERNANT LES TERRES FÉDÉRALES.

Les règlements suivants concernant la vente et la colonisation des terres fédérales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest seront, à dater du 1er janvier 1882, substitués aux règlements maintenant en force portant la date du 25 mai dernier.

1. Les terres arpentées dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest seront classées comme suit pour les fins des présents règlements :

Classe A.—Terres situées d'un côté ou l'autre de la voie principale du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique et de ses voies de raccordement dans un rayon de vingt-quatre milles.

Classe B.—Terres situées d'un côté ou l'autre de tout chemin de fer projeté (autre que le chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique) approuvé par un ordre en Conseil publié dans la *Gazette du Canada*, dans un rayon de douze milles.

Classe C.—Terres situées au sud de la voie principale du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique et non comprises dans les classes A ou B.

Classe D.—Terres autres que celles comprises dans les classes A, B et C.

2. Les sections portant des numéros pairs dans toutes les classes précédentes seront réservées exclusivement pour les établissements (homesteads) et les préemptions.

a. Excepté pour la classe D où elles pourront être affectées par les arrangements de colonisation tel que ci-après pourvu.

b. Excepté là où il sera nécessaire de fournir des lots à bois aux colons.

c. Excepté dans les cas où le ministre de l'Intérieur, sous l'autorité des actes concernant les terres fédérales, jugera nécessaire de retirer certaines terres et de les vendre par encan public ou autrement en disposer suivant l'ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil.

3. Les sections portant des numéros impairs dans la classe A sont réservées pour la compagnie du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique.

4. Les sections portant des numéros impairs dans les classes B et C seront offertes en vente au prix de \$2.50 l'acre, payable au temps de la vente :

a. Excepté dans les cas où il en aura été ou il en sera autrement disposé par le Gouverneur en Conseil.

5. Les sections portant des numéros impairs dans la classe D seront offertes en vente au prix de \$2.00 l'acre, payable au temps de la vente.

a. Excepté dans les cas où il y en aura été ou il en sera autrement disposé par le Gouverneur en Conseil.

b. Excepté les terres affectées par les arrangements de colonisation, tel que ci-après pourvu.

6. Les personnes qui, après l'arpentage, mais avant l'émission de l'ordre en conseil du 9 octobre 1879, excluant les sections de nombre impair de l'inscription comme établissement (homestead), ont pris possession de certaines terres dans les sections de nombre impair, en y résidant et en la cultivant, obtiendront la permission, si elles continuent de les occuper, de faire une inscription comme établissement (homestead), et préemption tout comme si ces sections étaient de nombre pair.

PREEMPTIONS.

7. Les prix pour les lots de préemption seront comme suit :

Pour les terres dans les classes A, B et C, \$2.50 l'acre.

Pour les terres dans la classe D, \$2.00 l'acre.

Le paiement sera fait en une somme à l'expiration des trois années qui suivront la date de l'inscription ou aussitôt que le colon pourra sous l'autorité des actes concernant les terres fédérales obtenir des lettres patentes pour l'établissement [homestead] auquel appartient telle préemption.

COLONISATION.

Plan No. 1.

8. Des arrangements pourront être entrepris avec un particulier ou une compagnie (ci-après appelés la personne) pour la colonisation de lisières de terre aux conditions suivantes :—

a. Le requérant devra convaincre le gouvernement de sa bonne foi et de son habileté dans l'accomplissement des stipulations contenues dans ces règlements.

b. La lisière de terre accordée à une personne sera dans la classe D.

9. Les sections de nombre impair comprise dans telle lisière pourront être vendues à la personne moyennant \$2.00 l'acre, payable un cinquième comptant au temps de la signature du contrat, et la balance en quatre versements annuels égaux, à dater de là. La personne paiera aussi au gouvernement cinq centins par acre pour l'arpentage de la terre achetée par elle, cette somme payable en quatre versements annuels égaux aux mêmes dates que les versements sur le prix d'achat. Un intérêt de six pour cent par année sera chargé sur tous les versements dus pour le passé.

a. La personne devra coloniser sa lisière de terre dans les cinq ans qui suivent la date du contrat.

b. Cette colonisation consistera à établir deux colons sur les établissements (homesteads) sur chaque section de nombre pair et de même deux colons sur chaque section de nombre impair.

c. La personne pourra être garantie pour les avances faites aux colons sur les établissements (homesteads) en conformité de la 10^e section de l'Acte 44 Vict., chap. 16, (l'acte adopté en 1881 pour amender les actes concernant les terres fédérales.)

d. Les établissements (homesteads) de 160 acres seront la propriété du colon, et ce dernier aura le droit d'acheter le lot de préemption appartenant à son établissement (homestead) moyennant \$2.00 l'acre payables en une seule somme à l'expiration des trois années qui suivent la date de l'inscription, ou plus à bonne heure suivant que le dit colon pourra en conformité des actes concernant les terres fédérales obtenir des lettres-patentes pour son établissement (homestead.)

e. Lorsque le colon sur un établissement (homestead) ne prend pas le lot de préemption auquel il a droit, il est loisible à la personne dans les trois mois qui suivront la perte de tel droit pour le dit colon, d'acheter le susdit lot au prix de \$2.00 l'acre, payables au comptant lors de l'achat.

10. En considération de la colonisation opérée sur sa lisière de terre de la manière indiquée dans la sous-section b de la clause précédente, il sera accordé à la personne une diminution de la moitié du prix d'achat original des sections de nombre impair dans sa lisière.

a. Durant chacune des cinq années couvertes par le contrat, il sera fait une énumération des colons placés par la personne sur sa lisière, en conformité de la sous-section b de la clause 9 de ces règlements, et pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* ainsi trouvé une diminution de cent vingt piastres sera mise au crédit de la personne; mais le total de ces sommes ainsi mises au crédit de la personne ne devra pas excéder celle de cent vingt piastres pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* trouvé sur la dite lisière de terre, en conformité de la susdite sous-section au temps de la dernière énumération.

b. A l'expiration des cinq années il sera fait une énumération des colons *bonâ fide* sur la lisière de terre, et s'il est constaté que ces derniers sont aussi nombreux et placés de même façon que stipulé dans la sous-section b de la clause 9 de ces règlements, une diminution nouvelle et finale de quarante piastres par colon sera mise au crédit de la personne, laquelle somme, une fois ajoutée à celles précédemment créditées, s'élèvera à la moitié du prix d'achat des sections de nombre impair et réduira le prix de ces dernières à une piastre l'acre. Mais s'il est constaté que le nom-

bre total des colons requis par ces règlements n'est pas sur la lisière de terre ou ne sont pas placés conformément à la sous-section b de la clause 9 de ces règlements, alors, pour chaque colon de moins que le nombre requis ou placé autrement qu'en conformité avec la dite sous-section, la personne perdra cent soixante-six piastres de diminution.

c. Si en n'importe quel temps durant l'existence du contrat la personne manque de remplir l'une des conditions de ce dernier, il sera loisible au Gouverneur en conseil d'annuler la vente du terrain acheté, et traiter la personne comme il semblera opportun de le faire dans les circonstances.

d. Pour avoir droit à la diminution, la personne devra fournir au ministre de l'intérieur une preuve satisfaisante que la lisière de terre a été colonisée en conformité de la sous-section b de la clause 9 de ces règlements.

Plan No. 2.

En vue d'encourager la colonisation par les capitalistes qui désireraient cultiver de plus grandes fermes que celles qui peuvent être achetées là où les règlements veulent que chaque section compte deux colons (mais sans diminuer le nombre des colons requis dans chaque township) des arrangements peuvent être faits avec une compagnie ou un particulier (ci-après désignés sous le nom de personne), pour la colonisation de lisières de terrain aux conditions suivantes :

a. Le requérant devra convaincre le gouvernement de sa bonne foi et de son habileté dans l'exécution des stipulations contenues en ces règlements.

b. La lisière de terre accordée à une personne sera dans la classe D.

c. Tout le terrain compris dans cette lisière peut être vendu à la personne moyennant deux piastres l'acre payables comptant, au temps de la conclusion du contrat. La personne paiera en même temps alors au gouvernement cinq centins par acre pour l'arpentage de la terre achetée par elle.

d. La personne devra dans les cinq ans à dater du contrat, coloniser le township ou les townships compris dans sa lisière de terre.

e. Telle colonisation consistera à placer cent vingt-huit colons de bonne foi dans chaque township.

12. En considération de la colonisation faite sur sa lisière de terre en la manière expliquée dans la sous-section e de la clause qui précède immédiatement, la personne obtiendra une diminution de la moitié du prix d'achat primitif.

a. Durant chacune des cinq années couvertes par le contrat il sera fait une énumération des colons placés par la personne sur sa lisière de terre, conformément à la sous-section e de la 11^e clause de ces règlements, et pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* ainsi trouvé sur la dite lisière de terre il sera remis à la personne une somme de cent vingt piastres; mais le total des sommes ainsi remises ne devra en aucun temps excéder cent vingt piastres pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* trouvé sur la lisière de terre, en conformité de la dite sous-section au temps de la dernière énumération.

b. A l'expiration des cinq années il sera fait une énumération des colons *bonâ fide* placés par la personne sur sa lisière de terre, et s'il est constaté qu'ils sont en tels nombre et situation que stipulés dans la sous-section e de la clause 11 de ces règlements il sera fait une nouvelle et dernière remise sur le prix de quarante piastres par colon, laquelle somme une fois ajoutée à celles précédemment remises à la personne s'élèvera à la moitié du prix d'achat de la lisière de terre et réduira ce dernier à une piastre par acre. Mais s'il est constaté que le nombre requis de colons par ces règlements ne sont pas sur la lisière de terre ou n'ont pas été placés en conformité de la dite sous-section, alors pour chaque colon moindre que le nombre requis ou placé autrement que voulu par la dite sous-section, la per-

sonne perdra le droit à une diminution de cent soixante piastres.

- c. Pour avoir droit à la diminution la personne devra convaincre le ministre de l'Intérieur que la lisière de terre a été colonisée en conformité de la sous-section e de la 11^e clause de ces règlements.

AVIS OFFICIEL.

13. Le gouvernement devra donner avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* de tous les arrangements conclus pour la colonisation des lisières de terre en conformité des plans ci-dessus afin que le public puisse respecter les droits des acheteurs.

BOIS POUR LES COLONS.

14. Le ministre de l'Intérieur peut faire réserver n'importe quelle section de nombre pair ou impair garnie de bois, pour pouvoir fournir du bois aux colons des établissements (homesteads); et tout tel colon pourra, quand l'occasion s'en présentera, acheter un lot à bois n'excédant pas 20 acres, pour le prix de \$5.00 comptant l'acre.

15. Il sera loisible au ministre de l'Intérieur, en vertu des actes concernant les terres fédérales d'accorder des licences pour couper du bois sur les terres dans les townships arpentés. Les terres couvertes par telles licences sont par les présents règlements retirées des inscriptions et vente comme établissements (homestead) et préemption.

TERRES A PATURAGE.

16. Sous l'autorité de l'acte 44 Victoria, chap. 16, des lisières de terre pour les fins de pâturage pourront être constituées à bail aux conditions suivantes :

- Ces baux seront pour un terme n'excédant pas vingt et un ans et aucun d'eux ne devra comprendre plus de 100,000 acres.
- Dans un territoire arpenté, la terre comprise dans un bail sera décrite comme township et sections. Dans un territoire non arpenté la personne à qui on aura promis un bail devra, avant la conclusion de tel bail, faire arpenter la lisière de terre à ses propres frais par un arpenteur des terres fédérales, sous les instructions de l'arpenteur-général; et les plan et notes de tel arpentage seront déposés aux archives du département de l'Intérieur.
- Le preneur devra payer une rente annuelle de \$10 pour chaque mille acres compris dans son bail et devra, dans les trois ans qui suivent la date du bail, placer sur la lisière de terre une tête de bétail pour chaque dix acres de terre compris dans le bail, et devra durant ce temps maintenir sur telle lisière de terre un troupeau dans cette proportion.
- Après avoir placé le nombre prescrit de bétails sur la lisière de terre louée, le preneur pourra acheter des terres dans la région comprise dans le bail pour une maison de ferme et un corral, moyennant le prix de \$2.00 par acre payable comptant.
- Le preneur encourra la résiliation de son bail

s'il manque de se conformer aux conditions de ce dernier.

17. Si deux personnes ou plus sollicitent chacune un bail pour les mêmes terres à pâturage, des soumissions seront demandées, et le bail sera accordé à la personne offrant la plus forte prime en sus de la rente. La dite prime payable avant la conclusion du bail.

DISPOSITIONS GÉNÉRALES.

18. Les paiements pour les terres pourront être faits en numéraire, en scrip, ou en certificats de primes militaires ou de police.

19. Les présents règlements ne s'appliqueront pas aux terres qui ont quelque valeur comme emplacements de ville, ni aux terrains houillers ou autres terrains miniers, ni aux carrières de marbre ou de pierre, ni aux terres sur lesquelles se trouveront des pouvoirs d'eau; ils n'affecteront non plus, les sections 11 et 29 dans chaque township, qui sont des terres d'écoles publiques, ni les sections 8 et 26, qui sont des terres de la compagnie de la baie d'Hudson.

Par ordre,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Arpenteur-général.

Département de l'Intérieur,
Ottawa, 23 décembre 1881.

28-3

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 décembre dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,349,542 02
Excise	565,780 07
Département des Postes.....	106,498 20
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	182,576 51
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	14,188 61
Divers	147,695 83
	<hr/>
Revenu, 30 novembre 1881.....	\$2,366,281 24
	<hr/>
	13,801,342 84
	<hr/>
	\$16,167,624 08
	<hr/>
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,232,920 52
do 30 novembre 1881.....	10,099,153 47
	<hr/>
	\$11,332,073 99
	<hr/>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 2 janvier 1882.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dt. Compte des banques d'épargne d^e la Poste, pour le mois de novembre 1881. Av.

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 oct. 1881.....	\$7,190,373 78	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$226,519 96
Dépôts durant le mois	576,412 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	1,211 51		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$7,501,603 78
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	36,863 55
			7,511,467 33
	7,767,997 29		\$7,767,997 29

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.

Département des Finances, Ottawa, 19 décembre 1881.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.

	Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal ; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)...	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...	Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 dépensures de municipalités ; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.	William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....	John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"	Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	Louis H. Bault, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée)	J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.	W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc ; Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$20,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....	J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"	Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....	J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, C.-B.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des États-Unis, N.-Y.	F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B) ..	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....	R. W. Gale, gerant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....	Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic. ; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont. ; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000)	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.	Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000.)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....	Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"	W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"	Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....	G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....	C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$11,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....	A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"	F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	\$100,000 stg., fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....	William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.	D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont....	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.	Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B	\$6,090, bons des États-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....	A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.
	J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....		

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont. Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Montréal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800). \$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union,"	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont. J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens. \$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec			
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents principaux, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. consolidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre.....	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents principaux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.....	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE OL-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉS, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPERATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débiteures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernement, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERMAN, Surintendant des Assurances

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce.

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique américaine du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

C. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

25 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par la Chambre de Commerce de Montréal au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte permettant la fusion de la dite Chambre de Commerce avec d'autres corps politiques dans cette cité.

Montréal, 23 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, dans le but d'obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole du Canada, et l'acte 41 Vict. chap. 38, et de rendre plus claires les clauses de l'acte en dernier lieu nommé, à l'effet également de remplacer celui ou ceux des syndics qui pourraient mourir, se retirer pour une cause quelconque, devenir incapables d'agir, à l'effet de plus de définir les pouvoirs des syndics pour ce qui a trait à la perception, aux avis de convocation à être faits ou donnés, aux poursuites à être intentées pour cotisations sur actions et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie manufacturière et du pont St. Laurent" dans le but de construire un pont sur le St. Laurent en face de la cité de Montréal par le travers de l'île Ste. Hélène, et dans le but d'élargir et d'améliorer le port de Montréal en autant que le pont y est concerné; le tout en conformité généralement du plan connu sous le nom de "Plan Shearer," proposé par M. James Shearer, et pour d'autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

AVIS. — Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, par la Compagnie manufacturière C. W. Williams, pour l'obtention d'un acte d'incorporation modifiant le nom de la dite compagnie et accordant à cette dernière de plus amples pouvoirs et privilèges.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 23 décembre 1881. 27-6

AVIS. — Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les actionnaires de la Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada sous le nom de "Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada" et pour conférer à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs et privilèges dont jouit ou que possède actuellement toute autre compagnie de télégraphe faisant affaires au Canada ou y étant constituée en corps politique, à part ceux conférés à la dite Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada par les lettres-patentes qui l'ont constituée en corps politique.

CARTER ET CARTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 30 novembre 1881. 27-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Générale des terres du Canada, dans le but d'acheter et coloniser des terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

ROYAL ET PRUDHOMME,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Winnipeg, 29 décembre 1881. 27-9

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte pour remettre en vigueur le statut 43 Vic., chap. 56, qui constitue en corporation la compagnie du chemin de fer de la Vallée de la Saskatchewan-Sud, et pour amender cet acte en prolongeant le délai fixé pour commencer le dit chemin de fer, et pour d'autres fins.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

29 décembre 1881. 27-9

AVIS. — Une demande sera faite à la session prochaine du parlement du Canada, pour un acte incorporant la compagnie de navigation des rivières Saskatchewan et Qu'Appelle, pour le projet de draguer et de naviguer les rivières Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle et Assiniboine.

MACMILLAN ET TAYLOR,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

Londres, Ont., 14 décembre 1881. 26-9

AVIS est donné par les présentes qu'il sera introduit devant le parlement de la Puissance, à sa prochaine session, une loi pour ratifier et confirmer les résolutions de "La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Rive Nord," du onzième jour d'août et deuxième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, ayant pour but de transférer à la province de Québec toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre les cités de Québec et de Montréal, et les droits s'y rattachant; et aussi pour ratifier et confirmer l'acte de cession et transport passé par la compagnie du chemin de fer de "Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental," le seizième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, devant M^{re} Louis N. Dumouchel, notaire au

gouvernement de la province de Québec, de toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre Montréal et Ayer avec un embranchement vers St. Jérôme, et les droits s'y rattachant.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. des chemins de fer

Québec, 20 décembre 1881. 26-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada, pour la passation d'un acte incorporant la Compagnie du Pont du Richelieu, avec pouvoir de bâtir, exploiter, entretenir et administrer un pont de péage pour les besoins ordinaires du trafic sur la rivière Richelieu, reliant la paroisse de St. Thomas, comté de Missisquoi, à celle de Lacolle ou de Saint-Valentin, dans le comté de St. Jean. Ce pont sera construit de manière qu'une portion de son tablier s'ouvre et laisse un passage de quarante pieds de large pour les besoins de la navigation, ou un passage égal à celui du pont de la compagnie de chemin de fer Vermont Junction R.R. sur la même rivière, à St. Jean, P.Q. Sur la partie navigable de cette rivière, ce pont sera sur des piles éloignées de cent cinquante pieds les unes des autres et des arcades de cinq pieds ou plus au dessus du niveau des hautes eaux; sur les parties non navigables de la rivière, le pont sera aussi sur des piles, s'il est nécessaire; les arcades du pont à telle hauteur au-dessus des hautes eaux, les intervalles entre les piles et la largeur du tablier tournant seront tels que Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en Conseil pourra décider. Avec aussi pouvoir d'exiger des taux de péage sur ce pont ne pouvant excéder les suivants: Piétons, aller et retour, cinq centins; animaux, excepté moutons, cochons, et poulains du printemps suivant leur mère, dix centins par tête; moutons et cochons, cinq centins par tête; voiture de toute espèce, simple, traînée par un seul animal, vingt-cinq centins; voiture double traînée par deux animaux, trente-cinq centins. Ces taux de péage couvrent la charge de chaque voiture, s'y trouvant *bonâ fide*.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solliciteur des requérants.

Clarenceville, Québec, 10 décembre 1881. 25-9

AVIS public est par le présent donné, que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada, pour un acte à l'effet d'incorporer une compagnie pour construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, entre ou près de la cité de Montréal, jusqu'à un point sur le côté sud du township de Dundee, dans le comté de Huntingdon, pour s'y joindre à un chemin de fer dans l'Etat de New-York, et pour construire une branche afin de se joindre au chemin de fer Atlantique du Canada (Canada Atlantic Railway), à quelque point dans le comté de Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
Pour les requérants.

Huntingdon, Qué., 10 décembre, 1881. 25-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique Edison du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL.

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Hamilton, Ont., 15 décembre 1881. 25-9

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant l'Association de Placements d'Ontario et autorisant la dite association à prêter des deniers sur la garantie de biens-fonds en Manitoba, ou dans aucune des provinces de la Puissance, et permettant à la dite Association d'exiger tel taux d'intérêt sur les prêts faits qu'elle pourra convenir avec les emprunteurs ; et aussi étendant les pouvoirs d'emprunter qu'à la dite association, et lui permettant de recevoir des deniers en dépôt.

CRONYN ET GREENLEES,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Daté 14 décembre, 1881. 25-10

AVIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un Acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique une compagnie dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de la cité de Montréal dans la province de Québec, à Smith's Falls, et de là à la ville de Perth, dans le comté de Lanark, province d'Ontario, devant être appelée "La Compagnie du chemin de fer Montréal et Canada Central," avec pouvoir de construire un pont ou des ponts sur la rivière Rideau, le canal Rideau, la rivière Ottawa et le canal Ste Anne, avec pouvoir de plus de s'amalgamer avec toute ligne de chemin de fer, de s'y joindre, et d'en obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur telle ligne ou telles lignes de chemin de fer et ponts, dans ou hors la Puissance du Canada, et avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter des tramways, des bateaux passeurs, navires, bâtiments et barges, en rapport avec la dite ligne de chemin de fer et les dits ponts.

SCOTT, MAC TAVISH & MAC CRAKEN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Ottawa, Déc. 1881. 25-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada à sa prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La Compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction d'Ottawa et Arnprior" dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de Quyon ou quelque point environnant dans le township de Onslow, dans le comté de Pontiac, province de Québec, au village d'Arnprior dans la province d'Ontario, traversant la rivière Ottawa aux rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir aussi de construire le pont ou les ponts nécessaires sur la dite rivière pour les fins du dit chemin de fer à ou près les dits rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir de plus de continuer le dit chemin de fer d'Arnprior en croisant le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Arnprior à quelque point dans le township de Bagot, dans le comté de Renfrew, sur le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke, et s'il est nécessaire, de traverser le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke au dit point, avec pouvoir de plus de construire des voies d'embranchement, de vendre ou louer le dit chemin de fer, de s'amalgamer à toute autre compagnie de chemin de fer, de louer ou acheter tout autre chemin de fer et de se joindre à n'importe quelle autre compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur la voie de cette dernière et de construire une voie télégraphique le long des dits chemin de fer et embranchements.

A. FERGUSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
15 décembre 1881. 25-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que la Compagnie du Grand Tronc des chemins de fer du Canada s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte autorisant la dite compagnie à acheter, louer toute ligne de chemin de fer

touchant ou intéressant la sienne propre, ou à se fusionner avec elle, de plus, déclarant et définissant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie à ce sujet, et lui permettant aussi, sous l'autorité de l'acte concernant les chemins de fer, d'acquérir les terrains pour gares et les voies ferrées qui y conduisent qui, dans son opinion, peuvent être nécessaires à ses fins.

JOHN BELL,
Solliciteur pour la Compagnie du Grand
Tronc des chemins de fer du Canada.
Daté à Montréal, ce 2e jour de novembre 1881. 24-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les pilotes nommés par commission pour le service du pilotage entre Québec et Montréal, sous le nom de "La corporation des pilotes de Montréal."

BELLEAU ET STAFFORD,
Procureurs.
Québec, 23 octobre 1881. 24-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le Synode du diocèse de Saskatchewan, avec pouvoir d'acquérir et posséder des propriétés immobilières et d'engager les capitaux du dit Synode dans telle partie du Canada et sur telles garanties qui auront été de temps à autre jugées convenables par le dit Synode.

BLAKE, KERR ET CASSELS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
5 décembre 1881. 24-9

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité d'une résolution des actionnaires de la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole d'Ottawa, adoptée à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, dûment convoquée et tenue dans la cité d'Ottawa, province d'Ontario, le 22e jour de novembre 1881, demande sera faite par la dite compagnie au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte spécial autorisant la dite compagnie à liquider ses affaires.

JOHN ROCHES TER,
Président.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Vice-Président.

ALEXANDER GIBB,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
JOHN PENNOCK,
Secrétaire.
Ottawa, 7 décembre 1881. 24-9

AVIS public est par le présent donné par la compagnie du chemin de fer Ottawa, Vandreuil et Montréal, que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de la prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de prolonger le délai prescrit pour la construction de cette partie de la ligne de la dite compagnie comprise entre Hawkesbury-Ouest et la ville d'Ottawa, et de plus à l'effet de confirmer les pouvoirs conférés à la dite compagnie.

PINHEY ET CHRISTIE,
Solliciteurs pour la compagnie.
6 décembre, 1881. 24-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada à la prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie de transport du Manitoba et de la Saskatchewan," dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer d'un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique

entre Winnipeg et le Portage de la Prairie à un point sur le lac Manitoba, de construire et exploiter des navires se rattachant à la dite ligne sur les lacs Manitoba, Winnipegosis et la rivière Saskatchewan, d'améliorer la navigation sur les dits lacs et rivière, avec pouvoir de construire des chemins de fer et canaux, reliant tels lacs et rivière, et de percevoir des droits sur les dits canaux.

C. E. HAMILTON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 21 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière de la Pluie."

L'objet de la compagnie projetée, est de construire des estacades, chaussées, glissoires, quais et autres travaux dans les rivières, cours d'eau et ruisseaux ci-après mentionnés, et sur les rivages de ces derniers pour la descente de billes, pièces de bois carré, bois de charpente de toute description sur tout le cours de la rivière coulant à l'ouest depuis l'île Hunter, à travers le lac à la Pluie en suivant le cours de la rivière de la Pluie jusqu'au Lac des Bois et par les cours d'eau, ruisseaux et rivières se déchargeant dans les dits rivière de la Pluie et lac à la Pluie, dans les provinces de Manitoba et Ontario ou dans le district de Kéwatin, avec tous pouvoirs et privilèges conformes à l'acte des Statuts Refondus de la ci-devant province du Canada, intitulé "Acte concernant les compagnies à fonds social pour faire des travaux à l'effet de faciliter la descente du bois de charpente sur les rivières et les cours d'eau," et aux amendements faits subséquemment au dit acte, avec pleins pouvoir et privilège de s'unir et se fondre avec n'importe quelle compagnie formée dans un objet semblable sous l'autorité des lois de l'Etat du Minnesota.

PINHEY ET CHRISTIE,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
28 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie du pont de Winnipeg et Springfield," avec pouvoir de construire, exploiter et maintenir un pont de péage pour les fins ordinaires du trafic sur la Rivière Rouge à un certain point entre les limites nord de la cité de Winnipeg et le pont Louise, dans le comté de Selkirk, province du Manitoba, le dit pont devant être construit avec un tablier tournant donnant un passage, une fois ouvert, de quarante pieds au plus, et avec des arches de vingt-cinq pieds et demi d'élévation au-dessus du niveau de l'eau basse et avec des intervalles de deux cents pieds au plus entre les culées ou caissons; avec pouvoir de percevoir des taux de péage sur le dit pont à des taux n'excédant pas les suivants :

Piétons, à chaque passage, deux centins.
Cavalier sur mule ou cheval, à chaque passage, dix centins.

Animaux libres par tête, excepté les moutons, les porcs et les poulains du printemps suivant la mère, à chaque passage, cinq centins.

Moutons et porcs, par tête, à chaque passage, deux centins.

Carrosse, voiture, charrette, phaéton, traîneau, voiture de course ou autre véhicule tiré par un animal, à chaque passage, douze centins et demi.

Voiture, carrosse, phaéton, traîneau, voiture de course ou autre véhicule tiré par deux animaux ou plus, à chaque passage, vingt centins.

Les taux ci-dessus couvrent les charges *bonâ fide* de chaque véhicule.

W. H. CULVER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 21 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie de bois de charpente de Québec" (limitée).

E. T. BROOKS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
26 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS.—La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Jonction et des Carrières de Napierville s'adressera au parlement du Canada pour l'adoption des amendements suivants à sa charte :

Pour changer son nom.
Pour placer le terminus de sa ligne à St. Jean, Q.
Pour étendre sa ligne au sud-ouest parallèlement à la frontière de la province, et au fleuve St. Laurent.
23-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour constituer en corps politique "La Banque de Manitoba" dans le but de faire des affaires de banque dans la Puissance du Canada, le bureau principal de telle banque devant être à Winnipeg.

H. E. HENDERSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Daté ce 14 novembre 1881. 22-9

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour un acte pour incorporer la Banque du Nord-Ouest.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Procureur des requérants.
Whitby, 21 novembre 1881. 22-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte modifiant l'acte constitutif de la compagnie de chemin de fer Ontario et Québec, de manière à permettre à la compagnie d'acquérir la charte de la compagnie de chemin de fer Toronto, Grey et Bruce ou se fusionner avec cette compagnie, et d'acquérir la charte ou de se fusionner avec telle autre compagnie ou compagnies de chemin de fer que le chemin de fer Ontario et Québec une fois construit pourra croiser ou à laquelle il pourra se relia, ou qui pourra être un tributaire ou une continuation est ou ouest du chemin de fer Ontario et Québec; ou de louer tous ou aucun de ses chemins de fer; et aussi pour d'autres amendements au dit acte.

W. H. LOCKHART GORDON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
25 novembre 1881. 22-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada lors de sa prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique une compagnie pour construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de la cité d'Ottawa ou de quelque point sur le chemin de fer Saint-Laurent et Ottawa ou sur le chemin de fer Canada et Atlantique, passant à travers ou près les villages de Metcalfe, Ormond, Vernon, Bate's Corners ou Winchester-Ouest, Winchester Springs, Bell's Corners et Morrisburgh à un point en face de l'île Ogden dans l'Etat de New-York, devant être appelé "La compagnie du pont et du chemin de fer Ottawa, Waddington et New-York," avec pouvoir de construire un pont sur le canal et le chenal principal de la rivière Saint-Laurent à l'île Ogden, se reliant avec une ligne s'étendant à travers l'île et les eaux américaines à Waddington et la station de la Sarcelle ou quelque autre point sur le chemin de fer Ogdensburgh et lac Champlain ou avec Canton, et se raccorder avec

la ligne projetée du chemin de fer à travers Adirondacks à North Creek; avec pouvoir de se fonder avec toutes lignes de ponts et chemins de fer dans ou hors du Canada, de s'y joindre ou d'obtenir d'elles de faire circuler ses trains sur leurs voies ferrées; avec pouvoir de plus de construire et exploiter des tramways, bateaux-passeurs, vapeurs, navires et barges en rapport avec la dite ligne de pont et chemin de fer, avec pouvoir de plus de construire, maintenir et exploiter un pont inter-provincial sur la rivière Ottawa à ou près la dite cité d'Ottawa à quelque point dans la province de Québec, tant pour le dit chemin de fer que pour les voitures ordinaires et les fins générales du trafic; avec pouvoir de percevoir des taux de péage sur le dit pont, sur les voitures ordinaires et le trafic passager qui se fera dessus à des taux n'excédant pas les suivants:

Piétons pour l'aller et pour le retour, 2 centins.

Cavalier sur cheval ou mule, à chaque passage, 5 centins.

Animaux libres, par tête, excepté les moutons, cochons et poulains du printemps suivant la mère, 5 centins à chaque passage.

Moutons et cochons par tête, à chaque passage, 2 centins.

Chaque voiture, carrosse, cabriolet, traîneau ordinaire, traîneau de course ou autre véhicule traîné par un animal, 10 centins à chaque passage.

Chaque voiture, carrosse, cabriolet, traîneau ordinaire, traîneau de course ou autre véhicule tiré par deux animaux ou plus, à chaque passage, 15 centins.

Les taux ci-dessus devant couvrir les charges *bonâ fide* de chaque véhicule; avec pouvoir de plus de construire et exploiter une ligne ou des lignes de chemin de fer du bout du pont placé du côté de Québec pour se raccorder avec toutes ou quelques-unes des voies ferrées se terminant dans le comté d'Ottawa ou passant à travers.

La hauteur des arches du pont sur le canal et la rivière St. Laurent ne devant pas être moindre que de 60 pieds au-dessus du niveau de l'eau haute; l'intervalle entre les culées ou caissons sur le chenal principal de la rivière St. Laurent devant être de toute la largeur du dit chenal ou de pas moins que 350 pieds et au-dessus de la batture à l'île Ogden de pas moins que 200 pieds. La hauteur des arches du pont sur l'Ottawa ne devant pas être moindre que de 30 pieds au-dessus du niveau de l'eau haute, et l'intervalle entre les culées ou caissons ne devant pas être moindre que de 200 pieds; ou les arches des dits ponts devant être d'une hauteur telle au-dessus du niveau de l'eau haute, les intervalles entre les culées ou caissons devant être tels, et les taux de péage devant être tels qu'il plaise à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil d'approuver.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH ET MacCRACKEN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 19 novembre 1881.

22-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que la Compagnie d'Assurance de Stadacona contre le feu et sur la vie, en liquidation, s'adressera au Parlement de la Puissance du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender et simplifier l'acte 43 Victoria, chap. 70, intitulé "Acte pour autoriser la Compagnie d'Assurance de Stadacona contre le feu et sur la vie à renoncer à sa charte et d'établir un mode de liquider les affaires," et pour pouvoir clore et liquider finalement les affaires de la dite compagnie dans un délai fixé d'un an à compter de la passation de l'acte demandé, et dans ce but d'éteindre les réclamations non admises par elle et non poursuivies devant les tribunaux, dans ce délai; et celles de personnes inconnues et non trouvées dans ce délai; et pour autres fins analogues.

C. A. E. GAGNON,

JOSEPH MELCHIOR BERNIER, Prêtre,

ALPHONSE LETELLIER,

Liquidateurs.

P. B. CASGRAIN,

Procureur des pétitionnaires.

21-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "The Mutual Benefit Association of Sherbrooke."

E. T. BROOKS,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

21-9

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada demande sera faite pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet d'autoriser la compagnie de chemin de fer Portage, Westbourne et North Western à construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer du terminus actuel de son chemin de fer déjà construit ou à la veille de l'être dans la province de Manitoba, dans une direction nord-ouest jusqu'à un point à ou près à la fourche de la Saskatchewan et de là à la rivière de la Paix; avec pouvoir de construire un embranchement au sud de la Saskatchewan à l'embouchure de cette rivière et un embranchement dans une direction sud à la voie principale du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique; avec pouvoir aussi de faire circuler des barges et vapeurs sur les eaux navigables réunies à la ligne.

21-9

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique "La compagnie limitée de prêts provinciale et du Canada," et autorisant la dite compagnie à émettre des débentures et obligations, à placer des sommes d'argent sur des immeubles, sur des obligations de banque, débentures et autres garanties, à acheter, détenir, améliorer et vendre des terres et exercer en un mot tous les pouvoirs conférés d'ordinaire aux compagnies de prêts.

McDOUGALLS ET GORDON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 15 novembre 1881.

21-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte autorisant la Compagnie d'Emprunt et de Prêt du Canada à faire des opérations comme compagnie de prêt dans toutes les provinces du Canada, avec les mêmes pouvoirs que ceux maintenant possédés par la dite compagnie dans les provinces d'Ontario et de Québec, et de permettre à la dite compagnie de prélever tel taux d'intérêt qui pourra être convenu entre elle et les emprunteurs, et aussi afin d'autoriser l'émission de bons par la dite compagnie, et pour d'autres fins.

MACDONALD, MACDONALD ET MARSH,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté 17 novembre 1881.

21-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il sera fait une demande au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte prolongeant la durée de divers brevets d'invention accordés à Thomas A. Edison, et étendant le délai pour fabriquer aux termes des dits brevets et des statuts généraux à ce sujet, et pour permettre l'importation pendant un certain temps d'articles protégés par ces brevets.

OSLER, GWYN ET TEETZEL,

Solliciteurs du dit Thomas A. Edison.

Daté à Hamilton, 5 janvier 1882.

28-9

A VIS est donné que le "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien," demandera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, des amendements aux sections 8 et 13 de l'acte 44 Vict., ch. 58, intitulé "Acte pour amender et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

L'administrateur-délégué,

J. WURTELE.

Montréal, le 29 décembre 1881.

28-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction du Pacifique et de Pontiac; de pourvoir à l'émission d'un certain montant de capital payé, comme parts payées dans la dite compagnie; d'augmenter le montant des bons ou débentures qui peuvent être émis par la dite compagnie; d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa, à un certain point entre le village d'Aylmer et la cité d'Ottawa; de fixer un jour pour l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL et ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 22 décembre 1881.

28-9

A VIS est donné que demande sera faite au parlement, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte prolongeant l'époque du commencement et de la fin des travaux à exécuter pour la Cie de Traverse du Saint-Laurent et du chemin de fer du Pacifique.

Montréal, 10 janvier 1882.

29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer Great Eastern.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 12 janvier, 1882.

29-9

COMPAGNIE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de refondre les différents actes concernant la compagnie de télégraphe de Montréal et de déclarer les pouvoirs accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui à la dite compagnie, et d'accorder à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs qui ont été accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui par le parlement aux autres compagnies de télégraphe.

JAMES DAKERS,

Secrétaire.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte 43 Vict., chap. 46, et de définir les pouvoirs, devoirs et le terme d'office des liquidateurs nommés pour liquider les affaires de la Banque Consolidée du Canada, et pour pourvoir à leur remplacement, vû qu'il a été disposé du restant de l'actif, et pour autres fins.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur; et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique,

eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipegosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élévateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissaires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN et WELLS,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ingersoll, 7 janvier 1882.

29-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877, CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, les requérants ci-après nommés et décrits, s'adresseront par pétition au gouverneur général pour obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant eux et tous ceux qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie en un corps politique sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après énumérés.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie manufacturière de spécialités médicales."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est de fabriquer et vendre des drogues, médecines et spécialités médicales de toutes espèce et description, dans tout le Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant proposé de son capital-actions est (\$8,000) huit mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de (80) quatre-vingts, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Les noms et prénoms, désignations et adresses des requérants sont comme suit:—

L'Hon. John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, de la cité de Montréal, conseil de la Reine; James Craig Fields, gentilhomme, et George Simpson, marchand; tous deux de la paroisse de St. André dans la dite province de Québec; James Muir, de la dite cité de Montréal, agent d'immeubles; et George Bury, de la cité de Montréal, comptable, les trois premiers nommés devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOFT TAIT, et ABBOTTS,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-6

A VIS est par le présent donné en conformité de l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social qu'un mois après la pre-

mière publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte dans le but ci-après mentionné, et que,

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant une charte est d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus, de coloniser et de vendre les dites terres, d'arpenter, d'améliorer, de cultiver les dites terres, d'y construire des maisons, de vendre et d'acheter du grain et autres produits du sol, de vendre, acheter, louer, affermer, hypothéquer, les dites terres et en général d'en disposer de toute façon; de prêter de l'argent et de l'assistance aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon au moyen d'hypothèque ou arrangement qu'il aura été convenu mutuellement; d'ériger et d'acquérir des scieries et de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service; d'élever, croiser, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux et de faire des affaires dans toutes les branches de l'agriculture et de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaire de la compagnie projetée sera la cité d'Ottawa, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds-social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$200,000, divisé en 2,000 actions de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont Francis Clemow, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de charbon; Charles T. Bate, d'Ottawa, président de la compagnie du Gaz d'Ottawa; Charles Magee, d'Ottawa, agent d'immeuble; Robert Blackburn, de New Edinburgh, dans le comté de Carleton, marchand; l'Hon. Richard W. Scott, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit; Henry N. Bate, d'Ottawa, marchand; Daniel O'Connor, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit; Edward Anderson, sen., de la ville de Welland, province d'Ontario, Ecr.; Alexander Fraser, de Westmeath, dans le comté de Renfrew, marchand de bois, et James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans la province de Québec, président de la Banque d'Ottawa.

Tous les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie; tous sont des résidents du Canada.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH ET MacCRACKEN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Ottawa ce 4e jour de janvier 1882. 28-6

AVIS est donné par le présent, qu'une demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, pour obtenir des lettres patentes en vertu des dispositions de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," par Mark Cohen, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, marchand, Samuel Davis, marchand, Alexander Saunders, marchand, Lewis Saunders, marchand, Moïse Schwob, marchand, Asher Ansell, marchand, John Moss, marchand, Hyam D. Moss, marchand, Bendix A. Boas, marchand, de la cité de Montréal, Québec; Mark Samuels, marchand, Alfred David Benjamin, marchand, Emanuel Samuels, marchand, de la cité de Toronto, Ontario, et Edmund Scheuer, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, marchand,--les constituant ainsi que d'autres en un corps politique et incorporé pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom collectif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie de colonisation Internationale du Canada (à responsabilité limitée)" (The International Colonization Company, of Canada, Limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est le suivant: Acheter ou d'autre manière acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres et biens-fonds

en Canada; développer les ressources de ces terres en y faisant des constructions, les défrichant, égouttant et améliorant d'autre manière par la culture et les plantations d'après tel système qu'il paraîtra convenable; de mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'élever, acheter et vendre toutes espèces d'animaux, bestiaux, moutons et produits; d'exploiter, convertir, vendre, employer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des produits miniers de la propriété de la compagnie; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur la dite propriété et d'acheter et vendre des articles et marchandises de toutes sortes; de construire ou acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, bâtisses, machines, anses, estacades et outillage; de faire, pourvoir et employer des tramways, canaux, chemins et tous autres travaux et moyens de transport nécessaires ou utiles pour l'amélioration de la propriété de la compagnie, et de contribuer aux frais d'entretien et de construction des dits travaux ou aucun d'eux; d'aider, encourager et promouvoir l'immigration sur la propriété de la compagnie, et de la coloniser, d'aider aux émigrants de pays étrangers à venir au Canada et de les aider à s'établir sur des terres en Canada; et avec pouvoir d'agir comme agents pour tout gouvernement ou corporation ou personne pour l'achat ou vente de terres ou hypothèques sur des terres en Canada, et pour l'encouragement de l'immigration au Canada, et pour les fins susdites de prêter ou octroyer des sommes de deniers, ou faire des octrois gratuits de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des biens-meubles et immeubles pour l'objet et le but de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des biens-meubles et immeubles, de la compagnie; et généralement faire et exécuter toutes choses nécessaires pour atteindre le but susdit.

3. Les opérations de la compagnie projetée seront faites dans les diverses provinces du Canada, et le siège principal de ses affaires en Canada sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres, divisé en cent mille actions de dix piastres chaque.

5. Les requérants sus-mentionnés, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté, seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

Montréal, 5 janvier 1882.

28-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général du Canada en conseil, en vertu des clauses de l'acte 40 Vict., chap. 43, par William Van Duzer Lawrence, marchand, Ebenezer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, caissier, tous de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et John Myeth, marchand, et Frank H. Myeth, marchand, tous deux de Philadelphie, dans l'Etat de Pensylvanie, l'un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, pour obtenir des lettres-patentes à l'effet de les constituer eux et telles autres personnes qui pourront devenir actionnaires dans la dite compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de "Compagnie de la Salle des Apothicaires de Montréal" (limitée).

L'objet pour lequel la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique est de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des drogues, produits chimiques, articles de toilette, médecines spéciales, etc., dans tout le Canada et ailleurs.

La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera à Montréal.

Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cent mille piastres, divisé en cent parts de mille piastres chacune.

Les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie seront les dits William Van Duzer Lawrence, John Myeth et John Stephen Bates.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,

Procureurs des requérants.

Montréal, 19 décembre 1881.

26-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de l'acte du Canada de

1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour obtenir des lettres patentes constituant en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées les requérants soussignés et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée:—

1. Le nom que se propose de porter la compagnie est, "La compagnie de chanvre du Canada, limitée."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est de confectionner, fabriquer et vendre des sacs, importer, acheter et vendre tous matériaux requis dans les confection et manufacture d'iceux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le capital-actions que se propose de prendre la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de cinq cent; le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Les nom et prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit:—

L'honorable John Hamilton, sénateur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Alexander Murray, marchand, John McDougall, manufacturier, Joshua Collins, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal; lesquels seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT, TAIT ET ABBOTTS,

Procureurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Montréal, le 20 décembre 1881. 27-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que dans le mois qui suivra la dernière publication du présent avis, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en Conseil sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" pour l'obtention de lettres patentes constituant en corps politique la Compagnie de fil de fer barbelé de la Puissance.

1. Le nom social de la compagnie sera "Compagnie de fer barbelé de la Puissance, limitée."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est de pouvoir fabriquer et vendre du fil de fer barbelé.

3. L'endroit du Canada choisi comme devant être le principal siège d'affaires de la dite compagnie est la cité de Montréal, province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de soixante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de cent et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de six cents piastres.

6. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités des divers requérants sont: James Cooper, marchand, et Frederick Fairman, marchand, tous deux de la dite cité et du district de Montréal; Francis T. Sherman, et Eben J. Marsh, tous deux de Chicago, dans l'Etat de l'Illinois, manufacturiers, et Jane Knight, de la cité de Montréal, épouse dûment séparée quant aux biens du dit James Cooper, et Harriet J. Latham, également de la dite cité de Montréal, épouse dûment séparée quant aux biens du dit Frederick Fairman.

7. Les dits James Cooper, Frederick Fairman et Eben J. Marsh seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie, dont le plus grand nombre résident au Canada.

KERR, CARTER ET MCGIBBON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 15 décembre 1881. 25-6

AVIS DIVERS.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée des directeurs provisoires de la compagnie du chemin de fer et des vapeurs de Winnipeg et de la baie d'Hudson aura lieu à mon bureau, No. 10, rue York, Ottawa, le 26e jour de janvier 1882, à deux heures p.m., dans le but de recevoir les plans des arpentages, d'ouvrir des livres de souscription au fonds social et pour la dépêche générale des affaires.

JOSEPH RIOPELLE,

Secrétaire-trésorier.

Ottawa, 10 janvier 1882. 29-2

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER ONTARIO ET QUÉBEC.

A VIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Ontario et Québec aura lieu au bureau principal de la compagnie, No. 18 rue King, ouest, dans la cité de Toronto, mardi le septième jour de février prochain, à 2 heures de l'après-midi, pour l'élection des directeurs pour l'année courante et pour la dépêche des affaires générales de la compagnie.

Par ordre,

H. W. MANTON,
Sec.-trés. *pro tem.*

Daté ce 9 janvier 1882.

29-4

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER DE COLONISATION DU SUD-OUEST DE MANITOBA.

A VIS.—En conformité des statuts et règlements concernant le cas, l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie de chemin de fer de colonisation du sud-ouest de Manitoba, pour l'élection des directeurs et autres fins générales, aura lieu au bureau général de la compagnie dans la ville de Winnipeg, province du Manitoba, Canada, mercredi, le premier jour de février 1882, et commencera à onze heures a. m.

Par ordre du bureau de direction.

J. H. HAMMOND,
Secrétaire.

Winnipeg, 4 janvier 1882.

29-3

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER ATLANTIQUE ET DU NORD-OUEST.

A VIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Atlantique et du Nord-Ouest aura lieu aux bureaux de la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, Montréal, mercredi le 1er février 1882, à midi précis, dans le but de recevoir le rapport des directeurs, de considérer les affaires soit générales ou spéciales de la compagnie, et d'élire des directeurs pour l'année prochaine.

HARRY CUTT,

Secrétaire.

Montréal, 28 décembre 1881.

27-5

LA BANQUE DE ST. HYACINTHE.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de quatre pour cent. sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour les six mois courant, et sera payable au bureau de la dite banque le et après mercredi, le premier février prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du premier au quinze février aussi prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu mercredi, le 15 février prochain à 11 heures A.M.

Par ordre des directeurs,

R. St. JACQUES,
Caissier.

St. Hyacinthe, 20 décembre 1881.

26-5

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré, et que tel dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville et ses succursales le et après lundi, le deuxième jour de janvier prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront clos du 16 au 31 décembre prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires

aura lieu dans sa maison de banque en cette ville,
lundi, le seizième jour de janvier prochain.

Le fauteuil sera pris à trois heures p.m.

Par ordre du bureau,

J. E. BRAIS,

Caissier.

Montréal, 24 novembre 1881.

22-8

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 6th December, 1881.

JOSEPH I. KAVANAGH, of Gaspé, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

16th December, 1881.

GEORGE FREDERICK BLAMEY, of Oshawa, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

12th January, 1882.

PRINCE H. DURKEE, of Yarmouth, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Gentleman; to be a Receiver of Wreck for the District of the County of Yarmouth, in the said Province.

13th January, 1882.

GEORGE BAXTER, of the Town of Thorold, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, Barrister at Law; to be the Judge of the County Court of the County of Welland, in the said Province, *vice* Rolland Macdonald, Esquire, deceased.

PROCLAMATIONS.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
General
Administrator.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.
To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you,—
GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Meeting of Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to the Fourth day of the month of February next, NEVERTHELESS, for certain causes and considerations, We have thought fit further to prorogue the same to THURSDAY, the NINTH day of the month of FEBRUARY next, so that neither you, nor any of you on the said FOURTH day of FEBRUARY next at Our City of Ottawa to appear are to be held and constrained: for WE DO WILL THAT you and each of you, be as to Us, in this matter, entirely exonerated; commanding, and by the tenor of these presents, enjoining you, and each of you, and all others in this behalf interested, that on THURSDAY, the NINTH day of the month of FEBRUARY next, at Our City of OTTAWA aforesaid, personally you be and appear, for the DESPATCH OF BUSINESS, to treat, do, act, and conclude upon those things which in Our said Parliament of Canada, by the Common Council of Our said Dominion, may, by the favour of God, be ordained.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved General Sir PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Administrator of the Government of Canada, and Commander of Our Forces therein, &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-FOURTH day of DECEMBER in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
General,
Administrator.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS in pursuance of the provisions of the Canada Temperance Act of 1878, the following notice has been addressed to the Secretary of State for Canada, embodying the petition therein set forth :

“To the Honorable the Secretary of State for Canada,—

“SIR,—We, the undersigned, electors of the City of St. John, in the Province of New-Brunswick, request you to take notice that we propose presenting the following petition to His Excellency the Governor General, viz:

“‘To His Excellency the Governor General of Canada in Council,

“‘The petition of the electors of the City of Saint John, Province of New Brunswick, qualified and competent to vote at the election of a member of the House of Commons, in the said City,

“‘Respectfully sheweth, That your petitioners are desirous that the second part of the Canada Temperance Act, 1878, should be in force and take effect in the said City :

“‘Wherefore, your petitioners humbly pray that Your Excellency will be pleased, by an Order in Council under the ninety-sixth Section of the said Act, to declare that the second part of the said Act shall be in force and take effect in the said City.

“‘And your petitioners will ever pray, &c.’ And that we desire that the votes of all the electors of the said City, be taken for and against the adoption of the said petition.”

And whereas it appears by evidence to the satisfaction of the Governor General in Council that such notice has appended to it the genuine signatures of one-fourth or more of all the electors of the said City of Saint John, the number of the signatures to the notice proved to be genuine being eight hundred and seventy-five, and that the other requirements of the law have been observed ;

And whereas an Order of the Governor General in Council has been passed directing that the votes of all the electors of the said City of Saint John, be taken for and against the adoption of the said petition,—

Now Know Ye, that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and Order in Council, proclaim and declare, that on Thursday, the twenty-third day of February next, a poll will be held in the said City of St. John for taking the votes of the electors for and against the said petition. That such votes will be taken between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day and by ballot. That James A. Harding, Esquire, Sheriff of the County of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, has been appointed Returning Officer for the purpose of taking on that day the votes of the electors for and against the petition and of afterwards summing up the same and making a return of the result to the Governor General in Council. That the said Returning Officer is empowered and required to appoint a Deputy Returning Officer at and for each polling place or station. That the Returning Officer will appoint persons to attend at the various polling stations and at the final summing up of votes on behalf of the persons interested in and promoting or opposing, respectively, the adoption of the petition, at the office of the said Sheriff, in the said City of Saint John, on Monday, the twentieth day of February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon.

That the votes of the electors will be summed up and the result of the polling declared by the Returning Officer at the office of the said Sheriff on Saturday, the twenty-fifth day of February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon. And in the event of the petition being adopted by the electors, the Governor General in Council may, at any time after the expiration of sixty days from the day on which the same was adopted, by Order in Council published in the *Canada Gazette*, declare that the second part of the said Act shall be in force and take effect in such City upon, from and after the day on which the annual or semi-annual licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors then in force in such City will expire, provided such day be not less than ninety days from the day of the date of such Order in Council, and if it be less, then on the like day in the then following year.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well Beloved General Sir Patrick Leonard MacDougall, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Administrator of the Government of Canada, and Commander of Our Forces therein, &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this FOURTH day of JANUARY in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

30-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Wednesday, 11th day of January, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Manitoba, with the Legislative Assembly of that Province did, on the 25th day of May, 1881, pass the undermentioned Act which has been transmitted, entitled as follows, viz:—

“An Act to incorporate the Winnipeg South Eastern Railway Company.”

And whereas the said Act has been laid before the Administrator of the Government in Council together with a Report from the Minister of Railways and Canals and the Minister of Justice recommending that the said Act should be disallowed,—

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has thereupon this day been pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to declare his disallowance of the said Act and the same is disallowed accordingly.

Whereof the Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Manitoba, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

I, Sir Patrick Leonard MacDougall, Administrator of the Government of Canada, do hereby certify that the undermentioned Act passed by the Legislature

of Manitoba, on the 25th day of May A. D. 1881, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Winnipeg South Eastern Railway Company" was received by me on the 22nd day of November A. D. 1881.

Given under my hand and seal this 11th day of January, 1882.

[L.S.] P. L. MacDOUGALL, General,
29-3 Administrator.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 20th January, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 14th of January instant, and under the authority vested in him by the 44 Victoria, chap. 11, section 11, has been pleased to order and direct that "Salt cake," being a sulphate of soda, used by manufacturers of glass and soap, be placed on the free list, when imported into Canada by such manufacturers for their own use in their works, and the article in question is, therefore, placed on the free list accordingly.

By command,

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

30-3

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st December, 1881.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,349,542 02
Excise.....	565,780 07
Post Office.....	106,498 20
Public Works, including Railways.	182,576 51
Bill Stamps	14,188 61
Miscellaneous	147,695 83
	<u>\$ 2,366,281 24</u>
Revenue to 30th Nov., 1881.....	13,801,342 84
	<u>\$16,167,624 08</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,232,920 52
do 30th Nov., 1881.....	10,099,153 47
	<u>\$11,332,073 99</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 2nd January, 1881.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of December, 1881. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 30th Nov., 1881	\$7,541,467 33	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$265,925 50
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	564,932 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	1,800 70	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$7,798,501 86
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	43,772 67
	8,108,200 03		7,842,274 5
			8,108,200 03

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 17th January, 1882.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1st JANUARY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Chamay.....	Woburn.....	Beauce..... Q.	Eugène Becigueul.
Gagnon.....	.....	Victoria..... N.S.	Jean P. Gagnon.
Marney.....	Sec. 2, Tp. 16, R. 22 W.....	Marquette..... M.	Peter Butchart.
Neepawa.....	" 33, " 14, " 15 ".....	Marquette..... M.	J. J. Hamilton.
Norquay.....	" 17, " 6, " 10 ".....	Marquette..... M.	T. H. Pentland.
North Arm.....	District of Westminster.....	New Westminster..... B.C.	John W. Sexsmith.
Point Aconi.....	.....	Cape Breton.. .. N.S.	Donald J. Walker.
Reids Mills.....	Mountain.....	Dundas..... O.	W. Reid.
South Clones.....	.....	Queens..... N.B.	Johnston Cooper.
South Knowlesville.....	.....	Carleton..... N.B.	Jacob Spinney.
Ste. Trinité.....	De Sales.....	Charlevoix..... Q.	Pierre Tremblay.
Trafford.....	heffield.....	Addington..... O.	Michael Whelan.
Toys Hill.....	Matilda.....	Dundas..... O.	J. Toy.
Ursa.....	Glamorgan.....	Peterborough, E.R..... O.	Stephen Kettle.
Weedon Centre.....	Weedon.....	Wolfe..... Q.	Siméon Fontaine.
West Advocate.....	.....	Cumberland..... N.S.	Judson Reid.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Olydesdale..... Co. Marquette, M.
Conroy's Farm..... Co. Hastings, O.
Falkland Co. Brant, O.
Simays Lake..... Co. Pontiac, Q.
Weedon Station..... Co. Wolfe, Q.

NAME CHANGED.

Duncanville, Co. Victoria, N.B..... to Beaconsfield.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,158 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....						
\$1 & \$2.....						
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....						
\$50 & \$100.....						
\$500 & \$1000.....						
Total.....						

Fractional Notes.....	173,155 85
Provincial "	161,229 85
Montreal issue.....	7,381,852 50
Toronto "	4,831,198 00
Halifax "	1,719,568 50
St. John "	702,259 25
Victoria "	29,545 50
Total.....	\$14,998,809 45

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st December.....	2,832,888 48
Guarantee Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,752,888 48

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under
Vic. 43, cap. 13—

10 p. c. on \$14,998,809 45 1,499,880 94

Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—

15 p. c. on \$14,998,809 45 2,249,821 42 \$3,749,702 36

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 2,003,186 12

Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13. 12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,998,809 45..... 11,249,107 09

Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 750,892 91

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 2,003,186 12
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 750,892 91

Total Excess..... 2,754,079 03

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 13th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31st DECEMBER, 1881.

CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.							
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.
City and District Savings Bank.....	\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 600,000 00	\$ cts. 259,443 17	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 17,287 55	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,531,854 87	\$ cts. 180,000 00
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,089,200 03	83,000 00
Total Liabilities.....									
									\$ cts. 6,058,604 81
									\$ cts. 70,019 22
									\$ cts. 89,861 72
									\$ cts. 3,262,061 75
ASSETS.									
	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock.	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.
City and District Savings Bank.....	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 1,379,582 18	\$ cts. 615 96	\$ cts. 2,124,758 41	\$ cts. 1,767,110 02	\$ cts. 921,053 54	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. *421,504 33
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	724,890 48	.....	1,002,476 70	128,370 88	1,135,955 05	83,000 00	237,220 00	127,407 37
Total Assets.....									
									\$ cts. 6,794,624 44
									\$ cts. 3,534,350 42

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,395 10.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th Jan., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st October, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 30th Sept., 1881.	Deposits for October, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, October, 1881.	Balance, 31st October, 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	485,321 16	46,576 37	531,897 53	42,952 82	488,944 71
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg	289,784 51	83,607 00	373,391 51	39,394 65	333,996 86
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,290,116 20	70,951 00	1,361,067 20	47,108 80	1,313,958 40
Nanaimo.....	135,663 51	8,479 00	144,142 51	5,983 50	138,159 01
New Westminster.....	156,350 08	11,381 00	167,731 08	6,148 21	161,582 87
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst	116,825 13	5,497 00	122,322 13	6,498 66	115,823 47
Antigonish	29,046 83	2,755 00	31,801 83	992 27	30,809 56
Annapolis.....	110,071 44	8,147 00	118,218 44	6,010 92	112,207 52
Arichat	121,231 15	1,911 00	123,142 15	3,099 88	120,042 27
Acadia Mines	25,934 06	2,580 00	28,514 06	1,828 45	26,685 61
Baddeck.....	31,775 61	2,502 63	34,278 24	1,000 08	33,278 16
Bridgewater	18,059 89	695 00	18,754 89	780 00	17,974 89
Barrington.....	29,851 30	1,452 00	31,303 30	550 80	30,752 50
Digby.....	53,757 38	6,491 00	60,248 38	2,932 56	57,315 82
Guysboro'.....	41,135 69	2,135 00	43,270 69	1,670 87	41,599 82
Halifax.....	2,252,514 00	66,730 47	2,319,244 47	82,411 26	2,236,833 21
Kentville.....	77,266 54	6,689 30	83,955 84	2,189 60	81,766 24
Liverpool	109,249 45	3,801 00	113,050 45	2,747 40	110,303 05
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan	8,456 05	1,103 00	9,559 05	524 00	9,035 05
Lunenburg	66,716 06	1,685 00	68,401 06	2,724 72	65,676 34
Maitland.....	44,430 80	2,033 00	46,463 80	1,585 85	44,877 95
New Glasgow.....	82,869 75	6,654 00	89,523 75	2,954 10	86,569 65
Parrsboro'.....	39,871 71	1,260 00	41,131 71	1,051 55	40,080 16
Port Hood.....	42,857 23	1,690 00	44,547 23	736 97	43,810 26
Pictou.....	38,075 84	1,366 00	39,441 84	1,273 19	38,168 65
Shelburne	28,941 53	2,170 00	31,111 53	1,088 32	30,023 21
Sydney.....	155,306 23	4,424 00	159,730 23	5,781 28	153,948 95
Sherbrooke.....	32,255 83	700 00	32,955 83	1,748 79	31,187 04
Truro	175,427 99	6,613 00	182,040 99	5,416 09	176,624 90
Wallace	4,940 25	1,781 00	6,721 25	190 50	6,530 75
Windsor.....	361,583 33	6,317 00	367,900 33	15,548 28	352,352 05
Weymouth.....	51,573 24	817 00	52,390 24	2,398 18	49,992 06
Yarmouth.....	264,241 61	15,522 00	279,763 61	8,634 98	271,128 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst	59,583 41	1,888 00	61,471 41	1,154 58	60,316 83
Chatham.....	177,502 43	6,401 00	183,903 43	4,397 65	179,505 78
Dalhousie	132,187 63	3,194 00	135,381 63	1,786 38	133,595
Dorchester	16,269 35	2,131 42	18,400 77	2,591 29	15,809 48
Fredericton.....	260,563 68	8,102 00	268,665 68	10,652 85	258,012 83
Hillsboro'.....	18,092 31	725 00	18,817 31	376 14	18,441 17
Moncton	107,317 23	13,157 00	120,474 23	8,166 93	112,307 30
Newcastle.....	115,139 76	8,740 00	123,879 76	3,762 20	120,117 56
Richibucto	64,553 06	390 00	64,943 06	847 99	64,095 07
St. Andrews	183,138 50	4,018 00	187,156 50	1,245 98	185,910 52
St. John.....	1,522,567 46	46,151 00	1,568,718 46	30,001 52	1,538,716 94
Sussex		3,282 00	3,282 00	280 00	3,002 00
Woodstock.....	165,144 98	6,278 00	171,422 98	3,746 12	167,676 86
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	658,047 29	26,456 00	684,503 29	20,066 09	664,437 20
Total.....	10,251,601 12	517,429 19	10,769,030 31	395,033 25	10,373,997 06

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th Sept., 1881, published in accordance with the Act 34 Vict., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Aug., 1881.	Deposits for Sept., 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, Sept., 1881.	Balance, 31st Sept., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario,—</i>					
Toronto.....	486,581 51	34,115 00	520,696 51	35,375 35	485,321 16
<i>Manitoba,—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	253,986 53	68,750 00	322,736 53	32,952 02	289,784 51
<i>British Columbia,—</i>					
Victoria	1,268,968 23	70,930 00	1,339,928 23	49,812 03	1,290,116 20
Nanaimo	134,026 28	4,978 00	139,004 28	3,310 77	135,663 51
New Westminster.....	146,861 68	14,392 00	161,453 68	5,103 60	156,350 08
<i>Nova Scotia,—</i>					
Amherst	110,886 37	8,463 00	119,349 37	2,524 24	116,825 13
Antigonish	25,149 83	4,732 00	29,881 83	835 00	29,046 83
Annapolis.....	107,942 98	6,391 00	114,333 98	4,262 54	110,071 44
Arichat.....	123,076 71	3,583 82	126,660 53	5,429 38	121,231 15
Acadia Mines.....	24,805 63	1,877 00	26,682 63	748 57	25,934 06
Baddeck.....	28,383 85	4,100 00	32,483 85	703 24	31,775 61
Bridgewater.....	17,447 83	1,754 00	19,201 83	1,141 94	18,059 89
Barrington.....	28,022 30	1,969 00	29,991 30	140 00	29,851 30
Digby	51,886 52	4,006 00	58,892 52	5,135 14	53,757 38
Guysboro	39,647 09	3,068 00	42,715 09	1,579 40	41,135 69
Halifax	2,226,177 87	88,881 28	2,315,059 15	62,545 15	2,252,514 00
Kentville.....	76,604 73	4,437 46	81,042 19	3,775 65	77,266 54
Liverpool	108,165 58	2,307 00	110,472 58	1,223 13	109,249 45
Little Glace Bay	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan	8,526 05	411 00	8,937 05	481 00	8,456 05
Lunenburg.....	68,216 73	930 00	69,146 73	2,430 67	66,716 06
Maitland.....	43,198 19	4,036 00	47,234 19	2,803 39	44,430 80
New Glasgow.....	83,246 75	3,507 00	86,753 75	3,884 00	82,869 75
Parrsboro'.....	42,097 52	1,148 00	43,245 52	3,373 81	39,871 71
Port Hood.....	43,248 23	455 00	43,703 23	846 00	42,857 23
Pictou	36,365 60	2,015 00	38,380 60	304 76	38,075 84
Shelburne.....	29,715 39	408 00	30,123 39	1,181 86	28,941 53
Sydney	150,430 46	7,418 00	157,848 46	2,542 23	155,306 23
Sherbrooke	31,813 02	2,500 00	34,313 02	2,077 19	32,235 83
Truro	172,714 37	8,309 00	181,023 37	5,595 38	175,427 99
Wallace.....		5,040 00	5,040 00	99 75	175,427 99
Windsor.....	365,903 83	14,941 00	380,844 83	19,261 50	361,583 33
Weymouth.....	48,876 93	3,712 00	52,588 93	1,015 69	51,573 24
Yarmouth.....	250,452 62	19,647 00	270,099 62	5,858 01	264,241 61
<i>New Brunswick,—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,441 92	1,195 00	60,636 92	1,053 51	59,583 41
Chatham.....	171,804 99	10,212 00	182,016 99	4,514 56	177,502 43
Dalhousie	127,312 16	5,969 00	133,281 16	1,093 53	132,187 63
Dorchester	16,371 35	230 00	16,601 35	332 00	16,269 35
Fredericton	245,712 66	20,393 00	266,105 66	5,541 98	260,563 68
Hillsboro'	16,361 26	1,993 00	18,354 26	261 95	18,092 31
Moncton	103,546 76	11,284 00	114,830 76	7,513 53	107,317 23
Newcastle	115,947 79	2,796 00	118,743 79	3,604 03	115,139 76
Richibucto	61,549 06	3,546 00	65,095 06	542 00	64,553 06
St. Andrews	178,284 64	9,714 00	187,998 64	4,860 14	183,138 50
St. John.....	1,501,703 92	45,961 00	1,547,664 92	25,097 46	1,522,567 46
Woodstock	163,118 09	5,783 00	168,901 09	3,756 11	165,144 98
<i>Prince Edward Island,</i>					
Charlottetown	641,231 11	34,259 13	675,490 24	17,442 95	658,047 29
Total	10,038,825 57	556,776 69	10,595,602 26	344,001 14	10,251,601 12

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th Dec., 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).....	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct, Hamilton.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	£20,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650)	Life.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B.C. Bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,492 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal.....	£10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....	Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock	Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	£21,000 stg. Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds	Life; Plate Glass Insurance.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Life.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's.....	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000, U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Montt... ..	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Olapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,667, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.....	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Snn Mntual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200). \$100,000 U S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Union Mntnal Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life and Accident.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.. ..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.....	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal...	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 30th November, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Dnty.
Acids.....	\$	\$ cts. 974 00	\$ cts. 206 85
Agricultural Implements	"	2,206 00	594 05
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals. 21,762	13,504 00	3,351 00
Animals.....	\$	3,763 00	752 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	122,611 00	21,738 39
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	35,660 00	9,530 06
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 221,102	136,635 00	16,730 13
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 14,429	56,614 00	6,001 31
Rice and all other Breadstuffs	\$	21,083 00	7,033 54
Candles.....	Lbs. 30,075	4,528 00	1,126 25
Chicory.....	" 8,365	417 00	333 87
Coal of all kinds and Coke	Tons. 108,072	415,774 00	58,284 31
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 137,520	19,242 00	2,798 28
" " U. States.....	" 25,922	4,215 00	993 27
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	20,105 00	2,268 85
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	5,554 00	651 30
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	362,576 00	77,592 48
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	75,678 00	16,624 34
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	65,974 00	18,635 25
Fancy Goods.....	"	54,771 00	11,448 74
Fish.....	"	6,763 00	1,350 68
Fruit, Dried.....	"	199,931 00	48,748 45
" green, &c.....	"	36,912 00	7,313 98
Furs.....	"	42,322 00	7,546 50
Glass and Glassware.....	"	88,143 00	20,852 50
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	6,360 00	1,825 28
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	37,588 00	9,397 00
Hops.....	Lbs. 20,915	5,791 00	1,254 90
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	1,037,129 00	208,458 52
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	108,012 00	25,365 35
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	11,451 00	1,711 02
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,842 00	28,525 05
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	16,631 00	3,218 31
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,546 00	8,513 20
Musical Instruments.....	"	42,739 00	11,802 40
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 544,112	72,150 00	39,164 05
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 69,212	41,677 00	9,626 15
Paints and Colors.....	\$	31,104 00	5,197 35
Paper and manufactres of.....	"	117,827 00	28,324 67
Perfumery, &c.....	"	5,008 00	1,042 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,572,360	142,706 00	18,061 11
Butter.....	" 117	28 00	4 66
Cheese.....	" 5,801	1,090 00	174 03
Lard.....	" 222,322	26,635 00	4,446 44
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	4,770 00	837 46
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries	Lbs. 46,237	124 00	37 95
Seeds.....	\$	5,484 00	836 80
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	98,730 00	29,058 85
Soap of all kinds.....	" 84,695	6,968 00	2,130 82
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	20,934 00	4,700 50
Starch.....	Lbs. 39,333	2,526 00	786 66
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 96,326	104,837 00	146,029 88
Wines, other than Sparkling	" 51,845	41,589 00	30,442 14
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,395	9,899 00	5,725 19
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 290,810	12,923 00	7,431 15
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 5,583,081	214,425 00	106,200 60
" below No. 9, D.S	" 9,450,009	322,845 00	144,100 58
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 132,834	4,563 00	2,199 87
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 1,074,946	37,482 00	15,275 64
" Glucose and Syrups.....	" 81,477	3,477 00	1,649 22
" Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 74,291	30,068 00	6,638 30
" Molasses not for refining.....	" 232,511	67,864 00	10,294 30
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 785,642	162,710 00	35,688 51
" United States	" 264,741	52,066 00	18,092 81
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 22,848	31,076 00	18,190 87
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	111,262 00	28,272 80
Woollen manufactures	"	296,264 00	81,740 61
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs.		
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	610,483 00	138,490 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$5,920,688 00	\$1,583,471 53
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		69,344 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,854,492 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 7,844,524 00	\$1,583,471 53

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of Manitoba
and British Columbia) for November, 1881.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	121,274 00	12,535 00	133,809 00
do Fisheries.....	723,141 00	.....	723,141 00
do Forest.....	1,874,047 00	101,931 00	1,975,978 00
Animals and their Produce.....	2,138,662 00	33,633 00	2,172,295 00
Agricultural Products.....	6,460,624 00	234,086 00	6,694,710 00
Manufactures	291,257 00	105,158 00	396,415 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	38,038 00	5,050 00	43,088 00
Totals.....	11,647,043 00	492,393 00	12,139,436 00
Coin and Bullion.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand Total.....	11,647,043 00	492,393 00	12,139,436 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 5th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in

the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate

NOTICE is hereby given that the McClary Manufacturing Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the said company with increased powers.

MEREDITH & SCATCHERD,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1882. 30-1f

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act to reduce the paid-up capital and stock of "The Exchange Bank of Yarmouth" to the extent of thirty per cent.

SANDFORD H. PELTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.
21st January, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Qu'Appelle Land Company" with power to acquire, improve and sell lands and promote immigration, and with other powers.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK.
Solicitors for the applicants.
Toronto, 16th January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an amendment of the Letters Patent incorporating the said company, in respect of the nationality and residence of the directors of the said company.

TAIT & ABBOTTS.
Montreal, 18th January, 1882. 30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the Great American and European Short Line Railway Company, with power: 1st. To construct, equip and operate lines of railway from a point at or near Cape North, in the Island of Cape Breton, to the Strait of Canso, and from the Strait of Canso, through the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario, to a point or points in United States Territory; 2nd. To construct, equip and operate steamers, and steam ferry communication between any of the Provinces of the Dominion, and between the Dominion and Newfoundland, and between the Dominion and Europe, and between Newfoundland and Europe, and also said ferry connection on the Strait of Canso; 3rd. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with the matter and powers before mentioned, and the working and operating of the same.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
for self and other Corporators.
Halifax, 3rd January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE.—"The Bell Telephone Company of Canada" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to its Act of incorporation 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to manufacture besides the articles referred to in such second section such other articles or things as the company may deem advisable, also to transmit messages by telegraph as well as by telephone, also to purchase telegraph as well as telephone lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its telegraph and telephone lines from any one to any other of the Provinces in the Dominion, and whereby also it shall be declared that said Act of incorporation and its amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,
Solicitors for said company.
Montreal, 17th January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is given that application will be made to Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the St. Lawrence and Pacific Railway Ferry Co.

Montreal, 10th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway and telegraph from some point at or near to Michipicoton Harbor, on the north east of Lake Superior, to Moose Fort or some other point on James' Bay, wherever it might be deemed most advisable to build the line.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for the applicants.
Toronto, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to amend the Act 43 Vic. chap. 46, and to define the powers, duties and term of office of the liquidators appointed to wind up the affairs of the Consolidated Bank of Canada, and to provide for their replacement, in consequence of the remaining assets having been disposed of, and for other purposes.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Great Eastern Railway Company.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the passage of an Act to consolidate the several Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company and declaratory of the powers heretofore granted to the said company, and to grant to the said company all such other powers as have heretofore been granted by Parliament to other telegraph companies.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Montreal Office, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Western Canada Colonization Company," with power to acquire, improve and sell lands, and promote immigration, and with other powers.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 3rd January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.
28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the term of several patents of invention issued to Thomas A. Edison, and to extend the time for manufacture under the terms of the said patents and the general statutes in that behalf, and to allow importation of articles covered by such patents for a limited time.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the said Thomas A. Edison.
Dated Hamilton, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the period limited for the completion of the works of the Canada Southern Bridge Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.
28-9

NOTICE is given that the "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to the eighth and thirteenth sections of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 53, intituled "An Act to increase and extend the powers of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.
Montreal, 29th December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act incorporating "The International Construction Company," with power to said company to enter into contracts for the construction, equipment or operating of railway and telegraph lines, canals, bridges, steamboats and barges within the Dominion of Canada, and for acquiring, holding, selling and leasing of real estate, within said Dominion.

THOMAS WELLS,
Solicitor for applicants.
Winnipeg, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company; to make provision for the issue of a certain amount of paid-up stock, as paid-up shares of stock, in said company; to increase the amount of bonds, or debentures, which may be issued by said company; to authorize said company to construct a bridge over the Ottawa river, at some point between the village of Aylmer and the city of Ottawa; to fix a day for the annual general meeting of the shareholders of said company; and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 22nd December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, by "The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada," for an Act to amend the Acts incorporating and relating to the said company by authorizing the said company to carry on the business of inland and ocean marine insurance, and to otherwise extend the business of the company; to authorize the directors to levy assessments on the shareholders whenever the stock is impaired, or to readjust or write off any part of the paid-up capital; to extend the class or nature of securities in which the company may invest its funds; to authorize the company to take over the business of or to amalgamate with any other company, and otherwise to extend

the powers of the company and to amend the said Acts.

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the British America Assurance Company, will apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, to pass an Act amending their charter, and the several Acts affecting the same, by changing the time for the holding of the annual meeting of the said company, and the election of the directors thereof, from the first Monday of August to the second Thursday in the month of February in each year; and to close the financial year of the company, for the annual statement, to be submitted to the proprietors of the said company at the said meeting, on the 3rd day of December in each year, and to consolidate all Acts affecting the said company as so amended.

C. GAMBLE,
Solicitor for B.A.A. Co.
British America Assurance Co. Buildings,
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the "Commercial Travellers Association of Canada," to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to give effect to the By-Laws of the Association; and to declare the "Accident" and "Mortuary" benefits provided by such By-Laws to be exempt from liability to the creditors of any member of the Association; and also providing for the deposit with the Dominion Government of the "Permanent Reserve Fund" of the Association for the purpose of securing the said benefits and upon terms as similar as may be to those provided for deposits with the Government under the General Insurance Acts; and to otherwise amend and extend the Acts relating to the said Association.

H. SYMONS,
Solicitors for the applicants.
Dated the third day of January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to revive the Statute 43 Vic. chap. 56, incorporating the "South Saskatchewan Valley Railway Company" and to amend the same by extending the time for commencing the said railway, and for other purposes.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solicitor for the applicants.
29th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the shareholders of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, under the name of the "Canada Mutual Telegraph Company," and to confer upon the said company all such powers and privileges as are now enjoyed or possessed by any other telegraph company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the letters patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 30th November, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, working and operating a line of railway from the east end of Lake Athabasca in the North West Territories, to some point on the Hudson Bay at or near Fort Churchill, with power to

build bridges and to build, own and run tramways, steamers and boats on the Peace and Athabasca Rivers and their tributaries and other navigable waters connected with the line.

KENNEDY & SUTHERLAND,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Winnipeg, 20th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Brant Loan and Savings Society under the name of "The Brant Loan and Savings Company," and empowering said company to issue stock and debentures, invest moneys on real estate, bank stock, debentures and other securities, and to purchase, hold, improve and dispose of lands, and otherwise to exercise the powers usually conferred on Loaning companies.

WILSON, SMYTH & MUIRHEAD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Brantford, 27th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The American Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

C. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for the applicants

25th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the Montreal Board of Trade, to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to permit the fusion and amalgamation of the said Board with other commercial corporate bodies in that City.

Montreal, 23rd December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, by the C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company, for an Act of incorporation changing its name, and granting it extended powers and privileges.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, and the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 38, and to make more clear the provisions of the said last named Act; to provide also for supplying the place of any one or more of the joint assignees who may die, remove or from any cause become incapacitated from acting; also to define the powers of the joint assignees as respects the collecting, making or giving notices of calls, bringing of suits for assessments on stocks and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the "St. Lawrence Bridge and Manufacturing

Company" for the purpose of constructing a bridge over the St. Lawrence river, opposite the City of Montreal, by way of St. Helen's Island, and for enlarging and improving in connection therewith the Harbor of Montreal; the whole in general conformity with the scheme known as the "Shearer scheme," proposed by Mr. James Shearer, and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company to be a work for the general advantage of Canada, and also to amend the several Acts relating to the said company, and for further power for the issue of bonds and debenture stock, and to re-arrange and increase their bonded debt, and for the repeal of section twelve of the Act forty-three Victoria, chapter sixty-six (Ontario), providing for the appointment of a Commissioner for the purpose therein mentioned, and also to repeal the seventeenth section of the said Act providing for the election of a director by certain municipalities therein mentioned, and for other purposes; and also to repeal the last proviso in the fourteenth section of the Act forty-four Victoria, chapter seventy four (Ontario), and also to give the said company power to arrange with other railway companies for station accommodation and to join with other companies in the erection of a joint station, and also the right to make running arrangements with other railways; also to purchase, charter and work steamboats and other vessels; and also to authorize the said company to amalgamate with or lease their line to the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, and for other purposes.

MARTIN & ELLIOT,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, the 28th day of December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act extending the period of twelve months limited by the fifth section of the Act authorizing the establishment of Superannuation Provident and Insurance Funds by the company; also to authorize the company to purchase or lease railways which touch or intersect its own line or to amalgamate with the companies owning such railways, also to declare and define the company's powers in that respect, and to authorize the acquisition of station grounds and premises and access thereto for the company's purposes.

SAMUEL BARKER,
Solicitor G.W. Ry. Co.

Dated at Hamilton, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

TAKE Notice that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Niagara River Bridge Company.

The applicants purpose erecting a bridge (without a drawbridge) for railway purposes from some point in the Dominion of Canada on the left bank of the Niagara River to some point in the United States of America between the Falls of Niagara and the mountain ridge above Lewiston.

The applicants purpose charging or levying a toll of not more than five dollars per car for each car passing over said bridge.

FOSTER, CLARKE & BOWES,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the General Land Company of Canada, for the purposes of purchasing and colonizing lands in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

ROYAL & PRUD'HOMME,
Solicitors for applicants.

Winnipeg, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the Saskatchewan and Qu'Appelle Navigation Company, for the purposes of dredging and navigating the Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle and Assiniboine Rivers.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, Ont., 14th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Tecumseh Insurance Company of Canada," for the purpose of carrying on the business of fire and inland marine and live stock insurance.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, Ont., 13th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, will apply at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an amendment to their Act of incorporation to authorize them to adopt the provisions relating to Mutual Insurance Companies in the Province of Ontario, and also to issue policies covering losses from wind storms and tornadoes.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, Ont., 13th Dec. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that a Bill will be introduced at the next session of the Dominion Parliament to ratify and confirm the resolutions of the "North Shore Railway Company" of the eleventh day of August, and of the second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, having for their object to transfer to the Province of Quebec all the interest of the said company in the railway then in course of construction between the cities of Quebec and Montreal, and the rights belonging thereto; and also to ratify and confirm the deed of cession and transfer passed by the "Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway Company," the sixteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, before M^r Louis N. Dumouchel, Notary, to the Government of the Province of Quebec, of all the interest of the said Company in its railway then in course of construction between Montreal and Aylmer, with a branch to St. Jérôme, and the rights belonging thereto.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. of Railways.

Dated Quebec, 20th Dec., 1881. 26-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company to be called the "Ontario Pacific Railroad" Company, for the purpose of constructing, equipping and operating a line of railway from Cornwall by Ottawa, touching at or near Arnprior, Eganville, Lake Nipissing to Sault Ste. Marie, and branches, with power to bridge the St. Lawrence and St. Mary's Rivers at or near both termini.

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Ottawa, 19th December, 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the "Anchor Insurance Company" by enabling it to transact the business of Fire Insurance, to reduce its capital and for other purposes.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY,
Solicitors for applicant.

Toronto, 22nd Dec., 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to empower "The New York and Ontario Furnace Company," a corporation organized under the Laws of the State of New Jersey, to acquire and hold real and personal estate in the Dominion of Canada and to carry on in the Dominion of Canada the business of mining, smelting, and manufacture of iron and steel, and to incorporate the shareholders thereof into a corporation under and by the authority of the Parliament of Canada for the above purposes.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Belleville, 22nd December, A.D. 1881.

26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from or near Montreal to a point on the southern boundary of the township of Dundee, in the county of Huntingdon, there to connect with a railway in the State of New York, and to build a branch to connect with the Canada Atlantic Railway at some point in the county of Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
for Applicants.

Huntingdon, Que., Dec. 10, 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for a charter to incorporate "The Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company," and to empower said company to enter upon lands, to locate, construct and carry on a railway for transporting vessels, with or without cargo, from Chignecto Bay to Baie Verte; and to locate, construct and maintain a Passenger and Freight Railway in combination therewith from Amherst to Cape Jourimain; and to invest the said company with all usual and requisite powers for the above purposes.

H. G. C. KETCHUM,
Promoter and Engineer.

Fredericton, Nov. 22, 1881. 25-9

ENGLISH AND COLONIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating this company so as to authorize the said company to organize and commence business on the subscription and payment on account of capital of less amounts than are mentioned in the said Act, and for other purposes.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the Niagara Grand Island Bridge.

25-9

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Edison Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated Hamilton, Ont., 15th Dec. 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the time limited by the several Acts respecting the Canada Southern Railway Company or the Erie and Niagara Railway Company, for commencing and completing the original lines of the said companies or any branch lines authorized by the said Acts or any of them.

25-10

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Richelieu Bridge Company, with power to build, work, maintain and manage a toll bridge for ordinary traffic purposes across the Richelieu River from the Parishes of St. Thomas in the county of Missisquoi to Lacolle or St. Valentine in the county of St. John. The said bridge to be constructed with a draw leaving a passage when open of forty feet, or the width of that of the Vermont Junction Railway Bridge over same river at St. John's, Que. The bridge over navigable portions of said river to have abutments or piers one hundred and fifty feet apart, and arches five feet or more above high water mark, and over unnavigable portions to be built of piles if desired. Arches of bridge to be of such height above high water, the intervals between the abutments or piers, width of draw to be such as may be approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council. And with power to collect tolls for any passage over said bridge at rates not to exceed the following: Foot passengers, each way, five cents; loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs, and spring colts following the mare, each way, ten cents; sheep and pigs, per head, five cents; cart, carriage, buggy, waggon, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, each way, twenty-five cents; carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter, or other vehicle drawn by two animals, each way, thirty-five cents. The above rates include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Clarenceville, Que., Dec. 10, 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Ottawa and Arnprior Junction railway Company" for the purpose

of constructing and working a line of railway from Quyon or some adjacent point in the Township of Onslow, in the County of Pontiac, Province of Quebec, to the Village of Arnprior, in the Province of Ontario, crossing the Ottawa River by way of the Chats Falls or Rapids; with power also to construct the necessary bridge or bridges over said river for the purposes of said railway at or near said Chats Falls or Rapids; also with power to extend said railway from Arnprior, crossing the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Arnprior to some point in the Township of Bagot, in the County of Renfrew, on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, and if necessary also to cross the Kingston and Pembroke Railway at said point; also with power to build branch lines, to sell or lease said railway, to amalgamate with any other Railway Company, to lease or buy any other railway, and to connect with and obtain running powers over other railways, and to construct along said railway and branches a Telegraph line.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Dated, December 15th 1881. 25-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, to Smith's Falls, and thence to the Town of Perth, in the County of Lanark, and Province of Ontario, to be called "The Montreal and Central Canada Railway Company," with power to construct a bridge or bridges across the Rideau River, the Rideau Canal, the Ottawa River and the St. Anne's Canal, with power to amalgamate with, connect with, and obtain running powers over any line or lines of railway and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada, and with power to build and run tramways, steam ferries, steamboats, vessels and barges, in connection with the said line of railway and bridges.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, Dec., A.D. 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Ontario Investment Association," and authorizing said Association to lend money on the security of Real Estate in Manitoba, or any other of the Provinces of the Dominion, and permitting the said Association to charge such interest on the loans effected as may be agreed upon with the borrowers, and also enlarging the borrowing powers of the said Association and enabling it to receive money on deposit.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 14th December, 1881. 25-10

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to reduce the capital stock of the Ontario Bank.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank,
Toronto, 7th December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the Souris and Rocky Mountain Railway Company, for purpose of enabling the said company to construct its line and branches north of Fifty-first degree of North Latitude.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for applicants.
Toronto, 1st December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, by "The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company" for an Act changing the name of the company to the "Dominion Life Insurance Company," or such other name as the Directors may approve of, and to amend the seventh, eighth and eleventh sections of the Act incorporating the said company, and for other amendments to the said Act

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.
24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from a point on the North Branch of the Saskatchewan River, between Fort à La Corne and Carleton, running north-westerly to the Peace River, to be called "The Saskatchewan and Peace River Railway," with power to build and run branches to any navigable waters to the north of said main line and south to the North Branch of the Saskatchewan River.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for the applicants.
6th December, 1881. 24-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given by The Ottawa, Vaudreuil and Montreal Railway Company that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act further to extend the time limited for the construction of that portion of the line of the said Railway Company lying between West Hawkesbury and the City of Ottawa, and further to confirm the powers conferred upon said company.

PINHEY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for the company.
Dated 6th December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act incorporating the Pilots commissioned for the service of Pilotage between Quebec and Montreal, under the name of "The Corporation of Pilots of Montreal."

BELLEAU & STAFFORD,
Attorneys.
Quebec, 26th October, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to authorize the said company to purchase, lease, or amalgamate with any line of railway, whose line touches or intersects any part of their line, also

to declare and define the powers of the said company in that respect, and further for power under the provisions of the Railway Act, to acquire station grounds and tracks leading thereto which in their judgment may be necessary for their purposes.

JOHN BELL,
Solicitor of the G. T. R. Co. of Canada.
Dated at Montreal, this 2nd day of Nov., 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Saskatchewan, with power to acquire and hold real estate and invest the moneys of said Synod in such part of the Dominion of Canada and on such securities as may, by the said Synod, be deemed proper from time to time.

BLAKE, KERR & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated 5th December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a resolution of the shareholders of the Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company, passed at a special general meeting of the shareholders of the said company, duly called and held at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, on the 22nd day of November, 1881, application will be made by said company to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for a special Act to authorize the said company to wind up and liquidate its affairs.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
President.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Vice President.

ALEXANDER GIBB,
Solicitor for applicants.
JOHN PENNOCK,
Secretary.
Ottawa, 7th December 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to authorize the "Mutual Life Association of Canada" to change the name of the association. Also to empower the said association to issue policies on the principle of non-participation of profits, and for other purposes.

MACKELCAN, GIBSON & BELL,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Hamilton, 24th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the "Nova Scotia Railway Company, Limited," with full powers to acquire, wholly or in part, by purchase or otherwise, the existing lines of railway (excepting the Intercolonial Railway) whether finished or not, in Nova Scotia, or any one or more of them, and the appurtenances.

2. The construction, completion, repair and equipment of existing partially completed lines of railway in Nova Scotia.

3. The construction of a line of railway in the Island of Cape Breton, and lines connecting with the Government Railway in the County of Pictou and County of Halifax.

4. The establishment, maintenance and operation of ferries and steamboat service between Nova Scotia proper and the Island of Cape Breton, between Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia, between New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and between Nova Scotia and the United States of America.

5. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, coaches and conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with said railways hereinbefore mentioned, and the working and operating of the same for hire.

6. The maintenance and operation of all the lines of railway hereinbefore mentioned, whether now constructed or hereafter to be constructed.

THOMPSON & GRAHAM,
Solicitors for applicants.

Halifax, N.S., 24th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE.—The Napierville Junction Railway and Quarry Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament for the following amendments to their charter:

Change of appellation.

Locate its Eastern Terminus at St. John, Q.

Extension south-westerly parallel with the Province Line, and to the River St. Lawrence.

23-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Quebec Timber Company (Limited)."

E. T. BROOKS,
Solicitor for applicants.

November 26, 1881. 23-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Rainy River Improvement Company."

The objects of the proposed company will be to construct booms, dams, slides, piers and works in the rivers, lakes, streams and creeks hereinafter mentioned and on the banks thereof for the purpose of transmission of saw logs, square timber, flatted timber and all descriptions of timber down the whole course of the river flowing westward from Hunter's Island through Rainy Lake, down the course of Rainy River to the Lake of the Woods and the streams, rivers and creeks flowing into the said river, Rainy Lake and Rainy River, in the Province of Manitoba, and Ontario, or in the District of Keewatin; and with all the powers and privileges similar to the provisions in an Act of the Consolidated Statutes of the late Province of Canada intituled "An Act respecting Joint Stock Companies to construct works to facilitate the transmission of timber down rivers and streams," and amendments thereto; and also with full power and privilege to unite and amalgamate with any company formed for a similar purpose by the laws of the State of Minnesota.

PINHEY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 28th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Manitoba and Saskatchewan Transportation Com-

pany," for the purpose of building and operating a line of railway from some point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, between Winnipeg and Portage La Prairie to a point on Lake Manitoba, and of constructing and running vessels in connection therewith on Lakes Manitoba and Winnipegosis and the Saskatchewan River, and improving the navigation of the said lakes and rivers; with power to build railways or canals connecting said lakes and river, and to levy tolls on said canals.

C. E. HAMILTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Winnipeg, 21st November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate, "The Winnipeg and Springfield Bridge Company" with power to build, work, maintain and manage a toll bridge for ordinary traffic purposes across the Red River at some point between the northerly limits of the City of Winnipeg and the Louise Bridge in the County of Selkirk and Province of Manitoba, the said bridge to be constructed with a draw leaving a passage when open of forty feet or more, and with arches twenty-five and one half feet above low water, and with intervals of two hundred feet or more between the abutments of piers. And with power to collect tolls for any passage over the said bridge at rates not exceeding the following:—

Foot passengers, each way, two cents.

Rider with horse or mule, each way, ten cents.

Loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs and spring colts following the mare, each way, five cents.

Sheep and pigs, per head, each way, two cents.

Cart, carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, each way, twelve cents and a half.

Carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by two or more animals, each way, twenty cents.

The above rates include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

W. H. CULVER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Winnipeg, 21st November 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, to incorporate "The Manitoba Bank" for the purpose of doing a Banking business in the Dominion of Canada, with the head office of such Bank at Winnipeg.

H. E. HENDERSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the North Western Bank.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Whitby, 21st November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for a charter for a drawbridge with two openings sixty feet wide, the bottom of the lower cord to be not less than four feet above high water, across the Saint Croix River to the boundary line between New Brunswick and the State of Maine, to connect with a bridge from the City of Calais, said bridge to be used for railway and other purposes

and to be built at or near the location surveyed by the Grand Southern Railway Company.

M. MACMONAGLE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at St. Stephen the 16th day of November, A.D., 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act empowering them to close their business, wind up their affairs and distribute the surplus assets of the company and for all requisite powers for the said purposes.

F. R. DESPARD,
Secretary.

Dated, 23rd November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to authorize an increase of their Loan Capital, so however that the total yearly interest shall not exceed the interest on their present Loan Capital, including interest at the rate of six per centum per annum on the portion unissued; and to authorize the acquisition or purchase of or union with railway companies whose railways they have power to lease or agree to work; and otherwise to extend the powers of the said Company.

SAMUEL BARKER,

Solicitor for Great Western Railway Company.

Dated at Hamilton, Ontario, 24th November 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Grand Central Station Company, with power to erect, build and maintain a Railway Station, in the City of Toronto, and with power to construct or acquire in and near to the City of Toronto, all lines of railway, or to acquire right and running powers over existing lines of railway necessary to connect with and bring into such station the traffic of any railway using or desiring to use such station, and with power to make connections with the elevators and wharves and with other railway stations in the City of Toronto, and to contract with forwarding, railway and shipping companies for the carriage of goods and passengers, and with all the powers given under the Consolidated Railway Act, 1879, to railway companies under the headings of "plans and surveys" and "lands and their valuation."

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated 24th November, 1881. 22-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Canada Provident Association."

The objects of the Association shall be: For the mutual good of the members thereof; to make provision by means of assessments, dues, donations or other payments of members against sickness, unavoidable misfortune and death; and for substantially assisting the widows and orphans of deceased members.

The chief place of business of the association shall be in the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, but the Association shall have power to change their head office to any other City in Canada; and other places of business may be established from time to time throughout Canada as the same are required.

O'CONNOR & HOGG,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, the 25th day of November, A.D., 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate a company to build and work a bridge for railway and other purposes across the Niagara River, at or near the Village of Queenston, in the Township of Niagara, in the County of Lincoln, or such other point as the company may select, with power to amalgamate with any company in the United States of America, incorporated or to be incorporated for building a railway bridge across the said river, who may be willing to unite with the company so to be incorporated in Canada in order to secure a railway bridge open to all companies in Canada and the United States with equal rights and privileges, with power to collect tolls on the said bridge on ordinary carriage and passenger traffic at rates not exceeding the following:—

Foot passengers, each way, twelve and one half cents.

Rider with horse or mule, each way, twenty-five cents.

Loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs and spring colts, following the mare, each way, five cents.

Sheep and pigs, per head, each way, seven and one half cents.

Carts, carriages, wagons, buggies, sleighs, cutters or other vehicles, with a driver, drawn by one animal, each way, twenty-five cents. The same if drawn by two or more animals, each way, thirty-seven and one half cents.

All passengers in above mentioned conveyances, each way, twelve and one half cents.

The above rate to include the *bona fide* loads of each vehicle.

The company to be called "The Niagara Peninsula Bridge Company."

P. MCCARTHY,
Solicitor for applicants.

St. Catharines, Nov. 22nd, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act amending the Act of incorporation of the Ontario & Quebec Railway Company, so as to enable the company to acquire the charter of or amalgamate with the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company, and to acquire the charter of or amalgamate with such other railway company or companies as the Ontario & Quebec Railway when constructed may connect with, intersect, or cross, or which may be a feeder or an easterly or westerly continuation of the Ontario & Quebec Railway, or to lease all or any of such railways, and also for other amendments to the said Act.

W. H. LOCKHART GORDON,
Solicitor for applicants.

25th November, 1881. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate a Company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from the City of Ottawa or some point on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway or the Canada and Atlantic Railway, passing through or near the Villages of Metcalfe, Ormond, Vernon, Bate's Corners or West Winchester, Winchester Springs, Bell's Corners and Morrisburgh, to a point opposite Ogden's Island, in the State of New York, to be called "The Ottawa, Waddington and New York Railway and Bridge Company," with power to construct a bridge across the canal and the main channel of the St. Lawrence River to Ogden's Island, connecting with a line across the Island and the American waters to Waddington and Teal's Station or some other point on the Ogdensburgh and Lake Champlain Railway or with Canton, and to connect with the projected line of railway through the Adirondacks to North Creek; with power to amalgamate with, connect with, and obtain running

powers over, any line or lines of railways and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada; and with power also to build and run tramways, steam ferries, steamboats, vessels and barges in connection with the said line of railway and bridge; with power also to construct, maintain and operate an Inter-Provincial bridge across the Ottawa River at or near the said City of Ottawa, to some point in the Province of Quebec, as well for the said railway as for ordinary carriage and traffic purposes; with power to collect tolls on the said bridge on such ordinary carriage and passenger traffic thereon, at the rates not exceeding the following:—

Foot passengers, each way, two cents.

Rider with horse or mule, each way, five cents.

Loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs and spring colts following the mare, five cents each way.

Sheep and pigs, per head, each way, two cents.

Each carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, ten cents each way.

Each carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by two or more animals, each way fifteen cents.

The above rates to include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

With power also to construct and operate a line or lines of railway from the Quebec side of the said Bridge to connect with all or any of the railways terminating in, or passing through the County of Ottawa.

The height of the arches of the bridge across the St. Lawrence Canal and River to be not less than 60 feet above high water; the interval between the abutments or piers across the main channel of the St. Lawrence River to be the whole width of the said channel or not less than 350 feet, and across the shoal to Ogden's Island not less than 200 feet. The height of the arches of the bridge across the Ottawa River to be not less than 30 feet above high water and the interval between the abutments or piers to be not less than 200 feet; or the arches of the said bridges to be of such height above high water, the intervals between the abutments or piers to be such, and the tolls to be collected to be such, as may be approved of by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ottawa, 19th November, 1881.

22-9

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the undermentioned persons a body corporate and politic under the name of "The North West Cattle Company, Limited," for the purpose of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock raising at or in the Bow River Country in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a head office in the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec.

The capital stock of the company to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the said applicants are as follows: Sir Hugh Allan, Knight, Andrew Allan, Gentleman, Thomas D. Milburne, Gentleman, Charles Stimson, merchant, all of Montreal aforesaid, and Frederick Smith Stimson, of Compton, in the Province of Quebec, farmer.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. W. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882.

30-

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by the Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, of the City of Toronto; James Beaty, the younger, of the same place, barrister at law; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterboro, in the Province of Ontario, railway manager; Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, merchant, and Frederick Charles Denison, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The British Canadian Colonization Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars.

5. To be divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, James Beaty the younger, George A. Cox, Frederick Charles Denison and Robert Jaffray, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th Jan., 1882.

29-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described, will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters patent under the great seal granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Medical Specialities Manufacturing Company."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are the manufacturing and selling of drugs, medicines and medical specialties of all kinds and descriptions, throughout the Dominion of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is (\$8,000) eight thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be eighty, and the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows, namely:—

The Honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, of the City of Montreal, Queen's Counsel; Thomas Craig Fields, Gentleman, and George Simpson, merchant, both of the Parish of St. Andrews, in the said Province of Quebec; James Muir, of the said City of Montreal, real estate agent, and George Bury, of the City of Montreal, accountant; the three first named of whom, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882.

29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Simeon Jones, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, banker; Howard Douglas Troop, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; The Hon. Isaac Burpee, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Member of the Parliament of Canada; Jeremiah Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; William Frederick Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; John Stewart, of the said City of St. John, merchant; James Vaughan, of the City of Liverpool, in England, G.B., merchant; George McLeod, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Thomas Furlong, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Henry Roycroft Ranney, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, insurance agent; the Honorable Abner Reid McClelan, of Hopewell, Albert County, in the Province of New Brunswick, senator,—for letters patent to constitute them and others who may become shareholders hereafter, a body corporate under the name of "New Brunswick Steam Ship Company, limited."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: to purchase, construct, acquire, charter, hire, sell, lease, repair and operate steamboats, sailing vessels and other vessels of all kinds and to carry on therewith the business of common carriers, forwarders, traders and the conveyance of mails, the transportation of passengers, merchandise and all such business as is usually carried on by Ocean steamers and sailing vessels, between Canada, Great Britain and other countries; also tugs, barges and all other kinds of vessels used in harbour and navigable waters.

To purchase, construct, acquire, hire, lease, and own wharves, warehouses and other buildings; slips, piers, docks, dockyards, tramways, elevators and work the same; to establish shops and stores and vend articles of ship stores and merchandise therein as may be requisite and necessary for the carrying on of said business, with power to sell and dispose of or exchange for other property when not required for the purposes of said Company, also power to make, draw, accept and endorse promissory notes, bills of exchange, drafts or bank cheques requisite in the company's interest, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainments of the above objects.

The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the City of St. John, Province of New Brunswick, and at such other places in the several Provinces of the Dominion as the directors may from time to time determine; and its chief place of business will be in the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100.00 each. The said Isaac Burpee, Jeremiah Harrison, Simeon Jones, Thomas Furlong, Howard D. Troop, John Stewart, George McLeod, Hon. Abner Reid McClelan, and James Vaughan of Liverpool, a major part of whom are residents in Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

St. John, N.B., 10th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey any real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 7th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, by Louis Bredannaz, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, carriage-maker, Edmond Armant, of the same place, chemist, Frederick Aiken Howland, of Lambton Mills, in the Province of Ontario, miller; Allen John Stephens, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, manufacturer; Oliver Aiken Howland, of the same place, barrister, and Samuel Trees, of the said City of Toronto, merchant, for letters patent incorporating the "Toronto Patent Wheel and Waggon Company, (Limited)" for the purpose of manufacturing, selling, and dealing in all kinds of vehicles and acquiring and working patents relating thereto.

Chief place of business, at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario. Capital, \$25,000, divided into 250 shares of \$100 each.

Provisional Directors, the above named Louis Bredannaz, Edmond Armant, Frederick Aiken Howland, Allen John Stephens and Samuel Trees.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,
Solicitors for applicants.

December 28th, 1881.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act,

for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ottawa and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$200,000, in 2,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Francis Clemow, of the City of Ottawa, coal merchant; Charles T. Bate, of Ottawa, President of the Ottawa Gas Company; Charles Magee, of Ottawa, Real Estate Agent; Robert Blackburn, of New Edinburgh, in the County of Carleton, merchant; the Honorable Richard W. Scott, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Henry N. Bate, of Ottawa, merchant; Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Edward Anderson C. Pew, of the Town of Welland, Province of Ontario, Esquire. Alexander Fraser, of Westmeath, in the County of Renfrew, lumber merchant, and James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the Province of Quebec, President of the Bank of Ottawa.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional Directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

SCOTT, MAC TAVISH & MAC CRAKEN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, the 4th day of January, 1882. 23-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, by Redmond Brough, civil engineer; Henry O'Brien, barrister; Thomas Dill, mechanical engineer; William A. Browne, civil engineer; and Robert Roddy, clerk of the Corporation of Toronto, all of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, for Letters Patent incorporating the Canadian Patent Rail, Joint and Supply Company for the purpose of acquiring and working patents for improvements in railway rails, plant and supply and for the construction and manufacture of such rails plant and supplies, with its chief place of business at Toronto in the Province of Ontario, with a capital stock of \$20,000 divided into 1,000 shares of \$20 each. Of the above applicants the following are provisional directors of the company: Redmond Brough, Henry O'Brien and Thomas Dill.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,

28 6

Solicitors for applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent, under the provisions of

"The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Mark Cohen, of the City of Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, merchant, Samuel Davis, merchant, Alexander Saunders, merchant, Lewis Saunders, merchant, Moise Schwob, merchant, Asher Ansell, merchant, John Moss, merchant, Hyam D. Moss, merchant; Bendix A. Boas, merchant, of the city of Montreal, Quebec, Mark Samuels, merchant, Alfred David Benjamin, merchant, Emanuel Samuels, merchant, of the city of Toronto, Ontario, and Edmund Schuer of the city of Hamilton, Ontario, merchant; to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The International Colonization Company, of Canada, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve, and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada; to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting, on any terms or system that may be considered advisable; to stock the same lands, and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce; to work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral produce of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company, and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money, or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal estate for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars, in one hundred thousand shares of ten dollars each.

5. The above mentioned applicants, who are all subjects of Her Majesty are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

Montreal, 5th January, 1882.

28-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of a company in and by the name "The Temperance Colonization Society."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) With power to contract with the purchasers and settlers of the lands that intoxicating liquor or alcoholic beverages shall not be manufactured or sold in the settlement.

- (c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.
- (d) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.
- (e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.
- (f) To aid either by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.
- (g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.
- (h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.
3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.
4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$2,000,000.
5. There are to be 20,000, (twenty thousand) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.
6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants: that is to say, the following residing in the City of Toronto, George Maclean Rose, publisher; William Pemberton Page, editor of the *Canadian Farmer*; Arthur Farley, merchant; John N. Lake, land agent; Joseph Alpheus Livingston, manufacturer and importer; William Gooderham, President of the Toronto and Nipissing Railway; David Millar, merchant; Henry O'Hara, Insurance Agent; Daniel Rose, publisher; Joseph B. King, Grand Secretary Independent Order of Oddfellows; R. S. Hudson, inspector; J. Herbert Bartlett, Manager Toronto Bridge Company; Joseph Wild, Doctor of Divinity; J. Watson Hughes, commission merchant; John Potts, Doctor of Divinity; William J. Hunter, Doctor of Divinity, George B. Sparling, Professor Upper Canada College; W. K. Dickson, commission merchant; Samuel White, capitalist; F. Marriott, accountant; Arthur Worth, accountant; Joseph Lucas, Assistant Inspector Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company; W. Lowrey, accountant; N. Willcocks, accountant; R. K. Robb, accountant; G. H. Hall, accountant; Charles Marriott, commercial traveller; W. R. Smallpiece, commercial traveller; C. T. Leonard, attorney at law; J. R. Davis, accountant; J. D. Moulton, commercial agent; B. H. Vidal, Barrister; A. J. Williams, attorney at law; William Reford, commission merchant; W. B. Close, real estate agent; D. W. Clendenan, barrister; William Baillie, merchant; Ghent Davis, Gentleman, David Henderson Gentleman; J. R. Adamson, Gentleman; S. G. Chamberlain, Gentleman; W. N. Harris, merchant; H. B. Hunt, merchant; Curran Morrison, barrister; George Patterson, merchant; Fred Winstanley, Gentleman; Wesley A. Law, proprietor commercial agency; J. B. Nixon, commission merchant; H. B. Blachford, merchant; W. H. H. Mussen, gentleman; Frederick Weir Harcourt, solicitor, F. S. Smith, gentleman; C. E. Blachford, merchant John C. Forbes, artist; J. J. Toukin, merchant; Thomas H. Gilmour, gentleman; D. W. Alexander, merchant; John C. Hurst, insurance agent; E. A. Childs, merchant; Robert Houghton, gentleman; Berry Moore, merchant; Thomas McCracken, lumber merchant; George W. Torrance, merchant; Henry E. Caston, barrister; David S. Keith, merchant; Thomas T. Rolph, barrister, and William Oldright, physician and

surgeon; the following residing in the City of Hamilton: J. C. White, merchant; William Clark, farmer; Lawrence C. Lee, farmer, and Thomas Griffith, clergyman, and S. W. Hill, of Ridgville, farmer; A. Gifford, of Meaford, farmer; William Blair, M.P.P., of Truro, Nova Scotia; Ambrose Willcox of Springfield, merchant; J. G. Robinson, of Belleville, President of the Hastings Loan Company and Treasurer of Albert College; W. H. Moss, of Granton, clergyman; James McLean, of Mount Pleasant, mill owner; Thomas Keyes, of St. Catharines, farmer; the Hon. David Reesor, of Yorkville, senator; George Douglas, of Montreal, Doctor of Divinity; E. A. Telfer, of London, England, clergyman; James A. Hall, of Peterboro, Sheriff; G. W. Grant, of Granton, gentleman; M. W. Minthorne, of Stratford, commercial traveller; J. A. Musgrove, broker, and W. H. Musgrove, and J. T. Musgrove, clergymen, all of Philadelphia, in the United States of America; W. H. Hornby, of Brampton, farmer; W. C. Hamilton, of Goderich, merchant; George Cox, of London, Ontario, gentleman; George Jackson, of Downsview, land owner; N. B. Colcock, of Welland, merchant; M. S. Smith, farmer, and John McIntyre, both of Tilsonburg; David D. Hay, of Listowell, Division Court Clerk; J. M. Bond, of Guelph, merchant; Charles Turner, of Davenport, clergyman; H. H. Bridgland, of Downsview aforesaid, land owner; Robert Barber, of Streetsville, merchant; W. H. Storey, of Acton, merchant; John R. Barber, of Georgetown, merchant; Thomas Webster, of Brantford, Grand Scribe Sons of Temperance; James Daly, of Brampton, farmer, and Isaac Simpson, of Kingston, private banker; Of whom the said George Maclean Rose, William Pemberton Page, Arthur Farley, John N. Lake, and Joseph Alpheus Livingston are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company.

McCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB, & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for applicants,

Dated at Toronto, this 4th day of January, 1882.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Robert Irving Walker, of the City of Toronto, merchant; Reverend William Bee, of the same place, Methodist Minister; Robert Walker, of the same place, merchant; Reverend Thomas Griffith, of the Town of Brampton, Methodist Minister; Robert John Fleming, of the City of Toronto, merchant,—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Primitive Methodist Colonization Company," (Limited.)

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges; the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada,

and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one hundred thousand dollars.

5. To be divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Robert Irving Walker, William Bee, Robert Walker, Thomas Griffith and Robert John Fleming are to be first or provisional Directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th December, 1881.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, by Frederick Ardlc Fitzgerald, of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, oil refiner; John Walker, of the same place, manufacturer; Thomas Allen Stevens, of the same place, manufacturer; Joseph Seymour Fallows, of the same place, oil refiner; William Pearce Turner, of the same place, manufacturer; Frank Beemer Scove, of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, one of the United States of America, mechanical engineer; James Burns, of the said City of London, manufacturer, and Thomas H. Tracy, of the said City of London, civil engineer, for letters patent under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," constituting the applicants and such others as may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ball Electric Light Company, (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to manufacture and deal in electrical machines and appliances of all kinds; to purchase or sell patents of invention for electrical inventions of any kinds and licenses for using the same; to erect and construct lines of wire and other appliances for and to supply electric light or power, and generally to supply electricity or electrical appliances for all purposes for which they are applicable.

3. The chief place of business of the company shall be in the City of London, Ontario, but other places of business may be established from time to time throughout Canada as the company may require.

4. The intended amount of capital of the said company shall be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is five thousand and the amount of each share is one hundred dollars.

6. The applicants shall be the first directors of the company.

W. W. FITZGERALD,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at London, Ont., 10th October, 1881.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for Letters Patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Canadian Manufacturer Publishing Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the printing and publishing of newspapers, books, pamphlets, periodicals, and information for the promotion of manufacturing and commercial industries in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the Company will be Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock in the first instance will be \$5,000.

5. The number of shares will be fifty, and the value of each share, \$100.

The names in full and the addresses and callings of the applicants, are respectively as follows: Frederick Nicholls, Toronto, journalist; Thomas Cowan, Galt, manufacturer; Thomas D. Wardlaw, Galt, manufacturer; James S. Wardlaw, Galt, manufacturer; Henry Bickford, Dundas, manufacturer; James Young, Hamilton, manufacturer; Hamilton Young, manufacturer; Samuel J. Leonard, Dundas, manufacturer.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional Directors.

F. M. McDOUGALL,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa this 28th of December, A.D., 1881.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month from the last publication of this notice, application will be made by the persons hereinafter named, to the Governor in Council, at Ottawa, for a charter under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic.

The proposed name of the company is "The Toronto, Manitoba, and North West Land Company, Limited."

The company seek incorporation for the purpose of issuing stock, purchasing, holding, improving and leasing or selling lands, freehold and leasehold.

The chief place of business of the company will be at the City of Toronto.

The amount of capital stock will be one hundred thousand dollars in two thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

The applicants are Alexander Manning, Esquire, Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, Esquire, Abraham William Lauder, Esquire, William Scott, contractor, John Small, Gentleman, George Burrows Gordon, Esquire, Horace Thorne, Esquire, William James Baines, broker, Andrew Heron, Gentleman, William Henry Knowlton, merchant, and Thomas Davies, brewer, all of the City of Toronto.

The said Alexander Manning, Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, John Small, William Henry Knowlton, Horace Thorne and Thomas Davies are to be the provisional directors of said company.

McDOUGALLS & GORDON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Toronto, 20th December, 1881.

26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned, and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic, by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Eureka Woolen Mill Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are the manufacture of woolen cloths of all descriptions, and the owning or hiring of buildings necessary therefor.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be Lower Hopewell, in the County of Pictou, and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is thirty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be three thousand and the value of each share ten dollars.

The names in full and the addresses of and callings of each of the applicants are:

James McKay, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; James W. Grant, Hopewell, Pictou County, miller; Isaac McNaughton, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; John Ross, New Glasgow, Pictou County, farmer;

Henry S. Pool, Stellarton, Pictou County, coal mine manager; Henry B. Kendrick, Riverton, Pictou County, manufacturer; Robert A. Walker, New Glasgow, Pictou County, merchant; Isaac A. Grant, Pictou, Pictou County, merchant; Robert P. Fraser, Pictou, Pictou County, druggist; Joseph McNaughton, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; Duncan C. Fraser, New Glasgow, Pictou County, barrister. The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 17th day of December
A.D. 1881. 26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council, under the provisions of 40 Vic., chap. 43, by William Van Duzer Lawrence, merchant, Ebenezer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, cashier, all of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and John Wyeth, merchant, and Frank H. Wyeth, merchant, both of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, one of the United States of America, for letters patent to incorporate them and such others as may become shareholders in the said company, as a body politic and corporate under the name of "Apothecaries Hall Co." (Limited) of Montreal.

The object for which incorporation is sought is the manufacturing, buying and selling drugs, chemicals, toilet-articles, proprietary medicines, etc., within the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

The principal place of business of said company shall be in the City of Montreal.

The capital stock of the said company shall be one hundred thousand dollars, divided into one hundred shares each one thousand dollars.

The provisional directors of said company shall be the said William Van Duzer Lawrence, John Wyeth and John Stephen Bates.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Attorneys for applicants.

Montreal, 19th December, 1881. 26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent incorporating the undermentioned applicants and those who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is the "Canada Jute Company, (Limited)."

2. The purpose for which incorporation is sought is, the making, manufacturing and selling of bags, and the importing, buying and selling of all materials required in the making and manufacturing thereof.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five hundred; the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, are as follows:

The Honorable John Hamilton, Senator, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Alexander Murray, merchant, John McDougall, manufacturer, Joshua Collins, merchant,—all of the said city of Montreal; who are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

Dated at Montreal, this twentieth day of December, 1881.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Attorneys for solicitors.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by the Honorable George William Allan, of the City of Toronto, Senator of the Dominion of Canada; Thomas Sutherland Stayner, of the City of Toronto, Director of the Canadian Bank of Commerce; John Henry Grasett Hagarty, of the City of Toronto, shipping and commission merchant; Henry James Grasett, the younger, of the City of Toronto, shipping and commission merchant, and Frederick William Kingstone, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law,—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Toronto Steam Navigation Company, (Limited)."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to carry on a passenger, freight and general forwarding business on Lakes Ontario, Huron, Superior, Michigan and Erie, and the River St. Lawrence and the other lakes, rivers, canals and navigable waters connected therewith or flowing thereinto or therefrom; and to construct, own, charter, lease, purchase, or dispose of steamships, vessels, tramways, wharves, docks, warehouses and such other property as may be or become necessary or desirable in connection with the carrying on of such business.

The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on upon and near the navigable waters aforesaid, and its chief place of business is to be at Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

The capital stock of the company is to be two hundred thousand dollars in two thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The said George William Allan, Thomas Sutherland Stayner and Frederick William Kingstone, all of whom are residents of Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

F. W. KINGSTONE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 15th December, 1881. 25-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of the present notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent of incorporation of the Dominion Barb Wire Company.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is to be "Dominion Barb Wire Company, (limited)."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought, is the manufacturing and selling of barb wire.

3. The place within the Dominion of Canada which is to be the chief place of business of the said company is the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be one hundred, and the amount of each share six hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are James Cooper, merchant, and Frederick Fairman, merchant, both of the City and District of Montreal; Francis T. Sherman and Eben J. Marsh, both of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, manufacturers, and Jane Knight, of the City of Montreal, wife duly separated as to property of the said James Cooper, and Harriet J. Latham, also of the said City of Montreal, wife duly separated as to property of the said Frederick Fairman.

7. The said James Cooper, Frederick Fairman and Eben J. Marsh, are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, the major part of whom are resident in Canada.

KERR, CARTER & McGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 15th December, 1881. 25-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875 AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the matter of The Mechanics' Bank, insolvent.

THE creditors of the insolvent are hereby notified to meet at the office of the undersigned, No. 22 St. John Street, in the City of Montreal, on Tuesday, the 7th day of February next, at eleven o'clock, forenoon, for the purpose of fixing the remuneration of the assignee and inspectors; and for the ordering of the affairs of the estate generally.

JAMES COURT,

Assignee.

Montreal, 19th January, 1882.

30-2

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875 AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the matter of The Mechanics' Bank, insolvent.

AS it appears by the books of the insolvent that there are notes of the said Bank yet outstanding,—Notice is hereby given that three dividends have been reserved upon the amount of said outstanding notes, and in the event of no application being made for said dividends within two weeks from this date the same will be applied to form part of the final dividend of this estate, as provided by the Insolvent and Banking Acts.

JAMES COURT,

Assignee.

Montreal, 19th January, 1882.

30-1

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held in the Banking House, Hollis Street, on Wednesday, the 15th February next, at 11 o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of receiving a statement of the affairs of the Bank, for the election of directors, and for other business.

By order of the Board,

THOS. FYSHE,

Cashier.

Halifax, 14th January, 1882.

30-1

SOURIS AND ROCKY MOUNTAIN RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of said company, No. 13, Wellington Street East, Toronto, on Thursday, the second day of February, 1882, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing Directors of the company for the ensuing year, and confirming By-laws, and for any other business that may lawfully come before said meeting.

ALEXANDER GEMMEL,

Secretary.

Toronto, 7th January, 1882.

29-2

KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general annual meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held at the Company's offices in the City of Kingston, at noon on Wednesday the 8th day of February 1882.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,

Sec. Treas.

29-4

THE ONTARIO AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, will be held at the company's principal office, No. 18 King Street West, in the City of Toronto, on Tuesday the seventh day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the general business of the company.

By order,

H. W. NANTON,

Secy. Treas. *pro tem.*

Dated 9th January, 1882.

29-4

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the provisional directors of the Winnipeg and Hudson's Bay Railway and Steamship Company will be held at my office, No. 10, York Street, Ottawa, on the 26th day of January 1882, at 2 p. m. for the purpose of receiving plans of surveys, the opening of stock books and general business.

JOSEPH RIOPELLE,

Secretary & Treasurer.

Ottawa, 10th January, 1882.

29-2

NOTICE.—Pursuant to the Statutes and By-law in that behalf, the general annual meeting of the shareholders of the Manitoba South-Western Colonization Railway Company, for the election of directors and other general purposes, will be held at the general office of the company in the City of Winnipeg, Province of Manitoba, Dominion of Canada, on Wednesday, the first day of February 1882, and will begin at eleven o'clock a. m.

By order of the Board of Directors.

J. H. HAMMOND,

Secretary.

Winnipeg, 4th January, 1882.

29-3

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent on the paid-up capital stock of the Pictou Bank, for the half-year ending 31st Dec., 1881, has this day been declared and will be payable at any office of the Bank, on and after Wednesday, 1st February.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th till the 31st January inclusive.

By order of the Board.

THOMAS WATSON,

Manager.

Pictou, N. S., 3rd January, 1882.

28-4

MERCHANTS' BANK OF HALIFAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent on the paid-up capital of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax has been this day declared for the current half-year, and will be payable at the Banking House, on Monday, 23rd January next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 8th till the 23rd January—both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

GEORGE MACLEAN,

Cashier.

22nd December, 1881.

28-3

THE annual meeting of the shareholders of the Pictou Bank for the election of Directors and other business will be held in Grant's Hall, Pictou, at 11 o'clock a. m., on Wednesday, the 25th day of January, 1882.

By order of the Board,

THOMAS WATSON,

Manager.

Pictou, 31st Dec., 1881.

28-4

NOTICE.—The Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company hereby give notice that they will pay and redeem at the Banking House of Messrs. R. P. Flower & Co., in the City of New York, on the first day of July, 1882, all the bonds and debentures and interest coupons thereto attached issued by the said company and dated at Kingston, Ontario, the first day of January, 1880.

This notice is given in pursuance of the proviso in each of said bonds contained, and after the first day of July, 1882, interest on the principal sums mentioned in said bonds respectively shall cease.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Dated at Kingston, Ontario, this 27th day of December, 1881. 27-4

ATLANTIC AND NORTH-WEST RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Atlantic and North-West Railway Company, will be held at the offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Montreal, on Wednesday, the 1st day of February, 1882, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors, transacting the business of the company whether general or special, and electing Directors for the ensuing year.

HARRY CUTT,
Secretary. 27-5

Montreal, 28th Dec, 1881.

LA BANQUE DE ST. HYACINTHE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current six months, and will be payable at the office of said Bank on and after Wednesday, the first of February next.

The transfer books will be closed from the first to the fifteenth of February next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held on Wednesday, the 15th February next, at 11 o'clock a.m.

By order of the directors,

R. St. JACQUES,
Cashier.

St. Hyacinthe, 20th December, 1881. 26-5

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the stockholders of the Ontario Bank will be held on Tuesday, the 24th day of January next, at the Banking House of the Bank in the City of Toronto, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the resignation of the whole Board of Directors, to make by-laws relating to the appointment of scrutineers, the mode of filling up vacancies in the Board of Directors, and for the transaction and consideration of all matters whatsoever which might be considered

or transacted at an annual general meeting of the said stockholders.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank, Toronto, 7th Dec. 1881. 24-7

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU GOUVERNEMENT de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 6 décembre 1881.

JOSEPH I. KAVANAGH, de Gaspé, dans la Province de Québec, écuyer; Percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

16 décembre 1881.

GEORGE FREDERICK BLAMEY, d'Oshawa, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer; Percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

12 janvier 1882.

PRINCE H. DURKEE, de Yarmouth, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, gentilhomme; Receveur des épaves pour le district du comté de Yarmouth, dans la dite province.

13 janvier 1882.

GEORGE BAXTER, de la ville de Thorold, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer, avocat; Juge de la Cour de Comté du comté de Welland, dans la dite province, *vice* Rolland Macdonald, écuyer, décédé.

PROCLAMATIONS.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
Général,
Administrateur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.
—SALUT:

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que l'Assemblée de Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogée au quatrième jour de février prochain, NÉANMOINS, pour certaines causes et considérations, Nous AVONS JUGÉ A PROPOS de le proroger de nouveau à JEUDI le NEUVIÈME jour du mois de FÉVRIER prochain, de manière que ni vous ni aucun de vous, n'êtes tenus de vous trouver en Notre Cité d'Ottawa le dit quatrième jour de février prochain; car Nous VOULONS que vous et chacun de vous à cet égard soyez exonérés; vous commandant et par ces présentes, vous enjoignant, et à chacun de vous et tous autres y intéressés, de vous trouver personnellement en Notre dite CITÉ d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le NEUVIÈME jour du mois de FÉVRIER prochain, pour l'EXPÉDITION DES AFFAIRES, et y traiter, agir et conclure sur les matières qui, par la faveur de Dieu, en Notre dit Parlement du Canada, pourront, par le Conseil Commun de Notre dite Puissance, être ordonnés.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Général Sir PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Chevalier Commandeur de l'Ordre Très-distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Administrateur du gouvernement du Canada et Commandant des Forces de Sa Majesté en icelui, etc., etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITE d'OTTAWA, ce VINGT-QUATRIÈME jour de DECEMBRE, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-une, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
Canada.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
Général,
Administrateur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU qu'en vertu des dispositions de l'Acte de Tempérance du Canada, 1878, l'avis suivant a été adressé au Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, accompagné de la pétition ci-jointe :—

“ A l'honorable Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada,—

“ MONSIEUR,—Nous, soussignés, électeurs de la Cité de Saint-Jean, dans la Province du Nouveau-Brunswick, prions de vous informer de notre intention de présenter la pétition suivante à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général, savoir :

“ A Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général du Canada en Conseil.—

“ La pétition des électeurs de la Cité de Saint-Jean, de la Province du Nouveau-Brunswick, qualifiés et compétents à voter à l'élection d'un membre de la Chambre des Communes dans la dite Cité,

“ Expose respectueusement, Que vos requérants désirent que la deuxième partie de l'Acte de Tempérance du Canada, 1878, soit exécutoire et mise en vigueur dans la dite cité.

“ C'est pourquoi vos requérants demandent respectueusement qu'il plaise à Votre Excellence, par un ordre du Conseil en vertu de la quatre-vingt-seizième clause du dit acte, de déclarer que la deuxième partie du dit acte soit mise en vigueur dans la dite cité. Et vos requérants ne cesseront de prier, etc.”

“ Et que nous désirons que les votes de tous les électeurs de la dite cité soient reçus pour ou contre l'adoption de la dite pétition.”

Et attendu qu'il appert à la satisfaction du Gouverneur-Général en Conseil que cet avis est revêtu des signatures authentiques d'un quart ou plus de tous les électeurs de la dite cité de Saint-Jean ; qu'il est constaté que les signatures apposées à l'avis sont des signatures authentiques au nombre de huit cent soixante-quinze, et que les autres exigences de la loi ont été observées ;

Et attendu qu'un ordre du Gouverneur-Général en Conseil a été passé, ordonnant que les votes de tous les électeurs de la dite cité de Saint-Jean soient enregistrés pour ou contre l'adoption de la dite pétition.—

SACHEZ maintenant, que, par les présentes, et en vertu de l'autorité qui Nous est conférée par les dits acte et ordre en Conseil, Nous proclamons et déclarons que jeudi, le vingt-troisième jour de février prochain, un poll sera tenu dans la dite cité de Saint-Jean, pour recevoir les votes des électeurs pour et contre la dite pétition. Que ces votes seront enregistrés au

scrutin secret depuis neuf heures du matin jusqu'à cinq heures de l'après-midi de ce jour-là. Que James A. Harding, écuyer, shérif du comté de Saint-Jean, dans la province du Nouveau Brunswick, a été nommé officier-rapporteur dans le but de recevoir ce jour-là les votes des électeurs pour et contre la pétition, de compter en-nite les votes, et puis de faire rapport du résultat au Gouverneur-Général en Conseil. Que le dit officier-rapporteur est autorisé et requis de nommer un sous-officier-rapporteur à et pour chaque bureau de votation.

Que l'officier-rapporteur nommera les différentes personnes qui devront se tenir aux différents bureaux de votation, et qui devront faire le décompte final des votes aux noms des personnes autorisées à favoriser ou à s'opposer respectivement à l'adoption de la pétition, au bureau du dit shérif, dans la dite cité de Saint-Jean, lundi le vingtième jour de février prochain à dix heures de l'avant-midi.

Que les votes des électeurs seront comptés, et le résultat de la votation annoncé par l'officier-rapporteur au bureau du dit shérif, samedi, le vingt-cinquième jour de février prochain, à dix heures de l'avant-midi, et que, dans le cas où la pétition serait adoptée par les électeurs, le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil, pourra en tout temps, après l'expiration d'une période de soixante jours depuis la date de l'adoption de la dite pétition, par ordre en Conseil publié dans la *Gazette du Canada*, déclarer que la deuxième partie du dit acte sera en vigueur dans telle cité dès et à compter du jour où expireront les licences annuelles ou semi-annuelles alors en force dans telle cité pour la vente de liqueurs spiritueuses, pourvu que ce jour soit au moins quatre-vingt-dix jours après la date de tel ordre du Conseil, et si ce nombre est moindre, ce sera alors à compter du même jour de l'année suivante.

De ce qui précède Nos téaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Général Sir PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Chevalier Commandeur de l'Ordre Très-distingué de St. Michel et St. George, Administrateur du gouvernement du Canada et Commandant des Forces de Sa Majesté en icelui, etc., etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement en Notre CITE d'OTTAWA, ce QUATRIÈME jour de JANVIER, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

30-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 12e jour de janvier 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU
GOUVERNEMENT EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le lieutenant-gouverneur de la province du Manitoba, avec le concours de l'Assemblée législative de cette province a adopté, le 25e jour de mai 1881, l'acte ci-dessous mentionné qui a été transmis, intitulé comme suit :

“ Acte pour constituer en corps politique la compagnie du chemin de fer Sud-est de Winnipeg.”

Et attendu que le dit acte a été placé devant l'administrateur du gouvernement en conseil avec un rapport du ministre des chemins de fer et canaux et

du ministre de la Justice recommandant que le dit acte soit désavoué,—

Il a plu en conséquence à Son Excellence l'administrateur du gouvernement, par et de l'avis de Son conseil privé, de déclarer aujourd'hui son désaveu du dit acte, et le dit acte est en conséquence désavoué.

Ce dont le lieutenant-gouverneur de la province du Manitoba et toute autre personne que les présentes concernent devront prendre avis pour agir en conséquence.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

Je, Sir Patrick Leonard MacDougall, administrateur du gouvernement du Canada, certifie par les présentes que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné adopté par la législature du Manitoba le 25^e jour de mai A.D. 1881 intitulé : "Acte pour constituer en corps politique la compagnie du chemin de fer du sud-est de Winnipeg" a été reçu par moi le 22^e jour de novembre A.D. 1881.

Donné sous mes seing et sceau ce 12^e jour de janvier 1882.

(L.S.) P. L. MACDOUGALL, général,
29-3 Administrateur.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

RÈGLEMENTS CONCERNANT LES TERRES FÉDÉRALES.

Les règlements suivants concernant la vente et la colonisation des terres fédérales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest seront, à dater du 1^{er} janvier 1882, substitués aux règlements maintenant en force portant la date du 25 mai dernier.

1. Les terres arpentées dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest seront classées comme suit pour les fins des présents règlements :

Classe A.—Terres situées d'un côté ou l'autre de la voie principale du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique et de ses voies de raccordement dans un rayon de vingt-quatre milles.

Classe B.—Terres situées d'un côté ou l'autre de tout chemin de fer projeté (autre que le chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique) approuvé par un ordre en Conseil publié dans la *Gazette du Canada*, dans un rayon de douze milles.

Classe C.—Terres situées au sud de la voie principale du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique et non comprises dans les classes A ou B.

Classe D.—Terres autres que celles comprises dans les classes A, B et C.

2. Les sections portant des numéros pairs dans toutes les classes précédentes seront réservées exclusivement pour les établissements (homesteads) et les préemptions.

a. Excepté pour la classe D où elles pourront être affectées par les arrangements de colonisation tel que ci-après pourvu.

b. Excepté là où il sera nécessaire de fournir des lots à bois aux colons.

c. Excepté dans les cas où le ministre de l'Intérieur, sous l'autorité des actes concernant les terres fédérales, jugera nécessaire de retirer certaines terres et de les vendre par encan public ou autrement en disposer suivant l'ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil.

3. Les sections portant des numéros impairs dans la classe A sont réservées pour la compagnie du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique.

4. Les sections portant des numéros impairs dans les classes B et C seront offertes en vente au prix de \$2.50 l'acre, payable au temps de la vente :

a. Excepté dans les cas où il en aura été ou il en sera autrement disposé par le Gouverneur en Conseil.

5. Les sections portant des numéros impairs dans la classe D seront offertes en vente au prix de \$2.00 l'acre, payable au temps de la vente.

a. Excepté dans les cas où il y en aura été ou il en sera autrement disposé par le Gouverneur en Conseil.

b. Excepté les terres affectées par les arrangements de colonisation, tel que ci-après pourvu.

6. Les personnes qui, après l'arpentage, mais avant l'émission de l'ordre en conseil du 9 octobre 1879, excluant les sections de nombre impair de l'inscription comme établissement (homestead), ont pris possession de certaines terres dans les sections de nombre impair, en y résidant et en la cultivant, obtiendront la permission, si elles continuent de les occuper, de faire une inscription comme établissement (homestead), et préemption tout comme si ces sections étaient de nombre pair.

PREEMPTIONS.

7. Les prix pour les lots de préemption seront comme suit :

Pour les terres dans les classes A, B et C, \$2.50 l'acre.

Pour les terres dans la classe D, \$2.00 l'acre.

Le paiement sera fait en une somme à l'expiration des trois années qui suivront la date de l'inscription ou aussitôt que le colon pourra sous l'autorité des actes concernant les terres fédérales obtenir des lettres patentes pour l'établissement [homestead] auquel appartient telle préemption.

COLONISATION.

Plan No. 1.

8. Des arrangements pourront être entrepris avec un particulier ou une compagnie (ci-après appelés la personne) pour la colonisation de lisières de terre aux conditions suivantes :—

a. Le requérant devra convaincre le gouvernement de sa bonne foi et de son habileté dans l'accomplissement des stipulations contenues dans ces règlements.

b. La lisière de terre accordée à une personne sera dans la classe D.

9. Les sections de nombre impair comprise dans telle lisière pourront être vendues à la personne moyennant \$2.00 l'acre, payable un cinquième comptant au temps de la signature du contrat, et la balance en quatre versements annuels égaux, à dater de là. La personne paiera aussi au gouvernement cinq centins par acre pour l'arpentage de la terre achetée par elle, cette somme payable en quatre versements annuels égaux aux mêmes dates que les versements sur le prix d'achat. Un intérêt de six pour cent par année sera chargé sur tous les versements dus pour le passé.

a. La personne devra coloniser sa lisière de terre dans les cinq ans qui suivent la date du contrat.

b. Cette colonisation consistera à établir deux colons sur les établissements (homesteads) sur chaque section de nombre pair et de même deux colons sur chaque section de nombre impair.

c. La personne pourra être garantie pour les avances faites aux colons sur les établissements (homesteads) en conformité de la 10^e section de l'Acte 44 Vict., chap. 16. (L'acte adopté en 1881 pour amender les actes concernant les terres fédérales.)

d. Les établissements (homesteads) de 160 acres seront la propriété du colon, et ce dernier aura le droit d'acheter le lot de préemption appartenant à son établissement (homestead) moyennant \$2.00 l'acre payables en une seule somme à l'expiration des trois années qui suivent la date de l'inscription, ou plus à bonne heure suivant que le dit colon pourra en conformité des actes concernant les terres fédérales obtenir des lettres patentes pour son établissement (homestead.)

e. Lorsque le colon sur un établissement (homestead) ne prend pas le lot de préemption auquel il a droit, il est loisible à la personne dans les trois mois qui suivront la perte de tel droit pour le dit colon, d'acheter le susdit lot au prix de \$2.00 l'acre, payables au comptant lors de l'achat.

10. En considération de la colonisation opérée sur sa lisière de terre de la manière indiquée dans la sous-section *b* de la clause précédente, il sera accordé à la personne une diminution de la moitié du prix d'achat original des sections de nombre impair dans sa lisière.

a. Durant chacune des cinq années couvertes par le contrat, il sera fait une énumération des colons placés par la personne sur sa lisière, en conformité de la sous-section *b* de la clause 9 de ces règlements, et pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* ainsi trouvé une diminution de cent vingt piastres sera mise au crédit de la personne; mais le total de ces sommes ainsi mises au crédit de la personne ne devra pas excéder celle de cent vingt piastres pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* trouvé sur la dite lisière de terre, en conformité de la susdite sous-section au temps de la dernière énumération.

b. A l'expiration des cinq années il sera fait une énumération des colons *bonâ fide* sur la lisière de terre, et s'il est constaté que ces derniers sont aussi nombreux et placés de même façon que stipulé dans la sous-section *b* de la clause 9 de ces règlements, une diminution nouvelle et finale de quarante piastres par colon sera mise au crédit de la personne, laquelle somme, une fois ajoutée à celles précédemment créditées, s'élèvera à la moitié du prix d'achat des sections de nombre impair et réduira le prix de ces dernières à une piastre l'acre. Mais s'il est constaté que le nombre total des colons requis par ces règlements n'est pas sur la lisière de terre ou ne sont pas placés conformément à la sous-section *b* de la clause 9 de ces règlements, alors, pour chaque colon de moins que le nombre requis ou placé autrement qu'en conformité avec la dite sous-section, la personne perdra cent soixante-six piastres de diminution.

c. Si en n'importe quel temps durant l'existence du contrat la personne manque de remplir l'une des conditions de ce dernier, il sera loisible au Gouverneur en conseil d'annuler la vente du terrain acheté, et traiter la personne comme il semblera opportun de le faire dans les circonstances.

d. Pour avoir droit à la diminution, la personne devra fournir au ministre de l'intérieur une preuve satisfaisante que la lisière de terre a été colonisée en conformité de la sous-section *b* de la clause 9 de ces règlements.

Plan No. 2.

En vue d'encourager la colonisation par les capitalistes qui désireraient cultiver de plus grandes fermes que celles qui peuvent être achetées là où les règlements veulent que chaque section compte deux colons (mais sans diminuer le nombre des colons requis dans chaque township) des arrangements peuvent être faits avec une compagnie ou un particulier (ci-après désignés sous le nom de personne), pour la colonisation de lisières de terrain aux conditions suivantes :

a. Le requérant devra convaincre le gouvernement de sa bonne foi et de son habileté dans l'exécution des stipulations contenues en ces règlements.

b. La lisière de terre accordée à une personne sera dans la classe D.

c. Tout le terrain compris dans cette lisière peut être vendu à la personne moyennant deux piastres l'acre payables comptant, au temps de la conclusion du contrat. La personne paiera en même temps alors au gouvernement cinq centins par acre pour l'arpentage de la terre achetée par elle.

d. La personne devra dans les cinq ans à dater du contrat, coloniser le township ou les townships compris dans sa lisière de terre.

e. Telle colonisation consistera à placer cent vingt-huit colons de bonne foi dans chaque township.

12. En considération de la colonisation faite sur sa lisière de terre en la manière expliquée dans la sous-section *e* de la clause qui précède immédiatement, la personne obtiendra une diminution de la moitié du prix d'achat primitif.

a. Durant chacune des cinq années couvertes par le contrat il sera fait une énumération des colons placés par la personne sur sa lisière de terre, conformément à la sous-section *e* de la 11e clause de ces règlements, et pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* ainsi trouvé sur la dite lisière de terre il sera remis à la personne une somme de cent vingt piastres; mais le total des sommes ainsi remises ne devra en aucun temps excéder cent vingt piastres pour chaque colon *bonâ fide* trouvé sur la lisière de terre, en conformité de la dite sous-section au temps de la dernière énumération.

b. A l'expiration des cinq années il sera fait une énumération des colons *bonâ fide* placés par la personne sur sa lisière de terre, et s'il est constaté qu'ils sont en tels nombre et situation que stipulés dans la sous-section *e* de la clause 11 de ces règlements il sera fait une nouvelle et dernière remise sur le prix de quarante piastres par colon, laquelle somme une fois ajoutée à celles précédemment remises à la personne s'élèvera à la moitié du prix d'achat de la lisière de terre et réduira ce dernier à une piastre par acre. Mais s'il est constaté que le nombre requis de colons par ces règlements ne sont pas sur la lisière de terre ou n'ont pas été placés en conformité de la dite sous-section, alors pour chaque colon moindre que le nombre requis ou placé autrement que voulu par la dite sous-section, la personne perdra le droit à une diminution de cent soixante piastres.

c. Pour avoir droit à la diminution la personne devra convaincre le ministre de l'Intérieur que la lisière de terre a été colonisée en conformité de la sous-section *e* de la 11e clause de ces règlements.

AVIS OFFICIEL.

13. Le gouvernement devra donner avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* de tous les arrangements conclus pour la colonisation des lisières de terre en conformité des plans ci-dessus afin que le public puisse respecter les droits des acheteurs.

BOIS POUR LES COLONS.

14. Le ministre de l'Intérieur peut faire réserver n'importe quelle section de nombre pair ou impair garnie de bois, pour pouvoir fournir du bois aux colons des établissements (homesteads); et tout tel colon pourra, quand l'occasion s'en présentera, acheter un lot à bois n'excédant pas 20 acres, pour le prix de \$5.00 comptant l'acre.

15. Il sera loisible au ministre de l'Intérieur, en vertu des actes concernant les terres fédérales d'accorder des licences pour couper du bois sur les terres dans les townships arpentés. Les terres couvertes par telles licences sont par les présents règlements retirées des inscriptions et vente comme établissements (homestead) et préemption.

TERRES A PATURAGE.

16. Sous l'autorité de l'acte 44 Victoria, chap. 16, des lisières de terre pour les fins de pâturage pourront être constituées à bail aux conditions suivantes :

a. Ces baux seront pour un terme n'excédant pas vingt et un ans et aucun d'eux ne devra comprendre plus de 100,000 acres.

b. Dans un territoire arpenté, la terre comprise dans un bail sera décrite comme township et sections. Dans un territoire non arpenté la personne à qui on aura promis un bail devra, avant la conclusion de tel bail, faire arpenter la lisière de terre à ses propres frais par un arpenteur des terres fédérales, sous les instructions de l'arpenteur-général; et les plan et notes de tel arpentage seront déposés aux archives du département de l'Intérieur.

c. Le preneur devra payer une rente annuelle de \$10 pour chaque mille acres compris dans son bail et devra, dans les trois ans qui suivent la date du bail, placer sur la lisière de terre une tête de bétail pour chaque dix acres de terre

compris dans le bail, et devra durant ce temps | maintenir sur telle lisière de terre un troupeau dans cette proportion.

d. Après avoir placé le nombre prescrit de bestiaux sur la lisière de terre louée, le preneur pourra acheter des terres dans la région comprise dans le bail pour une maison de ferme et un corral, moyennant le prix de \$2.00 par acre payable comptant.

e. Le preneur encourra la résiliation de son bail s'il manque de se conformer aux conditions de ce dernier.

17. Si deux personnes ou plus sollicitent chacune un bail pour les mêmes terres à pâturage, des soumissions seront demandées, et le bail sera accordé à la personne offrant la plus forte prime en sus de la rente. La dite prime payable avant la conclusion du bail.

DISPOSITIONS GÉNÉRALES.

18. Les paiements pour les terres pourront être faits en numéraire, en scrip, ou en certificats de primes militaires ou de police.

19. Les présents règlements ne s'appliqueront pas aux terres qui ont quelque valeur comme emplacements de ville, ni aux terrains houillers ou autres terrains miniers, ni aux carrières de marbre ou de pierre, ni aux terres sur lesquelles se trouveront des pouvoirs d'eau; ils n'affecteront non plus, les sections 11 et 29 dans chaque township, qui sont des terres d'écoles publiques, ni les sections 8 et 26, qui sont des terres de la compagnie de la baie d'Hudson.

Par ordre,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Arpenteur-général.

Département de l'Intérieur,
Ottawa, 23 décembre 1881.

23-3

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 décembre dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,349,542 02
Excise	565,780 07
Département des Postes.....	106,498 20
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	182,576 51
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	14,188 61
Divers	147,695 83
	<u>\$2,366,281 24</u>
Revenu, 30 novembre 1881.....	13,801,342 84
	<u>\$16,167,624 08</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,232,920 52
do 30 novembre 1881.....	10,099,153 47
	<u>\$11,332,073 99</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 2 janvier 1882.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal : \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (A acceptés à \$20,000)....	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 débetures de municipalités ; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (A acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine",		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (A acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (A acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (A acceptés à \$51,300).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. A acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (A acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (A acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stg. effets du Canada, (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$100,344 fcs. pes., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (A acceptés à \$77,650).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, C.-B.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....		F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B)...	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic. ; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont. ; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (A acceptés à \$51,000)	Garantie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (A accept. à \$100,000.)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire",		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		Frederick Stancilffe, agent général, Montréal	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,030 en espèces. (A acceptés à \$151,730).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie,
		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Contre l'incendie.
		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Sur la vie.
		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'incendie.
		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (A acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur les glaces.
		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....		Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont. Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont- réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)..	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich, Angleterre	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont. J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis.....	Contre l'incendie.
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.		\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec		\$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur. Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire. Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatlev, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal..	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des États-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉS, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemen, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de décembre 1881. A. .

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 30 nov. 1881.....	\$7,541,467 33	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$265,925 50
Dépôts durant le mois	564,932 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	1,800 70		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$7,798,501 86
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	43,772 67
			7,842,274 53
	8,108,200 03		\$8,108,200 03

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.

Département des Finances, Ottawa, 17 janvier 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comté auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce.

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique américaine du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

C. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

25 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par la Chambre de Commerce de Montréal au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte permettant la fusion de la dite Chambre de Commerce avec d'autres corps politiques dans cette cité.

Montréal, 23 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, dans le but d'obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole du Canada, et l'acte 41 Vict. chap. 38, et de rendre plus claires les clauses de l'acte en dernier lieu nommé, à l'effet également de remplacer celui ou ceux des syndics qui pourraient mourir, se retirer pour une cause quelconque, devenir incapables d'agir, à l'effet de plus de définir les pouvoirs des syndics pour ce qui a trait à la perception, aux avis de convocation à être faits ou donnés, aux poursuites à être intentées pour cotisations sur actions et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie manufacturière et du pont St. Laurent" dans le but de construire un pont sur le St. Laurent en face de la cité de Montréal par le travers de l'île Ste. Hélène, et dans le but d'élargir et d'améliorer le port de Montréal en autant que le pont y est concerné; le tout en conformité généralement du plan connu sous le nom de "Plan Shearer," proposé par M. James Shearer, et pour d'autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, par la Compagnie manufacturière C. W. Williams, pour l'obtention d'un acte d'incorporation modifiant le nom de la dite compagnie et accordant à cette dernière de plus amples pouvoirs et privilèges.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 28 décembre 1881. 27-6

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les actionnaires de la Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada sous le nom de "Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada" et pour conférer à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs et privilèges dont jouit ou que possède actuellement toute autre compagnie de télégraphe faisant affaires au Canada ou y étant constituée en corps politique, à part ceux conférés à la dite Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada par les lettres-patentes qui l'ont constituée en corps politique.

CARTER ET CARTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 30 novembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Générale des terres du Canada, dans le but d'acheter et coloniser des terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

ROYAL ET PRUDHOMME,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 29 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte pour remettre en vigueur le statut 43 Vic., chap. 56, qui constitue en corporation la compagnie du chemin de fer de la Vallée de la Saskatchewan-Sud, et pour amender cet acte en prolongeant le délai fixé pour commencer le dit chemin de fer, et pour d'autres fins.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
29 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS.—Une demande sera faite à la session prochaine du parlement du Canada, pour un acte incorporant la compagnie de navigation des rivières Saskatchewan et Qu'Appelle, pour le projet de draguer et de naviguer les rivières Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle et Assiniboine.

MACMILLAN ET TAYLOR,
Solliciteurs des requérants.
Londres, Ont., 14 décembre 1881. 26-9

A VIS est donné par les présentes qu'il sera introduit devant le parlement de la Puissance, à sa prochaine session, une loi pour ratifier et confirmer les résolutions de "La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Rive Nord," du onzième jour d'août et deuxième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, ayant pour but de transférer à la province de Québec toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre les cités de Québec et de Montréal, et les droits s'y rattachant; et aussi pour ratifier et confirmer l'acte de cession et transport passé par la compagnie du chemin de fer de "Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental," le seizième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, devant M^{re} Louis N. Dumouchel, notaire au

gouvernement de la province de Québec, de toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre Montréal et Aylmer avec un embranchement vers St. Jérôme, et les droits y rattachant.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. des chemins de fer
Québec, 20 décembre 1881. 26-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada, pour la passation d'un acte incorporant la Compagnie du Pont du Richelieu, avec pouvoir de bâtir, exploiter, entretenir et administrer un pont de péage pour les besoins ordinaires du trafic sur la rivière Richelieu, reliant la paroisse de St.-Thomas, comté de Missisquoi, à celle de Lacolle ou de Saint-Valentin, dans le comté de St.-Jean. Ce pont sera construit de manière qu'une portion de son tablier s'ouvre et laisse un passage de quarante pieds de large pour les besoins de la navigation, ou un passage égal à celui du pont de la compagnie de chemin de fer Vermont Junction R.R. sur la même rivière, à St.-Jean, P.Q. Sur la partie navigable de cette rivière, ce pont sera sur des piles éloignées de cent cinquante pieds les unes des autres et des arcades de cinq pieds ou plus au-dessus du niveau des hautes eaux; sur les parties non navigables de la rivière, le pont sera aussi sur des piles, s'il est nécessaire; les arcades du pont à telle hauteur au-dessus des hautes eaux, les intervalles entre les piles et la largeur du tablier tournant seront tels que Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil pourra décider. Avec aussi pouvoir d'exiger des taux de péage sur ce pont ne pouvant excéder les suivants: Piétons, aller et retour, cinq centins; animaux, excepté moutons, cochons, et poulains du printemps suivant leur mère, dix centins par tête; moutons et cochons, cinq centins par tête; voiture de toute espèce, simple, traînée par un seul animal, vingt-cinq centins; voiture double traînée par deux animaux, trente-cinq centins. Ces taux de péage couvrent la charge de chaque voiture, s'y trouvant *bonâ fide*.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solliciteur des requérants.
Clarenceville, Québec, 10 décembre 1881. 5-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné, que de mande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada, pour un acte à l'effet d'incorporer une compagnie pour construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, entre ou près de la cité de Montréal, jusqu'à un point sur le côté sud du township de Dundee, dans le comté de Huntingdon, pour s'y joindre à un chemin de fer dans l'Etat de New-York, et pour construire une branche afin de se joindre au chemin de fer Atlantique du Canada (Canada Atlantic Railway), à quelque point dans le comté de Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
Pour les requérants.
Huntingdon, Qué., 10 décembre, 1881. 25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique Edison du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Hamilton, Ont., 15 décembre 1881. 25-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant l'Association de Placements d'Ontario et autorisant la dite association à prêter des deniers sur la garantie de biens-fonds en Manitoba, ou dans aucune des provinces de la Puissance, et permettant à la dite Association d'exiger tel taux d'intérêt sur les prêts faits qu'elle pourra convenir avec les emprunteurs ; et aussi étendant les pouvoirs d'emprunter qu'a la dite association, et lui permettant de recevoir des deniers en dépôt.

CRONYN ET GREENLEES,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Daté 14 décembre, 1881. 25-10

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un Acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique une compagnie dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de la cité de Montréal dans la province de Québec, à Smith's Falls, et de là à la ville de Perth, dans le comté de Lanark, province d'Ontario, devant être appelée "La Compagnie du chemin de fer Montréal et Canada Central," avec pouvoir de construire un pont ou des ponts sur la rivière Rideau, le canal Rideau, la rivière Ottawa et le canal Ste Anne. avec pouvoir de plus de s'amalgamer avec toute ligne de chemin de fer, de s'y joindre, et d'en obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur telle ligne ou telles lignes de chemin de fer et ponts, dans ou hors la Puissance du Canada, et avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter des tramways, des bateaux passeurs, navires, bâtiments et barges, en rapport avec la dite ligne de chemin de fer et les dits ponts.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Ottawa, Déc. 1881. 25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada à sa prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La Compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction d'Ottawa et Arnprior" dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de Quyon ou quelque point environnant dans le township de Onslow, dans le comté de Pontiac, province de Québec, au village d'Arnprior dans la province d'Ontario, traversant la rivière Ottawa aux rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir aussi de construire le pont ou les ponts nécessaires sur la dite rivière pour les fins du dit chemin de fer à ou près les dits rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir de plus de continuer le dit chemin de fer d'Arnprior en croisant le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Arnprior à quelque point dans le township de Bagot, dans le comté de Renfrew, sur le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke, et s'il est nécessaire, de traverser le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke au dit point, avec pouvoir de plus de construire des voies d'embranchement, de vendre ou louer le dit chemin de fer, de s'amalgamer à toute autre compagnie de chemin de fer, de louer ou acheter tout autre chemin de fer et de se joindre à n'importe quelle autre compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur la voie de cette dernière et de construire une voie télégraphique le long des dits chemin de fer et embranchements.

A. FERGUSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
15 décembre 1881. 25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que la Compagnie du Grand Tronc des chemins de fer du Canada s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte autorisant la dite compagnie à acheter, louer toute ligne de chemin de fer

touchant ou intéressant la sienne propre, ou à se fusionner avec elle, de plus, déclarant et définissant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie à ce sujet, et lui permettant aussi, sous l'autorité de l'acte concernant les chemins de fer, d'acquérir les terrains pour gares et les voies ferrées qui y conduisent qui, dans son opinion, peuvent être nécessaires à ses fins.

JOHN BELL,
Solliciteur pour la Compagnie du Grand
Tronc des chemins de fer du Canada.
Daté à Montréal, ce 2e jour de novembre 1881. 24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les pilotes nommés par commission pour le service du pilotage entre Québec et Montréal, sous le nom de "La corporation des pilotes de Montréal."

BELLEAU ET STAFFORD,
Procureurs.
Québec, 26 octobre 1881. 24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le Synode du diocèse de Saskatchewan, avec pouvoir d'acquérir et posséder des propriétés immobilières et d'engager les capitaux du dit Synode dans telle partie du Canada et sur telles garanties qui auront été de temps à autre jugées convenables par le dit Synode.

BLAKE, KERR ET CASSELS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
5 décembre 1881. 24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité d'une résolution des actionnaires de la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole d'Ottawa, adoptée à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, dûment convoquée et tenue dans la cité d'Ottawa, province d'Ontario, le 22e jour de novembre 1881, demande sera faite par la dite compagnie au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte spécial autorisant la dite compagnie à liquider ses affaires.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
Président.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Vice-Président.

ALEXANDER GIBB,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
JOHN PENNOCK,
Secrétaire.
Ottawa, 7 décembre 1881. 24-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné par la compagnie du chemin de fer Ottawa, Vaudreuil et Montréal, que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de la prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de prolonger le délai prescrit pour la construction de cette partie de la ligne de la dite compagnie comprise entre Hawkesbury-Ouest et la ville d'Ottawa, et de plus à l'effet de confirmer les pouvoirs conférés à la dite compagnie.

PINHEY ET CHRISTIE,
Solliciteurs pour la compagnie.
6 décembre, 1881. 24-9

A V S est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada à la prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie de transport du Manitoba et de la Saskatchewan," dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer d'un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique

entre Winnipeg et le Portage de la Prairie à un point sur le lac Manitoba, de construire et exploiter des navires se rattachant à la dite ligne sur les lacs Manitoba, Winnipegosis et la rivière Saskatchewan, d'améliorer la navigation sur les dits lacs et rivière, avec pouvoir de construire des chemins de fer et canaux, reliant tels lacs et rivière, et de percevoir des droits sur les dits canaux.

C. E. HAMILTON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 21 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière de la Pluie."

L'objet de la compagnie projetée est de construire des estacades, chaussées, glissoires, quais et autres travaux dans les rivières, cours d'eau et ruisseaux ci après mentionnés, et sur les rivages de ces derniers pour la descente de billes, pièces de bois carré, bois de charpente de toute description sur tout le cours de la rivière coulant à l'ouest depuis l'île Hunter, à travers le lac à la Pluie en suivant le cours de la rivière de la Pluie jusqu'au Lac des Bois et par les cours d'eau, ruisseaux et rivières se déchargeant dans les dits rivière de la Pluie et lac à la Pluie, dans les provinces de Manitoba et Ontario ou dans le district de Kéwatin, avec tous pouvoirs et privilèges conformes à l'acte des Statuts Refondus de la ci-devant province du Canada, intitulé "Acte concernant les compagnies à fonds social pour faire des travaux à l'effet de faciliter la descente du bois de charpente sur les rivières et les cours d'eau," et aux amendements faits subséquemment au dit acte, avec pleins pouvoir et privilège de s'unir et se fondre avec n'importe quelle compagnie formée dans un objet semblable sous l'autorité des lois de l'Etat du Minnesota.

PINHEY ET CHRISTIE,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
28 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie du pont de Winnipeg et Springfield," avec pouvoir de construire, exploiter et maintenir un pont de péage pour les fins ordinaires du trafic sur la Rivière Rouge à un certain point entre les limites nord de la cité de Winnipeg et le pont Louise, dans le comté de Selkirk, province du Manitoba, le dit pont devant être construit avec un tablier tournant donnant un passage, une fois ouvert, de quarante pieds au plus, et avec des arches de vingt-cinq pieds et demi d'élévation au-dessus du niveau de l'eau basse et avec des intervalles de deux cents pieds au plus entre les culées ou caissons; avec pouvoir de percevoir des taux de péage sur le dit pont à des taux n'excédant pas les suivants:

Piétons, à chaque passage, deux centins.

Cavalier sur mule ou cheval, à chaque passage, dix centins.

Animaux libres par tête, excepté les moutons, les porcs et les poulains du printemps suivant la mère, à chaque passage, cinq centins.

Moutons et porcs, par tête, à chaque passage, deux centins.

Carrosse, voiture, charrette, phaëton, traîneau, voiture de course ou autre véhicule tiré par un animal, à chaque passage, douze centins et demi.

Voiture, carrosse, phaëton, traîneau, voiture de course ou autre véhicule tiré par deux animaux ou plus, à chaque passage, vingt centins.

Les taux ci-dessus couvrent les charges *bonâ fide* de chaque véhicule.

W. H. CULVER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 21 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie de bois de charpente de Québec" (limitée).

E. T. BROOKS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
26 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS.—La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Jonction et des Carrières de Napierville s'adressera au parlement du Canada pour l'adoption des amendements suivants à sa charte:

Pour changer son nom.

Pour placer le terminus de sa ligne à St. Jean, Q.

Pour étendre sa ligne au sud-ouest parallèlement à la frontière de la province, et au fleuve St. Laurent. 23-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour constituer en corps politique "La Banque de Manitoba" dans le but de faire des affaires de banque dans la Puissance du Canada, le bureau principal de telle banque devant être à Winnipeg.

H. E. HENDERSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Daté ce 14 novembre 1881. 22-9

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour un acte pour incorporer la Banque du Nord Ouest.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Procureur des requérants.
Whitby, 21 novembre 1881. 22-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte modifiant l'acte constitutif de la compagnie de chemin de fer Ontario et Québec, de manière à permettre à la compagnie d'acquérir la charte de la compagnie de chemin de fer Toronto, Grey et Bruce ou se fusionner avec cette compagnie, et d'acquérir la charte ou de se fusionner avec telle autre compagnie ou compagnies de chemin de fer que le chemin de fer Ontario et Québec une fois construit pourra croiser ou à laquelle il pourra se relier, ou qui pourra être un tributaire ou une continuation est ou ouest du chemin de fer Ontario et Québec; ou de louer tous ou aucun de ses chemins de fer; et aussi pour d'autres amendements au dit acte.

W. H. LOCKHART GORDON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
25 novembre 1881. 22-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada lors de sa prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique une compagnie pour construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de la cité d'Ottawa ou de quelque point sur le chemin de fer Saint-Laurent et Ottawa ou sur le chemin de fer Canada et Atlantique, passant à travers ou près les villages de Metcalfe, Ormond, Vernon, Bate's Corners ou Winchester-Ouest, Winchester Springs, Bell's Corners et Morrisburgh à un point en face de l'île Ogden dans l'Etat de New-York, devant être appelé "La compagnie du pont et du chemin de fer Ottawa, Waddington et New-York," avec pouvoir de construire un pont sur le canal et le chenal principal de la rivière Saint-Laurent à l'île Ogden, se reliant avec une ligne s'étendant à travers l'île et les eaux américaines à Waddington et la station de la Sarcelle ou quelque autre point sur le chemin de fer Ogdensburgh et lac Champlain ou avec Canton, et se raccorder avec

la ligne projetée du chemin de fer à travers Adirondacks à North Creek; avec pouvoir de se fondre avec toutes lignes de ponts et chemins de fer dans ou hors du Canada, de s'y joindre ou d'obtenir d'elles de faire circuler ses trains sur leurs voies ferrées; avec pouvoir de plus de construire et exploiter des tramways, bateaux-passeurs, vapeurs, navires et barges en rapport avec la dite ligne de pont et chemin de fer, avec pouvoir de plus de construire, maintenir et exploiter un pont inter-provincial sur la rivière Ottawa à ou près la dite cité d'Ottawa à quelque point dans la province de Québec, tant pour le dit chemin de fer que pour les voitures ordinaires et les fins générales du trafic; avec pouvoir de percevoir des taux de péage sur le dit pont, sur les voitures ordinaires et le trafic passager qui se fera dessus à des taux n'excédant pas les suivants:

Piétons pour l'aller et pour le retour, 2 centins.

Cavalier sur cheval ou mule, à chaque passage, 5 centins.

Animaux libres, par tête, excepté les moutons, cochons et poulains du printemps suivant la mère, 5 centins à chaque passage.

Moutons et cochons par tête, à chaque passage, 2 centins.

Chaque voiture, carrosse, cabriolet, traîneau ordinaire, traîneau de course ou autre véhicule traîné par un animal, 10 centins à chaque passage.

Chaque voiture, carrosse, cabriolet, traîneau ordinaire, traîneau de course ou autre véhicule tiré par deux animaux ou plus, à chaque passage, 15 centins.

Les taux ci-dessus devant couvrir les charges *bonâ fide* de chaque véhicule; avec pouvoir de plus de construire et exploiter une ligne ou des lignes de chemin de fer du bout du pont placé du côté de Québec pour se raccorder avec toutes ou quelques-unes des voies ferrées se terminant dans le comté d'Ottawa ou passant à travers.

La hauteur des arches du pont sur le canal et la rivière St. Laurent ne devant pas être moindre que de 60 pieds au-dessus du niveau de l'eau haute; l'intervalle entre les culées ou caissons sur le chenal principal de la rivière St. Laurent devant être de toute la largeur du dit chenal ou de pas moins que 350 pieds et au-dessus de la batture à l'île Ogden de pas moins que 200 pieds. La hauteur des arches du pont sur l'Ottawa ne devant pas être moindre que de 30 pieds au-dessus du niveau de l'eau haute, et l'intervalle entre les culées ou caissons ne devant pas être moindre que de 200 pieds; ou les arches des dits ponts devant être d'une hauteur telle au-dessus du niveau de l'eau haute, les intervalles entre les culées ou caissons devant être tels, et les taux de péage devant être tels qu'il plaise à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil d'approuver.

SCOTT, MAC TAVISH ET MAC CRAKEN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 19 novembre 1881.

22-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il sera fait une demande au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte prolongeant la durée de divers brevets d'invention accordés à Thomas A. Edison, et étendant le délai pour fabriquer aux termes des dits brevets et des statuts généraux à ce sujet, et pour permettre l'importation pendant un certain temps d'articles protégés par ces brevets.

OSLER, GWYN ET TEETZEL,

Solliciteurs du dit Thomas A. Edison.

Daté à Hamilton, 5 janvier 1882.

28-9

A VIS est donné que le "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien," demandera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, des amendements aux sections 8 et 13 de l'acte 44 Vict., ch. 58, intitulé "Acte pour amender et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

L'administrateur-délégué,

J. WURTELE.

Montréal, le 29 décembre 1881.

28-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction du Pacifique et de Pontiac; de pourvoir à l'émission d'un certain montant de capital payé, comme parts payées dans la dite compagnie; d'augmenter le montant des bons ou débentures qui peuvent être émis par la dite compagnie; d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa, à un certain point entre le village d'Aylmer et la cité d'Ottawa; de fixer un jour pour l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 22 décembre 1881.

28-9

A VIS est donné que demande sera faite au parlement, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte prolongeant l'époque du commencement et de la fin des travaux à exécuter pour la Cie de Traverse du Saint-Laurent et du chemin de fer du Pacifique.

Montréal, 10 janvier 1882.

29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer Great Eastern.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 12 janvier, 1882.

29-9

COMPAGNIE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de refondre les différents actes concernant la compagnie de télégraphe de Montréal et de déclarer les pouvoirs accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui à la dite compagnie, et d'accorder à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs qui ont été accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui par le parlement aux autres compagnies de télégraphe.

JAMES DAKERS,

Secrétaire.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte 43 Vict., chap. 46, et de définir les pouvoirs, devoirs et le terme d'office des liquidateurs nommés pour liquider les affaires de la Banque Consolidée du Canada, et pour pourvoir à leur remplacement, vû qu'il a été disposé du restant de l'actif, et pour autres fins.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique une compagnie sous le nom de Compagnie de Chemin de fer d'une Courte Ligne Européenne, avec pouvoir, 1o. de construire, équiper et exploiter des lignes de chemin de fer d'un point à ou près le Cap Nord, dans l'île du Cap Breton au détroit de Canso, et du détroit de Canso à travers les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, le Nouveau-Brunswick, Québec et Ontario à un point ou des points sur le territoire des Etats-Unis; 2o. De construire, équiper et exploiter des vapeurs, et communication par bateaux-passeurs entre telles ou telles provinces du Canada, entre le Canada et Terre-Neuve, entre le Canada et l'Europe et entre Terre-Neuve et l'Europe; la dite compagnie pouvant de plus établir des communications par bateaux-

passeurs sur le détroit de Canso ; 30. De construire, acheter, louer des navires, bateaux-passeurs, chemins de fer, moyens de transport et lignes de télégraphe en rapport avec l'affaire et les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés et l'exploitation d'iceux.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
tant pour lui-même que pour les
autres membres de la compagnie.
Halifax, 3 janvier 1882. 30-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que la compagnie manufacturière de médecines Fellows s'adressera au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte amendant les lettres patentes qui constituent la dite compagnie en corps politique, quant à ce qui a trait à la nationalité, et la résidence des directeurs de la dite compagnie.

TAIT ET ABBOTTS.
Montréal, 18 janvier 1882. 30-6

AVIS.—"La compagnie de téléphone Bell" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir des amendements à l'acte la constituant en corps politique, 43 Vict., chap. 67, par lesquels la compagnie aura le droit d'émettre des bons, pour les fins mentionnées dans la seconde section du dit acte, d'un montant non moindre que \$25 chacun, et de manufacturer en outre des articles mentionnés dans telle seconde section tous autres articles ou objets qui seront jugés opportuns par la compagnie, de plus de transmettre des messages par le télégraphe aussi bien que par le téléphone, de plus d'acheter des lignes de télégraphe comme des lignes de téléphone ; les dits amendements devant en sus déclarer que la compagnie aura le droit de prolonger ses lignes de télégraphe et de téléphone d'une province quelconque du Canada à une autre et déclarer également que le dit acte constituant la compagnie en corps politique et ses amendements ainsi que tous les travaux par iceux autorisés sont pour l'avantage général du Canada.

BETHUNE ET BETHUNE,
Solliciteurs pour la dite compagnie.
Montréal, 17 janvier 1882. 30-6

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après nommées et les constituant en corps politique sous le nom de "Compagnie de bestiaux du Nord-Ouest, limitée," dans le but d'élever et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, de pratiquer dans toutes ses branches l'élevage des bestiaux à ou dans la région de la rivière Bow, dans le territoire du Nord-Ouest, Canada, la dite compagnie devant avoir son bureau principal dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les noms des dits requérants sont les suivants :— Sir Hugh Allan, baronet, Andrew Allan, gentilhomme, Thomas D. Milburne, gentilhomme, Charles Stimson, marchand, tous de Montréal, et Frédérick Smith Stimson, de Compton, dans la province de Québec, fermier.

Les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

L. W. BENJAMIN,
Procureur des requérants.
Montréal, 17 janvier 1882. 30-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois ; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur ; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur ; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur, et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipegosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent ;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux ; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élévateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissoires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Ingersoll, 7 janvier 1882. 29-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877, CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, les requérants ci-après nommés et décrits, s'adresseront par pétition au gouverneur général pour obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant eux et tous ceux qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie en un corps politique sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après énumérés.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie manufacturière de spécialités médicales."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est de manufacturer et vendre des drogues, médecines et spécialités médicales de toutes espèce et description, dans tout le Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant proposé de son capital-actions est (\$8,000) huit mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de (80) quatre-vingts, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Les noms et prénoms, désignations et adresses des requérants sont comme suit :—

L'Hon. John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, de la cité de Montréal, conseil de la Reine ; James Craig Fields, gentilhomme, et George Simpson, marchand, tous deux de la paroisse de St. André dans la dite province de Québec ; James Muir, de la dite cité de Montréal, agent d'immeubles, et George Bury, de la cité de

Montréal, comptable, les trois premiers nommés devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOFT TAIT, ET ABBOTTS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-6

AVIS est par le présent donné en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" qu'un mois après la première publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte dans le but ci-après mentionné, et que,

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant une charte est d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus, de coloniser et de vendre les dites terres, d'arpenter, d'améliorer, de cultiver les dites terres, d'y construire des maisons, de vendre et d'acheter du grain et autres produits du sol, de vendre, acheter, louer, affermer, hypothéquer, les dites terres et en général d'en disposer de toute façon; de prêter de l'argent et de l'assistance aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon au moyen d'hypothèque ou arrangement qu'il aura été convenu mutuellement; d'ériger et d'acquérir des scieries et de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service; d'élever, croiser, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux et de faire des affaires dans toutes les branches de l'agriculture et de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaire de la compagnie projetée sera la cité d'Ottawa, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds-social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$200,000, divisé en 2,000 actions de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont Francis Clemow, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de charbon; Charles T. Bate, d'Ottawa, président de la compagnie du Gaz d'Ottawa; Charles Magee, d'Ottawa, agent d'immeuble; Robert Blackburn, de New Edinburgh, dans le comté de Carleton, marchand; l'Hon. Richard W. Scott, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit; Henry N. Bate, d'Ottawa, marchand; Daniel O'Connor, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit; Edward Anderson, sen., de la ville de Welland, province d'Ontario, Ecr.; Alexander Fraser, de Westmeath, dans le comté de Renfrew, marchand de bois, et James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans la province de Québec, président de la Banque d'Ottawa.

Tous les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie; tous sont des résidents du Canada.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH ET MACCRACKEN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Ottawa ce 4e jour de janvier 1882.

28-6

AVIS est donné par le présent, qu'une demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, pour obtenir des lettres patentes en vertu des dispositions de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," par Mark Cohen, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, marchand, Samuel Davis, marchand, Alexander Saunders, marchand, Lewis Saunders, marchand, Moïse Schwob, marchand, Asher Ansell, marchand, John Moss, marchand, Ilyam D. Moss, marchand, Bendix A. Boas, marchand, de la cité de Montréal, Québec; Mark Samuels, marchand, Alfred David Benjamin, mar-

chand, Emanuel Samuels, marchand, de la cité de Toronto, Ontario, et Edmund Scheuer, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, marchand,—les constituant ainsi que d'autres en un corps politique et incorporé pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom collectif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie de colonisation Internationale du Canada (à responsabilité limitée)" (The International Colonization Company, of Canada, Limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est le suivant: Acheter ou d'autre manière acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres et biens-fonds en Canada; développer les ressources de ces terres en y faisant des constructions, les défrichant, égouttant et améliorant d'autre manière par la culture et les plantations d'après tel système qu'il paraîtra convenable; de mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'élever, acheter et vendre toutes espèces d'animaux, bestiaux, moutons et produits; d'exploiter, convertir, vendre, employer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des produits miniers de la propriété de la compagnie; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur la dite propriété et d'acheter et vendre des articles et marchandises de toutes sortes; de construire ou acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, bâtisses, machines, anses, estacades et outillage; de faire, pourvoir et employer des tramways, canaux, chemins et tous autres travaux et moyens de transport nécessaires ou utiles pour l'amélioration de la propriété de la compagnie, et de contribuer aux frais d'entretien et de construction des dits travaux ou aucun d'eux; d'aider, encourager et promouvoir l'immigration sur la propriété de la compagnie, et de la coloniser, d'aider aux émigrants de pays étrangers à venir au Canada et de les aider à s'établir sur des terres en Canada; et avec pouvoir d'agir comme agents pour tout gouvernement ou corporation ou personne pour l'achat ou vente de terres ou hypothèques sur des terres en Canada, et pour l'encouragement de l'immigration au Canada, et pour les fins susdites de prêter ou octroyer des sommes de deniers, ou faire des octrois gratuits de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des biens-meubles et immeubles pour l'objet et le but de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des biens-meubles et immeubles, de la compagnie; et généralement faire et exécuter toutes choses nécessaires pour atteindre le but susdit.

3. Les opérations de la compagnie projetée seront faites dans les diverses provinces du Canada, et le siège principal de ses affaires en Canada sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres, divisé en cent mille actions de dix piastres chaque.

5. Les requérants sus-mentionnés, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté, seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

Montréal, 5 janvier 1882.

28-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général du Canada en conseil, en vertu des clauses de l'acte 40 Vict., chap. 43, par William Van Duzer Lawrence, marchand, Ebenczer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, caissier, tous de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et John Wyeth, marchand, et Frank H. Wyeth, marchand, tous deux de Philadelphie, dans l'Etat de Pensylvanie, l'un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, pour obtenir des lettres-patentes à l'effet de les constituer eux et telles autres personnes qui pourront devenir actionnaires dans la dite compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de "Compagnie de la Salle des Apothicaires de Montréal" (limitée).

L'objet pour lequel la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique est de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des drogues, produits chimiques, articles de toilette, médecines spéciales, etc., dans tout le Canada et ailleurs.

La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera à Montréal.

Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera cent mille piastres, divisé en cent parts de piastres chacune.

Les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie seront les dits William Van Duzer Lawrence, John Wyeth et John Stephen Bates.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,
Procureurs des requérants.

Montréal, 19 décembre 1881. 26-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour obtenir des lettres patentes constituant en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées les requérants soussignés et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée:—

1. Le nom que se propose de porter la compagnie est, "La compagnie de chanvre du Canada, limitée."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est de confectionner, fabriquer et vendre des sacs, importer, acheter et vendre tous matériaux requis dans les confection et manufacture d'iceux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le capital-actions que se propose de prendre la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de cinq cent; le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Les nom et prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit:—

L'honorable John Hamilton, sénateur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Alexander Murray, marchand, John McDougall, manufacturier, Joshua Collins, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal; lesquels seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT, TAIT ET ABBOTTS,
Procureurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Montréal, le 20 décembre 1881. 27-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que dans le mois qui suivra la dernière publication du présent avis, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en Conseil sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" pour l'obtention de lettres patentes constituant en corps politique la Compagnie de fil de fer barbelé de la Puissance.

1. Le nom social de la compagnie sera "Compagnie de fer barbelé de la Puissance, limitée."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est de pouvoir fabriquer et vendre du fil de fer barbelé.

3. L'endroit du Canada choisi comme devant être le principal siège d'affaires de la dite compagnie est la cité de Montréal, province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de soixante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de cent et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de six cents piastres.

6. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités des divers requérants sont: James Cooper, marchand, et Frederick Fairman, marchand, tous deux de la dite cité et du district de Montréal; Francis T. Sherman, et Eben J. Marsh, tous deux de Chicago, dans l'Etat de l'Illinois, manufacturiers, et Jane Knight, de la cité de Montréal, épouse dûment séparée quant aux biens du dit James Cooper, et Harriet J. Latham, également de la dite cité de Montréal, épouse dûment séparée quant aux biens du dit Frederick Fairman.

7. Les dits James Cooper, Frederick Fairman et Eben J. Marsh seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie, dont le plus grand nombre résident au Canada.

KERR, CARTER ET McGIBBON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 15 décembre 1881. 25-6

AVIS DIVERS.

ACTE DE FAILLITE DE 1875 ET LES ACTES QUI L'AMENDENT.

Dans l'affaire de la Banque des Artisans, failli.

LES créanciers du failli sont par le présent notifiés de se réunir au bureau du soussigné, No. 22, rue St. Jean, dans la cité de Montréal, mardi, le 7e jour de février prochain, à 11 heures de l'avant-midi, dans le but de fixer la rémunération du syndic et des inspecteurs; et pour mettre ordre aux affaires de la succession en générale.

JAMES COURT,
Syndic.

Montréal, 19 janvier 1882.

30-1

ACTE DE FAILLITE DE 1875 ET LES ACTES QUI L'AMENDENT.

Dans l'affaire de la Banque des Artisans, failli.

COMME il appert des livres du failli qu'il reste encore des billets non payés de la dite banque, avis est par le présent donné qu'il a été réservé trois dividendes sur le montant des billets ainsi non payés encore et que dans le cas où il ne serait fait aucune demande pour ces dividendes dans l'espace de deux semaines à dater d'aujourd'hui, les dits dividendes seront appliqués à la formation du dividende final de la succession, tel que pourvu par les actes concernant les banques et les faillites.

JAMES COURT,
Syndic.

Montréal, 19 janvier 1882.

30-1

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée des directeurs provisoires de la compagnie du chemin de fer et des vapeurs de Winnipeg et de la baie d'Hudson aura lieu à mon bureau, No. 10, rue York, Ottawa, le 26e jour de janvier 1882, à deux heures p.m., dans le but de recevoir les plans des arpentages, d'ouvrir des livres de souscription au fonds social et pour la dépêche générale des affaires.

JOSEPH RIOPELLE,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Ottawa, 10 janvier 1882.

29-2

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER ONTARIO ET QUÉBEC.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Ontario et Québec aura lieu au bureau principal de la compagnie, No. 18 rue King, ouest, dans la cité de Toronto, mardi le septième jour de février prochain, à 2 heures de l'après-midi, pour l'élection des directeurs pour l'année courante et pour la dépêche des affaires générales de la compagnie.

Par ordre,
H. W. NANTON,
Sec. trés. pro tem.

Daté ce 9 janvier 1882.

29-4

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER DE COLONISATION DU SUD-OUEST DE MANTOBA.

AVIS.—En conformité des statuts et règlements concernant le cas, l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie de chemin de fer de colonisation du sud-ouest de Manitoba, pour l'élection des directeurs et autres fins générales, aura lieu au bureau général de la compagnie dans la ville de Winnipeg, province du Manitoba, Canada, mercredi, le

premier jour de février 1882, et commencera à onze heures a. m.

Par ordre du bureau de direction.

J. H. HAMMOND,

Secrétaire. 29-3

Winnipeg, 4 janvier 1882.

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER ATLANTIQUE
ET DU NORD-OUEST.

A VIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Atlantique et du Nord-Ouest aura lieu aux bureaux de la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, Montréal, mercredi le 1er février 1882, à midi précis, dans le but de recevoir le rapport des directeurs, de considérer les affaires soit générales ou spéciales de la compagnie, et d'élire des directeurs pour l'année prochaine.

HARRY CUTT,

Secrétaire. 27-5

Montréal, 28 décembre 1881.

LA BANQUE DE ST. HYACINTHE.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de quatre pour cent. sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour les six mois courant, et sera payable au bureau de la dite banque le et après mercredi, le premier février prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du premier au quinze février aussi prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu mercredi, le 15 février prochain à 11 heures A.M.

Par ordre des directeurs,

R. St. JACQUES,

-Caissier.

St. Hyacinthe, 20 décembre 1881.

26-5

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to appoint the following Gentlemen to be respectively Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the Law, viz:—

OTTAWA, 20th January, 1882.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residences.</i>
Pierre C. Duranceau,	Beauharnois.
Edmund Barnard,	Montreal.
James Oliva,	Montmagny.
Frederick William Andrews,	Quebec.
Didier J. Montambault,	do
Benjamin A. Globensky,	Montreal.
John Joseph Curran,	do
Melbourne M. Tait,	do
Charles Chamilly de Lorimier,	do
Louis Olivier Taillon,	do
Jules E. Larue,	Quebec.
Ivan Tolkien Wotherspoon,	Montreal.
Louis Tellier,	St. Hyacinthe.
Ernest Cimon,	Chicoutimi.
Donald McMaster,	Montreal.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz:—

OTTAWA, 4th January, 1882.

MARTIN J. PHORAN, of North Sydney, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Gentleman; to be a Preventive Officer and Boatman in Her Majesty's Customs.

SAMUEL J. LANE, of the town of Owen Sound, in the Province of Ontario, Deputy Judge of the County Court of and for the County of Grey, in the said Province, has resigned his office as such Deputy Judge.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has also been pleased to make the following appointments and promotions to fill vacancies existing to the North West Mounted Police Force, viz:—

TO BE COMMISSIONER:

LIEUT. COL. ACHESON GOSFORD IRVINE, from 1st November 1880, date of his temporary appointment, *vice* Lieut. Col. James Farquharson Macleod, appointed Stipendiary Magistrate.

INSPECTOR ALBERT SHURTLIFF, *vice* Superintendent James Walker, resigned, to date from 24th January, 1882.

INSPECTOR JOHN HENRY McILLREE, *vice* Superintendent William Winder, resigned, to date from 24th January, 1882.

LIEUT. COL. ALEXANDER MCKENZIE, *vice* Superintendent William D. Jarvis, services dispensed with, to date from 24th January, 1882.

TO BE INSPECTORS:

AYLESWORTH BOWEN PERRY, Esquire, *vice* Inspector Albert Shurtliff, promoted, to date from 24th January, 1882.

HENRY ROMEO PREVOST, Esquire, *vice* Inspector John Henry McIllree, promoted, to date from 24th January, 1882.

STAFF SERGEANT FRANK NORMAN, to date from 24th January, 1882.

TO BE SENIOR SURGEON:

AUGUSTUS JUKES, Esquire, M. D., *vice* Surgeon John G. Kittson, M. D., retired, to date from 24th January, 1882.

The following are the present officers of the North West Mounted Police, all other Commissions being hereby cancelled.

Commissioner—Acheson Gosford Irvine, appointed 1st November, 1880.

Superintendents—James Morrow Walsh, 1st June, 1874; Lief N. Fitzroy Crozier, 11th September, 1874; William Macaullay Herchmer, 1st August, 1876; Albert Shurtliff, 24th January, 1882; John Henry McIllree, 24th January, 1882; Alexander McKenzie, 24th January, 1882.

Superintendent and Adjutant John Cotton, 1st January, 1881.

Senior Surgeon—Augustus Jukes, M. D., 24th January, 1882.

Assistant Surgeons—Robert Miller, M. D., 25th October, 1875; George A. Kennedy, M. B., 1st October, 1878.

Inspectors—John French, 30th March, 1874; Sévère Gagnon, 3rd April, 1874; Edmond Fréchette, 11th September, 1874; Francis Jeffrey Dickens, 4th November, 1874; Arthur Henry Griesbach, 1st June, 1875; William D. Antrobus, 1st March, 1876; Percy Reginald Neale, 1st July, 1876; Samuel B. Steele, 31st August, 1878; Alexander R. Macdonell, 1st September, 1878; Thomas Dowling, 15th September, 1878; Aylesford Bowen Perry, 24th January, 1882; Henry Romeo Prévost, 24th January, 1882; Frank Norman, 24th January, 1882.

PROCLAMATIONS.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
General
Administrator.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you,—
GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Meeting of Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to the Fourth day of the month of February next, NEVERTHELESS, for certain causes and considerations, We have thought fit further to prorogue the same to THURSDAY, the NINTH day of the month of FEBRUARY next, so that neither you, nor any of you on the said FOURTH day of FEBRUARY next at Our City of Ottawa to appear are to be held and constrained: for WE DO WILL THAT you and each of you, be as to Us, in this matter, entirely exonerated; commanding, and by the tenor of these presents, enjoining you, and each of you, and all others in this behalf interested, that on THURSDAY, the NINTH day of the month of FEBRUARY next, at Our City of OTTAWA aforesaid, personally you be and appear, for the DESPATCH OF BUSINESS, to treat, do, act, and conclude upon those things which in Our said Parliament of Canada, by the Common

Council of Our said Dominion, may, by the favour of God, be ordained.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved General SIR PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Administrator of the Government of Canada, and Commander of Our Forces therein, &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-FOURTH day of DECEMBER in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
General,
Administrator.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS in pursuance of the provisions of the Canada Temperance Act of 1878, the following notice has been addressed to the Secretary of State for Canada, embodying the petition therein set forth :

“To the Honorable the Secretary of State for Canada,—

“SIR,—We, the undersigned, electors of the City of “St. John, in the Province of New-Brunswick, request “you to take notice that we propose presenting the “following petition to His Excellency the Governor “General, viz:

““To His Excellency the Governor General of “Canada in Council,

““The petition of the electors of the City of “Saint John, Province of New Brunswick, qualified

““and competent to vote at the election of a mem- “ber of the House of Commons, in the said City,

““Respectfully sheweth, That your petitioners are “desirous that the second part of the Canada Tem-

“perance Act, 1878, should be in force and take “effect in the said City :

““Wherefore, your petitioners humbly pray that “Your Excellency will be pleased, by an Order in

“Council under the ninety-sixth Section of the said “Act, to declare that the second part of the said

“Act shall be in force and take effect in the said “City.

““And your petitioners will ever pray, &c.’ And “that we desire that the votes of all the electors of

“the said City, be taken for and against the adoption “of the said petition.”

And whereas it appears by evidence to the satisfaction of the Governor General in Council that such notice has appended to it, the genuine signatures of one-fourth or more of all the electors of the said City of Saint John, the number of the signatures to the notice proved to be genuine being eight hundred and seventy-five, and that the other requirements of the law have been observed ;

And whereas an Order of the Governor General in Council has been passed directing that the votes of all the electors of the said City of Saint John, be taken for and against the adoption of the said petition,—

Now Know YE, that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Government of the Ports of Nanaimo and Departure Bay in the Province of British Columbia to which the Acts 37 Vic. chap. 34, and 38 Vic. chap. 30 apply, and for the government of the office of Harbour Master for the said Ports.

Rule I.—It shall be the duty of the Harbour Master of the said Ports, in person, or by deputy duly authorized, to go on board of every ship or vessel of the burthen of twenty tons, (registered tonnage) and upwards, which shall arrive within said Ports, within twelve hours after the arrival of such ship or vessel, to see that she is moored only in such manner or position as shall be assigned to her by the following Regulations. And it shall be lawful for such Harbour Master to ask, demand and receive, as a compensation for his services (vessels belonging to or employed by Her Majesty and the Government of the Dominion of Canada excepted) according to the following scale, and under the restrictions mentioned in the above named Acts:

SCALE OF FEES.

For every ship of fifty tons register or under, fifty cents;

For every ship over fifty tons and not over one hundred tons register, one dollar;

For every ship over one hundred tons and not over two hundred tons register, one dollar and fifty cents;

For every ship over two hundred tons and not over three hundred tons register, two dollars;

For every ship over three hundred tons and not over four hundred tons register, two dollars and fifty cents;

For every ship over four hundred tons and not over five hundred tons register, three dollars;

For every ship over five hundred tons and not over seven hundred tons, four dollars;

For every ship over seven hundred tons register, five dollars.

Rule II.—In case of any dispute arising between masters, owners or other persons engaged in hauling ships or vessels in and out of any of the docks or wharves, it shall be the duty of the Harbour Master, if called upon, to give such directions as he may think fit in respect to the same; and all masters, pilots or other persons having the charge or command of any ships or vessels shall comply with the directions of the Harbour Master or his deputy in these respects, under the penalty of twenty dollars for each and every neglect or refusal so to do.

Rule III.—If any ship or vessel arriving and anchoring, or being moored or fastened to any wharf or vessel in the Harbours shall be so moored or placed as to be unsafe or dangerous to any other ship or vessel previously lying at anchor in the Harbours, or moored or fastened as aforesaid, the Harbour Master or his deputy is hereby authorized and required to forthwith order and direct the situation of such ship or vessel so arriving and anchored, moored or fastened as aforesaid, to be altered in such a manner as to prevent such insecurity and danger; and the master, pilot or other person having charge of such ship or vessel shall comply with the orders and directions of the Harbour Master or his deputy in this respect, under the penalty of Twenty Dollars for each and every offence.

Rule IV.—Any person or persons who may moor or fasten to, or in any manner injure, alter or change any of the public buoys, shall, on conviction, pay a penalty of Twenty Dollars, besides being held liable to any damage sustained.

Rule V.—Whenever it shall happen that any ship or vessel is short of hands, so that she cannot be moved when ordered, it shall and may be lawful for the Harbour Master to employ a sufficient number of hands to effect such removal, and to remove or assist in removing such vessel as required or as may be necessary, and that at the expense of such vessel.

Order in Council, proclaim and declare, that on Thursday, the twenty-third day of February next, a poll will be held in the said City of St. John for taking the votes of the electors for and against the said petition. That such votes will be taken between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day and by ballot. That James A. Harding, Esquire, Sheriff of the County of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, has been appointed Returning Officer for the purpose of taking on that day the votes of the electors for and against the petition and of afterwards summing up the same and making a return of the result to the Governor General in Council. That the said Returning Officer is empowered and required to appoint a Deputy Returning Officer at and for each polling place or station. That the Returning Officer will appoint persons to attend at the various polling stations and at the final summing up of votes on behalf of the persons interested in and promoting or opposing, respectively, the adoption of the petition, at the office of the said Sheriff, in the said City of Saint John, on Monday, the twentieth day of February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon.

That the votes of the electors will be summed up and the result of the polling declared by the Returning Officer at the office of the said Sheriff on Saturday, the twenty-fifth day of February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon. And in the event of the petition being adopted by the electors, the Governor General in Council may, at any time after the expiration of sixty days from the day on which the same was adopted, by Order in Council published in the *Canada Gazette*, declare that the second part of the said Act shall be in force and take effect in such City upon, from and after the day on which the annual or semi-annual licences for the sale of spirituous liquors then in force in such City will expire, provided such day be not less than ninety days from the day of the date of such Order in Council, and if it be less, then on the like day in the then following year.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well Beloved General Sir Patrick Leonard MacDougall, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Administrator of the Government of Canada, and Commander of Our Forces therein, &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this FOURTH day of JANUARY in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

30-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,

OTTAWA, 27th January, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that, by Order in Council of 26th January, 1882, His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to exempt the Tunnel under the Welland Canal through which the trains of the Great Western Railway pass, from the operation of the Fifth Sub-Section of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 24, relating to the height of clear and open headway to be maintained between the undermost parts of bridges, tunnels, &c., and the tops of the highest cars of a railway.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

31-3

Rule VI.—The Harbour Master shall have power to order the removal of any scow, boat or other vessel, loaded or unloaded, or anything calculated to interfere with the moving or mooring of vessels from any part of the Harbours to any other part thereof, and the owner of such scow, boat, etc., or person in charge thereof, failing to make such removal within a reasonable time after being notified so to do, shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding \$10, and after one hour shall have elapsed the Harbour Master shall have power to make the removal and charge the person notified for so doing.

Rule VII.—Whenever the Harbour Master shall find ships or vessels at the wharves with main jib or spanker booms rigged out so as to incommode other vessels, it shall be the duty of the Harbour Master to direct such to be rigged in, and in the event of non-compliance, all accidents to the same shall be at the risk of the persons so offending.

Rule VIII.—No vessel shall be left without some person to take care of her, by night and by day, when anchored in the stream or in the Harbours.

Rule IX.—All vessels lying at anchor in the Harbours shall keep a clear and bright light burning, at least six feet above the rail of the bulwarks, from sunset until sunrise.

Rule X.—All vessels at wharves or in docks must keep a clear and bright light burning at the gangway from sunset until sunrise at least four feet above the deck, and at all times be provided with a gangway with a side rail to it, to prevent accidents.

Rule XI.—All ships or vessels loading or discharging in the stream, coals, ballast and such like materials, shall have a sufficient piece of canvas or tarpaulin so placed as to prevent any portion thereof from falling into the Harbours under the penalty of \$20 for each and every offence, to be paid by the owner, master or person in charge of such ship or vessel.

Rule XII.—No ballast, stone, gravel, earth or rubbish of any kind, shall be unladen, cast or emptied out of, or thrown overboard, from any ship or vessel whatever in the Harbours or at the entrance thereof (except in places set apart for that purpose by the Harbour Master and under his direction), under the penalty of Fifty Dollars for each and every offence, to be paid by the owner, master or other person having the charge of any such ship or vessel.

Rule XIII.—In places set apart by the Harbour Master for the deposit of ballast, etc., it is hereby required that no ballast, stone, gravel, earth, or rubbish of any kind shall be unladen, discharged, deposited, thrown or laid before sunrise or after sunset, under a penalty of Forty Dollars for each and every offence.

Rule XIV.—No ballast, stone, gravel, earth or rubbish of any kind shall be unladen, discharged, deposited, thrown or laid, either from any vessel, boat, scow or other such craft, or in any other manner, or by any person, from any part of the beach or shore into any part of the Harbours, or upon the beach and shore thereof, either below low water mark, or between high and low water mark, under the penalty of forty dollars for each and every offence, to be paid by the owner or owners, master or person having charge of any vessel, boat or scow, or other craft from which such matter as aforesaid shall have been discharged, or by any other person or persons violating this law.

Rule XV.—Any person or persons who shall or may hinder, oppose, molest or obstruct the Harbour Master, his deputy or any of his assistants in the discharge of his or their duty, shall, on conviction, pay a penalty of forty dollars for each and every offence.

Rule XVI.—The penalty for violation of, or not conforming to the provisions of the Law, and for

disobeying the lawful orders or directions of the Harbour Master or his deputy in respect to any provision for which no penalty is hereinbefore prescribed, shall be twenty dollars to be imposed upon the owner or person in charge of the ship or vessel not conforming to the particular requirements.

PRIVY COUNCIL CHAMBER,
OTTAWA, 25th January, 1882.

The foregoing Rules and Regulations were submitted to and approved by His Excellency the Governor in Council, on 24th January 1882.

J. O. COTÉ,
31-3 Clerk Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Wednesday, 12th day of January, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF
THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Manitoba, with the Legislative Assembly of that Province did, on the 25th day of May, 1881, pass the undermentioned Act which has been transmitted, entitled as follows, viz:—

“An Act to incorporate the Winnipeg South Eastern Railway Company.”

And whereas the said Act has been laid before the Administrator of the Government in Council together with a Report from the Minister of Railways and Canals and the Minister of Justice recommending that the said Act should be disallowed,—

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has thereupon this day been pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to declare his disallowance of the said Act and the same is disallowed accordingly.

Whereof the Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Manitoba, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

I, Sir Patrick Leonard MacDougall, Administrator of the Government of Canada, do hereby certify that the undermentioned Act passed by the Legislature of Manitoba, on the 25th day of May A. D. 1881, intitled “An Act to incorporate the Winnipeg South Eastern Railway Company” was received by me on the 22nd day of November A. D. 1881.

Given under my hand and seal this 12th day of January, 1882.

[L.S.] P. L. MacDOUGALL, General,
29-3 Administrator.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the fourth day of January, 1882, incorporating John Lunn Murphy, of the Town of Pembroke, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, Esquire, John Ham Sills, Ephraim G. Sills and Orville Sims, all of Frankford, in the County of Hastings, in the said Province of Ontario, and Levi Ruggles Church, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, one of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, holding, chartering, maintaining and navigating on the River Ottawa and its tributaries any steamers

and other vessels of any description for towage purposes or for the carriage and forwarding of passengers, goods and freight of all kinds to and from and between any places on or near the river Ottawa and its tributaries,—by the name of "The Upper Ottawa Towing Company," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-third day of January, 1882.

31-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the ninth day of January, 1882, incorporating John Penman, of the Town of Paris, in the County of Brant, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, manufacturer; William Dubart Long, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, in the said Province, wool merchant; David Morrice, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, commission merchant; Charles Edmund Newberry, of the said City of Hamilton, merchant, and Horace James Long, of the said City of Hamilton, book-keeper, for the purpose of the manufacture and sale throughout the Dominion of Canada, of all kinds of woollen and cotton goods by the name of "The Penman Manufacturing Company, (limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of January, 1882.

31-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 20th January, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 14th of

January instant, and under the authority vested in him by the 44 Victoria, chap. 11, section 11, has been pleased to order and direct that "Salt cake," being a sulphate of soda, used by manufacturers of glass and soap, be placed on the free list, when imported into Canada by such manufacturers for their own use in their works, and the article in question is, therefore, placed on the free list accordingly.

By command,

30-3

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st December, 1881.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,349,542 02
Excise.....	565,780 07
Post Office.....	106,498 20
Public Works, including Railways.	182,576 51
Bill Stamps	14,188 61
Miscellaneous	147,695 83
	<u>\$ 2,366,281 24</u>
Revenue to 30th Nov., 1881.....	13,801,342 84
	<u>\$16,167,624 08</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,232,920 52
do 30th Nov., 1881.....	10,099,153 47
	<u>\$11,332,073 99</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 2nd January, 1881.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Agricultural Implements	"	8,818 00	1,862 37
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals.	6,828 00	1,740 35
Animals.....	"	6,122 00	1,570 18
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	6,693 00	1,338 60
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Breadstuffs, viz :—	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush.	161,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls.	6,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs.	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	"	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons.	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs.	7,291 00	1,187 23
" U. States.....	"	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs.	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	95 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,937 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals.	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	"	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,017 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs.	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	"	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	"	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	"	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs.	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	"	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs.	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals.	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	"	36,166 00	26,033 04
Sparkling.....	Doz.	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs.	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	"	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	"	200,433 00	89,847 61
Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	"	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	"	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups.....	"	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals.	14,251 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	"	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs.	129,269 00	28,423 73
" United States.....	"	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	"	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures.....	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down, combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs.	892 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	412,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods		\$4,999,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 26th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of Manitoba and British Columbia) for December, 1881.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	76,804 00	5,500 00	82,304 00
do Fisheries.....	462,682 00	.....	462,682 00
do Forest.....	658,905 00	39,910 00	698,815 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,315,959 00	9,415 00	1,325,374 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,440,138 00	16,096 00	2,456,234 00
Manufactures	236,272 00	75,619 00	311,891 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	33,579 00	653 00	34,232 00
Totals.....	5,224,339 00	147,193 00	5,371,532 00
Coin and Bullion.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand Total, exclusive of Manitoba and British Columbia.	5,224,339 00	147,193 00	5,371,532 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 26th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of December, 1881. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 30th Nov., 1881	\$7,541,467 33	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$265,925 50
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	564,932 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	1,800 70	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$7,798,501 86
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	43,772 67
			7,842,274 5
	8,108,200 03		8,108,200 03

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 17th January, 1882.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST JANUARY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Channay.....	Woburn.....	Beauce.....Q.	Eugène Becigueul.
Gagnon.....	.....	Victoria.....N.S.	Jean P. Gagnon.
Marney.....	Sec. 2, Tp. 16, R. 22 W.....	Marquette.....M.	Peter Butchart.
Neepawa.....	" 33, " 14, " 15 "	Marquette.....M.	J. J. Hamilton.
Norquay.....	" 17, " 6, " 10 "	Marquette.....M.	T. H. Pentland.
North Arm.....	.....	New Westminster.....B.C.	John W. Sexsmith.
Point Aconi.....	.....	Cape Breton.....N.S.	Donald J. Walker.
Reids Mills.....	Mountain.....	Dundas.....O.	W. Reid.
South Clones.....	.....	Queens.....N.B.	Johnston Cooper.
South Knowlesville.....	.....	Carleton.....N.B.	Jacob Spinney.
Ste. Trinité.....	De Sales.....	Charlevoix.....Q.	Pierre Tremblay.
Trafford.....	Sheffield.....	Addington.....O.	Michael Whelan.
Toys Hill.....	Matilda.....	Dundas.....O.	J. Toy.
Ursa.....	Glamorgan.....	Peterborough, E.R.....O.	Stephen Kettle.
Weedon Centre.....	Weedon.....	Wolfe.....Q.	Siméon Fontaine.
West Advocate.....	.....	Cumberland.....N.S.	Judson Reid.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Clydesdale.....Co. Marquette, M.
 Conroy's Farm.....Co. Hastings, O.
 Falkland.....Co. Brant, O.
 Simays Lake.....Co. Pontiac, Q.
 Weedon Station.....Co. Wolfe, Q.

NAME CHANGED.

Duncanville, Co. Victoria, N.B.....to Beaconsfield.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....						
\$1 & \$2.....						
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....						
\$50 & \$100.....						
\$500 & \$1000.....						
Total.....						

Fractional Notes.....	173,155 85
Provincial "	161,229 85
Montreal issue.....	7,381,852 50
Toronto "	4,831,198 00
Halifax "	1,719,568 50
St. John "	702,259 25
Victoria "	29,545 50
Total	\$14,998,809 45

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st December.....	2,832,888 48
Guarantee Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,752,888 48
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,998,809 45	1,499,880 94
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,998,809 45	2,249,821 42
	\$3,749,702 36
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	2,003,186 12
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p.c. on \$14,998,809 45.....	11,249,107 09
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	750,892 91

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	2,003,186 12
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	750,892 91
Total Excess	2,754,079 03

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 13th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31st DECEMBER, 1881.

CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 600,000 00	\$ cts. 259,443 17	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 17,287 55	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,531,854 87	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 70,019 22	\$ cts. 6,058,604 81
1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,089,200 03	83,000 00	89,861 72	3,262,061 75
City and District Savings Bank.....										
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....										

ASSETS.									
Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
\$ cts.	\$ cts. 1,379,582 18	\$ cts. 615 96	\$ cts. 2,124,758 41	\$ cts. 1,767,110 02	\$ cts. 921,053 54	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. *421,504 33	\$ cts. 6,794,624 44
95,029 94	724,890 48	.....	1,002,476 70	128,370 88	1,135,955 05	83,000 00	237,220 00	127,407 37	3,534,350 42
City and District Savings Bank.....									
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....									

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th Jan., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st October, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 30th Sept., 1881.	Deposits for October, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, October, 1881.	Balance, 31st October, 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	485,321 16	46,576 37	531,897 53	42,952 82	488,944 71
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	289,784 51	83,607 00	373,391 51	39,394 65	333,996 86
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,290,116 20	70,951 00	1,361,067 20	47,108 80	1,313,958 40
Nanaimo.....	135,663 51	8,479 00	144,142 51	5,983 50	138,159 01
New Westminster.....	156,350 08	11,381 00	167,731 08	6,148 21	161,582 87
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	116,825 13	5,497 00	122,322 13	6,498 66	115,823 47
Antigonish.....	29,046 83	2,755 00	31,801 83	992 27	30 809 56
Annapolis.....	110,071 44	8,147 00	118,218 44	6,010 92	112,207 52
Arichat.....	121,231 15	1,911 00	123,142 15	3,099 88	120,042 27
Acadia Mines.....	25,934 06	2,580 00	28,514 06	1,828 45	26,685 61
Baddeck.....	31,775 61	2,502 63	34,278 24	1,000 08	33,278 16
Bridgewater.....	18,059 89	695 00	18,754 89	780 00	17,974 89
Barrington.....	29,851 30	1,452 00	31,303 30	550 80	30,752 50
Digby.....	53,757 38	6,491 00	60,248 38	2,932 56	57,315 82
Guysboro'.....	41,135 69	2,135 00	43,270 69	1,670 87	41,599 82
Halifax.....	2,252,514 00	66,730 47	2,319,244 47	82,411 26	2,236,833 21
Kentville.....	77,266 54	6,689 30	83,955 84	2,189 60	81,766 24
Liverpool.....	109,249 45	3,801 00	113,050 45	2,747 40	110,303 05
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan.....	8,456 05	1,103 00	9,559 05	524 00	9,035 05
Lunenburg.....	66,716 06	1,685 00	68,401 06	2,724 72	65,676 34
Maitland.....	44,430 80	2,033 00	46,463 80	1,585 85	44,877 95
New Glasgow.....	82,869 75	6,654 00	89,523 75	2,954 10	86,569 65
Parrsboro'.....	39,871 71	1,260 00	41,131 71	1,051 55	40,080 16
Port Hood.....	42,857 23	1,690 00	44,547 23	736 97	43,810 26
Pictou.....	38,075 84	1,366 00	39,441 84	1,273 19	38,168 65
Shelburne.....	28,941 53	2,170 00	31,111 53	1,088 32	30,023 21
Sydney.....	155,306 23	4,424 00	159,730 23	5,781 28	153,948 95
Sherbrooke.....	32,235 83	700 00	32,935 83	1,748 79	31,187 04
Truro.....	175,427 99	6,612 00	182,040 99	5,416 09	176,624 90
Wallace.....	4,940 25	1,781 00	6,721 25	190 50	6,530 75
Windsor.....	361,583 33	6,317 00	367,900 33	15,548 28	352,352 05
Weymouth.....	51,573 24	817 00	52,390 24	2,398 18	49,992 06
Yarmouth.....	264,241 61	15,522 00	279,763 61	8,634 98	271,128 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,583 41	1,888 00	61,471 41	1,154 58	60,316 83
Chatham.....	177,502 43	6,401 00	183,903 43	4,397 65	179,505 78
Dalhousie.....	132,187 63	3,194 00	135,381 63	1,786 38	133,595
Dorchester.....	16,269 35	2,131 42	18,400 77	2,591 29	15,809 48
Fredericton.....	260,563 68	8,102 00	268,665 68	10,652 85	258,012 83
Hillsboro'.....	18,092 31	725 00	18,817 31	376 14	18,441 17
Moncton.....	107,317 23	13,157 00	120,474 23	8,166 93	112,307 30
Newcastle.....	115,139 76	8,740 00	123,879 76	3,762 20	120,117 56
Richibucto.....	64,553 06	390 00	64,943 06	847 99	64,095 07
St. Andrews.....	183,138 50	4,018 00	187,156 50	1,245 98	185,910 52
St. John.....	1,522,567 46	46,151 00	1,568,718 46	30,001 52	1,538,716 94
Sussex.....		3,282 00	3,282 00	280 00	3,002 00
Woodstock.....	165,144 98	6,278 00	171,422 98	3,746 12	167,676 86
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	658,047 29	26,456 00	684,503 29	20,066 09	664,437 20
Total.....	10,251,601 12	517,429 19	10,769,030 31	395,033 25	10,373,997 06

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th Sept., 1881, published in accordance with the Act 34 Vict., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Aug., 1881.	Deposits for Sept., 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, Sept., 1881.	Balance, 31st Sept., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario,—</i>					
Toronto.....	486,581 51	34,115 00	520,696 51	35,375 35	485,321 16]
<i>Manitoba,—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	253,986 53	68,750 00	322,736 53	32,952 02	289,784 51
<i>British Columbia,—</i>					
Victoria	1,268,968 23	70,960 00	1,339,928 23	49,812 03	1,290,116 20
Nanaimo	134,026 28	4,978 00	139,004 28	3,340 77	135,663 51
New Westminster.....	146,861 68	14,592 00	161,453 68	5,103 60	156,350 08
<i>Nova Scotia,—</i>					
Amherst	110,886 37	8,463 00	119,349 37	2,524 24	116,825 13
Antigonish	25,149 83	4,732 00	29,881 83	835 00	29,046 83
Annapolis	107,942 98	6,391 00	114,333 98	4,262 54	110,071 44
Arichat.....	123,076 71	3,583 82	126,660 53	5,429 38	121,231 15
Acadia Mines.....	24,805 63	1,877 00	26,682 63	748 57	25,934 06
Baddeck.....	28,383 85	4,100 00	32,483 85	708 24	31,775 61
Bridgewater.....	17,447 83	1,754 00	19,201 83	1,141 94	18,059 89
Barrington	28,022 30	1,969 00	29,991 30	140 00	29,851 30
Digby	54,886 52	4,006 00	58,892 52	5,135 14	53,757 38
Guysboro	39,647 09	3,068 00	42,715 09	1,579 40	41,135 69
Halifax	2,226,177 87	88,881 28	2,315,059 15	62,545 15	2,252,514 00
Kentville	76,604 73	4,437 46	81,042 19	3,775 65	77,266 54
Liverpool.....	108,165 58	2,307 00	110,472 58	1,223 13	109,249 45
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan	8,526 05	411 00	8,937 05	481 00	8,456 05
Lunenburg.....	68,216 73	930 00	69,146 73	2,430 67	66,716 06
Maitland	43,198 19	4,036 00	47,234 19	2,803 39	44,430 80
New Glasgow.....	83,246 75	3,507 00	86,753 75	3,884 00	82,869 75
Parrsboro'.....	42,097 52	1,148 00	43,245 52	3,373 81	39,871 71
Port Hood.....	43,248 23	455 00	43,703 23	846 00	42,857 23
Pictou	36,365 60	2,015 00	38,380 60	304 76	38,075 84
Shelburne.....	29,715 39	408 00	30,123 39	1,181 86	28,941 53
Sydney	150,430 46	7,418 00	157,848 46	2,542 23	155,306 23
Sherbrooke	31,813 02	2,500 00	34,313 02	2,077 19	32,235 83
Truro	172,714 37	8,309 00	181,023 37	5,595 38	4,940 25
Wallace.....		5,040 00	5,040 00	99 75	175,427 99
Windsor.....	365,903 83	14,941 00	380,844 83	19,261 50	361,583 33
Weymouth	48,876 93	3,712 00	52,588 93	1,015 69	51,573 24
Yarmouth.....	250,452 62	19,647 00	270,099 62	5,858 01	264,241 61
<i>New Brunswick,—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,441 92	1,195 00	60,636 92	1,053 51	59,583 41
Chatham.....	171,804 99	10,212 00	182,016 99	4,514 56	177,502 43
Dalhousie	127,312 16	5,969 00	133,281 16	1,093 53	132,187 63
Dorchester	16,371 35	230 00	16,601 35	332 00	16,269 35
Fredericton	245,712 66	20,393 00	266,105 66	5,541 98	260,563 68
Hillsboro'.....	16,361 26	1,993 00	18,354 26	261 95	18,092 31
Moncton	103,546 76	11,284 00	114,830 76	7,513 53	107,317 23
Newcastle	115,947 79	2,796 00	118,743 79	3,604 03	115,139 76
Richibucto	61,549 06	3,546 00	65,095 06	542 00	64,553 06
St. Andrews	178,284 64	9,714 00	187,998 64	4,860 14	183,138 50
St. John.....	1,501,703 92	45,961 00	1,547,664 92	25,097 46	1,522,567 46
Woodstock	163,118 09	5,783 00	168,901 09	3,756 11	165,144 98
<i>Prince Edward Island,</i>					
Charlottetown	641,231 11	34,259 13	675,490 24	17,442 95	658,047 29
Total	10,038,825 57	556,776 69	10,595,602 26	344,001 14	10,251,601 12

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th Dec., 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Renlt. Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000).....	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Fire and Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....	Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B.C. Bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)	Guarantee.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....	Fire and Life
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock	Guarantee and Accident.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds	Life.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....			

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada B's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000, U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Montl.....	\$50,171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,690).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,637, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200).....	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.. ..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal...	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in

the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Canadian Electric Light Company shall apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to ratify and confirm their Act of incorporation, to give them the necessary authorization to secure motive powers and the generation of electricity in any part of the Dominion of Canada, and to authorize them to use and work certain patents granted in Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 23rd January, 1882.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the Manitoba Midland Railway Company, with power to build and operate a railway beginning at East Garfield, on the Canada Pacific Railway, thence to the town of Macdonald on the Portage and North Western Railway, thence westerly through or near Rapid City,

to some points on the Saskatchewan or Peace Rivers in the North West Territories, with power also to build bridges and telegraph lines and to build branch line from Macdonald to Lake Manitoba.

McMILLAN & TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27th Jan., 1882.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 22 Vic., cap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the members of the said board to confirm and enact the provisions of the Acts of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic., cap. 62, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," and 38 Vic., cap. 64, intituled "An Act to amend the Act intituled 'An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,'" and of the Act of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 75, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convenor of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic. cap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland"; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the said managers; to confirm and enact the provisions of the Act of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic. cap. 61, intituled "An Act to amend 'An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,'" save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convenor of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to confirm and enact the provisions of an Act passed by the Legislature of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 76, intituled "An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston," and to enable the said College to stand towards the Presbyterian Church in Canada in relations similar to those which it lately held to the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; or to otherwise deal with the matters referred to in the said last-mentioned Act.

JOHN HAMILTON (of Kingston.)

31-9

Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

NOTICE is hereby given that the McClary Manufacturing Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the said company with increased powers.

MEREDITH & SCATCHERD,

Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1882. 30-tt

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act to reduce the paid-up capital and stock of "The Exchange Bank of Yarmouth" to the extent of thirty per cent.

SANDFORD H. PELTON,

Solicitor for applicants.

ALFRED PATRICK,

Parliamentary Agent.

21st January, 1882.

30-9.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Qu'Appelle Land Company" with power to acquire, improve and sell lands and promote immigration, and with other powers.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK.

Solicitors for the applicants.

Toronto, 16th January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an amendment of the Letters Patent incorporating the said company, in respect of the nationality and residence of the directors of the said company.

TAIT & ABBOTTS.

Montreal, 18th January, 1882.

30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the Great American and European Short Line Railway Company, with power: 1st. To construct, equip and operate lines of railway from a point at or near Cape North, in the Island of Cape Breton, to the Strait of Canso, and from the Strait of Canso, through the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario, to a point or points in United States Territory; 2nd. To construct, equip and operate steamers, and steam ferry communication between any of the Provinces of the Dominion, and between the Dominion and Newfoundland, and between the Dominion and Europe, and between Newfoundland and Europe, and also said ferry connection on the Strait of Canso; 3rd. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with the matter and powers before mentioned, and the working and operating of the same.

A. L. BLACKMAN,

for self and other Corporators.

Halifax, 3rd January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE.—"The Bell Telephone Company of Canada" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to its Act of incorporation 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to manufacture besides the articles referred to in such second section such other articles or things as the company may

deem advisable, also to transmit messages by telegraph as well as by telephone, also to purchase telegraph as well as telephone lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its telegraph and telephone lines from any one to any other of the Provinces in the Dominion, and whereby also it shall be declared that said Act of incorporation and its amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,
Solicitors for said company.
Montreal, 17th January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is given that application will be made to Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the St. Lawrence and Pacific Railway Ferry Co.
Montreal, 10th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway and telegraph from some point at or near to Michipicoton Harbor, on the north east of Lake Superior, to Moose Fort or some other point on James' Bay, wherever it might be deemed most advisable to build the line.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for the applicants.
Toronto, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to amend the Act 43 Vic. chap. 46, and to define the powers, duties and term of office of the liquidators appointed to wind up the affairs of the Consolidated Bank of Canada, and to provide for their replacement, in consequence of the remaining assets having been disposed of, and for other purposes.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Great Eastern Railway Company.

KERR, CARTER & McGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the passage of an Act to consolidate the several Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company and declaratory of the powers heretofore granted to the said company, and to grant to the said company all such other powers as have heretofore been granted by Parliament to other telegraph companies.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Montreal Office, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Western

Canada Colonization Company," with power to acquire, improve and sell lands, and promote immigration, and with other powers.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 3rd January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the term of several patents of invention issued to Thomas A. Edison, and to extend the time for manufacture under the terms of the said patents and the general statutes in that behalf, and to allow importation of articles covered by such patents for a limited time.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the said Thomas A. Edison.
Dated Hamilton, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the period limited for the completion of the works of the Canada Southern Bridge Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company. 28-9

NOTICE is given that the "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to the eighth and thirteenth sections of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 58, intituled "An Act to increase and extend the powers of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.
Montreal, 29th December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act incorporating "The International Construction Company," with power to said company to enter into contracts for the construction, equipment or operating of railway and telegraph lines, canals, bridges, steamboats and barges within the Dominion of Canada, and for acquiring, holding, selling and leasing of real estate, within said Dominion.

THOMAS WELLS,
Solicitor for applicants.
Winnipeg, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company; to make provision for the issue of a certain amount of paid-up stock, as paid-up shares of stock, in said company; to increase the amount of bonds, or debentures, which may be issued by said company; to authorize said company to construct a bridge over the Ottawa river, at some point between the village of Aylmer and the city of Ottawa; to fix a day

for the annual general meeting of the shareholders of said company; and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 22nd December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, by "The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada," for an Act to amend the Acts incorporating and relating to the said company by authorizing the said company to carry on the business of inland and ocean marine insurance, and to otherwise extend the business of the company; to authorize the directors to levy assessments on the shareholders whenever the stock is impaired, or to readjust or write off any part of the paid-up capital; to extend the class or nature of securities in which the company may invest its funds; to authorize the company to take over the business of or to amalgamate with any other company, and otherwise to extend the powers of the company and to amend the said Acts.

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.

Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the British America Assurance Company, will apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, to pass an Act amending their charter, and the several Acts affecting the same, by changing the time for the holding of the annual meeting of the said company, and the election of the directors thereof, from the first Monday of August to the second Thursday in the month of February in each year; and to close the financial year of the company, for the annual statement, to be submitted to the proprietors of the said company at the said meeting, on the 3rd day of December in each year, and to consolidate all Acts affecting the said company as so amended.

C. GAMBLE,
Solicitor for B.A.A. Co.

British America Assurance Co. Buildings,
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 22-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the "Commercial Travellers Association of Canada," to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to give effect to the By-Laws of the Association; and to declare the "Accident" and "Mortuary" benefits provided by such By-Laws to be exempt from liability to the creditors of any member of the Association; and also providing for the deposit with the Dominion Government of the "Permanent Reserve Fund" of the Association for the purpose of securing the said benefits and upon terms as similar as may be to those provided for deposits with the Government under the General Insurance Acts; and to otherwise amend and extend the Acts relating to the said Association.

H. SYMONS,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated the third day of January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to revive the Statute 43 Vic. chap. 56, incorporating the "South Saskatchewan Valley Railway Company" and to amend the same by extending the time for commencing the said railway, and for other purposes.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solicitor for the applicants.

29th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the shareholders of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, under the name of the "Canada Mutual Telegraph Company," and to confer upon the said company all such powers and privileges as are now enjoyed or possessed by any other telegraph company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the letters patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 30th November, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, working and operating a line of railway from the east end of Lake Athabasca in the North West Territories, to some point on the Hudson Bay at or near Fort Churchill, with power to build bridges and to build, own and run tramways, steamers and boats on the Peace and Athabasca Rivers and their tributaries and other navigable waters connected with the line.

KENNEDY & SUTHERLAND,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Winnipeg, 20th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Brant Loan and Savings Society under the name of "The Brant Loan and Savings Company," and empowering said company to issue stock and debentures, invest moneys on real estate, bank stock, debentures and other securities, and to purchase, hold, improve and dispose of lands, and otherwise to exercise the powers usually conferred on Loan Companies.

WILSON, SMYTH & MUIRHEAD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Brantford, 27th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The American Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

C. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for the applicants

25th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the Montreal Board of Trade, to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to permit the fusion and amalgamation of the said Board with other commercial corporate bodies in that City.

Montreal, 23rd December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, by the C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company, for an Act of incorporation changing its name, and granting it extended powers and privileges.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, and the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 38, and to make more clear the provisions of the said last named Act; to provide also for supplying the place of any one or more of the joint assignees who may die, remove or from any cause become incapacitated from acting; also to define the powers of the joint assignees as respects the collecting, making or giving notices of calls, bringing of suits for assessments on stocks and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the "St. Lawrence Bridge and Manufacturing Company" for the purpose of constructing a bridge over the St. Lawrence river, opposite the City of Montreal, by way of St. Helen's Island, and for enlarging and improving in connection therewith the Harbor of Montreal; the whole in general conformity with the scheme known as the "Shearer scheme," proposed by Mr. James Shearer, and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company to be a work for the general advantage of Canada, and also to amend the several Acts relating to the said company, and for further power for the issue of bonds and debenture stock, and to re-arrange and increase their bonded debt, and for the repeal of section twelve of the Act forty-three Victoria, chapter sixty-six (Ontario), providing for the appointment of a Commissioner for the purpose therein mentioned, and also to repeal the seventeenth section of the said Act providing for the election of a director by certain municipalities therein mentioned, and for other purposes; and also to repeal the last proviso in the fourteenth section of the Act forty-four Victoria, chapter seventy-four (Ontario), and also to give the said company power to arrange with other railway companies for station accommodation and to join with other companies in the erection of a joint station, and also the right to make running arrangements with other railways; also to purchase, charter and work steamboats and other vessels; and also to authorize the said company to amalgamate with or lease their line to the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, and for other purposes.

MARTIN & ELLIOT,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Hamilton, the 28th day of December, 1881. 27 9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act extending the period of twelve months limited by the fifth section of the Act authorizing the establishment of Superannuation Provident and Insurance Funds by the company; also to authorize the company to purchase or lease railways which touch or intersect its own line or to amalgamate with the companies owning such railways, also to declare and define the company's powers in that respect, and to authorize the acquisition of station grounds and premises and access thereto for the company's purposes.

SAMUEL BARKER,
Solicitor G.W. Ry. Co.
Dated at Hamilton, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

TAKE Notice that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Niagara River Bridge Company.

The applicants purpose erecting a bridge (without a drawbridge) for railway purposes from some point in the Dominion of Canada on the left bank of the Niagara River to some point in the United States of America between the Falls of Niagara and the mountain ridge above Lewiston.

The applicants purpose charging or levying a toll of not more than five dollars per car for each car passing over said bridge.

FOSTER, CLARKE & BOWES,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the General Land Company of Canada, for the purposes of purchasing and colonizing lands in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

ROYAL & PRUDHOMME,
Solicitors for applicants.
Winnipeg, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the Saskatchewan and Qu'Appelle Navigation Company, for the purposes of dredging and navigating the Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle and Assiniboine Rivers.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 14th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Tecumseh Insurance Company of Canada," for the purpose of carrying on the business of fire and inland marine and live stock insurance.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, will apply at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an amendment to their Act of incorporation to authorize them to adopt the provisions relating to Mutual Insurance Companies in the Province of Ontario, and also to issue policies covering losses from wind storms and tornadoes.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that a Bill will be introduced at the next session of the Dominion Parliament to ratify and confirm the resolutions of the "North Shore Railway Company" of the eleventh day of August, and of the second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, having for their object to transfer to the Province of Quebec all the interest of the said company in the railway then in course of construction between the cities of Quebec and Montreal, and the rights belonging thereto; and also to ratify and confirm the deed of cession and transfer passed by the "Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway Company," the sixteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, before Mtre Louis N. Dumuchel, Notary, to the Government of the Province of Quebec, of all the interest of the said Com-

pany in its railway then in course of construction between Montreal and Aylmer, with a branch to St. Jérôme, and the rights belonging thereto.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. of Railways.

Dated Quebec, 20th Dec., 1881. 26-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company to be called the "Ontario Pacific Railroad" Company, for the purpose of constructing, equipping and operating a line of railway from Cornwall by Ottawa, touching at or near Arnprior, Eganville, lake Nipissing to Sault Ste. Marie, and branches, with power to bridge the St. Lawrence and St. Mary's Rivers at or near both termini.

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Ottawa, 19th December, 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the "Anchor Insurance Company" by enabling it to transact the business of Fire Insurance, to reduce its capital and for other purposes.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY,
Solicitors for applicant.

Toronto, 22nd Dec., 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to empower "The New York and Ontario Furnace Company," a corporation organized under the Laws of the State of New Jersey, to acquire and hold real and personal estate in the Dominion of Canada and to carry on in the Dominion of Canada the business of mining, smelting, and manufacture of iron and steel, and to incorporate the shareholders thereof into a corporation under and by the authority of the Parliament of Canada for the above purposes.

GEORGE D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Belleville, 22nd December, A.D. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from or near Montreal to a point on the southern boundary of the township of Dundee, in the county of Huntingdon, there to connect with a railway in the State of New York, and to build a branch to connect with the Canada Atlantic Railway at some point in the county of Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
for Applicants.

Huntingdon, Que., Dec. 10, 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for a charter to incorporate "The Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company," and to empower said company to enter upon lands, to locate, construct and carry on a railway for transporting vessels, with or without cargo, from Chignecto Bay to Baie Verte; and to locate, construct and maintain a Passenger and Freight Railway in combination therewith from Amherst to Cape Jouriman; and to invest the said company with all usual and requisite powers for the above purposes.

H. G. C. KETCHUM,
Promoter and Engineer.

Fredericton, Nov. 22, 1881. 25-9

ENGLISH AND COLONIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating this company so as to authorize the said company to organize and commence business on the subscription and payment on account of capital of less amounts than are mentioned in the said Act, and for other purposes.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the Niagara Grand Island Bridge.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Edison Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated Hamilton, Ont., 15th Dec. 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the time limited by the several Acts respecting the Canada Southern Railway Company or the Erie and Niagara Railway Company, for commencing and completing the original lines of the said companies or any branch lines authorized by the said Acts or any of them.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

25-10

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Richelieu Bridge Company, with power to build, work, maintain and manage a toll bridge for ordinary traffic purposes across the Richelieu River from the Parishes of St. Thomas in the county of Missisquoi to Lacolle or St. Valentine in the county of St. John. The said bridge to be constructed with a draw leaving a passage when open of forty feet, or the width of that of the Vermont Junction Railway Bridge over same river at St. John's, Que. The bridge over navigable portions of said river to have abutments or piers one hundred and fifty feet apart, and arches five feet or more above high water mark, and over unnavigable portions to be built of piles if desired. Arches of bridge to be of such height above high water, the intervals between the abutments or piers, width of draw to be such as may be approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council. And with power to collect tolls for any passage over said bridge at rates not to exceed the following: Foot passengers, each way, five cents; loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs, and spring colts following the mare, each way, ten cents; sheep and pigs, per head, five cents; cart, carriage, buggy, waggon, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, each way, twenty-five cents; carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter, or other vehicle drawn by two animals, each way, thirty-five cents. The above rates include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Clarenceville, Que., Dec. 10, 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Ottawa and Arnprior Junction railway Company" for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from Quyon or some adjacent point in the Township of Onslow, in the County of Pontiac, Province of Quebec, to the Village of Arnprior, in the Province of Ontario, crossing the Ottawa River by way of the Chats Falls or Rapids; with power also to construct the necessary bridge or bridges over said river for the purposes of said railway at or near said Chats Falls or Rapids; also with power to extend said railway from Arnprior, crossing the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Arnprior to some point in the Township of Bagot, in the County of Renfrew, on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, and if necessary also to cross the Kingston and Pembroke Railway at said point; also with power to build branch lines, to sell or lease said railway, to amalgamate with any other Railway Company, to lease or buy any other railway, and to connect with and obtain running powers over other railways, and to construct along said railway and branches a Telegraph line.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Dated, December 15th 1881.

25-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, to Smith's Falls, and thence to the Town of Perth, in the County of Lanark, and Province of Ontario, to be called "The Montreal and Central Canada Railway Company," with power to construct a bridge or bridges across the Rideau River, the Rideau Canal, the Ottawa River and the St. Anne's Canal, with power to amalgamate with, connect with, and obtain running powers over any line or lines of railway and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada, and with power to build and run tramways, steam ferries, steamboats, vessels and barges, in connection with the said line of railway and bridges.

SCOTT, MAC TAVISH & MAC CRAKEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, Dec., A.D. 1881.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Ontario Investment Association," and authorizing said Association to lend money on the security of Real Estate in Manitoba, or any other of the Provinces of the Dominion, and permitting the said Association to charge such interest on the loans effected as may be agreed upon with the borrowers, and also enlarging the borrowing powers of the said Association and enabling it to receive money on deposit.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 14th December, 1881.

25-10

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to reduce the capital stock of the Ontario Bank.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank,
Toronto, 7th December, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the Souris and Rocky Mountain Railway Company, for purpose of enabling the said company to construct its line and branches north of Fifty-first degree of North Latitude.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 1st December, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, by "The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company" for an Act changing the name of the company to the "Dominion Life Insurance Company," or such other name as the Directors may approve of, and to amend the seventh, eighth and eleventh sections of the Act incorporating the said company, and for other amendments to the said Act

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from a point on the North Branch of the Saskatchewan River, between Fort à La Corne and Carleton, running north-westerly to the Peace River, to be called "The Saskatchewan and Peace River Railway," with power to build and run branches to any navigable waters to the north of said main line and south to the North Branch of the Saskatchewan River.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for the applicants.

6th December, 1881.

24-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given by The Ottawa, Vaudreuil and Montreal Railway Company that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act further to extend the time limited for the construction of that portion of the line of the said Railway Company lying between West Hawkesbury and the City of Ottawa, and further to confirm the powers conferred upon said company.

PINHEY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for the company.

Dated 6th December, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act incorporating the Pilots commissioned for the service of Pilotage between Quebec and Montreal, under the name of "The Corporation of Pilots of Montreal."

BELLEAU & STAFFORD,
Attorneys.

Quebec, 26th October, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to authorize the said company to purchase, lease, or amalgamate with any line of railway, whose line touches or intersects any part of their line, also

to declare and define the powers of the said company in that respect, and further for power under the provisions of the Railway Act, to acquire station grounds and tracks leading thereto which in their judgment may be necessary for their purposes.

JOHN BELL,

Solicitor of the G. T. R. Co. of Canada.

Dated at Montreal, this 2nd day of Nov., 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Saskatchewan, with power to acquire and hold real estate and invest the moneys of said Synod in such part of the Dominion of Canada and on such securities as may, by the said Synod, be deemed proper from time to time.

BLAKE, KERR & CASSELS,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 5th December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a resolution of the shareholders of the Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company, passed at a special general meeting of the shareholders of the said company, duly called and held at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, on the 22nd day of November, 1881, application will be made by said company to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for a special Act to authorize the said company to wind up and liquidate its affairs.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
President.

JOHN HENDERSON,
Vice President.

ALEXANDER GIBB,
Solicitor for applicants.

JOHN PENNOCK,
Secretary.
Ottawa, 7th December 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to authorize the "Mutual Life Association of Canada" to change the name of the association. Also to empower the said association to issue policies on the principle of non-participation of profits, and for other purposes.

MACKELCAN, GIBSON & BELL,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, 24th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the "Nova Scotia Railway Company, Limited," with full powers to acquire, wholly or in part, by purchase or otherwise, the existing lines of railway (excepting the Interoceanic Railway) whether finished or not, in Nova Scotia, or any one or more of them, and the appurtenances.

2. The construction, completion, repair and equipment of existing partially completed lines of railway in Nova Scotia.

3. The construction of a line of railway in the Island of Cape Breton, and lines connecting with the Government Railway in the County of Pictou and County of Halifax.

4. The establishment, maintenance and operation of ferries and steamboat service between Nova Scotia proper and the Island of Cape Breton, between Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia, between New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and between Nova Scotia and the United States of America.

5. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, coaches and conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with said railways hereinbefore mentioned, and the working and operating of the same for hire.

6. The maintenance and operation of all the lines of railway hereinbefore mentioned, whether now constructed or hereafter to be constructed.

THOMPSON & GRAHAM,

Solicitors for applicants.

Halifax, N.S., 24th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE.—The Napierville Junction Railway and Quarry Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament for the following amendments to their charter:

Change of appellation.

Locate its Eastern Terminus at St. John, Q.

Extension south-westerly parallel with the Province Line, and to the River St. Lawrence.

23-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Quebec Timber Company (Limited)."

E. T. BROOKS,
Solicitor for applicants.

November 26, 1881. 23-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Rainy River Improvement Company."

The objects of the proposed company will be to construct booms, dams, slides, piers and works in the rivers, lakes, streams and creeks hereinafter mentioned and on the banks thereof for the purpose of transmission of saw logs, square timber, flatted timber and all descriptions of timber down the whole course of the river flowing westward from Hunter's Island through Rainy Lake, down the course of Rainy River to the Lake of the Woods and the streams, rivers and creeks flowing into the said river, Rainy Lake and Rainy River, in the Province of Manitoba, and Ontario, or in the District of Keewatin; and with all the powers and privileges similar to the provisions in an Act of the Consolidated Statutes of the late Province of Canada intituled "An Act respecting Joint Stock Companies to construct works to facilitate the transmission of timber down rivers and streams," and amendments thereto; and also with full power and privilege to unite and amalgamate with any company formed for a similar purpose by the laws of the State of Minnesota.

PINHEY & CHRISTIE,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 28th November, 1881. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate "The Manitoba and Saskatchewan Transportation Com

pany," for the purpose of building and operating a line of railway from some point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, between Winnipeg and Portage La Prairie to a point on Lake Manitoba, and of constructing and running vessels in connection therewith on Lakes Manitoba and Winnipegosis and the Saskatchewan River, and improving the navigation of the said lakes and rivers; with power to build railways or canals connecting said lakes and river, and to levy tolls on said earals.

C. E. HAMILTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Winnipeg, 21st November, 1881.

23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate, "The Winnipeg and Springfield Bridge Company" with power to build, work, maintain and manage a toll bridge for ordinary traffic purposes across the Red River at some point between the northerly limits of the City of Winnipeg and the Louise Bridge in the County of Selkirk and Province of Manitoba, the said bridge to be constructed with a draw leaving a passage when open of forty feet or more, and with arches twenty-five and one half feet above low water, and with intervals of two hundred feet or more between the abutments of piers. And with power to collect tolls for any passage over the said bridge at rates not exceeding the following:—

Foot passengers, each way, two cents.

Rider with horse or mule, each way, ten cents.

Loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs and spring colts following the mare, each way, five cents.

Sheep and pigs, per head, each way, two cents.

Cart, carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, each way, twelve cents and a half.

Carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by two or more animals, each way, twenty cents.

The above rates include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

W. H. CULVER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Winnipeg, 21st November 1881.

23-9

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the undermentioned persons a body corporate and politic under the name of "The North West Cattle Company, Limited," for the purpose of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock raising at or in the Bow River Country in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a head office in the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec.

The capital stock of the company to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the said applicants are as follows: Sir Hugh Allan, Knight, Andrew Allan, Gentleman, Thomas D. Milburne, Gentleman, Charles Stimson, merchant, all of Montreal aforesaid, and Frederick Smith Stimson, of Compton, in the Province of Quebec, farmer.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882.

30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by the Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, of the City of Toronto; James Beaty, the younger, of the same place, barrister at law; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterboro, in the Province of Ontario, railway manager; Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, merchant, and Frederick Charles Denison, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The British Canadian Colonization Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars.

5. To be divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, James Beaty the younger, George A. Cox, Frederick Charles Denison and Robert Jaffray, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th Jan., 1882.

29-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described, will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters patent under the great seal granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Medical Specialities Manufacturing Company."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are the manufacturing and selling of drugs, medicines and medical specialities of all kinds and descriptions, throughout the Dominion of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is (\$3,000) eight thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be eighty, and the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows, namely:—

The Honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, of the City of Montreal, Queen's Counsel; Thomas Craig Fields, Gentleman, and George Simpson, merchant, both of the Parish of St. Andrews, in the said Province of Quebec; James Muir, of the said City of Montreal, real estate agent, and George Bury, of the City of Montreal, accountant; the three first named of whom, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Simeon Jones, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, banker; Howard Douglas Troop, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; The Hon. Isaac Burpee, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Member of the Parliament of Canada; Jeremiah Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; William Frederick Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; John Stewart, of the said City of St. John, merchant; James Vaughan, of the City of Liverpool, in England, G.B., merchant; George McLeod, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Thomas Furlong, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Henry Roycroft Ranney, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, insurance agent; the Honorable Abner Reid McClelan, of Hopewell, Albert County, in the Province of New Brunswick, senator,—for letters patent to constitute them and others who may become shareholders hereafter, a body corporate under the name of "New Brunswick Steam Ship Company, limited."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: to purchase, construct, acquire, charter, hire, sell, lease, repair and operate steamboats, sailing vessels and other vessels of all kinds and to carry on therewith the business of common carriers, forwarders, traders and the conveyance of mails, the transportation of passengers, merchandise and all such business as is usually carried on by Ocean steamers and sailing vessels, between Canada, Great Britain and other countries; also tugs, barges and all other kinds of vessels used in harbour and navigable waters.

To purchase, construct, acquire, hire, lease, and own wharves, warehouses and other buildings; slips, piers, docks, dockyards, tramways, elevators and work the same; to establish shops and stores and vend articles of ship stores and merchandise therein as may be requisite and necessary for the carrying on of said business, with power to sell and dispose of or exchange for other property when not required for the purposes of said Company, also power to make, draw, accept and endorse promissory notes, bills of exchange, drafts or bank cheques requisite in the company's interest, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainments of the above objects.

The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the City of St. John, Province of New Brunswick, and at such other places in the several Provinces of the Dominion as the directors may from time to time determine; and its chief place of business will be in the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100.00 each. The said Isaac Burpee, Jeremiah Harrison, Simeon Jones, Thomas Furlong, Howard D. Troop, John Stewart, George McLeod, Hon. Abner Reid McClelan, and James Vaughan of Liverpool, a major part of whom are residents in Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

St. John, N.B., 10th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey any real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 7th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, by Louis Bredannaz, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, carriage-maker, Edmond Armant, of the same place, chemist, Frederick Aiken Howland, of Lambton Mills, in the Province of Ontario, miller; Allen John Stephens, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, manufacturer; Oliver Aiken Howland, of the same place, barrister, and Samuel Trees, of the said City of Toronto, merchant, for letters patent incorporating the "Toronto Patent Wheel and Waggon Company, (Limited)" for the purpose of manufacturing, selling, and dealing in all kinds of vehicles and acquiring and working patents relating thereto.

Chief place of business, at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario. Capital, \$25,000, divided into 250 shares of \$100 each.

Provisional Directors, the above named Louis Bredannaz, Edmond Armant, Frederick Aiken Howland, Allen John Stephens and Samuel Trees.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,
Solicitors for applicants.

December 28th, 1881.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act,

for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ottawa and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$200,000, in 2,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Francis Clemow, of the City of Ottawa, coal merchant; Charles T. Bate, of Ottawa, President of the Ottawa Gas Company; Charles Magee, of Ottawa, Real Estate Agent; Robert Blackburn, of New Edinburgh, in the County of Carleton, merchant; the Honorable Richard W. Scott, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Henry N. Bate, of Ottawa, merchant; Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Edward Anderson C. Pew, of the Town of Welland, Province of Ontario, Esquire, Alexander Fraser, of Westmeath, in the County of Renfrew, lumber merchant, and James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the Province of Quebec, President of the Bank of Ottawa.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional Directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, the 4th day of January, 1882. 28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, by Redmond Brough, civil engineer; Henry O'Brien, barrister; Thomas Dill, mechanical engineer; William A. Browne, civil engineer; and Robert Roddy, clerk of the Corporation of Toronto, all of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, for Letters Patent incorporating the Canadian Patent Rail, Joint and Supply Company for the purpose of acquiring and working patents for improvements in railway rails, plant and supply and for the construction and manufacture of such rails plant and supplies, with its chief place of business at Toronto in the Province of Ontario, with a capital stock of \$20,000 divided into 1,000 shares of \$20 each. Of the above applicants the following are provisional directors of the company: Redmond Brough, Henry O'Brien and Thomas Dill.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,

28-6 Solicitors for applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent, under the provisions of

"The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Mark Cohen, of the City of Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, merchant, Samuel Davis, merchant, Alexander Saunders, merchant, Lewis Saunders, merchant, Moise Schwob, merchant, Asher Ansell, merchant, John Moss, merchant, Ilyam D. Moss, merchant; Bendix A. Boas, merchant, of the city of Montreal, Quebec, Mark Samuels, merchant, Alfred David Benjamin, merchant, Emanuel Samuels, merchant, of the city of Toronto, Ontario, and Edmund Scheuer of the city of Hamilton, Ontario, merchant; to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The International Colonization Company, of Canada, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve, and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada; to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting, on any terms or system that may be considered advisable; to stock the same lands, and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce; to work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral produce of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company, and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money, or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal estate for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars, in one hundred thousand shares of ten dollars each.

5. The above mentioned applicants, who are all subjects of Her Majesty are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

Montreal, 5th January, 1882.

28-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of a company in and by the name "The Temperance Colonization Society."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) With power to contract with the purchasers and settlers of the lands that intoxicating liquor or alcoholic beverages shall not be manufactured or sold in the settlement.

- (c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.
- (d) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.
- (e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.
- (f) To aid either by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.
- (g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.
- (h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.
3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.
4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$2,000,000.
5. There are to be 20,000, (twenty thousand) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$400.00.
6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants: that is to say, the following residing in the City of Toronto, George Maclean Rose, publisher; William Pemberton Page, editor of the *Canadian Farmer*; Arthur Farley, merchant; John N. Lake, land agent; Joseph Alpheus Livingston, manufacturer and importer; William Gooderham, President of the Toronto and Nipissing Railway; David Millar, merchant; Henry O'Hara, Insurance Agent; Daniel Rose, publisher; Joseph B. King, Grand Secretary Independent Order of Oddfellows; R. S. Hudson, inspector; J. Herbert Bartlett, Manager Toronto Bridge Company; Joseph Wild, Doctor of Divinity; J. Watson Hughes, commission merchant; John Potts, Doctor of Divinity; William J. Hunter, Doctor of Divinity, George B. Sparling, Professor Upper Canada College; W. K. Dickson, commission merchant; Samuel White, capitalist; F. Marriott, accountant; Arthur Worth, accountant; Joseph Lucas, Assistant Inspector Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company; W. Lowrey, accountant; N. Willcocks, accountant; R. K. Robb, accountant; G. H. Hall, accountant; Charles Marriott, commercial traveller; W. R. Smallpiece, commercial traveller; C. T. Leonard, attorney at law; J. R. Davis, accountant; J. D. Moulton, commercial agent; B. H. Vidal, Barrister; A. J. Williams, attorney at law; William Reford, commission merchant; W. B. Close, real estate agent; D. W. Clendenan, barrister; William Baillie, merchant; Ghent Davis, Gentleman, David Henderson Gentleman; J. R. Adamson, Gentleman; S. G. Chamberlain, Gentleman; W. N. Harris, merchant; H. B. Hunt, merchant; Curran Morison, barrister; George Patterson, merchant; Fred Winstanley, Gentleman; Wesley A. Law, proprietor commercial agency; J. B. Nixon, commission merchant; H. B. Blachford, merchant; W. H. H. Mussen, gentleman; Frederick Weir Harcourt, solicitor, F. S. Smith, gentleman; C. E. Blachford, merchant John C. Forbes, artist; J. J. Loukin, merchant; Thomas H. Gilmour, gentleman; D. W. Alexander, merchant; John C. Hurst, insurance agent; E. A. Childs, merchant; Robert Houghton, gentleman; Berry Moore, merchant; Thomas McCracken, lumber merchant; George W. Torrance, merchant; Henry E. Caston, barrister; David S. Keith, merchant; Thomas T. Rolph, barrister, and William Oldright, physician and

surgeon; the following residing in the City of Hamilton: J. C. White, merchant; William Clark, farmer; Lawrence C. Lee, farmer, and Thomas Griffith, clergyman, and S. W. Hill, of Ridgeville, farmer; A. Gifford, of Meaford, farmer; William Blair, M.P.P., of Truro, Nova Scotia; Ambrose Willcox of Springfield, merchant; J. G. Robinson, of Belleville, President of the Hastings Loan Company and Treasurer of Albert College; W. H. Moss, of Granton, clergyman; James McLean, of Mount Pleasant, mill owner; Thomas Keyes, of St. Catharines, farmer; the Hon. David Reesor, of Yorkville, senator; George Douglas, of Montreal, Doctor of Divinity; E. A. Telfer, of London, England, clergyman; James A. Hall, of Peterboro, Sheriff; G. W. Grant, of Granton, gentleman; M. W. Minthorne, of Stratford, commercial traveller; J. A. Musgrove, broker, and W. H. Musgrove, and J. T. Musgrove, clergymen, all of Philadelphia, in the United States of America; W. H. Hornby, of Brampton, farmer; W. C. Hamilton, of Goderich, merchant; George Cox, of London, Ontario, gentleman; George Jackson, of Downsview, land owner; N. B. Colcock, of Welland, merchant; M. S. Smith, farmer, and John McIntyre, both of Tilsonburg; David D. Hay, of Listowell, Division Court Clerk; J. M. Bond, of Guelph, merchant; Charles Turner, of Davenport, clergyman; H. H. Bridgland, of Downsview aforesaid, land owner; Robert Barber, of Streetsville, merchant; W. H. Storey, of Acton, merchant; John R. Barber, of Georgetown, merchant; Thomas Webster, of Brantford, Grand Scribe Sons of Temperance; James Daly, of Brampton, farmer, and Isaac Simpson, of Kingston, private banker; Of whom the said George Maclean Rose, William Pemberton Page, Arthur Farley, John N. Lake, and Joseph Alpheus Livingston are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company.

McCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB, & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for applicants,

Dated at Toronto, this 4th day of January, 1882.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Robert Irving Walker, of the City of Toronto, merchant; Reverend William Bee, of the same place, Methodist Minister; Robert Walker, of the same place, merchant; Reverend Thomas Griffith, of the Town of Brampton, Methodist Minister; Robert John Fleming, of the City of Toronto, merchant,—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Primitive Methodist Colonization Company," (Limited.)

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges; the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada,

and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one hundred thousand dollars.

5. To be divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Robert Irving Walker, William Bee, Robert Walker, Thomas Griffith and Robert John Fleming are to be first or provisional Directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th December, 1881. 27 6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, by Frederick Ardlie Fitzgerald, of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, oil refiner; John Walker, of the same place, manufacturer; Thomas Allen Stevens, of the same place, manufacturer; Joseph Seymour Fallows, of the same place, oil refiner; William Pearce Turner, of the same place, manufacturer; Frank Beemer Scove, of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, one of the United States of America, mechanical engineer; James Burns, of the said City of London, manufacturer, and Thomas H. Tracy, of the said City of London, civil engineer, for letters patent under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," constituting the applicants and such others as may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ball Electric Light Company, (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to manufacture and deal in electrical machines and appliances of all kinds; to purchase or sell patents of invention for electrical inventions of any kinds and licenses for using the same; to erect and construct lines of wire and other appliances for and to supply electric light or power, and generally to supply electricity or electrical appliances for all purposes for which they are applicable.

3. The chief place of business of the company shall be in the City of London, Ontario, but other places of business may be established from time to time throughout Canada as the company may require.

4. The intended amount of capital of the said company shall be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is five thousand and the amount of each share is one hundred dollars.

6. The applicants shall be the first directors of the company.

W. W. FITZGERALD,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at London, Ont., 10th October, 1881. 27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for Letters Patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Canadian Manufacturer Publishing Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the printing and publishing of newspapers, books, pamphlets, periodicals, and information for the promotion of manufacturing and commercial industries in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the Company will be Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock in the first instance will be \$5,000.

5. The number of shares will be fifty, and the value of each share, \$100.

The names in full and the addresses and callings of the applicants, are respectively as follows: Frederick Nicholls, Toronto, journalist; Thomas Cowan, Galt, manufacturer; Thomas D. Wardlaw, Galt, manufacturer; James S. Wardlaw, Galt, manufacturer; Henry Bickford, Dundas, manufacturer; James Young, Hamilton, manufacturer; Hamilton Young, manufacturer; Samuel J. Leonard, Dundas, manufacturer.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional Directors.

F. M. McDOUGALL,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa this 28th of December, A.D., 1881. 27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month from the last publication of this notice, application will be made by the persons hereinafter named, to the Governor in Council, at Ottawa, for a charter under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic.

The proposed name of the company is "The Toronto, Manitoba, and North West Land Company, Limited."

The company seek incorporation for the purpose of issuing stock, purchasing, holding, improving and leasing or selling lands, freehold and leasehold.

The chief place of business of the company will be at the City of Toronto.

The amount of capital stock will be one hundred thousand dollars in two thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

The applicants are Alexander Manning, Esquire, Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, Esquire, Abraham William Lauder, Esquire, William Scott, contractor, John Small, Gentleman, George Burrowes Gordon, Esquire, Horace Thorne, Esquire, William James Baines, broker, Andrew Heron, Gentleman, William Henry Knowlton, merchant, and Thomas Davies, brewer, all of the City of Toronto.

The said Alexander Manning, Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, John Small, William Henry Knowlton, Horace Thorne and Thomas Davies are to be the provisional directors of said company.

McDOUGALLS & GORDON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Toronto, 20th December, 1881. 26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned, and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic, by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Eureka Woollen Mill Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are the manufacture of woollen cloths of all descriptions, and the owning or hiring of buildings necessary therefor.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be Lower Hopewell, in the County of Pictou, and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is thirty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be three thousand and the value of each share ten dollars.

The names in full and the addresses of and callings of each of the applicants are:

James McKay, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; James W. Grant, Hopewell, Pictou County, miller; Isaac McNaughton, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; John Ross, New Glasgow, Pictou County, farmer;

Henry S. Pool, Stellarton, Pictou County, coal mine manager; Henry B. Kendrick, Riverton, Pictou County, manufacturer; Robert A. Walker, New Glasgow, Pictou County, merchant; Isaac A. Grant, Pictou, Pictou County, merchant; Robert P. Fraser, Pictou, Pictou County, druggist; Joseph McNaughton, Riverton, Pictou County, farmer; Duncan C. Fraser, New Glasgow, Pictou County, barrister. The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 17th day of December
A.D. 1881. 26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council, under the provisions of 40 Vic., chap. 43, by William Van Duzer Lawrence, merchant, Ebenezer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, cashier, all of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and John Wyeth, merchant, and Frank H. Wyeth, merchant, both of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, one of the United States of America, for letters patent to incorporate them and such others as may become shareholders in the said company, as a body politic and corporate under the name of "Apothecaries Hall Co." (Limited) of Montreal.

The object for which incorporation is sought is the manufacturing, buying and selling drugs, chemicals, toilet articles, proprietary medicines, etc., within the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

The principal place of business of said company shall be in the City of Montreal.

The capital stock of the said company shall be one hundred thousand dollars, divided into one hundred shares each one thousand dollars.

The provisional directors of said company shall be the said William Van Duzer Lawrence, John Wyeth and John Stephen Bates.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Attorneys for applicants.

Montreal, 19th December, 1881. 26-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent incorporating the undermentioned applicants and those who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is the "Canada Jute Company, (Limited)."

2. The purpose for which incorporation is sought is, the making, manufacturing and selling of bags, and the importing, buying and selling of all materials required in the making and manufacturing thereof.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five hundred; the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, are as follows:

The Honorable John Hamilton, Senator, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Alexander Murray, merchant, John McDougall, manufacturer, Joshua Collins, merchant,—all of the said city of Montreal; who are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

Dated at Montreal, this twentieth day of December, 1881.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Attorneys for solicitors.

27-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE LONDON MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

THE annual general meeting of the members of this company will be held at their Offices, Richmond Street, in the City of London, on Wednesday 15th February 1882, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, when a statement of the affairs of the company will be presented and directors elected in place of those retiring, but who are eligible for re-election.

D. C. MACDONALD,
Manager.

London, Ont., 20th January 1882. 31-2

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the shareholders of the Winnipeg and Hudson's Bay Railway and Steamship Company will be held at No. 10, York Street, Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th day of February, 1882, at 3 p.m., for the purpose of electing seven directors in accordance with 43, Vict. chap. 59, sec. 8 of this Act.

JOSEPH RIOPELLE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Ottawa, 27th January, 1882. 31-2

THE GUARANTEE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

Annual Meeting.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Guarantee Company of North America will be held at the office of the company, 260 St. James Street, Montreal, on Friday, the third day of February, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the report of the directors, the election of directors, and general purposes of the company.

The transfer books will be closed from this date until after the general meeting.

By order of the Board,
EDWARD RAWLINGS,
General Manager.

Montreal, 24th January, 1882. 31-1

THE ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

Annual Meeting.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders of the Accident Insurance Company of North America, will be held at the office of the company, 260 St. James Street, Montreal, on Friday, the third day of February, at three o'clock p.m., for the purpose of receiving the report of the directors, the election of three directors, and the general purposes of the company.

The transfer books will be closed from this date until after the general meeting.

By order of the Board,
EDWARD RAWLINGS,
General Manager.

Montreal, 24th January, 1882. 31-1

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875 AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the matter of The Mechanics' Bank, insolvent.

THE creditors of the insolvent are hereby notified to meet at the office of the undersigned, No. 22 St. John Street, in the City of Montreal, on Tuesday the 7th day of February next, at eleven o'clock, fore

noon, for the purpose of fixing the remuneration of the assignee and inspectors; and for the ordering of the affairs of the estate generally.

JAMES COURT,
Assignee.
30-2

Montreal, 19th January, 1882.

KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general annual meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held at the Company's offices in the City of Kingston, at noon on Wednesday the 8th day of February 1882.

By order,

29-4

GEO. OSBORNE,
Sec. Treas.

THE ONTARIO AND QUÉBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, will be held at the company's principal office, No. 18 King Street West, in the City of Toronto, on Tuesday the seventh day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the general business of the company.

By order,

H. W. NANTON,
Secy. Treas. *pro tem.*
29-4

Dated 9th January, 1882.

NOTICE.—Pursuant to the Statutes and By-law in that behalf, the general annual meeting of the shareholders of the Manitoba South-Western Colonization Railway Company, for the election of directors and other general purposes, will be held at the general office of the company in the City of Winnipeg, Province of Manitoba, Dominion of Canada, on Wednesday, the first day of February 1882, and will begin at eleven o'clock a. m.

By order of the Board of Directors,

J. H. HAMMOND,
Secretary.
29-3

Winnipeg, 4th January, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent on the paid-up capital stock of the Pictou Bank, for the half-year ending 31st Dec., 1881, has this day been declared and will be payable at any office of the Bank, on and after Wednesday, 1st February.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th till the 31st January inclusive.

By order of the Board,

THOMAS WATSON,
Manager.
28-4

Pictou, N. S., 3rd January, 1882.

THE annual meeting of the shareholders of the Pictou Bank for the election of Directors and other business will be held in Grant's Hall, Pictou, at 11 o'clock a. m., on Wednesday, the 25th day of January, 1882.

By order of the Board,

THOMAS WATSON,
Manager.
28-4

Pictou, 31st Dec., 1881.

ATLANTIC AND NORTH-WEST RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Atlantic and North-West Railway Company, will be held at the offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Montreal, on Wednesday, the 1st day of February, 1882, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors, transacting the business of the company whether general or special, and electing Directors for the ensuing year.

HARRY CUTT,
Secretary.
27-5

Montreal, 28th Dec., 1881.

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de nommer les messieurs suivants respectivement Conseils de la Reine, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 20 janvier 1882.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

<i>Noms.</i>	<i>Résidences.</i>
Pierre C. Duranceau,	Beauharnois.
Edmund Barnard,	Montréal.
James Oliva,	Montmagny.
Frederick William Andrews,	Québec.
Didier J. Montambault,	Québec.
Benjamin A. Globensky,	Montréal.
John Joseph Curran,	Montréal.
Melbourne M. Tait,	Montréal.
Charles Chamilly de Lorimier,	Montréal.
Louis Olivier Taillon,	Montréal.
Jules E. Larue,	Québec.
Ivan Tolkien Wotherspoon,	Montréal.
Louis Tellier,	St. Hyacinthe.
Ernest Cimon,	Chicoutimi.
Donald McMaster,	Montréal.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire la nomination suivante, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 4 janvier 1882.

MARTIN J. PHORAN, de North Sydney, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, gentilhomme; Officier dans les douanes de Sa Majesté pour prévenir la contrebande et chaloupier.

SAMUEL J. LANE, de la ville d'Owen Sound, dans la province d'Ontario, député juge de la cour de comté pour le comté de Grey, dans la dite province, s'est démis de sa charge de Député Juge.

Il a aussi plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations et les promotions pour remplir les places vacantes dans la Police à cheval du Nord-Ouest, à savoir :—

EST NOMMÉ COMMISSAIRE :

LE LIEUT.-COLONEL ACHESON GO FORD IRVINE, à compter du 1er novembre 1880, date de sa nomination temporaire, *vice* le lieutenant-colonel James Farquharson MacLeod, C.M.G., nommé Magistrat Stipendiaire.

SONT NOMMÉS SURINTENDANTS :

L'inspecteur ALBERT SHURTLIFF, *vice* le surintendant James Walker, démissionnaire, à dater du 24 janvier 1882.

L'inspecteur JOHN HENRY McILLREE, *vice* le surintendant William Winder, démissionnaire, à dater du 24 janvier 1882.

LE LIEUT.-COLONEL ALEXANDER McKENZIE, *vice* le surintendant William D. Jarvis, dont les services ne sont plus requis, à dater du 24 janvier 1882.

SONT NOMMÉS INSPECTEURS :

AYLESWORTH BOWEN PERRY, écuyer, *vice* l'inspecteur Albert Shurtliff, promu, à dater du 24 janvier 1882.

HENRY ROMEO PREVOST, écuyer, *vice* l'inspecteur John Henry McIllree, promu, à dater du 24 janvier 1882.

Le sergent de l'état-major Frank Norman, à dater du 24 janvier 1882.

EST NOMMÉ CHIRURGIEN SENIOR :

AUGUSTUS JUKES, écuyer, M.D., *vice* le chirurgien John G. Kittson, retraité, à dater du 24 janvier 1882.

Les officiers actuels de la police à cheval du Nord-Ouest sont ceux ci-après nommés, toutes autres commissions étant par les présentes annulées.

Commissaire—Acheson Gosford Irvine, nommé 1er nov. 1880.

Surintendants—James Morrow Walsh, 1er juin 1874 ; Lief N. Fitzroy Crozier, 11 sept. 1874 ; William Macaullay Herchmer, 1er août 1876 ; Albert Shurtliff, 24 janvier 1882 ; John Henry McIllree, 24 janvier 1882 ; Alexander McKenzie, 24 janvier 1882.

Surintendant et adjudant—John Cotton, 1er janvier 1881.

Chirurgien senior—Augustus Jukes, M. D., 24 janvier 1882.

Assistants-Chirurgiens—Robert Miller, M. D., 25 oct. 1875 ; George A. Kennedy, M. B., 1er oct. 1878.

Inspecteurs—John French, 30 mars 1874 ; Sévère Gagnon, 3 avril 1874 ; Edmond Fréchette, 11 sept. 1874 ; Francis Jeffrey Dickens, 4 nov. 1874 ; Arthur Henry Griesbach, 1er juin 1875 ; William D. Antobus, 1er mars 1876 ; Percy Reginald Neale, 1er juillet 1876 ; Samuel B. Steele, 31 août 1878 ; Alexander R. Macdonell, 1er sept. 1878 ; Thomas Dowling, 15 sept. 1878 ; Aylesford Bowen Perry, 24 janvier 1882 ; Henry Romeo Prevost, 24 janvier 1882 ; Frank Norman, 24 janvier 1882.

PROCLAMATIONS.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
Général.

Administrateur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.
—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que l'Assemblée de Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogée au quatrième jour de février prochain, NÉANMOINS, pour certaines causes et considérations, Nous AVONS JUGÉ À PROPOS de lē proroger de nouveau à JEUDI le NEUVIÈME jour du mois de FÉVRIER prochain, de manière que ni vous ni aucun de vous, n'êtes tenus de vous trouver en Notre Cité d'Ottawa le dit quatrième jour de février prochain ; car Nous voulons que vous et chacun de vous à cet égard soyez exonérés ; vous commandant et par ces présentes, vous enjoignant, et à chacun de vous et tous autres y intéressés, de vous trouver personnellement en Notre dite CITÉ d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le NEUVIÈME jour du mois de FÉVRIER prochain, pour l'EXPÉDITION DES AFFAIRES, et y traiter, agir et conclure sur les matières qui, par la faveur de Dieu, en Notre dit Parlement du Canada, pourront, par le Conseil Commun de Notre dite Puissance, être ordonnés

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Général Sir PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Chevalier Commandeur de l'Ordre Très-distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Administrateur du gouvernement du Canada et Commandant des Forces de Sa Majesté en icelui, etc., etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITE d'OTTAWA, ce VINGT-QUATRIÈME jour de DÉCEMBRE, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-une, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
Général,

Administrateur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU qu'en vertu des dispositions de l'Acte de l'Empé-
rance du Canada, 1878, l'avis suivant a été adressé au Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, accompagné de la pétition ci-jointe :—

“ A l'honorable Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada,—
“ MONSIEUR,—Nous, soussignés, électeurs de la Cité de Saint-Jean, dans la Province du Nouveau-Brunswick, prions de vous informer de notre intention de présenter la pétition suivante à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général, savoir :
“ A Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général du Canada en Conseil.—

" La pétition des électeurs de la Cité de Saint-Jean, de la Province du Nouveau-Brunswick, qualifiés et compétents à voter à l'élection d'un membre de la Chambre des Communes dans la dite Cité,

" Expose respectueusement,—Que vos requérants désirent que la deuxième partie de l'Acte de Tempérance du Canada, 1878, soit exécutoire et mise en vigueur dans la dite cité.

" C'est pourquoi vos requérants demandent respectueusement qu'il plaise à Votre Excellence, par un ordre du Conseil en vertu de la quatre-vingt-seizième clause du dit acte, de déclarer que la deuxième partie du dit acte soit mise en vigueur dans la dite cité. Et vos requérants ne cesseront de prier, etc."

" Et que nous désirons que les votes de tous les électeurs de la dite cité soient reçus pour ou contre l'adoption de la dite pétition."

Et attendu qu'il appert à la satisfaction du Gouverneur-Général en Conseil que cet avis est revêtu des signatures authentiques d'un quart ou plus de tous les électeurs de la dite cité de Saint-Jean; qu'il est constaté que les signatures apposées à l'avis sont des signatures authentiques au nombre de huit cent soixante-quinze, et que les autres exigences de la loi ont été observées;

Et attendu qu'un ordre du Gouverneur-Général en Conseil a été passé, ordonnant que les votes de tous les électeurs de la dite cité de Saint-Jean soient enregistrés pour ou contre l'adoption de la dite pétition,—

SACHEZ maintenant, que, par les présentes, et en vertu de l'autorité qui Nous est conférée par les dits acte et ordre en Conseil, Nous proclamons et déclarons que jeudi, le vingt-troisième jour de février prochain, un poll sera tenu dans la dite cité de Saint-Jean, pour recevoir les votes des électeurs pour et contre la dite pétition. Que ces votes seront enregistrés au scrutin secret depuis neuf heures du matin jusqu'à cinq heures de l'après-midi de ce jour-là. Que James A. Harding, écuyer, shérif du comté de Saint-Jean, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick, a été nommé officier-rapporteur dans le but de recevoir ce jour-là les votes des électeurs pour et contre la pétition, de compter ensuite les votes, et puis de faire rapport du résultat au Gouverneur-Général en Conseil. Que le dit officier-rapporteur est autorisé et requis de nommer un sous-officier-rapporteur à et pour chaque bureau de votation.

Que l'officier-rapporteur nommera les différentes personnes qui devront se tenir aux différents bureaux de votation, et qui devront faire le décompte final des votes aux noms des personnes autorisées à favoriser ou à s'opposer respectivement à l'adoption de la pétition, au bureau du dit shérif, dans la dite cité de Saint-Jean, lundi le vingtième jour de février prochain à dix heures de l'avant-midi.

Que les votes des électeurs seront comptés, et le résultat de la votation annoncé par l'officier-rapporteur au bureau du dit shérif, samedi, le vingt-cinquième jour de février prochain, à dix heures de l'avant-midi, et que, dans le cas où la pétition serait adoptée par les électeurs, le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil, pourra en tout temps, après l'expiration d'une période de soixante jours depuis la date de l'adoption de la dite pétition, par ordre en Conseil publié dans la *Gazette du Canada*, déclarer que la deuxième partie du dit acte sera en vigueur dans telle cité dès et à compter du jour où expireront les licences annuelles ou semi-annuelles alors en force dans telle cité pour la vente de liqueurs spiritueuses, pourvu que ce jour soit au moins quatre-vingt-dix jours après la date de tel ordre du Conseil, et si ce nombre est moindre, ce sera alors à compter du même jour de l'année suivante.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Général Sir PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Chevalier Commandeur de l'Ordre Très-distingué de St. Michel et St. George, Administrateur du gouvernement du Canada et Commandant des Forces de Sa Majesté en icelui etc., etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce QUATRIÈME jour de JANVIER, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

30-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mercredi, le 12^e jour de janvier 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU
GOUVERNEMENT EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le lieutenant-gouverneur de la province du Manitoba, avec le concours de l'Assemblée législative de cette province a adopté, le 25^e jour de mai 1881, l'acte ci-dessous mentionné qui a été transmis, intitulé comme suit :

" Acte pour constituer en corps politique la compagnie du chemin de fer Sud-est de Winnipeg."

Et attendu que le dit acte a été placé devant l'administrateur du gouvernement en conseil avec un rapport du ministre des chemins de fer et canaux et du ministre de la Justice recommandant que le dit acte soit désavoué,—

Il a plu en conséquence à Son Excellence l'administrateur du gouvernement, par et de l'avis de Son conseil privé, de déclarer aujourd'hui son désaveu du dit acte, et le dit acte est en conséquence désavoué.

Ce dont le lieutenant-gouverneur de la province du Manitoba et toute autre personne que les présentes concernent devront prendre avis pour agir en conséquence.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

Je, Sir Patrick Leonard MacDougall, administrateur du gouvernement du Canada, certifie par les présentes que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné adopté par la législature du Manitoba le 25^e jour de mai A.D. 1881 intitulé : "Acte pour constituer en corps politique la compagnie du chemin de fer du sud-est de Winnipeg" a été reçu par moi le 22^e jour de novembre A.D. 1881.

Donné sous mes seing et sceau ce 12^e jour de janvier 1882.

(L.S.) P. L. MACDOUGALL, général,
Administrateur,

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada en date du quatrième jour de janvier 1882, constituant en corps politique John Lunn Murphy, de la ville de Pembroke, dans la province d'Ontario, Canada, écuyer, John Ham Sills, Ephraim G. Sills et Orville Sims, tous de Frankford, dans le comté d'Hastings, dans la dite province d'Ontario, et Levi Ruggles Church, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada, l'un des Conseils de la Reine, dans le but de construire, acquérir, détenir, affréter, maintenir et naviguer sur la rivière Ottawa et ses tributaires, tous vapeurs et autres bâtiments de tout genre pour les fins de remorquage et pour le transport des grains, passagers, marchandises et fret de toute espèce entre n'importe quelle place près ou sur la rivière Ottawa et ses tributaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de remorquage de l'Ottawa Supérieur," avec un capital-actions de cent mille piastres divisé en mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada ce vingt-troisième jour de janvier 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

31-3

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 décembre dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,349,542 02
Excise	565,780 07
Département des Postes.....	106,498 20
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	182,576 51
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	14,188 61
Divers	147,695 83
	<u>\$2,366,281 24</u>
Revenu, 30 novembre 1881.....	13,801,342 84
	<u>\$16,167,624 08</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,232,920 52
do 30 novembre 1881.....	10,099,153 47
	<u>\$11,332,073 99</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 2 janvier 1882.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dt. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de décembre 1881.

Av.

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 30 nov. 1881.....	\$7,541,467 33	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$265,925 50
Dépôts durant le mois	564,932 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	1,800 70		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$7,798,501 86
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	43,772 67
			7,842,274 53
	8,108,200 03		\$ 8,108,200 03

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.

Département des Finances, Ottawa, 17 janvier 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal ; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)...	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 débentures de municipalités ; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U. et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briten" (limitée)...		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pes., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto...	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....		F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, C.-B.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B) ..	Sur la vie.
L'association contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic. ; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont. ; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000) ..	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act. de bauq. (Accept. à \$100,000) ..	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$12,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	\$21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les places.
		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Montréal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)...	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union,"	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,267 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis.....	Contre l'incendie.
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents principaux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. consolidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre.....	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents principaux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecosaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.. ..	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des États-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉS, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877" A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal..	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav.: \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemen, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique américaine du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

C. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

25 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par la Chambre de Commerce de Montréal au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte permettant la fusion de la dite Chambre de Commerce avec d'autres corps politiques dans cette cité.

Montréal, 23 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, dans le but d'obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole du Canada, et l'acte 41 Vict. chap. 38, et de rendre plus claires les clauses de l'acte en dernier lieu nommé, à l'effet également de remplacer celui ou ceux des syndics qui pourraient mourir, se retirer pour une cause quelconque, devenir incapables d'agir, à l'effet de plus de définir les pouvoirs des syndics pour ce qui a trait à la perception, aux avis de convocation à être faits ou donnés, aux poursuites à être intentées pour cotisations sur actions et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie manufacturière et du pont St. Laurent" dans le but de construire un pont sur le St. Laurent en face de la cité de Montréal par le travers de l'île Ste. Hélène, et dans le but d'élargir et d'améliorer le port de Montréal en autant que le pont y est concerné; le tout en conformité généralement du plan connu sous le nom de "Plan Shearer," proposé par M. James Shearer, et pour d'autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, par la Compagnie manufacturière C. W. Williams, pour l'obtention d'un acte d'incorporation modifiant le nom de la dite compagnie et accordant à cette dernière de plus amples pouvoirs et privilèges.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 28 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les actionnaires de la Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada sous le nom de "Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada" et pour conférer à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs et privilèges dont jouit ou que possède actuellement toute autre compagnie de télégraphe faisant affaires au Canada ou y étant constituée en corps politique, à part ceux conférés à la dite Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada par les lettres-patentes qui l'ont constituée en corps politique.

CARTER ET CARTER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 30 novembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Générale des terres du Canada, dans le but d'acheter et coloniser des terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

ROYAL ET PRUDHOMME,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Winnipeg, 29 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte pour remettre en vigueur le statut 43 Vic., chap. 56, qui constitue en corporation la compagnie du chemin de fer de la Vallée de la Saskatchewan-Sud, et pour amender cet acte en prolongeant le délai fixé pour commencer le dit chemin de fer, et pour d'autres fins.

J. STEWART TUPPER,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

29 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS.—Une demande sera faite à la session prochaine du parlement du Canada, pour un acte incorporant la compagnie de navigation des rivières Saskatchewan et Qu'Appelle, pour le projet de draguer et de naviguer les rivières Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle et Assiniboine.

MACMILLAN ET TAYLOR,

Solliciteurs des requérants.

Londres, Ont., 14 décembre 1881.

26-9

A VIS est donné par les présentes qu'il sera introduit devant le parlement de la Puissance, à sa prochaine session, une loi pour ratifier et confirmer les résolutions de "La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Rive Nord," du onzième jour d'août et deuxième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, ayant pour but de transférer à la province de Québec toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre les cités de Québec et de Montréal, et les droits s'y rattachant; et aussi pour ratifier et confirmer l'acte de cession et transport passé par la compagnie du chemin de fer de "Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental," le seizième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, devant M^{re} Louis N. Dumouchel, notaire au

gouvernement de la province de Québec, de toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre Montréal et Aylmer avec un embranchement vers St. Jérôme, et les droits, y rattachant.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,

Comm. des chemins de fer

Québec, 20 décembre 1881.

26-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada, pour la passation d'un acte incorporant la Compagnie du Pont du Richelieu, avec pouvoir de bâtir, exploiter, entretenir et administrer un pont de péage pour les besoins ordinaires du trafic sur la rivière Richelieu, reliant la paroisse de St. Thomas, comté de Missisquoi, à celle de Lacolle ou de Saint-Valentin, dans le comté de St. Jean. Ce pont sera construit de manière qu'une portion de son tablier s'ouvre et laisse un passage de quarante pieds de large pour les besoins de la navigation, ou un passage égal à celui du pont de la compagnie de chemin de fer Vermont Junction R.R. sur la même rivière, à St. Jean, P.Q. Sur la partie navigable de cette rivière, ce pont sera sur des piles éloignées de cent cinquante pieds les unes des autres et des arcades de cinq pieds ou plus au-dessus du niveau des hautes eaux; sur les parties non navigables de la rivière, les pont sera aussi sur des piles, s'il est nécessaire; les arcades du pont à telle hauteur au-dessus des hautes eaux, les intervalles entre les piles et la largeur du tablier tournant seront tels que Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil pourra décider. Avec aussi pouvoir d'exiger des taux de péage sur ce pont ne pouvant excéder les suivants: Piétons, aller et retour, cinq centins; animaux, excepté moutons, cochons, et poulains du printemps suivant leur mère, dix centins par tête; moutons et cochons, cinq centins par tête; voiture de toute espèce, simple, traînée par un seul animal, vingt-cinq centins; voiture double traînée par deux animaux, trente-cinq centins. Ces taux de péage couvrent la charge de chaque voiture, s'y trouvant *bonâ fide*.

GEORGE B. BAKER,

Solliciteur des requérants.

Clareneville, Québec, 10 décembre 1881.

25-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné, que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada, pour un acte à l'effet d'incorporer une compagnie pour construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, entre ou près de la cité de Montréal, jusqu'à un point sur le côté sud du township de Dundee, dans le comté de Huntingdon, pour s'y joindre à un chemin de fer dans l'Etat de New-York, et pour construire une branche afin de se joindre au chemin de fer Atlantique du Canada (Canada Atlantic Railway), à quelque point dans le comté de Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,

Pour les requérants.

Huntingdon, Qué., 10 décembre, 1881.

25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique Edison du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Hamilton, Ont., 15 décembre 1881.

25-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant l'Association de Placements d'Ontario et autorisant la dite association à prêter des deniers sur la garantie de biens-fonds en Manitoba, ou dans aucune des provinces de la Puissance, et permettant à la dite Association d'exiger tel taux d'intérêt sur les prêts faits qu'elle pourra convenir avec les emprunteurs ; et aussi étendant les pouvoirs d'emprunter qu'à la dite association, et lui permettant de recevoir des deniers en dépôt.

CRONYN ET GREENLEES,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté 14 décembre, 1881.

25-10

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un Acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique une compagnie dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de la cité de Montréal dans la province de Québec, à Smith's Falls, et de là à la ville de Perth, dans le comté de Lanark, province d'Ontario, devant être appelée "La Compagnie du chemin de fer Montréal et Canada Central," avec pouvoir de construire un pont ou des ponts sur la rivière Rideau, le canal Rideau, la rivière Ottawa et le canal Stc Anne, avec pouvoir de plus de s'amalgamer avec toute ligne de chemin de fer, de s'y joindre, et d'en obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur telle ligne ou telles lignes de chemin de fer et ponts, dans ou hors la Puissance du Canada, et avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter des tramways, des bateaux passeurs, navires, bâtiments et barges, en rapport avec la dite ligne de chemin de fer et les dits ponts.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, Déc. 1881.

25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada à sa prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La Compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction d'Ottawa et Arnprior" dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de Quyon ou quelque point environnant dans le township de Onslow, dans le comté de Pontiac, province de Québec, au village d'Arnprior dans la province d'Ontario, traversant la rivière Ottawa aux rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir aussi de construire le pont où les ponts nécessaires sur la dite rivière pour les fins du dit chemin de fer à ou près les dits rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir de plus de continuer le dit chemin de fer d'Arnprior en croisant le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Arnprior à quelque point dans le township de Bagot, dans le comté de Renfrew, sur le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke, et s'il est nécessaire, de traverser le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke au dit point, avec pouvoir de plus de construire des voies d'embranchement, de vendre ou louer le dit chemin de fer, de s'amalgamer à toute autre compagnie de chemin de fer, de louer ou acheter tout autre chemin de fer et de se joindre à n'importe quelle autre compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur la voie de cette dernière et de construire une voie télégraphique le long des dits chemin de fer et embranchements.

A. FERGUSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

15 décembre 1881.

25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que la Compagnie du Grand Tronc des chemins de fer du Canada s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte autorisant la dite compagnie à acheter, louer toute ligne de chemin de fer

touchant ou intéressant la sienne propre, ou à se fusionner avec elle, de plus, déclarant et définissant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie à ce sujet, et lui permettant aussi, sous l'autorité de l'acte concernant les chemins de fer, d'acquérir les terrains pour gares et les voies ferrées qui y conduisent qui, dans son opinion, peuvent être nécessaires à ses fins.

JOHN BELL,
Solliciteur pour la Compagnie du Grand
Tronc des chemins de fer du Canada.

Daté à Montréal, ce 2e jour de novembre 1881. 24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les pilotes nommés par commission pour le service du pilotage entre Québec et Montréal, sous le nom de "La corporation des pilotes de Montréal."

BELLEAU ET STAFFORD,
Procureurs.

Québec, 26 octobre 1881.

24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le Synode du diocèse de Saskatchewan, avec pouvoir d'acquérir et posséder des propriétés immobilières et d'engager les capitaux du dit Synode dans telle partie du Canada et sur telles garanties qui auront été de temps à autre jugées convenables par le dit Synode.

BLAKE, KERR ET CASSELS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

5 décembre 1881.

24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité d'une résolution des actionnaires de la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole d'Ottawa, adoptée à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, dûment convoquée et tenue dans la cité d'Ottawa, province d'Ontario, le 22e jour de novembre 1881, demande sera faite par la dite compagnie au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte spécial autorisant la dite compagnie à liquider ses affaires.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
Président.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Vice-Président.

ALEXANDER GIBB,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

JOHN PENNOCK,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 7 décembre 1881.

24-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné par la compagnie du chemin de fer Ottawa, Vaudreuil et Montréal, que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de la prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de prolonger le délai prescrit pour la construction de cette partie de la ligne de la dite compagnie comprise entre Hawkesbury-Ouest et la ville d'Ottawa, et de plus à l'effet de confirmer les pouvoirs conférés à la dite compagnie.

PINHEY ET CHRISTIE,
Solliciteurs pour la compagnie.

6 décembre, 1881.

24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada à la prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie de transport du Manitoba et de la Saskatchewan," dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer d'un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique

Entre Winnipeg et le Portage de la Prairie à un point sur le lac Manitoba, de construire et exploiter des navires se rattachant à la dite ligne sur les lacs Manitoba, Winnipegosis et la rivière Saskatchewan, d'améliorer la navigation sur les dits lacs et rivière, avec pouvoir de construire des chemins de fer et canaux, reliant tels lacs et rivière, et de percevoir des droits sur les dits canaux.

C. E. HAMILTON,
Soliciteur pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 21 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière de la Pluie."

L'objet de la compagnie projetée est de construire des estacades, chaussées, glissoires, quais et autres travaux dans les rivières, cours d'eau et ruisseaux ci-après mentionnés, et sur les rivages de ces derniers pour la descente de billes, pièces de bois carré, bois de charpente de toute description sur tout le cours de la rivière coulant à l'ouest depuis l'île Hunter, à travers le lac à la Pluie en suivant le cours de la rivière de la Pluie jusqu'au Lac des Bois et par les cours d'eau, ruisseaux et rivières se déchargeant dans les dits rivière de la Pluie et lac à la Pluie, dans les provinces de Manitoba et Ontario ou dans le district de Kéwin, avec tous pouvoirs et privilèges conformes à l'acte des Statuts Refondus de la ci-devant province du Canada, intitulé "Acte concernant les compagnies à fonds social pour faire des travaux à l'effet de faciliter la descente du bois de charpente sur les rivières et les cours d'eau," et aux amendements faits subséquemment au dit acte, avec pleins pouvoirs et privilège de s'unir et se fondre avec n'importe quelle compagnie formée dans un objet semblable sous l'autorité des lois de l'Etat du Minnesota.

PINHEY ET CHRISTIE,
Soliciteurs pour les requérants.
28 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie du pont de Winnipeg et Springfield," avec pouvoir de construire, exploiter et maintenir un pont de péage pour les fins ordinaires du trafic sur la Rivière Rouge à un certain point entre les limites nord de la cité de Winnipeg et le pont Louise, dans le comté de Selkirk, province du Manitoba, le dit pont devant être construit avec un tablier tournant donnant un passage, une fois ouvert, de quarante pieds au plus, et avec des arches de vingt-cinq pieds et demi d'élévation au-dessus du niveau de l'eau basse et avec des intervalles de deux cents pieds au plus entre les culées ou caissons; avec pouvoir de percevoir des taux de péage sur le dit pont à des taux n'excédant pas les suivants :

Piétons, à chaque passage, deux centins.
Cavalier sur mule ou cheval, à chaque passage, dix centins.
Animaux libres par tête, excepté les moutons, les porcs et les poulains du printemps suivant la mère, à chaque passage, cinq centins.
Moutons et porcs, par tête, à chaque passage, deux centins.
Carrosse, voiture, charrette, phaéton, traîneau, voiture de course ou autre véhicule tiré par un animal, à chaque passage, douze centins et demi.

Voiture, carrosse, phaéton, traîneau, voiture de course ou autre véhicule tiré par deux animaux ou plus, à chaque passage, vingt centins.

Les taux ci-dessus couvrent les charges *bonâ fide* de chaque véhicule.

W. H. CULVER,
Soliciteur pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 21 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la "Compagnie de bois de charpente de Québec" (limitée).

E. T. BROOKS,
Soliciteur pour les requérants.
26 novembre 1881. 23-9

A VIS.—La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Jonction et des Carrières de Napierville s'adressera au parlement du Canada pour l'adoption des amendements suivants à sa charte :

Pour changer son nom.
Pour placer le terminus de sa ligne à St. Jean, Q.
Pour étendre sa ligne au sud-ouest parallèlement à la frontière de la province, et au fleuve St. Laurent.
23-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il sera fait une demande au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte prolongeant la durée de divers brevets d'invention accordés à Thomas A. Edison, et étendant le délai pour fabriquer aux termes des dits brevets et des statuts généraux à ce sujet, et pour permettre l'importation pendant un certain temps d'articles protégés par ces brevets.

OSLER, GWYN ET TEETZEL,
Soliciteurs du dit Thomas A. Edison.
Daté à Hamilton, 5 janvier 1882. 28-9

A VIS est donné que le "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien," demandera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, des amendements aux sections 8 et 13 de l'acte 44 Vict., ch. 58, intitulé "Acte pour amender et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

L'administrateur-délégué,
J. WURTELE.
Montréal, le 29 décembre 1881. 28-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction du Pacifique et de Pontiac; de pourvoir à l'émission d'un certain montant de capital payé, comme parts payées dans la dite compagnie; d'augmenter le montant des bons ou débentures qui peuvent être émis par la dite compagnie; d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa, à un certain point entre le village d'Aylmer et la cité d'Ottawa; de fixer un jour pour l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Soliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 22 décembre 1881. 28-9

A VIS est donné que demande sera faite au parlement, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte prolongeant l'époque du commencement et de la fin des travaux à exécuter pour la Cie de Traverse du Saint-Laurent et du chemin de fer du Pacifique.

Montréal, 10 janvier 1882. 29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer Great Eastern.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Soliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 12 janvier, 1882. 29-9

COMPAGNIE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de refondre les différents actes concernant la compagnie de télégraphe de Montréal et de déclarer les pouvoirs accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui à la dite compagnie, et d'accorder à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs qui ont été accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui par le parlement aux autres compagnies de télégraphe.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secrétaire.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte 43 Vict., chap. 46, et de définir les pouvoirs, devoirs et le terme d'office des liquidateurs nommés pour liquider les affaires de la Banque Consolidée du Canada, et pour pourvoir à leur remplacement, vû qu'il a été disposé du restant de l'actif, et pour autres fins.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique une compagnie sous le nom de Compagnie de Chemin de fer d'une Courte Ligne Européenne, avec pouvoir, 1o. de construire, équiper et exploiter des lignes de chemin de fer d'un point à ou près le Cap Nord, dans l'île du Cap Breton au détroit de Canso, et du détroit de Canso à travers les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, le Nouveau-Brunswick, Québec et Ontario à un point ou des points sur le territoire des Etats-Unis; 2o. De construire, équiper et exploiter des vapeurs, et communication par bateaux-passeurs entre telles ou telles provinces du Canada, entre le Canada et Terre-Neuve, entre le Canada et l'Europe et entre Terre-Neuve et l'Europe; la dite compagnie pouvant de plus établir des communications par bateaux-passeurs sur le détroit de Canso; 3o. De construire, acheter, louer des navires, bateaux-passeurs, chemins de fer, moyens de transport et lignes de télégraphe en rapport avec l'affaire et les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés et l'exploitation d'iceux.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
tant pour lui-même que pour les
autres membres de la compagnie.

Halifax, 3 janvier 1882.

30-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que la compagnie manufacturière de médecines Fellows s'adressera au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte amendant les lettres patentes qui constituent la dite compagnie en corps politique, quant à ce qui a trait à la nationalité, et la résidence des directeurs de la dite compagnie.

TAIT ET ABBOTTS.

Montréal, 18 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS.—"La compagnie de téléphone Bell" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir des amendements à l'acte la constituant en corps politique, 43 Vict., chap. 67, par lesquels la compagnie aura le droit d'émettre des bons, pour les fins mentionnées dans la seconde section du dit acte, d'un montant non moindre que \$25 chacun, et de manufacturer en outre des articles mentionnés dans telle seconde section tous autres articles ou objets qui seront jugés opportuns par la compagnie, de plus de transmettre des messages par le télégraphe aussi bien que par le téléphone, de plus d'acheter des lignes de télégraphe comme des lignes de téléphone; les dits amendements devant en sus déclarer que la

compagnie aura le droit de prolonger ses lignes de télégraphe et de téléphone d'une province quelconque du Canada à une autre et déclarer également que le dit acte constituant la compagnie en corps politique et ses amendements ainsi que tous les travaux par iceux autorisés sont pour l'avantage général du Canada.

BETHUNE ET BETHUNE,
Solliciteurs pour la dite compagnie.

Montréal, 17 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que la Compagnie Canadienne d'Eclairage Electrique s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour la passation d'un acte ratifiant et confirmant son acte d'incorporation, lui conférant l'autorisation nécessaire pour lui faire obtenir des pouvoirs moteurs et la génération de l'électricité en tous lieux dans le Canada, et lui permettant d'exploiter certains brevets d'invention octroyés en Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,
Procureurs de la requérante.

Montréal, 23 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 22 Vict., chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements; de confier à l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui et d'y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des membres du dit bureau; de confirmer les actes de la province de Québec, 38 Vict., chap. 62, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées" et 38 Vict. chap. 64, intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte intitulé 'acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse,'" et celui de la province d'Ontario, 38 Vict. chap. 75, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées," le tout en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour en général régler les affaires y concernées.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection
des propriétés ecclésiastiques de
l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.
JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-2

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de l'intérieur de Manitoba, avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, commençant à Garfield-Est, sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, et s'étendant de là à la ville de Macdonald sur le chemin de fer du Portage et Nord-Ouest, de là, vers l'ouest, par ou près Rapid City jusqu'à quelque point sur la rivière de la Paix ou celle de la Saskatchewan dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, avec pouvoir aussi de construire des ponts et lignes télégraphiques et un embranchement entre Macdonald et le lac Manitoba.

McMILLAN ET TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 10

et 11 Vict., chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," de transporter le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui à l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada et y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des dits administrateurs; de confirmer et mettre en force l'Acte de la province de Québec 38 Vict., chap. 61, intitulé "Acte pour amender un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse" en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour régler en général les dites questions.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection
des propriétés ecclésiastiques de
l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après nommées et les constituant en corps politique sous le nom de "Compagnie de bestiaux du Nord-Ouest, limitée," dans le but d'élever et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, de pratiquer dans toutes ses branches l'élevage des bestiaux à ou dans la région de la rivière Bow, dans le territoire du Nord-Ouest, Canada, la dite compagnie devant avoir son bureau principal dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les noms des dits requérants sont les suivants :— Sir Hugh Allan, baronet, Andrew Allan, gentilhomme, Thomas D. Milburne, gentilhomme, Charles Stimson, marchand, tous de Montréal, et Frédérick Smith Stimson, de Compton, dans la province de Québec, fermier.

Les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Procureur des requérants.
Montréal, 17 janvier 1882. 30-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur, et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipigoosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élévateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissoires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Ingersoll, 7 janvier 1882. 29-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877, CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, les requérants ci-après nommés et décrits, s'adresseront par pétition au gouverneur général pour obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant eux et tous ceux qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie en un corps politique sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après énumérés.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie manufacturière de spécialités médicales."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est de manufacturer et vendre des drogues, médecines et spécialités médicales de toutes espèce et description, dans tout le Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant proposé de son capital-actions est (\$8,000) huit mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de (80) quatre-vingts, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Les noms et prénoms, désignations et adresses des requérants sont comme suit :—

L'Hon. John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, de la cité de Montréal, conseil de la Reine; James Craig Fields, gentilhomme, et George Simpson, marchand, tous deux de la paroisse de St. André dans la dite province de Québec; James Muir, de la dite cité de Montréal, agent d'immeubles, et George Bury, de la cité de Montréal, comptable, les trois premiers nommés devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT TAIT, ET ABBOTTS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 12 janvier 1882. 29-6

AVIS est par le présent donné en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" qu'un mois après la première publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand

sseau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte dans le but ci-après mentionné, et que,

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant une charte est d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus, de coloniser et de vendre les dites terres, d'arpenter, d'améliorer, de cultiver les dites terres, d'y construire des maisons, de vendre et d'acheter du grain et autres produits du sol, de vendre, acheter, louer, affermer, hypothéquer, les dites terres et en général d'en disposer de toute façon; de prêter de l'argent et de l'assistance aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon au moyen d'hypothèque ou arrangement qu'il aura été convenu mutuellement; d'ériger et d'acquérir des scieries et de manufacturer et vendre du bois deservice; d'élever, croiser, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux et de faire des affaires dans toutes les branches de l'agriculture et de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaire de la compagnie projetée sera la cité d'Ottawa, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds-social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$200,000, divisé en 2,000 actions de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont Francis Clemow, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de charbon; Charles T. Bate, d'Ottawa, président de la compagnie du Gaz d'Ottawa; Charles Magee, d'Ottawa, agent d'immeuble; Robert Blackburn, de New Edinburgh, dans le comté de Carleton, marchand; l'Hon. Richard W. Scott, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit; Henry N. Bate, d'Ottawa, marchand; Daniel O'Connor, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit; Edward Anderson, sen., de la ville de Welland, province d'Ontario, Ecr.; Alexander Fraser, de Westmeath, dans le comté de Renfrew, marchand de bois, et James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans la province de Québec, président de la Banque d'Ottawa.

Tous les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie; tous sont des résidents du Canada.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH ET MacCRACKEN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Ottawa ce 4e jour de janvier 1882. 28-6

AVIS est donné par le présent, qu'une demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, pour obtenir des lettres patentes en vertu des dispositions de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," par Mark Cohen, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, marchand, Samuel Davis, marchand, Alexander Saunders, marchand, Lewis Saunders, marchand, Moïse Schwob, marchand, Asher Ansell, marchand, John Moss, marchand, Hyam D. Moss, marchand, Bendix A. Boas, marchand, de la cité de Montréal, Québec; Mark Samuels, marchand, Alfred David Benjamin, marchand, Emanuel Samuels, marchand, de la cité de Toronto, Ontario, et Edmund Scheuer, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, marchand,—les constituant ainsi que d'autres en un corps politique et incorporé pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom collectif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie de colonisation Internationale du Canada (à responsabilité limitée)" (The International Colonization Company, of Canada, Limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est le suivant: Acheter ou d'autre manière acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres et biens-fonds en Canada; développer les ressources de ces terres en

y faisant des constructions, les défrichant, égouttant et améliorant d'autre manière par la culture et les plantations d'après tel système qu'il paraîtra convenable; de mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'élever, acheter et vendre toutes espèces d'animaux, bestiaux, moutons et produits; d'exploiter, convertir, vendre, employer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des produits miniers de la propriété de la compagnie; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur la dite propriété et d'acheter et vendre des articles et marchandises de toutes sortes; de construire ou acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, bâtisses, machines, anses, estacades et outillage; de faire, pourvoir et employer des tramways, canaux, chemins et tous autres travaux et moyens de transport nécessaires ou utiles pour l'amélioration de la propriété de la compagnie, et de contribuer aux frais d'entretien et de construction des dits travaux ou aucun d'eux; d'aider, encourager et promouvoir l'immigration sur la propriété de la compagnie, et de la coloniser, d'aider aux émigrants de pays étrangers à venir au Canada et de les aider à s'établir sur des terres en Canada; et avec pouvoir d'agir comme agents pour tout gouvernement ou corporation ou personne pour l'achat ou vente de terres ou hypothèques sur des terres en Canada, et pour l'encouragement de l'immigration au Canada, et pour les fins susdites de prêter ou octroyer des sommes de deniers, ou faire des octrois gratuits de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des biens-meubles et immeubles pour l'objet et le but de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des biens-meubles et immeubles, de la compagnie; et généralement faire et exécuter toutes choses nécessaires pour atteindre le but susdit.

3. Les opérations de la compagnie projetée seront faites dans les diverses provinces du Canada, et le siège principal de ses affaires en Canada sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres, divisé en cent mille actions de dix piastres chaque.

5. Les requérants sus-mentionnés, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté, seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

Montréal, 5 janvier 1882.

28-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général du Canada en conseil, en vertu des clauses de l'acte 40 Vict., chap. 43, par William Van Duzer Lawrence, marchand, Ebenezer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, caissier, tous de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et John Wyeth, marchand, et Frank H. Wyeth, marchand, tous deux de Philadelphie, dans l'Etat de Pensylvanie, l'un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, pour obtenir des lettres patentes à l'effet de les constituer eux et telles autres personnes qui pourront devenir actionnaires dans la dite compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de "Compagnie de la Salle des Apothicaires de Montréal" (limitée).

L'objet pour lequel la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique est de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des drogues, produits chimiques, articles de toilette, médecines spéciales, etc., dans tout le Canada et ailleurs.

La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera à Montréal.

Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera cent mille piastres, divisé en cent parts de piastres chacune.

Les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie seront les dits William Van Duzer Lawrence, John Wyeth et John Stephen Bates.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,
Procureurs des requérants.

Montréal, 19 décembre 1881.

26-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour obtenir des lettres patentes constituant en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées les requérants soussignés et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée:—

1. Le nom que se propose de porter la compagnie est, "La compagnie de chanvre du Canada, limitée."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est de confectionner, fabriquer et vendre des sacs, importer, acheter et vendre tous matériaux requis dans les confection et manufacture d'iceux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le capital-actions que se propose de prendre la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de cinq cent; le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Les nom et prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit:—

L'honorable John Hamilton, sénateur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Alexander Murray, marchand, John McDougall, manufacturier, Joshua Collins, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal; lesquels seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT, TAIT ET ABBOTTS,
Procureurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Montréal, le 20 décembre 1881. 27-6

AVIS DIVERS.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée des actionnaires de la compagnie de chemin de fer et de vapeurs de Winnipeg et baie d'Hudson, aura lieu au No. 10 de la rue York, Ottawa, mardi, le 14 février, 1882, à 3 heures p.m., dans le but d'élire sept directeurs en conformité de l'Acte 43 Vict. chap. 59, sect. 8 du dit acte.

JOSEPH RIOPELLE,
Sec.-Trés. 31-2

Ottawa, 27 janvier 1882.

COMPAGNIE D'ASSURANCE CONTRE LES ACCIDENTS DE L'AMÉRIQUE DU NORD.

Assemblée annuelle.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie d'assurance contre les accidents de l'Amérique du Nord aura lieu au bureau de la compagnie, 260 rue St. Jacques, Montréal, vendredi, le troisième jour de février, à trois heures p.m., dans le but de recevoir le rapport des directeurs, de faire l'élection des directeurs et pour en général faire les affaires de la compagnie.

Les livres de transfert seront clos de cette date jusqu'après l'assemblée générale.

Par ordre du bureau,

EDWARD RAWLINGS,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 24 janvier 1882. 31-1

LA COMPAGNIE DE GARANTIE DE L'AMÉRIQUE DU NORD.

Assemblée annuelle.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie de Garantie de l'Amérique du Nord aura lieu

au bureau de la compagnie, 260 rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal, vendredi, le troisième jour de février, à midi, dans le but de recevoir le rapport des directeurs, de faire l'élection des directeurs et pour autres affaires de la compagnie.

Les livres de transfert seront clos de cette date jusqu'après l'assemblée générale.

Par ordre du bureau,

EDWARD RAWLINGS,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 24 janvier 1882. 31-1

ACTE DE FAILLITE DE 1875 ET LES ACTES QUI L'AMENDENT.

Dans l'affaire de la Banque des Artisans, failli.

LES créanciers du failli sont par le présent notifiés de se réunir au bureau du soussigné, No. 22, rue St. Jean, dans la cité de Montréal, mardi, le 7^e jour de février prochain, à 11 heures de l'avant-midi, dans le but de fixer la rémunération du syndic et des inspecteurs; et pour mettre ordre aux affaires de la succession en générale.

JAMES COURT,
Syndic. 30-2

Montréal, 19 janvier 1882.

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER ONTARIO ET QUÉBEC.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Ontario et Québec aura lieu au bureau principal de la compagnie, No. 18 rue King, ouest, dans la cité de Toronto, mardi le septième jour de février prochain, à 2 heures de l'après-midi, pour l'élection des directeurs pour l'année courante et pour la dépêche des affaires générales de la compagnie.

Par ordre,

H. W. NANTON,
Sec.-trés. *pro tem*.

Daté ce 9 janvier 1882. 29-4

COMPAGNIE DE CHEMIN DE FER DE COLONISATION DU SUD-OUEST DE MANITOBA.

AVIS.—En conformité des statuts et règlements concernant le cas, l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie de chemin de fer de colonisation du sud-ouest de Manitoba, pour l'élection des directeurs et autres fins générales, aura lieu au bureau général de la compagnie dans la ville de Winnipeg, province du Manitoba, Canada, mercredi, le premier jour de février 1882, et commencera à onze heures a. m.

Par ordre du bureau de direction.

J. H. HAMMOND,
Secrétaire. 29-3

Winnipeg, 4 janvier 1882.

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER ATLANTIQUE ET DU NORD-OUEST.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Atlantique et du Nord-Ouest aura lieu aux bureaux de la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, Montréal, mercredi le 1^{er} février 1882, à midi précis, dans le but de recevoir le rapport des directeurs, de considérer les affaires soit générales ou spéciales de la compagnie, et d'élire des directeurs pour l'année prochaine.

HARRY CUTT,
Secrétaire.

Montréal, 28 décembre 1881. 27-5

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz:—

OTTAWA, 24th January, 1882.

THOMAS ERIC PECK, Esquire, Harbor Master for Nanaimo, in the Province of British Columbia; to be also Harbor Master for the Port of Departure Bay, in the said Province.

PROCLAMATIONS.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
General
Administrator.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to each and every of you,—
GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Meeting of Our Parliament of Canada stands Prorogued to the Fourth day of the month of February next, NEVERTHELESS, for certain causes and considerations, We have thought fit further to prorogue the same to THURSDAY, the NINTH day of the month of FEBRUARY next,

so that neither you, nor any of you on the said FOURTH day of FEBRUARY next at Our City of Ottawa to appear are to be held and constrained: for We do WILL THAT you and each of you, be as to Us, in this matter, entirely exonerated; commanding, and by the tenor of these presents, enjoining you, and each of you, and all others in this behalf interested, that on THURSDAY, the NINTH day of the month of FEBRUARY next, at Our City of OTTAWA aforesaid, personally you be and appear, for the DESPATCH OF BUSINESS, to treat, do, act, and conclude upon those things which in Our said Parliament of Canada, by the Common Council of Our said Dominion, may, by the favour of God, be ordained.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved General SIR PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Administrator of the Government of Canada, and Commander of Our Forces therein, &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-FOURTH day of DECEMBER in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the Thirty-seventh year of Our Reign, chaptered thirty-four, and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of

Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island, amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Quebec and Montreal in the Province of Quebec, and Toronto in the Province of Ontario) in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for that purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council;

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the twenty-fourth day of January, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating Departure Bay, in the Province of British Columbia, as a Port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply,—

Now Know YE, that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and Order in Council respectively, Proclaim and Declare, that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island," and the Acts amending the same, shall henceforth apply to the Port of Departure Bay, in the Province of British Columbia.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well-Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-FOURTH day of JANUARY in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

32-3

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
General,
Administrator.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS in pursuance of the provisions of the Canada Temperance Act of 1878, the following notice has been addressed to the Secretary of State for Canada, embodying the petition therein set forth :

"To the Honorable the Secretary of State for Canada,—

"SIR,—We, the undersigned, electors of the City of St. John, in the Province of New-Brunswick, request you to take notice that we propose presenting the following petition to His Excellency the Governor General, viz:

"To His Excellency the Governor General of Canada in Council,

"The petition of the electors of the City of Saint John, Province of New Brunswick, qualified

"and competent to vote at the election of a member of the House of Commons, in the said City, Respectfully sheweth, That your petitioners are desirous that the second part of the Canada Temperance Act, 1878, should be in force and take effect in the said City :

"Wherefore, your petitioners humbly pray that Your Excellency will be pleased, by an Order in Council under the ninety-sixth Section of the said Act, to declare that the second part of the said Act shall be in force and take effect in the said City.

"And your petitioners will ever pray, &c.' And that we desire that the votes of all the electors of the said City, be taken for and against the adoption of the said petition."

And whereas it appears by evidence to the satisfaction of the Governor General in Council that such notice has appended to it the genuine signatures of one-fourth or more of all the electors of the said City of Saint John, the number of the signatures to the notice proved to be genuine being eight hundred and seventy-five, and that the other requirements of the law have been observed ;

And whereas an Order of the Governor General in Council has been passed directing that the votes of all the electors of the said City of Saint John, be taken for and against the adoption of the said petition,—

Now Know YE, that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and Order in Council, proclaim and declare, that on Thursday, the twenty-third day of February next, a poll will be held in the said City of St. John for taking the votes of the electors for and against the said petition. That such votes will be taken between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day and by ballot. That James A. Harding, Esquire, Sheriff of the County of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, has been appointed Returning Officer for the purpose of taking on that day the votes of the electors for and against the petition and of afterwards summing up the same and making a return of the result to the Governor General in Council. That the said Returning Officer is empowered and required to appoint a Deputy Returning Officer at and for each polling place or station. That the Returning Officer will appoint persons to attend at the various polling stations and at the final summing up of votes on behalf of the persons interested in and promoting or opposing, respectively, the adoption of the petition, at the office of the said Sheriff, in the said City of Saint John, on Monday, the twentieth day of February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon.

That the votes of the electors will be summed up and the result of the polling declared by the Returning Officer at the office of the said Sheriff on Saturday, the twenty-fifth day of February next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon. And in the event of the petition being adopted by the electors, the Governor General in Council may, at any time after the expiration of sixty days from the day on which the same was adopted, by Order in Council published in the *Canada Gazette*, declare that the second part of the said Act shall be in force and take effect in such City upon, from and after the day on which the annual or semi-annual licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors then in force in such City will expire, provided such day be not less than ninety days from the day of the date of such Order in Council, and if it be less, then on the like day in the then following year.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well Beloved General Sir Patrick Leonard MacDougall, Knight Commander of Our

Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Administrator of the Government of Canada, and Commander of Our Forces therein, &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this FOURTH day of JANUARY in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

30-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 3rd February 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor General has, by Order in Council of 27th January 1882, been pleased to order that the Order in Council bearing date the 3rd day of May, 1880, prescribing certain regulations for slaughtering and curing swine in bond, be amended by striking out section 4 of such regulations and substituting the following in place thereof:—

4. The Bond given by the importer as before specified shall be cancelled upon the payment of the current rate of duty imposed upon swine imported into Canada, or upon the exportation of sixty per cent. of the live weight of swine weighing two hundred pounds each and under, or upon the exportation of sixty-five per cent. of the live weight of the swine weighing over two hundred pounds each, as originally entered, in the form of pork, bacon, hams, shoulders and lard; and if a less quantity than the sixty or sixty-five per cent. herein named is exported, then duty shall be paid on the quantity deficient at the rate imposed upon the live animal in proportion to value.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

32-3

THE tolls payable upon any vessel under the tariff for the Public Pier at Maitland by the Order in Council of the 6th June, 1876, may be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the 61st Section of the Act 31 Victoria, chapter 12, from the owner or master or person in charge of such vessel.

The tolls payable under the said tariff upon any goods, are hereby imposed also upon the vessels or other crafts upon or from off which such goods may be shipped or landed, and the payment of such tolls may be enforced, and there shall be the same remedy for their non-payment as if they had been expressly imposed upon such vessels or crafts, by the said tariff.

The tolls payable upon any goods may also be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the said 61st section, from the owner or consignee, or person in charge of such goods.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 28th January, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing rules have, by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council of the 27th January, 1882, been added to the Rules governing the Wharfinger and Public Pier at Maitland, in Hants County, Nova Scotia, established by Order in Council of the 6th June, 1876.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

32-3

THE tolls payable upon any vessel under the tariff for the Public Pier at Oak Point by the Order in Council of the 29th May, 1876, may be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the 61st Section of

the Act 31 Vict., chapter 12, from the owner or master or person in charge of such vessel.

The tolls payable under the said tariff upon any goods are hereby imposed also upon the vessels or other crafts upon or from off which such goods may be shipped or landed, and the payment of such tolls may be enforced, and there shall be the same remedy for their non-payment as if they had been expressly imposed upon such vessels or crafts by the said tariff.

The tolls payable upon any goods may also be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the said 61st section, from the owner or consignee or person in charge of such goods.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 28th January, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing rules have, by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council of the 27th January, 1882, been added to the Rules governing the Wharfinger and Pier or Breakwater at Oak Point, in the County of Kings, in the Province of Nova Scotia, established by Order in Council of the 29th May, 1876.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

32-3

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 27th January, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that, by Order in Council of 26th January, 1882, His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to exempt the Tunnel under the Welland Canal through which the trains of the Great Western Railway pass, from the operation of the Fifth Sub-Section of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 24, relating to the height of clear and open headway to be maintained between the undermost parts of bridges, tunnels, &c., and the tops of the highest cars of a railway.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

31-3

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Government of the Ports of Nanaimo and Departure Bay in the Province of British Columbia to which the Acts 37 Vic. chap. 34, and 38 Vic. chap. 30 apply, and for the government of the office of Harbour Master for the said Ports.

Rule I.—It shall be the duty of the Harbour Master of the said Ports, in person, or by deputy duly authorized, to go on board of every ship or vessel of the burthen of twenty tons, (registered tonnage) and upwards, which shall arrive within said Ports, within twelve hours after the arrival of such ship or vessel, to see that she is moored only in such manner or position as shall be assigned to her by the following Regulations. And it shall be lawful for such Harbour Master to ask, demand and receive, as a compensation for his services (vessels belonging to or employed by Her Majesty and the Government of the Dominion of Canada excepted) according to the following scale, and under the restrictions mentioned in the above named Acts:

SCALE OF FEES.

For every ship of fifty tons register or under, fifty cents;

For every ship over fifty tons and not over one hundred tons register, one dollar;

For every ship over one hundred tons and not over two hundred tons register, one dollar and fifty cents;

For every ship over two hundred tons and not over three hundred tons register, two dollars;

For every ship over three hundred tons and not over four hundred tons register, two dollars and fifty cents;

For every ship over four hundred tons and not over five hundred tons register, three dollars;

For every ship over five hundred tons and not over seven hundred tons, four dollars;

For every ship over seven hundred tons register, five dollars.

Rule II.—In case of any dispute arising between masters, owners or other persons engaged in hauling ships or vessels in and out of any of the docks or wharves, it shall be the duty of the Harbour Master, if called upon, to give such directions as he may think fit in respect to the same; and all masters, pilots or other persons having the charge or command of any ships or vessels shall comply with the directions of the Harbour Master or his deputy in these respects, under the penalty of twenty dollars for each and every neglect or refusal so to do.

Rule III.—If any ship or vessel arriving and anchoring, or being moored or fastened to any wharf or vessel in the Harbours shall be so moored or placed as to be unsafe or dangerous to any other ship or vessel previously lying at anchor in the Harbours, or moored or fastened as aforesaid, the Harbour Master or his deputy is hereby authorized and required to forthwith order and direct the situation of such ship or vessel so arriving and anchored, moored or fastened as aforesaid, to be altered in such a manner as to prevent such insecurity and danger; and the master, pilot or other person having charge of such ship or vessel shall comply with the orders and directions of the Harbour Master or his deputy in this respect, under the penalty of Twenty Dollars for each and every offence.

Rule IV.—Any person or persons who may moor or fasten to, or in any manner injure, alter or change any of the public buoys, shall, on conviction, pay a penalty of Twenty Dollars, besides being held liable to any damage sustained.

Rule V.—Whenever it shall happen that any ship or vessel is short of hands, so that she cannot be moved when ordered, it shall and may be lawful for the Harbour Master to employ a sufficient number of hands to effect such removal, and to remove or assist in removing such vessel as required or as may be necessary, and that at the expense of such vessel.

Rule VI.—The Harbour Master shall have power to order the removal of any scow, boat or other vessel, loaded or unloaded, or anything calculated to interfere with the moving or mooring of vessels from any part of the Harbours to any other part thereof, and the owner of such scow, boat, etc., or person in charge thereof, failing to make such removal within a reasonable time after being notified so to do, shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding \$10, and after one hour shall have elapsed the Harbour Master shall have power to make the removal and charge the person notified for so doing.

Rule VII.—Whenever the Harbour Master shall find ships or vessels at the wharves with main jib or spanker booms rigged out so as to incommode other vessels, it shall be the duty of the Harbour Master to direct such to be rigged in, and in the event of non-compliance, all accidents to the same shall be at the risk of the persons so offending.

Rule VIII.—No vessel shall be left without some person to take care of her, by night and by day, when anchored in the stream or in the Harbours.

Rule IX.—All vessels lying at anchor in the Harbours shall keep a clear and bright light burning, at least six feet above the rail of the bulwarks, from sunset until sunrise.

Rule X.—All vessels at wharves or in docks must keep a clear and bright light burning at the gangway from sunset until sunrise at least four feet above the deck, and at all times be provided with a gangway with a side rail to it to prevent accidents.

Rule XI.—All ships or vessels loading or discharging in the stream, coals, ballast and such like materials, shall have a sufficient piece of canvas or tarpaulin so placed as to prevent any portion thereof from falling into the Harbours under the penalty of \$20 for each and every offence, to be paid by the owner, master or person in charge of such ship or vessel.

Rule XII.—No ballast, stone, gravel, earth or rubbish of any kind, shall be unladen, cast or emptied out of, or thrown overboard, from any ship or vessel whatever in the Harbours or at the entrance thereof (except in places set apart for that purpose by the Harbour Master and under his direction), under the penalty of Fifty Dollars for each and every offence, to be paid by the owner, master or other person having the charge of any such ship or vessel.

Rule XIII.—In places set apart by the Harbour Master for the deposit of ballast, etc., it is hereby required that no ballast, stone, gravel, earth, or rubbish of any kind shall be unladen, discharged, deposited, thrown or laid before sunrise or after sunset, under a penalty of Forty Dollars for each and every offence.

Rule XIV.—No ballast, stone, gravel, earth or rubbish of any kind shall be unladen, discharged, deposited, thrown or laid, either from any vessel, boat, scow or other such craft, or in any other manner, or by any person, from any part of the beach or shore into any part of the Harbours, or upon the beach and shore thereof, either below low water mark, or between high and low water mark, under the penalty of forty dollars for each and every offence, to be paid by the owner or owners, master or person having charge of any vessel, boat or scow, or other craft from which such matter as aforesaid shall have been discharged, or by any other person or persons violating this law.

Rule XV.—Any person or persons who shall or may hinder, oppose, molest or obstruct the Harbour Master, his deputy or any of his assistants in the discharge of his or their duty, shall, on conviction, pay a penalty of forty dollars for each and every offence.

Rule XVI.—The penalty for violation of, or not conforming to the provisions of the Law, and for disobeying the lawful orders or directions of the Harbour Master or his deputy in respect to any provision for which no penalty is hereinbefore prescribed, shall be twenty dollars to be imposed upon the owner or person in charge of the ship or vessel not conforming to the particular requirements.

PRIVY COUNCIL CHAMBER,
OTTAWA, 25th January, 1882.

The foregoing Rules and Regulations were submitted to and approved by His Excellency the Governor in Council, on 24th January 1882.

J. O. COTÉ,
31-3 Clerk Privy Council.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 3rd February, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (2).

No. 1.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE OF CANADA.
Annual Examination for Candidates,
1882.

Subjects and Books.

The annual examination to be held in the present year, for Candidates desiring to be admitted as Cadets to the Royal Military College, Kingston, will

commence at the District Staff Office at the Head Quarters of the several Military Districts in which Candidates reside, on Tuesday the 13th day of June; —the medical examinations to be held the day previous. The subjects and books in which Candidates will be examined are as follows :

OBLIGATORY OR PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION.

(1) Mathematics :	Marks.
(a) Arithmetic, including vulgar and decimal fractions, simple and compound proportions, simple and compound interest, partnership, profit and loss.....	500
(b) Algebra, including simple equations...	500
(c) Geometry, first book of Euclid.....	500
(The Canadian Editions of Hamblin Smith's Elementary works are recommended, but in the case of Geometry any authorized text of Euclid's Elements will answer.)	
(2) (a) Grammar, in English or French, and writing English or French correctly and in a good legible hand from dictation...	500
(b) Composition as tested by the power of writing an essay, precis, or letter, in English or French.....	500
(3) (a) Geography, general and descriptive..	500
(b) History, British and Canadian, general	500
* (4) (a) French; grammar and translation from the language.....	500
(b) German; grammar and translation from the language into either English or French as may be preferred by the candidate.....	500
(5) Latin; grammar and simple translation from the language into either English or French as may be preferred by the candidate	500
(6) Elements of freehand drawing, viz: simple copies from the flat.....	300

* Both French and German will, for the present, be optional subjects. Both subjects may be omitted by a candidate, or only one of them taken.

No candidate will be considered qualified for a cadetship or be allowed to count marks in the "further examination" unless he obtains a minimum of forty per cent of the total number of marks in each of the subjects ; 1 (a, b, c, together) 2 (a and b, together) 3 and 6; and a minimum of one third in each of the subjects 4 and 5.

VOLUNTARY OR FURTHER EXAMINATION.

(1) Mathematics :	Marks.
(a) Algebra—Up to and including quadratic equations.....	1000
(b) Geometry—Up to and including third book of Euclid.....	1000
(c) Theory and use of common logarithms, plane trigonometry, mensuration.....	1000
(2) English or French literature—Limited to specified authors.....	1000
(a) The examination to include Part Second and Chapters VI and VII of Part Third of Spalding's English Literature or some standard French author but not necessarily "Text" works.	
(3) Geography—Physical, particularly of Dominion of Canada and United States....	1000
(a) Examination in Page's Introductory Book, and Colton's Outline of Physical Geography.	
(4) History—British and Canadian, limited to certain fixed periods.....	1000
(a) Examination in Collier's History of the British Empire, embracing the Stuart and Brunswick periods, and the period from 1812 to the present time (any school author) of Canadian History.	
(5) French—Translation from English into French or from French into English.....	1200

(6) German—Translation from either English or French, as may be preferred by the candidate, into German.....	1200
(7) Latin, including the fifth book of Cæsar's Commentaries, to end of 23rd chap., and 1st, 4th, 6th, 7th and 9th Eclogues of Virgil. Translation into either English or French as may be preferred by the candidate.....	1500
(8) Drawing copy from flat, shaded and simple object drawing.....	1000

No optional subject, except mathematics and drawing, shall gain a Cadet any marks, unless he obtains a minimum of one third of the marks assigned to that subject.

The marks gained in the obligatory subjects will be added to those gained in optional subjects to make a second total.

It is to be understood that English speaking candidates use the papers prepared in that language, and that French speaking candidates will use papers prepared in the French language.

The object of this permission is to allow candidates to write their examination papers, except where from the nature of the question it is otherwise required, in English or French, whichever may be the language with which they are most familiar.

The Standard of knowledge of English required from *French speaking* candidates for the present, will be:—To write and speak English sufficiently to understand and be understood in that language.

Candidates should make application to the Adjutant General, Ottawa, by 1st May, in order that arrangements may be made for their examination in June.

NOTE.—Candidates will be permitted, after examination, to retain the printed Examination Questions, provided no rough work or scribbling has been done thereon, of which the supervising officer of the local Board having assured himself, he will initial the printed questions to be retained.

No. 2.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE OF CANADA.

Major J. Bramley Ridout of H. M's 2nd Battalion Scottish Rifles (late 90th Foot) having completed his period of service on the Staff of the Royal Military College, has ceased to be attached to the College Staff, from 26th January, 1882.

Lieutenants Alfred George Godfrey Würtele and John Bray Cochrane, graduates Royal Military College, have been appointed Assistants on the Instructional Staff of the College.

Certificate of Efficiency.

Sergeant-Major Henry Birtles, late of the Royal Engineers, now on the Staff of the Royal Military College of Canada as N. C. Officer Instructor of Military Engineering, has received from the Colonel Commandant of the School of Military Engineering (England) a Certificate of Efficiency as Instructor in Military Engineering, dated 21st December, 1881.

No. 3.

District Staff.

Colonel John Wimburn Laurie, Deputy Adjutant General, Military District No. 11, has been permitted to retire retaining rank, from 30th January, 1882.

No. 4.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Royal Military College of Canada.

Charles Oliver Fairbank, graduate Royal Military College (late Lieutenant Royal Artillery) is appointed Lieutenant in the Militia, to date from 16th July, 1880.

Ottawa Field Battery of Artillery.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:
Staff Sergeant Donald Cameron Forster Bliss, G.S. 3rd,
vice Savage.

12th Battalion of Infantry "York Rangers"

No. 7 Company, Sharon.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:
Marriot B. Douglas, Gentleman, vice Bennett
resigned.

13th Battalion of Infantry, Hamilton.

The resignation of Lieutenant R. Bryson Osborne is
hereby accepted.

18th "Prescott" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 4 Company, St. Eugène.

Errata in No. 6 of General Orders (1) 13th January,
1882, read "from 12th January, 1882," instead of
"from 12th January, 1881."

25th "Elgin" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 4 Company, St. Thomas.

To be Captain:
Lieutenant James Bradley, G.S., vice William H.
Moore, appointed Paymaster.

To be Paymaster:
Captain William Henry Moore, M.S., from No. 4
Company, vice Sanders resigned.

28th "Perth" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 5 Company, Blanchard.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:
Color Sergeant John Anderson, vice Paisey pro-
moted.

34th "Ontario" Battalion of Infantry.

To be Major:
Captain John Edwin Farewell, V.B., from No. 2
Company, vice Augustus Theodore Fothergill
deceased.

38th "Brant" Battalion, Dufferin Rifles.

That portion of No. 4 of General Orders (5) 14th
March, 1879, in which a special Badge is authorized
for this Battalion, is hereby amended by substituting
"Bronze" for "German Silver", so as to read
"The Badge shall be Silver for Officers and Bronze
for non-commissioned Officers and men."

No. 1 Company, Paris.

Captain Peter Henry Cox is hereby permitted to
retire retaining rank.

No. 6 Company, Brantford.

The resignation of Lieutenant (provisionally), John
Harvey Cunliffe is hereby accepted.

42nd "Brockville" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 5 Company, Lansdowne.

To be 2nd Lieutenants, provisionally:
Sergeant William Nelson Bown, vice W. Dixon
resigned.

49th "Hastings" Battalion of Rifles.

No. 5 Company, Tyendenaga.

The resignation of Lieutenant Robert Ferguson
Pegan, is hereby accepted.

56th "Grenville" Battalion, "Lisgar Rifles."

No. 3 Company, Burritts Rapids.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:
Color Sergeant William Henry Burritt, vice Albert
Charles White, whose resignation is hereby
accepted.

57th Battalion of Infantry "Peterborough Rangers."

No. 4 Company, Keene.

To be Captain:
Lieutenant Richard Everitt Birdsall, G.S.I., from
No. 5 Company, vice Marshall M. P. Dean,
deceased.

No. 5 Company, Norwood.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:
Sergeant Frederick Holles Brennan, vice Birdsall,
promoted in No. 4 Company.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Montreal Company of Engineers.

1st Lieutenant (Supernumerary) Aylesworth Bowen
Perry R.M.C., whose resignation is hereby accepted,
reverts to the rank of Lieutenant in the Militia.

8th Battalion "Royal Rifles" Quebec.

No. 6 Company.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:
Thomas Conolly Aylwin, Gentleman, vice Thomson
promoted.

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant Henry Havelock
Sharples is hereby accepted.

11th Battalion of Infantry "Argenteuil Rangers."

No. 8 Company, Chatham.

To be Lieutenant:
William Mair Cushing, (Formerly Captain 6th
Battalion Fusiliers), vice William Owens who is
hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

Temiscouata Provisional Battalion of Infantry.

No. 4 Company, St. Arsène.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:
John J. Barry, Gentleman, vice George Lebel, pro-
moted into No. 1 Company.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Saint John Rifle Company.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:
John Primrose McIntyre, Gentleman.
To be 2nd Lieutenant:
Henry Murray Hamilton, Gentleman, M.S., vice
Hartt, promoted.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

63rd "Halifax" Battalion of Rifles.

To be Adjutant, with rank of Captain :

Lieutenant James Noble Crane, M.S., vice James M. Mumford, deceased.

Late GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY BRIGADE.

In consequence of the Grand Trunk Railway Brigade having been removed from the list of Corps of the Active Militia, those Officers thereof who are eligible and have had sufficient service are hereby placed on the Retired List retaining rank, others not eligible for retired rank are removed from the list of Officers of the Active Militia, as follows, viz :—

Lieutenant Colonel Joseph Hickson, Commandant, is placed on the Retired List retaining rank.

Late 1st Brigade Garrison Artillery.

Captains William Wainwright, Arthur Owen Radford Huddell, Jonathan Iverson, William Henry Rosevear; 1st Lieutenants William Brissett Smith, S. Whittaker and 2nd Lieutenants Terence William Elliott, John Cole Hamilton, T. R. Wiesenborn are placed on the Retired List retaining rank and Surgeon William E. Scott with rank of Surgeon-Major; and

2nd Lieutenants Joseph Albin Slack, Charles Thomas Christie, Francis William Radford; Paymaster Thomas Bottomley Hawson, and Assistant Surgeon Thomas Anderson Rodger are removed from the List of Officers.

Late 2nd Brigade Garrison Artillery.

Lieutenant Colonel William John Spicer; Majors John Anderson Carlaw, Edmund William Windeat; Captains Absolom Greely Allison, Adoniram Judson Henderson; 1st Lieutenant James Walker and Honorary Captain and Paymaster Alfred R. Gregory are placed on the Retired List retaining rank; and

Captains William Corner, George Smellie Spence, David Preston; 1st Lieutenants James Kelly, William John McClure, William George Hopper, Joseph O'Brien, Thomas Williams; 2nd Lieutenants John Kelly, Charles Wright, Phillip John Slatter, Dalhousie Landel, James Duncan McDonald, Patrick McKeown and Quarter-Master Duncan McTaggart are removed from the List of Officers.

Late 1st Battalion Rifles.

Lieutenant Colonel Frederick Henderson Brydges; Majors William Harder, James Stevenson; Captains William McWood, Thomas Maurice Roberts, Edward Ross Prendergast, Robert McGlaughlin; Lieutenants George Boswell, James Ellicott, Frederick French, William Foster; 2nd Lieutenant Joseph Tinker and 2nd Lieutenant and Quarter-Master John Crosbie are placed on the Retired List retaining rank; and

Captain Joseph Robb; Lieutenants George Swain, Angus Russell; 1st Lieutenant James Wilson (Engineer Company); 2nd Lieutenants Joseph Unsworth, Andrew Patterson, Alexander Fraser, Lewis Munro, Arthur D. Ritchie, Frederick Richard Clark; and Paymaster Alfred Brown, are removed from the List of Officers.

Late 2nd Battalion Rifles.

Majors Thomas Patterson, Walter Wily (*Special*); Captains Joseph White, William Wall, Thomas Alcock, William Crowther, Duncan Menish, Joseph B. O'Dell; Lieutenants James Kearney, William Wells, David Imrie, William Daly; 2nd Lieutenants James Trihey, J. Erasme Lusignan and Lieutenant and Adjutant Lawrence Kelly, are placed on the Retired List retaining rank; and

Captains William Henry Greaves, Harry Jamison; Lieutenants William Neilson, Alexis A. Payette, John Teal, James Marshal, James Zenar Hickey, Hugh Wilkinson; 2nd Lieutenants William Bowey, Joseph

Hebert, George Phipps, Malcolm McFarlane, Prosper G roux; Paymaster Samuel Waddell; Quarter-Master Herr Forsyth Kennedy Ritchie, and Assistant Surgeon Robert Thompson are removed from the List of Officers.

Late 3rd Battalion Rifles.

Major Robert Larmour, Captains Henry A. Penfold, John Fitzgerald O'Neil; Lieutenants Andrew Clarke, Thomas Harrison, Robert Frank Evans, William R. Wilson; 2nd Lieutenants Frederick Hubbard Wilson, James Barker, James Jack; Honorary Major and Paymaster James Doran; Lieutenant and Adjutant Arthur White are placed on the Retired List retaining rank; and

Captains William Whyte, William Todd, William M. Dow; Lieutenants John Bayly Hudson, James McIntyre; 2nd Lieutenants Malcolm Colclough, Robert Weafer; Quarter-Master Arthur Wily; and Surgeon Reginald Henwood are removed from the List of Officers.

No. 5.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

ROYAL SCHOOLS OF GUNNERY.

Memo.—Adverting to No. 7 of General Orders (1) 13th January, 1882, the Infantry Certificate obtained by 2nd Lieutenant W. S. Bethune should be under the heading "Second Class Short Course," and the Gunnery Certificates obtained by Acting Bombardiers A. Rough and A. Savignac should be under the heading "Third Class Short Course" instead of "First Class."

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st January, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,623,906 27
Excise.....	469,584 13
Post Office.....	190,272 60
Public Works, including Railways.	201,557 10
Bill Stamps	23,001 53
Miscellaneous	311,245 94
	<hr/>
	\$ 2,819,567 57
Revenue to 31st December, 1881.....	16,167,624 08
	<hr/>
	\$18,987,191 65
Expenditure.....	\$4,387,856 38
do 31st December, 1881.....	11,332,073 99
	<hr/>
	\$15,719,930 37

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st February, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-fourth day of January 1882, incorporating Reuben Palmer, of the Town of Sarnia, in the County of Lambton in the Province of Ontario, in the

Dominion of Canada, license inspector, Robert McAdams, of the same place, publisher, Thomas Kenny, of the same place, merchant, John Gillies McCrae, of the same place, stationer, and Manfred Burns Proctor of the same place, coal and wood merchant,—for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, chartering, navigating and maintaining steam vessels for the carrying and conveying of goods and passengers or other traffic between the ports of the Dominion of Canada, and between the ports of the said Dominion and those of the United States of America, and for the towing of vessels, with power to sell, charter and dispose of the said steam vessels or any of them, and to make contracts and agreements with any person or corporation whatsoever for the purposes aforesaid or otherwise for the benefit of the said Company,—by the name of "The Sarnia and Port Huron Ferry Company, Limited," with a total capital stock of four thousand four hundred and eighty dollars divided into sixty-four shares of seventy dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this second day of February, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

32-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Supplementary Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twelfth day of January, 1882, whereby the total capital stock of "The Toronto and Rapid City Land and Trading Company (Limited)," is increased from forty thousand dollars to five hundred thousand dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of January, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

32-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the fourth day of January, 1882, incorporating John Lunn Murphy, of the Town of Pembroke, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, Esquire, John Ham Sills, Ephraim G. Sills and Orville Sims, all of Frankford, in the County of Hastings, in the said Province of Ontario, and Levi Ruggles Church, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, one of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, holding, chartering, maintaining and navigating on the River Ottawa and its tributaries any steamers

and other vessels of any description for towage purposes or for the carriage and forwarding of passengers, goods and freight of all kinds to and from and between any places on or near the river Ottawa and its tributaries,—by the name of "The Upper Ottawa Towing Company," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-third day of January, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

31-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the ninth day of January, 1882, incorporating John Penman, of the Town of Paris, in the County of Brant, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, manufacturer; William Dubart Long, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, in the said Province, wool merchant; David Morrice, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, commission merchant; Charles Edmund Newberry, of the said City of Hamilton, merchant, and Horace James Long, of the said City of Hamilton, book-keeper, for the purpose of the manufacture and sale throughout the Dominion of Canada, of all kinds of woollen and cotton goods by the name of "The Penman Manufacturing Company, (limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of January, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

31-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 20th January, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 14th of January instant, and under the authority vested in him by the 44 Victoria, chap. 11, section 11, has been pleased to order and direct that "Salt cake," being a sulphate of soda, used by manufacturers of glass and soap, be placed on the free list, when imported into Canada by such manufacturers for their own use in their works, and the article in question is, therefore, placed on the free list accordingly.

By command,

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

30-3

GENERAL ABSTRACT

SHOWING the average amount of the Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of British Columbia, within the Province of British Columbia and its Dependencies, taken from the several Weekly Statements, for the quarter ending 31st December, 1881.

Prepared and submitted to the Finance Department in conformity with the Local Banking Act of 1861

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Notes in circulation.....	526,831 00	Legal Tender Coin in Gold and Silver.....	232,426 27
Balances due to other Banks and Branches..	15,034 43	Gold Bullion.....	17,544 64
Deposits not bearing interest ... \$917,340 28		Landed and other Property.....	26,163 70
Deposits bearing interest..... .. 33,237 80		Balances due from other Banks	
	950,578 08	and Branches, situate within	
		the Province.....\$11,219 09	
		Balances due from other Banks	
		and Branches, situate without	
		the Province..... 559,635 89	
			570,854 98
		All debts due to the Bank with-	
		in the Province, including	
		Notes, Bills of Exchange and	
		all Stock and Funded Debts	
		of every description, except-	
		ing Notes, Bills and Balances	
		due from other Banks and	
		Branches	857,893 95
		Do without the Province...	52,481 39
			910,375 34
Total amount of Liabilities... ..	1,492,443 51	Total amount of Assets.....	1,757,364 93

Amount of Capital Stock paid up at close of the Quarter ending 31st December, 1881... \$1,730,000 00
Rate of last Dividend declared to the Shareholders. 5 per cent. per annum.
Amount of last Dividend declared..... 43,250 00
Amount of Reserve Profit at the time of declaring said Dividend..... 224,200 00

WM. C. WARD,
Manager,

CHS. S. JONES,
Accountant.
32-3

Victoria, B.C., 18th day of January, 1882

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 3rd February, 1882.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	8,818 00	1,862 37
Agricultural Implements	"	6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter.....	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	"	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
" Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
" Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
" Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles	\$	412,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of Manitoba and British Columbia) for December, 1881.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total,
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	76,804 00	5,500 00	82,304 00
do Fisheries.....	462,682 00	.....	462,682 00
do Forest.....	658,905 00	39,910 00	698,815 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,315,959 00	9,415 00	1,325,374 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,440,138 00	16,096 00	2,456,234 00
Manufactures	236,272 00	75,619 00	311,891 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	33,579 00	653 00	34,232 00
Totals.....	5,224,339 00	147,193 00	5,371,532 00
Coin and Bullion.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand Total, exclusive of Manitoba and British Columbia.	5,224,339 00	147,193 00	5,371,532 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 26th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of December, 1881. Cr

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 30th Nov., 1881	\$7,541,467 33	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$265,925 50
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	564,932 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	1,800 70	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$7,798,501 86
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	43,772 67
	8 108,200 03		7,842,274 5
			8,108,200 03

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 17th January, 1882

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST JANUARY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Channay.....	Weburn.....	Beauce.....Q.	Eugène Becigueul.
Gagnon.....	.....	Victoria.....N.S.	Jean P Gagnon.
Marney.....	Sec. 2, Tp. 16, R. 22 W.....	Marquette.....M.	Peter Butchart.
Nerpawa.....	" 33, " 14, " 15 ".....	Marquette.....M.	J. J. Hamilton.
Norquay.....	" 17, " 6, " 10 ".....	Marquette.....M.	T. H. Pentland.
North Arm.....	.....	New Westminister ... B.C.	John W. Sexsmith.
Point Aconi.....	.....	Cape Breton.. ...N.S.	Donald J. Walker.
Reids Mills.....	Mountain.....	Dundas.....O.	W. Reid.
South Clones.....	.....	Queens.....N.B.	Johnston Cooper.
South Knowlesville.....	.....	Carleton.....N.B.	Jacob Spinney.
Ste. Trinité.....	De Sales.....	Charlevoix.....Q.	Pierre Tremblay.
Trafford.....	Sheffield.....	Addington.....O.	Michael Whelan.
Toys Hill.....	Matilda.....	Dundas.....O.	J. Toy.
Ursa.....	Glamorgan.....	Peterborough, E.R.....O.	Stephen Kettle.
.....	Weedon.....	Wolfe.....Q.	Siméon Fontaine.
West Advocate.....	.....	Cumberland.....N.S.	Judson Reid.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Clydesdale.....Co. Marquette, M.
 Conroy's Farm.....Co. Hastings, O.
 Falkland.....Co. Brant, O.
 Simays Lake.....Co. Pontiac, Q.
 Weedon Station.....Co. Wolfe, Q.

NAME CHANGED.

Duncanville, Co. Victoria, N.B.....to Beaconsfield.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1881.

CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	259,443 17			17,287 55		5,531,854 87	180,000 00	70,019 22	6,058,604 81
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00						3,089,200 03	83,000 00	89,861 72	3,262,061 75

ASSETS.									
Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	1,379,582 18	615 96	2,124,758 41	1,767,110 02	921,053 54	180,000 00		*421,504 33	6,794,624 44
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	724,890 48		1,002,476 70	128,370 88	1,135,955 05	83,000 00	237,220 00	127,407 37	3,534,350 42

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th Jan., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st Octob r.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,315 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....						
\$1 & \$2.....						
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....						
\$50 & \$100.....						
\$500 & \$1000.....						
Total.....						

Fractional Notes.....	173,155 85
Provincial "	161,229 85
Montreal issue.....	7,381,852 50
Toronto "	4,831,198 00
Halifax "	1,719,568 50
St. John "	702,259 25
Victoria "	29,545 50
Total.....	\$14,998,809 45

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st December.....	2,832,888 48
Guarantee Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,752,888 48

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13— 10 p. c. on \$14,998,809 45	1,499,880 94
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13— 15 p. c. on \$14,998,809 45	2,249,821 42
	\$3,749,702 36
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	2,003,186 12
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13. 75 p.c. on \$14,998,809 45.....	12,000,000 00 11,249,107 09
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	750,892 91

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	2,003,186 12
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	750,892 91
Total Excess	2,754,079 03

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 13th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st October, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 30th Sept., 1881.	Deposits for October, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, October, 1881.	Balance, 31st October, 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	485,321 16	46,576 37	531,897 53	42,952 82	488,944 71
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	289,784 51	83,607 00	373,391 51	39,394 65	333,996 86
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,290,116 20	70,951 00	1,361,067 20	47,108 80	1,313,958 40
Nanaimo.....	135,663 51	8,479 00	144,142 51	5,983 50	138,159 01
New Westminster.....	156,350 08	11,381 00	167,731 08	6,148 21	161,582 87
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	116,825 13	5,497 00	122,322 13	6,498 66	115,823 47
Antigonish.....	29,046 83	2,755 00	31,801 83	992 27	30 809 56
Annapolis.....	110,071 44	8,147 00	118,218 44	6,010 92	112,207 52
Arichat.....	121,231 15	1,911 00	123,142 15	3,099 88	120,042 27
Acadia Mines.....	25,934 06	2,580 00	28,514 06	1,828 45	26,685 61
Baddeck.....	31,775 61	2,502 63	34,278 24	1,000 08	33,278 16
Bridgewater.....	18,059 89	695 00	18,754 89	780 00	17,974 89
Barrington.....	29,851 30	1,452 00	31,303 30	550 80	30,752 50
Digby.....	53,757 38	6,491 00	60,248 38	2,932 56	57,315 82
Guysboro'.....	41,135 69	2,135 00	43,270 69	1,670 87	41,599 82
Halifax.....	2,252,514 00	66,730 47	2,319,244 47	82,411 26	2,236,833 21
Kentville.....	77,266 54	6,689 30	83,955 84	2,189 60	81,766 24
Liverpool.....	109,249 45	3,801 00	113,050 45	2,747 40	110,303 05
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan.....	8,456 05	1,103 00	9,559 05	524 00	9,035 05
Lunenburg.....	66,716 06	1,685 00	68,401 06	2,724 72	65,676 34
Maitland.....	44,430 80	2,033 00	46,463 80	1,585 85	44,877 95
New Glasgow.....	82,869 75	6,654 00	89,523 75	2,954 10	86,569 65
Parrsboro'.....	39,871 71	1,260 00	41,131 71	1,051 55	40,080 16
Port Hood.....	42,857 23	1,690 00	44,547 23	736 97	43,810 26
Pictou.....	38,075 84	1,366 00	39,441 84	1,273 19	38,168 65
Shelburne.....	28,941 53	2,170 00	31,111 53	1,083 32	30,028 21
Sydney.....	155,306 23	4,424 00	159,730 23	5,781 28	153,948 95
Sherbrooke.....	32,235 83	700 00	32,935 83	1,748 79	31,187 04
Truro.....	175,427 99	6,612 00	182,040 99	5,416 09	176,624 90
Wallace.....	4,940 25	1,781 00	6,721 25	190 50	6,530 75
Windsor.....	361,583 33	6,317 00	367,900 33	15,548 28	352,352 05
Weymouth.....	51,573 24	817 00	52,390 24	2,398 18	49,992 06
Yarmouth.....	264,241 61	15,522 00	279,763 61	8,634 98	271,128 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,583 41	1,888 00	61,471 41	1,154 58	60,316 83
Chatham.....	177,502 43	6,401 00	183,903 43	4,397 65	179,505 78
Dalhousie.....	132,187 63	3,194 00	135,381 63	1,786 38	133,595
Dorchester.....	16,269 35	2,131 42	18,400 77	2,591 29	15,809 48
Fredericton.....	260,563 68	8,102 00	268,665 68	10,652 85	258,012 83
Hillsboro'.....	18,092 31	725 00	18,817 31	376 14	18,441 17
Moncton.....	107,317 23	13,157 00	120,474 23	8,166 93	112,307 30
Newcastle.....	115,139 76	8,740 00	123,879 76	3,762 20	120,117 59
Richibucto.....	64,553 06	390 00	64,943 06	847 99	64,095 07
St. Andrews.....	183,138 50	4,018 00	187,156 50	1,245 98	185,910 52
St. John.....	1,522,567 46	46,151 00	1,568,718 46	30,001 52	1,538,716 94
Sussex.....		3,282 00	3,282 00	280 00	3,002 00
Woodstock.....	165,144 98	6,278 00	171,422 98	3,746 12	167,676 86
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	658,047 29	26,456 00	684,503 29	20,066 09	664,437 20
Total.....	10,251,601 12	517,429 19	10,769,030 31	395,033 25	10,373,997 06

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th Sept., 1881, published in accordance with the Act 34 Vict., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Aug., 1881.	Deposits for Sept., 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, Sept., 1881.	Balance, 31st Sept., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario,—</i>					
Toronto.....	486,581 51	34,115 00	520,696 51	35,375 35	485,321 16
<i>Manitoba,—</i>					
Winnipeg	253,986 53	68,750 00	322,736 53	32,952 02	289,784 51
<i>British Columbia,—</i>					
Victoria	1,268,968 23	70,960 00	1,339,928 23	49,812 03	1,290,116 20
Nanaimo	134,026 28	4,978 00	139,004 28	3,340 77	135,663 51
New Westminster.....	146,861 68	14,592 00	161,453 68	5,103 60	156,350 08
<i>Nova Scotia,—</i>					
Amherst	110,886 37	8,463 00	119,349 37	2,524 24	116,825 13
Antigonish	25,149 83	4,732 00	29,881 83	835 00	29,046 83
Annapolis.....	107,942 98	6,391 00	114,333 98	4,262 54	110,071 44
Arichat	123,076 71	3,583 82	126,660 53	5,429 38	121,231 15
Acadia Mines.....	24,805 63	1,877 00	26,682 63	748 57	25,934 06
Baddeck.....	28,383 85	4,100 00	32,483 85	708 24	31,775 61
Bridgewater.....	17,447 83	1,754 00	19,201 83	1,141 94	18,059 89
Barrington.....	28,022 30	1,969 00	29,991 30	140 00	29,851 30
Digby	54,886 52	4,006 00	58,892 52	5,135 14	53,757 38
Guysboro	39,647 09	3,068 00	42,715 09	1,579 40	41,135 69
Halifax	2,226,177 87	88,881 28	2,315,059 15	62,545 15	2,252,514 00
Kentville.....	76,604 73	4,437 46	81,042 19	3,775 65	77,266 54
Liverpool	108,165 58	2,307 00	110,472 58	1,223 13	109,249 45
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan	8,526 05	411 00	8,937 05	481 00	8,456 05
Lunenburg.....	68,216 73	930 00	69,146 73	2,430 67	66,716 06
Maitland	43,198 19	4,036 00	47,234 19	2,803 39	44,430 80
New Glasgow	83,246 75	3,507 00	86,753 75	3,884 00	82,869 75
Parrsboro'.....	42,097 52	1,148 00	43,245 52	3,373 81	39,871 71
Port Hood.....	43,248 23	455 00	43,703 23	846 00	42,857 23
Pictou	36,365 60	2,015 00	38,380 60	304 76	38,075 84
Shelburne.....	29,715 39	408 00	30,123 39	1,181 86	28,941 53
Sydney.....	150,430 46	7,418 00	157,848 46	2,542 23	155,306 23
Sherbrooke	31,813 02	2,500 00	34,313 02	2,077 19	32,235 83
Truro	172,714 37	8,309 00	181,023 37	5,595 38	4,940 25
Wallace.....		5,040 00	5,040 00	99 75	175,427 99
Windsor.....	365,903 83	14,941 00	380,844 83	19,261 50	361,583 33
Weymouth	48,876 93	3,712 00	52,588 93	1,015 69	51,573 24
Yarmouth.....	250,452 62	19,647 00	270,099 62	5,858 01	264,241 61
<i>New Brunswick,—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,441 92	1,195 00	60,636 92	1,053 51	59,583 41
Chatham.....	171,804 99	10,212 00	182,016 99	4,514 56	177,502 43
Dalhousie	127,312 16	5,969 00	133,281 16	1,093 53	132,187 63
Dorchester.....	16,371 35	230 00	16,601 35	332 00	16,269 35
Fredericton	245,712 66	20,393 00	266,105 66	5,541 98	260,563 68
Hillsboro'.....	16,361 26	1,993 00	18,354 26	261 95	18,092 31
Moncton	103,546 76	11,284 00	114,830 76	7,513 53	107,317 23
Newcastle	115,947 79	2,796 00	118,743 79	3,604 03	115,139 76
Richibucto	61,549 06	3,546 00	65,095 06	542 00	64,553 06
St. Andrews	178,284 64	9,714 00	187,998 64	4,860 14	183,138 50
St. John	1,501,703 92	45,961 00	1,547,664 92	25,097 46	1,522,567 46
Woodstock	163,118 09	5,783 00	168,901 09	3,756 11	165,144 98
<i>Prince Edward Island,</i>					
Charlottetown	641,231 11	34,259 13	675,490 24	17,442 95	658,047 29
Total	10,038,825 57	556,776 69	10,595,602 26	344,001 14	10,251,601 12

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.		Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
		Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.		
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....		Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B)		Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.		Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)		Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited)	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,933—Canada 4 per cent. bonds		Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)		Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....		Steam Boilers, &c.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)		Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash		Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited)	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	£20,000 stg. Canada Stock.		Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire)		Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650)		Life.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B.C. Bonds.		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B)		Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock		Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)		Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Deuhlom, Gen. Agents, Montreal	\$100,343 Canada stock		Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)		Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock		Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock		Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanccliffe, General Manager, Montreal	£10,000 stg. Canada stock		Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....		Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000		Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock		Guarantee and Accident
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	£21,000 stg., Canada Stock		Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)		Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....		Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds		Life;
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....		Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,936 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815)		Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....		Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)		Fire and Life;

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Assurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000, U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont... ..	\$50,171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,667, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire and Life.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto...	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto...	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200).	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mullock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U. S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal... ..	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal...	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,243 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford. Secretary, Montreal	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Ocean Mutual Insurance Company," for the purpose of carrying on the business of Ocean Marine Insurance in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM & TUPPER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Halifax, 25th January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company, to construct and operate a line of railway, commencing at a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, in or near Township Ten (10), Range Fourteen (14) West P. M., in the Province of Manitoba, to Rapid City, Oak River, Bird Tail Creek and Fort Ellice, thence to the Touchwood Hills, and thence at or near Fort à la Corne, on the Saskatchewan River, and thence in a north westerly direction to or at or near the Pine River Pass, and thence to the Pacific Coast, at a point to be determined upon hereafter in the discretion of the company.

BIGGS & WOOD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act to incorporate a company for the erection and maintenance of Booms and other improvements affecting the lumber interest on Rainy River, for the levying of tolls, dues and charges thereon, and for colonization upon the territory bordering on said river.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.

Ottawa, 3rd February, 1882. 32-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Canadian Electric Light Company shall apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to ratify and confirm their Act of incorporation, to give them the necessary authorization to secure motive powers and the generation of electricity in any part of the Dominion of Canada, and to authorize them to use and work certain patents granted in Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 23rd January, 1882. 31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the Manitoba Midland Railway Company, with power to build and operate a railway beginning at East Garfield, on the Canada Pacific Railway, thence to the town of Macdonald on the Portage and North Western Railway, thence westerly through or near Rapid City,

to some points on the Saskatchewan or Peace Rivers in the North West Territories, with power also to build bridges and telegraph lines and to build branch line from Macdonald to Lake Manitoba.

McMILLAN & TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27th Jan., 1882.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 22 Vic., cap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the members of the said board to confirm and enact the provisions of the Acts of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic., cap. 62, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," and 38 Vic., cap. 64, intituled "An Act to amend the Act intituled 'An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,'" and of the Act of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 75, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic. cap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland"; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the said managers; to confirm and enact the provisions of the Act of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic. cap. 61, intituled "An Act to amend 'An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,'" save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to confirm and enact the provisions of an Act passed by the Legislature of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 76, intituled "An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston," and to enable the said College to stand towards the Presbyterian Church in Canada in relations similar to those which it lately held to the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; or to otherwise deal with the matters referred to in the said last-mentioned Act.

JOHN HAMILTON (of Kingston.)

31-9

Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

NOTICE is hereby given that the McClary Manufacturing Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the said company with increased powers.

MEREDITH & SCATCHERD,

Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1882. 30-11

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act to reduce the paid-up capital and stock of "The Exchange Bank of Yarmouth" to the extent of thirty per cent.

SANDFORD H. PELTON,

Solicitor for applicants.

ALFRED PATRICK,

Parliamentary Agent.

21st January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Qu'Appelle Land Company" with power to acquire, improve and sell lands and promote immigration, and with other powers.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK.

Solicitors for the applicants.

Toronto, 16th January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an amendment of the Letters Patent incorporating the said company, in respect of the nationality and residence of the directors of the said company.

TAIT & ABBOTTS.

Montreal, 18th January, 1882.

30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the Great American and European Short Line Railway Company, with power: 1st. To construct, equip and operate lines of railway from a point at or near Cape North, in the Island of Cape Breton, to the Strait of Canso, and from the Strait of Canso, through the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario, to a point or points in United States Territory; 2nd. To construct, equip and operate steamers, and steam ferry communication between any of the Provinces of the Dominion, and between the Dominion and Newfoundland, and between the Dominion and Europe, and between Newfoundland and Europe, and also said ferry connection on the Strait of Canso; 3rd. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with the matter and powers before mentioned, and the working and operating of the same.

A. L. BLACKMAN,

for self and other Corporators.

Halifax, 3rd January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE.—"The Bell Telephone Company of Canada" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to its Act of incorporation 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to manufacture besides the articles referred to in such second section such other articles or things as the company may

deem advisable, also to transmit messages by telegraph as well as by telephone, also to purchase telegraph as well as telephone lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its telegraph and telephone lines from any one to any other of the Provinces in the Dominion, and whereby also it shall be declared that said Act of incorporation and its amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,
Solicitors for said company.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is given that application will be made to Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the St. Lawrence and Pacific Railway Ferry Co.

Montreal, 10th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway and telegraph from some point at or near to Michipicoton Harbor, on the north east of Lake Superior, to Moose Fort or some other point on James' Bay, wherever it might be deemed most advisable to build the line.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Toronto, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to amend the Act 43 Vic. chap. 46, and to define the powers, duties and term of office of the liquidators appointed to wind up the affairs of the Consolidated Bank of Canada, and to provide for their replacement, in consequence of the remaining assets having been disposed of, and for other purposes.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Great Eastern Railway Company.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the passage of an Act to consolidate the several Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company and declaratory of the powers heretofore granted to the said company, and to grant to the said company all such other powers as have heretofore been granted by Parliament to other telegraph companies.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.

Montreal Office, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Western

Canada Colonization Company," with power to acquire, improve and sell lands, and promote immigration, and with other powers.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 3rd January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the term of several patents of invention issued to Thomas A. Edison, and to extend the time for manufacture under the terms of the said patents and the general statutes in that behalf, and to allow importation of articles covered by such patents for a limited time.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the said Thomas A. Edison.
Dated Hamilton, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the period limited for the completion of the works of the Canada Southern Bridge Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company. 28-9

NOTICE is given that the "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to the eighth and thirteenth sections of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 58, intituled "An Act to increase and extend the powers of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.
Montreal, 29th December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act incorporating "The International Construction Company," with power to said company to enter into contracts for the construction, equipment or operating of railway and telegraph lines, canals, bridges, steamboats and barges within the Dominion of Canada, and for acquiring, holding, selling and leasing of real estate, within said Dominion.

THOMAS WELLS,
Solicitor for applicants.
Winnipeg, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company; to make provision for the issue of a certain amount of paid-up stock, as paid-up shares of stock in said company; to increase the amount of bonds, or debentures, which may be issued by said company; to authorize said company to construct a bridge over the Ottawa river, at some point between the village of Aylmer and the city of Ottawa: to fix a day

for the annual general meeting of the shareholders of said company; and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 22nd December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, by "The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada," for an Act to amend the Acts incorporating and relating to the said company by authorizing the said company to carry on the business of inland and ocean marine insurance, and to otherwise extend the business of the company; to authorize the directors to levy assessments on the shareholders whenever the stock is impaired, or to readjust or write off any part of the paid-up capital; to extend the class or nature of securities in which the company may invest its funds; to authorize the company to take over the business of or to amalgamate with any other company, and otherwise to extend the powers of the company and to amend the said Acts.

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.

Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the British America Assurance Company, will apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, to pass an Act amending their charter, and the several Acts affecting the same, by changing the time for the holding of the annual meeting of the said company, and the election of the directors thereof, from the first Monday of August to the second Thursday in the month of February in each year; and to close the financial year of the company, for the annual statement, to be submitted to the proprietors of the said company at the said meeting, on the 3rd day of December in each year, and to consolidate all Acts affecting the said company as so amended.

C. GAMBLE,
Solicitor for B.A.A. Co.

British America Assurance Co. Buildings,
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the "Commercial Travellers Association of Canada," to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to give effect to the By-Laws of the Association; and to declare the "Accident" and "Mortuary" benefits provided by such By-Laws to be exempt from liability to the creditors of any member of the Association; and also providing for the deposit with the Dominion Government of the "Permanent Reserve Fund" of the Association for the purpose of securing the said benefits and upon terms as similar as may be to those provided for deposits with the Government under the General Insurance Acts; and to otherwise amend and extend the Acts relating to the said Association.

H. SYMONS,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated the third day of January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to revive the Statute 43 Vic. chap. 56, incorporating the "South Saskatchewan Valley Railway Company" and to amend the same by extending the time for commencing the said railway, and for other purposes.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solicitor for the applicants.

29th Dec, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the shareholders of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, under the name of the "Canada Mutual Telegraph Company," and to confer upon the said company all such powers and privileges as are now enjoyed or possessed by any other telegraph company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the letters patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 30th November, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, working and operating a line of railway from the east end of Lake Athabasca in the North West Territories, to some point on the Hudson Bay at or near Fort Churchill, with power to build bridges and to build, own and run tramways, steamers and boats on the Peace and Athabasca Rivers and their tributaries and other navigable waters connected with the line.

KENNEDY & SUTHERLAND,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Winnipeg, 20th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Brant Loan and Savings Society under the name of "The Brant Loan and Savings Company," and empowering said company to issue stock and debentures, invest moneys on real estate, bank stock, debentures and other securities, and to purchase, hold, improve and dispose of lands, and otherwise to exercise the powers usually conferred on Loaning companies.

WILSON, SMYTH & MUIRHEAD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Brantford, 27th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The American Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

C. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for the applicants.

25th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the Montreal Board of Trade, to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to permit the fusion and amalgamation of the said Board with other commercial corporate bodies in that City.

Montreal, 23rd December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, by the C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company, for an Act of incorporation changing its name, and granting it extended powers and privileges.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, and the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 38, and to make more clear the provisions of the said last named Act; to provide also for supplying the place of any one or more of the joint assignees who may die, remove or from any cause become incapacitated from acting; also to define the powers of the joint assignees as respects the collecting, making or giving notices of calls, bringing of suits for assessments on stocks and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the "St. Lawrence Bridge and Manufacturing Company" for the purpose of constructing a bridge over the St. Lawrence river, opposite the City of Montreal, by way of St. Helen's Island, and for enlarging and improving in connection therewith the Harbor of Montreal; the whole in general conformity with the scheme known as the "Shearer scheme," proposed by Mr. James Shearer, and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company to be a work for the general advantage of Canada, and also to amend the several Acts relating to the said company, and for further power for the issue of bonds and debenture stock, and to re-arrange and increase their bonded debt, and for the repeal of section twelve of the Act forty-three Victoria, chapter sixty-six (Ontario), providing for the appointment of a Commissioner for the purpose therein mentioned, and also to repeal the seventeenth section of the said Act providing for the election of a director by certain municipalities therein mentioned, and for other purposes; and also to repeal the last proviso in the fourteenth section of the Act forty-four Victoria, chapter seventy four (Ontario), and also to give the said company power to arrange with other railway companies for station accommodation and to join with other companies in the erection of a joint station, and also the right to make running arrangements with other railways; also to purchase, charter and work steamboats and other vessels; and also to authorize the said company to amalgamate with or lease their line to the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, and for other purposes.

MARTIN & ELLIOT,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Hamilton, the 28th day of December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act extending the period of twelve months limited by the fifth section of the Act authorizing the establishment of Superannuation Provident and Insurance Funds by the company; also to authorize the company to purchase or lease railways which touch or intersect its own line or to amalgamate with the companies owning such railways, also to declare and define the company's powers in that respect, and to authorize the acquisition of station grounds and premises and access thereto for the company's purposes.

SAMUEL BARKER,
Solicitor G.W. Ry. Co.
Dated at Hamilton, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

TAKE Notice that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Niagara River Bridge Company.

The applicants purpose erecting a bridge (without a drawbridge) for railway purposes from some point in the Dominion of Canada on the left bank of the Niagara River to some point in the United States of America between the Falls of Niagara and the mountain ridge above Lewiston.

The applicants purpose charging or levying a toll of not more than five dollars per car for each car passing over said bridge.

FOSTER, CLARKE & BOWES,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the General Land Company of Canada, for the purposes of purchasing and colonizing lands in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

ROYAL & PRUD'HOMME,
Solicitors for applicants.
Winnipeg, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the Saskatchewan and Qu'Appelle Navigation Company, for the purposes of dredging and navigating the Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle and Assiniboine Rivers.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 14th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Tecumseh Insurance Company of Canada," for the purpose of carrying on the business of fire and inland marine and live stock insurance.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, will apply at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an amendment to their Act of incorporation to authorize them to adopt the provisions relating to Mutual Insurance Companies in the Province of Ontario, and also to issue policies covering losses from wind storms and tornadoes.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that a Bill will be introduced at the next session of the Dominion Parliament to ratify and confirm the resolutions of the "North Shore Railway Company" of the eleventh day of August, and of the second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, having for their object to transfer to the Province of Quebec all the interest of the said company in the railway then in course of construction between the cities of Quebec and Montreal, and the rights belonging thereto; and also to ratify and confirm the deed of cession and transfer passed by the "Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway Company," the sixteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, before Mtre Louis N. Dumuchel, Notary, to the Government of the Province of Quebec, of all the interest of the said Com-

pany in its railway then in course of construction between Montreal and Aylmer, with a branch to St. Jérôme, and the rights belonging thereto.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. of Railways.

Dated Quebec, 20th Dec., 1881. 26-9

A PPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company to be called the "Ontario Pacific Railroad" Company, for the purpose of constructing, equipping and operating a line of railway from Cornwall by Ottawa, touching at or near Arnprior, Eganville, lake Nipissing to Sault Ste. Marie, and branches, with power to bridge the St. Lawrence and St. Mary's Rivers at or near both termini.

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Ottawa, 19th December, 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the "Anchor Insurance Company" by enabling it to transact the business of Fire Insurance, to reduce its capital and for other purposes.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY,
Solicitors for applicant.

Toronto, 22nd Dec., 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to empower "The New York and Ontario Furnace Company," a corporation organized under the Laws of the State of New Jersey, to acquire and hold real and personal estate in the Dominion of Canada and to carry on in the Dominion of Canada the business of mining, smelting, and manufacture of iron and steel, and to incorporate the shareholders thereof into a corporation under and by the authority of the Parliament of Canada for the above purposes.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Belleville, 22nd December, A.D. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from or near Montreal to a point on the southern boundary of the township of Dundee, in the county of Huntingdon, there to connect with a railway in the State of New York, and to build a branch to connect with the Canada Atlantic Railway at some point in the county of Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
for Applicants.

Huntingdon, Que., Dec. 10, 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for a charter to incorporate "The Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company," and to empower said company to enter upon lands, to locate, construct and carry on a railway for transporting vessels, with or without cargo, from Chignecto Bay to Baie Verte; and to locate, construct and maintain a Passenger and Freight Railway in combination therewith from Amherst to Cape Jouriman; and to invest the said company with all usual and requisite powers for the above purposes.

H. G. C. KETCHUM,
Promoter and Engineer.

Fredericton, Nov. 22, 1881. 25-9

ENGLISH AND COLONIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

A PPLICATION will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating this company so as to authorize the said company to organize and commence business on the subscription and payment on account of capital of less amounts than are mentioned in the said Act, and for other purposes.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the Niagara Grand Island Bridge.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Edison Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated Hamilton, Ont., 15th Dec. 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the time limited by the several Acts respecting the Canada Southern Railway Company or the Erie and Niagara Railway Company, for commencing and completing the original lines of the said companies or any branch lines authorized by the said Acts or any of them.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

25-10

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Richelieu Bridge Company, with power to build, work, maintain and manage a toll bridge for ordinary traffic purposes across the Richelieu River from the Parishes of St. Thomas in the county of Missisquoi to Lacolle or St. Valentine in the county of St. John. The said bridge to be constructed with a draw leaving a passage when open of forty feet, or the width of that of the Vermont Junction Railway Bridge over same river at St. John's, Que. The bridge over navigable portions of said river to have abutments or piers one hundred and fifty feet apart, and arches five feet or more above high water mark, and over unnavigable portions to be built of piles if desired. Arches of bridge to be of such height above high water, the intervals between the abutments or piers, width of draw to be such as may be approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council. And with power to collect tolls for any passage over said bridge at rates not to exceed the following: Foot passengers, each way, five cents; loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs, and spring colts following the mare, each way, ten cents; sheep and pigs, per head, five cents; cart, carriage, buggy, waggon, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, each way, twenty-five cents; carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter, or other vehicle drawn by two animals, each way, thirty-five cents. The above rates include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Clarenceville, Que., Dec. 10, 1881. 25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Ottawa and Arnprior Junction railway Company" for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from Quyon or some adjacent point in the Township of Onslow, in the County of Pontiac, Province of Quebec, to the Village of Arnprior, in the Province of Ontario, crossing the Ottawa River by way of the Chats Falls or Rapids; with power also to construct the necessary bridge or bridges over said river for the purposes of said railway at or near said Chats Falls or Rapids; also with power to extend said railway from Arnprior, crossing the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Arnprior to some point in the Township of Bagot, in the County of Renfrew, on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, and if necessary also to cross the Kingston and Pembroke Railway at said point; also with power to build branch lines, to sell or lease said railway, to amalgamate with any other Railway Company, to lease or buy any other railway, and to connect with and obtain running powers over other railways, and to construct along said railway and branches a Telegraph line.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Dated, December 15th 1881.

25-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, to Smith's Falls, and thence to the Town of Perth, in the County of Lanark, and Province of Ontario, to be called "The Montreal and Central Canada Railway Company," with power to construct a bridge or bridges across the Rideau River, the Rideau Canal, the Ottawa River and the St. Anne's Canal, with power to amalgamate with, connect with, and obtain running powers over any line or lines of railway and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada, and with power to build and run tramways, steam ferries, steamboats, vessels and barges, in connection with the said line of railway and bridges.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, Dec., A.D. 1881.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Ontario Investment Association," and authorizing said Association to lend money on the security of Real Estate in Manitoba, or any other of the Provinces of the Dominion, and permitting the said Association to charge such interest on the loans effected as may be agreed upon with the borrowers, and also enlarging the borrowing powers of the said Association and enabling it to receive money on deposit.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 14th December, 1881.

25-10

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to reduce the capital stock of the Ontario Bank.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank,
Toronto, 7th December, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the Souris and Rocky Mountain Railway Company, for purpose of enabling the said company to construct its line and branches north of Fifty-first degree of North Latitude.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 1st December, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, by "The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company" for an Act changing the name of the company to the "Dominion Life Insurance Company," or such other name as the Directors may approve of, and to amend the seventh, eighth and eleventh sections of the Act incorporating the said company, and for other amendments to the said Act

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from a point on the North Branch of the Saskatchewan River, between Fort à La Corne and Carleton, running north-westerly to the Peace River, to be called "The Saskatchewan and Peace River Railway," with power to build and run branches to any navigable waters to the north of said main line and south to the North Branch of the Saskatchewan River.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for the applicants.

6th December, 1881.

24-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given by The Ottawa, Vaudreuil and Montreal Railway Company that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act further to extend the time limited for the construction of that portion of the line of the said Railway Company lying between West Hawkesbury and the City of Ottawa, and further to confirm the powers conferred upon said company.

PINHEY & CHRISTIE,
Solicitors for the company.

Dated 6th December, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act incorporating the Pilots commissioned for the service of Pilotage between Quebec and Montreal, under the name of "The Corporation of Pilots of Montreal."

BELLEAU & STAFFORD,
Attorneys.

Quebec, 26th October, 1881.

24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to authorize the said company to purchase, lease, or amalgamate with any line of railway, whose line touches or intersects any part of their line, also

to declare and define the powers of the said company in that respect, and further for power under the provisions of the Railway Act, to acquire station grounds and tracks leading thereto which in their judgment may be necessary for their purposes.

JOHN BELL,

Solicitor of the G. T. R. Co. of Canada.

Dated at Montreal, this 2nd day of Nov., 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Saskatchewan, with power to acquire and hold real estate and invest the moneys of said Synod in such part of the Dominion of Canada and on such securities as may, by the said Synod, be deemed proper from time to time.

BLAKE, KERR & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 5th December, 1881. 24-9

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a resolution of the shareholders of the Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company, passed at a special general meeting of the shareholders of the said company, duly called and held at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, on the 22nd day of November, 1881, application will be made by said company to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for a special Act to authorize the said company to wind up and liquidate its affairs.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
President.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Vice President.

ALEXANDER GIBB,
Solicitor for applicants.

JOHN PENNOCK,
Secretary.

Ottawa, 7th December 1881. 24-9

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made, by the persons hereinafter named, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Great Seal, constituting the said persons hereinafter named and such others as may become shareholders of the company to be thereby created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877."

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Stevens Turner and Burns Foundry and General Manufacturing Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are for carrying on a general brass and iron foundry business and manufacturing agricultural, electrical and other machines and appliances and engines of every description, and for dealing in such machines, appliances and engines, and in all kinds of brass, iron and other metal goods.

3. The chief place of business of said company in the Dominion of Canada is to be the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, with branches and agencies in such other places within the Dominion as may be deemed necessary.

4. The amount of the capital stock of said company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five thousand of fifty dollars each.

6. The names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—

Thomas Allen Stevens, William Pearce Turner, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Joseph

Seymour Fallows and John Elliott, all of the said City of London, manufacturers; Henry Taylor, of the said, City of London, broker; Charles Murray, of the same place, banker; Benjamin Cronyn, of the same place, barrister; John Labatt, of the same place, brewer, and Frank Beamers Scovell, of the same place, practical engineer.

7. The said Thomas Allen Stevens, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Elliott, Henry Taylor, John Labatt and Charles Murray, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,

Solicitors for applicants.

London, 26th January, 1882.

32-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The North West Fertile Belt Colonization Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$1,000,000, in ten thousand shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: John Northwood, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, province of Ontario, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the same place, Gentleman; Andrew Northwood, of the same place, merchant; William Northwood, of the same place, maltster; William Smith Ireland, of the said Town of Chatham, bank manager; and William McGregor, of the Town of Windsor, in the County of Essex, in the said Province, miller, of whom the three first named are to be provisional directors of the company.

H. J. EBERTS,

For self and co-applicants.

Chatham, Ont., 24th January, 1882.

32-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation to the hereinafter mentioned applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in said company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for the purposes hereafter mentioned.

1. The acquiring of land or any interest therein in Manitoba or the North West Territories or elsewhere from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, or from any company or individuals. The colonization, settling, cultivating or building upon the said lands. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and otherwise disposing or dealing with the same. The borrowing, loaning and advancing of money upon the same, to assist the settler and securing such advances by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land as may be agreed upon. The breeding, raising, selling or purchasing of horses, cattle and sheep, and the carrying on of all farming operations.

2. The corporate name of the said proposed company is the "Ontario and North Western Land Company."

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at Whitby, in the County and Province of Ontario, having branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000. 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are George Young Smith, of the town of Whitby, barrister; Henry Betts Taylor, of the said town of Whitby, Bank agent; Reverend J. Herbert Starr, of the said town of Whitby, Methodist Minister; John Rice, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Wellington Adams, of the said town of Whitby, dentist; D. E. Starr, of the town of Brampton, accountant; Jeremiah Long, of the said town of Whitby, grain merchant; George H. Starr, of the town of Brandon, merchant; Joshua Richardson, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Thomas J. Holliday, of the village of Brooklin, merchant; Frank Warren, of the said village of Brooklin, doctor of medicine; Reverend James A. Carmichael, of the village of Columbus, Presbyterian Minister; James Rowe Philp, of the said town of Whitby, merchant.

6. The said George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Reverend J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren and James Rowe Philp will be the first or Provisional Directors, all of whom reside in Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Whitby, 1st February, 1882.

32-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the undermentioned persons a body corporate and politic under the name of "The North West Cattle Company, Limited," for the purpose of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock raising at or in the Bow River Country in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a head office in the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec.

The capital stock of the company to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the said applicants are as follows: Sir Hugh Allan, Knight, Andrew Allan, Gentleman, Thomas D. Milburne, Gentleman, Charles Stimson, merchant, all of Montreal aforesaid, and Frederick Smith Stimson, of Compton, in the Province of Quebec, farmer.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882.

30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by the Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, of the City of Toronto; James Beaty, the younger, of the same place, barrister at law; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterboro, in the Province of Ontario, railway manager; Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, merchant, and Frederick Charles Denison, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The British Canadian Colonization Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars.

5. To be divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, James Beaty the younger, George A. Cox, Frederick Charles Denison and Robert Jaffray, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th Jan., 1882.

29-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described, will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters patent under the great seal granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Medical Specialities Manufacturing Company."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are the manufacturing and selling of drugs, medicines and medical specialties of all kinds and descriptions, throughout the Dominion of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is (\$8,000) eight thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be eighty, and the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows, namely:—

The Honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, of the City of Montreal, Queen's Counsel; Thomas Craig Fields, Gentleman, and George Simpson, merchant, both of the Parish of St. Andrews, in the said Province of Quebec; James Muir, of the said City of Montreal, real estate agent, and George Bury, of the City of Montreal, accountant; the three first named of whom, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Simeon Jones, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, banker; Howard Douglas Troop, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; The Hon. Isaac Burpee, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Member of the Parliament of Canada; Jeremiah Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; William Frederick Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; John Stewart, of the said City of St. John, merchant; James Vaughan, of the City of Liverpool, in England, G.B., merchant; George McLeod, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Thomas Furlong, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Henry Roycroft Ranney, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, insurance agent; the Honorable Abner Reid McClelan, of Hopewell, Albert County, in the Province of New Brunswick, senator,—for letters patent to constitute them and others who may become shareholders hereafter, a body corporate under the name of "New Brunswick Steam Ship Company, limited."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: to purchase, construct, acquire, charter, hire, sell, lease, repair and operate steamboats, sailing vessels and other vessels of all kinds and to carry on therewith the business of common carriers, forwarders, traders and the conveyance of mails, the transportation of passengers, merchandise and all such business as is usually carried on by Ocean steamers and sailing vessels, between Canada, Great Britain and other countries; also tugs, barges and all other kinds of vessels used in harbour and navigable waters.

To purchase, construct, acquire, hire, lease, and own wharves, warehouses and other buildings; slips, piers, docks, dockyards, tramways, elevators and work the same; to establish shops and stores and vend articles of ship stores and merchandise therein as may be requisite and necessary for the carrying on of said business, with power to sell and dispose of or exchange for other property when not required for the purposes of said Company, also power to make, draw, accept and endorse promissory notes, bills of exchange, drafts or bank cheques requisite in the company's interest, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainments of the above objects.

The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the City of St. John, Province of New Brunswick, and at such other places in the several Provinces of the Dominion as the directors may from time to time determine; and its chief place of business will be in the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100.00 each. The said Isaac Burpee, Jeremiah Harrison, Simeon Jones, Thomas Furlong, Howard D. Troop, John Stewart, George McLeod, Hon. Abner Reid McClelan, and James Vaughan of Liverpool, a major part of whom are residents in Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

St John, N.B., 10th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey any real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 7th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, by Louis Bredannaz, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, carriage-maker, Edmond Armand, of the same place, chemist, Frederick Aiken Howland, of Lambton Mills, in the Province of Ontario, miller; Allen John Stephens, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, manufacturer; Oliver Aiken Howland, of the same place, barrister, and Samuel Trees, of the said City of Toronto, merchant, for letters patent incorporating the "Toronto Patent Wheel and Waggon Company, (Limited)" for the purpose of manufacturing, selling, and dealing in all kinds of vehicles and acquiring and working patents relating thereto.

Chief place of business, at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario. Capital, \$25,000, divided into 250 shares of \$100 each.

Provisional Directors, the above named Louis Bredannaz, Edmond Armand, Frederick Aiken Howland, Allen John Stephens and Samuel Trees.

HOWLAND, ARNOLD & RYERSON,
Solicitors for applicants.

December 28th, 1881.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act,

for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ottawa and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$200,000, in 2,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Francis Clemow, of the City of Ottawa, coal merchant; Charles T. Bate, of Ottawa, President of the Ottawa Gas Company; Charles Magee, of Ottawa, Real Estate Agent; Robert Blackburn, of New Edinburgh, in the County of Carleton, merchant; the Honorable Richard W. Scott, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Henry N. Bate, of Ottawa, merchant; Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Edward Anderson C. Pew, of the Town of Welland, Province of Ontario, Esquire. Alexander Fraser, of Westmeath, in the County of Renfrew, lumber merchant, and James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the Province of Quebec, President of the Bank of Ottawa.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional Directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, the 4th day of January, 1882. 28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, by Redmond Brough, civil engineer; Henry O'Brien, barrister; Thomas Dill, mechanical engineer; William A. Browne, civil engineer; and Robert Roddy, clerk of the Corporation of Toronto, all of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, for Letters Patent incorporating the Canadian Patent Rail, Joint and Supply Company for the purpose of acquiring and working patents for improvements in railway rails, plant and supply and for the construction and manufacture of such rails plant and supplies, with its chief place of business at Toronto in the Province of Ontario, with a capital stock of \$20,000 divided into 1,000 shares of \$20 each. Of the above applicants the following are provisional directors of the company: Redmond Brough, Henry O'Brien and Thomas Dill.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,

28-6 Solicitors for applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent, under the provisions of

"The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Mark Cohen, of the City of Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, merchant, Samuel Davis, merchant, Alexander Saunders, merchant, Lewis Saunders, merchant, Moise Schwob, merchant, Asher Ansell, merchant, John Moss, merchant, Hyam D. Moss, merchant; Bendix A. Boas, merchant, of the city of Montreal, Quebec, Mark Samuels, merchant, Alfred David Benjamin, merchant, Emanuel Samuels, merchant, of the city of Toronto, Ontario, and Edmund Scheuer of the city of Hamilton, Ontario, merchant; to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The International Colonization Company, of Canada, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve, and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada; to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting, on any terms or system that may be considered advisable; to stock the same lands, and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce; to work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral produce of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company, and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money, or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal estate for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars, in one hundred thousand shares of ten dollars each.

5. The above mentioned applicants, who are all subjects of Her Majesty are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

Montreal, 5th January, 1882.

28-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of a company in and by the name "The Temperance Colonization Society."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) With power to contract with the purchasers and settlers of the lands that intoxicating liquor or alcoholic beverages shall not be manufactured or sold in the settlement.

- (c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.
- (d) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.
- (e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.
- (f) To aid either by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.
- (g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.
- (h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.
3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.
4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$2,000,000.
5. There are to be 20,000, (twenty thousand) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.
6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants: that is to say, the following residing in the City of Toronto, George Maclean Rose, publisher; William Pemberton Page, editor of the *Canadian Farmer*; Arthur Farley, merchant; John N. Lake, land agent; Joseph Alpheus Livingston, manufacturer and importer; William Gooderham, President of the Toronto and Nipissing Railway; David Millar, merchant; Henry O'Hara, Insurance Agent; Daniel Rose, publisher; Joseph B. King, Grand Secretary Independent Order of Oddfellows; R. S. Hudson, inspector; J. Herbert Bartlett, Manager Toronto Bridge Company; Joseph Wild, Doctor of Divinity; J. Watson Hughes, commission merchant; John Potts, Doctor of Divinity; William J. Hunter, Doctor of Divinity, George B. Sparling, Professor Upper Canada College; W. K. Dickson, commission merchant; Samuel White, capitalist; F. Marriott, accountant; Arthur Worth, accountant; Joseph Lucas, Assistant Inspector Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company; W. Lowrey, accountant; N. Willcocks, accountant; R. K. Robb, accountant; G. H. Hall, accountant; Charles Marriott, commercial traveller; W. R. Smallpiece, commercial traveller; C. T. Leonard, attorney at law; J. R. Davis, accountant; J. D. Moulton, commercial agent; B. H. Vidal, Barrister; A. J. Williams, attorney at law; William Reford, commission merchant; W. B. Close, real estate agent; D. W. Clendenan, barrister; William Baillie, merchant; Ghent Davis, Gentleman, David Henderson Gentleman; J. R. Adamson, Gentleman; S. G. Chamberlain, Gentleman; W. N. Harris, merchant; H. B. Hunt, merchant; Curran Morrison, barrister; George Patterson, merchant; Fred Winstanley, Gentleman; Wesley A. Law, proprietor commercial agency; J. B. Nixon, commission merchant; H. B. Blachford, merchant; W. H. H. Mussen, gentleman; Frederick Weir Harcourt, solicitor, F. S. Smith, gentleman; C. E. Blachford, merchant John C. Forbes, artist; J. J. Toukin, merchant; Thomas H. Gilmour, gentleman; D. W. Alexander, merchant; John C. Hurst, insurance agent; E. A. Childs, merchant; Robert Houghton, gentleman; Berry Moore, merchant; Thomas McCracken, lumber merchant; George W. Torrance, merchant; Henry E. Caston, barrister; David S. Keith, merchant; Thomas T. Rolph, barrister, and William Oldright, physician and

surgeon; the following residing in the City of Hamilton: J. C. White, merchant; William Clark, farmer; Lawrence C. Lee, farmer, and Thomas Griffith, clergyman, and S. W. Hill, of Ridgeville, farmer; A. Gifford, of Meaford, farmer; William Blair, M.P.P., of Truro, Nova Scotia; Ambrose Wilcox of Springfield, merchant; J. G. Robinson, of Belleville, President of the Hastings Loan Company and Treasurer of Albert College; W. H. Moss, of Granton, clergyman; James McLean, of Mount Pleasant, mill owner; Thomas Keyes, of St. Catharines, farmer; the Hon. David Reesor, of Yorkville, senator; George Douglas, of Montreal, Doctor of Divinity; E. A. Telfer, of London, England, clergyman; James A. Hall, of Peterboro, Sheriff; G. W. Grant, of Granton, gentleman; M. W. Minthorne, of Stratford, commercial traveller; J. A. Musgrove, broker, and W. H. Musgrove, and J. T. Musgrove, clergymen, all of Philadelphia, in the United States of America; W. H. Hornby, of Brampton, farmer; W. C. Hamilton, of Goderich, merchant; George Cox, of London, Ontario, gentleman; George Jackson, of Downsview, land owner; N. B. Colcock, of Welland, merchant; M. S. Smith, farmer, and John McIntyre, both of Tilsonburg; David D. Hay, of Listowell, Division Court Clerk; J. M. Bond, of Guelph, merchant; Charles Turner, of Davenport, clergyman; H. H. Bridgland, of Downsview aforesaid, land owner; Robert Barber, of Streetsville, merchant; W. H. Storey, of Acton, merchant; John R. Barber, of Georgetown, merchant; Thomas Webster, of Brantford, Grand Scribe Sons of Temperance; James Daly, of Brampton, farmer, and Isaac Simpson, of Kingston, private banker; Of whom the said George Maclean Rose, William Pemberton Page, Arthur Farley, John N. Lake, and Joseph Alpheus Livingston are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company.

McCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB, & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for applicants,

Dated at Toronto, this 4th day of January, 1882.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Robert Irving Walker, of the City of Toronto, merchant; Reverend William Bee, of the same place, Methodist Minister; Robert Walker, of the same place, merchant; Reverend Thomas Griffith, of the Town of Brampton, Methodist Minister; Robert John Fleming, of the City of Toronto, merchant,—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Primitive Methodist Colonization Company," (Limited.)

2.—The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges; the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada,

and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one hundred thousand dollars.

5. To be divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Robert Irving Walker, William Bee, Robert Walker, Thomas Griffith and Robert John Fleming are to be first or provisional Directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th December, 1881.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, by Frederick Ardla Fitzgerald, of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, oil refiner; John Walker, of the same place, manufacturer; Thomas Allen Stevens, of the same place, manufacturer; Joseph Seymour Fallows, of the same place, oil refiner; William Pearce Turner, of the same place, manufacturer; Frank Beemer Scovel, of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, one of the United States of America, mechanical engineer; James Burns, of the said City of London, manufacturer, and Thomas H. Tracy, of the said City of London, civil engineer, for letters patent under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," constituting the applicants and such others as may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ball Electric Light Company, (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to manufacture and deal in electrical machines and appliances of all kinds; to purchase or sell patents of invention for electrical inventions of any kinds and licenses for using the same; to erect and construct lines of wires and other appliances for and to supply electric light or power, and generally to supply electricity or electrical appliances for all purposes for which they are applicable.

3. The chief place of business of the Company shall be in the City of London, Ontario, but other places of business may be established from time to time throughout Canada as the company may require.

4. The intended amount of capital of the said company shall be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is five thousand and the amount of each share is one hundred dollars.

6. The applicants shall be the first directors of the company.

W. W. FITZGERALD,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at London, Ont., 10th October, 1881. 27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned, and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic, by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Canadian Manufacturer Publishing Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the printing and publishing of newspapers, books, pamphlets, periodicals, and information for the promotion of manufacturing and commercial industries in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the Company will be Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock in the first instance will be \$5,000.

3

5. The number of shares will be fifty, and the value of each share, \$100.

The names in full and the addresses and callings of the applicants, are respectively as follows: Frederick Nicholls, Toronto, journalist; Thomas Cowan, Galt, manufacturer; Thomas D. Wardlaw, Galt, manufacturer; James S. Wardlaw, Galt, manufacturer; Henry Bickford, Dundas, manufacturer; James Young, Hamilton, manufacturer; Hamilton Young, manufacturer; Samuel J. Leonard, Dundas, manufacturer.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional Directors.

F. M. McDOUGALL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa this 28th of December, A.D., 1881.

27-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent incorporating the undermentioned applicants and those who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is the "Canada Jute Company, (Limited)."

2. The purpose for which incorporation is sought is, the making, manufacturing and selling of bags, and the importing, buying and selling of all materials required in the making and manufacturing thereof.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five hundred; the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, are as follows:

The Honorable John Hamilton, Senator, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Alexander Murray, merchant, John McDougall, manufacturer, Joshua Collins, merchant,—all of the said city of Montreal; who are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

Dated at Montreal, this twentieth day of December, 1881.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,

Attorneys for solicitors.

27-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF HALIFAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. on the capital of the People's Bank of Halifax, for the present half-year, will be paid at the Banking House, on and after Tuesday, the 28th February next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 13th to the 28th February.

PETER JACK,

Cashier.

Halifax, N. S., 27th Jan. 1882.

32-4

NOTICE is hereby given that books for subscription of stock in the Nelson Valley Railway and Transportation Company, will be opened at its office, Union Buildings, Montreal, on Saturday, 11th March, at eleven o'clock, a.m.

By order of the Provisional Board,

J. P. EDWARDS,

Secretary.

Montreal, 1st February, 1882.

32-4

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

NOTICE.—The annual general meeting of the stockholders of La Banque du Peuple will be held at the Office of the Bank, St. James street, on the sixth of March next, at three o'clock p.m., in conformity with the 16th and 17th clauses of the Act of incorporation.

By order of the Board of Directors,
A. A. TROTTIER,
Cashier.

Montreal, 31st January, 1882. 32-5

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Ottawa will be held at the Banking House in Ottawa, on Wednesday the 15th day of March next, for the purpose of considering the distribution among the present stockholders of the unsubscribed balance of the authorized capital stock of the Bank, and also to consider the propriety of opening other branches of the Bank.

By order of the Board,
GEO. BURN,
Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 2nd February, 1882. 32-6

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

DIVIDEND No. 93.

THE stockholders of La Banque du Peuple are hereby notified that a semi-annual dividend of two (2) per cent. for the last six months has been declared on the capital stock, and will be payable at the office of the Bank on and after Monday the 6th March next. The transfer book will be closed from the 15th to the 28th February, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.
A. A. TROTTIER, Cashier.

Montreal, 31st January, 1882. 32-5

THE LONDON MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

THE annual general meeting of the members of this company will be held at their Offices, Richmond Street, in the City of London, on Wednesday 15th February 1882, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, when a statement of the affairs of the company will be presented and directors elected in place of those retiring, but who are eligible for re-election.

D. C. MACDONALD,
Manager.

London, Ont., 20th January 1882. 31-2

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the shareholders of the Winnipeg and Hudson's Bay Railway and Steamship Company will be held at No. 10, York Street, Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th day of February, 1882, at 3 p.m., for the purpose of electing seven directors in accordance with 43, Vict. chap. 59, sec. 8 of this Act.

JOSEPH RIOPELLE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Ottawa, 27th January, 1882. 31-2

KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general annual meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held at the Company's offices in the City of Kingston, at noon on Wednesday the 8th day of February 1882.

By order,
GEO. OSBORNE,
Sec. Treas.

29-4

THE ONTARIO AND QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, will be held at the company's principal office, No. 18 King Street West, in the City of Toronto, on Tuesday the seventh day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the general business of the company.

By order,
H. W. NANTON,
Secy. Treas. *pro tem.*

Dated 9th January, 1882. 29-4

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire la nomination suivante, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 24 janvier, 1882.

THOMAS ERIC PECK, écuyer, Maître de Hâvre pour Nanaimo, dans la province de la Colombie Britanique ; en outre, Maître de Hâvre pour le Port de Departure Bay, dans la dite province.

PROCLAMATIONS.

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
Général,
Administrateur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.
—SALUT:

PROCLAMATION.

ATTENDU que l'Assemblée de Notre Parlement du Canada se trouve prorogée au quatrième jour de février prochain, NÉANMOINS, pour certaines causes et considérations, Nous AVONS JUGÉ A PROPOS de le proroger de nouveau à JEUDI le NEUVIÈME jour du mois de FÉVRIER prochain, de manière que ni vous ni aucun de vous, n'êtes tenus de vous trouver en Notre Cité d'Ottawa le dit quatrième jour de février prochain ; car Nous voulons que vous et chacun de vous à cet égard soyez exonérés ; vous commandant et par ces présentes, vous enjoignant, et à chacun de vous et tous autres y intéressés, de vous trouver personnellement en Notre dite CITÉ d'OTTAWA, JEUDI, le NEUVIÈME jour du mois de FÉVRIER prochain, pour l'EXPÉDITION DES AFFAIRES, et y traiter, agir et conclure sur les matières qui, par la faveur de Dieu, en Notre dit Par-

lement du Canada, pourront, par le Conseil Commun de Notre dite Puissance, être ordonnés.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Général Sir PATRICK LEONARD MACDOUGALL, Chevalier Commandeur de l'Ordre Très-distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Administrateur du gouvernement du Canada et Commandant des Forces de Sa Majesté en icelui, etc., etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce VINGT-QUATRIÈME jour de DECEMBRE, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-une, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé dans la trente-septième année de Notre règne, chapitre trente-quatre et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement (sauf les ports de Québec et de Montréal dans la province de Québec, et de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario,) dans l'une ou l'autre des dites provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil ;

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du vingt-quatrième jour de janvier, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant Departure Bay, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements,—

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et un ordre en Conseil, Nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au Port de Departure Bay, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller Sir JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce VINGT-QUATRIÈME jour de JANVIER, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

32-3

P. L. MACDOUGALL,
Général,
Administrateur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU qu'en vertu des dispositions de l'Acte de Tempérance du Canada, 1878, l'avis suivant a été adressé au Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, accompagné de la pétition ci-jointe :—

"A l'honorable Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada,—

"MONSIEUR,—Nous, soussignés, électeurs de la Cité de Saint-Jean, dans la Province du Nouveau-Brunswick, prions de vous informer de notre intention de présenter la pétition suivante à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général, savoir :

"A Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général du Canada en Conseil.—

"La pétition des électeurs de la Cité de Saint-Jean, de la Province du Nouveau-Brunswick, qualifiés et compétents à voter à l'élection d'un membre de la Chambre des Communes dans la dite Cité,

"Expose respectueusement,—Que vos requérants désirent que la deuxième partie de l'Acte de Tempérance du Canada, 1878, soit exécutoire et mise en vigueur dans la dite cité.

"C'est pourquoi vos requérants demandent respectueusement qu'il plaise à Votre Excellence, par un ordre du Conseil en vertu de la quatre-vingt-seizième clause du dit acte, de déclarer que la deuxième partie du dit acte soit mise en vigueur dans la dite cité. Et vos requérants ne cesseront de prier, etc."

"Et que nous désirons que les votes de tous les électeurs de la dite cité soient reçus pour ou contre l'adoption de la dite pétition."

Et attendu qu'il appert à la satisfaction du Gouverneur-Général en Conseil que cet avis est revêtu des signatures authentiques d'un quart ou plus de tous les électeurs de la dite cité de Saint-Jean ; qu'il est constaté que les signatures apposées à l'avis sont des signatures authentiques au nombre de huit cent soixante-quinze, et que les autres exigences de la loi ont été observées ;

Et attendu qu'un ordre du Gouverneur-Général en Conseil a été passé, ordonnant que les votes de tous les électeurs de la dite cité de Saint-Jean soient enregistrés pour ou contre l'adoption de la dite pétition,—

SACHEZ maintenant, que, par les présentes, et en vertu de l'autorité qui Nous est conférée par les dits acte et ordre en Conseil, Nous proclamons et déclarons que jeudi, le vingt-troisième jour de février prochain, un poll sera tenu dans la dite cité de Saint-Jean, pour recevoir les votes des électeurs pour et contre la dite pétition. Que ces votes seront enregistrés au scrutin secret depuis neuf heures du matin jusqu'à cinq heures de l'après-midi de ce jour-là. Que James A. Harding, écuyer, shérif du comté de Saint-Jean, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick, a été nommé officier-rapporteur dans le but de recevoir ce jour-là les votes des électeurs pour et contre la pétition, de compter ensuite les votes, et puis de faire rapport du résultat au Gouverneur-Général en Conseil. Que le dit officier-rapporteur est autorisé et requis de nommer

un sous-officier-rapporteur à et pour chaque bureau de votation.

Que l'officier-rapporteur nommera les différentes personnes qui devront se tenir aux différents bureaux de votation, et qui devront faire le décompte final des votes aux noms des personnes autorisées à favoriser ou à s'opposer respectivement à l'adoption de la pétition, au bureau du dit shérif, dans la dite cité de Saint-Jean, lundi le vingtième jour de février prochain à dix heures de l'avant-midi.

Que les votes des électeurs seront comptés, et le résultat de la votation annoncé par l'officier-rapporteur au bureau du dit shérif, samedi, le vingt-cinquième jour de février prochain, à dix heures de l'avant-midi, et que, dans le cas où la pétition serait adoptée par les électeurs, le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil, pourra en tout temps, après l'expiration d'une période de soixante jours depuis la date de l'adoption de la dite pétition, par ordre en Conseil publié dans la *Gazette du Canada*, déclarer que la deuxième partie du dit acte sera en vigueur dans telle cité dès et à compter du jour où expireront les licences annuelles ou semi-annuelles alors en force dans telle cité pour la vente de liqueurs spiritueuses, pourvu que ce jour soit au moins quatre-vingt-dix jours après la date de tel ordre du Conseil, et si ce nombre est moindre, ce sera alors à compter du même jour de l'année suivante.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Général Sir PATRICK LEONARD MacDOUGALL, Chevalier Commandeur de l'Ordre Très-distingué de St. Michel et St. George, Administrateur du gouvernement du Canada et Commandant des Forces de Sa Majesté en icelui etc., etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce QUATRIÈME jour de JANVIER, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,
J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

30-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

BUREAU DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ.

OTTAWA, 3 février 1882.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général, par ordre en conseil du 27 janvier 1882, d'ordonner que l'ordre en conseil portant la date du 3 mai 1880, prescrivant certains règlements pour l'abattage et la salaison du porc en entrepôt soit amendé en y retranchant la section 4 de tels règlements et en y substituant la suivante :

40. La garantie donnée par l'importateur tel que spécifié ci-dessus sera annulée sur paiement du taux courant des droits imposés sur les porcs importés au Canada ou sur l'exportation de soixante pour cent du poids des porcs vivants pesant deux cents livres chacun et au-dessous, ou sur l'exportation de soixante-cinq pour cent du poids des porcs vivants pesant plus de deux cents livres chacun, tel qu'entré originairement sous forme de lard et jambon, et s'il est exporté une quantité moindre que soixante ou soixante-cinq pour cent, alors les droits devront être payés sur la quantité qui manque au taux imposé sur les animaux vivants en proportion de la valeur.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du conseil privé.

32-3

ORDRES GENERAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX,

OTTAWA, 3 février 1882.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (2).

No. 1.

COLLÈGE MILITAIRE ROYAL DU CANADA.

Examen annuel des Candidats.

1882.

Sujets et livres.

L'examen annuel qui doit avoir lieu cette année pour les candidats qui désirent être admis comme élèves au Collège Militaire Royal de Kingston, se fera au bureau de l'état major des différents Quartiers Généraux des Districts Militaires où résident les candidats, et commencera mardi, le 13 de juin. L'examen médical par lequel doit d'abord passer chaque candidat, devra se faire la veille. Les sujets et les livres sur lesquels seront examinés les candidats seront tels que ci-après désignés :

EXAMEN OBLIGATOIRE OU PRÉLIMINAIRE.

	POINTS
(1) Mathématiques :	
(a) Arithmétique, y compris les fractions ordinaires et décimales ; la règle de proportion, simple et composée ; d'intérêt, simple et composé ; de société, de profits et pertes.....	500
(b) Algèbre, y compris les équations simples.....	500
(c) Géométrie, premier livre d'Euclide....	500
(Les éditions canadiennes des traités élémentaires de Hamblin Smith (<i>Canadian Editions of Hamblin Smith's Elementary Works</i>) sont recommandées, mais en ce qui regarde la géométrie on pourra se servir de tout texte autorisé des <i>Eléments d'Euclide</i> .)	
(2) (a) Grammaire, anglaise ou française, avec exercice sous dictée dans l'une ou l'autre langue, écrit correctement et d'une écriture bien lisible.....	500
(b) Composition ; tel qu'un essai, un précis ou une lettre, en anglais ou en français	500
(3) (a) Géographie générale et descriptive.	500
(b) Histoire générale d'Angleterre et du Canada.....	500
* (4) (a) Français : grammaire et traduction du français.....	500
* (b) Allemand : grammaire et traduction de l'Allemand en anglais ou en français, au choix du candidat.....	500
(5) Latin : grammaire et simple traduction du latin en anglais ou en français, au choix du candidat.....	500
(6) Eléments du dessin à main levée, savoir : simple esquisse d'un modèle.....	300

* Le français et l'allemand seront pour le présent des sujets facultatifs. Le candidat pourra omettre ces deux sujets, ou pourra simplement, s'il le désire, ne se faire examiner que sur l'un de ces deux sujets.

Aucun candidat ne pourra prétendre à être admis comme élève, ni ne pourra compter les points qu'il aura obtenus dans l' "examen ultérieur" s'il n'a pas obtenu le minimum de quarante pour cent sur le nombre de points alloués pour chacun des sujets 1, (a, b, c, réunis) 2 (a et b réunis) 3 et 6 ; et le minimum d'un tiers des points alloués pour les sujets 4 et 5.

EXAMEN VOLONTAIRE OU ULTÉRIEUR.

	POINTS.
(1) Mathématiques :	
(a) Algèbre—jusqu'aux équations du second degré inclusivement.....	1000
(b) Géométrie—jusqu'au troisième livre d'Euclide inclusivement.....	1000

- (c) Théorie et usage des logarithmes ordinaires, trigonométrie rectiligne, mesurage..... 1000
- (2) Littérature anglaise ou française, limitée à des auteurs désignés..... 1000
- (a) L'examen comprendra la seconde partie et les chapitres VI et VII de la troisième partie de la littérature anglaise par Spalding, ou quelque ouvrage classique français, sans être nécessairement le texte de l'auteur.
- (3) Géographie physique, particulièrement de la Puissance du Canada et des Etats-Unis..... 1000
- (a) Examen d'après le livre d'introduction de Page (*Page's Introductory Book*) et les aperçus de géographie physique de Colton (*Colton's Outline of Physical Geography*).
- (4) Histoire d'Angleterre et du Canada, limitée à certaines périodes déterminées 1000
- (a) Examen sur l'histoire de l'Empire Britannique par Collier, comprenant la partie qui embrasse la période des Stuart et des Brunswick, et sur l'histoire du Canada depuis 1812 jusqu'à nos jours (auteurs suivis dans nos écoles).
- (5) Français : traduction de l'anglais en français ou du français en anglais..... 1200
- (6) Allemand : traduction en allemand soit d'un texte anglais, soit d'un texte français, au choix du candidat..... 1200
- (7) Latin : comprenant le cinquième livre des Commentaires de César jusqu'à la fin du 23^e chapitre, et les 1^{re}, 4^e, 6^e, 7^e et 9^e Eglogues de Virgile. La traduction de ces auteurs se fera en anglais ou en français au choix du candidat 1500
- (8) Dessin : esquisse d'un modèle et avec ombre ; dessin d'objets simples d'après nature 1000

A l'exception des mathématiques et du dessin, les points obtenus sur un sujet facultatif ne pourront compter en faveur d'un candidat s'il n'a pas au moins obtenu le tiers des points alloués pour ce sujet.

Les points gagnés sur les sujets obligatoires seront ajoutés à ceux gagnés sur les sujets facultatifs, et le tout formera un second total.

Il est entendu que les candidats parlant la langue anglaise se serviront des questions préparées dans cette langue, et que les candidats parlant la langue française, se serviront des questions préparées en français.

Le but de cette permission est de donner aux candidats la facilité d'écrire leurs réponses, quand la nature de la question n'exige pas de faire autrement, dans la langue qui leur est la plus familière, de l'anglais ou du français.

Le degré de connaissance de l'anglais qui sera exigé pour le présent des candidats qui parlent le français, sera de parler et d'écrire suffisamment l'anglais afin de comprendre et pouvoir être compris dans cette langue.

Les candidats doivent transmettre leur demande à l'adjudant-général, Ottawa, avant le 1^{er} mai, afin qu'il soit pris des mesures pour leur examen en juin.

NOTE.—Les candidats, après avoir subi leur examen, pourront garder la série des questions qui leur auront été posées, pourvu que les papiers ne comportent aucune écriture ou griffonnage, ce dont l'officier préposé à la surveillance de l'examen devra s'assurer ; après quoi il mettra ses initiales sur les papiers que les candidats désireront garder.

No. 2.

COLLÈGE MILITAIRE ROYAL DU CANADA.

Le major J. Bramley Ridout, du 2^e bataillon carabiniers écossais de Sa Majesté (ci-devant 90^e infanterie à pied) ayant complété sa période de service

dans l'état-major du Collège Militaire Royal, a cessé d'en faire partie du 26 janvier 1882.

Les lieutenants Alfred George Godfrey Würtele et John Bray Cochrane, gradués du Collège Militaire Royal ont été nommés assistants dans l'état-major enseignant du collège.

Certificat de mérite.

Le sergent-major Henry Birtles, ci-devant du génie royal et maintenant faisant partie de l'état-major du Collège Militaire Royal du Canada en qualité de sous-officier instructeur de génie militaire, a reçu du colonel commandant de l'école du génie militaire (Angleterre) un certificat de mérite en qualité d'instructeur du génie militaire daté du 21 décembre 1881.

No. 3.

Etat-Major de district.

Le colonel John Wimburn Laurie, sous-adjudant général, district militaire No. 11, a eu la permission de se retirer en retenant son grade, à dater du 30 janvier 1882.

No. 4.

MILICE ACTIVE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

Compagnie du génie de Montréal.

Le lieutenant en premier (surnuméraire) Aylesworth Bowen Perry C.M.R., dont la démission est par le présent acceptée reprend son grade de lieutenant dans la milice.

8^e bataillon "Carabiniers royaux" Québec.

Compagnie No. 6.

Est nommé lieutenant, provisoirement :
Thomas Conolly Aylwin, gentilhomme, *vice* Thompson, promu.

La démission du 2nd Lieutenant Henry Havelock Sharples est par le présent acceptée.

11^e bataillon d'infanterie "Argenteuil Rangers."

Compagnie No. 8, Chatham.

Est nommé lieutenant :
William Mair Cushing, (ci-devant capitaine, 6^e bataillon Fusiliers), *vice* William Owens qui a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer et de conserver son grade.

Bataillon provisoire d'infanterie de Témiscouata.

Compagnie No. 4, St. Arsène.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :
John J. Barry, gentilhomme, *vice* George Lebel, promu dans la compagnie No. 1.

No. 5.

CERTIFICATS ACCORDÉS.

ÉCOLES ROYALES D'ARTILLERIE.

Memo.—Vu le No. 7 des Ordres Généraux (1) du 13 janvier 1882, les certificats d'artillerie obtenus par les fonctionnaires-bombardiers A. Rough et A. Savignac doivent être sous l'en-tête "Troisième classe cours abrégé" au lieu de "Première classe."

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel
Adjudant Général de la Milice,
Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 janvier dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,623,906 27
Excise	469,584 13
Département des Postes.....	190,272 60
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	201,557 10
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	23,001 53
Divers	311,245 94
	<u>\$2,819,567 57</u>
Revenu, 31 décembre 1881.....	16,167,624 08
	<u>\$18,987,191 65</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$4,387,856 38
do 31 décembre 1881.....	11,332,073 99
	<u>\$15,719,930 37</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er février 1882.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" des lettres patentes supplémentaires ont été émises sous le grand sceau

du Canada, en date du 12 janvier 1882, par lesquelles le capital actions de la "Compagnie des terres et du trafic de Toronto et Rapid City (limitée)" est porté de quarante mille piastres à cinq cent mille piastres.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour de janvier 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
32-3 Secrétaire d'Etat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada en date du quatrième jour de janvier 1882, constituant en corps politique John Lunn Murphy, de la ville de Pembroke, dans la province d'Ontario, Canada, écuyer, John Ham Sills, Ephraim G. Sills et Orville Sims, tous de Frankford, dans le comté d'Hastings, dans la dite province d'Ontario, et Levi Ruggles Church, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada, l'un des Conseils de la Reine, dans le but de construire, acquérir, détenir, affréter, maintenir et naviguer sur la rivière Ottawa et ses tributaires, tous vapeurs et autres bâtiments de tout genre pour les fins de remorquage et pour le transport des grains, passagers, marchandises et fret de toute espèce entre n'importe quelle place près ou sur la rivière Ottawa et ses tributaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de remorquage de l'Ottawa Supérieur," avec un capital-actions de cent mille piastres divisé en mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada ce vingt-troisième jour de janvier 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
31-3 Secrétaire d'Etat.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de décembre 1881.

Ar.

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 30 nov. 1881.....	\$7,541,467 33	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$265,925 50
Dépôts durant le mois	564,932 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	00 70		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$7,798,501 86
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	43,772 67
			7,842,274 53
	8,108,200 03		\$8,108,200 03

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.

Département des Finances, Ottawa, 17 janvier 1882.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)...	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...	Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 débetures de municipalités; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.	William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....	John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"	Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$81,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée)	J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,933 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.	W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc ditée "City of London" (à respons. limitée)	J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stig. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....	Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"	J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....	F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, C.-B.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.	R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B).....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....	Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic. ; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont. ; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000)	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.	Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....	Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"	W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"	Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$10,000 stig., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....	G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....	C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....	A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stig. effets canadiens	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"	F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stig., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....	William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U..	D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.	Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....	A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.	Sur les glaces.
	J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont-réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)..	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," "orwich Angleterre"	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$60,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi-paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso-lidés canadiens (vie)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877" A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPERATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav.: \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemen, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique américaine du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

C. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

25 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par la Chambre de Commerce de Montréal au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte permettant la fusion de la dite Chambre de Commerce avec d'autres corps politiques dans cette cité.

Montréal, 23 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, dans le but d'obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole du Canada, et l'acte 41 Vict. chap. 38, et de rendre plus claires les clauses de l'acte en dernier lieu nommé, à l'effet également de remplacer celui ou ceux des syndics qui pourraient mourir, se retirer pour une cause quelconque, devenir incapables d'agir, à l'effet de plus de définir les pouvoirs des syndics pour ce qui a trait à la perception, aux avis de convocation à être faits ou donnés, aux poursuites à être intentées pour cotisations sur actions et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie manufacturière et du pont St. Laurent" dans le but de construire un pont sur le St. Laurent en face de la cité de Montréal par le travers de l'île Ste. Hélène, et dans le but d'élargir et d'améliorer le port de Montréal en autant que le pont y est concerné; le tout en conformité généralement du plan connu sous le nom de "Plan Shearer," proposé par M. James Shearer, et pour d'autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

AVIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, par la Compagnie manufacturière C. W. Williams, pour l'obtention d'un acte d'incorporation modifiant le nom de la dite compagnie et accordant à cette dernière de plus amples pouvoirs et privilèges.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 28 décembre 1881.

27-9

AVIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les actionnaires de la Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada sous le nom de "Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada" et pour conférer à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs et privilèges dont jouit ou que possède actuellement toute autre compagnie de télégraphe faisant affaires au Canada ou y étant constituée en corps politique, à part ceux conférés à la dite Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada par les lettres-patentes qui l'ont constituée en corps politique.

CARTER ET CARTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 30 novembre 1881.

27-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Générale des terres du Canada, dans le but d'acheter et coloniser des terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

ROYAL ET PRUDHOMME,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Winnipeg, 29 décembre 1881.

27-9

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte pour remettre en vigueur le statut 43 Vic., chap. 56, qui constitue en corporation la compagnie du chemin de fer de la Vallée de la Saskatchewan-Sud, et pour amender cet acte en prolongeant le délai fixé pour commencer le dit chemin de fer, et pour d'autres fins.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

29 décembre 1881.

27-9

AVIS.—Une demande sera faite à la session prochaine du parlement du Canada, pour un acte incorporant la compagnie de navigation des rivières Saskatchewan et Qu'Appelle, pour le projet de draguer et de naviguer les rivières Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle et Assiniboine.

MACMILLAN ET TAYLOR,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

Londres, Ont., 14 décembre 1881.

26-9

AVIS est donné par les présentes qu'il sera introduit devant le parlement de la Puissance, à sa prochaine session, une loi pour ratifier et confirmer les résolutions de "La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Rive Nord," du onzième jour d'août et deuxième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, ayant pour but de transférer à la province de Québec toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre les cités de Québec et de Montréal, et les droits s'y rattachant; et aussi pour ratifier et confirmer l'acte de cession et transport passé par la compagnie du chemin de fer de "Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental," le seizième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, devant M^{re} Louis N. Dumouchel, notaire au

gouvernement de la province de Québec, de toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre Montréal et Aylmer avec un embranchement vers St. Jérôme, et les droits y rattachant.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. des chemins de fer

Québec, 20 décembre 1881.

26-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada, pour la passation d'un acte incorporant la Compagnie du Pont du Richelieu, avec pouvoir de bâtir, exploiter, entretenir et administrer un pont de péage pour les besoins ordinaires du trafic sur la rivière Richelieu, reliant la paroisse de St.-Thomas, comté de Missisquoi, à celle de Lacolle ou de Saint-Valentin, dans le comté de St.-Jean. Ce pont sera construit de manière qu'une portion de son tablier s'ouvre et laisse un passage de quarante pieds de large pour les besoins de la navigation, ou un passage égal à celui du pont de la compagnie de chemin de fer Vermont Junction R.R. sur la même rivière, à St.-Jean, P.Q. Sur la partie navigable de cette rivière, ce pont sera sur des piles éloignées de cent cinquante pieds les unes des autres et des arcades de cinq pieds ou plus au-dessus du niveau des hautes eaux; sur les parties non navigables de la rivière, le pont sera aussi sur des piles, s'il est nécessaire; les arcades du pont à telle hauteur au-dessus des hautes eaux, les intervalles entre les piles et la largeur du tablier tournant seront tels que Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en Conseil pourra décider. Avec aussi pouvoir d'exiger des taux de péage sur ce pont ne pouvant excéder les suivants: Piétons, aller et retour, cinq centins; animaux, excepté moutons, cochons, et poulains du printemps suivant leur mère, dix centins par tête; moutons et cochons, cinq centins par tête; voiture de toute espèce, simple, traînée par un seul animal, vingt-cinq centins; voiture double traînée par deux animaux, trente-cinq centins. Ces taux de péage couvrent la charge de chaque voiture, s'y trouvant *bonâ fide*.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solliciteur des requérants.

Clarenceville, Québec, 10 décembre 1881.

25-9

AVIS public est par le présent donné, que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada, pour un acte à l'effet d'incorporer une compagnie pour construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, entre ou près de la cité de Montréal, jusqu'à un point sur le côté sud du township de Dundee, dans le comté de Huntingdon, pour s'y joindre à un chemin de fer dans l'Etat de New-York, et pour construire une branche afin de se joindre au chemin de fer Atlantique du Canada (Canada Atlantic Railway), à quelque point dans le comté de Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
Pour les requérants.

Huntingdon, Qué., 10 décembre, 1881.

25-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique Edison du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Hamilton, Ont., 15 décembre 1881.

25-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant l'Association de Placements d'Ontario et autorisant la dite association à prêter des deniers sur la garantie de biens-fonds en Manitoba, ou dans aucune des provinces de la Puissance, et permettant à la dite Association d'exiger tel taux d'intérêt sur les prêts faits qu'elle pourra convenir avec les emprunteurs ; et aussi étendant les pouvoirs d'emprunter qu'à la dite association, et lui permettant de recevoir des deniers en dépôt.

CRONYN ET GREENLEES,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté 14 décembre, 1881.

25-10

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un Acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique une compagnie dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de la cité de Montréal dans la province de Québec, à Smith's Falls, et de là à la ville de Perth, dans le comté de Lanark, province d'Ontario, devant être appelée "La Compagnie du chemin de fer Montréal et Canada Central," avec pouvoir de construire un pont ou des ponts sur la rivière Rideau, le canal Rideau, la rivière Ottawa et le canal Ste Anne, avec pouvoir de plus de s'amalgamer avec toute ligne de chemin de fer, de s'y joindre, et d'en obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur telle ligne ou telles lignes de chemin de fer et ponts, dans ou hors la Puissance du Canada, et avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter des tramways, des bateaux passeurs, navires, bâtiments et barges, en rapport avec la dite ligne de chemin de fer et les dits ponts.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, Déc. 1881.

25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada à sa prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La Compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction d'Ottawa et Arnprior" dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de Quyon ou quelque point environnant dans le township de Onslow, dans le comté de Pontiac, province de Québec, au village d'Arnprior dans la province d'Ontario, traversant la rivière Ottawa aux rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir aussi de construire le pont ou les ponts nécessaires sur la dite rivière pour les fins du dit chemin de fer à ou près les dits rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir de plus de continuer le dit chemin de fer d'Arnprior en croisant le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Arnprior à quelque point dans le township de Bagot, dans le comté de Renfrew, sur le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke, et s'il est nécessaire, de traverser le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke au dit point, avec pouvoir de plus de construire des voies d'embranchement, de vendre ou louer le dit chemin de fer, de s'amalgamer à toute autre compagnie de chemin de fer, de louer ou acheter tout autre chemin de fer et de se joindre à n'importe quelle autre compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur la voie de cette dernière et de construire une voie télégraphique le long des dits chemin de fer et embranchements.

A. FERGUSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

15 décembre 1881.

25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que la Compagnie du Grand Tronc des chemins de fer du Canada s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte autorisant la dite compagnie à acheter, louer toute ligne de chemin de fer

touchant ou intéressant la sienne propre, ou à se fusionner avec elle, de plus, déclarant et définissant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie à ce sujet, et lui permettant aussi, sous l'autorité de l'acte concernant les chemins de fer, d'acquérir les terrains pour gares et les voies ferrées qui y conduisent qui, dans son opinion, peuvent être nécessaires à ses fins.

JOHN BELL,
Solliciteur pour la Compagnie du Grand
Tronc des chemins de fer du Canada.

Daté à Montréal, ce 2e jour de novembre 1881. 24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les pilotes nommés par commission pour le service du pilotage entre Québec et Montréal, sous le nom de "La corporation des pilotes de Montréal."

BELLEAU ET STAFFORD,
Procureurs.

Québec, 26 octobre 1881.

24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le Synode du diocèse de Saskatchewan, avec pouvoir d'acquérir et posséder des propriétés immobilières et d'engager les capitaux du dit Synode dans telle partie du Canada et sur telles garanties qui auront été de temps à autre jugées convenables par le dit Synode.

BLAKE, KERR ET CASSELS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

5 décembre 1881.

24-9

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité d'une résolution des actionnaires de la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole d'Ottawa, adoptée à une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, dûment convoquée et tenue dans la cité d'Ottawa, province d'Ontario, le 22e jour de novembre 1881, demande sera faite par la dite compagnie au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte spécial autorisant la dite compagnie à liquider ses affaires.

JOHN ROCHESTER,
Président.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Vice-Président.

ALEXANDER GIBB,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
JOHN PENNOCK,
Secrétaire.

Ottawa, 7 décembre 1881.

24-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné par la compagnie du chemin de fer Ottawa, Vaudreuil et Montréal, que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de la prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de prolonger le délai prescrit pour la construction de cette partie de la ligne de la dite compagnie comprise entre Hawkesbury-Ouest et la ville d'Ottawa, et de plus à l'effet de confirmer les pouvoirs conférés à la dite compagnie.

PINHEY ET CHRISTIE,
Solliciteurs pour la compagnie.

6 décembre, 1881.

24-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il sera fait une demande au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte prolongeant la durée de divers brevets d'invention accordés à Thomas A. Edison, et étendant le délai pour fabriquer aux termes des dits brevets et des statuts généraux à ce sujet, et pour permettre l'importation

pendant un certain temps d'articles protégés par ces brevets.

OSLER, GWYN ET TEETZEL,
Solliciteurs du dit Thomas A. Edison.

Daté à Hamilton, 5 janvier 1882.

23-9

A VIS est donné que le "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien," demandera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, des amendements aux sections 8 et 13 de l'acte 44 Vict., ch. 58, intitulé "Acte pour amender et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

L'administrateur-délégué,
J. WURTELE.

Montréal, le 29 décembre 1881.

23-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction du Pacifique et de Pontiac; de pourvoir à l'émission d'un certain montant de capital payé, comme parts payées dans la dite compagnie; d'augmenter le montant des bons ou débentures qui peuvent être émis par la dite compagnie; d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa, à un certain point entre le village d'Aylmer et la cité d'Ottawa; de fixer un jour pour l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 22 décembre 1881.

23-9

A VIS est donné que demande sera faite au parlement, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte prolongeant l'époque du commencement et de la fin des travaux à exécuter pour la Cie de Traverse du Saint-Laurent et du chemin de fer du Pacifique.

Montréal, 10 janvier 1882.

29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer Great Eastern.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 12 janvier, 1882.

29-9

COMPAGNIE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de refondre les différents actes concernant la compagnie de télégraphe de Montréal et de déclarer les pouvoirs accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui à la dite compagnie, et d'accorder à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs qui ont été accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui par le parlement aux autres compagnies de télégraphe.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secrétaire.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte 43 Vict., chap. 46, et de définir les pouvoirs, devoirs et le terme d'office des liquidateurs nommés pour liquider les affaires de la Banque Consolidée du Canada, et pour pourvoir à leur remplacement, vû qu'il a été disposé du restant de l'actif, et pour autres fins.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique une compagnie sous le nom de Compagnie de Chemin de fer d'une Courte Ligne Européenne, avec pouvoir, 1o. de construire, équiper et exploiter des lignes de chemin de fer d'un point à ou près le Cap Nord, dans l'île du Cap Breton au détroit de Canso, et du détroit de Canso à travers les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, le Nouveau-Brunswick, Québec et Ontario à un point ou des points sur le territoire des Etats-Unis; 2o. De construire, équiper et exploiter des vapeurs, et communication par bateaux-passeurs entre telles ou telles provinces du Canada, entre le Canada et Terre-Neuve, entre le Canada et l'Europe et entre Terre-Neuve et l'Europe; la dite compagnie pouvant de plus établir des communications par bateaux-passeurs sur le détroit de Canso; 3o. De construire, acheter, louer des navires, bateaux-passeurs, chemins de fer, moyens de transport et lignes de télégraphe en rapport avec l'affaire et les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés et l'exploitation d'iceux.

A. L. BLACKMAN,

tant pour lui-même que pour les
autres membres de la compagnie.

Halifax, 3 janvier 1882.

30-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que la compagnie manufacturière de médecines Fellows s'adressera au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte amendant les lettres patentes qui constituent la dite compagnie en corps politique, quant à ce qui a trait à la nationalité, et la résidence des directeurs de la dite compagnie.

j

TAIT ET ABBOTTS.

Montréal, 18 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS—"La compagnie de téléphone Bell" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir des amendements à l'acte la constituant en corps politique, 43 Vict., chap. 67, par lesquels la compagnie aura le droit d'émettre des bons, pour les fins mentionnées dans la seconde section du dit acte, d'un montant non moindre que \$25 chacun, et de manufacturer en outre des articles mentionnés dans telle seconde section tous autres articles ou objets qui seront jugés opportuns par la compagnie, de plus de transmettre des messages par le télégraphe aussi bien que par le téléphone, de plus d'acheter des lignes de télégraphe comme des lignes de téléphone; les dits amendements devant en sus déclarer que la compagnie aura le droit de prolonger ses lignes de télégraphe et de téléphone d'une province quelconque du Canada à une autre et déclarer également que le dit acte constituant la compagnie en corps politique et ses amendements ainsi que tous les travaux par iceux autorisés sont pour l'avantage général du Canada.

BETHUNE ET BETHUNE,

Solliciteurs pour la dite compagnie.

Montréal, 17 janvier 1882

30-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que la Compagnie Canadienne d'Eclairage Electrique s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour la passation d'un acte ratifiant et confirmant son acte d'incorporation, lui conférant l'autorisation nécessaire pour lui faire obtenir des pouvoirs moteurs et la génération de l'électricité en tous lieux dans le Canada, et lui permettant d'exploiter certains brevets d'invention octroyés en Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,
Procureurs de la requérante.

Montréal, 23 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender

der le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 22 Vict., chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements; de confier à l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui et d'y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des membres du dit bureau; de confirmer les actes de la province de Québec, 38 Vict., chap. 62, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées" et 38 Vict. chap. 64, intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte intitulé 'acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse,'" et celui de la province d'Ontario, 38 Vict. chap. 75, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées," le tout en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour en général régler les affaires y concernées.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection
des propriétés ecclésiastiques de
l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de l'intérieur de Manitoba, avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, commençant à Garfield-Est, sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, et s'étendant de là à la ville de Macdonald sur le chemin de fer du Portage et Nord-Ouest, de là, vers l'ouest, par ou près Rapid City jusqu'à quel que point sur la rivière de la Paix ou celle de la Saskatchewan dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, avec pouvoir aussi de construire des ponts et lignes télégraphiques et un embranchement entre Macdonald et le lac Manitoba.

McMILLAN ET TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 10 et 11 Vict., chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," de transporter le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui à l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada et y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des dits administrateurs; de confirmer et mettre en force l'Acte de la province de Québec 38 Vict., chap. 61, intitulé "Acte pour amender un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse" en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour régler en général les dites questions.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection
des propriétés ecclésiastiques de
l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie Centrale de chemin

de fer de Rapid City, la dite compagnie devant construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer commençant à un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, à ou près le township dix (10), quatorzième rang (14) à l'ouest, dans la province du Manitoba, jusqu'à Rapid City, la rivière du Chêne, Bird Tail Creek et le Fort Ellice, de là aux Monts Touchwood, et de là jusqu'à ou près le Fort à la Corne sur la rivière Saskatchewan; et de là dans une direction sud-ouest jusqu'à ou près de la rivière aux Pins, et de là jusqu'à la côte du Pacifique à un point qui sera plus tard fixé à la discrétion de la compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est donné par le présent que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte constituant en corporation "La compagnie d'assurance Mutuelle Océanique," dans le but de faire des opérations d'assurance maritime en Canada et ailleurs.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM ET TUPPER,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

Halifax, 25 janvier 1882.

32-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS Public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent dans la *Gazette du Canada* à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada constituant en corps politique les requérants ci-après mentionnés et autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la dite compagnie en vertu de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs du gouvernement du Canada ou de n'importe quels compagnie ou individu; la colonisation, l'établissement, le défrichement des dites terres ou la construction de maisons dessus; la vente, la location des dites terres avec la permission de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer autrement; l'emprunt ou le prêt de sommes d'argent sur les dites terres pour aider aux colons, et la garantie de tels prêts par hypothèque ou autrement suivant qu'il aura été convenu; l'élevage, la vente ou l'achat de chevaux, bœufs et moutons et le droit de faire n'importe quelles opérations de ferme.

2. Le nom corporatif de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera à Whitby, dans le comté et la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4o. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000—1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5o. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignations des requérants sont :—George Young Smith, de la ville de Whitby, avocat; Henry Betts Taylor, de la dite ville de Whitby, agent de banque; rév. J. Herbert Starr, de la dite ville de Whitby, pasteur méthodiste; John Rice, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme; Wellington Adams, de la dite ville de Whitby, dentiste; D. E. Starr, de la ville de Brampton, comptable; Jerniah Long, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand de grains; George H. Starr, de la ville de Brandon, marchand; Joshua Richardson, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme; Thomas J. Holliday, du village de Brooklin, marchand; Frank Warren, du dit village de Brooklin, docteur en médecine; révérend James O. Carmichael, du village de Colum-

bus, pasteur presbytérien; James Rowe Philp, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand.

6 Les dits George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Rév. J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren, et James Rowe Philp, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires, tous résidant au Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Whitby, 1er février 1882.

32-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après nommées et les constituant en corps politique sous le nom de "Compagnie de bestiaux du Nord-Ouest, limitée," dans le but d'élever et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, de pratiquer dans toutes ses branches l'élevage des bestiaux à ou dans la région de la rivière Bow, dans le territoire du Nord-Ouest, Canada, la dite compagnie devant avoir son bureau principal dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les noms des dits requérants sont les suivants :— Sir Hugh Allan, baronet, Andrew Allan, gentilhomme, Thomas D. Milburne, gentilhomme, Charles Stimson, marchand, tous de Montréal, et Frédérick Smith Stimson, de Compton, dans la province de Québec, fermier.

Les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Procureur des requérants.

Montréal, 17 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur, et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipegosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élevateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissoires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ingersoll, 7 janvier 1882.

29-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877, CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, les requérants ci-après nommés et décrits, s'adresseront par pétition au gouverneur général pour obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant eux et tous ceux qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie en un corps politique sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après énumérés.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie manufacturière de spécialités médicales."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est de manufacturer et vendre des drogues, médecines et spécialités médicales de toutes espèce et description, dans tout le Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant proposé de son capital-actions est (\$8,000) huit mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de (80) quatre-vingts, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Les noms et prénoms, désignations et adresses des requérants sont comme suit :—

L'Hon. John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, de la cité de Montréal, conseil de la Reine; James Craig Fields, gentilhomme, et George Simpson, marchand, tous deux de la paroisse de St. André dans la dite province de Québec; James Muir, de la dite cité de Montréal, agent d'immeubles, et George Bury, de la cité de Montréal, comptable, les trois premiers nommés devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT TAIT, ET ABBOTTS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-6

A VIS est par le présent donné en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" qu'un mois après la première publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte dans le but ci-après mentionné, et que,

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant une charte est d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus, de coloniser et de vendre les dites terres, d'arpenter, d'améliorer, de cultiver les dites terres, d'y construire des maisons, de vendre et d'acheter du grain et autres produits du sol, de vendre, acheter, louer, affermer, hypothéquer, les dites terres et en général d'en disposer de toute façon; de prêter de l'argent et de l'assistance aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt à telles conditions et de

telle façon au moyen d'hypothèque ou arrangement qu'il aura été convenu mutuellement; d'ériger et d'acquérir des scieries et de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service; d'élever, croiser, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux et de faire des affaires dans toutes les branches de l'agriculture et de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaire de la compagnie projetée sera la cité d'Ottawa, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds-social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$200,000, divisé en 2,000 actions de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont Francis Clemow, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de charbon; Charles T. Bate, d'Ottawa, président de la compagnie du Gaz d'Ottawa; Charles Magee, d'Ottawa, agent d'immeuble; Robert Blackburn, de New Edinburgh, dans le comté de Carleton, marchand; l'Hon. Richard W. Scott, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit; Henry N. Bate, d'Ottawa, marchand; Daniel O'Connor, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit; Edward Anderson, sen., de la ville de Wexford, province d'Ontario, Ecr.; Alexander Fraser, de Westmeath, dans le comté de Renfrew, marchand de bois, et James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans la province de Québec, président de la Banque d'Ottawa.

Tous les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie; tous sont des résidents du Canada.

SCOTT, MAC TAVISH ET MAC CRAKEN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Ottawa ce 4e jour de janvier 1882. 28-6

AVIS est donné par le présent, qu'une demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, pour obtenir des lettres patentes en vertu des dispositions de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877, par Mark Cohen, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, marchand, Samuel Davis, marchand, Alexander Saunders, marchand, Lewis Saunders, marchand, Moïse Schwob, marchand, Asher Ansell, marchand, John Moss, marchand, Hyam D. Moss, marchand, Bendix A. Boas, marchand, de la cité de Montréal, Québec; Mark Samuels, marchand, Alfred David Benjamin, marchand, Emanuel Samuels, marchand, de la cité de Toronto, Ontario, et Edmund Scheuer, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, marchand, — les constituant ainsi que d'autres en un corps politique et incorporé pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom collectif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie de colonisation Internationale du Canada (à responsabilité limitée)" (The International Colonization Company, of Canada, Limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est le suivant: Acheter ou d'autre manière acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres et biens-fonds en Canada; développer les ressources de ces terres en y faisant des constructions, les défrichant, égouttant et améliorant d'autre manière par la culture et les plantations d'après tel système qu'il paraîtra convenable; de mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'élever, acheter et vendre toutes espèces d'animaux, bestiaux, moutons et produits; d'exploiter, convertir, vendre, employer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des produits miniers de la propriété de la compagnie; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur la dite propriété et d'acheter et vendre des articles et marchandises de toutes sortes; de construire ou acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, bâtisses, machines, anses, estacades et outillage; de faire, pourvoir et employer des tramways, canaux, chemins et tous autres travaux et moyens de transport nécessaires ou utiles pour l'amélioration de la propriété de la compagnie, et de contribuer aux frais d'entretien et de construction des dits travaux ou aucun d'eux; d'aider, encourager et promouvoir l'immigration sur la propriété de la compagnie, et de la coloniser, d'aider aux émigrants de pays étrangers à venir au Canada et de les aider à s'établir sur des terres en Canada; et avec pouvoir

d'agir comme agents pour tout gouvernement ou corporation ou personne pour l'achat ou vente de terres ou hypothèques sur des terres en Canada, et pour l'encouragement de l'immigration au Canada, et pour les fins susdites de prêter ou octroyer des sommes de deniers, ou faire des octrois gratuits de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des biens-meubles et immeubles pour l'objet et le but de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des biens-meubles et immeubles, de la compagnie; et généralement faire et exécuter toutes choses nécessaires pour atteindre le but susdit.

3. Les opérations de la compagnie projetée seront faites dans les diverses provinces du Canada, et le siège principal de ses affaires en Canada sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres, divisé en cent mille actions de dix piastres chaque.

5. Les requérants sus-mentionnés, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté, seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

Montréal, 5 janvier 1882.

28-6

VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour obtenir des lettres patentes constituant en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées les requérants soussignés et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée:—

1. Le nom que se propose de porter la compagnie est, "La compagnie de chanvre du Canada, limitée."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est de confectionner, fabriquer et vendre des sacs, importer, acheter et vendre tous matériaux requis dans les confection et manufacture d'iceux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le capital-actions que se propose de prendre la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de cinq cent; le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Les nom et prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit:—

L'honorable John Hamilton, sénateur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Alexander Murray, marchand, John McDougall, manufacturier, Joshua Collins, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal; lesquels seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT, TAIT ET ABBOTTS,

Procureurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Montréal, le 20 décembre 1881. 27-6

AVIS DIVERS.

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

DIVIDENDE No. 93.

Les actionnaires de la Banque du Peuple sont par les présentes notifiés qu'un dividende semi-annuel de deux pour cent (2 0/10) pour les six mois courant, a été déclaré sur le fonds capital et sera payable au bureau de la banque, lundi, le sixième jours de mars prochain et les jours suivants.

Le livre de transfert sera fermé du 15 au 28 février inclusivement.

Par ordre du bureau des directeurs,

A. A. TROTTLER,

Caissier.

Montréal, 31 janvier 1882.

32-5

AVIS.—L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque du Peuple aura lieu au bureau de la Banque, rue Saint-Jacques, lundi, le six mars prochain, à trois heures p m., conformément aux 16^{me} et 17^{me} clauses de l'acte d'incorporation.

Par ordre du bureau des directeurs,
A. A. TROTTIER, caissier.
Montréal, 31 janvier 1882. 32-5

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée des actionnaires de la compagnie de chemin de fer et de vapeurs de Winnipeg et baie d'Hudson, aura lieu au No. 10 de la rue York, Ottawa, mardi, le 14 février, 1882, à 3 heures p.m., dans le but d'élire sept directeurs en conformité de l'Acte 43 Vict. chap. 59, sect. 8 du dit acte.

JOSEPH RIOPELLE,
Sec.-Trés.
Ottawa, 27 janvier 1882. 31-2

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER ONTARIO ET QUÉBEC.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Ontario et Québec aura lieu au bureau principal de la compagnie, No. 18 rue King, ouest, dans la cité de Toronto, mardi le septième jour de février prochain, à 2 heures de l'après-midi, pour l'élection des directeurs pour l'année courante et pour la dépêche des affaires générales de la compagnie.

Par ordre,
H. W. NANTON,
Sec.-trés. *pro tem.*
Daté ce 9 janvier 1882. 29-4

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 23rd January, 1882.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM STEWART, Esquire; to be Superintendent of the Money Order and Savings Bank Branches of the Post Office Department.

24th January, 1882.

FRANK MCGINLEY, of Emerson, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs.

JOHN THOMAS HICKEY, of Emerson, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs.

4th February, 1882.

The appointment of THOMAS LING, of Little Glace Bay, Esquire, as Commissioner of the Pilotage Authority for the District of Sydney, in the Province of Nova Scotia, published in the *Canada Gazette* of the 8th March 1879, has been cancelled.

CHAMBER OF THE SENATE,

Ottawa, Thursday, 9th February, 1882.

This day, at THREE o'clock P.M., HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL proceeded in state to the Chamber of the Senate, in the Parliament Buildings,

and took His Seat upon the Throne. The Members of the Senate being assembled, His Excellency was pleased to command the attendance of the House of Commons, and that House being present, His EXCELLENCY was pleased to open the FOURTH SESSION of the FOURTH PARLIAMENT OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, with the following Speech:—

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate:

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

The hope I expressed at the close of the last session, that on the re-assembling of Parliament we should be able to congratulate ourselves on a season of peace and prosperity has been fully realized.

Canada has been favored with a year of great prosperity.

Her farmers have enjoyed a plentiful harvest and remunerative prices.

Her manufacturing and other industries have been and continue to be developed under favorable auspices.

Her trade and commerce have been steadily increasing, and peace and order prevail within her borders.

For these various blessings we cannot be sufficiently thankful to the Giver of all good things.

The Chief Magistrate of the United States has been cut off by the hand of an assassin, and it is fitting that the sorrow of our people for a loss which was not that of our friends and neighbours alone, should be here adverted to as another instance of the sympathy which unites in brotherhood the British Empire and the American Republic.

During the recess I had the pleasure of visiting the Province of Manitoba, and of traversing the extensive prairies of the North West, and from personal examination can sincerely congratulate Canada on the possession of so magnificent and fertile a region to be inhabited, I trust, in the course of years, by millions of thriving and contented subjects of Her Majesty.

The immigrants have not confined themselves to Manitoba or its vicinity, but are scattered over the country westward to the base of the Rocky Mountains, and from the international boundary to the banks of the northern Saskatchewan. It is, therefore, thought that the time has come for the division of the Territories into four or more Provisional Districts with an appropriate nomenclature. This subject will be submitted for your consideration.

During my journey I was met by numerous Indian tribes, all expressing confidence in the continuance of the traditional policy of kindness and justice which has

hitherto governed the relations between the Government and the Aborigines.

I regret, however, to say that the necessity of supplementing the food supply of the Indians still exists and is likely to continue for some years.

Every exertion has been made to settle the Indian Bands on Reserves, and to induce them to betake themselves to the raising of cattle and cultivating the soil.

These efforts have met with a fair measure of success, but we can only expect by a long continuance of patient firmness to induce these children of the Prairie and the Forest to abandon their nomadic habits, become self-supporting, and ultimately add to the industrial wealth of the country.

The influx of a white population has greatly increased the danger of collision between the settler and Red man, and in my opinion renders an augmentation of the Mounted Police a matter of urgency. Your sanction to this increase will be sought.

The second report of the Commission appointed to investigate the existing system of the Civil Service will be laid before you, and a measure on the subject submitted for your consideration.

The decennial Census having been taken last year, the duty of reconsidering and readjusting the representation in the House of Commons is imposed upon you. A measure for the purpose will be laid before you.

Several other measures of importance will be submitted to you. Among them will be Bills for the winding up of Insolvent Banks, Insurance Companies and Trading Corporations; for the consolidation and amendment of the Laws respecting the Dominion Lands; for the amendment of the Acts relating to the Supreme Court of Canada, and Bills relating to the tenure of office of the Judges of County Courts, and to Fugitive Offenders within the Empire; and your attention will be called to the present anomalous position of the Vice-Admiralty jurisdiction.

The work of construction on that portion of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Prince Arthur's Landing and Winnipeg is being pressed to completion, and it is confidently expected that in July next, railway communication will be established between those places. The section between Rat Portage and Winnipeg, one hundred and thirty-five miles in length, has been completed and transferred under the terms of the contract, to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, by whom it is now operated. Considerable progress has been made on the Eastern Section, commencing at Callander Station, and the vigorous prosecution of the work on that portion of the line during the present year provided for.

In British Columbia the work upon the section between Savona's Ferry and Emory's Bar is being carried on, with every prospect of its completion within the time specified in the contract, and the line from the latter place to Port Moody which has been carefully located during the past season is now being placed under contract with a view to its completion at the same date as the section from Savona's Ferry to Emory's Bar.

Upon the sections to be constructed by the Railway Company, the work has been most energetically carried forward. During the past summer the road has been graded for the distance of two hundred and eighteen miles, and of this, one hundred and sixty-one miles are open for traffic.

The Company have, in addition, graded eighty-nine miles of branch lines.

I am pleased to be able to state that the traffic on the Intercolonial Railway has largely increased, and that this line was during the last fiscal year, for the first time in its history, worked without loss to the country.

The works on the Welland Canal were so far advanced that the waters of Lake Erie were introduced for its supply in June last, and in September the new portion of the Canal between Allanburg and Port Dalhousie was opened for traffic.

You will be pleased to know that a monthly line of steamers which has been subsidized under the authority of Parliament, is now plying between the Dominion and Brazil with good hopes of a mutually profitable trade.

The Report of a Royal Commission issued to inquire into the question of factory labour, and into the best means of promoting the comfort and well-being of the workingman and his family, without undue interference with the development of our manufacturing industries, will be laid before you, and I invite your earnest consideration of this report.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons :

The Accounts of the last year will be laid before you. It will be satisfactory to you to find that the Expenditure has been less and the Revenue considerably more than the Estimates of last year, leaving a surplus of over four millions of dollars. A portion of this sum has been used in the reduction of the public debt by the redemption of matured debentures bearing six per cent. interest, and the remainder applied to the payment for public works chargeable to capital account. The necessity of issuing the Debenture Loan authorized by Parliament for those purposes has therefore been obviated.

The Estimates of the ensuing year will also be submitted, and will, I trust, be found to have been framed with due regard to economy and the efficiency of the public service.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate :

Gentlemen of the House of Commons :

I now invite your attention to the several subjects mentioned and to the general business which will come before you, with full confidence in your ability and patriotic desire to forward the best interests of the country.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } **W**HEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the Thirty-seventh year of Our Reign, chaptered thirty-four, and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island, amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Quebec and Montreal in the Province of Quebec, and Toronto in the Province of Ontario) in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for that purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council;

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the twenty-fourth day of January, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating Departure Bay, in the Province of British Columbia, as a Port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply,—

Now Know YE, that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and Order in Council respectively, Proclaim and Declare, that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island," and the Acts amending the same, shall henceforth

apply to the Port of Departure Bay, in the Province of British Columbia.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well-Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-FOURTH day of JANUARY in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

32-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 3rd February 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor General has, by Order in Council of 27th January 1882, been pleased to order that the Order in Council bearing date the 3rd day of May, 1880, prescribing certain regulations for slaughtering and curing swine in bond, be amended by striking out section 4 of such regulations and substituting the following in place thereof:—

4. The Bond given by the importer as before specified shall be cancelled upon the payment of the current rate of duty imposed upon swine imported into Canada, or upon the exportation of sixty per cent. of the live weight of swine weighing two hundred pounds each and under, or upon the exportation of sixty-five per cent. of the live weight of the swine weighing over two hundred pounds each, as originally entered, in the form of pork, bacon, hams, shoulders and lard; and if a less quantity than the sixty or sixty-five per cent. herein named is exported, then duty shall be paid on the quantity deficient at the rate imposed upon the live animal in proportion to value.

32-3

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

THE tolls payable upon any vessel under the tariff for the Public Pier at Maitland by the Order in Council of the 6th June, 1876, may be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the 61st Section of the Act 31 Victoria, chapter 12, from the owner or master or person in charge of such vessel.

The tolls payable under the said tariff upon any goods, are hereby imposed also upon the vessels or other crafts upon or from off which such goods may be shipped or landed, and the payment of such tolls may be enforced, and there shall be the same remedy for their non-payment as if they had been expressly imposed upon such vessels or crafts, by the said tariff.

The tolls payable upon any goods may also be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the said 61st section, from the owner or consignee, or person in charge of such goods.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 28th January, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing rules have, by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in

Council of the 27th January, 1882, been added to the Rules governing the Wharfinger and Public Pier at Maitland, in Hants County, Nova Scotia, established by Order in Council of the 6th June, 1876.

32-3

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

THE tolls payable upon any vessel under the tariff for the Public Pier at Oak Point by the Order in Council of the 29th May, 1876, may be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the 61st Section of the Act 31 Vict., chapter 12, from the owner or master or person in charge of such vessel.

The tolls payable under the said tariff upon any goods are hereby imposed also upon the vessels or other crafts upon or from off which such goods may be shipped or landed, and the payment of such tolls may be enforced, and there shall be the same remedy for their non-payment as if they had been expressly imposed upon such vessels or crafts by the said tariff.

The tolls payable upon any goods may also be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the said 61st section, from the owner or consignee or person in charge of such goods.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 28th January, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing rules have, by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council of the 27th January, 1882, been added to the Rules governing the Wharfinger and Pier or Breakwater at Oak Point, in the County of Kings, in the Province of Nova Scotia, established by Order in Council of the 29th May, 1876.

32-3

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 27th January, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that, by Order in Council of 26th January, 1882, His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to exempt the Tunnel under the Welland Canal through which the trains of the Great Western Railway pass, from the operation of the Fifth Sub-Section of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 24, relating to the height of clear and open headway to be maintained between the undermost parts of bridges, tunnels, &c., and the tops of the highest cars of a railway.

31-3

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Government of the Ports of Nanaimo and Departure Bay in the Province of British Columbia to which the Acts 37 Vic. chap. 34, and 38 Vic. chap. 30 apply, and for the government of the office of Harbour Master for the said Ports.

Rule I.—It shall be the duty of the Harbour Master of the said Ports, in person, or by deputy duly authorized, to go on board of every ship or vessel of the burthen of twenty tons, (registered tonnage) and upwards, which shall arrive within said Ports, within twelve hours after the arrival of such ship or vessel, to see that she is moored only in such manner or position as shall be assigned to her by the following Regulations. And it shall be lawful for such Harbour Master to ask, demand and receive, as a compensation for his services (vessels belonging to or employed by Her Majesty and the Government of the Dominion of Canada excepted) according to the following scale, and under the restrictions mentioned in the above named Acts:

SCALE OF FEES.

For every ship of fifty tons register or under, fifty cents;

For every ship over fifty tons and not over one hundred tons register, one dollar;

For every ship over one hundred tons and not over two hundred tons register, one dollar and fifty cents;

For every ship over two hundred tons and not over three hundred tons register, two dollars;

For every ship over three hundred tons and not over four hundred tons register, two dollars and fifty cents;

For every ship over four hundred tons and not over five hundred tons register, three dollars;

For every ship over five hundred tons and not over seven hundred tons, four dollars;

For every ship over seven hundred tons register, five dollars.

Rule II.—In case of any dispute arising between masters, owners or other persons engaged in hauling ships or vessels in and out of any of the docks or wharves, it shall be the duty of the Harbour Master, if called upon, to give such directions as he may think fit in respect to the same; and all masters, pilots or other persons having the charge or command of any ships or vessels shall comply with the directions of the Harbour Master or his deputy in these respects, under the penalty of twenty dollars for each and every neglect or refusal so to do.

Rule III.—If any ship or vessel arriving and anchoring, or being moored or fastened to any wharf or vessel in the Harbours shall be so moored or placed as to be unsafe or dangerous to any other ship or vessel previously lying at anchor in the Harbours, or moored or fastened as aforesaid, the Harbour Master or his deputy is hereby authorized and required to forthwith order and direct the situation of such ship or vessel so arriving and anchored, moored or fastened as aforesaid, to be altered in such a manner as to prevent such insecurity and danger; and the master, pilot or other person having charge of such ship or vessel shall comply with the orders and directions of the Harbour Master or his deputy in this respect, under the penalty of Twenty Dollars for each and every offence.

Rule IV.—Any person or persons who may moor or fasten to, or in any manner injure, alter or change any of the public buoys, shall, on conviction, pay a penalty of Twenty Dollars, besides being held liable to any damage sustained.

Rule V.—Whenever it shall happen that any ship or vessel is short of hands, so that she cannot be moved when ordered, it shall and may be lawful for the Harbour Master to employ a sufficient number of hands to effect such removal, and to remove or assist in removing such vessel as required or as may be necessary, and that at the expense of such vessel.

Rule VI.—The Harbour Master shall have power to order the removal of any scow, boat or other vessel, loaded or unloaded, or anything calculated to interfere with the moving or mooring of vessels from any part of the Harbours to any other part thereof, and the owner of such scow, boat, etc., or person in charge thereof, failing to make such removal within a reasonable time after being notified so to do, shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding \$10, and after one hour shall have elapsed the Harbour Master shall have power to make the removal and charge the person notified for so doing.

Rule VII.—Whenever the Harbour Master shall find ships or vessels at the wharves with main jib or spanker booms rigged out so as to incommode other vessels, it shall be the duty of the Harbour Master to direct such to be rigged in, and in the event of non-compliance, all accidents to the same shall be at the risk of the persons so offending.

Rule VIII.—No vessel shall be left without some

person to take care of her, by night and by day, when anchored in the stream or in the Harbours.

Rule IX.—All vessels lying at anchor in the Harbours shall keep a clear and bright light burning, at least six feet above the rail of the bulwarks, from sunset until sunrise.

Rule X.—All vessels at wharves or in docks must keep a clear and bright light burning at the gangway from sunset until sunrise at least four feet above the deck, and at all times be provided with a gangway with a side rail to it to prevent accidents.

Rule XI.—All ships or vessels loading or discharging in the stream, coals, ballast and such like materials, shall have a sufficient piece of canvas or tarpaulin so placed as to prevent any portion thereof from falling into the Harbours under the penalty of \$20 for each and every offence, to be paid by the owner, master or person in charge of such ship or vessel.

Rule XII.—No ballast, stone, gravel, earth or rubbish of any kind, shall be unladen, cast or emptied out of, or thrown overboard, from any ship or vessel whatever in the Harbours or at the entrance thereof (except in places set apart for that purpose by the Harbour Master and under his direction), under the penalty of Fifty Dollars for each and every offence, to be paid by the owner, master or other person having the charge of any such ship or vessel.

Rule XIII.—In places set apart by the Harbour Master for the deposit of ballast, etc., it is hereby required that no ballast, stone, gravel, earth, or rubbish of any kind shall be unladen, discharged, deposited, thrown or laid before sunrise or after sunset, under a penalty of Forty Dollars for each and every offence.

Rule XIV.—No ballast, stone, gravel, earth or rubbish of any kind shall be unladen, discharged, deposited, thrown or laid, either from any vessel, boat, scow or other such craft, or in any other manner, or by any person, from any part of the beach or shore into any part of the Harbours, or upon the beach and shore thereof, either below low water mark, or between high and low water mark, under the penalty of forty dollars for each and every offence, to be paid by the owner or owners, master or person having charge of any vessel, boat or scow, or other craft from which such matter as aforesaid shall have been discharged, or by any other person or persons violating this law.

Rule XV.—Any person or persons who shall or may hinder, oppose, molest or obstruct the Harbour Master, his deputy or any of his assistants in the discharge of his or their duty, shall, on conviction, pay a penalty of forty dollars for each and every offence.

Rule XVI.—The penalty for violation of, or not conforming to the provisions of the Law, and for disobeying the lawful orders or directions of the Harbour Master or his deputy in respect to any provision for which no penalty is hereinbefore prescribed, shall be twenty dollars to be imposed upon the owner or person in charge of the ship or vessel not conforming to the particular requirements.

PRIVY COUNCIL CHAMBER,
OTTAWA, 25th January, 1882.

The foregoing Rules and Regulations were submitted to and approved by His Excellency the Governor in Council, on 24th January 1882.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of January, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	271,669 02	.....
Malt Liquor	150 00	.....
Malt	33,825 87	.....
Tobacco	124,332 90	.....
Petroleum Inspection	1,539 59	.....
Manufactures in Bond	2,645 44	.....
Seizures	63 16	.....
Other Receipts	504 00	.....
Total Excise Revenue		434,729 98
Canals .....		.....
Slides and Booms .....		.....
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.		1,948 25
Minor Public Works		276 39
Culling Timber .....		.....
Inspection of Weights and Measures		2,246 36
Inspection of Gas		251 75
Bill Stamps		24,018 31
Total		463,471 04

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

33-3

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the 22nd section of the Canadian Act 36 Vic., chap. 128, permission has been given to change the name of the Schooner "Frank L" of St. John, N.B., official number 80,027, to "Frank L. P."

W.M. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine, etc.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 8th February, 1882.

33-3

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE,
OTTAWA, 1st February, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a licence (No. 88) of this day's date, has been issued to the Dominion Safety Fund Life Association of St. John, N.B., to transact business of Life Insurance in Canada.

The head office being in the said City of St. John, N.B., and James de Wolfe Spurr, the attorney and agent.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
Superintendent of Insurance.

33-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-fourth day of January 1882, incorporating Reuben Palmer, of the Town of Sarnia, in the County of Lambton in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, license inspector, Robert McAdams, of the same place, publisher, Thomas Kenny, of the same place, merchant, John Gillies McCrae, of the same place, stationer, and Manfred Burns Proctor of the same place, coal and wood merchant,—for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, chartering, navigating and maintaining steam vessels for the carrying and conveying of goods and passengers or other traffic between the ports of the Dominion of Canada, and between the ports of the said Dominion and those of the United States of America,

and for the towing of vessels, with power to sell, charter and dispose of the said steam vessels or any of them, and to make contracts and agreements with any person or corporation whatsoever for the purposes aforesaid or otherwise for the benefit of the said Company,—by the name of "The Sarnia and Port Huron Ferry Company, Limited," with a total capital stock of four thousand four hundred and eighty dollars divided into sixty-four shares of seventy dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this second day of February, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

32-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Supplementary Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twelfth day of January, 1882, whereby the total capital stock of "The Toronto and Rapid City Land and Trading Company (Limited)," is increased from forty thousand dollars to five hundred thousand dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of January, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

32-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the fourth day of January, 1882, incorporating John Lunn Murphy, of the Town of Pembroke, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, Esquire, John Ham Sills, Ephraim G. Sills and Orville Sims, all of Frankford, in the County of Hastings, in the said Province of Ontario, and Levi Ruggles Church, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, one of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, holding, chartering, maintaining and navigating on the River Ottawa and its tributaries any steamers and other vessels of any description for towage purposes or for the carriage and forwarding of passengers, goods and freight of all kinds to and from and between any places on or near the river Ottawa and its tributaries,—by the name of "The Upper Ottawa Towing Company," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-third day of January, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

31-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the ninth day of January, 1882, incorporating John Penman, of the Town of Paris, in the County of Brant, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, manufacturer; William Dubart Long, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, in the said Province, wool merchant; David Morrice, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, commission merchant; Charles Edmund Newberry, of the said City of Hamilton, merchant, and Horace James Long, of the said City of Hamilton, book-keeper, for the purpose of the manufacture and sale throughout the Dominion of Canada, of all kinds of woollen and cotton goods by the name of "The Penman Manufacturing Company, (limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of January, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

31-3

STATEMENT OF INLAND REVENUES ACCRUED DURING THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1881.

SERVICES.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Excise--Spirits	299,383 91	260,825 93	294,558 50	371,672 09	370,728 46	372,343 64	1,969,512 53
Malt Liquor	4,300 00	750 00	500 00	200 00	50 00	50 00	5,850 00
Malt	21,235 89	24,172 79	31,408 13	34,517 57	39,351 48	30,622 57	181,308 42
Tobacco	152,267 34	149,584 42	194,350 59	174,411 92	165,299 57	140,628 36	976,542 20
Inspection of Petroleum	1,026 55	1,926 90	3,038 71	3,786 71	3,677 81	2,490 31	15,946 99
Manufactures in Bond	2,982 18	2,726 52	3,481 24	3,134 28	3,172 24	1,408 58	16,905 04
Seizures	156 11	141 59	41 50	132 62	178 30	8,062 78	8,712 90
Other Receipts	6,108 32	1,547 74	524 50	529 00	787 75	651 11	10,148 42
Total, Excise	487,460 29	441,675 89	527,903 17	588,384 16	583,245 61	556,257 35	3,184,926 50
Canals	47,683 95	51,739 10	43,853 74	38,881 98	25,205 13	238 23	207,602 13
Slides and Booms	9,727 19	5,223 93	1,258 50	40 00	2,263 08	36,239 70	54,752 40
Hydraulic Rents, &c.	4,891 10	3,075 98	126 00	2,181 00	77 77	496 50	10,848 35
Minor Public Works	559 67	729 18	283 92	880 76	259 05	270 42	2,983 00
Culling Timber	8,777 64	8,896 38	6,692 22	4,052 14	6,930 55	2,615 86	37,964 79
Inspection of Weights and Measures	3,008 20	2,785 76	3,267 65	3,088 49	1,883 40	1,334 30	15,367 81
Inspection of Gas	160 50	141 50	173 75	175 50	263 65	229 60	1,144 50
Bill Stamps	13,341 27	16,156 83	21,224 79	15,960 95	22,493 39	16,215 90	105,893 13
Other Revenues	1,248 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,248 26
	576,858 07	530,424 55	604,783 75	653,645 01	612,621 63	613,897 86	3,622,230 87

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, February 10, 1882.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85					
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25					
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65					
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00					
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00					
Total.....	14,774,593 75					

Fractional Notes.....	171,691 85
Provincial "	160,967 65
Montreal issue.....	7,159,706 00
Toronto "	4,826,007 00
Halifax "	1,736,958 50
St. John "	689,870 25
Victoria "	29,392 50
Total.....	\$14,774,593 75

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st January.....	2,533,321 11
Guarantee Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,453,321 11

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75	1,477,459 37
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75	2,216,189 06
	\$3,693,648 43
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,759,672 68
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75.....	11,080,945 32
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	919,054 68

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,759,672 68
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	919,054 68
Total Excess.....	2,678,727 36

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31st JANUARY, 1882.

LIABILITIES.										
CAPITAL.										
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	231,811 41	.....	.....	17,030 00	.....	5,618,470 36	180,000 00	89,170 83	6,136,482 60
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,108,947 53	83,000 00	113,128 98	3,305,076 51
ASSETS.										
Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock.	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Asset ^s .	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	.....	600 00	2,343,923 80	1,688,892 02	883,688 16	180,000 00	.....	*432,456 34	.....	6,865,392 50
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48	1,012,501 70	150,228 75	1,149,283 13	83,000 00	237,220 00	128,611 18	.....	3,577,365 18

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th Feb., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

GENERAL ABSTRACT

SHOWING the average amount of the Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of British Columbia, within the Province of British Columbia and its Dependencies, taken from the several Weekly Statements, for the quarter ending 31st December, 1881.

Prepared and submitted to the Finance Department in conformity with the Local Banking Act of 1864

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Notes in circulation.....	526,831 00	Legal Tender Coin in Gold and Silver.....	232,426 27
Balances due to other Banks and Branches..	15,034 43	Gold Bullion.....	17,544 64
Deposits not bearing interest ... \$917,340 28		Landed and other Property.....	26,163 70
Deposits bearing interest..... .. 33,237 80		Balances due from other Banks	
	950,578 08	and Branches, situate within	
		the Province.....\$11,219 09	
		Balances due from other Banks	
		and Branches, situate without	
		the Province..... 559,635 89	
			570,854 98
		All debts due to the Bank with-	
		in the Province, including	
		Notes, Bills of Exchange, and	
		all Stock and Funded Debts	
		of every description, except-	
		ing Notes, Bills and Balances	
		due from other Banks and	
		Branches 857,893 95	
		Do without the Province... 52,481 39	
			910,375 34
Total amount of Liabilities... ..	1,492,443 51	Total amount of Assets.....	1,757,364 93

Amount of Capital Stock paid up at close of the Quarter ending 31st December, 1881... \$1,730,000 00
Rate of last Dividend declared to the Shareholders. 5 per cent. per annum.
Amount of last Dividend declared 43,250 00
Amount of Reserve Profit at the time of declaring said Dividend..... 224,200 00

WM. C. WARD,
Manager,

CHS. S. JONES,
Accountant.
32-3

Victoria, B.C., 18th day of January, 1882.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 3rd February, 1882.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	8,818 00	1,862 37
Agricultural Implements		6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,573 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 59
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	82,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	442,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of Manitoba
and British Columbia) for December, 1881.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total,
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	76,804 00	5,500 00	82,304 00
do Fisheries.....	462,682 00	.....	462,682 00
do Forest.....	658,905 00	39,910 00	698,815 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,315,959 00	9,415 00	1,325,374 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,440,138 00	16,096 00	2,456,234 00
Manufactures	236,272 00	75,619 00	311,891 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	33,579 00	653 00	34,232 00
Totals.....	5,224,339 00	147,193 00	5,371,532 00
Coin and Bullion.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand Total, exclusive of Manitoba and British Columbia.	5,224,339 00	147,193 00	5,371,532 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 26th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of December, 1881. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 30th Nov., 1881	\$7,541,467 33	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$265,925 50
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	564,932 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	1,800 70	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$7,798,501 86
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	43,772 67
	8,108,200 03		7,842,274 5
			8,108,200 03

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 17th January, 1882.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1st JANUARY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Channay.....	Woburn.....	Beauce.....Q..	Eugène Becigneul.
Gagnon.....	.....	Victoria.....N.S..	Jean P Gagnon.
Marney.....	Sec. 2, Tp. 16, R. 22 W.....	Marquette.....M..	Peter Butchart.
Neepawa.....	" 33, " 14, " 15 ".....	Marquette.....M..	J. J. Hamilton.
Norquay.....	" 17, " 6, " 10 ".....	Marquette.....M..	T. H. Pentland.
North Arm.....	.....	New Westminster.....B.C..	John W. Sexsmith.
Point Aconi.....	.....	Cape Breton.. ....N.S..	Donald J. Walker.
Reids Mills.....	Mountain.....	Dundas.....O..	W. Reid.
South Clones.....	.....	Queens.....N.B..	Johnston Cooper.
South Knowlesville.....	.....	Carleton.....N.B..	Jacob Spinney.
Ste. Trinité.....	De Sales.....	Charlevoix.....Q..	Pierre Tremblay.
Trafford.....	Sheffield.....	Addington.....O..	Michael Whelan.
Toys Hill.....	Matilda.....	Dundas.....O..	J. Toy.
Ursa.....	Glamorgan.....	Peterborough, E.R.....O..	Stephen Kettle.
Weedon Centre.....	Weedon.....	Wolfe.....Q..	Siméon Fontaine.
West Advocate.....	.....	Cumberland.....N.S..	Judson Reid.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Clydesdale.....Co. Marquette, M.
Conroy's Farm.....Co. Hastings, O.
Falkland.....Co. Brant, O.
Simays Lake.....Co. Pontiac, Q.
Weedon Station.....Co. Wolfe, Q.

NAME CHANGED.

Duncanville, Co. Victoria, N.B.....to Beaconsfield.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st October, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 30th Sept., 1881.	Deposits for October, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, October, 1881.	Balance, 31st October, 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	485,321 16	46,576 37	531,897 53	42,952 82	488,944 71
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	289,784 51	83,607 00	373,391 51	39,394 65	333,996 86
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,290,116 20	70,951 00	1,361,067 20	47,108 80	1,313,958 40
Nanaimo.....	135,663 51	8,479 00	144,142 51	5,983 50	138,159 01
New Westminster.....	156,350 08	11,381 00	167,731 08	6,148 21	161,582 87
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	116,825 13	5,497 00	122,322 13	6,498 66	115,823 47
Antigonish.....	29,046 83	2,755 00	31,801 83	992 27	30,809 56
Annapolis.....	110,071 44	8,147 00	118,218 44	6,010 92	112,207 52
Arischat.....	121,231 15	1,911 00	123,142 15	3,099 88	120,042 27
Acadia Mines.....	25,934 06	2,580 00	28,514 06	1,828 45	26,685 61
Baddeck.....	31,775 61	2,502 63	34,278 24	1,000 08	33,278 16
Bridgewater.....	18,059 89	695 00	18,754 89	780 00	17,974 89
Barrington.....	29,851 30	1,452 00	31,303 30	550 80	30,752 50
Digby.....	53,757 38	6,491 00	60,248 38	2,932 56	57,315 82
Guysboro'.....	41,135 69	2,135 00	43,270 69	1,670 87	41,599 82
Halifax.....	2,252,514 00	66,730 47	2,319,244 47	82,411 26	2,236,833 21
Kentville.....	77,266 54	6,689 30	83,955 84	2,189 60	81,766 24
Liverpool.....	109,249 45	3,801 00	113,050 45	2,747 40	110,303 05
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65	.....	12 65	.....	12 65
Lingan.....	8,456 05	1,103 00	9,559 05	524 00	9,035 05
Lunenburg.....	66,716 06	1,685 00	68,401 06	2,724 72	65,676 34
Maitland.....	44,430 80	2,033 00	46,463 80	1,585 85	44,877 95
New Glasgow.....	82,869 75	6,654 00	89,523 75	2,954 10	86,569 65
Parrsboro'.....	39,871 71	1,260 00	41,131 71	1,051 55	40,080 16
Port Hood.....	42,857 23	1,690 00	44,547 23	736 97	43,810 26
Pictou.....	38,075 84	1,366 00	39,441 84	1,273 19	38,168 65
Shelburne.....	28,941 53	2,170 00	31,111 53	1,088 32	30,023 21
Sydney.....	155,306 23	4,424 00	159,730 23	5,781 28	153,948 95
Sherbrooke.....	32,235 83	700 00	32,935 83	1,748 79	31,187 04
Truro.....	175,427 99	6,612 00	182,040 99	5,416 09	176,624 90
Wallace.....	4,940 25	1,781 00	6,721 25	190 50	6,530 75
Windsor.....	361,583 33	6,317 00	367,900 33	15,548 28	352,352 05
Weymouth.....	51,573 24	817 00	52,390 24	2,398 18	49,992 06
Yarmouth.....	264,241 61	15,522 00	279,763 61	8,634 98	271,128 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,583 41	1,888 00	61,471 41	1,154 58	60,316 83
Chatham.....	177,502 43	6,401 00	183,903 43	4,397 65	179,505 78
Dalhousie.....	132,187 63	3,194 00	135,381 63	1,786 38	133,595
Dorchester.....	16,269 35	2,131 42	18,400 77	2,591 29	15,809 48
Fredericton.....	260,563 68	8,102 00	268,665 68	10,652 85	258,012 83
Hillsboro'.....	18,092 31	725 00	18,817 31	376 14	18,441 17
Moncton.....	107,317 23	13,157 00	120,474 23	8,166 93	112,307 30
Newcastle.....	115,139 76	8,740 00	123,879 76	3,762 20	120,117 59
Richibucto.....	64,553 06	390 00	64,943 06	847 99	64,095 07
St. Andrews.....	183,138 50	4,018 00	187,156 50	1,245 98	185,910 52
St. John.....	1,522,567 46	46,151 00	1,568,718 46	30,001 52	1,538,716 94
Sussex.....	.....	3,282 00	3,282 00	280 00	3,002 00
Woodstock.....	165,144 98	6,278 00	171,422 98	3,746 12	167,676 86
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	658,047 29	26,456 00	684,503 29	20,066 09	664,437 20
Total.....	10,251,601 12	517,429 19	10,769,030 31	395,033 25	10,373,997 06

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th Sept., 1881, published in accordance with the Act 34 Vict., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Aug., 1881.	Deposits for Sept., 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, Sept., 1881.	Balance, 31st Sept., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario,—</i>					
Toronto.....	486,581 51	34,115 00	520,696 51	35,375 35	485,321 16
<i>Manitoba,—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	253,986 53	68,750 00	322,736 53	32,952 02	289,784 51
<i>British Columbia,—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,268,968 23	70,930 00	1,339,928 23	49,812 03	1,290,116 20
Nanaimo.....	134,026 28	4,978 00	139,004 28	3,340 77	135,663 51
New Westminster.....	146,861 68	14,592 00	161,453 68	5,103 60	156,350 08
<i>Nova Scotia,—</i>					
Amherst.....	110,886 37	8,463 00	119,349 37	2,524 24	116,825 13
Antigonish.....	25,149 83	4,732 00	29,881 83	835 00	29,046 83
Annapolis.....	107,942 98	6,391 00	114,333 98	4,262 54	110,071 44
Arichat.....	123,076 71	3,583 82	126,660 53	5,429 38	121,231 15
Acadia Mines.....	24,805 63	1,877 00	26,682 63	748 57	25,934 06
Baddeck.....	28,383 85	4,100 00	32,483 85	708 24	31,775 61
Bridgewater.....	17,447 83	1,754 00	19,201 83	1,141 94	18,059 89
Barrington.....	28,022 30	1,969 00	29,991 30	140 00	29,851 30
Digby.....	54,886 52	4,006 00	58,892 52	5,135 14	53,757 38
Guysboro.....	39,647 09	3,068 00	42,715 09	1,579 40	41,135 69
Halifax.....	2,226,177 87	88,881 28	2,315,059 15	62,545 15	2,252,514 00
Kentville.....	76,604 73	4,437 46	81,042 19	3,775 65	77,266 54
Liverpool.....	108,165 58	2,307 00	110,472 58	1,223 13	109,249 45
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan.....	8,526 05	411 00	8,937 05	481 00	8,456 05
Lunenburg.....	68,216 73	930 00	69,146 73	2,430 67	66,716 06
Maitland.....	43,198 19	4,036 00	47,234 19	2,803 39	44,430 80
New Glasgow.....	83,246 75	3,507 00	86,753 75	3,884 00	82,869 75
Parrsboro.....	42,097 52	1,148 00	43,245 52	3,373 81	39,871 71
Port Hood.....	43,248 23	455 00	43,703 23	846 00	42,857 23
Pictou.....	36,365 60	2,015 00	38,380 60	304 76	38,075 84
Shelburne.....	29,715 39	408 00	30,123 39	1,181 86	28,941 53
Sydney.....	150,430 46	7,418 00	157,848 46	2,542 23	155,306 23
Sherbrooke.....	31,813 02	2,500 00	34,313 02	2,077 19	32,235 83
Truro.....	172,714 37	8,309 00	181,023 37	5,595 38	175,427 99
Wallace.....		5,040 00	5,040 00	99 75	361,583 33
Windsor.....	365,903 83	14,941 00	380,844 83	19,261 50	51,573 24
Weymouth.....	48,876 93	3,712 00	52,588 93	1,015 69	264,241 61
Yarmouth.....	250,452 62	19,647 00	270,099 62	5,858 01	
<i>New Brunswick,—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,441 92	1,195 00	60,636 92	1,053 51	59,583 41
Chatham.....	171,804 99	10,212 00	182,016 99	4,514 56	177,502 43
Dalhousie.....	127,312 16	5,969 00	133,281 16	1,093 53	132,187 63
Dorchester.....	16,371 35	230 00	16,601 35	332 00	16,269 35
Fredericton.....	245,712 66	20,393 00	266,105 66	5,541 98	260,563 68
Hillsboro.....	16,361 26	1,993 00	18,354 26	261 95	18,092 31
Moncton.....	103,546 76	11,284 00	114,830 76	7,513 53	107,317 23
Newcastle.....	115,947 79	2,796 00	118,743 79	3,604 03	115,139 76
Richibucto.....	61,549 06	3,546 00	65,095 06	542 00	64,553 06
St. Andrews.....	178,284 64	9,714 00	187,998 64	4,860 14	183,138 50
S. John.....	1,501,703 92	45,961 00	1,547,664 92	25,097 46	1,522,567 46
Woodstock.....	163,118 09	5,783 00	168,901 09	3,756 11	165,144 98
<i>Prince Edward Island,</i>					
Charlottetown.....	641,231 11	34,259 13	675,490 24	17,442 95	658,047 29
Total.....	10,038,825 57	556,776 69	10,595,602 26	344,001 14	10,251,601 12

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th Dec., 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.		Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.		Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
			Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.		
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....	Accident.	
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771).....	Fire and Inland Marine.	
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.	
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.	
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.	
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.	
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	.....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.	
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.	
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton .....	.....	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000).....	Life.	
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c.	
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.	
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine,	
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Guarantee.	
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	.....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock.	Fire.	
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England....	.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Fire and Life.	
The Confederation Life Association of Canada .....	.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....	Life.	
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	.....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B.C. Bonds.	Fire and Inland Marine,	
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.	
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.	
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)	Guarantee.	
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	.....	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.	
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.	
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.	
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.	
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.	
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....	Fire and Life	
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.	
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited) .....	.....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock.	Guarantee and Accident.	
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool....	.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	\$21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.	
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.	
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	.....	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.	
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.. ..	.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life;	
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.	
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.	
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.	
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life;	

STATEMENT O

NAME OF BANK. — NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CAPITAL.				
	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subscribed.	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subscribed.	
	Capital autorisé.	Capital souscrit.			
Union Bank.....	28,921 22	163,118 00	218,287 28	64,749 82	11,1
†Consolidated Bank of Canada.....					
Total Quebec.....	3,958,848 39	5,462,980 50	3,197,003 63	1,086,793 77	16,164,0
Total Ontario.....	2,012,369 78	3,220,857 06	2,407,629 83	952,654 95	6,350,8
Total Ontario and Quebec.....	5 971,218 17	8,683,837 56	5,604,633 52	2 039,448 72	22,514,8
NOVA SCOTIA.					
Bank of Yarmouth.....	44,550 99	19,381 00	9,745 84	92,283 62	31,7
Bank of Nova Scotia.....	142,691 15	171,919 00	105,132 04	176,889 41	64,7
Exchange Bank of Yarmouth.....	13,704 04	11,440 00	1,571 00	6,742 68	12,3
Merchants Bank of Halifax...	103,786 22	165,349 00	83,175 48	82,793 71	68,7
People's Bank of Halifax.....	71, 64 85	238,094 00	21,911 52	39,718 79	34,3
Union Bank of Halifax.....	46,680 24	100,205 00	36,224 19	76,135 91	23,9
†Bank of Liverpool.....					
Pictou Bank.....	22,569 96	31,561 00	17,600 61	15,761 89	3,
Halifax Banking Company	18,235 49	57,815 50	21,493 63	30,747 72	18,8
‡Commercial Bank of Windsor					
Total Nova Scotia	463,282 94	795,764 50	296,854 36	520,675 73	257,
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.					
*Bank of Prince Edward Island.....					
Union Bank.....					
*Merchants Bank P. E. Island					
NEW BRUNSWICK.					
Bank of New Brunswick.....	141,531 20	184,793 00	27,449 00	174,070 06	26,
Maritime B. of the Dominion of Canada	495 30	39,660 00	877 63	1,310 83	2,
*People's Bank					
St. Stephen's Bank.....	41,822 00		44,588 69	23,102 80	65,
Total New Brunswick	183,848 50	224,453 00	72,915 32	198,483 69	94,
BRITISH COLUMBIA.					
*Bank of British Columbia.....					

Total Ontario and Quebec.....	5,971,218 17	8,683,837 56	5,604,633 52	2,039,448 72	22,514,
" Nova Scotia.....	463,282 94	795,764 50	296,854 36	520,675 73	257,
" New Brunswick.....	183,848 50	224,453 00	72,915 32	198,483 69	94,
Grand Total.....	6,618,349 61	9,704,055 06	5,974,403 20	2,758,608 14	22,866,

*At present not obliged to make returns.

† Mechanics' Bank

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th February, 1882

STATEMENT OF BANKS ACTING UNDER CHARTER, for the month ending 31st January, 1881, according to the Returns furnished by them to the Department of Finance.

NAME OF BANK. — NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CAPITAL.						LIABILITIES.											
	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subscribed.	Capital Paid Up.	Notes in Circulation.	Domestic Government Deposits Payable on Demand.	Domestic Government Deposits Payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Deposits held as Security for execution of Dominion Government contract and for Insurance Companies.	Provincial Government Deposits Payable on Demand.	Provincial Government Deposits Payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Other Deposits Payable on Demand.	Other Deposits Payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Loans from or Deposits made by other Banks in Canada secured.	Loans from or Deposits made by other Banks in Canada unsecured.	Due to Agencies of other Banks or Agencies in foreign countries.	Due to Agencies of Bank, or to other Banks or Agencies in United Kingdom.	Liabilities not included under foregoing heads.	Total Liabilities.	
	Capital autorisé.	Capital souscrit.	Capital versé.	Notes en circulation.	Dépôts du Gouvernement Fédéral remboursables à demande.	Dépôts du Gouvernement Fédéral, remboursables après avis ou à une date fixe.	Dépôts gardés comme garantie de l'exécution de travaux entrepris pour le Gouvernement Fédéral et pour des Compagnies d'assurances.	Dépôts des Gouvernements Provinciaux remboursables à demande.	Dépôts des Gouvernements Provinciaux remboursables après avis ou à une date fixe.	Autres dépôts remboursables à demande.	Autres Dépôts remboursables après avis ou à une date fixe.	Emprunts faits à d'autres banques, ou dépôts faits par d'autres banques en Canada, garantis.	Emprunts faits à d'autres banques, ou dépôts faits par d'autres banques en Canada non garantis.	Due to other Banks in Canada.	Due to des agences de la banque, ou à d'autres banques ou à d'autres agences dans les pays étrangers.	Engagements non compris dans les items qui précèdent.	Total du passif.	
ONTARIO.																		
Bank of Toronto	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,419,430 00	1,419,430 00	1,419,430 00	3,253 00	1,419,430 00	3,253 00	2,179,400 24	1,471,208 75	59,730 05	11,558 99	139,236 92	33,183 14	5,308,008 87		
Bank of Hamilton	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	742,218 00	742,218 00	742,218 00	42,000 00	742,218 00	42,000 00	869,233 08	378,233 02	25,000 00	10,149 75	12,189 83	34,667 28	2,138,893 02		
Canadian Bank of Commerce	6,000,000 00	6,000,000 00	6,000,000 00	3,643,110 00	3,643,110 00	3,643,110 00	5,892 92	3,643,110 00	5,892 92	6,207,088 23	7,223,182 51	108,121 78	52,291 32	15,434 75	19,634 51	15,434 51		
Dominion Bank	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	267,084 00	267,084 00	267,084 00	10,000 00	267,084 00	10,000 00	1,849,581 56	2,272,404 66	59,055 89	15,191 70	5,359 98	5,359 98	5,359,989 87		
Ontario Bank	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	2,998,404 00	1,008,64 00	1,008,64 00	1,008,64 00	300,000 00	1,008,64 00	300,000 00	2,440,297 49	994,055 89	50,886 99	135,110 87	2,855,973 02	12,338 44	1,317,290 18		
Standard Bank	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,434,310 00	1,434,310 00	1,434,310 00	55,000 00	1,434,310 00	55,000 00	1,281,826 61	3,295,189 50	50,000 00	94,522 99	241 95	8,708 40	5,124,410 35		
Federal Bank	1,500,000 00	1,500,000 00	1,500,000 00	476,011 86	476,011 86	476,011 86	5,480 00	476,011 86	5,480 00	381,586 73	401,144 64	32,500 00	7,293 93	8,708 40	73,721 14	1,317,290 18		
Bank of Ottawa	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	61,831 24	61,831 24	61,831 24	29,000 00	61,831 24	29,000 00	1,619,517 99	1,619,517 99	—	—	—	—	1,619,517 99		
Imperial Bank of Canada	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,003,409 00	1,003,409 00	1,003,409 00	—	1,003,409 00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,003,409 00		
Total, Ontario	17,500,000 00	16,884,800 00	16,594,409 00	11,427,411 00	11,427,411 00	11,427,411 00	855,480 00	11,427,411 00	855,480 00	14,317 85	501,500 00	1,300,000 00	19,274,342 52	18,091,039 78	276,351 81	63,058,270 83		
QUEBEC.																		
Bank of Montreal	12,000,000 00	12,000,000 00	11,993,200 00	5,047,068 00	5,047,068 00	5,047,068 00	490,715 55	5,047,068 00	490,715 55	8,900,080 82	5,685,289 82	813,705 21	13,881 29	47,968 66	27,038,412 71	27,038,412 71		
Bank of British North America	4,866,666 00	4,866,666 00	4,866,666 00	1,023,037 00	1,023,037 00	1,023,037 00	18,000 00	1,023,037 00	18,000 00	1,132,438 00	3,374,072 00	20,269 00	6,207 21	2,077,217 00	1,810,065 12	1,810,065 12		
Banque du Peuple	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	175,679 00	175,679 00	175,679 00	—	175,679 00	—	581,294 00	1,011,294 00	60,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00		
Banque Nationale	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	790,740 00	790,740 00	790,740 00	25,000 00	790,740 00	25,000 00	1,117 50	1,117 50	—	—	—	—	—		
Banque Jacques-Cartier	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	104,894 00	104,894 00	104,894 00	—	104,894 00	—	787,673 20	307,296 74	100,000 00	2,446 81	1,810,065 12	3,606 37	1,810,065 12		
Banque Ville-Marie	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	423,287 00	423,287 00	423,287 00	—	423,287 00	—	112,811 67	71,416 40	20,466 73	5,000 00	21 25	159,208 25	7,193 51		
Banque de St. Jean	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	225,920 00	225,920 00	225,920 00	—	225,920 00	—	12,831 67	233,793 12	—	—	—	807 61	6,021 85		
Banque de St. Hyacinthe	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	247,280 00	247,280 00	247,280 00	—	247,280 00	—	5,693 74	5,693 74	—	—	—	—	814,126 66		
La Banque de Hochelaga	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	682,960 00	682,960 00	682,960 00	—	682,960 00	—	176,805 71	176,805 71	—	—	—	—	93,532 55		
Eastern Townships Bank	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,382,814 85	1,382,814 85	1,382,814 85	—	1,382,814 85	—	374,283 57	1,434,238 94	330,000 00	10,714 38	2,715,189 57	2,715,189 57	2,715,189 57		
Exchange Bank of Canada	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	484,224 00	484,224 00	484,224 00	—	484,224 00	—	994,450 88	464,906 78	—	—	—	26,857 56	2,642,312 99		
Molson's Bank	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,973,635 00	1,973,635 00	1,973,635 00	—	1,973,635 00	—	2,416 92	2,416 92	30,000 00	192,240 33	10,434 40	74,933 92	6,780,337 02		
Merchant's Bank of Canada	6,000,000 00	6,000,000 00	6,000,000 00	3,619,991 00	3,619,991 00	3,619,991 00	—	3,619,991 00	—	2,653,225 14	1,784,400 02	706,765 00	124,240 33	10,434 40	101,241 33	14,013,730 40		
Mechanic's Bank	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	247,923 91	247,923 91	247,923 91	—	247,923 91	—	4,183,317 50	4,183,317 50	—	—	—	—	8,019 46		
Quebec Bank	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	769,988 50	769,988 50	769,988 50	—	769,988 50	—	799,313 48	799,313 48	138,000 00	45,976 19	5,074 85	80,821 78	4,613,200 78		
Union Bank of Lower Canada	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,069 87	1,069 87	1,069 87	—	1,069 87	—	79,937 53	79,937 53	—	—	—	—	2,660,859 72		
Consolidated Bank of Canada	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,069 87	1,069 87	1,069 87	—	1,069 87	—	120,424 43	120,424 43	—	—	—	—	1,069 87		
Total, Quebec	39,466,666 00	37,474,333 67	36,893,444 18	17,287,168 50	17,287,168 50	17,287,168 50	665,844 45	17,287,168 50	665,844 45	812,610 25	111,157 99	24,911,871 20	21,393,038 95	2,136,418 18	610,541 04	51,765 85		
Total, Ontario	17,500,000 00	16,884,800 00	16,594,409 00	11,427,411 00	11,427,411 00	11,427,411 00	855,480 00	11,427,411 00	855,480 00	14,317 85	501,500 00	1,300,000 00	19,274,342 52	18,091,039 78	276,351 81	63,058,270 83		
Total, Ontario and Quebec	56,966,666 00	54,358,133 67	53,487,853 18	28,714,579 50	28,714,579 50	28,714,579 50	1,521,324 85	28,714,579 50	1,521,324 85	1,187,130 10	1,112,657 98	2,539,871 20	22,586,077 90	2,172,836 96	1,081,092 85	114,124,541 66		
NOVA SCOTIA.																		
Bank of Yarmouth	400,000 00	400,000 00	383,010 00	89,344 00	89,344 00	89,344 00	—	89,344 00	—	110,598 49	110,598 49	—	2,403 02	13,364 48	11,490 30	388,855 14		
Bank of Nova Scotia	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	880,835 61	880,835 61	880,835 61	100,000 00	880,835 61	100,000 00	81,742 98	489,423 25	1,505,765 68	28,469 52	40,000 00	40,000 00	3,811,529 92		
Exchange Bank of Yarmouth	400,000 00	400,000 00	280,024 00	34,511 58	34,511 58	34,511 58	—	34,511 58	—	28,904 76	34,875 00	—	—	—	—	92,351 34		
Merchants' Bank of Halifax	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	900,000 00	646,882 73	646,882 73	646,882 73	—	646,882 73	—	1,047,127 94	1,047,127 94	25,000 00	286,300 89	98,400 00	74,648 94	2,491,442 89		
People's Bank of Halifax	800,000 00	800,000 00	714,500 12	214,500 12	214,500 12	214,500 12	—	214,500 12	—	170,701 73	170,701 73	—	—	—	18,748 57	1,816,079 78		
Union Bank of Halifax	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	500,000 00	144,588 73	144,588 73	144,588 73	—	144,588 73	—	95,957 44	426,614 81	—	17,093 59	—	3,295 11	882 65		
Bank of Liverpool	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Bank of Montreal	600,000 00	600,000 00	600,000 00	128,072 00	128,072 00	128,072 00	—	128,072 00	—	301,013 87	301,013 87	—	—	—	—	6,306 50		
Halifax Banking Company	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	179,553 74	179,553 74	179,553 74	—	179,553 74	—	157,743 77	205,572 98	—	6,043 18	—	—	12,488 10		
Commercial Bank of Windsor	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Total, Nova Scotia	5,000,000 00	5,400,000 00	4,363,034 00	2,317,258 18	2,317,258 18	2,317,258 18	698,787 97	2,317,258 18	698,787 97	127,115 59	25,000 00	1,445,090 19	3,964,333 68	138,400 00	193,950 70	16,679 59		
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.																		
Bank of Prince Edward Island	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	518,712 50	518,712 50	518,712 50	—	518,712 50	—	564,418 35	575,246 05	—	81,394 04	—	—	2,387,687 94		
Maritime Bank of the Dominion of Canada	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	788,000 00	788,000 00	788,000 00	—	788,000 00	—	100,217 83	83,288 96	—	3,044 27	—	1,054 12	383,368 98		
People's Bank	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
St. Stephen's Bank, P.E.I.	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	215,186 00	215,186 00	215,186 00	—	215,186 00	—	155,259 36	155,259 36	—	—	—	—	690 00		
Total, New Brunswick	3,200,000 00	3,833,000 00	3,833,453 70	833,960 50	833,960 50	833,960 50	49,866 34	833,960 50	49,866 34	1,059,535 01	825,895 34	—	84,438 91	1,054 12	680 00	3,179,978 98		
BRITISH COLUMBIA.																		
Bank of British Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
RECAPITULATION.																		
Total, Ontario and Quebec	56,966,666 00	54,358,133 67	53,487,853 18	28,714,579 50	28,714,579 50	28,714,579 50	1,521,324 85	28,714,579 50	1,521,324 85	1,187,130 10	1,112,657 98	2,539,871 20	22,586,077 90	2,172,836 96	1,081,092 85	114,124,541 66		
Total, Nova Scotia	5,000,000 00	5,400,000 00	4,363,034 00	2,317,258 18	2,317,258 18	2,317,258 18	698,787 97	2,317,258 18	698,787 97	127,115 59	25,000 00	1,445,090 19	3,964,333 68	138,400 00	193,950 70	16,679 59		
Total, New Brunswick	3,200,000 00	3,833,000 00	3,833,453 70	833,960 50	833,960 50	833,960 50	49,866 34	833,960 50	49,866 34	1,059,535 01	825,895 34	—	84,438 91	1,054 12	680 00	3,179,978 98		
Total, British Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—												

‡ In Liquidation.

RECAPITULATION

ASSETS. ACTIFS.																													
NAME OF BANK.	Specie.	Dominion Notes.	Notes of and Cheques on other Banks.	Balances due from other banks in Canada.	Balances due from Agencies of the Bank, or from other Banks or Agencies in foreign countries.	Balances due from Agencies of the Bank, or from other Banks or Agencies in the Dominion.	Dominion Government Debentures or Stock.	Dominion or Foreign or Colonial public securities other than Canadian.	Loans to the Government of the Dominion.	Loans to Provincial Governments.	Loans, discounts, or advances on current accounts, to corporations.	Loans, discounts, or advances, on promissory notes, bills, or other securities, to individuals, partnerships, or corporations.	Loans, discounts, or advances on current accounts, to other corporations.	Loans, discounts, or advances, on promissory notes, bills, or other securities, to individuals, partnerships, or corporations.	Loans to other banks made in other Banks secured.	Loans to other banks made in other Banks unsecured.	Notes and bills discounted, overdrawn, or from other sources, specially secured.	Notes and bills discounted, overdrawn, or from other sources, not specially secured.	Other overdrawn bills not specially secured.	Mortgages on real estate sold by the Bank.	Bank Premises.	Other Assets not included under the foregoing heads.	Total Assets.	Total of the Pacific.	Average amount of specie held during the month.	Average amount of Dominion Notes held during the month.			
NOM DE LA BANQUE.	Spécies.	Billets de la Possession.	Billets d'autres banques et chèques sur d'autres banques.	Balances dues par d'autres banques en Canada.	Balances dues par les agences de la banque, ou par d'autres banques ou agences dans les pays étrangers.	Balances dues par les agences de la banque, ou par d'autres banques ou agences dans le Dominion.	Bons ou effets du gouvernement fédéral.	Effets publics provinciaux, coloniaux, étrangers ou canadiens, autres que ceux du Canada.	Prêts au gouvernement fédéral.	Prêts aux gouvernements provinciaux.	Prêts aux sociétés, compagnies, ou autres personnes, sur cautionnement, ou autres titres.	Prêts, escomptes ou avances sur courants, à des corporations.	Prêts, escomptes ou avances sur cautionnement, ou autres titres, à des particuliers, à des sociétés, à des compagnies, ou à des corporations.	Prêts, escomptes ou avances sur courants, à d'autres corporations.	Prêts, escomptes ou avances sur cautionnement, ou autres titres, à d'autres personnes.	Prêts à d'autres banques sur déposités faits dans d'autres banques, non garantis.	Prêts à d'autres banques sur déposités faits dans d'autres banques, garantis.	Autres prêts courants, escomptes et avances au public.	Autres prêts courants, escomptes et avances, non spécialement garantis.	Autres créances en souffrance, non spécialement assurées.	Hypothèques sur des immeubles vendus par la banque.	Édifices de la banque.	Autres dettes actives non comprises dans les items précédents.	Total.	Chiffre moyen des espèces possédées durant le mois.	Chiffre moyen des billets de la Possession possédés durant le mois.			
ONTARIO.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		
Bank of Toronto	221,471.44	30,855.00	31,853.73	100,087.72	100,087.72	100,087.72	134,047.45	87,533.25	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34	2,102.34		
Bank of Hamilton	86,250.00	10,000.00	10,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00		
Bank of Montreal	151,233.68	19,151.55	19,151.55	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00	60,000.00		
Bank of Commerce	114,411.49	20,736.00	20,736.00	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74	130,714.74		
Dominion Bank	161,151.32	21,110.00	21,110.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00	180,000.00		
Ontario Bank	141,111.87	24,000.00	24,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00	160,000.00		
Federal Bank	214,111.87	24,000.00	24,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00	240,000.00		
Bank of Ottawa	212,127.40	31,911.00	240,650.85	196,743.39	151,627.44		191,000.00	150,000.00																					
Imperial Bank of Canada	222,081.79																												
Ontario.	2,012,369.78	3,220,857.00	2,107,629.84	982,664.95	6,350,877.94	185,610.94	605,315.81	1,748,132.56	752.00	41,332.96	3,802,047.02	283,099.00	2,485,943.95		358,608.08	47,037,741.26	311,495.38	56,174.38	476,962.08	241,838.53	100,451.28	84,845.92	248,499.43	1,611,689.12	1,856,606.83	3,405,808.28			
QUEBEC.	2,226,180.00	2,406,421.00	1,147,941.57	89,863.97	8,070,933.89	3,327,121.48			190,837.08	610,928.78	5,221,744.73	29,411.00	3,011,564.28		92,230.00	16,184,605.73	102,876.53		156,890.19	49,336.70	62,928.22	345,520.00	1,016,764.72	15,687,092.07	1,298,511.00	2,240,789.00	3,968,323.00		
Bank of Montreal	2,226,180.00	2,406,421.00	1,147,941.57	89,863.97	8,070,933.89	3,327,121.48			190,837.08	610,928.78	5,221,744.73	29,411.00	3,011,564.28		92,230.00	16,184,605.73	102,876.53		156,890.19	49,336.70	62,928.22	345,520.00	1,016,764.72	15,687,092.07	1,298,511.00	2,240,789.00	3,968,323.00		
Bank of British North America	59,337.00	598,221.00	107,112.00	19,181.00	3,706,713.00	692,347.00					692,347.00					5,462,037.00	17,068.00		18,440.00	10,617.00		235,000.00	41,763.00	1,184,576.00	28,537.00	746,589.00			
Bank of the People	31,289.51	121,555.00	128,578.46	5,678.75	6,325.97	26,595.97					75,715.99					2,010,937.00	30,000.00		41,763.00	10,617.00		235,000.00	41,763.00	1,184,576.00	28,537.00	746,589.00			
Bank of the People	111,743.04	238,450.00	28,102.70	154,182.07	51,238.17	16,612.91					16,612.91					2,223,240.00	94,545.10		30,303.23	289,739.89		13,809.57	80,868.69	49,404.46	4,752,395.55	881,388.00	94,014.37		
Bank of the People	15,909.21	31,141.00	20,631.96	63,241.37	1,586.53	10,540.08					1,586.53					1,284,505.92	4,745.07		193,012.61	20,444.06		168,219.98	2,238,182.23	41,581.00	16,776.00	14,610.00			
Bank of the People	5,403.37	18,820.76	27,578.81	7,643.40												3,000.00	4,538.17		18,007.58	7,920.00		3,000.00	6,050.00	514.96	1,801,891.69	23,128.00	87,142.26		
Bank of the People	6,399.57	7,161.00	5,739.57	20,302.29	12,891.41						13,139.63					5,057,803.18	31,401.78		18,007.58	7,920.00		3,000.00	6,050.00	514.96	1,801,891.69	23,128.00	87,142.26		
Bank of the People	17,613.03	20,173.00	27,585.48	54,575.53	6,135.45						3,100.00					2,121,881.18	41,000.00		16,007.58	7,920.00		3,000.00	6,050.00	514.96	1,801,891.69	23,128.00	87,142.26		
Bank of the People	34,073.52	45,475.75	31,103.39	38,695.20	2,160.92						8,815.51					2,236,037.32	4,800.54		9,301.85	78,114.14		14,609.17	16,815.00	4,171.98	1,643,922.52	88,815.00	39,811.00		
Bank of the People	102,353.02	80,503.00	21,722.00	264,855.06	83,099.44	5,800.70					77,059.15					2,201,833.44	2,722.55		22,051.71	18,560.17		9,000.00	10,000.00	577.57	3,353,308.53	26,718.90	38,824.00		
Bank of the People	49,344.52	27,741.00	10,545.05	61,176.33	29,493.13						33,925.67					1,136,307.78	29,567.87		73,824.38	107,835.83		26,234.34	184,000.00	6,382.83	1,912,011.08	161,635.00	369,201.00		
Bank of the People	294,677.50	490,072.25	377,188.23	169,131.28	16,657.30	12,616.53					10,934.82					1,261,881.18	185,408.70		160,128.61	400,711.46		157,403.68	446,947.26	2,672,798.38	1,014,336.00	278,125.00	650,000.00		
Bank of the People	421,653.39	880,104.25	54,678.57	3,223,619.83												4,682,529.18	76,119.27		6,748.12	19,271.20		6,079.40	17,688.12	18,130.20	7,508,788.03	698,062.50	115,765.00		
Bank of the People	112,678.24	181,804.00	206,886.23	10,876.12	49,762.45	68,611.00	118,433.33		664.00	6,721.32	1,485,099.54	82,741.22	121,383.71		32,500.00	4,682,529.18	76,119.27		6,748.12	19,271.20		6,079.40	17,688.12	18,130.20	7,508,788.03	698,062.50	115,765.00		
Bank of the People	58,261.24	110,177.00	111,170.32	11,174.82	11,174.82						70,418.36					3,576,552.66	76,119.27		6,748.12	19,271.20		6,079.40	17,688.12	18,130.20	7,508,788.03	698,062.50	115,765.00		
Consolidated Bank of Canada																													
Total Quebec.	3,058,918.79	5,462,981.50	3,197,003.69	1,066,794.77	16,161,075.86	3,459,817.58	416,570.98	1,99,144.00	811.94	618.18	9,441.01	71.00	14,812,411.41		47,554.10	64,025,219.63	690,422.31		136,827.90	1,405,536.44		1,611,651.59	395,063.04	1,817,888.49	1,827,874.17	12,159,664.48	4,750,814.74	3,815,971.73	5,783,150.69
Total Ontario.	2,012,369.78	3,220,857.00	2,107,629.84	982,664.95	6,350,877.94	185,610.94	605,315.81	1,748,132.56	752.00	41,332.96	3,802,047.02	283,099.00	2,485,943.95		358,608.08	47,037,741.26	311,495.38		56,174.38	476,962.08		1,016,764.72	15,687,092.07	1,298,511.00	2,240,789.00	3,968,323.00	7,508,788.03	1,856,606.83	3,405,808.28
Total Ontario and Quebec.	5,071,218.17	8,683,831.56	5,304,633.53	2,049,459.72	22,511,953.80	3,655,438.52	1,021,886.79	3,746,265.06	1,563,963.94	863,964.96	13,213,094.04	566,198.08	49,224,355.36		736,159.18	111,666,960.89	907,917.47		1,882,498.19	1,778,068.84		2,674,339.06	2,054,948.78	6,362,194.71	5,702,638.55	9,185,928.95			
NOVA SCOTIA.																													
Bank of Yarmouth	44,550.99	19,381.00	9,715.84	92,288.62	31,571.50	5,123.45	18,114.55	2,118.17			67,418.00		96,107.47			44,529.89	6,455.81		23,001.00	6,994.17		3,011.47	8,000.00	50,413.67	789,707.75	73,700.00	43,626.63	19,128.00	
Bank of Nova Scotia	142,691.15	171,010.00	105,142.44	116,899.41	64,539.73	45,400.00					161,818.41					100,000.00	3,232,947.04	18,379.70		23,001.00	6,994.17		3,011.47	75,719.53	250,738.44	218,099.00	134,355.00	225,690.00	
Exchange Bank of Yarmouth	17,700.91	13,141.00	1,742.00	742.00	1,742.00											281,705.65	18,379.70		44,023.98	13,201.94		22,881.00		381,959.81	201,389.00	17,865.00	11,601.00		
Merchants Bank of Halifax	15,749.49	84,177.48	82,791.97	68,500.99	60,130.30						6,675.92					2,299,523.37	17,067.33		8,907.18	35,000.00		30,043.94	1,495,393.67	108,309.00	70,426.00	198,708.00	90,907.00		
People's Bank of Halifax	14,648.83	238,094.00	21,911.02	39,718.79	24,811.41	110,107.41					67																		

† Suspended Specie payment.

† Suspended Specie payment.

§ Return from the Commercial Bank of Windsor as it received when going to press.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th February, 1882

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's.....	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Assurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000, U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,667, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto...	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto...	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200).	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.....	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st January, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,623,906 27
Excise.....	469,584 13
Post Office.....	190,272 60
Public Works, including Railways.	201,557 10
Bill Stamps	23,001 53
Miscellaneous	311,245 94
	<hr/>
	\$ 2,819,567 57
Revenue to 31st December, 1881.....	16,167,624 08
	<hr/>
	\$18,987,191 65
	<hr/>
Expenditure.....	\$4,387,856 38
do 31st December, 1881.....	11,332,073 99
	<hr/>
	\$15,719,930 37

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st February, 1882.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

- 1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"
- 2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
- 3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the

application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; and to provide for the governance of the said Church; and for the acquiring, holding and administration of the funds and property thereof; and to declare the funds and property held in trust for said Church by the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, under the Act of the Province of Canada, 22 Vic., chap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," to have been at all times since the passing of said Act, and to be now held for the benefit of said Church to be incorporated, and of the Ministers belonging thereto; and to vest the said fund and the management thereof for the future in the corporation of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, to be created by said Act to be applied for. And also to declare the funds and property held in trust for the support of the Widows and Orphans of the Ministers of said Church, under the Act of the Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic., chap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the managers of the Ministers' Widows and Orphans' fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," to have been at all times since the passing of said last mentioned Act, and to be now held in trust for the benefit of said Church, to be so incorporated, and for the support of the Widows and Orphans of the Ministers thereof; and to be vested for the future in the said Corporation of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland to be created by the said Act to be applied for; and also to provide for the future management of all said funds and property; and to amend said two above mentioned Acts, and any other Act or Acts, in so far as may be necessary for the purposes aforesaid, or to repeal the same if necessary; and to make such further provisions as may be requisite to give full force and effect to the intents and purposes of the Act so to be applied for.

MACMASTER, HUTCHINSON, KNAPP & WEIR,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated 11th February, 1882. 33-1f

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Ocean Mutual Insurance Company," for the purpose of carrying on the business of Ocean Marine Insurance in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM & TUPPER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Halifax, 25th January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company, to construct and operate a line of railway, commencing at a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, in or near Township Ten (10), Range Fourteen (14) West P. M., in the Province of Manitoba, to Rapid City, Oak River, Bird Tail Creek and Fort Ellice, thence to the Touchwood Hills, and thence at or near Fort à la Corne, on the Saskatchewan River, and thence in a north westerly direction to or at or near the Pine River Pass, and thence to the Pacific Coast, at a point to be determined upon hereafter in the discretion of the company.

BIGGS & WOOD,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act to incorporate a company for the erection and maintenance of Booms and other improvements affecting the lumber interest on Rainy River, for the levying of tolls, dues and charges thereon, and for colonization upon the territory bordering on said river.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.
Ottawa, 3rd February, 1882. 32-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Canadian Electric Light Company shall apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to ratify and confirm their Act of incorporation, to give them the necessary authorization to secure motive powers and the generation of electricity in any part of the Dominion of Canada, and to authorize them to use and work certain patents granted in Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 23rd January, 1882. 31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the Manitoba Midland Railway Company, with power to build and operate a railway beginning at East Garfield, on the Canada Pacific Railway, thence to the town of Macdonald on the Portage and North Western Railway, thence westerly through or near Rapid City, to some points on the Saskatchewan or Peace Rivers in the North West Territories, with power also to build bridges and telegraph lines and to build branch line from Macdonald to Lake Manitoba.

McMILLAN & TAYLOR.
Winnipeg, 27th Jan., 1882. 31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 22 Vic., cap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the members of the said board to confirm and enact the provisions of the Acts of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic., cap. 62, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," and 38 Vic., cap. 64, intituled "An Act to amend the Act intituled 'An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland.'" and of the Act of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 75, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic. cap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland"; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the said managers; to confirm and enact the provisions of the Act of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic. cap. 61, intituled "An Act to amend 'An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,'" save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to confirm and enact the provisions of an Act passed by the Legislature of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 76, intituled "An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston," and to enable the said College to stand towards the Presbyterian Church in Canada in relations similar to those which it lately held to the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; or to otherwise deal with the matters referred to in the said last-mentioned Act.

JOHN HAMILTON (of Kingston.)
Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the McClary Manufacturing Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the said company with increased powers.

MEREDITH & SCATCHERD,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act to reduce the paid-up capital and stock of "The Exchange Bank of Yarmouth" to the extent of thirty per cent.

SANDFORD H. PELTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.
21st January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Qu'Appelle Land Company" with power to acquire, improve and sell lands and promote immigration, and with other powers.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK.
Solicitors for the applicants.

Toronto, 16th January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an amendment of the Letters Patent incorporating the said company, in respect of the nationality and residence of the directors of the said company.

TAIT & ABBOTTS.

Montreal, 18th January, 1882.

30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the Great American and European Short Line Railway Company, with power: 1st. To construct, equip and operate lines of railway from a point at or near Cape North, in the Island of Cape Breton, to the Strait of Canso, and from the Strait of Canso, through the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario, to a point or points in United States Territory; 2nd. To construct, equip and operate steamers, and steam ferry communication between any of the Provinces of the Dominion, and between the Dominion and Newfoundland, and between the Dominion and Europe, and between Newfoundland and Europe, and also said ferry connection on the Strait of Canso; 3rd. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with the matter and powers before mentioned, and the working and operating of the same.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
for self and other Corporators.

Halifax, 3rd January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE.—"The Bell Telephone Company of Canada" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to its Act of incorporation 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to manufacture besides the articles referred to in such second section such other articles or things as the company may deem advisable, also to transmit messages by telegraph as well as by telephone, also to purchase telegraph as well as telephone lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its telegraph and telephone lines from any one to any other of the Provinces in the Dominion, and whereby also it shall be declared that said Act of incorporation and its amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,
Solicitors for said company.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is given that application will be made to Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the St. Lawrence and Pacific Railway Ferry Co.

Montreal, 10th January, 1882.

29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway and telegraph from some point at or near to Michipicoton Harbor, on the north east of Lake Superior, to Moose Fort or some other point on James' Bay,

wherever it might be deemed most advisable to build the line.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for the applicants.
Toronto, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to amend the Act 43 Vic. chap. 46, and to define the powers, duties and term of office of the liquidators appointed to wind up the affairs of the Consolidated Bank of Canada, and to provide for their replacement, in consequence of the remaining assets having been disposed of, and for other purposes.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Great Eastern Railway Company.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the passage of an Act to consolidate the several Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company and declaratory of the powers heretofore granted to the said company, and to grant to the said company all such other powers as have heretofore been granted by Parliament to other telegraph companies.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Montreal Office, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Western Canada Colonization Company," with power to acquire, improve and sell lands, and promote immigration, and with other powers.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 3rd January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.
28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the term of several

patents of invention issued to Thomas A. Edison, and to extend the time for manufacture under the terms of the said patents and the general statutes in that behalf, and to allow importation of articles covered by such patents for a limited time.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the said Thomas A. Edison.
Dated Hamilton, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the period limited for the completion of the works of the Canada Southern Bridge Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.
28-9

NOTICE is given that the "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to the eighth and thirteenth sections of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 58, intituled "An Act to increase and extend the powers of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.
Montreal, 29th December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act incorporating "The International Construction Company," with power to said company to enter into contracts for the construction, equipment or operating of railway and telegraph lines, canals, bridges, steamboats and barges within the Dominion of Canada, and for acquiring, holding, selling and leasing of real estate, within said Dominion.

THOMAS WELLS,
Solicitor for applicants.
Winnipeg, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company; to make provision for the issue of a certain amount of paid-up stock, as paid-up shares of stock in said company; to increase the amount of bonds, or debentures, which may be issued by said company; to authorize said company to construct a bridge over the Ottawa river, at some point between the village of Aylmer and the city of Ottawa; to fix a day for the annual general meeting of the shareholders of said company; and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 22nd December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, by "The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada," for an Act to amend the Acts incorporating and relating to the said company by authorizing the said company to carry on the business of inland and ocean marine insurance, and

to otherwise extend the business of the company; to authorize the directors to levy assessments on the shareholders whenever the stock is impaired, or to readjust or write off any part of the paid-up capital; to extend the class or nature of securities in which the company may invest its funds; to authorize the company to take over the business of or to amalgamate with any other company, and otherwise to extend the powers of the company and to amend the said Acts.

J. K. KERR,

Solicitor for the company.

Toronto, 5th January, 1882.

28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the British America Assurance Company, will apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, to pass an Act amending their charter, and the several Acts affecting the same, by changing the time for the holding of the annual meeting of the said company, and the election of the directors thereof, from the first Monday of August to the second Thursday in the month of February in each year; and to close the financial year of the company, for the annual statement, to be submitted to the proprietors of the said company at the said meeting, on the 3rd day of December in each year, and to consolidate all Acts affecting the said company as so amended.

C. GAMBLE,

Solicitor for B.A.A. Co.

British America Assurance Co. Buildings,

Toronto, 5th January, 1882.

23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the "Commercial Travellers Association of Canada," to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to give effect to the By-Laws of the Association; and to declare the "Accident" and "Mortuary" benefits provided by such By-Laws to be exempt from liability to the creditors of any member of the Association; and also providing for the deposit with the Dominion Government of the "Permanent Reserve Fund" of the Association for the purpose of securing the said benefits and upon terms as similar as may be to those provided for deposits with the Government under the General Insurance Acts; and to otherwise amend and extend the Acts relating to the said Association.

H. SYMONS,

Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated the third day of January, 1882.

28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to revive the Statute 43 Vic. chap. 56, incorporating the "South Saskatchewan Valley Railway Company" and to amend the same by extending the time for commencing the said railway, and for other purposes.

J. STEWART TUPPER,

Solicitor for the applicants.

29th Dec., 1881.

27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the shareholders of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, under the name of the "Canada Mutual Telegraph Company," and to confer upon the said company all such powers and privileges as are

now enjoyed or possessed by any other telegraph company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the letters patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,

Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 30th November, 1881.

27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, working and operating a line of railway from the east end of Lake Athabasca in the North West Territories, to some point on the Hudson Bay at or near Fort Churchill, with power to build bridges and to build, own and run tramways, steamers and boats on the Peace and Athabasca Rivers and their tributaries and other navigable waters connected with the line.

KENNEDY & SUTHERLAND,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Winnipeg, 20th Dec., 1881.

27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Brant Loan and Savings Society under the name of "The Brant Loan and Savings Company," and empowering said company to issue stock and debentures, invest moneys on real estate, bank stock, debentures and other securities, and to purchase, hold, improve and dispose of lands, and otherwise to exercise the powers usually conferred on Loaning companies.

WILSON, SMYTH & MUIRHEAD,

Solicitors for applicants.

Brantford, 27th December, 1881.

27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The American Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

C. C. COLBY,

Solicitor for the applicants.

25th December, 1881.

27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the Montreal Board of Trade, to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to permit the fusion and amalgamation of the said Board with other commercial corporate bodies in that City.

Montreal, 23rd December, 1881.

27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, by the C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company, for an Act of incorporation changing its name, and granting it extended powers and privileges.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,

Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th December, 1881,

27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, and the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 38, and to make more clear the provisions of the said last named Act; to provide also for supplying the place of any one or more of the joint assignees who may die, remove or from any cause become incapacitated from acting; also to define the powers of the joint assignees as respects the collecting, making or giving notices of calls, bringing of suits for assessments on stocks and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the "St. Lawrence Bridge and Manufacturing Company" for the purpose of constructing a bridge over the St. Lawrence river, opposite the City of Montreal, by way of St. Helen's Island, and for enlarging and improving in connection therewith the Harbor of Montreal; the whole in general conformity with the scheme known as the "Shearer scheme," proposed by Mr. James Shearer, and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company to be a work for the general advantage of Canada, and also to amend the several Acts relating to the said company, and for further power for the issue of bonds and debenture stock, and to re-arrange and increase their bonded debt, and for the repeal of section twelve of the Act forty-three Victoria, chapter sixty-six (Ontario), providing for the appointment of a Commissioner for the purpose therein mentioned, and also to repeal the seventeenth section of the said Act providing for the election of a director by certain municipalities therein mentioned, and for other purposes; and also to repeal the last proviso in the fourteenth section of the Act forty-four Victoria, chapter seventy four (Ontario), and also to give the said company power to arrange with other railway companies for station accommodation and to join with other companies in the erection of a joint station, and also the right to make running arrangements with other railways; also to purchase, charter and work steamboats and other vessels; and also to authorize the said company to amalgamate with or lease their line to the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, and for other purposes.

MARTIN & ELLIOT,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Hamilton, the 28th day of December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act extending the period of twelve months limited by the fifth section of the Act authorizing the establishment of Superannuation Provident and Insurance Funds by the company; also to authorize the company to purchase or lease railways which touch or intersect its own line or to amalgamate with the companies owning such railways, also to declare and define the company's powers in that respect, and to authorize the acquisition of station grounds and premises and access thereto for the company's purposes.

SAMUEL BARKER,
Solicitor G.W. Ry. Co.
Dated at Hamilton, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

TAKE Notice that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Niagara River Bridge Company.

The applicants purpose erecting a bridge (without a drawbridge) for railway purposes from some point in the Dominion of Canada on the left bank of the Niagara River to some point in the United States of America between the Falls of Niagara and the mountain ridge above Lewiston.

The applicants purpose charging or levying a toll of not more than five dollars per car for each car passing over said bridge.

FOSTER, CLARKE & BOWES,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the General Land Company of Canada, for the purposes of purchasing and colonizing lands in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

ROYAL & PRUDHOMME,
Solicitors for applicants.
Winnipeg, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the Saskatchewan and Qu'Appelle Navigation Company, for the purposes of dredging and navigating the Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle and Assiniboine Rivers.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 14th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Tecumseh Insurance Company of Canada," for the purpose of carrying on the business of fire and inland marine and live stock insurance.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, will apply at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an amendment to their Act of incorporation to authorize them to adopt the provisions relating to Mutual Insurance Companies in the Province of Ontario, and also to issue policies covering losses from wind storms and tornadoes.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that a Bill will be introduced at the next session of the Dominion Parliament to ratify and confirm the resolutions of the "North Shore Railway Company" of the eleventh day of August, and of the second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, having for their object to transfer to the Province of Quebec all the interest of the said company in the railway then in course of construction between the cities of Quebec and Montreal, and the rights belonging thereto; and also to ratify and confirm the deed of cession and transfer passed by the "Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway Company," the sixteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, before Mtre Louis N. Dumouchel, Notary, to the Government of the Province of Quebec, of all the interest of the said Com-

pany in its railway then in course of construction between Montreal and Aylmer, with a branch to St. Jérôme, and the rights belonging thereto.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. of Railways.

Dated Quebec, 20th Dec., 1881.

26-9

A PPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company to be called the "Ontario Pacific Railroad" Company, for the purpose of constructing, equipping and operating a line of railway from Cornwall by Ottawa, touching at or near Arnprior, Eganville, lake Nipissing to Sault Ste. Marie, and branches, with power to bridge the St. Lawrence and St. Mary's Rivers at or near both termini.

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Ottawa, 19th December, 1881.

26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the "Anchor Insurance Company" by enabling it to transact the business of Fire Insurance, to reduce its capital and for other purposes.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY,
Solicitors for applicant.

Toronto, 22nd Dec., 1881.

28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to empower "The New York and Ontario Furnace Company," a corporation organized under the Laws of the State of New Jersey, to acquire and hold real and personal estate in the Dominion of Canada and to carry on in the Dominion of Canada the business of mining, smelting, and manufacture of iron and steel, and to incorporate the shareholders thereof into a corporation under and by the authority of the Parliament of Canada for the above purposes.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Belleville, 22nd December, A.D. 1881.

26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from or near Montreal to a point on the southern boundary of the township of Dundee, in the county of Huntingdon, there to connect with a railway in the State of New York, and to build a branch to connect with the Canada Atlantic Railway at some point in the county of Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
for Applicants.

Huntingdon, Que., Dec. 10, 1881.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for a charter to incorporate "The Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company," and to empower said company to enter upon lands, to locate, construct and carry on a railway for transporting vessels, with or without cargo, from Chignecto Bay to Baie Verte; and to locate, construct and maintain a Passenger and Freight Railway in combination therewith from Amherst to Cape Jouriman; and to invest the said company with all usual and requisite powers for the above purposes.

H. G. C. KETCHUM,
Promoter and Engineer.

Fredericton, Nov. 22, 1881.

25-9

ENGLISH AND COLONIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

A PPLICATION will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating this company so as to authorize the said company to organize and commence business on the subscription and payment on account of capital of less amounts than are mentioned in the said Act, and for other purposes.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the Niagara Grand Island Bridge.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Edison Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated Hamilton, Ont., 15th Dec. 1881.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the time limited by the several Acts respecting the Canada Southern Railway Company or the Erie and Niagara Railway Company, for commencing and completing the original lines of the said companies or any branch lines authorized by the said Acts or any of them.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

25-10

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Richelieu Bridge Company, with power to build, work, maintain and manage a toll bridge for ordinary traffic purposes across the Richelieu River from the Parishes of St. Thomas in the county of Missisquoi to Lacolle or St. Valentine in the county of St. John. The said bridge to be constructed with a draw leaving a passage when open of forty feet, or the width of that of the Vermont Junction Railway Bridge over same river at St. John's, Que. The bridge over navigable portions of said river to have abutments or piers one hundred and fifty feet apart, and arches five feet or more above high water mark, and over unnavigable portions to be built of piles if desired. Arches of bridge to be of such height above high water, the intervals between the abutments or piers, width of draw to be such as may be approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council. And with power to collect tolls for any passage over said bridge at rates not to exceed the following: Foot passengers, each way, five cents; loose animals, per head, except sheep, pigs, and spring colts following the mare, each way, ten cents; sheep and pigs, per head, five cents; cart, carriage, buggy, waggon, sleigh, cutter or other vehicle drawn by one animal, each way, twenty-five cents; carriage, waggon, buggy, sleigh, cutter, or other vehicle drawn by two animals, each way, thirty-five cents. The above rates include the *bonâ fide* loads of each vehicle.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Clarenceville, Que., Dec. 10, 1881.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The Ottawa and Arnprior Junction railway Company" for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from Quyon or some adjacent point in the Township of Onslow, in the County of Pontiac, Province of Quebec, to the Village of Arnprior, in the Province of Ontario, crossing the Ottawa River by way of the Chats Falls or Rapids; with power also to construct the necessary bridge or bridges over said river for the purposes of said railway at or near said Chats Falls or Rapids; also with power to extend said railway from Arnprior, crossing the Canadian Pacific Railway at or near Arnprior to some point in the Township of Bagot, in the County of Renfrew, on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, and if necessary also to cross the Kingston and Pembroke Railway at said point; also with power to build branch lines, to sell or lease said railway, to amalgamate with any other Railway Company, to lease or buy any other railway, and to connect with and obtain running powers over other railways, and to construct along said railway and branches a Telegraph line.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Dated, December 15th 1881.

25-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway from the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, to Smith's Falls, and thence to the Town of Perth, in the County of Lanark, and Province of Ontario, to be called "The Montreal and Central Canada Railway Company," with power to construct a bridge or bridges across the Rideau River, the Rideau Canal, the Ottawa River and the St. Anne's Canal, with power to amalgamate with, connect with, and obtain running powers over any line or lines of railway and bridges, within or without the Dominion of Canada, and with power to build and run tramways, steam ferries, steamboats, vessels and barges, in connection with the said line of railway and bridges.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, Dec., A.D. 1881.

25-9

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Ontario Investment Association," and authorizing said Association to lend money on the security of Real Estate in Manitoba, or any other of the Provinces of the Dominion, and permitting the said Association to charge such interest on the loans effected as may be agreed upon with the borrowers, and also enlarging the borrowing powers of the said Association and enabling it to receive money on deposit.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 14th December, 1881.

25-10

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made under the provisions of the Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act 1877, by Sir Hugh Allan, steamship owner, Andrew Allan, steamship owner, Honorable Thomas Ryan, senator, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Hugh McLennan, merchant, Andrew Thomas Drummond, financial agent, all of the City of

Montreal, and Arthur Wellington Ross, member of the Provincial Legislature, and Charles Sinclair Drummond, financial agent, both of the City of Winnipeg, for letters patent constituting them and such others as may become shareholders in the Company thereby created, a body corporate under the name of the "Montreal and Western Land Company, Limited."

The objects for which incorporation is sought are the purchase, leasing or otherwise acquiring of land, or any interests therein, in the Dominion of Canada; the holding, using, settling, cultivating, stocking with horses and cattle, or otherwise improving the same; the erection of buildings thereon; the establishment of stores thereon, and the purchase and sale of articles of merchandize of every description; the erection or acquirement, working and renting of saw mills and flour mills thereon; the construction, acquirement and use of and the taking of interests either directly, or as shareholders incorporated with others, in steam and sailing vessels, tramways, canals, road and other works of any description necessary or expedient as a means of access to, or for the improvement of the said lands; the promotion of immigration to the said property; the selling, leasing, exchanging, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with the said lands or interests therein, or the said personal property, belonging to the said company; the assisting of and the advancement of monies to settlers and the taking, holding, selling or otherwise disposing of mortgages or other instruments intended to secure monies advanced or remaining due on the lands so sold; the issuing of bonds secured on the real and personal assets of the company; the acting as agents of any Government, corporation or individual in the sale of lands and the settlement thereof and the promotion of immigration; and generally the accomplishment of all such purposes and works as are necessary or incidental to the attainment of the aforesaid objects.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be in the City of Montreal.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The said Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Honorable Thomas Ryan, George Alexander Drummond, Hugh McLennan, Arthur Wellington Ross, and Andrew Thomas Drummond, all of whom are residents of Canada and subjects of Her Majesty, are to be the first or provisional directors.

DRUMMOND BROTHERS & CO.,

Agents for applicants.

Montreal, 7th February, 1882.

33-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic, in and by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company." The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

The acquiring land in Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing re-payment for such advances on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon.

To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote emigration and settlement into and upon the property of the com-

pany and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid, to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or other vessels, or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incident thereto.

The City of Toronto shall be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$150,000 consisting of 1,500 shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of the applicants are: N. Clarke Wallace, M.P., merchant, of the Village of Woodbridge, Silas James, Provincial Land Surveyor, James Armstrong, student-at-law, John J. Cook, merchant, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, accountant, Elgin Schoff, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto; James Duncan, farmer, Emery P. O. John Duncan, farmer, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, farmer, Elders Mills,—of whom the said N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ELGIN SCHOFF,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 9th February, 1882. 33-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made, by the persons hereinafter named, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Great Seal, constituting the said persons hereinafter named and such others as may become shareholders of the company to be thereby created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877."

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Stevens Turner and Burns Foundry and General Manufacturing Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are for carrying on a general brass and iron foundry business and manufacturing agricultural, electrical and other machines and appliances and engines of every description, and for dealing in such machines, appliances and engines, and in all kinds of brass, iron and other metal goods.

3. The chief place of business of said company in the Dominion of Canada is to be the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, with branches and agencies in such other places within the Dominion as may be deemed necessary.

4. The amount of the capital stock of said company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five thousand of fifty dollars each.

6. The names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—

Thomas Allen Stevens, William Pearce Turner, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Joseph Seymour Fallows and John Elliott, all of the said City of London, manufacturers; Henry Taylor, of the said City of London, broker; Charles Murray, of the same place, banker; Benjamin Cronyn, of the same place, barrister; John Labatt, of the same place

brewer, and Frank Beamer Scovell, of the same place practical engineer.

7. The said Thomas Allen Stevens, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Elliott, Henry Taylor, John Labatt and Charles Murray, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, 26th January, 1882.

32-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The North West Fertile Belt Colonization Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products: The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$1,000,000, in ten thousand shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: John Northwood, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, province of Ontario, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the same place, Gentleman; Andrew Northwood, of the same place, merchant; William Northwood, of the same place, maltster; William Smith Ireland, of the said Town of Chatham, bank manager; and William McGregor, of the Town of Windsor, in the County of Essex, in the said Province, miller, of whom the three first named are to be provisional directors of the company.

H. J. EBERTS,
For self and co-applicants.

Chatham, Ont., 24th January, 1882.

32-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation to the hereinafter mentioned applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in said company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for the purposes hereafter mentioned.

1. The acquiring of land or any interest therein in Manitoba or the North West Territories or elsewhere from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, or from any company or individuals. The colonization, settling, cultivating or building upon the said lands. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and otherwise disposing or dealing with the same. The borrowing, loaning and advancing of money upon the same, to assist the settler and securing such advances by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land as may be agreed upon. The breeding, raising, selling or purchasing of horses, cattle and sheep, and the carrying on of all farming operations.

2. The corporate name of the said proposed company is the "Ontario and North Western Land Company."

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at Whitby, in the County and Province of Ontario, having branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000. 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are George Young Smith, of the town of Whitby, barrister; Henry Betts Taylor, of the said town of Whitby, Bank agent; Reverend J. Herbert Starr, of the said town of Whitby, Methodist Minister; John Rice, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Wellington Adams, of the said town of Whitby, dentist; D. E. Starr, of the town of Brampton, accountant; Jeremiah Long, of the said town of Whitby, grain merchant; George H. Starr, of the town of Brandon, merchant; Joshua Richardson, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Thomas J. Holliday, of the village of Brooklin, merchant; Frank Warren, of the said village of Brooklin, doctor of medicine; Reverend James A. Carmichael, of the village of Columbus, Presbyterian Minister; James Rowe Philp, of the said town of Whitby, merchant.

6. The said George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Reverend J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren and James Rowe Philp will be the first or Provisional Directors, all of whom reside in Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Whitby, 1st February, 1882.

32-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the undermentioned persons a body corporate and politic under the name of "The North West Cattle Company, Limited," for the purpose of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock raising at or in the Bow River Country in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a head office in the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec.

The capital stock of the company to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the said applicants are as follows: Sir Hugh Allan, Knight, Andrew Allan, Gentleman, Thomas D. Milburne, Gentleman, Charles Stimson, merchant, all of Montreal aforesaid, and Frederick Smith Stimson, of Compton, in the Province of Quebec, farmer.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882.

30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by the Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, of the City of Toronto; James Beaty, the younger, of the same place, barrister at law; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterboro, in the Province of Ontario, railway manager; Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, merchant, and Frederick Charles Denison, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The British Canadian Colonization Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars.

5. To be divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, James Beaty the younger, George A. Cox, Frederick Charles Denison and Robert Jaffray, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th Jan., 1882.

29-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described, will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters patent under the great seal granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Medical Specialities Manufacturing Company."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are the manufacturing and selling of drugs, medicines and medical specialities of all kinds and descriptions, throughout the Dominion of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is (\$3,000) eight thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be eighty, and the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows, namely:—

The Honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, of the City of Montreal, Queen's Counsel; Thomas Craig Fields, Gentleman, and George Simpson, merchant, both of the Parish of St. Andrews, in the said Province of Quebec; James Muir, of the said City of Montreal, real estate agent, and George Bury, of the City of Montreal, accountant; the three first named of whom, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Simeon Jones, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, banker; Howard Douglas Troop, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; The Hon. Isaac Burpee, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Member of the Parliament of Canada; Jeremiah Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; William Frederick Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; John Stewart, of the said City of St. John, merchant; James Vaughan, of the City of Liverpool, in England, G.B., merchant; George McLeod, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Thomas Furlong, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Henry Roycroft Ranney, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, insurance agent; the Honorable Abner Reid McClelan, of Hopewell, Albert County, in the Province of New Brunswick, senator,—for letters patent to constitute them and others who may become shareholders hereafter, a body corporate under the name of "New Brunswick Steam Ship Company, limited."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: to purchase, construct, acquire, charter, hire, sell, lease, repair and operate steamboats, sailing vessels and other vessels of all kinds and to carry on therewith the business of common carriers, forwarders, traders and the conveyance of mails, the transportation of passengers, merchandise and all such business as is usually carried on by Ocean steamers and sailing vessels, between Canada, Great Britain and other countries; also tugs, barges and all other kinds of vessels used in harbour and navigable waters.

To purchase, construct, acquire, hire, lease, and own wharves, warehouses and other buildings; slips, piers, docks, dockyards, tramways, elevators and work the same; to establish shops and stores and vend articles of ship stores and merchandise therein as may be requisite and necessary for the carrying on of said business, with power to sell and dispose of or exchange for other property when not required for the purposes of said Company, also power to make, draw, accept and endorse promissory notes, bills of exchange, drafts or bank cheques requisite in the company's interest, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainments of the above objects.

The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the City of St. John, Province of New Brunswick, and at such other places in the several Provinces of the Dominion as the directors may from time to time determine; and its chief place of business will be in the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100.00 each. The said Isaac Burpee, Jeremiah Harrison, Simeon Jones, Thomas Furlong, Howard D. Troop, John Stewart, George McLeod, Hon. Abner Reid McClelan, and James Vaughan of Liverpool, a major part of whom are residents in Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

St. John, N.B., 10th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey any real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 7th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, by Louis Bredannaz, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, carriage-maker, Edmond Armant, of the same place, chemist, Frederick Aiken Howland, of Lambton Mills, in the Province of Ontario, miller; Allen John Stephens, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, manufacturer; Oliver Aiken Howland, of the same place, barrister, and Samuel Trees, of the said City of Toronto, merchant, for letters patent incorporating the "Toronto Patent Wheel and Waggon Company, (Limited)" for the purpose of manufacturing, selling, and dealing in all kinds of vehicles and acquiring and working patents relating thereto.

Chief place of business, at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario. Capital, \$25,000, divided into 250 shares of \$100 each.

Provisional Directors, the above named Louis Bredannaz, Edmond Armant, Frederick Aiken Howland, Allen John Stephens and Samuel Trees.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,
Solicitors for applicants.

December 28th, 1881.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act,

for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ottawa and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$200,000, in 2,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Francis Clemow, of the City of Ottawa, coal merchant; Charles T. Bate, of Ottawa, President of the Ottawa Gas Company; Charles Magee, of Ottawa, Real Estate Agent; Robert Blackburn, of New Edinburgh, in the County of Carleton, merchant; the Honorable Richard W. Scott, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Henry N. Bate, of Ottawa, merchant; Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa, Barrister at Law; Edward Anderson C. Pew, of the Town of Welland, Province of Ontario, Esquire, Alexander Fraser, of Westmeath, in the County of Renfrew, lumber merchant, and James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the Province of Quebec, President of the Bank of Ottawa.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional Directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, the 4th day of January, 1882. 23-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made pursuant to the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, by Redmond Brough, civil engineer; Henry O'Brien, barrister; Thomas Dill, mechanical engineer; William A. Browne, civil engineer; and Robert Roddy, clerk of the Corporation of Toronto, all of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and Province of Ontario, for Letters Patent incorporating the Canadian Patent Rail, Joint and Supply Company for the purpose of acquiring and working patents for improvements in railway rails, plant and supply and for the construction and manufacture of such rails plant and supplies, with its chief place of business at Toronto in the Province of Ontario, with a capital stock of \$20,000 divided into 1,000 shares of \$20 each. Of the above applicants the following are provisional directors of the company: Redmond Brough, Henry O'Brien and Thomas Dill.

HOWLAND, ARNOLDI & RYERSON,
Solicitors for applicants.

28-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent, under the provisions of

"The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Mark Cohen, of the City of Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, merchant, Samuel Davis, merchant, Alexander Saunders, merchant, Lewis Saunders, merchant, Moise Schwob, merchant, Asher Ansell, merchant, John Moss, merchant, Hyam D. Moss, merchant; Bendix A. Boas, merchant, of the city of Montreal, Quebec, Mark Samuels, merchant, Alfred David Benjamin, merchant, Emanuel Samuels, merchant, of the city of Toronto, Ontario, and Edmund Scheuer of the city of Hamilton, Ontario, merchant; to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The International Colonization Company, of Canada, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve, and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada; to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting, on any terms or system that may be considered advisable; to stock the same lands, and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce; to work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral produce of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company, and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money, or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal estate for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars, in one hundred thousand shares of ten dollars each.

5. The above mentioned applicants, who are all subjects of Her Majesty are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

Montreal, 5th January, 1882.

28-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of a company in and by the name "The Temperance Colonization Society."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) With power to contract with the purchasers and settlers of the lands that intoxicating liquor or alcoholic beverages shall not be manufactured or sold in the settlement.

- (c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.
- (d) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.
- (e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.
- (f) To aid either by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.
- (g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.
- (h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.
3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.
4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$2,000,000.
5. There are to be 20,000, (twenty thousand) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.
6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants: that is to say, the following residing in the City of Toronto, George Maclean Rose, publisher; William Pemberton Page, editor of the *Canadian Farmer*; Arthur Farley, merchant; John N. Lake, land agent; Joseph Alpheus Livingston, manufacturer and importer; William Gooderham, President of the Toronto and Nipissing Railway; David Millar, merchant; Henry O'Hara, Insurance Agent; Daniel Rose, publisher; Joseph B. King, Grand Secretary Independent Order of Oddfellows; R. S. Hudson, inspector; J. Herbert Bartlett, Manager Toronto Bridge Company; Joseph Wild, Doctor of Divinity; J. Watson Hughes, commission merchant; John Potts, Doctor of Divinity; William J. Hunter, Doctor of Divinity, George B. Sparling, Professor Upper Canada College; W. K. Dickson, commission merchant; Samuel White, capitalist; F. Marriott, accountant; Arthur Worth, accountant; Joseph Lucas, Assistant Inspector Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company; W. Lowrey, accountant; N. Willcocks, accountant; R. K. Robb, accountant; G. H. Hall, accountant; Charles Marriott, commercial traveller; W. R. Smallpiece, commercial traveller; C. T. Leonard, attorney at law; J. R. Davis, accountant; J. D. Moulton, commercial agent; B. H. Vidal, Barrister; A. J. Williams, attorney at law; William Reford, commission merchant; W. B. Close, real estate agent; D. W. Clendenan, barrister; William Baillie, merchant; Ghent Davis, Gentleman, David Henderson Gentleman; J. R. Adamson, Gentleman; S. G. Chamberlain, Gentleman; W. N. Harris, merchant; H. B. Hunt, merchant; Curran Morrison, barrister; George Patterson, merchant; Fred Winstanley, Gentleman; Wesley A. Law, proprietor commercial agency; J. B. Nixon, commission merchant; H. B. Blachford, merchant; W. H. H. Mussen, gentleman; Frederick Weir Harcourt, solicitor, F. S. Smith, gentleman; C. E. Blachford, merchant John C. Forbes, artist; J. J. Toukin, merchant; Thomas H. Gilmour, gentleman; D. W. Alexander, merchant; John C. Hurst, insurance agent; E. A. Childs, merchant; Robert Houghton, gentleman; Berry Moore, merchant; Thomas McCracken, lumber merchant; George W. Torrance, merchant; Henry E. Caston, barrister; David S. Keith, merchant; Thomas T. Rolph, barrister, and William Oldright, physician and

surgeon; the following residing in the City of Hamilton: J. C. White, merchant; William Clark, farmer; Lawrence C. Lee, farmer, and Thomas Griffith, clergyman, and S. W. Hill, of Ridgeville, farmer; A. Gifford, of Meaford, farmer; William Blair, M.P.P., of Truro, Nova Scotia; Ambrose Willcox of Springfield, merchant; J. G. Robinson, of Belleville, President of the Hastings Loan Company and Treasurer of Albert College; W. H. Moss, of Granton, clergyman; James McLean, of Mount Pleasant, mill owner; Thomas Keyes, of St. Catherines, farmer; the Hon. David Rcesor, of Yorkville, senator; George Douglas, of Montreal, Doctor of Divinity; E. A. Telfer, of London, England, clergyman; James A. Hall, of Peterboro, Sheriff; G. W. Grant, of Granton, gentleman; M. W. Minthorne, of Stratford, commercial traveller; J. A. Musgrove, broker, and W. H. Musgrove, and J. T. Musgrove, clergymen, all of Philadelphia, in the United States of America; W. H. Hornby, of Brampton, farmer; W. C. Hamilton, of Goderich, merchant; George Cox, of London, Ontario, gentleman; George Jackson, of Downsview, land owner; N. B. Colcock, of Welland, merchant; M. S. Smith, farmer, and John McIntyre, both of Tilsonburg; David D. Hay, of Listowell, Division Court Clerk; J. M. Bond, of Guelph, merchant; Charles Turner, of Davenport, clergyman; H. H. Bridgland, of Downsview aforesaid, land owner; Robert Barber, of Streetsville, merchant; W. H. Storey, of Acton, merchant; John R. Barber, of Georgetown, merchant; Thomas Webster, of Brantford, Grand Scribe Sons of Temperance; James Daly, of Brampton, farmer, and Isaac Simpson, of Kingston, private banker; Of whom the said George Maclean Rose, William Pemberton Page, Arthur Farley, John N. Lake, and Joseph Alpheus Livingston are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company.

McCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB, & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for applicants,
Dated at Toronto, this 4th day of January, 1882.

28-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of ten per cent. on the capital stock of the above company has been made, payable at the offices of the Company, "Mail" Building, Toronto, on Tuesday, 15th August next, and that a further call of ten per cent. on the said capital stock, has been made, payable on the fifteenth of September next.

By order of the Board,

FREDK. A. BALL,
Manager.

Toronto, 8th February, 1882.

33-1f

HALIFAX BANKING CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one half per cent. on the capital of the Halifax Banking Co., for the half-year ending 31st January, 1882, has this day been declared, and will be paid at the Banking House, on and after Friday, the 3rd day of March next.

The transfer books will be closed from 16th inst. to 3rd proximo inclusive.

By order of the Board,

W. L. PITCAITHLY,
Cashier.

Halifax, N.S., 1st February, 1882.

33-2

PEOPLE'S BANK OF HALIFAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. on the capital of the People's Bank of Halifax, for the present half-year, will be paid at the Banking House, on and after Tuesday, the 28th February next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 13th to the 28th February.

PETER JACK,
Cashier.

Halifax, N. S., 27th Jan. 1882.

32-4

NOTICE is hereby given that books for subscription of stock in the Nelson Valley Railway and Transportation Company, will be opened at its office, Union Buildings, Montreal, on Saturday, 11th March, at eleven o'clock, a.m.

By order of the Provisional Board,

J. P. EDWARDS,
Secretary.

Montreal, 1st February, 1882.

32-4

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

NOTICE.—The annual general meeting of the stockholders of La Banque du Peuple will be held at the Office of the Bank, St. James street, on the sixth of March next, at three o'clock p.m., in conformity with the 16th and 17th clauses of the Act of incorporation.

By order of the Board of Directors,

A. A. TROTTIER,
Cashier.

Montreal, 31st January, 1882.

32-5

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Ottawa will be held at the Banking House in Ottawa, on Wednesday the 15th day of March next, for the purpose of considering the distribution among the present stockholders of the unsubscribed balance of the authorized capital stock of the Bank, and also to consider the propriety of opening other branches of the Bank.

Chair to be taken at 3 o'clock P.M.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 2nd February, 1882.

32-6

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

DIVIDEND No. 93.

THE stockholders of La Banque du Peuple are hereby notified that a semi-annual dividend of two (2) per cent. for the last six months has been declared on the capital stock, and will be payable at the office of the Bank on and after Monday the 6th March next.

The transfer book will be closed from the 15th to the 28th February, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

A. A. TROTTIER, Cashier.

Montreal, 31st January, 1882.

32-5

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 23 janvier, 1882.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM STEWART, écuyer; Surintendant de la division des mandats d'argent et des caisses d'épargne du département des Postes.

24 janvier 1882.

FRANK MCGINLEY, d'Emerson, dans la province de Manitoba, gentilhomme; Officier préposé au débarquement et examinateur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

JOHN THOMAS HICKEY, d'Emerson, dans la province de Manitoba, gentilhomme; Officier préposé au débarquement et examinateur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

4 février 1882.

La nomination de THOMAS LING, de Little Glace Bay, écuyer, comme commissaire des pilotes pour la circonscription de Sydney, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, publiée dans la *Gazette du Canada* du 8 mars 1879, a été annulée.

CHAMBRE DU SÉNAT,

Ottawa, jeudi, 9 février 1882.

Aujourd'hui, à Trois heures, P.M., SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR-GÉNÉRAL s'est rendue avec le cérémonial ordinaire, à la Chambre du Sénat, dans l'édifice du parlement, et a pris son siège sur le Trône. Les Membres du Sénat étant assemblés, il a plu à Son Excellence d'y faire requérir la présence des Communes, et cette Chambre s'y étant rendue, SON EXCELLENCE a ouvert la QUATRIÈME SESSION du QUATRIÈME PARLEMENT de la PUISSANCE DU CANADA, par le discours suivant :—

Honorables Messieurs du Sénat :

Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes :

L'espoir que j'exprimais, à la fin de la dernière session, qu'à la prochaine réunion du parlement nous aurions à nous féliciter d'une saison de paix et de prospérité, s'est réalisé pleinement.

Le Canada a eu l'avantage d'une année de grande prospérité.

Ses cultivateurs ont eu une abondante récolte, et leurs produits se sont vendus à des prix avantageux.

Ses industries manufacturières, et autres, se sont développées et continuent à se développer sous de favorables auspices.

Ses affaires et son commerce ont régulièrement augmenté, et la paix et l'ordre règnent dans les limites de ses frontières.

De ces divers bienfaits nous ne saurions être assez reconnaissants envers le Dispensateur de tous biens.

Le président des Etats-Unis a péri par la main d'un assassin, et il convient que l'affliction qu'a causée parmi notre population une perte qui n'était pas seulement celle de nos amis et voisins, soit mentionnée ici comme une preuve nouvelle de la sympathie fraternelle qui unit l'Empire Britannique à la République Américaine.

Pendant les vacances du parlement, j'ai eu le plaisir de visiter la province du Manitoba et de traverser les vastes prairies du Nord-Ouest, et, après m'être ainsi renseigné par moi-même, je puis sincèrement féliciter le Canada de posséder une région si magnifique et si fertile qui, avec le temps, sera habitée, j'en ai la confiance, par des millions de sujets de Sa Majesté, vivant dans la prospérité et le contentement.

Les immigrants ne se sont pas fixés seulement au Manitoba ou dans son voisinage, mais sont répartis dans la région de l'ouest jusqu'au pied des montagnes Rocheuses, et depuis la frontière internationale jusqu'aux rives de la Saskatchewan du Nord. On croit donc que le temps est venu de diviser les territoires en quatre districts provisoires, ou un plus grand nombre, désignés sous des noms convenables. Cette question sera soumise à votre considération.

Dans le cours de mon voyage, nombre de tribus sauvages sont venues à ma rencontre, et toutes m'ont exprimé leur confiance de voir continuer le système traditionnel de bienveillance et de justice qui a marqué, jusqu'à ce jour, les relations du gouvernement et des aborigènes.

Je regrette, néanmoins, d'avoir à dire que la nécessité de fournir aux Sauvages un supplément à leurs provisions alimentaires, existe encore et existera vraisemblablement pendant quelques années.

Tous les efforts ont été faits pour établir les bandes sauvages sur des réserves et pour les induire à se livrer à l'élevage du bétail et à la culture du sol.

Ces efforts ont assez bien réussi, mais c'est seulement par la longue pratique d'une fermeté patiente que nous pouvons espérer induire ces fils de la prairie et de la forêt à abandonner leurs habitudes nomades, à ne compter que sur eux-mêmes et, ultérieurement, à augmenter la richesse industrielle du pays.

L'arrivée d'une population de blancs a grandement augmenté le danger de conflits entre les colons et les Peaux-Rouges, et, à mon avis, a rendu urgente une augmentation de l'effectif de la police à cheval. On vous demandera de sanctionner cette augmentation.

Le deuxième rapport de la commission nommée pour étudier l'organisation actuelle du service civil vous sera soumis, et une mesure à ce sujet sera également soumise à votre considération.

Le recensement décennal ayant été fait l'année dernière, le devoir vous est imposé de considérer et répartir de nouveau la représentation à la Chambre des Communes. Une mesure à ce sujet sera mise devant vous.

Plusieurs autres mesures importantes seront soumises à vos délibérations, entre autres des projets de lois concernant la liquidation des affaires des banques, compagnies d'assurances et corporations commerciales en faillite; la refonte et l'amendement des lois relatives aux terres fédérales; l'amendement des Actes relatifs à la Cour Suprême du Canada, et des projets de loi concernant l'occupation de charge des juges des cours de comté, et les criminels fugitifs réfugiés dans l'empire; et l'on appellera aussi votre attention sur la position anormale dans laquelle se trouve actuellement la juridiction de vice-amirauté.

On presse en ce moment l'achèvement des travaux de construction de cette partie du chemin de fer

Canadien du Pacifique comprise entre Prince Arthur's Landing et Winnipeg, et l'on espère avec confiance qu'au mois de juillet prochain les communications par chemin de fer seront établies entre ces deux points. La section qui relie le Portage du Rat à Winnipeg, et dont le parcours est de cent trente-cinq milles, a été achevée et transférée, aux termes du contrat, à la Compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, qui l'exploite actuellement. On a fait un progrès considérable sur la section de l'Est, commençant à la Station de Callander, et l'on a pris des mesures vigoureuses pour continuer les travaux sur cette partie de la ligne durant la présente année.

A la Colombie-Britannique, les travaux de la section qui relie Savona's Ferry à Emory's Bar se continuent, avec toute apparence qu'ils seront exécutés dans la période de temps spécifiée au contrat, et la ligne qui relie la seconde de ces localités à Port Moody, et qui a été soigneusement tracée pendant la dernière saison, va être donnée à l'entreprise, en vue de son achèvement à la même date que la section qui relie Savona's Ferry à Emory's Bar.

Sur les sections que la compagnie du chemin de fer est tenue de construire, les travaux ont été poussés avec la plus grande énergie. Pendant l'été dernier, la ligne a été nivelée sur un parcours de deux cent dix-huit milles, et cent soixante et un milles de ce parcours sont ouverts à la circulation.

En outre, la compagnie a nivelé quatre-vingt-neuf milles d'embranchements.

Je suis heureux d'avoir à vous informer que le mouvement du commerce sur le chemin de fer Intercolonial a considérablement augmenté, et que, pendant la dernière année fiscale, pour la première fois depuis sa mise en opération, cette ligne a été exploitée sans perte pour le pays.

Les travaux du canal Welland sont assez avancés pour que l'on ait pu y introduire, en juin dernier, les eaux du lac Erié, et, au mois de septembre, la nouvelle section du canal, qui relie Allanburg à Port-Dalhousie, a été ouverte à la circulation.

Vous serez heureux d'apprendre qu'un service mensuel de bateaux à vapeur, subventionné avec l'autorisation du parlement, se fait actuellement entre le Canada et le Brésil, avec bon espoir d'établir ainsi un commerce mutuellement profitable.

Le rapport d'une commission royale, nommée pour étudier la question de la main-d'œuvre dans les manufactures et les meilleurs moyens d'assurer le confort et le bien-être à l'ouvrier et à sa famille, sans nuire au développement de nos industries manufacturières, vous sera soumis, et je recommande ce rapport à votre sérieuse considération.

Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes :

Les comptes publics de l'année dernière vous seront soumis. Vous y verrez avec satisfaction que les dépenses ont été moindres et le revenu considérablement plus élevé que le budget de l'an dernier, ce qui laisse un surplus d'un peu plus de quatre millions de piastres. Une partie de cette somme a été affectée à la réduction de la dette publique, par le rachat des débetures arrivées à échéance et portant six pour cent d'intérêt, et la balance a été affectée au paiement de travaux publics imputables au compte du capital. On a donc obvié à la nécessité d'émettre l'emprunt sur débetures autorisé par le parlement à cette fin.

Le budget de l'année prochaine vous sera également soumis, et vous trouverez, je l'espère, qu'il a été convenablement dressé en vue de l'économie et du bon fonctionnement du service civil.

Honorables Messieurs du Sénat :

Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes :

Je recommande maintenant à votre attention les divers sujets mentionnés et les affaires générales qui vous seront soumises, avec pleine confiance dans votre habileté et dans votre patriotique désir de travailler au développement des intérêts les plus importants du pays.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, } **A**TTENDU que par et en
Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } vertu d'un acte passé dans la trente-septième année de Notre règne, chapitre trente-quatre et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement (sauf les ports de Québec et de Montréal dans la province de Québec, et de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario,) dans l'une ou l'autre des dites provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil ;

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du vingt-quatrième jour de janvier, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant Departure Bay, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements,—

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et un ordre en Conseil, Nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au Port de Departure Bay, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand' Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce VINGT-QUATRIÈME jour de JANVIER, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

32-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

BUREAU DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ.

OTTAWA, 3 février 1882.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général, par ordre en conseil du 27 janvier 1882, d'ordonner que l'ordre en

conseil portant la date du 3 mai 1880, prescrivant certains règlements pour l'abattage et la salaison du porc en entrepôt soit amendé en y retranchant la section 4 de tels règlements et en y substituant la suivante :

40. La garantie donnée par l'importateur tel que spécifié ci-dessus sera annulée sur paiement du taux courant des droits imposés sur les porcs importés au Canada ou sur l'exportation de soixante pour cent du poids des porcs vivants pesant deux cents livres chacun et au-dessous, ou sur l'exportation de soixante-cinq pour cent du poids des porcs vivants pesant plus de deux cents livres chacun, tel qu'entré originairement sous forme de lard et jambon, et s'il est exporté une quantité moindre que soixante ou soixante-cinq pour cent, alors les droits devront être payés sur la quantité qui manque au taux imposé sur les animaux vivants en proportion de la valeur.

J. O. COTÉ,

32-3

Greffier du conseil privé.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 janvier dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,623,906 27
Excise	469,584 13
Département des Postes.....	190,272 60
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	201,557 10
Timbres d'effets de commerce....	23,001 53
Divers	311,245 94
	<u>\$2,819,567 57</u>
Revenu, 31 décembre 1881.....	16,167,624 08
	<u>\$18,987,191 65</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$4,387,856 38
do 31 décembre 1881.....	11,332,073 99
	<u>\$15,719,930 37</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er février 1882.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" des lettres patentes supplémentaires ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 12 janvier 1882, par lesquelles le capital actions de la "Compagnie des terres et du trafic de Toronto et Rapid City (limitée)" est porté de quarante mille piastres à cinq cent mille piastres.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour de janvier 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

32-3

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada en date du quatrième jour de janvier 1882, constituant en corps

politique John Lunn Murphy, de la ville de Pembroke, dans la province d'Ontario, Canada, écuyer, John Ham Sills, Ephraim G. Sills et Orville Sims, tous de Frankford, dans le comté d'Hastings, dans la dite province d'Ontario, et Levi Ruggles Church, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada, l'un des Conseils de la Reine, dans le but de construire, acquérir, détenir, affréter, maintenir et naviguer sur la rivière Ottawa et ses tributaires, tous vapeurs et autres bâtiments de tout genre pour les fins de remorquage et pour le transport des grains, passagers, mar-

chandises et fret de toute espèce entre n'importe quelle place près ou sur la rivière Ottawa et ses tributaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de remorquage de l'Ottawa Supérieur," avec un capital-actions de cent mille piastres divisé en mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada ce vingt-troisième jour de janvier 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

31-3

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasine de Montréal ; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)...	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...	Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 débiteures de municipalités ; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurances sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.	William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U. et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....	John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"	Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée)	J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.	W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construct on, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc ; Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)	J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....	Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal	\$100,344 fûs. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"	J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....	F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, U.-B.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des États-Unis, N.-Y.	R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B) ..	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.	Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic. ; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont. ; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000) ..	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....	Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.	Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000) ..	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"	W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"	Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens.	Sur la vie.
	G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....	C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....	A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg. effets canadiens	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.	F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	\$100,000 stg. effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"	William Robertson, gérant, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....	D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont ...	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.	Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.	A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des États-Unis.	Sur les glaces.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....	J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont-	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)...	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union,"	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$60,586)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont.	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen,"	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi-	\$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux.	Contre l'incendie.
Angleterre.....	paux, Montréal	(Acceptés à \$73,680).....	
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres,	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso-	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
Angleterre	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	lidés canadiens (vie).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi-	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	paux, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (génér.)	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	Total \$515,515.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal...	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal,	
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	(acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav.: \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernment, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de décembre 1881.

Ar.

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 30 nov. 1881.....	\$7,541,467 33	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$265,925 50
Dépôts durant le mois	564,932 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	00 70		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$7,798,501 86
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	43,772 67
			7,842,274 53
	8,108,200 03		\$8,108,200 03

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.

Département des Finances, Ottawa, 17 janvier 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique américaine du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

C. C. COLBY,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

25 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par la Chambre de Commerce de Montréal au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte permettant la fusion de la dite Chambre de Commerce avec d'autres corps politiques dans cette cité.

Montréal, 23 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, dans le but d'obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole du Canada, et l'acte 41 Vict. chap. 38, et de rendre plus claires les clauses de l'acte en dernier lieu nommé, à l'effet également de remplacer celui ou ceux des syndics qui pourraient mourir, se retirer pour une cause quelconque, devenir incapables d'agir, à l'effet de plus de définir les pouvoirs des syndics pour ce qui a trait à la perception, aux avis de convocation à être faits ou donnés, aux poursuites à être intentées pour cotisations sur actions et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie manufacturière et du pont St. Laurent" dans le but de construire un pont sur le St. Laurent en face de la cité de Montréal par le travers de l'île Ste. Hélène, et dans le but d'élargir et d'améliorer le port de Montréal en autant que le pont y est concerné; le tout en conformité généralement du plan connu sous le nom de "Plan Shearer," proposé par M. James Shearer, et pour d'autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, par la Compagnie manufacturière C. W. Williams, pour l'obtention d'un acte d'incorporation modifiant le nom de la dite compagnie et accordant à cette dernière de plus amples pouvoirs et privilèges.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 28 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les actionnaires de la Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada sous le nom de "Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada" et pour conférer à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs et privilèges dont jouit ou que possède actuellement toute autre compagnie de télégraphe faisant affaires au Canada ou y étant constituée en corps politique, à part ceux conférés à la dite Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada par les lettres-patentes qui l'ont constituée en corps politique.

CARTER ET CARTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 30 novembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Générale des terres du Canada, dans le but d'acheter et coloniser des terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

ROYAL ET PRUDHOMME,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 29 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte pour remettre en vigueur le statut 43 Vic., chap. 56, qui constitue en corporation la compagnie du chemin de fer de la Vallée de la Saskatchewan-Sud, et pour amender cet acte en prolongeant le délai fixé pour commencer le dit chemin de fer, et pour d'autres fins.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
29 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS.—Une demande sera faite à la session prochaine du parlement du Canada, pour un acte incorporant la compagnie de navigation des rivières Saskatchewan et Qu'Appelle, pour le projet de draguer et de naviguer les rivières Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle et Assiniboine.

MACMILLAN ET TAYLOR,
Solliciteurs des requérants.
Londres, Ont., 14 décembre 1881. 26-9

A VIS est donné par les présentes qu'il sera introduit devant le parlement de la Puissance, à sa prochaine session, une loi pour ratifier et confirmer les résolutions de "La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Rive Nord," du onzième jour d'août et deuxième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, ayant pour but de transférer à la province de Québec toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre les cités de Québec et de Montréal, et les droits s'y rattachant; et aussi pour ratifier et confirmer l'acte de cession et transport passé par la compagnie du chemin de fer de "Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental," le seizième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, devant M^{re} Louis N. Dumouchel, notaire au

gouvernement de la province de Québec, de toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre Montréal et Aylmer avec un embranchement vers St. Jérôme, et les droits y rattachant.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. des chemins de fer
Québec, 20 décembre 1881. 26-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada, pour la passation d'un acte incorporant la Compagnie du Pont du Richelieu, avec pouvoir de bâtir, exploiter, entretenir et administrer un pont de péage pour les besoins ordinaires du trafic sur la rivière Richelieu, reliant la paroisse de St. Thomas, comté de Missisquoi, à celle de Lacolle ou de Saint-Valentin, dans le comté de St. Jean. Ce pont sera construit de manière qu'une portion de son tablier s'ouvre et laisse un passage de quarante pieds de large pour les besoins de la navigation, ou un passage égal à celui du pont de la compagnie de chemin de fer Vermont Junction R.R. sur la même rivière, à St. Jean, P.Q. Sur la partie navigable de cette rivière, ce pont sera sur des piles éloignées de cent cinquante pieds les unes des autres et des arcades de cinq pieds ou plus au-dessus du niveau des hautes eaux; sur les parties non navigables de la rivière, les pont sera aussi sur des piles, s'il est nécessaire; les arcades du pont à telle hauteur au-dessus des hautes eaux, les intervalles entre les piles et la largeur du tablier tournant seront tels que Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil pourra décider. Avec aussi pouvoir d'exiger des taux de péage sur ce pont ne pouvant excéder les suivants: Piétons, aller et retour, cinq centins; animaux, excepté moutons, cochons, et poulains du printemps suivant leur mère, dix centins par tête; moutons et cochons, cinq centins par tête; voiture de toute espèce, simple, traînée par un seul animal, vingt-cinq centins; voiture double traînée par deux animaux, trente-cinq centins. Ces taux de péage couvrent la charge de chaque voiture, s'y trouvant *bonâ fide*.

GEORGE B. BAKER,
Solliciteur des requérants.
Clarenceville, Québec, 10 décembre 1881. 25-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné, que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada, pour un acte à l'effet d'incorporer une compagnie pour construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, entre ou près de la cité de Montréal, jusqu'à un point sur le côté sud du township de Dundee, dans le comté de Huntingdon, pour s'y joindre à un chemin de fer dans l'Etat de New-York, et pour construire une branche afin de se joindre au chemin de fer Atlantique du Canada (Canada Atlantic Railway), à quelque point dans le comté de Beauharnois.

DANIEL BOYD,
Pour les requérants.
Huntingdon, Qué., 10 décembre, 1881. 25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique Edison du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Hamilton, Ont., 15 décembre 1881. 25-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant l'Association de Placements d'Ontario et autorisant la dite association à prêter des deniers sur la garantie de biens-fonds en Manitoba, ou dans aucune des provinces de la Puissance, et permettant à la dite Association d'exiger tel taux d'intérêt sur les prêts faits qu'elle pourra convenir avec les emprunteurs ; et aussi étendant les pouvoirs d'emprunter qu'à la dite association, et lui permettant de recevoir des deniers en dépôt.

CRONYN ET GREENLEES,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Daté 14 décembre, 1881. 25-10

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du Parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un Acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique une compagnie dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de la cité de Montréal dans la province de Québec, à Smith's Falls, et de là à la ville de Perth, dans le comté de Lanark, province d'Ontario, devant être appelée "La Compagnie du chemin de fer Montréal et Canada Central," avec pouvoir de construire un pont ou des ponts sur la rivière Rideau, le canal Rideau, la rivière Ottawa et le canal Ste Anne, avec pouvoir de plus de s'amalgamer avec toute ligne de chemin de fer, de s'y joindre, et d'en obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur telle ligne ou telles lignes de chemin de fer et ponts, dans ou hors la Puissance du Canada, et avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter des tramways, des bateaux passeurs, navires, bâtiments et barges, en rapport avec la dite ligne de chemin de fer et les dits ponts.

SCOTT, MacTAVISH & MacCRACKEN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Ottawa, Déc. 1881. 25-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au Parlement du Canada à sa prochaine session pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La Compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction d'Ottawa et Arnprior" dans le but de construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer de Quyon ou quelque point environnant dans le township de Onslow, dans le comté de Pontiac, province de Québec, au village d'Arnprior dans la province d'Ontario, traversant la rivière Ottawa aux rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir aussi de construire le pont ou les ponts nécessaires sur la dite rivière pour les fins du dit chemin de fer à ou près les dits rapides ou chutes des Chats, avec pouvoir de plus de continuer le dit chemin de fer d'Arnprior en croisant le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique à ou près Arnprior à quelque point dans le township de Bagot, dans le comté de Renfrew, sur le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke, et s'il est nécessaire, de traverser le chemin de fer Kingston et Pembroke au dit point, avec pouvoir de plus de construire des voies d'embranchement, de vendre ou louer le dit chemin de fer, de s'amalgamer à toute autre compagnie de chemin de fer, de louer ou acheter tout autre chemin de fer et de se joindre à n'importe quelle autre compagnie de chemin de fer ou d'obtenir le droit de faire circuler ses trains sur la voie de cette dernière et de construire une voie télégraphique le long des dits chemin de fer et embranchements.

A. FERGUSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
15 décembre 1881. 25-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il sera fait une demande au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte prolongeant la durée de divers brevets d'invention accordés à Thomas A. Edison, et étendant le délai pour fabriquer aux termes des dits brevets et des statuts généraux à ce sujet, et pour permettre l'importation

pendant un certain temps d'articles protégés par ces brevets.

OSLER, GWYN ET TEETZEL,
Solliciteurs du dit Thomas A. Edison.
Daté à Hamilton, 5 janvier 1882. 28-9

A VIS est donné que le "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien," demandera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, des amendements aux sections 8 et 13 de l'acte 44 Vict., ch. 58, intitulé "Acte pour amender et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

L'administrateur-délégué,
J. WURTELE.
Montréal, le 29 décembre 1881. 28-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction du Pacifique et de Pontiac; de pourvoir à l'émission d'un certain montant de capital payé, comme parts payées dans la dite compagnie; d'augmenter le montant des bons ou débentures qui peuvent être émis par la dite compagnie; d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa, à un certain point entre le village d'Aylmer et la cité d'Ottawa; de fixer un jour pour l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 22 décembre 1881. 28-9

A VIS est donné que demande sera faite au parlement, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte prolongeant l'époque du commencement et de la fin des travaux à exécuter pour la Cie de Traversée Saint-Laurent et du chemin de fer du Pacifique.

Montréal, 10 janvier 1882. 29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer Great Eastern.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 12 janvier, 1882. 29-9

COMPAGNIE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de refondre les différents actes concernant la compagnie de télégraphe de Montréal et de déclarer les pouvoirs accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui à la dite compagnie, et d'accorder à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs qui ont été accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui par le parlement aux autres compagnies de télégraphe.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secrétaire.
Montréal, 12 janvier 1882. 29-

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte 43 Vict., chap. 46, et de définir les pouvoirs, devoirs et le terme d'office des liquidateurs nommés pour liquider les affaires de la Banque Consolidée du Canada, et pour pourvoir à leur remplacement, vû qu'il a été disposé du restant de l'actif, et pour autres fins.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882. 29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique une compagnie sous le nom de Compagnie de Chemin de fer d'une Courte Ligne Européenne, avec pouvoir, 1o. de construire, équiper et exploiter des lignes de chemin de fer d'un point à ou près le Cap Nord, dans l'île du Cap Breton au détroit de Canso, et du détroit de Canso à travers les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, le Nouveau-Brunswick, Québec et Ontario à un point ou des points sur le territoire des Etats-Unis; 2o. De construire, équiper et exploiter des vapeurs, et communication par bateaux-passeurs entre telles ou tellés provinces du Canada, entre le Canada et Terre-Neuve, entre le Canada et l'Europe et entre Terre-Neuve et l'Europe; la dite compagnie pouvant de plus établir des communications par bateaux-passeurs sur le détroit de Canso; 3o. De construire, acheter, louer des navires, bateaux-passeurs, chemins de fer, moyens de transport et lignes de télégraphe en rapport avec l'affaire et les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés et l'exploitation d'iceux.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
tant pour lui-même que pour les
autres membres de la compagnie.

Halifax, 3 janvier 1882.

30-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que la compagnie manufacturière de médecines Fellows s'adressera au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte amendant les lettres patentes qui constituent la dite compagnie en corps politique, quant à ce qui a trait à la nationalité, et la résidence des directeurs de la dite compagnie.

j
Montréal, 18 janvier 1882.

TAIT ET ABBOTTS.

30-6

A VIS—"La compagnie de téléphone Bell" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir des amendements à l'acte la constituant en corps politique, 43 Vict., chap. 67, par lesquels la compagnie aura le droit d'émettre des bons, pour les fins mentionnées dans la seconde section du dit acte, d'un montant non moindre que \$25 chacun, et de manufacturer en outre des articles mentionnés dans telle seconde section tous autres articles ou objets qui seront jugés opportuns par la compagnie, de plus de transmettre des messages par le télégraphe aussi bien que par le téléphone, de plus d'acheter des lignes de télégraphe comme des lignes de téléphone; les dits amendements devant en sus déclarer que la compagnie aura le droit de prolonger ses lignes de télégraphe et de téléphone d'une province quelconque du Canada à une autre et déclarer également que le dit acte constituant la compagnie en corps politique et ses amendements ainsi que tous les travaux par iceux autorisés sont pour l'avantage général du Canada.

BETHUNE ET BETHUNE,
Solliciteurs pour la dite compagnie.

Montréal, 17 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que la Compagnie Canadienne d'Eclairage Electrique s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour la passation d'un acte ratifiant et confirmant son acte d'incorporation, lui conférant l'autorisation nécessaire pour lui faire obtenir des pouvoirs moteurs et la génération de l'électricité en tous lieux dans le Canada, et lui permettant d'exploiter certains brevets d'invention octroyés en Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,
Procureurs de la requérante.

Montréal, 23 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amen-

der le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 22 Vict., chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements; de confier à l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui et d'y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des membres du dit bureau; de confirmer les actes de la province de Québec, 38 Vict., chap. 62, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées" et 38 Vict. chap. 64, intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte intitulé 'acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse,' et celui de la province d'Ontario, 38 Vict. chap. 75, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées," le tout en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour en général régler les affaires y concernées.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection
des propriétés ecclésiastiques de
l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de l'intérieur de Manitoba, avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, commençant à Garfield-Est, sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, et s'étendant de là à la ville de Macdonald sur le chemin de fer du Portage et Nord-Ouest, de là, vers l'ouest, par ou près Rapid City jusqu'à quelque point sur la rivière de la Paix ou celle de la Saskatchewan dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, avec pouvoir aussi de construire des ponts et lignes télégraphiques et un embranchement entre Macdonald et le lac Manitoba.

McMILLAN ET TAYLOR.
Winnipeg, 27 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 10 et 11 Vict., chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," de transporter le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui à l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada et y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des dits administrateurs; de confirmer et mettre en force l'Acte de la province de Québec 38 Vict., chap. 61, intitulé "Acte pour amender un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse" en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour régler en général les dites questions.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection
des propriétés ecclésiastiques de
l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie Centrale de chemin

de fer de Rapid City, la dite compagnie devant construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer commençant à un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, à ou près le township dix (10), quatorzième rang (14) à l'ouest, dans la province du Manitoba, jusqu'à Rapid City, la rivière du Chêne, Bird Tail Creek et le Fort Ellice, de là aux Monts Touchwood, et de là jusqu'à ou près le Fort à la Corne sur la rivière Saskatchewan; et de là dans une direction sud-ouest jusqu'à ou près de la rivière aux Pins, et de là jusqu'à la côte du Pacifique à un point qui sera plus tard fixé à la discrétion de la compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est donné par le présent que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte constituant en corporation "La compagnie d'assurance Mutuelle Océanique," dans le but de faire des opérations d'assurance maritime en Canada et ailleurs.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM ET TUPPER,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

Halifax, 25 janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, durant la présente session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse; de pourvoir à la gouverne de la dite Eglise, à l'acquisition, la possession et l'administration de ses fonds et propriétés; de déclarer que les fonds et propriétés détenus en fidéicommiss pour la dite Eglise par le bureau chargé de l'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, sous l'autorité de l'acte de la province du Canada 22 Vict. chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," ont toujours été depuis l'adoption du dit acte et sont actuellement détenus pour le bénéfice de la dite Eglise devant être constituée en corps politique, et des ministres de la dite Eglise; d'accorder le dit fonds et l'administration d'icelui pour l'avenir à la corporation de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, devant être constituée en corps politique par l'acte qui sera demandé à cet effet; de plus à l'effet de déclarer que les fonds et propriétés détenus en fidéicommiss pour le soutien des veuves et orphelins des ministres de la dite Eglise, sous l'autorité de l'acte de la province du Canada 10 et 11 Vict. chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, ont toujours été depuis l'adoption du dit dernier acte et sont actuellement détenus en fidéicommiss pour le bénéfice de la dite Eglise devant être ainsi constituée en corps politique et pour le soutien des veuves et orphelins des ministres de la dite Eglise, et seront confiés à l'avenir à la dite corporation de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse devant être constituée en corps politique par le dit acte qui sera demandé à cette fin; à l'effet de plus de pourvoir à l'administration future de tels fonds et propriétés, et d'amender les deux actes ci-dessus mentionnés et tout autre acte en autant qu'il sera nécessaire pour l'objet ci-haut expliqué, et de rappeler les dits actes s'il est nécessaire; et à l'effet de pourvoir de toute façon suivant qu'il y aura lieu à ce que l'acte qui sera demandé ait toute la force et tout l'effet voulu pour remplir son objet et son intention.

MacMASTER, HUTCHINSON, KNAPP ET WEIRS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté ce 11 février 1882.

33-tf.

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, par Sir Hugh Allan, propriétaire d'une ligne de navires, Andrew Allan, propriétaire de navires, l'honorable Thomas Ryan, sénateur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Hugh McLennan, marchand, Andrew Thomas Drummond, agent financier, tous de la cité de Montréal, et Arthur Wellington Ross, membre de la législature provinciale, et Charles Sinclair Drummond, agent financier, tous deux de la cité de Winnipeg, pour l'émission de lettres patentes les constituant eux et tels autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie créée par les présentes, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de terres de Montréal et de l'Ouest (limitée)."

Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont l'achat, le louage et l'acquisition en général des terres ou autres intérêts dans la Puissance du Canada; la possession, la colonisation, la culture des terres avec le droit de les peupler de chevaux et autres animaux et de les améliorer de toute façon; la construction de bâtiments sur les dites terres; l'établissement de magasins sur les dites terres et l'achat et la vente de tous articles ou marchandises de toute description; l'érection ou l'acquisition, l'exploitation et le louage de scieries et moulins à farine sur les dites terres; la construction, l'acquisition soit directement ou comme actionnaires incorporés avec d'autres, de lignes de vapeurs ou de voiliers, de tramways, canaux et autres entreprises de toute description nécessaires ou utiles comme moyen de transport ou d'amélioration des dites terres, de plus le droit de prendre un intérêt dans ces compagnies; le développement de l'immigration sur les dites propriétés; la vente, le louage, l'échange des dites terres et des intérêts en icelles avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer en général; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de disposer en général des hypothèques consenties pour garantir les sommes prêtées ou demeurant dues sur les terres ainsi vendues; l'émission de bons garantis sur l'actif mobilier ou immobilier de la compagnie; le droit d'agir comme agents de n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour la vente des terres et la colonisation d'icelles et le développement en général de l'immigration; et toutes choses généralement nécessaires ou utiles à la réalisation des vues de la compagnie.

La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Montréal.

Le montant du fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les dits Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Honorable Thomas Ryan, George Alexander Drummond, Hugh McLennan, Arthur Wellington Ross et Andrew Thomas Drummond, tous résidant au Canada et sujets de Sa Majesté, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires.

DRUMMOND, FRÈRES ET CIE.,

Agents pour les requérants.

Montréal, 7 février 1882.

33-5

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient ci-après devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de colonisation des fermiers de York."

Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est le suivant:—

L'acquisition de terres dans le Manitoba et les ter-

ritoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, la mise en culture, l'amélioration des dites terres et l'érection de bâtiments sur icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent et l'assistance donnée aux colons sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et l'acceptation en retour de garanties pour tels prêts d'argent à des conditions et de telle façon par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont on conviendra ci-après ; l'achat, le louage, l'échange ou l'acquisition par autre voie de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière de droits ou privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ; la vente, le louage des dites propriétés et le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer de toute façon ; l'aide, l'encouragement et le développement de l'émigration vers les propriétés appartenant à la compagnie et la colonisation des dites propriétés, et pour les fins ci-dessus le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent ; l'aide au moyen de subvention ou autrement à être donnée à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer ou de lignes de vapeurs ou autres navires de la compagnie, l'aide à être donnée à la construction, et l'exploitation de telles autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la fabrication et la vente de toute espèce de marchandises requises par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie au ailleurs, à cette fin la dite compagnie devant avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières et immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et en général devant jouir de tous les pouvoirs nécessaires ou opportuns à la réalisation de son objet.

La ville de Toronto sera la principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$150,000 divisé en 1,500 parts de \$100 chacune.

Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignation des différents requérants sont :—

N. Clarke Wallace, M. P., marchand, du village de Woodbridge, Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Toronto, James Duncan, fermier, Emery P. O., John Duncan, fermier, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, fermier, Elders Mills—les dits N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solliciteur pour les requérants,

Toronto, 9 février 1882.

33-6

A VIS Public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent dans la *Gazette du Canada* à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada constituant en corps politique les requérants ci-après mentionnés et autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la dite compagnie en vertu de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs du gouvernement du Canada ou de n'importe quelle compagnie ou individu ; la colonisation, l'établissement, le défrichement des dites terres ou la construction de maisons dessus ; la vente, la location des dites terres avec la permission de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer autrement ; l'emprunt ou le prêt de sommes d'argent sur les dites terres pour aider aux colons, et la garantie de tels prêts par hypothèque ou autrement suivant qu'il aura été convenu ; l'élevage, la vente ou l'achat de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et le droit de faire n'importe quelles opérations de ferme.

2. Le nom corporatif de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera à Whitby, dans le comté et la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

40. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000—1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

50. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignations des requérants sont :—George Young Smith, de la ville de Whitby, avocat ; Henry Betts Taylor, de la dite ville de Whitby, agent de banque ; rév. J. Herbert Starr, de la dite ville de Whitby, pasteur méthodiste ; John Rice, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme ; Wellington Adams, de la dite ville de Whitby, dentiste ; D. E. Starr, de la ville de Brampton, comptable ; Jeremiah Long, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand de grains ; George H. Starr, de la ville de Brandon, marchand ; Joshua Richardson, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme ; Thomas J. Holliday, du village de Brooklin, marchand ; Frank Warren, du dit village de Brooklin, docteur en médecine ; révérend James O. Carmichael, du village de Columbus, pasteur presbytérien ; James Rowe Philp, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand.

6. Les dits George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Rév. J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren, et James Rowe Philp, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires, tous résidant au Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Whitby, 1er février 1882.

32-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après nommées et les constituant en corps politique sous le nom de "Compagnie de bestiaux du Nord-Ouest, limitée," dans le but d'élever et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, de pratiquer dans toutes ses branches l'élevage des bestiaux à ou dans la région de la rivière Bow, dans le territoire du Nord-Ouest, Canada, la dite compagnie devant avoir son bureau principal dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les noms des dits requérants sont les suivants :—Sir Hugh Allan, baronet, Andrew Allan, gentilhomme, Thomas D. Milburne, gentilhomme, Charles Stimson, marchand, tous de Montréal, et Frédérick Smith Stimson, de Compton, dans la province de Québec, fermier.

Les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

L. N. BENJAMIN,

Procureur des requérants.

Montréal, 17 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois ; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur ; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur ; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur, et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois,

la Winnipegosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent ;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux ; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élévateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissaires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ingersoll, 7 janvier 1882.

29-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877, CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, les requérants ci-après nommés et décrits, s'adresseront par pétition au gouverneur général pour obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant eux et tous ceux qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie en un corps politique sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après énumérés.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie manufacturière de spécialités médicales."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est de manufacturer et vendre des drogues, médecines et spécialités médicales de toutes espèce et description, dans tout le Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant proposé de son capital-actions est (\$8,000) huit mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de (80) quatre-vingts, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Les noms et prénoms, désignations et adresses des requérants sont comme suit :—

L'Hon. John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, de la cité de Montréal, conseil de la Reine ; James Craig Fields, gentilhomme, et George Simpson, marchand, tous deux de la paroisse de St. André dans la dite province de Québec ; James Muir, de la dite cité de Montréal, agent d'immeubles, et George Bury, de la cité de Montréal, comptable, les trois premiers nommés devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT TAIT, ET ABBOTTS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-6

AVIS est par le présent donné en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" qu'un mois après la première publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires

dans la compagnie à être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte dans le but ci-après mentionné, et que,

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant une charte est d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus, de coloniser et de vendre les dites terres, d'arpenter, d'améliorer, de cultiver les dites terres, d'y construire des maisons, de vendre et d'acheter du grain et autres produits du sol, de vendre, acheter, louer, affermer, hypothéquer, les dites terres et en général d'en disposer de toute façon ; de prêter de l'argent et de l'assistance aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon au moyen d'hypothèque ou arrangement qu'il aura été convenu mutuellement ; d'ériger et d'acquérir des scieries et de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service ; d'élever, croiser, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux et de faire des affaires dans toutes les branches de l'agriculture et de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaire de la compagnie projetée sera la cité d'Ottawa, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds-social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$200,000, divisé en 2,000 actions de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont Francis Clemow, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de charbon ; Charles T. Bate, d'Ottawa, président de la compagnie du Gaz d'Ottawa ; Charles Magee, d'Ottawa, agent d'immeuble ; Robert Blackburn, de New Edinburgh, dans le comté de Carleton, marchand ; l'Hon. Richard W. Scott, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit ; Henry N. Bate, d'Ottawa, marchand ; Daniel O'Connor, d'Ottawa, procureur en droit ; Edward Anderson, sen., de la ville de Wellingland, province d'Ontario, Ecr. ; Alexander Fraser, de Westmeath, dans le comté de Renfrew, marchand de bois, et James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans la province de Québec, président de la Banque d'Ottawa.

Tous les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie ; tous sont des résidents du Canada.

SCOTT, MAC TAVISH ET MAC CRAKEN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Ottawa ce 4e jour de janvier 1882.

28-6

AVIS est donné par le présent, qu'une demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, pour obtenir des lettres patentes en vertu des dispositions de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," par Mark Cohen, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, agent, Louis Davis, marchand, Samuel Davis, marchand, Alexander Saunders, marchand, Lewis Saunders, marchand, Moïse Schwob, marchand, Asher Ansell, marchand, John Moss, marchand, Hyam D. Moss, marchand, Bendix A. Boas, marchand, de la cité de Montréal, Québec ; Mark Samuels, marchand, Alfred David Benjamin, marchand, Emanuel Samuels, marchand, de la cité de Toronto, Ontario, et Edmund Scheuer, de la cité de Hamilton, Ontario, marchand,—les constituant ainsi que d'autres en un corps politique et incorporé pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom collectif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie de colonisation Internationale du Canada (à responsabilité limitée)" (The International Colonization Company, of Canada, Limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est le suivant : Acheter ou d'autre manière acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres et biens-fonds en Canada ; développer les ressources de ces terres en y faisant des constructions, les défrichant, égouttant et améliorant d'autre manière par la culture et les plantations d'après tel système qu'il paraîtra convenable ; de mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'élever, acheter et vendre toutes espèces d'animaux, bestiaux, moutons et produits ; d'exploiter, convertir, vendre,

employer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des produits miniers de la propriété de la compagnie; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur la dite propriété et d'acheter et vendre des articles et marchandises de toutes sortes; de construire ou acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, bâtisses, machines, anses, estacades et outillage; de faire, pourvoir et employer des tramways, canaux, chemins et tous autres travaux et moyens de transport nécessaires ou utiles pour l'amélioration de la propriété de la compagnie, et de contribuer aux frais d'entretien et de construction des dits travaux ou aucun d'eux; d'aider, encourager et promouvoir l'immigration sur la propriété de la compagnie, et de la coloniser, d'aider aux émigrants de pays étrangers à venir au Canada et de les aider à s'établir sur des terres en Canada; et avec pouvoir d'agir comme agents pour tout gouvernement ou corporation ou personne pour l'achat ou vente de terres ou hypothèques sur des terres en Canada, et pour l'encouragement de l'immigration au Canada, et pour les fins susdites de prêter ou octroyer des sommes de deniers, ou faire des octrois gratuits de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des biens-meubles et immeubles pour l'objet et le but de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer de tous ou aucun des biens-meubles et immeubles, de la compagnie; et généralement faire et exécuter toutes choses nécessaires pour atteindre le but susdit.

3. Les opérations de la compagnie projetée seront faites dans les diverses provinces du Canada, et le siège principal de ses affaires en Canada sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres, divisé en cent mille actions de dix piastres chaque.

5. Les requérants sus-mentionnés, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté, seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provvisires de la compagnie.

Montréal, 5 janvier 1882.

28-6

AVIS DIVERS.

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

DIVIDENDE No. 93.

Les actionnaires de la Banque du Peuple sont par les présentes notifiés qu'un dividende semi-annuel de deux pour cent (2 0/0) pour les six mois courant, a été déclaré sur le fonds capital et sera payable au bureau de la banque, lundi, le sixième jours de mars prochain et les jours suivants.

Le livre de transfert sera fermé du 15 au 28 février inclusivement.

Par ordre du bureau des directeurs,

A. A. TROTTIER,
Caissier.

Montréal, 31 janvier 1882.

32-5

A VIS.—L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque du Peuple aura lieu au bureau de la Banque, rue Saint-Jacques, lundi, le six

mars prochain, à trois heures p.m., conformément aux 16^{me} et 17^{me} clauses de l'acte d'incorporation.

Par ordre du bureau des directeurs,

A. A. TROTTIER, caissier.

Montréal, 31 janvier 1882.

32-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée des actionnaires de la compagnie de chemin de fer et de vapeurs de Winnipeg et baie d'Hudson, aura lieu au No. 10 de la rue York, Ottawa, mardi, le 14 février, 1882, à 3 heures p.m., dans le but d'élire sept directeurs en conformité de l'Acte 43 Vict. chap. 59, sect. 8 du dit acte.

JOSEPH RIOPELLE,

Sec.-Trés.

Ottawa, 27 janvier 1882.

31-2

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER ONTARIO ET QUÉBEC.

A VIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Ontario et Québec aura lieu au bureau principal de la compagnie, No. 18 rue King, ouest, dans la cité de Toronto, mardi le septième jour de février prochain, à 2 heures de l'après midi, pour l'élection des directeurs pour l'année courante et pour la dépêche des affaires générales de la compagnie.

Par ordre,

H. W. NANTON,

Sec.-trés. *pro tem.*

Daté ce 9 janvier 1882.

29-4

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 23rd January, 1882.

WILLIAM ANDREW FULMER, of Economy, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; to be a Sub-Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

9th February, 1882.

MICHEL Fiset, Esquire, M. D.; to be Public Analyst, for the City of Quebec, under the provisions of the Act 37 Vict., chap. 8, sec. 14, *vice* F. A. H. LaRue, Esquire, M. D., deceased.

13th February, 1882.

JAMES MASSON, of the Town of Owen Sound, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, Barrister at Law; to be Deputy Judge of the County Court of the County of Grey, in the said Province.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } **W**HEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the Thirty-seventh year of Our Reign, chaptered thirty-four, and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island, amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Quebec and Montreal in the Province of Quebec, and Toronto in the Province of Ontario) in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for that purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council; AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the twenty-fourth day of January, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating Departure Bay, in the Province of British Columbia, as a Port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply,—

Now Know YE, that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and Order in Council respectively, Proclaim and Declare, that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island," and the Acts amending the same, shall henceforth apply to the Port of Departure Bay, in the Province of British Columbia.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well-Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-FOURTH day of JANUARY in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

32-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Saturday, 11th February, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 9th and 55th sections of the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the fortieth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10, and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered, that the Out Port of Desoronto, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby detached from the Port of Napanee, and that the same be and is hereby erected into an independent Port of Entry and Warehousing Port from and after the 1st March, 1882.

34-3 J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 9th day of February, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Minister of Agriculture has reported that representations have been made to him that it is a custom to import into Canada, in bales, second hand Head-Ropes which have been used for tying up cattle in the United Kingdom or on ship-board, and that there is reason to believe contagious disease may be communicated by the use of such Head-Ropes,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the importation of Head-Ropes which have been used, be and the same is hereby prohibited.

34-3 J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 3rd February 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor General has, by Order in Council of 27th January 1882, been pleased to order that the Order in Council bearing date the 3rd day of May, 1880, prescribing certain regulations for slaughtering and curing swine in bond, be amended by striking out section 4 of such regulations and substituting the following in place thereof :—

4. The Bond given by the importer as before specified shall be cancelled upon the payment of the

current rate of duty imposed upon swine imported into Canada, or upon the exportation of sixty per cent. of the live weight of swine weighing two hundred pounds each and under, or upon the exportation of sixty-five per cent. of the live weight of the swine weighing over two hundred pounds each, as originally entered, in the form of pork, bacon, hams, shoulders and lard; and if a less quantity than the sixty or sixty-five per cent. herein named is exported, then duty shall be paid on the quantity deficient at the rate imposed upon the live animal in proportion to value.

32-3

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

THE tolls payable upon any vessel under the tariff for the Public Pier at Maitland by the Order in Council of the 6th June, 1876, may be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the 61st Section of the Act 31 Victoria, chapter 12, from the owner or master or person in charge of such vessel.

The tolls payable under the said tariff upon any goods, are hereby imposed also upon the vessels or other crafts upon or from off which such goods may be shipped or landed, and the payment of such tolls may be enforced, and there shall be the same remedy for their non-payment as if they had been expressly imposed upon such vessels or crafts, by the said tariff.

The tolls payable upon any goods may also be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the said 61st section, from the owner or consignee, or person in charge of such goods.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 28th January, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing rules have, by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council of the 27th January, 1882, been added to the Rules governing the Wharfinger and Public Pier at Maitland, in Hants County, Nova Scotia, established by Order in Council of the 6th June, 1876.

32-3 J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

THE tolls payable upon any vessel under the tariff for the Public Pier at Oak Point by the Order in Council of the 29th May, 1876, may be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the 61st Section of the Act 31 Vict., chapter 12, from the owner or master or person in charge of such vessel.

The tolls payable under the said tariff upon any goods are hereby imposed also upon the vessels or other crafts upon or from off which such goods may be shipped or landed, and the payment of such tolls may be enforced, and there shall be the same remedy for their non-payment as if they had been expressly imposed upon such vessels or crafts by the said tariff.

The tolls payable upon any goods may also be recovered with costs in the manner provided by the said 61st section, from the owner or consignee or person in charge of such goods.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 28th January, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing rules have, by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council of the 27th January, 1882, been added to the Rules governing the Wharfinger and Pier or Breakwater at Oak Point, in the County of Kings, in the Province of Nova Scotia, established by Order in Council of the 29th May, 1876.

32-3 J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 17th February, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (3).

No. 1.

REGULATIONS AND ORDERS FOR THE MILITIA, 1879.

The following are added as sub-paragraphs to paragraph 25:—

"(2) An active militiaman who has completed his period of service and re-engages for a further period, must sign the service roll of his corps, and take the oath, in the manner provided for first enrolments.

(3.) No militiaman who has enrolled for service in any corps is to be dismissed therefrom, for irregular conduct, until after due investigation as provided by law, and approval from Head Quarters."

Paragraph 397 has been amended by striking out the words "of a magistrate" in the last line, and adding, after the words "in writing" in the same line, the words "required under the provisions of paragraph 387." The paragraph 397 will therefore read as follows: "No Officer is to go out with Militia for the purpose of aiding in the suppression of riot, the maintenance of the public peace, or the execution of the law, except upon the requisition in writing required under the provisions of paragraph 387."

No. 2.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

14th Battalion "Princess of Wales' Own Rifles."

To be 2nd Lieutenants, provisionally:

Lewis William Shannon, Gentleman, vice Kirkpatrick, promoted.

John Shaw Skinner, Gentleman, vice Bajurs, promoted.

28th "Perth" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 3 Company, St. Marys.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:
Sergeant John Gumm, vice Wilson.

29th "Waterloo Battalion of Infantry.

To be Lieutenant Colonel:

Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel George Hespeler, V.B., vice Thomas Peck who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

38th "Brant" Battalion, "Dufferin Rifles.

Lieutenant (provisionally) and Quarter-Master Jonathan Dennis Pettit to have the Honorary rank of Captain, from 14th January, 1881.

47th "Frontenac" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 2 Company, Inverary.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Joseph Healey, M.S., vice William D. Hunter who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

David James Walker, the younger, Gentleman, vice Healey, promoted.

No. 5 Company, Barriefield.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Edward Holton Britton, Gentleman, vice Strachan, retired.

BREVET.

To be Major:

Captain Peter Burnet (formerly of H. M's. 72nd Highlanders) No. 7 Company, 35th Battalion; from 23rd May, 1877, under the provisions of paragraph 90 of Regulations and Orders, 1879.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

64th Battalion of Rifles, "Voltigeurs de Beauharnois."

No. 5 Company, Beauharnois.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

James S. Nicolson, Gentleman, vice Lawrence Madden, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

65th Battalion "Mount Royal Rifles."

No. 1 Company, Montreal.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Armand Beaudry, Gentleman, vice Beaudet, promoted.

No. 5 Company, Montreal.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Arthur Simard, Gentleman, vice Joseph Boutillier Trudel, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Lieutenant Albert Charles Talbot, M. S., No. 2 Company, 61st Battalion; from 10th February, 1881
2nd Lieutenant Cleophas Fournier, M.S., No. 4 Company, 61st battalion; from 10th February, 1882.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

St. George Infantry Company.

The resignation of Lieutenant Robert Wellington Ingram McGee is hereby accepted.

No. 3.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

SCHOOLS OF MILITARY INSTRUCTION.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Sergeant John Landrigan, 35th Battalion.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES.

Lieutenant Albert Charles Talbot, 61st Battalion
2nd Lieutenant Cléophas Fournier do
Corporal Richard Scougall Cassels 2nd Battalion.

No. 4.

ASSOCIATIONS FOR DRILL IN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

London Collegiate Institute Drill Company.

To act as Lieutenant:

Acting 2nd Lieutenant Arthur George Morphy,
vice Hume Blake Cronyn, resigned.

To act as 2nd Lieutenant:

Sergeant Ralph Hubert Dignan, vice Morphy,
promoted.

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 4th day of February, 1882, incorporating John Hogan Parks, of the Town of Portland, in the City and County of St. John, and Province of New Brunswick, manufacturer; Thomas Roswell Jones, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Vincent Samuel White, of the said City of St. John, merchant; Robert Turner, of the said City of St. John, merchant; Richard Penniston Starr, of the said City of St. John, merchant; Alexander Shives, of the said Town of Portland, ship owner; Isaac Burpee, of the said Town of Portland, Gentleman; Thomas Wilder Daniel, of the said City of St. John, Gentleman; Charles Robert Coker, of the said City of St. John, surveyor to Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping; James de Wolfe Spurr, of the said City of St. John, Gentleman; William Elder, of the said City of St. John, publisher; Thomas Furlong, of the said City of St. John, merchant; John McGuiggan, of the said City of St. John, contractor; Dudne Breeze, of the said City of St. John, merchant, and Thomas McAvity, junior, of the said City of St. John, merchant, for the purpose of manufacturing, spinning, weaving, dyeing, bleaching, printing, buying and selling of cotton yarns, cloths, prints, and other manufactures of cotton and other textile fabrics, and the owning of buildings, machinery and plant, and the owning or hiring of buildings and land necessary therefor,—by the name of "The St. John Cotton Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into two thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State, this 17th day of February, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

34-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of January, 1882, incorporating Robert Benny, merchant, James Henry Peck, merchant and manufacturer, Alexander Chivas Clarke, broker, John Smythe Hall, the younger, advocate, George Hutton Patterson, insurance agent, James Benny, merchant and manufacturer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada; James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec aforesaid, merchant, Andrew Thomson, trader, George Benson Hall, trader, both of the City of Quebec in the said Province of Quebec, and George Duryer, of the City of New York, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America,

Doctor of Medecine, for the purpose, 1st, of acquiring, and working "Duryer's Blow Pipe Process," as patented under date the twenty-third day of April 1880 in Canada, or any improvements thereon, for smelting ores of gold, silver and other metals, and for smelting ores of iron, and making iron, steel and other commodities therefrom; 2nd, of acquiring and working other processes for the manufacture of gold, silver, iron and steel, or other metals; 3rd, of erecting rolling mills, and generally to manufacture any iron steel, or other commodity; 4th, of acquiring any lands for the erection of furnaces thereon, and other purposes of the company, or any lands containing or supposed to contain iron or other minerals or petroleum, not exceeding twenty thousand acres in all; 5th, and to have the power of selling, or leasing any such patented processes as the said company may acquire,—by the name of the "Canadian Iron and Steel Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of one million dollars, divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of February, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

34-3

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of January, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	271,669 02	.....
Malt Liquor	150 00	.....
Malt	33,825 87	.....
Tobacco	124,332 90	.....
Petroleum Inspection	1,539 59	.....
Manufactures in Bond	2,645 44	.....
Seizures	63 16	.....
Other Receipts	504 00	.....
Total Excise Revenue		434,729 98
Canals .....		.....
Slides and Booms .....		.....
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.		1,948 25
Minor Public Works		276 39
Culling Timber .....		.....
Inspection of Weights and Measures		2,246 36
Inspection of Gas		251 75
Bill Stamps		24,018 31
Total		463,471 04

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

33-3

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the 22nd section of the Canadian Act 36 Vic., chap. 128, permission has been given to change the name of the Schooner "Frank L" of St. John, N.B., official number 80,027, to "Frank L. P."

WM. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine, etc.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 8th February, 1882.

33-3

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE,
OTTAWA, 1st February, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a licence (No. 88) of this day's date, has been issued to the Dominion Safety Fund Life Association of St. John, N.B., to transact business of Life Insurance in Canada. The head office being in the said City of St. John,

N.B., and James de Wolfe Spurr, the attorney and agent.

33-3

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
Superintendent of Insurance.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-fourth day of January 1882, incorporating Reuben Palmer, of the Town of Sarnia, in the County of Lambton in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, license inspector, Robert McAdams, of the same place, publisher, Thomas Kenny, of the same place, merchant, John Gillies McCrae, of the same place, stationer, and Manfred Burns Proctor of the same place, coal and wood merchant,—for the purpose of constructing, acquiring, chartering, navigating and maintaining steam vessels for the carrying and conveying of goods and passengers or other traffic between the ports of the Dominion of Canada, and between the ports of the said Dominion and those of the United States of America, and for the towing of vessels, with power to sell, charter and dispose of the said steam vessels or any of them, and to make contracts and agreements with any person or corporation whatsoever for the purposes aforesaid or otherwise for the benefit of the said Company,—by the name of "The Sarnia and Port Huron Ferry Company, Limited," with a total capital stock of four thousand four hundred and eighty dollars divided into sixty-four shares of seventy dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this second day of February, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

32-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Supplementary Letters Patent have been issued under the

Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twelfth day of January, 1882, whereby the total capital stock of "The Toronto and Rapid City Land and Trading Company (Limited)," is increased from forty thousand dollars to five hundred thousand dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 31st day of January, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

32-3

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st January, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,623,906 27
Excise.....	469,584 13
Post Office.....	190,272 60
Public Works, including Railways.	201,557 10
Bill Stamps	23,001 53
Miscellaneous	311,245 94
	<u>\$ 2,819,567 57</u>
Revenue to 31st December, 1881.....	16,167,624 03
	<u>\$18,987,191 65</u>
Expenditure.....	\$4,387,856 38
do 31st December, 1881.....	11,332,073 99
	<u>\$15,719,930 37</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st February, 1882.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST FEBRUARY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELEOTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Byrnedale	Rochester.....	Essex..... O..	William Byrne.
Cariboo Gold Mines.....	.....	Halifax..... N.S..	Charles Turple.
Clearwater	Sec. 16, Tp. 2, R. 12.....	Marquette M..	Robert Rogers.
Darlingford.....	" 6, " 3, " 7.....	Marquette..... M..	T. E. Mohaffy.
Deer Lake.....	Cardiff.....	Peterborough, E.R..... O..	William Ogilvie.
a. East Hall's Harbour Road .....	.....	Kings..... N.S..	Owen R. Roscoe.
Friars Head.....	.....	Inverness N.S..	Rvd. W. M. Leblanc.
Grandes Piles.....	Radnor.....	Champlain..... Q..	Théophile Roux.
Harrison Settlement .....	.....	Cumberland..... N.S..	William Harrison.
Kilroy.....	Colchester.....	Essex..... O..	William Currie.
Lewisham.....	Ryde.....	Muskoka O..	J. G. Taylor.
Moose River.....	.....	Cumberland..... N.S..	William Roberts.
McGrath Mountain .....	.....	Pictou..... N.S..	Donald Cameron.
b. Mount Uniacke Gold Mines.....	.....	Hants..... N.S..	Chas. S. McLean.
Odell	Westminster.....	Middlesex, E.R..... O..	W. L. Odell.
Plaisance.....	Ste. Angélique.....	Ottawa..... Q..	Mrs. Octavie L. Auclair.
Purple Hill	Cartwright.....	Durham, W.R..... O..	Moses Hambly.
Plaister Mines.....	.....	Victoria..... N.S..	Donald McKenzie.
Port Sandfield	Medora.....	Muskoka O..	Enoch Cox.
St. Cyr.	Cleveland... ..	Richmond..... Q..	Seth Taylor.
St. Joseph.....	.....	Antigonish..... N.S..	A. McGillivray.
South River	Macher.....	Muskoka O..	William Holditch.
Spring Valley	Elizabethtown	Leeds, S.R..... O..	Abel Yates.
Tilley	Lansdown.....	Leeds, S.R..... O..	John Stoops.
West Inglisville.....	.....	Annapolis..... N.S..	George Beal.

a. Opened on the 1st December, 1881.
b. Opened on the 1st January, 1882.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Birkhall..... Co. Lambton, O.
Luttrell..... Co. Essex, O.
Hopefield ... Co. Renfrew, S.R., O.
Hansford..... Co. Cumberland, N.S.
Melbourne Ridge..... Co. Richmond, Q.

NAME CHANGED.

Grass Hill, Co. Victoria, O..... to Perrin.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85					
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25					
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65					
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00					
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00					
Total.....	14,774,593 75					

Fractional Notes.....	171,691 85	
Provincial "	160,967 65	
Montreal issue.....	7,159,706 00	
Toronto "	4,826,007 00	
Halifax "	1,736,958 50	
St. John "	689,870 25	
Victoria "	29,392 50	
Total.....	\$14,774,593 75	

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st January.....	2,533,321 11
Guarantee Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,453,321 11
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75	1,477,459 37
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75	2,216,189 06
	\$3,693,648 43
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,759,672 68
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75.....	11,080,945 32
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	919,054 68
SUMMARY.	
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,759,672 68
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	919,054 68
Total Excess.....	2,678,727 36

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

STATEMENT OF INLAND REVENUES ACCRUED DURING THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1881.

SERVICES.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Excise—Spirits	299,383 91	260,825 93	294,558 50	371,672 09	370,728 46	372,343 64	1,969,512 53
Malt Liquor	4,300 00	750 00	500 00	200 00	50 00	50 00	5,850 00
Malt	21,235 88	24,172 79	31,408 13	34,517 57	59,351 48	30,622 57	181,308 42
Tobacco	152,267 34	149,584 42	194,350 59	174,411 92	165,299 57	140,628 36	976,542 20
Inspection of Petroleum	1,026 55	1,926 90	3,038 71	3,786 71	3,677 81	2,490 31	15,946 39
Manufactures in Bond	2,982 18	2,726 52	3,481 24	3,134 28	3,172 24	1,408 58	16,905 04
Seizures	156 11	141 59	41 50	132 62	178 30	8,062 78	8,712 90
Other Receipts	6,108 32	1,517 74	524 50	529 00	787 75	651 11	10,148 42
Total, Excise	487,460 29	441,675 89	527,903 17	588,384 16	583,245 61	556,257 35	3,184,926 50
Canals	47,683 95	51,739 10	43,853 74	38,881 98	25,205 13	238 23	207,602 13
Slides and Booms	9,727 19	5,223 93	1,258 50	40 00	2,263 08	36,239 70	54,752 40
Hydraulic Rents, &c.	4,891 10	3,075 98	126 00	2,181 00	77 77	496 50	10,848 35
Minor Public Works	559 67	729 18	283 92	880 76	259 05	270 42	2,983 00
Culling Timber	8,777 64	8,896 38	6,692 22	4,052 14	6,930 55	2,615 86	37,964 79
Inspection of Weights and Measures	3,008 20	2,785 76	3,267 66	3,088 49	1,883 40	1,334 30	15,367 81
Inspection of Gas ..	160 50	2,141 50	173 75	175 50	263 65	229 60	1,144 50
Bill Stamps	13,341 27	16,156 83	21,224 79	15,960 95	22,493 39	16,215 90	105,393 13
Other Revenues	1,248 26						1,248 26
	576,858 07	530,424 55	604,783 75	653,645 01	642,621 63	613,897 86	3,622,230 87

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, February 10, 1882.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

GENERAL ABSTRACT

SHOWING the average amount of the Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of British Columbia, within the Province of British Columbia and its Dependencies, taken from the several Weekly Statements, for the quarter ending 31st December, 1881.

Prepared and submitted to the Finance Department in conformity with the Local Banking Act of 1861

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Notes in circulation.....	526,831 00	Legal Tender Coin in Gold and Silver.....	232,426 27
Balances due to other Banks and Branches..	15,034 43	Gold Bullion.....	17,544 64
Deposits not bearing interest ... \$917,340 28		Landed and other Property.....	26,163 70
Deposits bearing interest..... .. 33,237 80		Balances due from other Banks	
	950,578 08	and Branches, situate within	
		the Province.....\$11,219 09	
		Balances due from other Banks	
		and Branches, situate without	
		the Province..... 559,635 89	
			570,854 93
		All debts due to the Bank with-	
		in the Province, including	
		Notes, Bills of Exchange, and	
		all Stock and Funded Debts	
		of every description, except-	
		ing Notes, Bills and Balances	
		due from other Banks and	
		Branches	857,893 95
		Do without the Province...	52,481 39
			910,375 34
Total amount of Liabilities... ..	1,492,443 51	Total amount of Assets.....	1,757,364 93

Amount of Capital Stock paid up at close of the Quarter ending 31st December, 1881... \$1,730,000 00
Rate of last Dividend declared to the Shareholders..... 5 per cent. per annum.
Amount of last Dividend declared..... 43,250 00
Amount of Reserve Profit at the time of declaring said Dividend..... 224,200 00

WM. C. WARD,
Manager,

CHS. S. JONES,
Accountant.
32-3

Victoria, B.C., 18th day of January, 1882.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 3rd February, 1882.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31st JANUARY, 1882.

CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								Total Liabilities.	
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.		
	\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 231,811 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 17,030 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,618,470 36	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 89,170 83	\$ cts. 6,136,482 60
City and District Savings Bank.....											
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00							3,108,947 53	83,000 00	113,128 98	3,305,076 51

ASSETS.

	<div> <div> Dominion Securities. </div> <div> Provincial or Municipal Securities. </div> <div> Loans having Government Securities. </div> <div> Loans secured by Bank Stock </div> <div> Loans secured by Stock, &c. </div> <div> Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks. </div> <div> Special Poor Fund or char- ity Fund Investments. </div> <div> Bank Stock prior to incor- poration. </div> <div> Other Assets. </div> <div> Total Assets </div> </div>
City and District Savings Bank.....	<div>\$ cts.</div> <div>1,335,832 18</div> <div>\$ cts.</div> <div>600 00</div> <div>\$ cts.</div> <div>2,343,923 80</div> <div>\$ cts.</div> <div>1,688,892 02</div> <div>\$ cts.</div> <div>883,688 16</div> <div>\$ cts.</div> <div>180,000 00</div> <div>\$ cts.</div> <div>237,220 00</div> <div>\$ cts.</div> <div>432,456 34</div> <div>\$ cts.</div> <div>6,865,392 50</div>
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	<div>\$ cts.</div> <div>721,490 48</div> <div>.....</div> <div>1,012,501 70</div> <div>150,228 75</div> <div>1,149,283 13</div> <div>83,000 00</div> <div>237,220 00</div> <div>128 611 18</div> <div>3,577,265 18</div>

• Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th Feb., 1882.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of Manitoba and British Columbia) for December, 1881.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	76,804 00	5,500 00	82,304 00
do Fisheries.....	462,682 00		462,682 00
do Forest.....	658,905 00	39,910 00	698,815 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,315,959 00	9,415 00	1,325,374 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,440,138 00	16,096 00	2,456,234 00
Manufactures	236,272 00	75,619 00	311,891 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	33,579 00	653 00	34,232 00
Totals.....	5,224,339 00	147,193 00	5,371,532 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Total, exclusive of Manitoba and British Columbia.	5,224,339 00	147,193 00	5,371,532 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 26th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	8,818 00	1,862 37
Agricultural Implements	"	6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter.....	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,573 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States.....	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures.....	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	442,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

POST. OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of December, 1881. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 30th Nov., 1881	\$7,541,467 33	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$265,925 50
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	564,932 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	1,800 70	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$7,798,501 86
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	43,772 67
	8,108,200 03		7,842,274 5
			8,108,200 03

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 17th January, 1882.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$350, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).....	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine,
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited)	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.. ..	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....	Life.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B. C. Bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,867 Can. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto..	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....	Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Guarantee and Accident
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	\$21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.. ..	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. O. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.. ..	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life)
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London.....	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Assurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England.....	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company.....	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company.....	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company.....	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal.....		
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company.....	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,667, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lander, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company.....	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200).....	Life and Accident.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
		\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT (OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.. ..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.....	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford. Secretary. Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The above Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash, held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERREMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st October, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 30th Sept., 1881.	Deposits for October, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, October, 1881.	Balance, 31st October, 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	485,321 16	46,576 37	531,897 53	42,952 82	488,944 71
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	289,784 51	83,607 00	373,391 51	39,394 65	333,996 86
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,290,116 20	70,951 00	1,361,067 20	47,108 80	1,313,958 40
Nanaimo.....	135,663 51	8,479 00	144,142 51	5,983 50	138,159 01
New Westminster.....	156,350 08	11,381 00	167,731 08	6,148 21	161,582 87
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	116,825 13	5,497 00	122,322 13	6,498 66	115,823 47
Antigonish.....	29,046 83	2,755 00	31,801 83	992 27	30,809 56
Annapolis.....	110,071 44	8,147 00	118,218 44	6,010 92	112,207 52
Arichat.....	121,231 15	1,911 00	123,142 15	3,099 88	120,042 27
Acadia Mines.....	25,934 06	2,580 00	28,514 06	1,828 45	26,685 61
Baddeck.....	31,775 61	2,502 63	34,278 24	1,000 08	33,278 16
Bridgewater.....	18,059 89	695 00	18,754 89	780 00	17,974 89
Barrington.....	29,851 30	1,452 00	31,303 30	550 80	30,752 50
Digby.....	53,757 38	6,491 00	60,248 38	2,932 56	57,315 82
Guysboro'.....	41,135 69	2,135 00	43,270 69	1,070 87	41,599 82
Halifax.....	2,252,514 00	66,730 47	2,319,244 47	82,411 26	2,236,833 21
Kentville.....	77,266 54	6,689 30	83,955 84	2,189 60	81,766 24
Liverpool.....	109,249 45	3,801 00	113,050 45	2,747 40	110,303 05
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan.....	8,456 05	1,103 00	9,559 05	524 00	9,035 05
Lunenburg.....	66,716 06	1,685 00	68,401 06	2,724 72	65,676 34
Maitland.....	44,430 80	2,033 00	46,463 80	1,585 85	44,877 95
New Glasgow.....	82,869 75	6,654 00	89,523 75	2,954 10	86,569 65
Parrsboro'.....	39,871 71	1,260 00	41,131 71	1,051 55	40,080 16
Port Hood.....	42,857 23	1,690 00	44,547 23	736 97	43,810 26
Pictou.....	38,075 84	1,366 00	39,441 84	1,273 19	38,168 65
Shelburne.....	28,941 53	2,170 00	31,111 53	1,088 32	30,023 21
Sydney.....	155,306 23	4,424 00	159,730 23	5,781 28	153,948 95
Sherbrooke.....	32,255 83	700 00	32,955 83	1,718 79	31,187 04
Truro.....	175,427 99	6,612 00	182,040 99	5,416 09	176,624 90
Wallace.....	4,940 25	1,781 00	6,721 25	190 50	6,530 75
Windsor.....	361,583 33	6,317 00	367,900 33	15,548 28	352,352 05
Weymouth.....	51,573 24	817 00	52,390 24	2,293 18	49,992 06
Yarmouth.....	264,241 61	15,522 00	279,763 61	8,634 98	271,128 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,583 41	1,888 00	61,471 41	1,154 58	60,316 83
Chatham.....	177,502 43	6,401 00	183,903 43	4,397 65	179,505 78
Dalhousie.....	132,187 63	3,191 00	135,381 63	1,786 38	133,595
Dorchester.....	16,269 35	2,131 42	18,400 77	2,591 29	15,809 48
Fredericton.....	260,563 68	8,102 00	268,665 68	10,652 85	258,012 83
Hillsboro'.....	18,092 31	725 00	18,817 31	376 14	18,441 17
Moncton.....	107,317 23	13,157 00	120,474 23	8,166 93	112,307 30
Newcastle.....	115,139 76	8,740 00	123,879 76	3,762 20	120,117 59
Riebibucto.....	64,553 06	390 00	64,943 06	847 99	64,095 07
St. Andrews.....	183,138 50	4,018 00	187,156 50	1,245 98	185,910 52
St. John.....	1,522,567 46	46,151 00	1,568,718 46	30,001 52	1,538,716 94
Sussex.....		3,282 00	3,282 00	280 00	3,002 00
Woodstock.....	165,144 98	6,278 00	171,422 98	3,746 12	167,676 86
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	653,047 29	26,456 00	684,503 29	20,066 09	664,437 20
Total.....	10,251,601 12	517,429 19	10,769,030 31	395,033 25	10,373,997 06

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th Sept., 1881, published in accordance with the Act 34 Viet., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Aug., 1881.	Deposits for Sept., 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, Sept., 1881.	Balance, 31st Sept., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario,—</i>					
Toronto.....	486,581 51	34,115 00	520,696 51	35,375 35	485,321 16
<i>Manitoba,—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	253,986 53	68,750 00	322,736 53	32,952 02	289,784 51
<i>British Columbia,—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,268,968 23	70,960 00	1,339,928 23	49,812 03	1,290,116 20
Nanaimo.....	134,026 28	4,978 00	139,004 28	3,310 77	135,663 51
New Westminster.....	146,861 68	14,592 00	161,453 68	5,103 60	156,350 08
<i>Nova Scotia,—</i>					
Amherst.....	110,886 37	8,463 00	119,349 37	2,524 24	116,825 13
Antigonish.....	25,149 83	4,732 00	29,881 83	835 00	29,046 83
Annapolis.....	107,942 98	6,391 00	114,333 98	4,262 54	110,071 44
Arichat.....	123,076 71	3,583 82	126,660 53	5,429 38	121,231 15
Acadia Mines.....	24,805 63	1,877 00	26,682 63	748 57	25,934 06
Baddeck.....	28,383 85	4,100 00	32,483 85	708 24	31,775 61
Bridgewater.....	17,447 83	1,754 00	19,201 83	1,141 94	18,059 89
Barrington.....	28,022 30	1,969 00	29,991 30	140 00	29,851 30
Digby.....	51,886 52	4,006 00	58,892 52	5,135 14	53,757 38
Guysboro.....	39,647 09	3,068 00	42,715 09	1,579 40	41,135 69
Halifax.....	2,226,177 87	88,881 28	2,315,059 15	62,545 15	2,252,514 00
Kentville.....	76,604 73	4,437 46	81,042 19	3,775 65	77,266 54
Liverpool.....	108,165 58	2,307 00	110,472 58	1,223 13	109,249 45
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan.....	8,526 05	411 00	8,937 05	481 00	8,456 05
Lunenburg.....	68,216 73	930 00	69,146 73	2,430 67	66,716 06
Maitland.....	43,198 19	4,036 00	47,234 19	2,803 39	44,430 80
New Glasgow.....	83,246 75	3,507 00	86,753 75	3,884 00	82,869 75
Parrsboro.....	42,097 52	1,148 00	43,245 52	3,373 81	39,871 71
Port Hood.....	43,248 23	455 00	43,703 23	846 00	42,857 23
Pictou.....	36,365 60	2,015 00	38,380 60	304 76	38,075 84
Shelburne.....	29,715 39	408 00	30,123 39	1,181 86	28,941 53
Sydney.....	150,430 46	7,418 00	157,848 46	2,542 23	155,306 23
Sherbrooke.....	31,813 02	2,500 00	34,313 02	2,077 19	32,235 83
Truro.....	172,714 37	8,309 00	181,023 37	5,595 38	175,427 99
Wallace.....		5,040 00	5,040 00	99 75	175,427 99
Windsor.....	365,903 83	14,941 00	380,844 83	19,261 50	361,583 33
Weymouth.....	48,876 93	3,712 00	52,588 93	1,015 69	51,573 24
Yarmouth.....	250,452 62	19,647 00	270,099 62	5,858 01	264,241 61
<i>New Brunswick,—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,441 92	1,195 00	60,636 92	1,053 51	59,583 41
Chatham.....	171,804 99	10,212 00	182,016 99	4,514 56	177,502 43
Dalhousie.....	127,312 16	5,969 00	133,281 16	1,093 53	132,187 63
Dorchester.....	16,371 35	230 00	16,601 35	332 00	16,269 35
Fredericton.....	245,712 66	20,393 00	266,105 66	5,541 98	260,563 68
Hillsboro'.....	16,361 26	1,993 00	18,354 26	261 95	18,092 31
Moncton.....	103,546 76	11,284 00	114,830 76	7,513 53	107,317 23
Newcastle.....	115,947 79	2,796 00	118,743 79	3,604 03	115,139 76
Richibucto.....	61,549 06	3,546 00	65,095 06	542 00	64,553 06
St. Andrews.....	178,284 64	9,714 00	187,998 64	4,860 14	183,138 50
S. John.....	1,501,703 92	45,961 00	1,547,664 92	25,097 46	1,522,567 46
Woodstock.....	163,118 09	5,783 00	168,901 09	3,756 11	165,144 98
<i>Prince Edward Island,</i>					
Charlottetown.....	641,231 11	34,259 13	675,490 24	17,442 95	658,047 29
Total.....	10,038,825 57	556,776 69	10,595,602 26	344,001 14	10,251,601 12

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th Dec., 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE *GAZETTE*.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the "Indemnity Company of North America," with power to carry on business in Canada and the United States as a guarantee, accident and life assurance company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 16th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; and to provide for the governance of the said Church; and for the acquiring, holding and administra-

ration of the funds and property thereof; and to declare the funds and property held in trust for said Church by the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, under the Act of the Province of Canada, 22 Vic., chap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," to have been at all times since the passing of said Act, and to be now held for the benefit of said Church to be incorporated, and of the Ministers belonging thereto; and to vest the said fund and the management thereof for the future in the corporation of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, to be created by said Act to be applied for. And also to declare the funds and property held in trust for the support of the Widows and Orphans of the Ministers of said Church, under the Act of the Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic., chap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the managers of the Ministers' Widows and Orphans' fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," to have been at all times since the passing of said last mentioned Act, and to be now held in trust for the benefit of said Church, to be so incorporated, and for the support of the Widows and Orphans of the Ministers thereof; and to be vested for the future in the said Corporation of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland to be created by the said Act to be applied for; and also to provide for the future management of all said funds and property; and to amend said two above mentioned Acts, and any other Act or Acts, in so far as may be necessary for the purposes aforesaid, or to repeal the same if necessary; and to make such further provisions as may be requisite to give full force and effect to the intents and purposes of the Act so to be applied for.

MACMASTER, HUTCHINSON, KNAPP & WEIR,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 11th February, 1882. 33-1f

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Ocean Mutual Insurance Company," for the purpose of carrying on the business of Ocean Marine Insurance in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM & TUPPER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Halifax, 25th January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company, to construct and operate a line of railway, commencing at a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, in or near Township Ten (10), Range Fourteen (14) West P. M., in the Province of Manitoba, to Rapid City, Oak River, Bird Tail Creek and Fort Ellice, thence to the Touchwood Hills, and thence at or near Fort à la Corne, on the Saskatchewan River, and thence in a north westerly direction to or at or near the Pine River Pass, and thence to the Pacific Coast, at a point to be determined upon hereafter in the discretion of the company.

BIGGS & WOOD,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act to incorporate a company for

the erection and maintenance of Booms and other improvements affecting the lumber interest on Rainy River, for the levying of tolls, dues and charges thereon, and for colonization upon the territory bordering on said river.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.
Ottawa, 3rd February, 1882. 32-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Canadian Electric Light Company shall apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to ratify and confirm their Act of incorporation, to give them the necessary authorization to secure motive powers and the generation of electricity in any part of the Dominion of Canada, and to authorize them to use and work certain patents granted in Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 23rd January, 1882. 31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the Manitoba Midland Railway Company, with power to build and operate a railway beginning at East Garfield, on the Canada Pacific Railway, thence to the town of Macdonald on the Portage and North Western Railway, thence westerly through or near Rapid City, to some points on the Saskatchewan or Peace Rivers in the North West Territories, with power also to build bridges and telegraph lines and to build branch line from Macdonald to Lake Manitoba.

McMILLAN & TAYLOR.
Winnipeg, 27th Jan., 1882. 31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 22 Vic., cap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the members of the said board to confirm and enact the provisions of the Acts of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic., cap. 62, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," and 38 Vic., cap. 64, intituled "An Act to amend the Act intituled 'An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland.'" and of the Act of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 75, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presbyterian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.
31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic. cap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland"; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the said managers; to confirm and enact the provisions of the Act of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic. cap. 61, intituled "An Act to amend 'An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,'" save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to confirm and enact the provisions of an Act passed by the Legislature of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 76, intituled "An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston," and to enable the said College to stand towards the Presbyterian Church in Canada in relations similar to those which it lately held to the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; or to otherwise deal with the matters referred to in the said last-mentioned Act.

JOHN HAMILTON (of Kingston.)
Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the McClary Manufacturing Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the said company with increased powers.

MEREDITH & SCATCHERD,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act to reduce the paid-up capital and stock of "The Exchange Bank of Yarmouth" to the extent of thirty per cent.

SANDFORD H. PELTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.
21st January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Qu'Appelle Land Company" with power to acquire, improve and sell lands and promote immigration, and with other powers.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK.
Solicitors for the applicants.
Toronto, 16th January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an amendment of the Letters Patent incorporating the said company, in respect of the nationality and residence of the directors of the said company.

TAIT & ABBOTTS.

Montreal, 18th January, 1882.

30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the Great American and European Short Line Railway Company, with power: 1st. To construct, equip and operate lines of railway from a point at or near Cape North, in the Island of Cape Breton, to the Strait of Canso, and from the Strait of Canso, through the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario, to a point or points in United States Territory; 2nd. To construct, equip and operate steamers, and steam ferry communication between any of the Provinces of the Dominion, and between the Dominion and Newfoundland, and between the Dominion and Europe, and between Newfoundland and Europe, and also said ferry connection on the Strait of Canso; 3rd. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with the matter and powers before mentioned, and the working and operating of the same.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
for self and other Corporators.

Halifax, 3rd January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE.—"The Bell Telephone Company of Canada" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to its Act of incorporation 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to manufacture besides the articles referred to in such second section such other articles or things as the company may deem advisable, also to transmit messages by telegraph as well as by telephone, also to purchase telegraph as well as telephone lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its telegraph and telephone lines from any one to any other of the Provinces in the Dominion, and whereby also it shall be declared that said Act of incorporation and its amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,
Solicitors for said company.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is given that application will be made to Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the St. Lawrence and Pacific Railway Ferry Co.

Montreal, 10th January, 1882.

29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway and telegraph from some point at or near to Michipicoton Harbor, on the north east of Lake Superior, to Moose Fort or some other point on James' Bay,

wherever it might be deemed most advisable to build the line.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for the applicants.
Toronto, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to amend the Act 43 Vic. chap. 46, and to define the powers, duties and term of office of the liquidators appointed to wind up the affairs of the Consolidated Bank of Canada, and to provide for their replacement, in consequence of the remaining assets having been disposed of, and for other purposes.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Great Eastern Railway Company.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the passage of an Act to consolidate the several Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company and declaratory of the powers heretofore granted to the said company, and to grant to the said company all such other powers as have heretofore been granted by Parliament to other telegraph companies.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Montreal Office, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Western Canada Colonization Company," with power to acquire, improve and sell lands, and promote immigration, and with other powers.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 3rd January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the term of several

patents of invention issued to Thomas A. Edison, and to extend the time for manufacture under the terms of the said patents and the general statutes in that behalf, and to allow importation of articles covered by such patents for a limited time.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the said Thomas A. Edison.
Dated Hamilton, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the period limited for the completion of the works of the Canada Southern Bridge Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company. 28-9

NOTICE is given that the "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to the eighth and thirteenth sections of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 58, intituled "An Act to increase and extend the powers of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.
Montreal, 29th December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act incorporating "The International Construction Company," with power to said company to enter into contracts for the construction, equipment or operating of railway and telegraph lines, canals, bridges, steamboats and barges within the Dominion of Canada, and for acquiring, holding, selling and leasing of real estate, within said Dominion.

THOMAS WELLS,
Solicitor for applicants.
Winnipeg, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company; to make provision for the issue of a certain amount of paid-up stock, as paid-up shares of stock in said company; to increase the amount of bonds, or debentures, which may be issued by said company; to authorize said company to construct a bridge over the Ottawa river, at some point between the village of Aylmer and the city of Ottawa; to fix a day for the annual general meeting of the shareholders of said company; and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 22nd December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, by "The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada," for an Act to amend the Acts incorporating and relating to the said company by authorizing the said company to carry on the business of inland and ocean marine insurance, and

to otherwise extend the business of the company; to authorize the directors to levy assessments on the shareholders whenever the stock is impaired, or to readjust or write off any part of the paid-up capital; to extend the class or nature of securities in which the company may invest its funds; to authorize the company to take over the business of or to amalgamate with any other company, and otherwise to extend the powers of the company and to amend the said Acts.

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the British America Assurance Company, will apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, to pass an Act amending their charter, and the several Acts affecting the same, by changing the time for the holding of the annual meeting of the said company, and the election of the directors thereof, from the first Monday of August to the second Thursday in the month of February in each year; and to close the financial year of the company, for the annual statement, to be submitted to the proprietors of the said company at the said meeting, on the 3rd day of December in each year, and to consolidate all Acts affecting the said company as so amended.

C. GAMBLE,
Solicitor for B.A.A. Co.
British America Assurance Co. Buildings,
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the "Commercial Travellers Association of Canada," to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to give effect to the By-Laws of the Association; and to declare the "Accident" and "Fortuary" benefits provided by such By-Laws to be exempt from liability to the creditors of any member of the Association; and also providing for the deposit with the Dominion Government of the "Permanent Reserve Fund" of the Association for the purpose of securing the said benefits and upon terms as similar as may be to those provided for deposits with the Government under the General Insurance Act; and to otherwise amend and extend the Acts relating to the said Association:

H. SYMONS,
Solicitors for the applicants.
Dated the this day of January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to revive the Statute 43 Vic. chap. 56, incorporating the "South Saskatchewan Valley Railway Company" and to amend the same by extending the time for commencing the said railway, and for other purposes.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solicitor for the applicants.
29th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the shareholders of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, under the name of the "Canada Mutual Telegraph Company," and to confer upon the said company all such powers and privileges as are

now enjoyed or possessed by any other telegraph company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the letters patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 30th November, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, working and operating a line of railway from the east end of Lake Athabasca in the North West Territories, to some point on the Hudson Bay at or near Fort Churchill, with power to build bridges and to build, own and run tramways, steamers and boats on the Peace and Athabasca Rivers and their tributaries and other navigable waters connected with the line.

KENNEDY & SUTHERLAND,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Winnipeg, 20th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Brant Loan and Savings Society under the name of "The Brant Loan and Savings Company," and empowering said company to issue stock and debentures, invest moneys on real estate, bank stock, debentures and other securities, and to purchase, hold, improve and dispose of lands, and otherwise to exercise the powers usually conferred on Loan companies.

WILSON, SMYTH & MUIRHEAD,
Solicitors for applicants.
Brantford, 27th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The American Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

C. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for the applicants.
25th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the Montreal Board of Trade, to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to permit the fusion and amalgamation of the said Board with other commercial corporate bodies in that City.

Montreal, 23rd December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, by the C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company, for an Act of incorporation changing its name, and granting it extended powers and privileges.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 28th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, and the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 38, and to make more clear the provisions of the said last named Act; to provide also for supplying the place of any one or more of the joint assignees who may die, remove or from any cause become incapacitated from acting; also to define the powers of the joint assignees as respects the collecting, making or giving notices of calls, bringing of suits for assessments on stocks and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the "St. Lawrence Bridge and Manufacturing Company" for the purpose of constructing a bridge over the St. Lawrence river, opposite the City of Montreal, by way of St. Helen's Island, and for enlarging and improving in connection therewith the Harbor of Montreal; the whole in general conformity with the scheme known as the "Shearer scheme," proposed by Mr. James Shearer, and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company to be a work for the general advantage of Canada, and also to amend the several Acts relating to the said company, and for further power for the issue of bonds and debenture stock, and to re-arrange and increase their bonded debt, and for the repeal of section twelve of the Act forty-three Victoria, chapter sixty-six (Ontario), providing for the appointment of a Commissioner for the purpose therein mentioned, and also to repeal the seventeenth section of the said Act providing for the election of a director by certain municipalities therein mentioned, and for other purposes; and also to repeal the last proviso in the fourteenth section of the Act forty-four Victoria, chapter seventy four (Ontario), and also to give the said company power to arrange with other railway companies for station accommodation and to join with other companies in the erection of a joint station, and also the right to make running arrangements with other railways; also to purchase, charter and work steamboats and other vessels; and also to authorize the said company to amalgamate with or lease their line to the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, and for other purposes.

MARTIN & ELLIOT,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Hamilton, the 28th day of December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act extending the period of twelve months limited by the fifth section of the Act authorizing the establishment of Superannuation Provident and Insurance Funds by the company; also to authorize the company to purchase or lease railways which touch or intersect its own line or to amalgamate with the companies owning such railways, also to declare and define the company's powers in that respect, and to authorize the acquisition of station grounds and premises and access thereto for the company's purposes.

SAMUEL BARKER,
Solicitor G.W. Ry. Co.
Dated at Hamilton, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

TAKE Notice that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Niagara River Bridge Company.

The applicants purpose erecting a bridge (without a drawbridge) for railway purposes from some point in the Dominion of Canada on the left bank of the Niagara River to some point in the United States of America between the Falls of Niagara and the mountain ridge above Lewiston.

The applicants purpose charging or levying a toll of not more than five dollars per car for each car passing over said bridge.

FOSTER, CLARKE & BOWES,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the General Land Company of Canada, for the purposes of purchasing and colonizing lands in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

ROYAL & PRUD'HOMME,
Solicitors for applicants.
Winnipeg, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate the Saskatchewan and Qu'Appelle Navigation Company, for the purposes of dredging and navigating the Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle and Assiniboine Rivers.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 14th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Tecumseh Insurance Company of Canada," for the purpose of carrying on the business of fire and inland marine and live stock insurance.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec., 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, will apply at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an amendment to their Act of incorporation to authorize them to adopt the provisions relating to Mutual Insurance Companies in the Province of Ontario, and also to issue policies covering losses from wind storms and tornadoes.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.
London, Ont., 13th Dec. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that a Bill will be introduced at the next session of the Dominion Parliament to ratify and confirm the resolutions of the "North Shore Railway Company" of the eleventh day of August, and of the second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, having for their object to transfer to the Province of Quebec all the interest of the said company in the railway then in course of construction between the cities of Quebec and Montreal, and the rights belonging thereto; and also to ratify and confirm the deed of cession and transfer passed by the "Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway Company," the sixteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, before M^{re} Louis N. Dumouch, Notary, to the Government of the Province of Quebec, of all the interest of the said Com-

pany in its railway then in course of construction between Montreal and Aylmer, with a branch to St. Jérôme, and the rights belonging thereto.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. of Railways.

Dated Quebec, 20th Dec., 1881. 26-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company to be called the "Ontario Pacific Railroad" Company, for the purpose of constructing, equipping and operating a line of railway from Cornwall by Ottawa, touching at or near Arnprior, Eganville, Lake Nipissing to Sault Ste. Marie, and branches, with power to bridge the St. Lawrence and St. Mary's Rivers at or near both termini.

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor for applicants.

Ottawa, 19th December, 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the "Anchor Insurance Company" by enabling it to transact the business of Fire Insurance, to reduce its capital and for other purposes.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY,
Solicitors for applicant.

Toronto, 22nd Dec., 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to empower "The New York and Ontario Furnace Company," a corporation organized under the Laws of the State of New Jersey, to acquire and hold real and personal estate in the Dominion of Canada and to carry on in the Dominion of Canada the business of mining, smelting, and manufacture of iron and steel, and to incorporate the shareholders thereof into a corporation under and by the authority of the Parliament of Canada for the above purposes.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicant's.

Dated at Belleville, 22nd December, A.D. 1881. 26-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the time limited by the several Acts respecting the Canada Southern Railway Company or the Erie and Niagara Railway Company, for commencing and completing the original lines of the said companies or any branch lines authorized by the said Acts or any of them.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary.

25-10

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Ontario Investment Association," and authorizing said Association to lend money on the security of Real Estate in Manitoba, or any other of the Provinces of the Dominion, and permitting the said Association to charge such interest on the loans effected as may be agreed upon with the borrowers, and also enlarging the borrowing powers of the said Association and enabling it to receive money on deposit.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 14th December, 1881. 25-10

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor General in Council for the Dominion of Canada, for letters patent of incorporation of a company.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company to be "The Lindsay Paper Mill Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes and objects for which incorporation are sought are the manufacturing and dealing in paper, pulp, cardboard, strawboard and millboard, and materials composed of paper and of paper and other materials, and of utilising, manufacturing and dealing in rice grass and other material used in connection with the manufacture of paper or paper stock, or combination of paper and other material; with powers to work and operate mills, and have warehouses and works in connection thereof, in different parts of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be in the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be sixty thousand dollars (60,000).

5. The number of shares to be six hundred (600), and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars (\$100).

6. The names in full and the address of the applicants are as follows:—Alexander A. Stevenson, publisher; William D. O'Brien, agent; Richard Jellyman, merchant; Richard White, publisher; Alexander R. Brown, merchant; Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Senator; Henry Dobell, merchant; Peter A. Peterson, engineer; Henry J. Tiffin, merchant; Arthur H. Plimsoll, accountant; Anthony H. Sims, merchant; Charles R. Hosmer, agent; Charles R. Hosmer, agent in trust; Robert Campbell, merchant; George W. Craig, agent; Miss Emily C. S. Bagg, spinster, and Charles T. Gibbs, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, Dominion of Canada.

That the names of those who are to be the first or provisional directors to the said company are the said Alexander A. Stevenson, Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White and S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Attorneys for applicants.

Montreal, 13th February, 1882. 34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of 40 Victoria, chapter 43, entitled "An Act to amend the law respecting the incorporation of Joint Stock Companies by Letters Patent," for the grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent in the manner and for the purposes following:

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The Farmers North-West Land and Colonisation Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of land or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings including mills and machinery, and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest

as may be agreed on, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and for the promotion of emigration.

3. The principal place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand, and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and callings of each of the applicants are, Thomas Long, M.P.P., merchant, Charles Macdonell, miller, George Moberly, barrister-at-law, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, Clerk in Holy Orders, John Francis Mathieson, insurance agent, William Basil Hamilton, postmaster, Andrew Ginty Campbell, steamboat agent, Adam Dudgeon, Division Court Clerk, Charles Gamon, barrister-at-law, Andrew Melville, merchant, Thomas Worthington Fair, merchant, James Lindsay, merchant, Alexander McDermid, merchant tailor, Frank Foster Telfer and Herbert Young Telfer, confectioners, Hall Telfer, baker, Edward Richmond Carpenter, druggist, John Guinness Laird, Clerk in Holy Orders, Edward Sallows, Clerk in Holy Orders, Annie McGillivray, spinster, Bella McGillivray, spinster, Bernard Callary, merchant, George Warburton Hodgetts, bank manager, Henry Wentworth Bell Smith, accountant, Samuel Ditson, merchant, William Ward Willis, Baptist Minister, Alexander Buist, Gentleman, Charles Cameron, steamboat owner, and John Joseph Long, merchant, all of the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe; John Hogg, of the Town of Portage La Prairie, conveyancer; the Honorable David Reesor, of the Town of Yorkville, in the County of York, Senator; William Bouchier, yeoman, Donald A. Currie, yeoman, Thomas Robinson, insurance agent, James Leach, yeoman, and David Emery Buist, yeoman, all of the Township of Nottawasaga, in the County of Simcoe; George Bullas Bristow, Arthur Holroyd and John Buckingham, yeomen, all of the Township of Osprey, in the County of Grey; Henry Horace Thompson, of the Village of Penetanguishene, in the County of Simcoe, merchant; Alexander McCarthy, of the Town of Barrie, in said County, post office conductor; Robert James Sproul, merchant, and John Wesley Armstrong, Division Court Clerk, both of the Village of Flesherton, in the County of Grey; Walter Hunter, merchant, Robert Herbert Hunt, doctor of medicine, Thomas Wesley Tyson, Walter Lount Tyson, and John Henry Tyson, millers, Emma Louisa Hartman, all of the Village of Clarksburg, in the County of Grey; Charles Hunt, Gentleman, William H. Smith, grain buyer, all of the Village of Thornbury, in the County of Grey; James Hill Hunter, merchant, of the Town of Durham, in the County of Grey; George William Monk, M. P. P., yeoman, of the township of March, in the County of Carleton; Robert Henry, lumber merchant, Patrick Hughes, merchant, both of the City of Toronto, in the County of York; Frederick John French, Gentleman, of the Town of Prescott, in the County of Grenville; Michael Gartlan and Charles O'Brien, merchants, both of the Village of Stayner, in the County of Simcoe; Timothy Rodgers, yeoman, of the Village of Bradford, in the County of Simcoe; Gideon Striker, M.P.P., of the Town of Picton, in the County of Prince Edward; William Brader, merchant, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas; Wilfred Charles Schrieber, wood agent, of the Village of Allandale, and Charles Cotton Bridges, yeoman, of the Township of Oso, both in the County of Simcoe.

7. The following are the first directors of the said company, namely, the above named Thomas Long, M. P. P., Charles Macdonell, Andrew Melville, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, George Moberly, John Francis Mathieson, William Basil Hamilton, Hall Telfer, Adam Dudgeon, Thomas Worthington Fair and Charles Gamon.

MOBERLY & GAMON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Collingwood, 15th July, 1882. 34-5

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Company" (Limited).

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

Edward Gurney, the younger, City of Toronto, manufacturer; John Edward Rose, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; Alexander Sutherland, City of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; Dennis Moore, City of Hamilton, manufacturer; Richard Brown, City of Toronto, merchant; William Glass, City of London, sheriff; William Briggs, City of Toronto, clergyman; Henry E. Clarke, City of Toronto, manufacturer; Daniel Maclean, City of Toronto, merchant; Edward Hartley Dewart, City of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; John Thomas Moore, City of Toronto, accountant; John Jacob Withrow, City of Toronto, manufacturer; Samuel John Hunter, City of Toronto, clergyman; Charles Douglas Warren, City of Toronto, merchant; Leonard Gaety, City of London, clergyman; Thomas McCormick, City of London, manufacturer; George Robinson, City of London, merchant; Robert Warren, Town of Niagara, yeoman.

The first fifteen of said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company and are all residents of Canada.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRILL & COATSWORTH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act" by "The North West Trading Company, limited," incorporated by letters patent dated the 22nd day of July A. D. 1873, for Supplementary Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada extending the powers of the said company for the following purposes:—

1. To acquire lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territory from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals. To survey, colonize, settle, cultivate and build upon said lands. To sell, rent, mortgage or otherwise dispose of said lands. To advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, securing such advances with interest by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land, on such terms and in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon. To breed, buy and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on all farming operations.

2. To increase the capital stock of the said company to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent for company.

Ottawa, 17th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic, in and by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company." The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

The acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing re-payment for such advances on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon.

To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote emigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid, to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or other vessels, or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incident thereto.

The City of Toronto shall be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$150,000 consisting of 1,500 shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of the applicants are: N. Clarke Wallace, M.P., mer-

chant, of the Village of Woodbridge, Silas James, Provincial Land Surveyor, James Armstrong, student-at-law, John J. Cook, merchant, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, accountant, Elgin Schoff, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto; James Duncan, farmer, Emery, P. O. John Duncan, farmer, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, farmer, Elders Mills,—of whom the said N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor and James Duncan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 9th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made under the provisions of the Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act 1877, by Sir Hugh Allan, steamship owner, Andrew Allan, steamship owner, Honorable Thomas Ryan, senator, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Hugh McLennan, merchant, Andrew Thomas Drummond, financial agent, all of the City of Montreal, and Arthur Wellington Ross, member of the Provincial Legislature, and Charles Sinclair Drummond, financial agent, both of the City of Winnipeg, for letters patent constituting them and such others as may become shareholders in the Company thereby created, a body corporate under the name of the "Montreal and Western Land Company, Limited."

The objects for which incorporation is sought are the purchase, leasing or otherwise acquiring of land, or any interests therein, in the Dominion of Canada; the holding, using, settling, cultivating, stocking with horses and cattle, or otherwise improving the same; the erection of buildings thereon; the establishment of stores thereon, and the purchase and sale of articles of merchandize of every description; the erection or acquirement, working and renting of saw mills and flour mills thereon; the construction, acquirement and use of and the taking of interests either directly, or as shareholders incorporated with others, in steam and sailing vessels, tramways, canals, road and other works of any description necessary or expedient as a means of access to, or for the improvement of the said lands; the promotion of immigration to the said property; the selling, leasing, exchanging, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with the said lands or interests therein, or the said personal property, belonging to the said company; the assisting of and the advancement of monies to settlers and the taking, holding, selling or otherwise disposing of mortgages or other instruments intended to secure monies advanced or remaining due on the lands so sold; the issuing of bonds secured on the real and personal assets of the company; the acting as agents of any Government, corporation or individual in the sale of lands and the settlement thereof and the promotion of immigration; and generally the accomplishment of all such purposes and works as are necessary or incidental to the attainment of the aforesaid objects.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be in the City of Montreal.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The said Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Honorable Thomas Ryan, George Alexander Drummond, Hugh McLennan, Arthur Wellington Ross, and Andrew Thomas Drummond, all of whom are residents of Canada and subjects of Her Majesty, are to be the first or provisional directors.

DRUMMOND BROTHERS & CO.,

Agents for applicants.

Montreal, 7th February, 1882.

33-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made, by the

persons hereinafter named, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Great Seal, constituting the said persons hereinafter named and such others as may become shareholders of the company to be thereby created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877."

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Stevens Turner and Burns Foundry and General Manufacturing Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are for carrying on a general brass and iron foundry business and manufacturing agricultural, electrical and other machines and appliances and engines of every description, and for dealing in such machines, appliances and engines, and in all kinds of brass, iron and other metal goods.

3. The chief place of business of said company in the Dominion of Canada is to be the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, with branches and agencies in such other places within the Dominion as may be deemed necessary.

4. The amount of the capital stock of said company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five thousand of fifty dollars each.

6. The names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—

Thomas Allen Stevens, William Pearce Turner, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Joseph Seymour Fallows and John Elliott, all of the said City of London, manufacturers; Henry Taylor, of the said City of London, broker; Charles Murray, of the same place, banker; Benjamin Cronyn, of the same place, barrister; John Labatt, of the same place, brewer, and Frank Beamer Scovell, of the same place, practical engineer.

7. The said Thomas Allen Stevens, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Elliott, Henry Taylor, John Labatt and Charles Murray, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, 26th January, 1882.

32-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The North West Fertile Belt Colonization Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle,

horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$1,000,000, in ten thousand shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: John Northwood, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, province of Ontario, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the same place, Gentleman; Andrew Northwood, of the same place, merchant; William Northwood, of the same place, maltster; William Smith Ireland, of the said Town of Chatham, bank manager; and William McGregor, of the Town of Windsor, in the County of Essex, in the said Province, miller, of whom the three first named are to be provisional directors of the company.

H. J. EBERTS,

For self and co-applicants.

Chatham, Ont., 24th January, 1882.

32-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation to the hereinafter mentioned applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in said company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for the purposes hereafter mentioned.

1. The acquiring of land or any interest therein in Manitoba or the North West Territories or elsewhere from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, or from any company or individuals. The colonization, settling, cultivating or building upon the said lands. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and otherwise disposing or dealing with the same. The borrowing, loaning and advancing of money upon the same, to assist the settler and securing such advances by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land as may be agreed upon. The breeding, raising, selling or purchasing of horses, cattle and sheep, and the carrying on of all farming operations.

2. The corporate name of the said proposed company is the "Ontario and North Western Land Company."

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at Whitby, in the County and Province of Ontario, having branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000. 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are George Young Smith, of the town of Whitby, barrister; Henry Betts Taylor, of the said town of Whitby, Bank agent; Reverend J. Herbert Starr, of the said town of Whitby, Methodist Minister; John Rice, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Wellington Adams, of the said town of Whitby, dentist; D. E. Starr, of the town of Brampton, accountant; Jeremiah Long, of the said town of Whitby, grain merchant; George H. Starr, of the town of Brandon, merchant; Joshua Richardson, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Thomas J. Holliday, of the village of Brooklin, merchant; Frank Warren, of the said village of Brooklin, doctor of medicine; Reverend James A. Carmichael, of the

village of Columbus, Presbyterian Minister; James Rowe Philp, of the said town of Whitby, merchant.

6. The said George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Reverend J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren and James Rowe Philp will be the first or Provisional Directors, all of whom reside in Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Whitby, 1st February, 1882.

32-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the undermentioned persons a body corporate and politic under the name of "The North West Cattle Company, Limited," for the purpose of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock raising at or in the Bow River Country in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a head office in the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec.

The capital stock of the company to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the said applicants are as follows: Sir Hugh Allan, Knight, Andrew Allan, Gentleman, Thomas D. Milburne, Gentleman, Charles Stimson, merchant, all of Montreal aforesaid, and Frederick Smith Stimson, of Compton, in the Province of Quebec, farmer.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882.

30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by the Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, of the City of Toronto; James Beaty, the younger, of the same place, barrister at law; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterboro, in the Province of Ontario, railway manager; Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, merchant, and Frederick Charles Denison, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law—to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The British Canadian Colonization Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada, and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada.

3. The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the different Provinces of Canada, and its chief place of business in Canada is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be one million dollars.

5. To be divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The said Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, James Beaty the younger, George A. Cox, Frederick Charles Denison and Robert Jaffray, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th Jan., 1882.

29-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described, will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters patent under the great seal granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Medical Specialities Manufacturing Company."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are the manufacturing and selling of drugs, medicines and medical specialties of all kinds and descriptions, throughout the Dominion of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is (\$5,000) eight thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be eighty, and the amount of each share, one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows, namely:—The Honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, of the City of Montreal, Queen's Counsel; Thomas Craig Fields, Gentleman, and George Simpson, merchant, both of the Parish of St. Andrews, in the said Province of Quebec; James Muir, of the said City of Montreal, real estate agent, and George Bury, of the City of Montreal, accountant; the three first named of whom, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 12th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Simeon Jones, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, banker; Howard Douglas Troop, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; The Hon. Isaac Burpee, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Member of the Parliament of Canada; Jeremiah Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; William Frederick Harrison, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; John Stewart, of the said City of St. John, merchant; James Vaughan, of the City of Liverpool, in England, G.B., merchant; George McLeod, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Thomas Furlong, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Henry Roycroft Ranney, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, insurance agent; the Honorable Abner Reid McClellan, of Hopewell, Albert County, in the Province of New Brunswick, senator,—for letters patent to constitute them and others who may become shareholders hereafter, a body corporate under the name of "New Brunswick Steam Ship Company, limited."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following: to purchase, construct, acquire, charter,

hire, sell, lease, repair and operate steamboats, sailing vessels and other vessels of all kinds and to carry on therewith the business of common carriers, forwarders, traders and the conveyance of mails, the transportation of passengers, merchandise and all such business as is usually carried on by Ocean steamers and sailing vessels, between Canada, Great Britain and other countries; also tugs, barges and all other kinds of vessels used in harbour and navigable waters.

To purchase, construct, acquire, hire, lease, and own wharves, warehouses and other buildings; slips, piers, docks, dockyards, tramways, elevators and work the same; to establish shops and stores and vend articles of ship stores and merchandise therein as may be requisite and necessary for the carrying on of said business, with power to sell and dispose of or exchange for other property when not required for the purposes of said Company, also power to make, draw, accept and endorse promissory notes, bills of exchange, drafts or bank cheques requisite in the company's interest, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainments of the above objects.

The operations of the proposed company are to be carried on in the City of St. John, Province of New Brunswick, and at such other places in the several Provinces of the Dominion as the directors may from time to time determine; and its chief place of business will be in the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100.00 each. The said Isaac Burpee, Jeremiah Harrison, Simeon Jones, Thomas Furlong, Howard D. Troop, John Stewart, George McCleod, Hon. Abner Reid McClellan, and James Vaughan of Liverpool, a major part of whom are residents in Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

St John, N.B., 10th January, 1882.

29-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey any real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 7th January, 1882.

29-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

WE hereby certify that the following is a true copy of a By-law passed by The Imperial Oil Company (Limited), and sanctioned by a vote of more than two thirds in value of shareholders present in person or represented by proxy at a general meeting held on the thirtieth day of January A.D. eighteen hundred and eighty-two, and duly called for considering the said By-law.

BY-LAW No. 65.

"The shareholders of The Imperial Oil Company (Limited) enact as follows:

"That the place within the Dominion of Canada which is to be the chief place of business of the Company shall be changed from the City of London to the Town of London East."

Passed this 30th day of January, A.D. 1882.

(Signed),

F. A. FITZGERALD, [L.S.]
President.

(Signed),

W. M. SPENCER,
Secretary.

In witness whereof we, the President and Secretary of the Company, have set our hands and attached the seal of the said The Imperial Oil Company (Limited), this second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

[L.S.]

F. A. FITZGERALD, President,
W. M. SPENCER, Secretary.

34-1

HALIFAX BANKING COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Banking house on Wednesday the 15th day of March next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of directors and transaction of other business.

By order of the Board,

W. L. PITCAITHLY,
Cashier.

Halifax, 10th February, 1882.

34-3

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company will be held at their Offices, No. 7 King Street West, Hamilton, Ontario, on Tuesday the seventh day of March A.D. 1882, at twelve o'clock noon.

34-3

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Imperial Bank of Canada will be held at the Head Office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 4th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of authorizing an increase to the capital stock of the Bank.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 16th February, 1882.

34-4

UNION BANK OF HALIFAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Union Bank of Halifax, for the choice of Directors, and other business, will be held at their Banking House, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, on the 8th day of March next, being the second Wednesday of the month.

By order of the Board,
W. E. STIRLING,
Cashier.
34-1

February 6, 1882.

UNION BANK OF HALIFAX.

DIVIDEND No. 50.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three (3) per cent, upon the paid-up capital of the Bank, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Banking Room, on and after Wednesday, the 1st day of March next.

The transfer book will be closed from the 14th February to 1st March next.

By order of the President and Directors,
W. S. STIRLING,
Cashier.
34-1

Halifax, 30th Jan. 1882.

SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of ten per cent. on the capital stock of the above company has been made, payable at the offices of the Company, "Mail" Building, Toronto, on Tuesday, 15th August next, and that a further call of ten per cent. on the said capital stock, has been made, payable on the fifteenth of September next.

By order of the Board,

FREDK. A. BALL,
Manager.
33-1f

Toronto, 8th February, 1882.

HALIFAX BANKING CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one half per cent. on the capital of the Halifax Banking Co., for the half-year ending 31st January, 1882, has this day been declared, and will be paid at the Banking House, on and after Friday, the 3rd day of March next.

The transfer books will be closed from 16th inst. to 3rd proximo inclusive.

By order of the Board,

W. L. PITCAITHLY,
Cashier.
33-2

Halifax, N.S., 1st February, 1882.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF HALIFAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. on the capital of the People's Bank of Halifax, for the present half-year, will be paid at the Banking House, on and after Tuesday, the 28th February next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 13th to the 28th February.

PETER JACK,
Cashier.
32-4

Halifax, N. S., 27th Jan. 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that books for subscription of stock in the Nelson Valley Railway and Transportation Company, will be opened at its office, Union Buildings, Montreal, on Saturday, 11th March, at eleven o'clock, a.m.

By order of the Provisional Board,

J. P. EDWARDS,
Secretary.

Montreal, 1st February, 1882.

32-4

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

NOTICE.—The annual general meeting of the stockholders of La Banque du Peuple will be held at the Office of the Bank, St. James street, on the sixth of March next, at three o'clock p.m., in conformity with the 16th and 17th clauses of the Act of incorporation.

By order of the Board of Directors,

A. A. TROTTIER,
Cashier.

Montreal, 31st January, 1882.

32-5

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Ottawa will be held at the Banking House in Ottawa, on Wednesday the 15th day of March next, for the purpose of considering the distribution among the present stockholders of the unsubscribed balance of the authorized capital stock of the Bank, and also to consider the propriety of opening other branches of the Bank.

Chair to be taken at 3 o'clock P.M.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,

Ottawa, 2nd February, 1882.

32-6

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

DIVIDEND No. 93.

THE stockholders of La Banque du Peuple are hereby notified that a semi-annual dividend of two (2) per cent. for the last six months has been declared on the capital stock, and will be payable at the office of the Bank on and after Monday the 6th March next.

The transfer book will be closed from the 15th to the 28th February, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,

A. A. TROTTIER, Cashier.

Montreal, 31st January, 1882.

32-5

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 23 janvier, 1882.

WILLIAM ANDREW FULMER, d'Economy, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, écuyer ; Sous-percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

9 février, 1882.

MICHEL Fiset, écuyer, M.D.; Analyste Public pour la Cité de Québec, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte 37 Vict., chap. 8, sec. 14, *vice* F. A. H. LaRue, écuyer, M.D., décédé.

13 février, 1882.

JAMES MASSON, de la ville de Owen Sound, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer, avocat; Député Juge de la Cour de Comté du comté de Grey, dans la dite province.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASHI, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé dans la trente-septième année de Notre règne, chapitre trente-quatre et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement (sauf les ports de Québec et de Montréal dans la province de Québec, et de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario,) dans l'une ou l'autre des dites provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil ;

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du vingt-quatrième jour de janvier, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant Departure Bay, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements,—

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et un ordre en Conseil, Nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au Port de Departure Bay, dans la province de la Colombie-Britannique.

De ce qui précède Nos fœux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce VINGT-QUATRIÈME jour de JANVIER, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

32-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Jeudi, 9 février 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le ministre de l'agriculture déclare, suivant les représentations qui lui ont été faites, qu'on a l'habitude d'importer au Canada, en balles, des lie-cols d'occasion dont on s'est servi pour attacher des bestiaux dans le Royaume-Uni ou à bord des navires, et qu'il y a lieu de croire que des maladies contagieuses peuvent être communiquées par l'emploi de tels lie-cols,—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, sur la recommandation du ministre de l'agriculture, d'ordonner et il est par le présent ordonné que l'importation de lie-cols qui ont déjà été employés, soit et la dite importation est par le présent prohibée.

J. O. COTÉ,

Greffier du Conseil Privé.

34-3

BUREAU DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ.

OTTAWA, 3 février 1882.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général, par ordre en conseil du 27 janvier 1882, d'ordonner que l'ordre en conseil portant la date du 3 mai 1880, prescrivant certains règlements pour l'abattage et la salaison du porc en entrepôt soit amendé en y retranchant la section 4 de tels règlements et en y substituant la suivante :

40. La garantie donnée par l'importateur tel que spécifié ci-dessus sera annulée sur paiement du taux courant des droits imposés sur les porcs importés au Canada ou sur l'exportation de soixante pour cent du poids des porcs vivants pesant deux cents livres chacun et au-dessous, ou sur l'exportation de soixante-cinq pour cent du poids des porcs vivants pesant plus de deux cents livres chacun, tel qu'entré originairement sous forme de lard et jambon, et s'il est exporté une quantité moindre que soixante ou soixante-cinq pour cent, alors les droits devront être payés sur la quantité qui manque au taux imposé sur les animaux vivants en proportion de la valeur.

J. O. COTÉ,

Greffier du conseil privé.

32-3

ORDRES GENERAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GENERAUX,

OTTAWA, 17 février 1882.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (3)."

No. 1.

RÈGLEMENTS DE LA MILICE, 1879.

Les sous paragraphes suivants sont ajoutés au paragraphe 25 :—

"(2.) Un soldat de la milice active qui a fini son temps de service et s'engage de nouveau pour une autre période doit signer le rôle de service du corps dans lequel il s'engage et prêter serment de la même manière que dans le premier enrôlement.

(3.) Aucun soldat enrôlé dans un corps n'en sera renvoyé pour mauvaise conduite si ce n'est à la suite d'une enquête telle que pourvu par la loi et avec approbation des quartiers généraux."

No. 2.

MILICE ACTIVE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

64e bataillon de carabiniers " Voltigeurs de
Beauharnois."

Compagnie No. 5, Beauharnois.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

James S. Nicolson, gentilhomme, *vice* Lawrence
Madden, dont la démission est par le présent
acceptée.

65e bataillon " carabiniers de Mont Royal."

Compagnie No. 1, Montréal.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

Armand Beaudry, gentilhomme, *vice* Beaudet,
promu.

Compagnie No. 5, Montréal.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

Arthur Simard, gentilhomme, *vice* Joseph Boutillier
Trudel, dont la démission est par le présent
acceptée.

GRADE CONFIRMÉ.

Lieutenant Albert Charles Talbot, E.M., compagnie
No. 4, 61e bataillon ; à dater du 10 février 1882.2nd lieutenant Cléophas Fournier, E.M., compagnie
No. 1, 61e bataillon ; à dater du 10 février 1882.

No. 3.

CERTIFICATS ACCORDÉS.

ÉCOLES D'INSTRUCTION MILITAIRE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

CERTIFICATS DE DEUXIÈME CLASSE.

Lieutenant Albert Charles Talbot, 61e bataillon.
2nd Lieutenant Cléophas Fournier, do
Caporal Richard Scougall Cassels, 2e bataillon.

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel
Adjudant Général de la Milice,
Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

AVIS public est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social il a été émis des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 27 janvier 1882, constituant en corps politique Robert Benny, marchand ; James Henry Peck, marchand et fabricant ; Alexander Chivas Clarke, courtier ; John Smythe Hall, junior, avocat ; George Hutton Patterson, agent d'assurance ; James Benny, marchand et fabricant, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada ; James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans le comté d'Ottawa, province de Québec, marchand ; Andrew Thomson, commerçant ; George Benson Hall, commerçant, tous deux de la ville de Québec ; George Duryer de la cité de New-York, dans l'Etat de New-York, l'un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, docteur en médecine, dans le but—

1. D'acquérir et exploiter le procédé dit " Duryer's Blow Pipe Process," tel que breveté le vingt-troisième jour d'avril 1880, au Canada, ou toute amélioration y faite, pour fondre les minerais d'or, d'argent et autres métaux, et pour fondre les minerais de fer et produire du fer, de l'acier et autres corps ;

2. D'acquérir et exploiter d'autres procédés pour la manufacture de l'or, de l'argent, du fer, de l'acier et autres métaux ;

3. D'exploiter des laminoirs et en général de manufacturer toute espèce de fer, acier et autres corps ;

4. D'acquérir tous terrains pour l'érection de fourneaux et autres fins de la compagnie, ou tous terrains contenant ou supposés contenir du fer ou autres minéraux, ou pétrole, n'excédant pas vingt mille acres en tout ;

5. D'avoir le droit de vendre ou louer tels procédés brevetés que pourrait acquérir la compagnie sous le nom de " La Compagnie Canadienne de Fer et d'Acier " (limitée), avec un capital-actions total de un million de piastres, divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16 février 1882.

34-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

ÉTAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 janvier dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,623,906 27
Excise	469,584 13
Département des Postes.....	190,272 60
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	201,557 10
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	23,001 53
Divers	311,245 94
	<u>\$2,819,567 57</u>
Revenu, 31 décembre 1881.....	16,167,624 03
	<u>\$18,987,191 65</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$4,387,856 38
do 31 décembre 1881.....	11,332,073 99
	<u>\$15,719,930 37</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er février 1882.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de " l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social " des lettres patentes supplémentaires ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 12 janvier 1882, par lesquelles le capital actions de la " Compagnie des terres et du trafic de Toronto et Rapid City (limitée) " est porté de quarante mille piastres à cinq cent mille piastres.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 31e jour de janvier 1882.

32-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...	La compagnie d'assurance dite "Aetna," de Hartford, Conn.	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000).....	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Aetna," de Hartford, Connecticut...	La compagnie d'assurance dite "Aetna," de Hartford, Conn.	Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 effets de municipalités; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Aetna," de Hartford, Conn.	La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Aetna," de Hartford, Conn.	William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....	La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine,"	John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine,"	La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$81,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....	L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....	J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton.....	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,000).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000.....	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.	L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.	W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (a respons. limitée)	La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (a respons. limitée)	J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....	La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....	Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pes., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation".....	L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation".....	J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....	La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....	F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, C.-B.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.	La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.	R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B).....	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....	L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....	Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....	La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic.; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont.; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000).....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.	La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.	Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,243 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....	La compagnie d'assurance impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....	Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act. de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire,"	La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire,"	W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....	La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe".....	La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe".....	Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal.....	£10,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....	La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....	G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....	La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....	C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000.....	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....	La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....	A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire".....	La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire".....	F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....	La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....	William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B).....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.	La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.	D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.	La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.	Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....	L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....	A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.
		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American".....	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont. Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont. réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800).. \$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 fonds des États-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn.....	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont. J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens \$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680).....	Contre l'incendie. Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre.....	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.. ..	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre.....	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et \$20,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des États-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amerique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$50,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernement, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en vole de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de décembre 1881. Av.

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 30 nov. 1881.....	\$7,511,467 33	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$265,925 50
Dépôts durant le mois	564,932 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	00 70		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$7,798,501 86
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	43,772 67
			7,842,274 53
	8,108,200 03		\$8,108,200 03

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.

Département des Finances, Ottawa, 17 janvier 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique américaine du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

C. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

25 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par la Chambre de Commerce de Montréal au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte permettant la fusion de la dite Chambre de Commerce avec d'autres corps politiques dans cette cité.

Montréal, 23 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, dans le but d'obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole du Canada, et l'acte 41 Vict. chap. 38, et de rendre plus claires les clauses de l'acte en dernier lieu nommé, à l'effet également de remplacer celui ou ceux des syndics qui pourraient mourir, se retirer pour une cause quelconque, devenir incapables d'agir, à l'effet de plus de définir les pouvoirs des syndics pour ce qui a trait à la perception, aux avis de convocation à être faits ou donnés, aux poursuites à être intentées pour cotisations sur actions et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie manufacturière et du pont St. Laurent" dans le but de construire un pont sur le St. Laurent en face de la cité de Montréal par le travers de l'île Ste. Hélène, et dans le but d'élargir et d'améliorer le port de Montréal en autant que le pont y est concerné; le tout en conformité généralement du plan connu sous le nom de "Plan Shearer," proposé par M. James Shearer, et pour d'autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, par la Compagnie manufacturière C. W. Williams, pour l'obtention d'un acte d'incorporation modifiant le nom de la dite compagnie et accordant à cette dernière de plus amples pouvoirs et privilèges.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 28 décembre 1881. 27-9

gouvernement de la province de Québec, de toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre Montréal et Aylmer avec un embranchement vers St. Jérôme, et les droits 'y rattachant.

J. A. CHAPLEAU,
Comm. des chemins de fer
Québec, 20 décembre 1881. 26-9

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les actionnaires de la Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada sous le nom de "Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada" et pour conférer à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs et privilèges dont jouit ou que possède actuellement toute autre compagnie de télégraphe faisant affaires au Canada ou y étant constituée en corps politique, à part ceux conférés à la dite Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada par les lettres-patentes qui l'ont constituée en corps politique.

CARTER ET CARTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 30 novembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant l'Association de Placements d'Ontario et autorisant la dite association à prêter des deniers sur la garantie de biens-fonds en Manitoba, ou dans aucune des provinces de la Puissance, et permettant à la dite Association d'exiger tel taux d'intérêt sur les prêts faits qu'elle pourra convenir avec les emprunteurs; et aussi étendant les pouvoirs d'emprunter qu'à la dite association, et lui permettant de recevoir des deniers en dépôt.

CRONYN ET GREENLEES,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Daté 14 décembre, 1881. 25-10

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Générale des terres du Canada, dans le but d'acheter et coloniser des terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

ROYAL ET PRUDHOMME,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 29 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il sera fait une demande au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte prolongeant la durée de divers brevets d'invention accordés à Thomas A. Edison, et étendant le délai pour fabriquer aux termes des dits brevets et des statuts généraux à ce sujet, et pour permettre l'importation pendant un certain temps d'articles protégés par ces brevets.

OSLER, GWYN ET TEETZEL,
Solliciteurs du dit Thomas A. Edison.
Daté à Hamilton, 5 janvier 1882. 28-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte pour remettre en vigueur le statut 43 Vic., chap. 56, qui constitue en corporation la compagnie du chemin de fer de la Vallée de la Saskatchewan-Sud, et pour amender cet acte en prolongeant le délai fixé pour commencer le dit chemin de fer, et pour d'autres fins.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
29 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS est donné que le "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien," demandera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, des amendements aux sections 8 et 13 de l'acte 44 Vict., ch. 58, intitulé "Acte pour amender et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

L'administrateur-délégué,
J. WURTELE.
Montréal, le 29 décembre 1881. 28-9

A VIS.—Une demande sera faite à la session prochaine du parlement du Canada, pour un acte incorporant la compagnie de navigation des rivières Saskatchewan et Qu'Appelle, pour le projet de draguer et de naviguer les rivières Saskatchewan, Qu'Appelle et Assiniboine.

MACMILLAN ET TAYLOR,
Solliciteurs des requérants.
Londres, Ont., 14 décembre 1881. 26-9

A VIS publie est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction du Pacifique et de Pontiac; de pourvoir à l'émission d'un certain montant de capital payé, comme parts payées dans la dite compagnie; d'augmenter le montant des bons ou débentures qui peuvent être émis par la dite compagnie; d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa, à un certain point entre le village d'Aylmer et la cité d'Ottawa; de fixer un jour pour l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 22 décembre 1881. 28-9

A VIS est donné par les présentes qu'il sera introduit devant le parlement de la Puissance, à sa prochaine session, une loi pour ratifier et confirmer les résolutions de "La compagnie du chemin de fer de la Rive Nord," du onzième jour d'août et deuxième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, ayant pour but de transférer à la province de Québec toute la propriété de la dite compagnie dans son chemin de fer alors en voie de construction entre les cités de Québec et de Montréal, et les droits s'y rattachant; et aussi pour ratifier et confirmer l'acte de cession et transport passé par la compagnie du chemin de fer de "Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental," le seizième jour de novembre mil huit cent soixante et quinze, devant M^{re} Louis N. Dumouchel, notaire au

A VIS est donné que demande sera faite au parlement, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte prolongeant l'époque du commencement et de la fin des travaux à exécuter pour la Cie de Traverse de Saint-Laurent et du chemin de fer du Pacifique.
Montréal, 10 janvier 1882. 29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer Great Eastern.

KERR, CARTER & McGIBBON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 12 janvier, 1882.

29-9

COMPAGNIE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de refondre les différents actes concernant la compagnie de télégraphe de Montréal et de déclarer les pouvoirs accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui à la dite compagnie, et d'accorder à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs qui ont été accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui par le parlement aux autres compagnies de télégraphe.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secrétaire.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte 43 Vict., chap. 46, et de définir les pouvoirs, devoirs et le terme d'office des liquidateurs nommés pour liquider les affaires de la Banque Consolidée du Canada, et pour pourvoir à leur remplacement, vû qu'il a été disposé du restant de l'actif, et pour autres fins.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique une compagnie sous le nom de Compagnie de Chemin de fer d'une Courte Ligne Européenne, avec pouvoir, 1o. de construire, équiper et exploiter des lignes de chemin de fer d'un point à ou près le Cap Nord, dans l'île du Cap Breton au détroit de Canso, et du détroit de Canso à travers les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, le Nouveau-Brunswick, Québec et Ontario à un point ou des points sur le territoire des Etats-Unis; 2o. De construire, équiper et exploiter des vapeurs, et communication par bateaux-passeurs entre telles ou telles provinces du Canada, entre le Canada et Terre-Neuve, entre le Canada et l'Europe et entre Terre-Neuve et l'Europe; la dite compagnie pouvant de plus établir des communications par bateaux-passeurs sur le détroit de Canso; 3o. De construire, acheter, louer des navires, bateaux-passeurs, chemins de fer, moyens de transport et lignes de télégraphe en rapport avec l'affaire et les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés et l'exploitation d'iceux.

A. L. BLACKMAN,

tant pour lui-même que pour les
autres membres de la compagnie.

Halifax, 3 janvier 1882.

30-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que la compagnie manufacturière de médecines Fellows s'adressera au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte amendant les lettres patentes qui constituent la dite compagnie en corps politique, quant à ce qui a trait à la nationalité, et la résidence des directeurs de la dite compagnie.

TAIT ET ABBOTTS.

Montréal, 18 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS.—"La compagnie de téléphone Bell" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir des amendements à l'acte la constituant en corps politique, 43 Vict., chap. 67, par lesquels la compagnie aura le droit d'émettre des bons, pour les

fins mentionnées dans la seconde section du dit acte, d'un montant non moindre que \$25 chacun, et de manufacturer en outre des articles mentionnés dans telle seconde section tous autres articles ou objets qui seront jugés opportuns par la compagnie, de plus de transmettre des messages par le télégraphe aussi bien que par le téléphone, de plus d'acheter des lignes de télégraphe comme des lignes de téléphone; les dits amendements devant en sus déclarer que la compagnie aura le droit de prolonger ses lignes de télégraphe et de téléphone d'une province quelconque du Canada à une autre et déclarer également que le dit acte constituant la compagnie en corps politique et ses amendements ainsi que tous les travaux par iceux autorisés sont pour l'avantage général du Canada.

BETHUNE ET BETHUNE,

Solliciteurs pour la dite compagnie.

Montréal, 17 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que la Compagnie Canadienne d'Eclairage Electrique s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour la passation d'un acte ratifiant et confirmant son acte d'incorporation, lui conférant l'autorisation nécessaire pour lui faire obtenir des pouvoirs moteurs et la génération de l'électricité en tous lieux dans le Canada, et lui permettant d'exploiter certains brevets d'invention octroyés en Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,

Procureurs de la requérante.

Montréal, 23 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 22 Vict., chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements; de confier à l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui et d'y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des membres du dit bureau; de confirmer les actes de la province de Québec, 38 Vict., chap. 62, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées" et 38 Vict. chap. 64, intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte intitulé 'acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse,' et celui de la province d'Ontario, 38 Vict. chap. 75, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées," le tout en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour en général régler les affaires y concernées.

JAMES MACLENNAN,

Président du comité de protection
des propriétés ecclésiastiques de
l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de l'intérieur de Manitoba, avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, commençant à Garfield-Est, sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, et s'étendant de là à la ville de Macdonald sur le chemin de fer du Portage et Nord-Ouest, de là, vers l'ouest, par ou près Rapid City jusqu'à quel que point sur la rivière de la Paix ou celle de la Saskatchewan dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, avec pouvoir aussi de construire des ponts et lignes

télégraphiques et un embranchement entre Macdonald et le lac Manitoba.

McMILLAN ET TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 10 et 11 Vict., chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," de transporter le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui à l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada et y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des dits administrateurs; de confirmer et mettre en force l'Acte de la province de Québec 38 Vict., chap. 61, intitulé "Acte pour amender un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse" en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour régler en général les dites questions.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection
des propriétés ecclésiastiques de
l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie Centrale de chemin de fer de Rapid City, la dite compagnie devant construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer commençant à un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, à ou près le township dix (10), quatorzième rang (14) à l'ouest, dans la province du Manitoba, jusqu'à Rapid City, la rivière du Chêne, Bird Tail Creek et le Fort Ellice, de là aux Monts Touchwood, et de là jusqu'à ou près le Fort à la Corne sur la rivière Saskatchewan; et de là dans une direction sud-ouest jusqu'à ou près de la rivière aux Pins, et de là jusqu'à la côte du Pacifique à un point qui sera plus tard fixé à la discrétion de la compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est donné par le présent que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte constituant en corporation "La compagnie d'assurance Mutuelle Océanique," dans le but de faire des opérations d'assurance maritime en Canada et ailleurs.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM ET TUPPER,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

Halifax, 25 janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, durant la présente session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse; de pourvoir à la gouverne de la dite Eglise, à l'acquisition, la possession et l'administration de ses fonds et propriétés; de déclarer que les fonds et propriétés détenus en fidéicommiss pour la dite Eglise par le bureau chargé de l'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union

4

avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, sous l'autorité de l'acte de la province du Canada 22 Vict. chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," ont toujours été depuis l'adoption du dit acte et sont actuellement détenus pour le bénéfice de la dite Eglise devant être constituée en corps politique, et des ministres de la dite Eglise; d'accorder le dit fonds et l'administration d'icelui pour l'avenir à la corporation de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, devant être constituée en corps politique par l'acte qui sera demandé à cet effet; de plus à l'effet de déclarer que les fonds et propriétés détenus en fidéicommiss pour le soutien des veuves et orphelins des ministres de la dite Eglise, sous l'autorité de l'acte de la province du Canada 10 et 11 Vict. chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," ont toujours été depuis l'adoption du dit dernier acte et sont actuellement détenus en fidéicommiss pour le bénéfice de la dite Eglise devant être ainsi constituée en corps politique et pour le soutien des veuves et orphelins des ministres de la dite Eglise, et seront confiés à l'avenir à la dite corporation de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse devant être constituée en corps politique par le dit acte qui sera demandé à cette fin; à l'effet de plus de pourvoir à l'administration future de tels fonds et propriétés, et d'amender les deux actes ci-dessus mentionnés et tout autre acte en autant qu'il sera nécessaire pour l'objet ci-haut expliqué, et de rappeler les dits actes s'il est nécessaire; et à l'effet de pourvoir de toute façon suivant qu'il y aura lieu à ce que l'acte qui sera demandé ait toute la force et tout l'effet voulu pour remplir son objet et son intention.

MACMASTER, HUTCHINSON, KNAPP ET WEIRS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté ce 11 février 1882.

33-1f.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa présente session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la "Compagnie d'Indemnité de l'Amérique du Nord," avec pouvoir de faire des opérations au Canada et aux Etats-Unis comme compagnie d'assurance et de garantie sur la vie et contre les accidents.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Procureur des requérants.

Montréal, 16 février 1882.

34-5

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au gouverneur-général en conseil pour la Puissance du Canada, de lettres patentes constituant en corps politique une compagnie.

1. Le nom corporatif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie du moulin à papier de Lindsay (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie qui demande à être constituée en corps politique sont: la manufacture et le trafic de papier, pulpe, cartons de toute espèce, matériaux composés de papier ou de papier et autres matériaux; la manufacture, l'utilisation et le trafic de paille de riz et autres matériaux employés dans la manufacture de papier, matière à papier, combinaison de papier et autres matériaux, avec droit à l'exploitation de moulins, à la possession d'entrepôts et travaux se rapportant à cette industrie en différentes parties du Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec;

4. Le montant du capital-actions sera de soixante mille piastres (\$60,000);

5. Le nombre des parts sera de six cent (600) et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres (\$100)

6. Les noms, prénoms et adresses des requérants sont comme suit: Alexander A. Stevenson, éditeur; William D. O'Brien, agent; Richard Jellyman, marchand; Richard White, éditeur; Alexander R. Brown, marchand; l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, sénateur; Henry Dobell, marchand; Peter A. Peterson, ingénieur; Henry J. Tiffin, marchand; Arthur H. Plimsoll, comptable; Anthony H. Sims, marchand; Charles R. Hosmer, agent; Charles R. Hosmer, agent en fidéicommiss; Robert Campbell, marchand; George W. Craig, agent; Dlle Emily C. S. Bagg, fille non-mariée, et Charles T. Gibbs, marchand, tous de la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, Canada.

Les noms de ceux qui devront être les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie sont: le dit Alexander A. Stevenson, l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White et S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Procureurs des requérants.

Montréal, 13 février 1882.

34-5

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants, et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être ainsi constitué en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des établissements et des terres de la Saskatchewan" (limitée). Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont:

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest;

(2) Le droit de coloniser et établir les dites terres;

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, y construire des établissements et en trafiquer de toute façon;

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général de trafiquer de tous les intérêts des dites terres, tels que l'achat et vente des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt, sur telles subventions et de telles façons par le moyen d'hypothèques et obligations dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'accorder des subventions ou d'aider de toute autre façon à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que vapeurs, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, rues, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles aux fins que se propose la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour le développement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent et tels autres droits qui sont utiles et nécessaires aux fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit de promouvoir, aider et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toutes façon et manière désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. La compagnie aura son principal bureau d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit:—

Edward Gurney, junior, de Toronto, manufacturier; John Edward Rose, Toronto, procureur en droit; Alexander Sutherland, Toronto, docteur en théologie; Dennis Moore, Hamilton, manufacturier; Richard Brown, Toronto, marchand; William Glass, London, shérif; William Briggs, Toronto, membre du clergé; Henry E. Clarke, Toronto, manufacturier; Daniel Maclean, Toronto, marchand; Edward Hartley Dewart, Toronto, docteur en théologie; John Thomas Moore, Toronto, comptable; John Jacob Withrow, Toronto, manufacturier; Samuel John Hunter, Toronto, membre du clergé; Charles Douglass Warren, Toronto, marchand; Léonard Gaety, London, membre du clergé; Thomas McCormack, London, manufacturier; George Robinson, London, marchand; Robert Warren, Niagara, franc-tenancier.

Les quinze premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRILL ET COATSWORTH,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto le 16 février 1882.

34-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite au gouverneur général en conseil en vertu de "l'acte du Canada concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par la "Compagnie de trafic du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), constituée en corps politique par lettres patentes du 22 juillet, A.D., 1873, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes supplémentaires sous le grand sceau du Canada, étendant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie pour les fins suivantes:

1. L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus; l'arpentage, la colonisation, l'établissement, la culture des dites terres et la construction de maisons dessus; la vente, la location des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et trafiquer de toute autre façon, de prêter de l'argent aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres et de leur venir en aide, en garantissant ses avances avec intérêt au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement sur les dites terres, à des conditions et de telle manière dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et autres animaux avec le droit de faire toutes les opérations se rattachant à l'industrie des fermiers.

2. L'augmentation du capital-actions de la dite compagnie jusqu'à deux cent cinquante mille piastres devant être divisé en deux mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent de la compagnie.

Ottawa, 17 février 1882.

34-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, par Sir Hugh Allan, propriétaire d'une ligne de navires, Andrew Allan, propriétaire de navires, l'honorable Thomas Ryan, sénateur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Hugh McLennan, marchand, Andrew Thomas Drummond, agent financier, tous de la cité de Montréal, et Arthur Wellington Ross, membre de la législature provinciale, et Charles Sinclair Drummond, agent financier, tous deux de la cité de Winnipeg, pour l'émission de lettres patentes les constituant eux et tels autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie créée par les présentes, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de terres de Montréal et de l'Ouest (limitée)."

Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont l'achat, le

louage et l'acquisition en général des terres ou autres intérêts dans la Puissance du Canada ; la possession, la colonisation, la culture des terres avec le droit de les peupler de chevaux et autres animaux et de les améliorer de toute façon ; la construction de bâtiments sur les dites terres ; l'établissement de magasins sur les dites terres et l'achat et la vente de tous articles ou marchandises de toute description ; l'érection ou l'acquisition, l'exploitation et le louage de scieries et moulins à farine sur les dites terres ; la construction, l'acquisition soit directement ou comme actionnaires incorporés avec d'autres, de lignes de vapeurs ou de voiliers, de tramways, canaux et autres entreprises de toute description nécessaires ou utiles comme moyen de transport ou d'amélioration des dites terres, de plus le droit de prendre un intérêt dans ces compagnies ; le développement de l'immigration sur les dites propriétés ; la vente, le louage, l'échange des dites terres et des intérêts en icelles avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer en général ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de disposer en général des hypothèques consenties pour garantir les sommes prêtées ou demeurant dues sur les terres ainsi vendues ; l'émission de bons garantis sur l'actif mobilier ou immobilier de la compagnie ; le droit d'agir comme agents de n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour la vente des terres et la colonisation d'icelles et le développement en général de l'immigration ; et toutes choses généralement nécessaires ou utiles à la réalisation des vues de la compagnie.

La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Montréal.

Le montant du fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les dits Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Honorable Thomas Ryan, George Alexander Drummond, Hugh McLennan, Arthur Wellington Ross et Andrew Thomas Drummond, tous résidant au Canada et sujets de Sa Majesté, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires,

DRUMMOND, FRÈRES ET CIE.,

Agents pour les requérants.

Montréal, 7 février 1882.

33-5

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnie à fonds social," un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient ci-après devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de colonisation des fermiers de York."

Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est le suivant:—

L'acquisition de terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, la mise en culture, l'amélioration des dites terres et l'érection de bâtiments sur icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent et l'assistance donnée aux colons sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et l'acceptation en retour de garanties pour tels prêts d'argent à des conditions et de telle façon par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont on conviendra ci-après ; l'achat, le louage, l'échange ou l'acquisition par autre voie de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière de droits ou privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ; la vente, le louage des dites propriétés et le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer de toute façon ; l'aide, l'encouragement et le développement de l'émigration vers les propriétés appartenant à la compagnie et la colonisation des dites propriétés, et pour les fins ci-dessus le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent ; l'aide au moyen de subvention ou autrement à être donnée à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer ou de lignes de vapeurs ou autres navires de la compagnie, l'aide à être donnée à la cons-

truction, et l'exploitation de telles autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la fabrication et la vente de toute espèce de marchandises requises par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie au ailleurs, à cette fin la dite compagnie devant avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières et immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et en général devant jouir de tous les pouvoirs nécessaires ou opportuns à la réalisation de son objet.

La ville de Toronto sera la principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$150,000 divisé en 1,500 parts de \$100 chacune.

Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignation des différents requérants sont:—

N. Clarke Wallace, M. P., marchand, du village de Woodbridge, Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Toronto, James Duncan, fermier, Emery P. O., John Duncan, fermier, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, fermier, Elders Mills—les dits N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solliciteur pour les requérants,

Toronto, 9 février 1882.

33-6

A VIS Public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent dans la *Gazette du Canada* à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada constituant en corps politique les requérants ci-après mentionnés et autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la dite compagnie en vertu de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs du gouvernement du Canada ou de n'importe quelle compagnie ou individu ; la colonisation, l'établissement, le défrichement des dites terres ou la construction de maisons dessus ; la vente, la location des dites terres avec la permission de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer autrement ; l'emprunt ou le prêt de sommes d'argent sur les dites terres pour aider aux colons, et la garantie de tels prêts par hypothèque ou autrement suivant qu'il aura été convenu ; l'élevage, la vente ou l'achat de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et le droit de faire n'importe quelles opérations de ferme.

2. Le nom corporatif de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera à Whitby, dans le comté et la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000—1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignations des requérants sont:—George Young Smith, de la ville de Whitby, avocat ; Henry Belts Taylor, de la dite ville de Whitby, agent de banque ; rév. J. Herbert Starr, de la dite ville de Whitby, pasteur méthodiste ; John Rice, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme ; Wellington Adams, de la dite ville de Whitby, dentiste ; D. E. Starr, de la ville de Brampton, comptable ; Jeremiah Long, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand de grains ; George H. Starr, de la ville de Brandon, marchand ; Joshua Richardson, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme ; Thomas J. Holliday, du village de Brooklin, marchand ; Frank Warren, du dit village de Brooklin, docteur en médecine ; révérend James O. Carmichael, du village de Columbus, pasteur presbytérien ; James Rowe Philp, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand.

6 Les dits George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Rév. J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren, et James Rowe Philp, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires, tous résidant au Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Whitby, 1er février 1882.

32-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après nommées et les constituant en corps politique sous le nom de "Compagnie de bestiaux du Nord-Ouest, limitée," dans le but d'élever et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, de pratiquer dans toutes ses branches l'élevage des bestiaux à ou dans la région de la rivière Bow, dans le territoire du Nord-Ouest, Canada, la dite compagnie devant avoir son bureau principal dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les noms des dits requérants sont les suivants :—
Sir Hugh Allan, baronet, Andrew Allan, gentilhomme, Thomas D. Milburne, gentilhomme, Charles Stimson, marchand, tous de Montréal, et Frédérick Smith Stimson, de Compton, dans la province de Québec, fermier.

Les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Procureur des requérants.

Montréal, 17 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur, et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipegoosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élévateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissoires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ingersoll, 7 janvier 1882.

29-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877, CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la dernière publication de cet avis, les requérants ci-après nommés et décrits, s'adresseront par pétition au gouverneur général pour obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant eux et tous ceux qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie en un corps politique sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après énumérés.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie manufacturière de spécialités médicales."

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie est de manufacturer et vendre des drogues, médecines et spécialités médicales de toutes espèce et description, dans tout le Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant proposé de son capital-actions est (\$8,000) huit mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de (80) quatre-vingts, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Les noms et prénoms, désignations et adresses des requérants sont comme suit:—

L'Hon. John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, de la cité de Montréal, conseil de la Reine; James Craig Fields, gentilhomme, et George Simpson, marchand, tous deux de la paroisse de St. André dans la dite province de Québec; James Muir, de la dite cité de Montréal, agent d'immeubles, et George Bury, de la cité de Montréal, comptable, les trois premiers nommés devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT TAIT, ET ABBOTTS,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-6

AVIS DIVERS.

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

DIVIDENDE No. 93.

Les actionnaires de la Banque du Peuple sont par les présentes notifiés qu'un dividende semi-annuel de deux pour cent (2 0/0) pour les six mois courant, a été déclaré sur le fonds capital et sera payable au bureau de la banque, lundi, le sixième jours de mars prochain et les jours suivants.

Le livre de transfert sera fermé du 15 au 28 février inclusivement.

Par ordre du bureau des directeurs,

A. A. TROTTIER,

Caissier.

Montréal, 31 janvier 1882.

32-5

A VIS.—L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque du Peuple aura lieu au bureau de la Banque, rue Saint Jacques, lundi, le six mars prochain, à trois heures p.m., conformément aux 1^{re} et 17^{me} clauses de l'acte d'incorporation.

Par ordre du bureau des directeurs,

A. A. TROTTIER, caissier.

Montréal, 31 janvier 1882.

32-5

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 22nd February, 1882.

RONALD McDONALD, of Lingan, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; to be a Commissioner of Pilots for the Pilotage District of Sydney, in the County of Cape Breton, in the said Province, *vice* Thomas Ling, Esquire.

23rd February, 1882.

LAUGHLIN GEORGE CAMPBELL, of Baddeck, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 17th day of December, 1881.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator of the Government, on the recommendation of the Minister of the Interior and under the provisions of the Act 43 Vic., chap. 26, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations for the

disposal of Coal Lands be and the same are hereby adopted:—

1. That leases of mining locations may be granted for twenty-one (21) years, to applicants—in the order of their applications—who have satisfied the Minister of the Interior of their means and ability to work efficiently the mines applied for, an annual ground rent therefor of twenty-five cents an acre, to be paid half-yearly in advance.

2. That the lessee shall pay a royalty of ten cents per ton, on all coal taken out of the mine. Quarterly Returns, made under oath, to be furnished to the Minister of the Interior, by the lessee, showing the quantity of coal taken out, the dues thereon to be paid at the time of making such return.

3. That the area to be leased to one person shall not exceed three hundred and twenty (320) acres.

4. That the boundaries beneath the surface, of such locations, shall be the vertical planes or lines in which their surface boundaries lie.

5. That failure to commence active operations within one year and to work the mine within two years after the commencement of the term of the lease, or to pay the ground rent or royalty, shall subject the lessee to forfeiture of the lease and resumption of the land by the Crown.

6. The lease to be renewable for further periods of twenty-one years each, and for such ground rent and royalties as may at the time of renewal be agreed upon by the Government and the Lessee.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk; Privy Council.

35-4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 20th day of February, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient to admit Neat Cattle for breeding purposes from the Western United States subject to the restrictions and regulations hereinafter referred to,—

On the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture and under the provisions of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada held in the 42nd year of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter 23,

and intituled, "An Act to provide against infectious or contagious diseases affecting animals,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to make the following Regulations and orders as follow :—

1. That a point of land on the river St. Clair, closely adjoining the frontier of the United States, at Point Edward, to the north of the Grand Trunk Railway Company's Line, be declared a Cattle Quarantine Station.

2. That cattle for breeding purposes may be admitted for Quarantine at such Station, subject to the regulations and restrictions contained in the "Health of Animals Order" dated 23rd of April 1880, and published in the *Canada Gazette*.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

35-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Saturday, 11th February, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 9th and 55th sections of the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the fortieth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10, and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered, that the Out Port of Desoronto, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby detached from the Port of Napanee, and that the same be and is hereby erected into an independent Port of Entry and Warehousing Port from and after the 1st March, 1882.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

34-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 9th day of February, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Minister of Agriculture has reported that representations have been made to him that it is a custom to import into Canada, in bales, second hand Head-Ropes which have been used for tying up cattle in the United Kingdom or on ship-board, and that there is reason to believe contagious disease may be communicated by the use of such Head-Ropes,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the importation of Head-Ropes which have been used, be and the same is hereby prohibited.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

34-3

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that a commission or power of attorney granted by "The Trust and Loan Company of Canada," to William Chapman, Esquire, and Russell, Maule Stephenson, Esquire, jointly and each of them separately and the survivor

of them their Commissioners and Commissioner to conduct the affairs of the said company in Canada, to execute deeds and other documents relating to mortgage or sale of lands and to give receipts and acquittances for money due to the said company, has been registered at full length and duly filed in the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, pursuant to the provisions of an Act of the Parliament of the late Province of Canada in that behalf (25th Vic., ch. 72).

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

Secretary of State's Office,
Ottawa, 24th February, 1882.

35-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 4th day of February, 1882, incorporating John Hogan Parks, of the Town of Portland, in the City and County of St. John, and Province of New Brunswick, manufacturer; Thomas Roswell Jones, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Vincent Samuel White, of the said City of St. John, merchant; Robert Turner, of the said City of St. John, merchant; Richard Penniston Starr, of the said City of St. John, merchant; Alexander Shives, of the said Town of Portland, ship owner; Isaac Burpee, of the said Town of Portland, Gentleman; Thomas Wilder Daniel, of the said City of St. John, Gentleman; Charles Robert Colker, of the said City of St. John, surveyor to Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping; James de Wolfe Spurr, of the said City of St. John, Gentleman; William Elder, of the said City of St. John, publisher; Thomas Furlong, of the said City of St. John, merchant; John McGuigan, of the said City of St. John, contractor; Dudne Breeze, of the said City of St. John, merchant, and Thomas McAvity, junior, of the said City of St. John, merchant, for the purpose of manufacturing, spinning, weaving, dyeing, bleaching, printing, buying and selling of cotton yarns, cloths, prints, and other manufactures of cotton and other textile fabrics, and the owning of buildings, machinery and plant, and the owning or hiring of buildings and land necessary therefor,—by the name of "The St. John Cotton Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into two thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State, this 17th day of February, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

34-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of January, 1882, incorporating Robert Benny, merchant, James Henry Peck, merchant and manufacturer, Alexander Chivas Clarke, broker, John Smythe Hall, the younger, advocate, George Hutton Patterson, insurance agent, James Benny, merchant and manufacturer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada; James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec aforesaid, merchant, Andrew Thomson, trader, George Benson Hall, trader, both of the City of Quebec in the said Province of Quebec, and George Duryer, of the City of New York, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, Doctor of Medicine, for the purpose, 1st, of acquiring, and working "Duryer's Blow Pipe Process," as patented under date the twenty-third day of April 1880 in Canada, or any improvements thereon, for smelting ores of gold, silver and other metals, and for smelting ores of iron, and making iron, steel and other commodities therefrom; 2nd, of acquiring and working other processes for the manufacture of gold, silver

iron and steel, or other metals ; 3rd, of erecting rolling mills, and generally to manufacture any iron steel, or other commodity ; 4th, of acquiring any lands for the erection of furnaces thereon, and other purposes of the company, or any lands containing or supposed to contain iron or other minerals or petroleum, not exceeding twenty thousand acres in all ; 5th, and to have the power of selling, or leasing any such patented processes as the said company may acquire,—by the name of the "Canadian Iron and Steel Company (limited)", with a total capital stock of one million dollars, divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of February, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

34-3

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of January, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	271,669 02	.....
Malt Liquor.....	150 00	.....
Malt	33,825 87	.....
Tobacco	124,332 90	.....
Petroleum Inspection	1,539 59	.....
Manufactures in Bond	2,645 44	.....
Seizures	63 16	.....
Other Receipts	504 00	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....		434,729 98
Canals.....		
Slides and Booms		
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.		1,948 25
Minor Public Works.....		276 39
Culling Timber.....		
Inspection of Weights and Measures		2,246 36
Inspection of Gas.....		251 75
Bill Stamps.....		24,018 31
Total		463,471 04

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

33-3

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the 22nd section of the Canadian Act 36 Vic., chap. 128, permission has been given to change the name of the Schooner "Frank L." of St. John, N.B., official number 80,027, to "Frank L. P."

WM. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine, etc.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 8th February, 1882.

33-3

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE,
OTTAWA, 1st February, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a licence (No. 88) of this day's date, has been issued to the Dominion Safety Fund Life Association of St. John, N.B., to transact business of Life Insurance in Canada.

The head office being in the said City of St. John, N.B., and James de Wolfe Spurr, the attorney and agent.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
Superintendent of Insurance.

33-3

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st January, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,623,906 27
Excise.....	469,584 13
Post Office.....	190,272 60
Public Works, including Railways.	201,557 10
Bill Stamps	23,001 53
Miscellaneous	311,245 94
	\$ 2,819,567 57
Revenue to 31st December, 1881.....	16,167,624 03
	\$18,987,191 65
Expenditure.....	\$4,387,856 38
do 31st December, 1881.....	11,332,073 99
	\$15,719,930 37

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st February, 1882.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000.....	\$4,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock.....	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital.....	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities.....	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months.....	171,555 73
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	389 51
		Other Assets	2,054 24
			2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.

Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest..... Nil.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of January, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Dec., 1881	\$7,842,274 53	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$301,881 34
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	647,310 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	2,334 45	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,144,970 76
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	45,066 88
	8,491,918 98		8,190,037 64
			8,491,918 98

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 20th February, 1882.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British Columbia, for January 1882. Including the months of November and December for Manitoba.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total,
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	50,582 00	649 00	51,231 00
do Fisheries.....	487,125 00	343 00	487,468 00
do Forest.....	356,708 00	37,636 00	394,344 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,110,183 00	23,544 00	1,133,727 00
Agricultural Products.....	1,904,968 00	50,321 00	1,955,289 00
Manufactures	173,751 00	30,578 00	204,329 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	44,361 00	887 00	45,248 00
Totals.....	4,127,678 00	143,958 00	4,271,636 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Total.....	4,127,678 00	143,958 00	4,271,636 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 23rd February, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....	\$	\$ cts. 8,818 00	\$ cts. 1,862 37
Agricultural Implements.....	"	6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter.....	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 03	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	19,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 59
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions			
or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	"	3,811 00	1,297 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States.....	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures.....	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down			
combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other			
like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	442,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 26th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST FEBRUARY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Byrnedale.....	Rochester.....	Essex.....O..	William Byrne.
Cariboo Gold Mines.....	.....	Halifax.....N.S..	Charles Turple.
Clearwater.....	Sec. 16, Tp. 2, R. 12.....	Marquette.....M..	Robert Rogers.
Darlingford.....	" 6, " 3, " 7.....	Marquette.....M..	T. E. Mahaffy.
Deer Lake.....	Cardiff.....	Peterborough, E.R.....O..	William Ogilvie.
a. East Hall's Harbour Road.....	.....	Kings.....N.S..	Owen R. Roscoe.
Friars Head.....	.....	Inverness.....N.S..	Rvd. W. M. Leblanc.
Grandes Piles.....	Radnor.....	Champlain.....Q..	Théophile Roux.
Harrison Settlement.....	.....	Cumberland.....N.S..	William Harrison.
Kilroy.....	Colchester.....	Essex.....O..	William Currie.
Lewisham.....	Ryde.....	Muskoka.....O..	J. G. Taylor.
Moose River.....	.....	Cumberland.....N.S..	William Roberts.
McGrath Mountain.....	.....	Pictou.....N.S..	Donald Cameron.
b. Mount Uniacke Gold Mines.....	.....	Hants.....N.S..	Chas. S. McLean.
Odell.....	Westminster.....	Middlesex, E.R.....O..	W. L. Odell.
Plaisance.....	Ste. Angélique.....	Ottawa.....Q..	Mrs. Octavie L. Auclair.
Purple Hill.....	Cartwright.....	Durham, W.R.....O..	Moses Hambly.
Plaister Mines.....	.....	Victoria.....N.S..	Donald McKenzie.
Port Sandfield.....	Medora.....	Muskoka.....O..	Enoch Cox.
St. Cyr.....	Cleveland.....	Richmond.....Q..	Seth Taylor.
St. Joseph.....	.....	Antigonish.....N.S..	A. McGillivray.
South River.....	Macher.....	Muskoka.....O..	William Holditch.
Spring Valley.....	Elizabethtown.....	Leeds, S.R.....O..	Abel Yates.
Tilley.....	Lansdown.....	Leeds, S.R.....O..	John Stoops.
West Inglisville.....	.....	Annapolis.....N.S..	George Beal.

a. Opened on the 1st December, 1881.

b. Opened on the 1st January, 1882.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Birkhall.....Co. Lambton, O.
Luttrell.....Co. Essex, O.
HopefieldCo. Renfrew, S.R., O.
Hansford.....Co. Cumberland, N.S.
Melbourne Ridge.....Co. Richmond, Q.

NAME CHANGED.

Grass Hill, Co. Victoria, S.R., O.....to Perrin.

STATEMENT OF INLAND REVENUES ACCRUED DURING THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1881.

SERVICES.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Excise—Spirits	299,383 91	260,825 93	294,558 50	371,672 09	370,728 46	372,343 64	1,969,512 53
Malt Liquor	4,300 00	750 00	500 00	200 00	50 00	50 00	5,850 00
Malt.....	21,235 88	24,172 79	31,408 13	34,517 57	39,351 48	30,622 57	181,308 42
Tobacco.....	152,267 34	149,584 42	194,350 59	174,411 92	165,299 57	140,628 36	976,542 20
Inspection of Petroleum.....	1,026 55	1,926 90	3,638 71	3,786 71	3,677 81	2,490 31	15,946 99
Manufactures in Bond.....	2,982 18	2,726 52	3,481 24	3,134 28	3,172 24	1,408 58	16,905 04
Seizures	156 11	141 59	41 50	132 62	178 30	8,062 78	8,712 90
Other Receipts.....	6,108 32	1,547 74	524 50	529 00	787 75	651 11	10,148 42
Total, Excise.....	487,460 29	441,675 89	527,903 17	588,384 16	583,245 61	556,257 35	3,184,926 50
Canals.....	47,683 95	51,739 10	43,853 74	38,881 98	25,205 13	238 23	207,602 13
Slides and Booms	9,727 19	5,223 93	1,258 50	40 00	2,263 08	36,239 70	54,752 40
Hydraulic Rents, &c.....	4,891 10	3,075 98	126 09	2,181 00	77 77	496 50	10,848 35
Minor Public Works.....	559 67	729 18	283 92	880 76	259 05	270 42	2,983 00
Culling Timber.....	8,777 64	8,896 38	6,692 22	4,052 14	6,930 55	2,615 86	37,964 79
Inspection of Weights and Measures	3,008 20	2,785 76	3,267 66	3,088 49	1,883 40	1,334 30	15,367 81
Inspection of Gas.....	160 50	141 50	173 75	175 50	263 65	229 60	1,144 50
Bill Stamps	13,341 27	16,156 83	21,224 79	15,960 95	22,493 39	16,215 90	105,393 13
Other Revenues.....	1,248 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,248 26
	576,858 07	530,424 55	604,783 75	653,645 01	642,621 63	613,897 86	3,622,230 87

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, February 10, 1882.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85					
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25					
\$5, \$10 & \$20	58,426 65					
\$50 & \$100	696,025 00					
\$500 & \$1000	8,167,000 00					
Total.....	14,774,593 75					

Fractional Notes.....	171,691 85
Provincial "	160,967 65
Montreal issue.....	7,159,706 00
Toronto "	4,826,007 00
Halifax "	1,736,958 50
St. John "	689,870 25
Victoria "	29,392 50
Total.....	\$14,774,593 75

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st January.....	2,533,321 11
Guarantee Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,453,321 11

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under
Vic. 43, cap. 13—

10 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75 1,477,459 37

Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—

15 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75 2,216,189 06 \$3,693,648 43

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 1,759,672 68

Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13. 12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75..... 11,080,945 32

Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 919,054 68

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 1,759,672 68
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 919,054 68

Total Excess..... 2,678,727 36

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31st JANUARY, 1882.

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CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
		\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 231,811 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 17,030 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,618,470 36	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 89,170 83	\$ cts. 6,136,482 60
City and District Savings Bank.....										
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....		1,000,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,108,947 53	83,000 00	113,128 98	3,305,076 51
		ASSETS.								
	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 1,335,832 18	\$ cts. 600 00	\$ cts. 2,343,923 80	\$ cts. 1,688,892 02	\$ cts. 883,688 16	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. *432,456 34	\$ cts. 6,865,392 50
City and District Savings Bank.....										
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	1,012,501 70	150,228 75	1,149,283 13	83,000 00	237,220 00	128,611 18	3,577,365 18

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th Feb., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).....	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilton.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000).....	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash.....	Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....	Life.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B.C. Bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.....	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock.....	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stancilffe, General Manager, Montreal.....	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock.....	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....	Fire and Life.
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000.....	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B).....	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.....	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life; Plate Glass Insurance.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Fell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Life.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life;

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's.....	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life)	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B)	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,667, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,634. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.....	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200). \$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U. S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U. S., Bonds (B).....	Life and Accident.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited)	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
England.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	.....	.....

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court. The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st October, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 30th Sept., 1881.	Deposits for October, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, October, 1881.	Balance, 31st October, 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	485,321 16	46,576 37	531,897 53	42,952 82	488,944 71
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	289,784 51	83,607 00	373,391 51	39,394 65	333,996 86
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,290,116 20	70,951 00	1,361,067 20	47,108 80	1,313,958 40
Nanaimo.....	135,663 51	8,479 00	144,142 51	5,983 50	138,159 01
New Westminster.....	156,350 08	11,381 00	167,731 08	6,148 21	161,582 87
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	116,825 13	5,497 00	122,322 13	6,498 66	115,823 47
Antigonish.....	29,046 83	2,755 00	31,801 83	992 27	30,809 56
Annapolis.....	110,071 44	8,147 00	118,218 44	6,010 92	112,207 52
Arichat.....	121,231 15	1,911 00	123,142 15	3,099 88	120,042 27
Acadia Mines.....	25,934 06	2,580 00	28,514 06	1,828 45	26,685 61
Baddeck.....	31,775 61	2,502 63	34,278 24	1,000 08	33,278 16
Bridgewater.....	18,059 89	695 00	18,754 89	780 00	17,974 89
Barrington.....	29,851 30	1,452 00	31,303 30	550 80	30,752 50
Digby.....	53,757 38	6,491 00	60,248 38	2,932 56	57,315 82
Guysboro'.....	41,135 69	2,135 00	43,270 69	1,670 87	41,599 82
Halifax.....	2,252,514 00	66,730 47	2,319,244 47	82,411 26	2,236,833 21
Kentville.....	77,266 54	6,689 30	83,955 84	2,189 60	81,766 24
Liverpool.....	109,249 45	3,801 00	113,050 45	2,747 40	110,303 05
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan.....	8,456 05	1,103 00	9,559 05	524 00	9,035 05
Lunenburg.....	66,716 06	1,685 00	68,401 06	2,724 72	65,676 34
Maitland.....	44,430 80	2,033 00	46,463 80	1,585 85	44,877 95
New Glasgow.....	82,869 75	6,654 00	89,523 75	2,954 10	86,569 65
Parrsboro'.....	39,871 71	1,260 00	41,131 71	1,051 55	40,080 16
Port Hood.....	42,857 23	1,690 00	44,547 23	736 97	43,810 26
Pictou.....	38,075 84	1,366 00	39,441 84	1,273 19	38,168 65
Shelburne.....	28,941 53	2,170 00	31,111 53	1,088 32	30,023 21
Sydney.....	155,306 23	4,424 00	159,730 23	5,781 28	153,948 95
Sherbrooke.....	32,255 83	700 00	32,935 83	1,748 79	31,187 04
Truro.....	175,427 99	6,613 00	182,040 99	5,416 09	176,624 90
Wallace.....	4,940 25	1,781 00	6,721 25	190 50	6,530 75
Windsor.....	361,583 33	6,317 00	367,900 33	15,548 28	352,352 05
Weymouth.....	51,573 24	817 00	52,390 24	2,398 18	49,992 06
Yarmouth.....	264,241 61	15,522 00	279,763 61	8,634 98	271,128 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,583 41	1,888 00	61,471 41	1,154 58	60,316 83
Chatham.....	177,502 43	6,401 00	183,903 43	4,397 65	179,505 78
Dalhousie.....	132,187 63	3,194 00	135,381 63	1,786 38	133,595
Dorchester.....	16,269 35	2,131 42	18,400 77	2,591 29	15,809 48
Fredericton.....	260,563 68	8,102 00	268,665 68	10,652 85	258,012 83
Hillsboro'.....	18,092 31	725 00	18,817 31	376 14	18,441 17
Moncton.....	107,317 23	13,157 00	120,474 23	8,166 93	112,307 30
Newcastle.....	115,139 76	8,740 00	123,879 76	3,762 20	120,117 59
Richibucto.....	64,553 06	390 00	64,943 06	847 99	64,095 07
St. Andrews.....	183,138 50	4,018 00	187,156 50	1,245 98	185,910 52
St. John.....	1,522,567 46	46,151 00	1,568,718 46	30,001 52	1,538,716 94
Sussex.....		3,282 00	3,282 00	280 00	3,002 00
Woodstock.....	165,144 98	6,278 00	171,422 98	3,746 12	167,676 86
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	658,047 29	26,456 00	684,503 29	20,066 09	664,437 20
Total.....	10,251,601 12	517,429 19	10,769,030 31	395,033 25	10,373,997 06

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th Sept., 1881, published in accordance with the Act 34 Vict., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Aug., 1881.	Deposits for Sept., 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, Sept., 1881.	Balance, 31st Sept., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario,—</i>					
Toronto.....	486,581 51	34,115 00	520,696 51	35,375 35	485,321 16
<i>Manitoba,—</i>					
Winnipeg	253,986 53	68,750 00	322,736 53	32,952 02	289,784 51
<i>British Columbia,—</i>					
Victoria	1,268,968 23	70,960 00	1,339,928 23	49,812 03	1,290,116 20
Nanaimo	134,026 28	4,978 00	139,004 28	3,340 77	135,663 51
New Westminster.....	146,861 68	14,592 00	161,453 68	5,103 60	156,350 08
<i>Nova Scotia,—</i>					
Amherst	110,886 37	8,463 00	119,349 37	2,524 24	116,825 13
Antigonish	25,149 83	4,732 00	29,881 83	835 00	29,046 83
Annapolis	107,942 98	6,391 00	114,333 98	4,262 54	110,071 44
Arichat	123,076 71	3,583 82	126,660 53	5,429 38	121,231 15
Acadia Mines.....	24,805 63	1,877 00	26,682 63	748 57	25,934 06
Baddeck.....	28,383 85	4,100 00	32,483 85	708 24	31,775 61
Bridgewater.....	17,447 83	1,754 00	19,201 83	1,141 94	18,059 89
Barrington	28,022 30	1,969 00	29,991 30	140 00	29,851 30
Digby	51,886 52	4,006 00	58,892 52	5,135 14	53,757 38
Guysboro	39,647 09	3,063 00	42,715 09	1,579 40	41,135 69
Halifax	2,226,177 87	83,881 28	2,315,059 15	62,545 15	2,252,514 00
Kentville	76,604 73	4,437 46	81,042 19	3,775 65	77,266 54
Liverpool	108,165 58	2,307 00	110,472 58	1,223 13	109,249 45
Little Glace Bay	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan	8,526 05	411 00	8,937 05	481 00	8,456 05
Lunenburg.....	68,216 73	930 00	69,146 73	2,430 67	66,716 06
Maitland	43,198 19	4,036 00	47,234 19	2,803 39	44,430 80
New Glasgow.....	83,246 75	3,507 00	86,753 75	3,884 00	82,869 75
Parrsboro'	42,097 52	1,148 00	43,245 52	3,373 81	39,871 71
Port Hood.....	43,248 23	455 00	43,703 23	846 00	42,857 23
Pictou	36,365 60	2,015 00	38,380 60	304 76	38,075 84
Shelburne.....	29,715 39	408 00	30,123 39	1,181 86	28,941 53
Sydney.....	150,430 46	7,418 00	157,848 46	2,542 23	155,306 23
Sherbrooke	31,813 02	2,500 00	34,313 02	2,077 19	32,235 83
Truro	172,714 37	8,309 00	181,023 37	5,595 38	175,427 99
Wallace.....		5,040 00	5,040 00	99 75	175,427 99
Windsor.....	365,903 83	14,941 00	380,844 83	19,261 50	361,583 33
Weymouth.....	48,876 93	3,712 00	52,588 93	1,015 69	51,573 24
Yarmouth.....	250,452 62	19,647 00	270,099 62	5,858 01	264,241 61
<i>New Brunswick,—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,441 92	1,195 00	60,636 92	1,053 51	59,583 41
Chatham.....	171,804 99	10,212 00	182,016 99	4,514 56	177,502 43
Dalhousie	127,312 16	5,969 00	133,281 16	1,093 53	132,187 63
Dorchester	16,371 35	230 00	16,601 35	332 00	16,269 35
Fredericton	245,712 66	20,393 00	266,105 66	5,541 98	260,563 68
Hillsboro'	16,361 26	1,993 00	18,354 26	261 95	18,092 31
Moncton	103,546 76	11,284 00	114,830 76	7,513 53	107,317 23
Newcastle	115,947 79	2,796 00	118,743 79	3,604 03	115,139 76
Richibucto	61,549 06	3,546 00	65,095 06	542 00	64,553 06
St. Andrews	178,284 64	9,714 00	187,998 64	4,860 14	183,138 50
S. John.....	1,501,703 92	45,961 00	1,547,664 92	25,097 46	1,522,567 46
Woodstock.....	163,118 09	5,783 00	168,901 09	3,756 11	165,144 98
<i>Prince Edward Island,</i>					
Charlottetown	641,231 11	34,259 13	675,490 24	17,442 95	658,047 29
Total	10,038,825 57	556,776 69	10,595,602 26	344,001 14	10,251,601 12

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th Dec., 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

- 1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"
- 2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
- 3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height

of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application shall be made at this session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to revive the Patent granted to John Dickinson Brunton under number 5757, for an apparatus for cutting, dressing, planing, turning and shaping stone, on the 3rd March, 1876, for five years.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicant.

Montreal, 23rd February, 1882. 35-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the "Indemnity Company of North America," with power to carry on business in Canada and the United States as a guarantee, accident and life assurance company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 16th February, 1882. 34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; and to provide for the governance of the said Church; and for the acquiring, holding and administra-

ration of the funds and property thereof; and to declare the funds and property held in trust for said Church by the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, under the Act of the Province of Canada, 22 Vic., chap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," to have been at all times since the passing of said Act, and to be now held for the benefit of said Church to be incorporated, and of the Ministers belonging thereto; and to vest the said fund and the management thereof for the future in the corporation of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, to be created by said Act to be applied for. And also to declare the funds and property held in trust for the support of the Widows and Orphans of the Ministers of said Church, under the Act of the Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic., chap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the managers of the Ministers' Widows and Orphans' fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," to have been at all times since the passing of said last mentioned Act, and to be now held in trust for the benefit of said Church, to be so incorporated, and for the support of the Widows and Orphans of the Ministers thereof; and to be vested for the future in the said Corporation of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland to be created by the said Act to be applied for; and also to provide for the future management of all said funds and property; and to amend said two above mentioned Acts, and any other Act or Acts, in so far as may be necessary for the purposes aforesaid, or to repeal the same if necessary; and to make such further provisions as may be requisite to give full force and effect to the intents and purposes of the Act so to be applied for.

MacMASTER, HUTCHINSON, KNAPP & WEIR,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 11th February, 1882.

33-1f

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Ocean Mutual Insurance Company," for the purpose of carrying on the business of Ocean Marine Insurance in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM & TUPPER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Halifax, 25th January, 1882.

32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company, to construct and operate a line of railway, commencing at a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, in or near Township Ten (10), Range Fourteen (14) West P. M., in the Province of Manitoba, to Rapid City, Oak River, Bird Tail Creek and Fort Ellice, thence to the Touchwood Hills, and thence at or near Fort à la Corne, on the Saskatchewan River, and thence in a north westerly direction to or at or near the Pine River Pass, and thence to the Pacific Coast, at a point to be determined upon hereafter in the discretion of the company.

BIGGS & WOOD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated January, 1882.

32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act to incorporate a company for

the erection and maintenance of Booms and other improvements affecting the lumber interest on Rainy River, for the levying of tolls, dues and charges thereon, and for colonization upon the territory bordering on said river.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.

Ottawa, 3rd February, 1882.

32-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Canadian Electric Light Company shall apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to ratify and confirm their Act of incorporation, to give them the necessary authorization to secure motive powers and the generation of electricity in any part of the Dominion of Canada, and to authorize them to use and work certain patents granted in Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 23rd January, 1882.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the Manitoba Midland Railway Company, with power to build and operate a railway beginning at East Garfield, on the Canada Pacific Railway, thence to the town of Macdonald on the Portage and North Western Railway, thence westerly through or near Rapid City, to some points on the Saskatchewan or Peace Rivers in the North West Territories, with power also to build bridges and telegraph lines and to build branch line from Macdonald to Lake Manitoba.

McMILLAN & TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27th Jan., 1882.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 22 Vic., cap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the members of the said board to confirm and enact the provisions of the Acts of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic., cap. 62, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," and 38 Vic., cap. 64, intituled "An Act to amend the Act intituled 'An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland.'" and of the Act of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 75, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presbyterian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic. cap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland"; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the said managers; to confirm and enact the provisions of the Act of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic. cap. 61, intituled "An Act to amend 'An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,' save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to confirm and enact the provisions of an Act passed by the Legislature of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 76, intituled "An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston," and to enable the said College to stand towards the Presbyterian Church in Canada in relations similar to those which it lately held to the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; or to otherwise deal with the matters referred to in the said last-mentioned Act.

JOHN HAMILTON (of Kingston.)
Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the McClary Manufacturing Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the said company with increased powers.

MEREDITH & SCATCHERD,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act to reduce the paid-up capital and stock of "The Exchange Bank of Yarmouth" to the extent of thirty per cent.

SANDFORD H. PELTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.
21st January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Qu'Appelle Land Company" with power to acquire, improve and sell lands and promote immigration, and with other powers.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK.
Solicitors for the applicants.
Toronto, 16th January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an amendment of the Letters Patent incorporating the said company, in respect of the nationality and residence of the directors of the said company.

TAIT & ABBOTTS.

Montreal, 18th January, 1882.

30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the Great American and European Short Line Railway Company, with power: 1st. To construct, equip and operate lines of railway from a point at or near Cape North, in the Island of Cape Breton, to the Strait of Canso, and from the Strait of Canso, through the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario, to a point or points in United States Territory; 2nd. To construct, equip and operate steamers, and steam ferry communication between any of the Provinces of the Dominion, and between the Dominion and Newfoundland, and between the Dominion and Europe, and also said ferry connection on the Strait of Canso; 3rd. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with the matter and powers before mentioned, and the working and operating of the same.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
for self and other Corporators.

Halifax, 3rd January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE.—"The Bell Telephone Company of Canada" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to its Act of incorporation 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to manufacture besides the articles referred to in such second section such other articles or things as the company may deem advisable, also to transmit messages by telegraph as well as by telephone, also to purchase telegraph as well as telephone lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its telegraph and telephone lines from any one to any other of the Provinces in the Dominion, and whereby also it shall be declared that said Act of incorporation and its amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,

Solicitors for said company.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is given that application will be made to Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the St. Lawrence and Pacific Railway Ferry Co.

Montreal, 10th January, 1882.

29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway and telegraph from some point at or near to Michipicoton Harbor, on the north east of Lake Superior, to Moose Fort or some other point on James' Bay,

wherever it might be deemed most advisable to build the line.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for the applicants.
Toronto, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to amend the Act 43 Vic. chap. 46, and to define the powers, duties and term of office of the liquidators appointed to wind up the affairs of the Consolidated Bank of Canada, and to provide for their replacement, in consequence of the remaining assets having been disposed of, and for other purposes.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Great Eastern Railway Company.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the passage of an Act to consolidate the several Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company and declaratory of the powers heretofore granted to the said company, and to grant to the said company all such other powers as have heretofore been granted by Parliament to other telegraph companies.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Montreal Office, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Western Canada Colonization Company," with power to acquire, improve and sell lands, and promote immigration, and with other powers.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 3rd January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.
28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the term of several

patents of invention issued to Thomas A. Edison, and to extend the time for manufacture under the terms of the said patents and the general statutes in that behalf, and to allow importation of articles covered by such patents for a limited time.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the said Thomas A. Edison.
Dated Hamilton, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the period limited for the completion of the works of the Canada Southern Bridge Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.
28-9

NOTICE is given that the "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to the eighth and thirteenth sections of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 58, intituled "An Act to increase and extend the powers of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.
Montreal, 29th December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act incorporating "The International Construction Company," with power to said company to enter into contracts for the construction, equipment or operating of railway and telegraph lines, canals, bridges, steamboats and barges within the Dominion of Canada, and for acquiring, holding, selling and leasing of real estate, within said Dominion.

THOMAS WELLS,
Solicitor for applicants.
Winnipeg, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company; to make provision for the issue of a certain amount of paid-up stock, as paid-up shares of stock in said company; to increase the amount of bonds, or debentures, which may be issued by said company; to authorize said company to construct a bridge over the Ottawa river, at some point between the village of Aylmer and the city of Ottawa: to fix a day for the annual general meeting of the shareholders of said company; and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 22nd December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, by "The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada," for an Act to amend the Acts incorporating and relating to the said company by authorizing the said company to carry on the business of inland and ocean marine insurance, and

to otherwise extend the business of the company; to authorize the directors to levy assessments on the shareholders whenever the stock is impaired, or to readjust or write off any part of the paid-up capital; to extend the class or nature of securities in which the company may invest its funds; to authorize the company to take over the business of or to amalgamate with any other company, and otherwise to extend the powers of the company and to amend the said Acts.

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the British America Assurance Company, will apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, to pass an Act amending their charter, and the several Acts affecting the same, by changing the time for the holding of the annual meeting of the said company, and the election of the directors thereof, from the first Monday of August to the second Thursday in the month of February in each year; and to close the financial year of the company, for the annual statement, to be submitted to the proprietors of the said company at the said meeting, on the 3rd day of December in each year, and to consolidate all Acts affecting the said company as so amended.

C. GAMBLE,
Solicitor for B.A.A. Co.
British America Assurance Co. Buildings,
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the "Commercial Travellers Association of Canada," to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to give effect to the By-Laws of the Association; and to declare the "Accident" and "Mortuary" benefits provided by such By-Laws to be exempt from liability to the creditors of any member of the Association; and also providing for the deposit with the Dominion Government of the "Permanent Reserve Fund" of the Association for the purpose of securing the said benefits and upon terms as similar as may be to those provided for deposits with the Government under the General Insurance Acts; and to otherwise amend and extend the Acts relating to the said Association.

H. SYMONS,
Solicitors for the applicants.
Dated the third day of January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to revive the Statute 43 Vic. chap. 56, incorporating the "South Saskatchewan Valley Railway Company" and to amend the same by extending the time for commencing the said railway, and for other purposes.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solicitor for the applicants.
29th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the shareholders of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, under the name of the "Canada Mutual Telegraph Company," and to confer upon the said company all such powers and privileges as are

now enjoyed or possessed by any other telegraph company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the letters patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 30th November, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, working and operating a line of railway from the east end of Lake Athabasca in the North West Territories, to some point on the Hudson Bay at or near Fort Churchill, with power to build bridges and to build, own and run tramways, steamers and boats on the Peace and Athabasca Rivers and their tributaries and other navigable waters connected with the line.

KENNEDY & SUTHERLAND,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Winnipeg, 20th Dec., 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Brant Loan and Savings Society under the name of "The Brant Loan and Savings Company," and empowering said company to issue stock and debentures, invest moneys on real estate, bank stock, debentures and other securities, and to purchase, hold, improve and dispose of lands, and otherwise to exercise the powers usually conferred on Loaning companies.

WILSON, SMYTH & MUIRHEAD,
Solicitors for applicants.
Brantford, 27th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate "The American Electric Light Company of Canada."

With power among other things to manufacture and vend electric machinery and apparatus and to supply electricity for the purposes of light, heat and power, and with power to occupy for that purpose streets and public places and to expropriate lands.

C. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for the applicants.
25th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the Montreal Board of Trade, to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to permit the fusion and amalgamation of the said Board with other commercial corporate bodies in that City.

Montreal, 23rd December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, by the C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company, for an Act of incorporation changing its name, and granting it extended powers and privileges.

ARCHIBALD & McCORMICK,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 28th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Canada Agricultural Insurance Company, and the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 38, and to make more clear the provisions of the said last named Act; to provide also for supplying the place of any one or more of the joint assignees who may die, remove or from any cause become incapacitated from acting; also to define the powers of the joint assignees as respects the collecting, making or giving notices of calls, bringing of suits for assessments on stocks and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the "St. Lawrence Bridge and Manufacturing Company" for the purpose of constructing a bridge over the St. Lawrence river, opposite the City of Montreal, by way of St. Helen's Island, and for enlarging and improving in connection therewith the Harbor of Montreal; the whole in general conformity with the scheme known as the "Shearer scheme," proposed by Mr. James Shearer, and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 24th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act declaring the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company to be a work for the general advantage of Canada, and also to amend the several Acts relating to the said company, and for further power for the issue of bonds and debenture stock, and to re-arrange and increase their bonded debt, and for the repeal of section twelve of the Act forty-three Victoria, chapter sixty-six (Ontario), providing for the appointment of a Commissioner for the purpose therein mentioned, and also to repeal the seventeenth section of the said Act providing for the election of a director by certain municipalities therein mentioned, and, for other purposes; and also to repeal the last proviso in the fourteenth section of the Act forty-four Victoria, chapter seventy four (Ontario), and also to give the said company power to arrange with other railway companies for station accommodation and to join with other companies in the erection of a joint station, and also the right to make running arrangements with other railways; also to purchase, charter and work steamboats and other vessels; and also to authorize the said company to amalgamate with or lease their line to the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, and for other purposes.

MARTIN & ELLIOT,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, the 28th day of December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Great Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act extending the period of twelve months limited by the fifth section of the Act authorizing the establishment of Superannuation Provident and Insurance Funds by the company; also to authorize the company to purchase or lease railways which touch or intersect its own line or to amalgamate with the companies owning such railways, also to declare and define the company's powers in that respect, and to authorize the acquisition of station grounds and premises and access thereto for the company's purposes.

SAMUEL BARKER,
Solicitor G.W. Ry. Co.

Dated at Hamilton, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

TAKE Notice that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Niagara River Bridge Company.

The applicants purpose erecting a bridge (without a drawbridge) for railway purposes from some point in the Dominion of Canada on the left bank of the Niagara River to some point in the United States of America between the Falls of Niagara and the mountain ridge above Lewiston.

The applicants purpose charging or levying a toll of not more than five dollars per car for each car passing over said bridge.

FOSTER, CLARKE & BOWES,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the General Land Company of Canada, for the purposes of purchasing and colonizing lands in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

ROYAL & PRUDHOMME,
Solicitors for applicants.
Winnipeg, 29th December, 1881. 27-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the "Anchor Insurance Company" by enabling it to transact the business of Fire Insurance, to reduce its capital and for other purposes:

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY.
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 22nd Dec., 1881. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for an Act incorporating "The Ontario Investment Association," and authorizing said Association to lend money on the security of Real Estate in Manitoba, or any other of the Provinces of the Dominion, and permitting the said Association to charge such interest on the loans effected as may be agreed upon with the borrowers, and also enlarging the borrowing powers of the said Association and enabling it to receive money on deposit.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated 14th December, 1881. 25-11

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada, after the publication of this notice for one month, by Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond and David Young, all of the City of Winnipeg, for letters patent under the "Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," constituting them and others who may become associated with them, a body corporate and politic, under the name of "The Manitoba Land Company, Limited."

2. The objects of said company are to acquire, hold, sell, lease, convey real estate and cultivate farm property and sell the produce thereof, within the Province of Manitoba and North West Territories.

3. The capital stock of the said company shall be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The head office of the said company shall be the City of Winnipeg.

5. The said Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond and David Young,—all of whom, with the exception of John H. Hammond, are British subjects, and all reside within the Dominion of Canada,—shall be the first Directors of the said company.

BIGGS & WOOD.

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Winnipeg, 20th February, 1882. 35-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of 40 Victoria, chapter 43, entitled "An Act to amend the law respecting the incorporation of Joint Stock Companies by Letters Patent," for the grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent in the manner and for the purposes following:

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The Farmers North-West Land and Colonisation Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of land or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings including mills and machinery, and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed on, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and for the promotion of emigration.

3. The principal place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand, and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and callings of each of the applicants are, Thomas Long, M.P.P., merchant, Charles Macdonell, miller, George Moberly, barrister-at-law, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, Clerk in Holy Orders, John Francis Mathieson, insurance agent, William Basil Hamilton, postmaster, Andrew Ginty Campbell, steamboat agent, Adam Dudgeon, Division Court Clerk, Charles Gamon, barrister-at-law, Andrew Melville, merchant, Thomas Worthington Fair, merchant, James Lindsay, merchant, Alexander McDermid, merchant tailor, Frank Foster Telfer and Herbert Young Telfer, confectioners, Hall Telfer, baker, Edward Richmond Carpenter, druggist, John Guinness Laird, Clerk in Holy Orders, Edward Sallows, Clerk in Holy Orders, Annie McGillivray, spinster, Bella McGillivray, spinster, Bernard Callary, merchant, George Warburton Hodgetts, bank manager, Henry Wentworth Bell Smith, accountant, Samuel Ditson, merchant, William Ward Willis, Baptist Minister, Alexander Buist, Gentleman, Charles Cameron, steamboat owner, and John Joseph Long, merchant, all of the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe; John Hogg, of the Town of Portage La Prairie, conveyancer; the Honorable David Reesor, of the Town of Yorkville, in the County of York, Senator; William Bourchier, yeoman, Donald A. Currie, yeoman, Thomas Robinson, insurance agent, James Leach, yeoman, and David Emery Buist, yeoman, all of the Township of Nottawasaga, in the County of Simcoe; George Bullas Bristow, Arthur Holroyd and John Buckingham, yeomen, all of the Township of Osprey, in the County of Grey;—Henry

Horace Thompson, of the Village of Penetanguishene, in the County of Simcoe, merchant; Alexander McCarthy, of the Town of Barrie, in said County, post office conductor; Robert James Sproul, merchant, and John Wesley Armstrong, Division Court Clerk, both of the Village of Flesherton, in the County of Grey; Walter Hunter, merchant, Robert Herbert Hunt, doctor of medicine, Thomas Wesley Tyson, Walter Lount Tyson, and John Henry Tyson, millers, Emma Louisa Hartman, all of the Village of Clarksburg, in the County of Grey; Charles Hunt, Gentleman, William H. Smith, grain buyer, all of the Village of Thornbury, in the County of Grey; James Hill Hunter, merchant, of the Town of Durham, in the County of Grey; George William Monk, M. P. P., yeoman, of the township of March, in the County of Carleton; Robert Henry, lumber merchant, Patrick Hughes, merchant, both of the City of Toronto, in the County of York; Frederick John French, Gentleman, of the Town of Prescott, in the County of Grenville; Michael Gartlan and Charles O'Brien, merchants, both of the Village of Stayner, in the County of Simcoe; Timothy Rodgers, yeoman, of the Village of Bradford, in the County of Simcoe; Gideon Striker, M.P.P., of the Town of Picton, in the County of Prince Edward; William Broder, merchant, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas; Wilfred Charles Schrieber, wood agent, of the Village of Allandale, and Charles Cotton Bridges, yeoman, of the Township of Oro, both in the County of Simcoe.

7. The following are the first directors of the said company, namely, the above named Thomas Long, M. P. P., Charles Macdonell, Andrew Melville, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, George Moberly, John Francis Mathieson, William Basil Hamilton, Hall Telfer, Adam Dudgeon, Thomas Worthington Fair and Charles Gamon.

MOBERLY & GAMON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Collingwood, 15th February, 1882. 34-6

DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor General in Council for the Dominion of Canada, for letters patent of incorporation of a company.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company to be "The Lindsay Paper Mill Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes and objects for which incorporation are sought are the manufacturing and dealing in paper, pulp, cardboard, strawboard and millboard, and materials composed of paper and of paper and other materials, and of utilising, manufacturing and dealing in rice grass and other material used in connection with the manufacture of paper or paper stock, or combination of paper and other material; with powers to work and operate mills, and have warehouses and works in connection thereof in different parts of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be in the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000).

5. The number of shares to be six hundred (600), and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars (\$100).

6. The names in full and the address of the applicants are as follows:—Alexander A. Stevenson, publisher; William D. O'Brien, agent; Richard Jellyman, merchant; Richard White, publisher; Alexander R. Brown, merchant; Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Senator; Henry Dobell, merchant; Peter A. Peterson, engineer; Henry J. Tiffin, merchant; Arthur H. Plimsoll, accountant; Anthony H. Sims, merchant; Charles R. Hosmer, agent; Charles R. Hosmer, agent in trust; Robert Campbell, merchant; George W. Craig, agent; Miss Emily C. S. Bagg, spinster, and Charles T. Gibbs, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, and Samuel Arthur McMurtry, Banker, of Lindsay, in the Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

That the names of those who are to be the first or provisional directors to the said company are the said Alexander A. Stevenson, Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White and S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Attorneys for applicants.
Montreal, 13th February, 1882. 34-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Company" (Limited).

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

Edward Gurney, the younger, City of Toronto, manufacturer; John Edward Rose, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; Alexander Sutherland, City of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; Dennis Moore, City of Hamilton, manufacturer; Richard Brown, City of Toronto, merchant; William Glass, City of London, sheriff; William Briggs, City of Toronto, clergyman; Henry E. Clarke, City of Toronto, manufacturer; Daniel Maclean, City of Toronto, merchant; Edward Hartley Dewar, City of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; John Thomas Moore, City of Toronto, accountant; John Jacob Withrow, City of Toronto, manufacturer; Samuel John Hunter, City of Toronto, clergyman; Charles Douglas Warren, City of Toronto, merchant; Leonard Gaety, City of London, clergyman; Thomas

McCormick, City of London, manufacturer; George Robinson, City of London, merchant; Robert Warren, Town of Niagara, yeoman.

The first fifteen of said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company and are all residents of Canada.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRILL & COATSWORTH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th February, 1882. 34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act" by "The North West Trading Company, limited," incorporated by letters patent dated the 22nd day of July A. D. 1873, for "Supplementary Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada extending the powers of the said company for the following purposes:—

1. To acquire lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territory from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals. To survey, colonize, settle, cultivate and build upon said lands. To sell, rent, mortgage or otherwise dispose of said lands. To advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, securing such advances with interest by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land, on such terms and in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon. To breed, buy and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on all farming operations.

2. To increase the capital stock of the said company to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent for company.

Ottawa, 17th February, 1882. 34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic, in and by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company." The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

The acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing re-payment for such advances on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon.

To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote emigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid, to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or other vessels, or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incident thereto.

The City of Toronto shall be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$150,000 consisting of 1,500 shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of the applicants are: N. Clarke Wallace, M.P., merchant, of the Village of Woodbridge, Silas James, Provincial Land Surveyor, James Armstrong, student-at-law, John J. Cook, merchant, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, accountant, Elgin Schoff, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto; James Duncan, farmer, Emery, P. O. John Duncan, farmer, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, farmer, Elders Mills,—of whom the said N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor and James Duncan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 9th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made under the provisions of the Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act 1877, by Sir Hugh Allan, steamship owner, Andrew Allan, steamship owner, Honorable Thomas Ryan, senator, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Hugh McLennan, merchant, Andrew Thomas Drummond, financial agent, all of the City of Montreal, and Arthur Wellington Ross, member of the Provincial Legislature, and Charles Sinclair Drummond, financial agent, both of the City of Winnipeg, for letters patent constituting them and such others as may become shareholders in the Company thereby created, a body corporate under the name of the "Montreal and Western Land Company, Limited."

The objects for which incorporation is sought are the purchase, leasing or otherwise acquiring of land, or any interests therein, in the Dominion of Canada; the holding, using, settling, cultivating, stocking with horses and cattle, or otherwise improving the same; the erection of buildings thereon; the establishment of stores thereon, and the purchase and sale of articles of merchandize of every description; the erection or acquirement, working and renting of saw mills and flour mills thereon; the construction, acquirement and use of and the taking of interests either directly, or as shareholders incorporated with others, in steam and sailing vessels, tramways, canals, road and other works of any description necessary or expedient as a means of access to, or for the improvement of the said lands; the promotion of immigration to the said property; the selling, leasing, exchanging, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with the said lands or interests therein, or the said personal property, belonging to the said company; the assisting of and the advancement of monies to settlers and the taking, holding, selling or otherwise disposing of mortgages or other instruments intended to secure monies advanced or remaining due on the lands so sold; the issuing of bonds secured on the real and personal assets of the company; the acting as agents of any Government, corporation or individual in the sale of lands and the settlement thereof and the promotion of immigration; and generally the accomplishment of all such purposes and works as are necessary or incidental to the attainment of the afor. said objects.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be in the City of Montreal.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The said Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Honorable Thomas Ryan, George Alexander Drummond, Hugh

McLennan, Arthur Wellington Ross, and Andrew Thomas Drummond, all of whom are residents of Canada and subjects of Her Majesty, are to be the first or provisional directors.

DRUMMOND BROTHERS & CO.,

Agents for applicants.

Montreal, 7th February, 1882.

33-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made, by the persons hereinafter named, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Great Seal, constituting the said persons hereinafter named and such others as may become shareholders of the company to be thereby created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877."

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Stevens Turner and Burns Foundry and General Manufacturing Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are for carrying on a general brass and iron foundry business and manufacturing agricultural, electrical and other machines and appliances and engines of every description, and for dealing in such machines, appliances and engines, and in all kinds of brass, iron and other metal goods.

3. The chief place of business of said company in the Dominion of Canada is to be the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, with branches and agencies in such other places within the Dominion as may be deemed necessary.

4. The amount of the capital stock of said company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five thousand of fifty dollars each.

6. The names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—

Thomas Allen Stevens, William Pearce Turner, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Joseph Seymour Fallows and John Elliott, all of the said City of London, manufacturers; Henry Taylor, of the said City of London, broker; Charles Murray, of the same place, banker; Benjamin Cronyn, of the same place, barrister; John Labatt, of the same place, brewer, and Frank Beamer Scovell, of the same place, practical engineer.

7. The said Thomas Allen Stevens, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Elliott, Henry Taylor, John Labatt and Charles Murray, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,

Solicitors for applicants.

London, 26th January, 1882.

32-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The North West Fertile Belt Colonization Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building

upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$1,000,000, in ten thousand shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: John Northwood, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, province of Ontario, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the same place, Gentleman; Andrew Northwood, of the same place, merchant; William Northwood, of the same place, maltster; William Smith Ireland, of the said Town of Chatham, bank manager; and William McGregor, of the Town of Windsor, in the County of Essex, in the said Province, miller, of whom the three first named are to be provisional directors of the company.

H. J. EBERTS,

For self and co-applicants.

Chatham, Ont., 24th January, 1882.

32-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation to the hereinafter mentioned applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in said company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for the purposes hereafter mentioned.

1. The acquiring of land or any interest therein in Manitoba or the North West Territories or elsewhere from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, or from any company or individuals. The colonization, settling, cultivating or building upon the said lands. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and otherwise disposing or dealing with the same. The borrowing, loaning and advancing of money upon the same, to assist the settler and securing such advances by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land as may be agreed upon. The breeding, raising, selling or purchasing of horses, cattle and sheep, and the carrying on of all farming operations.

2. The corporate name of the said proposed company is the "Ontario and North Western Land Company."

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at Whitby, in the County and Province of Ontario, having branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000. 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are George Young Smith, of the town of Whitby, barrister; Henry Betts Taylor,

of the said town of Whitby, Bank agent; Reverend J. Herbert Starr, of the said town of Whitby, Methodist Minister; John Rice, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Wellington Adams, of the said town of Whitby, dentist; D. E. Starr, of the town of Brampton, accountant; Jeremiah Long, of the said town of Whitby, grain merchant; George H. Starr, of the town of Brandon, merchant; Joshua Richardson, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Thomas J. Holliday, of the village of Brooklin, merchant; Frank Warren, of the said village of Brooklin, doctor of medicine; Reverend James A. Carmichael, of the village of Columbus, Presbyterian Minister; James Rowe Philp, of the said town of Whitby, merchant.

6. The said George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Reverend J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren and James Rowe Philp will be the first or Provisional Directors, all of whom reside in Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,

Solicitor for applicants.

Whitby, 1st February, 1882.

32-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the undermentioned persons a body corporate and politic under the name of "The North West Cattle Company, Limited," for the purpose of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock raising at or in the Bow River Country in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a head office in the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec.

The capital stock of the company to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the said applicants are as follows: Sir Hugh Allan, Knight, Andrew Allan, Gentleman, Thomas D. Milburne, Gentleman, Charles Stimson, merchant, all of Montreal aforesaid, and Frederick Smith Stimson, of Compton, in the Province of Quebec, farmer.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,

Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882.

30-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ordinary half-yearly general meeting of the company will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E.C., on Thursday, the 30th March next, at one o'clock P.M. precisely, for the purpose of receiving a report from the directors, and for the transactions of other business of the company.

Notice is also given that the meeting will be made special for the purpose of the ordinary election of directors.

And notice is further given that the transfer books of the company will be closed in London from Monday, the 6th day of March to the day of meeting, both days inclusive; and in Canada they will be closed for one month before the date of meeting.

By order,

H. W. TYLER,

President.

J. B. RENTON,

Secretary.

Montreal, 22nd February, 1882.

35-1

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general meeting of the Society of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien will be held the twenty-ninth day of April next (29th April, 1882).

All the shares of the Society being to order, it will be indicated by a second notice, to appear fifteen days at least prior to the date of said meeting, at what place it shall be held.

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.

M. CHEVALIER,
Secretary.
Montreal, 22nd February, 1882.

35-tf

HALIFAX BANKING COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Banking house on Wednesday the 15th day of March next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of directors and transaction of other business.

By order of the Board,
W. L. PITCAITHLY,
Cashier.

Halifax, 10th February, 1882.

34-3

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company will be held at their Offices, No. 7 King Street West, Hamilton, Ontario, on Tuesday the seventh day of March A.D. 1882, at twelve o'clock noon.

34-3

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Imperial Bank of Canada will be held at the Head Office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 4th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of authorizing an increase to the capital stock of the Bank.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 16th February, 1882.

34-7

SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of ten per cent. on the capital stock of the above company has been made, payable at the offices of the Company, "Mail" Building, Toronto, on Tuesday, 15th August next, and that a further call of ten per cent. on the said capital stock, has been made, payable on the fifteenth of September next.

By order of the Board,

FREDK. A. BALL,
Manager.

Toronto, 8th February, 1882.

33-tf

PEOPLE'S BANK OF HALIFAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. on the capital of the People's Bank of Halifax, for the present half-year, will be paid at the Banking House, on and after Tuesday, the 28th February next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 13th to the 28th February.

PETER JACK,
Cashier.

Halifax, N. S., 27th Jan. 1882.

32-4

NOTICE is hereby given that books for subscription of stock in the Nelson Valley Railway and Transportation Company, will be opened at its office, Union Buildings, Montreal, on Saturday, 11th March, at eleven o'clock, a.m.

By order of the Provisional Board,

J. P. EDWARDS,
Secretary.

Montreal, 1st February, 1882.

32-4

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

NOTICE.—The annual general meeting of the stockholders of La Banque du Peuple will be held at the Office of the Bank, St. James street, on the sixth of March next, at three o'clock p.m., in conformity with the 16th and 17th clauses of the Act of incorporation.

By order of the Board of Directors,

A. A. TROTTIER,
Cashier.

Montreal, 31st January, 1882.

32-5

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Ottawa will be held at the Banking House in Ottawa, on Wednesday the 15th day of March next, for the purpose of considering the distribution among the present stockholders of the unsubscribed balance of the authorized capital stock of the Bank, and also to consider the propriety of opening other branches of the Bank.

Chair to be taken at 3 o'clock P.M.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,

Ottawa, 2nd February, 1882.

32-6

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

DIVIDEND No. 93.

THE stockholders of La Banque du Peuple are hereby notified that a semi-annual dividend of two (2) per cent. for the last six months has been declared on the capital stock, and will be payable at the office of the Bank on and after Monday the 6th March next. The transfer book will be closed from the 15th to the 28th February, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

A. A. TROTTIER, Cashier.

Montreal, 31st January, 1882.

32-5

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 22 février, 1882.

RONALD McDONALD, de Lingan, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, écuyer; Commissaire des pilotes

pour la circonscription de Sydney, dans le comté de Cap-Breton, dans la dite Province, *vice* Thomas Ling, écuyer.

23 février 1882.

LAUCHLIN GEORGE CAMPBELL, de Baddeck, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, écuyer; Percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT.

Samedi, 17 décembre 1881.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU GOUVERNEMENT EN CONSEIL.

Il a plu à Son Excellence l'Administrateur du gouvernement sur la recommandation du ministre de l'intérieur et en vertu de l'acte 43 Vic., chap. 26, d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que les règlements suivants concernant la disposition des terrains à charbon soient et les dits règlements sont par le présent adoptés :

10. Que l'affermage des terrains miniers pourra être fait pour (21) vingt et un ans, dans l'ordre de leurs demandes, aux requérants qui auront convaincu le ministre de l'intérieur de leurs moyens et habileté pour exploiter efficacement les mines qu'on sollicite, les dits requérants devant en ce cas payer un loyer de vingt-cinq centins par acre exigible semi-annuellement d'avance.

20. Que le locataire paiera un droit de dix centins par tonne sur tout le charbon tiré de la mine. Rapports trimestriels faits sous serment devant être fournis au ministre de l'intérieur par le locataire, montrant la quantité de charbon tiré de la mine, les droits exigibles sur icelle et la date de tel rapport.

30. Que l'étendue de terre à être louée à une personne n'excèdera pas trois cent vingt acres (320).

40. Les bornes de ces terrains en dessous de la surface de tels terrains loués seront les plans ou lignes verticaux dans lesquels est comprise la surface.

50. Le locataire devra commencer les opérations actives dans l'espace d'une année et exploiter la mine dans l'espace des deux années qui suivront le commencement du bail et payer le prix du loyer en même temps que les droits, sans quoi le bail sera résilié et la Couronne reprendra les terrains.

60. Le bail pourra être renouvelé pour d'autres périodes de vingt et une années chacune et pour tels prix et droits dont il sera convenu entre le gouvernement et le locataire.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier, Conseil Privé.

35-4

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Lundi, 20 février 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR-GENERAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'il est opportun d'admettre des bestiaux sains des Etats-Unis de l'Ouest pour les fins de l'élevage, sujet aux règles et restrictions mentionnées ci-après,—

Sur la recommandation du ministre de l'agriculture et sous l'autorité de l'acte adopté dans la session du parlement du Canada tenue en la 42e année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 23 et intitulé "Acte pour protéger contre les maladies pestilentiellles ou contagieuses affectant les animaux,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil privé de la Reine pour le Canada de faire les règlements et ordres suivants :

1. Qu'un certain point sur la rivière Ste. Claire, adjoignant immédiatement la frontière des Etats-Unis à la Pointe Edouard, au nord de la ligne du chemin de fer du Grand Tronc soit considéré comme une station de quarantaine pour les bestiaux.

2. Que les bestiaux destinés aux fins de l'élevage soient admis en quarantaine à telle station—sujet aux règlements et restrictions contenus dans l'"ordre concernant la santé des animaux," daté du 23 avril 1880 et publié dans la *Gazette du Canada*.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du conseil privé.

35-3

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Jeudi, 9 février 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que le ministre de l'agriculture déclare, suivant les représentations qui lui ont été faites, qu'on a l'habitude d'importer au Canada, en balles, des lie-cols d'occasion dont on s'est servi pour attacher des bestiaux dans le Royaume-uni ou à bord des navires, et qu'il y a lieu de croire que des maladies contagieuses peuvent être communiquées par l'emploi de tels lie-cols,—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, sur la recommandation du ministre de l'agriculture, d'ordonner et il est par le présent ordonné que l'importation de lie-cols qui ont déjà été employés, soit et la dite importation est par le présent prohibée.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

34-3

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'une commission ou procuration accordée par la compagnie dite "The Trust and Loan Company of Canada" à William Chapman, écuyer, et Russell Maule Stephenson, écuyer, conjointement et chacun d'eux séparément et le survivant Commissaires et Commissaire pour transiger les affaires de la dite société, dans la Puissance du Canada, pour exécuter les contrats et autres documents concernant les hypothèques et la vente des terrains et pour donner des reçus et des quittances pour les deniers dus à la dite compagnie, a été enregistrée au long et dûment déposée au Bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, conformément aux dispositions d'un Acte du Parlement de la ci-devant Province du Canada à cet effet (25 Vic, chap. 72).

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

Secrétariat d'Etat,
Ottawa, 24 février 1882.

35-3

AVIS public est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social il a été émis des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 27 janvier 1882, constituant en corps politique Robert Benny, marchand; James Henry Peck, marchand et fabricant; Alexander Chivas Clarke, courtier; John Smythe Hall, junior, avocat; George Hutton Patterson, agent d'assurance; James Benny, marchand et fabricant, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada; James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans le comté d'Ottawa, province de Québec, marchand; Andrew Thomson, commerçant; George Benson Hall, commerçant, tous deux de la

ville de Québec ; George Duryer de la cité de New-York, dans l'Etat de New-York, l'un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, docteur en médecine, dans le but—

1. D'acquérir et exploiter le procédé dit " Duryer's B'ow Pipe Process," tel que breveté le vingt-troisième jour d'avril 1880, au Canada, ou toute amélioration y faite, pour fondre les minerais d'or, d'argent et autres métaux, et pour fondre les minerais de fer et produire du fer, de l'acier et autres corps ;

2. D'acquérir et exploiter d'autres procédés pour la manufacture de l'or, de l'argent, du fer, de l'acier et autres métaux ;

3. D'exploiter des laminoirs et en général de manufacturer toute espèce de fer, acier et autres corps ;

4. D'acquérir tous terrains pour l'érection de fourneaux et autres fins de la compagnie, ou tous terrains contenant ou supposés contenir du fer ou autres minéraux, ou pétrole, n'excédant pas vingt mille acres en tout ;

5. D'avoir le droit de vendre ou louer tels procédés brevetés que pourrait acquérir la compagnie sous le nom de " La Compagnie Canadienne de Fer et d'Acier " (limitée), avec un capital-actions total de un million de piastres, divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16 février 1882.

34-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

ETAT	
Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 janvier dernier.	
REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,623,906 27
Excise	469,584 13
Département des Postes.....	190,272 60
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	201,557 10
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	23,001 53
Divers	311,245 94
	<hr/>
	\$2,819,567 57
Revenu, 31 décembre 1881.....	16,167,624 08
	<hr/>
	\$18,987,191 65
DÉPENSES.....	\$4,387,856 38
do 31 décembre 1881.....	11,332,073 99
	<hr/>
	\$15,719,930 37
	<hr/>
J. M. COURTNEY, Député du Ministre des Finances. Département des Finances, Ottawa, 1er février 1882.	

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

ETAT fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—			
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5.18.26		\$4,823,833 60	
Versements sur le capital—			
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.....		\$1,205,958 40	
Nombre des titres—			
Titres nominatifs.....		50,000	
Titres au porteur.....		Nil.	
<hr/>			
<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875 20	Capital social.....	4,823,833 60
Prêts hypothécaires:		Prêts différés.....	25,314 01
A long terme..... 674,716 33		Intérêt payé par anticipation.....	242 75
A court terme..... 389,334 50		Divers.....	1,727 56
	1,064,050 83		
Espèces en caisse et en banque:			
En Canada..... 93,249 81			
En France..... 78,305 92			
	171,555 73		
Arrérages de semestres.....	389 51		
Mobilier	2,054 24		
Divers	2,787 16		
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712 67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117 92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société.....Néant.

Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt.....Néant.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de janvier 1882.

Av.

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 déc. 1881.....	\$7,842,274 53	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$301,881 34
Dépôts durant le mois	647,310 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	2,334 45		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,144,970 76
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	45,066 88
	8,491,918 98		8,190,037 64
			\$8,491,918 98

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.

Département des Finances, Ottawa, 20 février 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.		Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.		Assurance autorisée.	
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....		\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal ; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)....		Contre les accidents.	
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....		\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 débiteurs de municipalités ; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)		Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.	
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....		\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....		Sur la vie.	
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....		\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.		Contre l'incendie.	
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....		\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....		Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.	
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....		\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....		Sur la vie.	
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....		\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.		Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.	
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton		\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....		Sur la vie.	
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....		\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000		Sur la vie.	
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....		\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....		Sur chaudières à vap., etc.	
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....		\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....		Sur la vie et cont. les accid.	
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....		\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)		Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.	
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....		\$30 en espèces.....		Garantie.	
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....		\$20,000 stig. effets du Canada.....		Contre l'incendie.	
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....		\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)		Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.	
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....		\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....		Sur la vie.	
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....		F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....		\$25,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, C.-B.....		Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.	
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....		\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B).....		Sur la vie.	
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....		\$100,000 effets canadiens		Contre l'incendie.	
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....		\$32,000 bons munic. ; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont. ; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000)		Garantie.	
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....		\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....		Contre l'incendie.	
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....		\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000)		Contre l'incendie.	
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....		\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens		Contre l'incendie.	
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto		\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens		Contre l'incendie.	
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		Frederick Stancliffe, agent général, Montréal		\$10,000 stig., effets canadiens		Sur la vie.	
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal.....		\$50,000 fonds pub. canad (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730)		Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.	
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....		\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000		Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.	
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....		\$11,000 stig. effets canadiens.....		Garantie et accidents.	
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto.....		\$21,000 stig., effets canadiens		Contre l'incendie.	
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....		\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)		Sur la vie.	
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....		\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....		Contre l'incendie.	
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.....		\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....		Sur la vie.	
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....		\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....		Sur les glaces.	
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....		\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....		Sur la vie.	

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite North American ".....	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont-réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie,
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union,"	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gerant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont.	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consoli. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec.....	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen,"	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	(Acceptés à \$73,680).....	
Angleterre.....			
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres,	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso-lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
Angleterre.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....			
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecosaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gerant, Montréal.....	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre.....	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal..	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et l'ontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gerant, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
		\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gerant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Sur la vie.
			Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, ONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.-U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernement, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté, ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à cette session du parlement du Canada pour la passation d'un acte à l'effet de remettre en vigueur le brevet d'invention accordé pour cinq ans à John Dickinson Brunton, le 3 mars 1876, sous numéro 5757, pour un appareil pour couper, dégrossir planer, tourner et tailler la pierre.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,

Procureurs du requérant.

Montréal, 23 février 1882.

35-5

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie d'éclairage électrique américaine du Canada." Avec pouvoir entre autres de manufacturer et vendre des machines ou appareils électriques et de fournir l'électricité pour les fins d'éclairage, de chauffage et force motrice, avec pouvoir d'occuper à cette fin les rues et places publiques et d'exproprier les terrains.

C. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

25 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par la Chambre de Commerce de Montréal au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte permettant la fusion de la dite Chambre de Commerce avec d'autres corps politiques dans cette cité.

Montréal, 23 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, dans le but d'obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la Compagnie d'Assurance Agricole du Canada, et l'acte 41 Vict. chap. 38, et de rendre plus claires les clauses de l'acte en dernier lieu nommé, à l'effet également de remplacer celui ou ceux des syndics qui pourraient mourir, se retirer pour une cause quelconque, devenir incapables d'agir, à l'effet de plus de définir les pouvoirs des syndics pour ce qui a trait à la perception, aux avis de convocation à être faits ou donnés, aux poursuites à être intentées pour cotisations sur actions et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 24 décembre 1881.

27-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à

l'effet de constituer en corps politique "La compagnie manufacturière et du pont St. Laurent" dans le but de construire un pont sur le St. Laurent en face de la cité de Montréal par le travers de l'île Ste. Hélène, et dans le but d'élargir et d'améliorer le port de Montréal en autant que le pont y est concerné ; le tout en conformité généralement du plan connu sous le nom de "Plan Shearer," proposé par M. James Shearer, et pour d'autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 24 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, par la Compagnie manufacturière C. W. Williams, pour l'obtention d'un acte d'incorporation modifiant le nom de la dite compagnie et accordant à cette dernière de plus amples pouvoirs et privilèges.

ARCHIBALD ET McCORMICK,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 28 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les actionnaires de la Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada sous le nom de "Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada" et pour conférer à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs et privilèges dont jouit ou que possède actuellement toute autre compagnie de télégraphe faisant affaires au Canada ou y étant constituée en corps politique, à part ceux conférés à la dite Compagnie de Télégraphe Mutuel du Canada par les lettres-patentes qui l'ont constituée en corps politique.

CARTER ET CARTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 30 novembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Générale des terres du Canada, dans le but d'acheter et coloniser des terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

ROYAL ET PRUDHOMME,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Winnipeg, 29 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte pour remettre en vigueur le statut 43 Vic., chap. 56, qui constitue en corporation la compagnie du chemin de fer de la Vallée de la Saskatchewan-Sud, et pour amender cet acte en prolongeant le délai fixé pour commencer le dit chemin de fer, et pour d'autres fins.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
29 décembre 1881. 27-9

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte constituant l'Association de Placements d'Ontario et autorisant la dite association à prêter des deniers sur la garantie de biens-fonds en Manitoba, ou dans aucune des provinces de la Puissance, et permettant à la dite association d'exiger tel taux d'intérêt sur les prêts faits qu'elle pourra convenir avec les emprunteurs ; et aussi étendant les pouvoirs d'emprunter qu'à la dite association, et lui permettant de recevoir des deniers en dépôt.

CRONYN ET GREENLEES,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Daté 14 décembre, 1881. 25-11

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il sera fait une demande au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte prolongeant la durée de divers brevets d'invention accordés à Thomas A. Edison, et étendant le délai pour fabriquer aux termes des dits brevets et des statuts généraux à ce sujet, et pour permettre l'importation pendant un certain temps d'articles protégés par ces brevets.

OSLER, GWYN ET TEETZEL,
Solliciteurs du dit Thomas A. Edison.
Daté à Hamilton, 5 janvier 1882. 28-9

A VIS est donné que le "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien," demandera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, des amendements aux sections 8 et 13 de l'acte 44 Vict., ch. 58, intitulé "Acte pour amender et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

L'administrateur-délégué,
J. WURTELE.
Montréal, le 29 décembre 1881. 28-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction du Pacifique et de Pontiac ; de pourvoir à l'émission d'un certain montant de capital payé, comme parts payées dans la dite compagnie ; d'augmenter le montant des bons ou débentures qui peuvent être émis par la dite compagnie ; d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa, à un certain point entre le village d'Aylmer et la cité d'Ottawa ; de fixer un jour pour l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 22 décembre 1881. 28-9

A VIS est donné que demande sera faite au parlement, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte prolongeant l'époque du commencement et de la fin des travaux à exécuter pour la Cie de Traversée d Saint-Laurent et du chemin de fer du Pacifique.

Montréal, 10 janvier 1882. 29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer Great Eastern.

KERR, CARTER & McGIBBON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 12 janvier, 1882. 29-9

COMPAGNIE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de refondre les différents actes concernant la compagnie de télégraphe de Montréal et de déclarer les pouvoirs accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui à la dite compagnie, et d'accorder à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs qui ont été accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui par le parlement aux autres compagnies de télégraphe.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secrétaire.
Montréal, 12 janvier 1882. 29-9

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte 43 Vict., chap. 46, et de définir les pouvoirs, devoirs et le terme d'office des liquidateurs nommés pour liquider les affaires de la Banque Consolidée du Canada, et pour pourvoir à leur remplacement, vû qu'il a été disposé du restant de l'actif, et pour autres fins.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882.

29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique une compagnie sous le nom de Compagnie de Chemin de fer d'une Courte Ligne Européenne, avec pouvoir, 1o. de construire, équiper et exploiter des lignes de chemin de fer d'un point à ou près le Cap Nord, dans l'île du Cap Breton au détroit de Canso, et du détroit de Canso à travers les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, le Nouveau-Brunswick, Québec et Ontario à un point ou des points sur le territoire des Etats-Unis; 2o. De construire, équiper et exploiter des vapeurs, et communication par bateaux-passeurs entre telles ou telles provinces du Canada, entre le Canada et Terre-Neuve, entre le Canada et l'Europe et entre Terre-Neuve et l'Europe; la dite compagnie pouvant de plus établir des communications par bateaux-passeurs sur le détroit de Canso; 3o. De construire, acheter, louer des navires, bateaux-passeurs, chemins de fer, moyens de transport et lignes de télégraphe en rapport avec l'affaire et les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés et l'exploitation d'iceux.

A. L. BLACKMAN,

tant pour lui-même que pour les autres membres de la compagnie.

Halifax, 3 janvier 1882.

30-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que la compagnie manufacturière de médecines Fellows s'adressera au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte amendant les lettres patentes qui constituent la dite compagnie en corps politique, quant à ce qui a trait à la nationalité, et la résidence des directeurs de la dite compagnie.

TAIT ET ABBOTTS.

Montréal, 18 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS—"La compagnie de téléphone Bell" s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir des amendements à l'acte la constituant en corps politique, 43 Vict., chap. 67, par lesquels la compagnie aura le droit d'émettre des bons, pour les fins mentionnées dans la seconde section du dit acte, d'un montant non moindre que \$25 chacun, et de manufacturer en outre des articles mentionnés dans telle seconde section tous autres articles ou objets qui seront jugés opportuns par la compagnie, de plus de transmettre des messages par le télégraphe aussi bien que par le téléphone, de plus d'acheter des lignes de télégraphe comme des lignes de téléphone; les dits amendements devant en sus déclarer que la compagnie aura le droit de prolonger ses lignes de télégraphe et de téléphone d'une province quelconque du Canada à une autre et déclarer également que le dit acte constituant la compagnie en corps politique et ses amendements ainsi que tous les travaux par iceux autorisés sont pour l'avantage général du Canada.

BETHUNE ET BETHUNE,

Solliciteurs pour la dite compagnie.

Montréal, 17 janvier 1882.

30-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que la Compagnie Canadienne d'Eclairage Electrique s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour la passation d'un acte ratifiant et confirmant son acte d'incorporation, lui conférant l'autorisation nécessaire pour lui faire obtenir des pouvoirs moteurs et la génération de l'électricité en tous lieux

dans le Canada, et lui permettant d'exploiter certains brevets d'invention octroyés en Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,

Procureurs de la requérante.

Montréal, 23 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 22 Vict., chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements; de confier à l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui et d'y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des membres du dit bureau; de confirmer les actes de la province de Québec, 38 Vict., chap. 62, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées" et 38 Vict. chap. 64, intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte intitulé 'acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse,'" et celui de la province d'Ontario, 38 Vict. chap. 75, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées," le tout en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour en général régler les affaires y concernées.

JAMES MACLENNAN,

Président du comité de protection des propriétés ecclésiastiques de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de l'intérieur de Manitoba, avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, commençant à Garfield-Est, sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, et s'étendant de là à la ville de Macdonald sur le chemin de fer du Portage et Nord-Ouest, de là, vers l'ouest, par ou près Rapid City jusqu'à quelque point sur la rivière de la Paix ou celle de la Saskatchewan dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, avec pouvoir aussi de construire des ponts et lignes télégraphiques et un embranchement entre Macdonald et le lac Manitoba.

McMILLAN ET TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 10 et 11 Vict., chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," de transporter le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui à l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada et y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des dits administrateurs; de confirmer et mettre en force l'Acte de la province de Québec 38 Vict., chap. 61, intitulé "Acte pour amender un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse" en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour régler en général les dites questions.

JAMES MACLENNAN,

Président du comité de protection des propriétés ecclésiastiques de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie Central de chemin de fer de Rapid City, la dite compagnie devant construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer commençant à un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, à ou près le township dix (10), quatorzième rang (14) à l'ouest, dans la province du Manitoba, jusqu'à Rapid City, la rivière du Chêne, Bird Tail Creek et le Fort Ellice, de là aux Monts Touchwood, et de là jusqu'à ou près le Fort à la Corne sur la rivière Saskatchewan; et de là dans une direction sud-ouest jusqu'à ou près de la rivière aux Pins, et de là jusqu'à la côte du Pacifique à un point qui sera plus tard fixé à la discrétion de la compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Janvier 1882. 32-9

A VIS est donné par le présent que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte constituant en corporation "La compagnie d'assurance Mutuelle Océanique," dans le but de faire des opérations d'assurance maritime en Canada et ailleurs.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM ET TUPPER,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

Halifax, 25 janvier 1882. 32-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, durant la présente session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse; de pourvoir à la gouverne de la dite Eglise, à l'acquisition, la possession et l'administration de ses fonds et propriétés; de déclarer que les fonds et propriétés détenus en fidéicommiss pour la dite Eglise par le bureau chargé de l'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, sous l'autorité de l'acte de la province du Canada 22 Vict. chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," ont toujours été depuis l'adoption du dit acte et sont actuellement détenus pour le bénéfice de la dite Eglise devant être constituée en corps politique, et des ministres de la dite Eglise; d'accorder le dit fonds et l'administration d'icelui pour l'avenir à la corporation de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, devant être constituée en corps politique par l'acte qui sera demandé à cet effet; de plus à l'effet de déclarer que les fonds et propriétés détenus en fidéicommiss pour le soutien des veuves et orphelins des ministres de la dite Eglise, sous l'autorité de l'acte de la province du Canada 10 et 11 Vict. chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, ont toujours été depuis l'adoption du dit dernier acte et sont actuellement détenus en fidéicommiss pour le bénéfice de la dite Eglise devant être ainsi constituée en corps politique et pour le soutien des veuves et orphelins des ministres de la dite Eglise, et seront confiés à l'avenir à la dite corporation de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse devant être constituée en corps politique par le dit acte qui sera demandé à cette fin; à l'effet de plus de pourvoir à l'administration future de tels fonds et propriétés, et d'amender les deux actes ci-dessus mentionnés et tout autre acte en autant qu'il sera nécessaire pour l'objet ci-haut expliqué, et de rappeler les dits actes s'il est nécessaire; et à l'effet de pourvoir de toute façon

suivant qu'il y aura lieu à ce que l'acte qui sera demandé ait toute la force et tout l'effet voulu pour remplir son objet et son intention.

MACMASTER, HUTCHINSON, KNAPP ET WEIRS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté ce 11 février 1882. 33-11

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa présente session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la "Compagnie d'Indemnité de l'Amérique du Nord," avec pouvoir de faire des opérations au Canada et aux Etats-Unis comme compagnie d'assurance et de garantie sur la vie et contre les accidents.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Procureur des requérants.

Montréal, 16 février 1882. 34-5

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au gouverneur général du Canada après la publication durant un mois de cet avis, par Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond et David Young, tous de la cité de Winnipeg, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, les constituant, eux et les autres personnes qu'ils pourraient s'associer, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La compagnie des terres du Manitoba, limitée."

2. Le but de la dite compagnie est d'acquérir, détenir, cultiver, vendre, louer et transporter des immeubles et des propriétés de ferme, de vendre les produits de ces dernières, dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

4. Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg.

5. Les dits Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond et David Young, tous, à l'exception de John H. Hammond, sujets anglais et résidant au Canada, seront les premiers directeurs de la dite compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Winnipeg ce 20 février 1882. 35-5

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au gouverneur-général en conseil pour la Puissance du Canada, de lettres patentes constituant en corps politique une compagnie.

1. Le nom corporatif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie du moulin à papier de Lindsay (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie qui demande à être constituée en corps politique sont: la manufacture et le trafic de papier, pulpe, cartons de toute espèce, matériaux composés de papier ou de papier et autres matériaux; la manufacture, l'utilisation et le trafic de paille de riz et autres matériaux employés dans la manufacture de papier, matière à papier, combinaison de papier et autres matériaux, avec droit à l'exploitation de moulins, à la possession d'entrepôts et travaux se rapportant à cette industrie en différentes parties du Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec;

4. Le montant du capital-actions sera de soixante mille piastres (\$60,000);

5. Le nombre des parts sera de six cent (600) et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres (\$100).

6. Les noms, prénoms et adresses des requérants sont comme suit: Alexander A. Stevenson, éditeur; William D. O'Brien, agent; Richard Jellyman, marchand; Richard White, éditeur; Alexander R. Brown, marchand; l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, sénateur; Henry Dobell, marchand; Peter A. Peterson, ingénieur; Henry J. Tiffin, marchand; Arthur H. Plimsoll, comptable; Anthony H. Sims, marchand; Charles R. Hosmer, agent; Charles R. Hosmer, agent en fidéicommiss; Robert Campbell, marchand; George W. Craig, agent; Dlle Emily C. S. Bagg, fille non-mariée, et Charles T. Gibbs, marchand, tous de la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, Canada.

Les noms de ceux qui devront être les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie sont: le dit Alexander A. Stevenson, l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White et S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Procureurs des requérants.

Montréal, 13 février 1882.

34-5

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants, et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être ainsi constitué en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des établissements et des terres de la Saskatchewan" (limitée). Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont:

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest;

(2) Le droit de coloniser et établir les dites terres;

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, y construire des établissements et en trafiquer de toute façon;

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général de trafiquer de tous les intérêts des dites terres, tels que l'achat et vente des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt, sur telles subventions et de telles façons par le moyen d'hypothèques et obligations dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'accorder des subventions ou d'aider de toute autre façon à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que vapeurs, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, rues, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles aux fins que se propose la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour le développement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent et tels autres droits qui sont utiles et nécessaires aux fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit de promouvoir, aider et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toutes façon et manière désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. La compagnie aura son principal bureau d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit:—

Edward Gurney, junior, de Toronto, manufacturier; John Edward Rose, Toronto, procureur en droit; Alexander Sutherland, Toronto, docteur en théologie; Dennis Moore, Hamilton, manufacturier; Richard Brown, Toronto, marchand; William Glass, London, shérif; William Briggs, Toronto, membre du clergé; Henry E. Clarke, Toronto, manufacturier; Daniel Maclean, Toronto, marchand; Edward Hartley Dewart, Toronto, docteur en théologie; John Thomas Moore, Toronto, comptable; John Jacob Withrow, Toronto, manufacturier; Samuel John Hunter, Toronto, membre du clergé; Charles Douglass Warren, Toronto, marchand; Léonard Gaety, London, membre du clergé; Thomas McCormack, London, manufacturier; George Robinson, London, marchand; Robert Warren, Niagara, franc-tenancier.

Les quinze premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRILL ET COATSWORTH,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto le 16 février 1882.

34-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite au gouverneur général en conseil en vertu de "l'acte du Canada concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par la "Compagnie de trafic du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), constituée en corps politique par lettres patentes du 22 juillet, A.D., 1873, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes supplémentaires sous le grand sceau du Canada, étendant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie pour les fins suivantes:

1. L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus; l'arpentage, la colonisation, l'établissement, la culture des dites terres et la construction de maisons dessus; la vente, la location des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et trafiquer de toute autre façon, de prêter de l'argent aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres et de leur venir en aide, en garantissant ses avances avec intérêt au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement sur les dites terres, à des conditions et de telle manière dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et autres animaux avec le droit de faire toutes les opérations se rattachant à l'industrie des fermiers.

2. L'augmentation du capital-actions de la dite compagnie jusqu'à deux cent cinquante mille piastres devant être divisé en deux mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent de la compagnie.

Ottawa, 17 février 1882.

34-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, par Sir Hugh Allan, propriétaire d'une ligne de navires, Andrew Allan, propriétaire de navires, l'honorable Thomas Ryan, sénateur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Hugh McLennan, marchand, Andrew Thomas Drummond, agent financier, tous de la cité de Montréal, et Arthur Wellington Ross, membre de la législature provinciale, et Charles Sinclair Drummond, agent financier, tous deux de la cité de Winnipeg, pour l'émission de lettres patentes les constituant eux et tels autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie créée par les présentes, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de terres de Montréal et de l'Ouest (limitée)."

Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont l'achat, le

louage et l'acquisition en général des terres ou autres intérêts dans la Puissance du Canada ; la possession, la colonisation, la culture des terres avec le droit de les peupler de chevaux et autres animaux et de les améliorer de toute façon ; la construction de bâtiments sur les dites terres ; l'établissement de magasins sur les dites terres et l'achat et la vente de tous articles ou marchandises de toute description ; l'érection ou l'acquisition, l'exploitation et le louage de scieries et moulins à farine sur les dites terres ; la construction, l'acquisition soit directement ou comme actionnaires incorporés avec d'autres, de lignes de vapeurs ou de voiliers, de tramways, canaux et autres entreprises de toute description nécessaires ou utiles comme moyen de transport ou d'amélioration des dites terres, de plus le droit de prendre un intérêt dans ces compagnies ; le développement de l'immigration sur les dites propriétés ; la vente, le louage, l'échange des dites terres et des intérêts en icelles avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer en général ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de disposer en général des hypothèques consenties pour garantir les sommes prêtées ou demeurant dues sur les terres ainsi vendues ; l'émission de bons garantis sur l'actif mobilier ou immobilier de la compagnie ; le droit d'agir comme agents de n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour la vente des terres et la colonisation d'icelles et le développement en général de l'immigration ; et toutes choses généralement nécessaires ou utiles à la réalisation des vues de la compagnie.

La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Montréal.

Le montant du fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les dits Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Honorable Thomas Ryan, George Alexander Drummond, Hugh McLennan, Arthur Wellington Ross et Andrew Thomas Drummond, tous résidant au Canada et sujets de Sa Majesté, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires.

DRUMMOND, FRÈRES ET CIE.,

Agents pour les requérants.

Montréal, 7 février 1882.

33-5

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient ci-après devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de colonisation des fermiers de York."

Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est le suivant :—

L'acquisition de terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, la mise en culture, l'amélioration des dites terres et l'érection de bâtiments sur icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent et l'assistance donnée aux colons sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et l'acceptation en retour de garanties pour tels prêts d'argent à des conditions et de telle façon par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont on conviendra ci-après ; l'achat, le louage, l'échange ou l'acquisition par autre voie de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière de droits ou privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ; la vente, le louage des dites propriétés et le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer de toute façon ; l'aide, l'encouragement et le développement de l'émigration vers les propriétés appartenant à la compagnie et la colonisation des dites propriétés, et pour les fins ci-dessus le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent ; l'aide au moyen de subvention ou autrement à être donnée à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer ou de lignes de vapeurs ou autres navires de la compagnie, l'aide à être donnée à la cons-

truction, et l'exploitation de telles autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la fabrication et la vente de toute espèce de marchandises requises par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie au ailleurs, à cette fin la dite compagnie devant avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières et immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et en général devant jouir de tous les pouvoirs nécessaires ou opportuns à la réalisation de son objet.

La ville de Toronto sera la principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$150,000 divisé en 1,500 parts de \$100 chacune.

Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignation des différents requérants sont :—

N. Clarke Wallace, M. P., marchand, du village de Woodbridge, Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Toronto, James Duncan, fermier, Emery P. O., John Duncan, fermier, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, fermier, Elders Mills—les dits N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solliciteur pour les requérants,

Toronto, 9 février 1882.

33-6

A VIS Public est par le présent donné que de mande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent dans la *Gazette du Canada* à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada constituant en corps politique les requérants ci-après mentionnés et autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la dite compagnie en vertu de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs du gouvernement du Canada ou de n'importe quels compagnie ou individu ; la colonisation, l'établissement, le défrichement des dites terres ou la construction de maisons dessus ; la vente, la location des dites terres avec la permission de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer autrement ; l'emprunt ou le prêt de sommes d'argent sur les dites terres pour aider aux colons, et la garantie de tels prêts par hypothèque ou autrement suivant qu'il aura été convenu ; l'élevage, la vente ou l'achat de chevaux, bœufs et moutons et le droit de faire n'importe quelles opérations de ferme.

2. Le nom corporatif de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera à Whitby, dans le comté et la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000—1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignations des requérants sont :—George Young Smith, de la ville de Whitby, avocat ; Henry Betts Taylor, de la dite ville de Whitby, agent de banque ; rév. J. Herbert Starr, de la dite ville de Whitby, pasteur méthodiste ; John Rice, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme ; Wellington Adams, de la dite ville de Whitby, dentiste ; D. E. Starr, de la ville de Brampton, comptable ; Jeremiah Long, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand de grains ; George H. Starr, de la ville de Brandon, marchand ; Joshua Richardson, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme ; Thomas J. Holliday, du village de Brooklin, marchand ; Frank Warren, du dit village de Brooklin, docteur en médecine ; révérend James O. Carmichael, du village de Columbus, pasteur presbytérien ; James Rowe Philp, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand.

6 Les dits George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Rév. J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren, et James Rowe Philp, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires, tous résidant au Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Whitby, 1er février 1882.

32-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil pour l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après nommées et les constituant en corps politique sous le nom de "Compagnie de bestiaux du Nord-Ouest, limitée," dans le but d'élever et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, de pratiquer dans toutes ses branches l'élevage des bestiaux à ou dans la région de la rivière Bow, dans le territoire du Nord-Ouest, Canada, la dite compagnie devant avoir son bureau principal dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les noms des dits requérants sont les suivants :—
Sir Hugh Allan, baronet, Andrew Allan, gentilhomme, Thomas D. Milburne, gentilhomme, Charles Stimson, marchand, tous de Montréal, et Frédérick Smith Stimson, de Compton, dans la province de Québec, fermier.

Les dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Procureur des requérants.

Montréal, 17 janvier 1882

30-6

AVIS DIVERS.

COMPAGNIE DU GRAND TRONC DES CHEMINS DE FER DU CANADA.

AVIS est par le présent donné que l'assemblée semestrielle ordinaire de la compagnie aura lieu à l'hôtel "City Terminus," rue Cannon, Londres, Angleterre, jeudi le 30 mars prochain, à 1 heure p.m. précise, dans le but de recevoir un rapport des directeurs et pour la dépêche de certaines autres affaires de la compagnie.

Avis est également donné que l'assemblée en sera une spéciale dans le but de faire l'élection ordinaire des directeurs.

Avis est de plus donné que les livres de transfert de la compagnie seront clos à Londres depuis lundi, le 6 mars jusqu'au jour de l'assemblée, ces deux jours inclusivement, et qu'ils seront clos au Canada pour un mois précédent la date de l'assemblée.

Par ordre,

H. W. TYLER,
Président.
J. B. RENTON,
Secrétaire.

Montréal, 22 février 1882.

35-1

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

AVIS est donné par les présentes que l'assemblée générale de la société du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien, se réunira le vingt-neuf avril prochain (29 avril 1882).

Toutes les actions de la société étant nominatives, il sera pourvu, par un deuxième avis qui paraîtra 15 jours au moins avant la date de l'assemblée, à la désignation de l'endroit où se tiendra l'assemblée générale.

L'administrateur délégué,
J. WURTELE.

Le secrétaire-général,
M. CHEVALIER.

Montréal, 22 février 1882.

35-tf

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

DIVIDENDE No. 93.

Les actionnaires de la Banque du Peuple sont par les présentes notifiés qu'un dividende semi-annuel de deux pour cent (2 0/0) pour les six mois courant, a été déclaré sur le fonds capital et sera payable au bureau de la banque, lundi, le sixième jours de mars prochain et les jours suivants.

Le livre de transfert sera fermé du 15 au 23 février inclusivement.

Par ordre du bureau des directeurs,
A. A. TROTTIER,
Caissier.

Montréal, 31 janvier 1882.

32-5

AVIS.—L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque du Peuple aura lieu au bureau de la Banque, rue Saint-Jacques, lundi, le six mars prochain, à trois heures p.m., conformément aux 16me et 17me clauses de l'acte d'incorporation.

Par ordre du bureau des directeurs,
A. A. TROTTIER, caissier.

Montréal, 31 janvier 1882.

32-5

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



CHAMBER OF THE SENATE.

OTTAWA, Friday, 3rd March, 1882.

This day at half-past three o'clock p.m. His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL proceeded to the Chamber of the Senate, in the Parliament Buildings, and took his seat upon the Throne. The Members of the Senate being assembled, His Excellency was pleased to command the attendance of the House of Commons, and that House being present, the following Bills were assented to in Her Majesty's name by His Excellency the Governor General, viz:—

An Act for the relief of the Bank of Prince Edward Island.

An Act for the repeal of the duty on Promissory Notes, Drafts and Bills of Exchange.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 31st January, 1882.

JOHN SMITH, Esquire, M.D., of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario; to be a Commissioner under the Act 32-33 Vict., cap. 24 (1869) as amended by the Act 33 Vict., cap. 28 (1870) and for the purposes thereof.

22nd February, 1882.

WILLIAM L. HAMILTON, Esquire, District Inspector of Inland Revenue for the District of Kingston in the

Province of Ontario; to be a Commissioner, under 41 Vic. Cap. 7, Sec 5, to administer the necessary oaths to all and every person or persons holding or who may be appointed to any office under the Great Seal of Canada or under the Privy Seal, or Seal at Arms of the Governor General of Canada, within the Counties of Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry, Prescott, Carleton, Russell, Lanark, Renfrew, Leeds, Grenville, Frontenac, Lennox, Addington, Hastings and Prince Edward, The District of Nipissing and the Cities of Ottawa and Kingston, all in the Province of Ontario.

RICHARDSON BORRADAILE, Esquire, District Inspector of Inland Revenue for the Provinces of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island; to be a Commissioner, under 41 Vic. Cap. 7, Sec. 5, to administer the necessary oaths to all and every person or persons holding or who may be appointed to any office under the Great Seal of Canada, or under the Privy Seal or Seal at Arms of the Governor General of Canada within the Provinces of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

24th February, 1882.

THOMAS GIBBS FIFE, of Deseronto, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for Canada.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present

PARLIAMENT:

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

South Riding of the County of Simcoe,—Richard Tyrwhit, of the Township of West Gwillimbury, Farmer, in the place of the late William C. Little, deceased.

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the thirty-second and thirty-third years of Our Reign, chaptered twenty-four, and intituled "An Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works," as amended by the Act passed in the thirty-third year of Our Reign, chaptered twenty-eight, and intituled "An Act to amend an Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day in such Proclamation named, the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof shall be in force in any places in Canada, in such Proclamation designated, within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any Railway, Canal or other Public Work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof should be in force;

And whereas it is in and by the said Acts further in effect enacted that the said Act first above mentioned or any such section or sections thereof shall, upon and after the day named in any such Proclamation as aforesaid, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation;

Now KNOW YE, that We do hereby under and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Acts and by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, proclaim and declare that upon and after the First day of February, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, all the sections of the first mentioned Act as so amended, excepting sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, shall be in force in the following localities, namely: all those portions of the Province of Ontario, lying within ten miles on each side of the located line of the Canadian Pacific Railway (Eastern Division) between Algoma Mills and Callender Stations including the said portion of the line itself and extending for a distance of ten miles beyond either extremity thereof.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom those presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRTY-FIRST day of JANUARY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

36-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 17th day of December, 1881.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator of the Government, on the recommendation of the Minister of the Interior and under the provisions of the Act 43 Vic., chap. 26, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations for the disposal of Coal Lands be and the same are hereby adopted:—

1. That leases of mining locations may be granted for twenty-one (21) years, to applicants—in the order of their applications—who have satisfied the Minister of the Interior of their means and ability to work efficiently the mines applied for, an annual ground rent therefor of twenty-five cents an acre, to be paid half-yearly in advance.

2. That the lessee shall pay a royalty of ten cents per ton, on all coal taken out of the mine. Quarterly Returns, made under oath, to be furnished to the Minister of the Interior, by the lessee, showing the quantity of coal taken out, the dues thereon to be paid at the time of making such return.

3. That the area to be leased to one person shall not exceed three hundred and twenty (320) acres.

4. That the boundaries beneath the surface, of such locations, shall be the vertical planes or lines in which their surface boundaries lie.

5. That failure to commence active operations within one year and to work the mine within two years after the commencement of the term of the lease, or to pay the ground rent or royalty, shall subject the lessee to forfeiture of the lease and resumption of the land by the Crown.

6. The lease to be renewable for further periods of twenty-one years each, and for such ground rent and royalties as may at the time of renewal be agreed upon by the Government and the Lessee.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

35-4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 20th day of February, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient to admit Neat Cattle for breeding purposes from the Western United States subject to the restrictions and regulations hereinafter referred to,—

On the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture and under the provisions of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada held in the 42nd year of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter 23, and intituled "An Act to provide against infectious "or contagious diseases affecting animals,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to make the following Regulations and orders as follow:—

1. That a point of land on the river St. Clair, closely adjoining the frontier of the United States, at Point Edward, to the north of the Grand Trunk Railway Company's Line, be declared a Cattle Quarantine Station.

2. That cattle for breeding purposes may be admitted for Quarantine at such Station, subject to the

regulations and restrictions contained in the "Health of Animals Order" dated 23rd of April 1880, and published in the *Canada Gazette*.

35-3 J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Saturday, 11th February, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 9th and 55th sections of the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the fortieth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10, and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered, that the Out Port of Desoronto, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby detached from the Port of Napanec, and that the same be and is hereby erected into an independent Port of Entry and Warehousing Port from and after the 1st March, 1882.

34-3 J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 9th day of February, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the Minister of Agriculture has reported that representations have been made to him that it is a custom to import into Canada, in bales, second hand Head-Ropes which have been used for tying up cattle in the United Kingdom or on ship-board, and that there is reason to believe contagious disease may be communicated by the use of such Head-Ropes,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the importation of Head-Ropes which have been used, be and the same is hereby prohibited.

34-3 J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 3rd March, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (4).

No. 1.

REGULATIONS AND ORDERS FOR THE MILITIA, 1879.

Paragraph 306.

The following has been added as a sub-paragraph to paragraph 306:—

"(2) In all such cases the Surgeon of the Battery is to be present when the salute is fired, and his name will be included for pay."

Paragraph 157.

The following has been added as a sub-paragraph to paragraph 157:—

"(2) In cases where the uniform clothing of any corps has been in possession for the regulated number of years drill, and a new issue is required,

the Staff Officer of the District is to make a personal inspection of the worn clothing last issued, and may condemn any portion of it he considers unsuitable for further use in consequence of its deterioration from fair wear and tear. Articles so condemned may, under direction of the Commanding Officer, be permitted to remain as extra articles, in possession of the corps.

No. 2.

Artillery.

The resignations of Lieutenant Colonel Thomas Bland Strange as an Inspector of Artillery of the Dominion, and as Commandant of "B" Battery of Artillery, Royal School of Gunnery, have been accepted, both to date from 1st February, 1882.

No. 3.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

34th Ontario "Battalion of Infantry."

No. 2 Company, Greenwood.

To be Captain:

2nd Lieutenant Wilbur Henderson, M.S., vice Farewell, promoted.

The resignation of Lieutenant John E. Bryant is hereby accepted.

35th Battalion of Infantry "Simcoe Foresters."

No. 6 Company, Bradford.

The resignation of Captain Robert John Wilson is hereby accepted.

No. 10 Company, Penetanguishene.

To be Lieutenant:

Sergeant John Landrigan, M.S., vice Tindall.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Captain Robert Swanton Appelbe, M. S., 10th Battalion; from 24th February, 1882.

Captain David Martyn Allan, M.S., No. 4 Company, 30th Battalion; from 16th February, 1882.

Lieutenant Alfred Sidney Johnson, M. S., No. 3 Company, 18th Battalion; from 16th February, 1882.

Lieutenant Waller George Tubby, M.S., No. 3 Company, 20th Battalion; from 24th February, 1882.

Lieutenant Adam William Graham, M.S., No. 1 Company, 25th Battalion; from 16th February, 1882.

Lieutenant Thomas Edmund Robson, M.S., No. 8 Company, 26th Battalion; from 16th February, 1882.

Lieutenant Robert McEwen, M.S., No. 1 Company, 26th Battalion; from 16th February, 1882.

Lieutenant Alexander Moir, M.S., No. 4 Company, 30th Battalion; from 16th February, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Joseph Boyce Thompson, M.S., 2nd Battalion; from 24th February, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Oliph Leigh-Spencer, M.S., 10th Battalion; from 24th February, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Hugh Robert Cleland, M.S., No. 2 Company, 31st Battalion; from 24th February, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant John James O'Donovan, M.S., No. 6 Company, 34th Battalion; from 24th February, 1882.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Montreal Brigade of Garrison Artillery.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Ernest Howard, Gentleman, vice Levin, promoted.

*8th Battalion "Royal Rifles," Quebec.**No. 1 Company.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :
George Edwin Allen Jones, Gentleman, vice
Webster, promoted.

*23rd "Beauce" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 2 Company, Aylmer.*

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant Jude Alfred
Chassé is hereby accepted.

No. 3 Company, St. François.

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant Hermias Dupuis
is hereby accepted.

*Dorchester Provisional Battalion of Infantry.**No. 2 Company, St. Isidore.*

To be Lieutenant :
2nd Lieutenant Edouard Turgeon, M.S., vice A.
Chabot, appointed Adjutant.
To be Adjutant :
Lieutenant Achille Chabot, V. B., from No. 2 Com-
pany, vice Rouleau, retired.

Temiscouata Provisional Battalion of Infantry.

Captain and Paymaster L. Denis Hudon to have
the honorary rank of Major, from 28th May, 1879.

*85th Battalion of Infantry.**No. 2 Company, St. Jean Baptiste Village.*

The services of Lieutenant John E. McEvenue, as
an officer in the Active Militia, are hereby dispensed
with.

BREVET.

To be Major :
Captain Israel Wood, C.V.B., Adjutant 5th Provi-
sional Regiment of Cavalry ; from 23rd February,
1882.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Captain Alexis A. Laferrière, M.S., No. 3 Company,
86th Battalion.
Lieutenant Clark Hall, M.S., No. 4 Company, 52nd
Battalion.
2nd Lieutenant Joseph Sloan, M.S., No. 6 Company,
50th Battalion.
2nd Lieutenant Joseph James Persons, M.S., No. 4
Company, 52nd Battalion.
2nd Lieutenant James Henry Burns, M.S., No. 5
Company, 83rd Battalion.
2nd Lieutenant Gédéon Rochette, M.S., No. 6 Com-
pany, 86th Battalion.
The above named Officers are confirmed in their
rank from 25th February, 1882.
2nd Lieutenant Eugène Rossignol, M.S., No. 4 Com-
pany, Kamouraska Provisional Battalion ; from 17th
February, 1882.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

71st "York" Battalion of Infantry.

The Companies of this Battalion are hereby re-
numbered as follows :—

No. 2 Company "St. Mary's,"	to be No. 1 Company
" 3 " "McKeen's Corners"	" 2 "
" 4 " "Stanley"	" 3 "
" 5 " "Frederickton"	" 4 "
" 6 " "Blissville"	" 5 "

The "St. Stephen" Company of Infantry hereby
ceases to be an Independent Company, and is attached
to this Battalion as No. 6 Company.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

*68th "King's County" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 7 Company, Aylesford.*

Erratum in No. 2 of General Orders (22) 13th
October, 1871, in appointment "To be Ensign," read
"Sergeant George W. West, M.S.," instead of "Ser-
geant George West provisionally."

No. 4.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.**SCHOOLS OF MILITARY INSTRUCTION.**

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES.

Captain Robert Swanton Appelbe,	10th Battalion.
do David Martyn Allan,	30th do
Lieutenant Alfred Sidney Johnson,	18th do
do Waller George Tubby,	20th do
do Adam William Graham,	25th do
do Thomas Edmund Robson,	26th do
do Robert McEwen,	26th do
do Alexander Moir,	30th do
2nd Lieutenant Joseph Boyce Thompson,	2nd Batt.
do Oliph Leigh-Spencer,	10th Battalion.
do Hugh Robert Cleland,	31st do
do John James O'Donovan,	34th Batt.
Sergeant Francis Francis,	10th Battalion.
do Charles C. Roe,	20th do
do Robert Leonard Barker,	20th do
do Joseph Edwin Rogers,	35th do
do L. Clarke Raymond,	44th do
do Marcus Lee,	77th do
Corporal William Lawson,	26th do
do Thomas Francis Burnet,	35th do

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Captain Alexis A. Laferrière,	86th Battalion.
Lieutenant Clark Hall,	52nd do
2nd Lieutenant Joseph Sloan,	50th do
do Joseph James Persons,	52nd Batt.
do James Henry Burns,	83rd Battalion.
do Gédéon Rochette,	86th do
do Eugène Rossignol,	Kamouraska Pro- visional Battalion.
Sergeant W. J. Booth,	54th Battalion.
do F. G. Bernier,	61st do
do Henri Réni,	80th do
do Olivier Paré,	81st do
do James Mason,	83rd do
do Michel Gervais,	84th do
do J. E. B. Cartier,	84th do
do Benjamin Alfred Benoit,	84th do
Corporal Arthur A. Lent,	60th do

No. 5.

RESERVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Regimental Division of Pontiac.

To be Major :

Arthur Lyon, Esquire, vice Smith, retired.

No. 2 Company Division.

To be Captain :

Lieutenant George Bryson, Junior, vice Thomas Bryson, deceased.

To be Lieutenant :

Ensign James Coghlan, vice G. Bryson, promoted.

To be Ensign :

John George Poupore, Gentleman, vice Coghlan, promoted.

No. 3 Company Division.

To be Lieutenant :

Narcisse Bessette, Gentleman, vice Michael Coghlan, left limits.

To be Ensign :

Fletcher Warren, Gentleman, vice Samuel Richardson, left limits.

No. 4 Company Division.

To be Ensign :

William Cahil, Gentleman, vice Robert Turnbull, deceased.

No. 5 Company Division.

To be Captain :

Lieutenant William Grout Leroy, vice William Cobb, left limits.

To be Lieutenant :

Ensign Matthew McFarlane, vice Leroy, promoted.

To be Ensign :

Richard McRitchie, Gentleman, vice McFarlane, promoted.

No. 6 Company Division.

To be Captain :

H. Gaboury, Esquire, vice Thomas Moorehead, deceased.

To be Lieutenant :

Michael Hughes, Gentleman, vice Thomas McVeigh, left limits.

To be Ensign :

Michael O'Meara, Gentleman, vice John Kavanagh, left limits.

No. 8 Company Division.

To be Captain :

Lieutenant and Captain William Clarke, vice James Shaw, deceased.

To be Lieutenant :

Ensign Edward Hodgins, vice Clarke, promoted.

To be Ensign :

John Shaw, Gentleman, vice Hodgins, promoted.

No. 9 Company Division.

To be Ensign :

William Evans, Gentleman, vice Thomas Craig, left limits.

No. 10 Company Division.

To be Lieutenant :

Ensign Egerton R. Mohr, vice Charles Leader, deceased.

To be Ensign :

W. H. Meredith, Gentleman, vice Mohr, promoted.

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 28th February, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,831,759 50
Excise.....	419,738 21
Post Office.....	132,044 55
Public Works, including Railways.	101,874 22
Bill Stamps	14,972 10
Miscellaneous	137,239 42
	<u>\$ 2,637,628 00</u>
Revenue to 31st January, 1882.....	18,987,191 65
	<u>\$21,624,819 65</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,236,886 88
do 31st January, 1882.....	15,719,930 37
	<u>\$16,956,817 25</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st March, 1882.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until Monday, 13th March, 1882, from persons desirous of leasing the privilege of ferrying across the Ottawa from Pembroke, in the Province of Ontario, and Allumette Island, in the Province of Quebec, in accordance with the Order in Council of the 1st June, 1881, and 2nd March, 1882, and the following regulations established thereunder.

REGULATIONS.

1st. Limits.

The limits of the ferry shall extend from the Allumette Rapids, below the Town of Pembroke, in the County of Renfrew, to the Narrows above the said town, a distance of about five miles on the Ottawa River.

2nd. Landing Stages.

Suitable landing stages or wharves serviceable at all states of the water in the river must be constructed on both sides ; on North shore at either Charles Warren's wharf or Desjardins' wharf, or some point between, on South shore either at Supple's wharf or Thistle wharf or some point between,—subject to the approval of the Department of Inland Revenue.

3rd. Ferry-Boat.

The Lessee shall provide and maintain a vessel propelled by steam suitable for the conveyance of passengers, horses and cattle, and all ordinary vehicles, with safety and reasonable dispatch, and such vessel shall be not less than 80 feet in length by 18 feet beam, must have a Government certificate as to the safety of the boiler and engine, and shall be subject to the approval of the Inland Revenue Department.

4th. Number of Trips.

During the season of navigation, the ferry-boat shall commence running daily (Sundays excepted) at sunrise, and shall continue to cross thereafter as often as may be found necessary for the convenience of the public until sunset, the number of such cross-

INLAND REVENUE OFFICE,

HAMILTON, 25th February, 1882.

ings to be determined from time to time by the Department of Inland Revenue. Until otherwise determined, the Lessee shall provide convenient and sufficient means of signalling and shall cross from side to side whenever signalled to do so.

5th. The Tariff.

For a two-horse cart or conveyance and driver, each way, including horses.....	40
For one-horse cart or conveyance and driver, including horse, each way.....	30
For one horse, each way.....	25
For each additional horse, the property of the same party.....	15
For each head of horned cattle, each way.....	25
For each additional head of horned cattle, the property of the same party, each way.....	15
For each head of swine or sheep.....	10
For each additional head of swine or sheep, the property of the same party.....	5
For each passenger, with baggage, not exceeding fifty pounds.....	10
For each package of merchandize or goods (other than the above) under 100 lbs.....	5
For lots of freight weighing over 100 lbs. and under 500 lbs., per 100 lbs.....	4
For lots of freight weighing over 500 lbs., per 100 lbs.....	3

Sixth.

The ferry-boat shall be placed on the route fully completed and equipped, and the landing stages shall be fully constructed on or before the 1st day of May, 1882.

Seventh.

The lease will be granted for a period of five years from the 1st day of May, 1882.

Eighth.

The Lessee will be required to give two sureties satisfactory to the Department of Inland Revenue, who shall be held jointly and severally in the sum of \$1,000 for the full compliance by the lessee with the terms of the lease.

Ninth.

The right is reserved to the Department of Island Revenue of rejecting the ferry-boat or landing stages or either of them, should any of them be deemed unsuitable for the service or unsafe to the public or inadequate to meet the public wants. The right is also reserved to the Governor in Council to modify the maximum tariff should it be found expedient in the public interest to do so; and the Governor in Council may declare the lease forfeited and void whenever it shall be satisfactorily shown that the Lessee fails to comply with the conditions thereof.

Tenth.

The notice of the rates of fares and tolls to be charged shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the ferry-landing on both sides, and also on board of ferry-boat employed.

The proposals must state the amount which the party tendering is willing to pay per annum for the privilege referred to, which amount will be payable in advance, the terms of the lease being for five years from the first of May 1882.

All proposals must be addressed to the undersigned and endorsed on the envelope "Tenders for the Pembroke Ferry."

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa.

To all whom it may concern.

BY virtue of the authority given by the Act 43 Vic., chap. 19, sec. 163, sub-secs. 3, 4, the license granted to Michael Doran, on the 23rd day of July, 1881, to carry on business as a Bonded Manufacturer, in the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, Province of Ontario, is hereby cancelled in consequence of his refusing to pay duties as provided by law.

C. G. FORTIER,
Coll. I. R.

NOTICE.—Under the provisions of the eighty-fourth section of the Dominion Lands Act (1879), an adjourned meeting of the Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors for the examination of Candidates will take place at 10 o'clock a.m., on Monday, the 27th day of March, 1882, at the Dominion Lands Office, in the City of Ottawa.

By order,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Surveyor General of Dom. Lands.
Ottawa, 3rd March, 1882.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE,

OTTAWA, 3rd March, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a licence for the transaction of fire insurance in Canada has been this day issued to the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company, the head office in Canada being situated in the city of Montreal, and Walter Kavanagh and C. L. Bossé being chief agents.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
Superintendent of Insurance.

NOTICE is hereby given that a commission or power of attorney granted by "The Trust and Loan Company of Canada," to William Chapman, Esquire, and Russell, Maule Stephenson, Esquire, jointly and each of them separately and the survivor of them their Commissioners and Commissioner to conduct the affairs of the said company in Canada, to execute deeds and other documents relating to mortgage or sale of lands and to give receipts and acquittances for money due to the said company, has been registered at full length and duly filed in the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, pursuant to the provisions of an Act of the Parliament of the late Province of Canada in that behalf (25th Vic., ch. 72).

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

Secretary of State's Office,
Ottawa, 24th February, 1882.

35-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 4th day of February, 1882, incorporating John Hogan Parks, of the Town of Portland, in the City and County of St. John, and Province of New Brunswick, manufacturer; Thomas Roswell Jones, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Vincent Samuel White, of the said City of St. John, merchant; Robert Turner, of the said City of St. John, merchant; Richard Penniston Starr, of the said City of St. John, merchant; Alexander Shives, of the said Town of Portland, ship owner; Isaac Burpee, of the said Town of Portland, Gentleman; Thomas Wilder Daniel, of the said City of St. John, Gentleman; Charles Robert Coker, of the said

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City of St. John, surveyor to Lloyd's Register of British and Foreign Shipping; James de Wolfe Spurr, of the said City of St. John, Gentleman; William Elder, of the said City of St. John, publisher; Thomas Furlong, of the said City of St. John, merchant; John McGuiggan, of the said City of St. John, contractor; Dudne Breeze, of the said City of St. John, merchant, and Thomas McAvity, junior, of the said City of St. John, merchant, for the purpose of manufacturing, spinning, weaving, dyeing, bleaching, printing, buying and selling of cotton yarns, cloths, prints, and other manufactures of cotton and other textile fabrics, and the owning of buildings, machinery and plant, and the owning or hiring of buildings and land necessary therefor,—by the name of "The St. John Cotton Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars, divided into two thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State, this 17th day of February, 1882.

34-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of January, 1882, incorporating Robert Benny, merchant, James Henry Peck, merchant and manufacturer, Alexander Chivas Clarke, broker, John Smythe Hall, the younger, advocate, George Hutton Patterson, insurance agent, James Benny, merchant and manufacturer, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada; James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the County of Ottawa and Province of Quebec aforesaid, merchant, Andrew Thomson, trader, George Benson Hall, trader, both of the City of Quebec in the said Province of Quebec, and George Duryer, of the City of New York, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, Doctor of Medecine, for the purpose, 1st, of acquiring, and working "Duryer's Blow Pipe Process," as patented under date the twenty-third day of April 1880 in Canada, or any improvements thereon, for smelting ores of gold, silver and other metals, and for smelting ores of iron, and making iron, steel and other commodities therefrom; 2nd, of acquiring and working other processes for the manufacture of gold, silver, iron and steel, or other metals; 3rd, of erecting rolling mills, and generally to manufacture any iron steel, or other commodity; 4th, of acquiring any lands for the erection of furnaces thereon, and other

purposes of the company, or any lands containing or supposed to contain iron or other minerals or petroleum, not exceeding twenty thousand acres in all; 5th, and to have the power of selling, or leasing any such patented processes as the said company may acquire,—by the name of the "Canadian Iron and Steel Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of one million dollars, divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 16th day of February, 1882.

34-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of January, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	271,669 02	.....
Malt Liquor	150 00	.....
Malt	33,825 87	.....
Tobacco	124,332 90	.....
Petroleum Inspection	1,539 59	.....
Manufactures in Bond	2,645 44	.....
Seizures	63 16	.....
Other Receipts	501 00	.....
Total Excise Revenue		434,729 93
Canals .....		.....
Slides and Booms .....		.....
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.		1,948 25
Minor Public Works		276 39
Culling Timber .....		.....
Inspection of Weights and Measures		2,246 36
Inspection of Gas		251 75
Bill Stamps		24,018 31
Total		463,471 04

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

33-3

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000.....	\$4,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock.....	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital.....	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities.....	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada.....	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months.....	171,555 73
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	389 51
		Other Assets	2,054 24
			2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.

Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest..... Nil.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Agricultural Implements	"	8,818 00	1,862 37
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals.	6,828 00	1,740 35
Animals.....	"	11,077	1,570 18
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	\$	6,122 00	1,338 60
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	6,693 00	1,338 60
Breadstuffs, viz :—		112,136 00	18,675 78
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush.	24,802 00	6,406 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls.		
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	164,424 00	21,392 20
Candles.....	Lbs.	63,313 00	6,888 83
Chicory.....	"	17,531 00	5,884 36
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons.	1,746 00	421 05
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs.	817 00	706 04
" " U. States.....	"	96,638	53,278 07
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	56,629	1,187 23
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	29,508	1,115 99
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	4,608 00	1,115 99
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	15,366 00	2,154 30
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Fancy Goods.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Fish.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Fruit, Dried.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
" green, &c.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Furs.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Glass and Glassware.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Hops.....	Lbs.	71,464 00	17,674 70
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	5,093 00	1,797 25
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	19,443 00	1,896 60
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	756,990 00	160,966 80
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Malt.....	Lbs.	5,597 00	965 42
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	127,599 00	27,957 25
Musical Instruments.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals.	29,207 00	7,188 09
" all other, N.E.S.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Paints and Colors.....	"	47,549 00	25,458 69
Paper and manufactures of.....	\$	20,669 00	4,571 18
Perfumery, &c.....	"	18,135 00	3,047 15
Provisions, viz :	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs.	1,221 00	368 80
Butter.....	"	1,988,344	164,994 00
Cheese.....	"	711	20,877 00
Lard.....	"	8,773	187 00
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	2,031 00	28 44
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs.	130,664	260 19
Seeds.....	\$	15,185 00	2,613 08
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	6,567 00	1,284 97
Soap of all kinds.....	"	53,400	
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	290 00	52 08
Starch.....	Lbs.	13,860 00	2,126 30
Spirits of all kinds	Gals.	106,633 00	29,888 80
Wines, other than Sparkling	"	3,811 00	1,207 77
" Sparkling	Doz.	12,307 00	2,598 45
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs.	2,132 00	645 60
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	"	84,422	116,499 25
" below No. 9, D.S.....	"	41,146	26,033 04
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	"	1,520	7,023 30
" Melado, &c., &c.....	"	379,495	9,471 25
Glucose and Syrups.....	"	4,485,053	80,470 92
Molasses for refining.....	Gals.	15,943,537	89,847 61
Molasses not for refining.....	"	140,270	2,446 69
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs.	611,726	8,346 47
" United States	"	68,071	1,359 05
Tobacco and Cigars.....	"	60,146	3,780 50
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	270,342	10,548 55
Woollen manufactures	"	644,078	28,422 73
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down	Lbs.	157,197	10,140 93
combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other	"	17,365	13,530 57
like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	\$	24,449 00	23,713 16
All other dutiable articles.....	"	91,910 00	75,407 75
	\$	278,242 00	
Total Dutiable Goods		882 00	66 03
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		7442,569 00	99,593 75
Free Goods, all other.....			
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 4,989,497 00	\$ 1,309,981 27
		146,441 00	
		1,621,618 00	
		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$ 1,309,981 27

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British Columbia, for January 1882. Including the months of November and December for Manitoba.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total,
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	50,582 00	649 00	51,231 00
do Fisheries.....	487,125 00	343 00	487,468 00
do Forest.....	356,708 00	37,636 00	394,344 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,110,183 00	23,544 00	1,133,727 00
Agricultural Products.....	1,904,968 00	50,321 00	1,955,289 00
Manufactures	173,751 00	30,578 00	204,329 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	44,361 00	887 00	45,248 00
Totals.....	4,127,678 00	143,958 00	4,271,636 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Total.....	4,127,678 00	143,958 00	4,271,636 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 23rd February, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

STATEMENT OF INLAND REVENUES ACCRUED DURING THE SIX MONTHS ENDED

SERVICES.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Excise—Spirits	299,383 91	260,825 93	294,558 50	371,672 09	370,728 46	372,343 64	1,969,512 53
Malt Liquor	4,300 00	750 00	500 00	200 00	50 00	50 00	5,850 00
Malt.....	21,235 83	24,172 79	31,408 13	34,517 57	39,351 48	30,622 57	181,308 42
Tobacco.....	152,267 34	149,584 42	194,350 59	174,411 92	165,299 57	140,628 36	976,542 20
Inspection of Petroleum.....	1,026 55	1,926 90	3,338 71	3,786 71	3,677 81	2,490 31	15,946 99
Manufactures in Bond.....	2,982 18	2,726 52	3,481 24	3,134 28	3,172 24	1,408 58	16,905 04
Seizures.....	156 11	141 59	41 50	132 62	178 30	8,062 78	8,712 90
Other Receipts.....	6,108 32	1,547 74	524 50	529 00	787 75	651 11	10,148 42
Total, Excise.....	487,460 29	441,675 89	527,903 17	588,384 16	583,245 61	556,257 35	3,184,926 50
Carrels	47,633 95	51,739 10	43,853 74	38,881 98	25,205 13	238 23	207,602 13
Slides and Booms	9,727 19	5,223 93	1,258 50	40 00	2,263 08	36,239 70	54,752 40
Hydraulic Rents, &c.....	4,891 10	3,075 98	126 00	2,181 00	77 77	496 50	10,848 35
Minor Public Works.....	559 67	729 18	283 92	880 76	259 05	270 42	2,983 00
Culling Timber	8,777 64	8,896 38	6,692 22	4,052 14	6,930 55	2,615 86	37,964 79
Inspection of Weights and Measures	3,008 20	2,785 76	3,267 63	3,088 49	1,883 40	1,334 30	15,367 81
Inspection of Gas	160 50	141 50	173 75	175 50	263 65	229 60	1,144 50
Bill Stamps	13,341 27	16,156 83	21,224 79	15,960 95	22,493 39	16,215 90	105,393 13
Other Revenues	1,248 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,248 26
	576,858 07	530,424 55	604,783 75	653,645 01	642,621 63	613,897 86	3,622,230 87

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, February 10, 1882.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of January, 1882 Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Dec., 1881	\$7,842,274 53	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$301,881 34
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	647,310 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	2,334 45	Balance:—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,144,970 76
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	45,066 88
			8,190,037 64
	8,491,918 98		8,491,918 98

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 20th February, 1882.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST FEBRUARY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Byrnedale.....	Rochester.....	Essex..... O.	William Byrne.
Cariboo Gold Mines.....	.....	Halifax..... N.S.	Charles Turple.
Clearwater.....	Sec. 16, Tp. 2, R. 12.....	Marquette..... M.	Robert Rogers.
Darlingford.....	" 6, " 3, " 7.....	Marquette..... M.	T. E. Mahaffy.
Deer Lake.....	Cardiff.....	Peterborough, E.R..... O.	William Ogilvie.
a. East Hall's Harbour Road.....	.....	Kings..... N.S.	Owen R. Roscoe.
Friars Head.....	.....	Inverness..... N.S.	Rvd. W. M. Leblanc.
Grandes Piles.....	Radnor.....	Champlain..... Q.	Théophile Roux.
Harrison Settlement.....	.....	Cumberland..... N.S.	William Harrison.
Kilroy.....	Colchester.....	Essex..... O.	William Currie.
Lewisham.....	Ryde.....	Muskoka..... O.	J. G. Taylor.
Moose River.....	.....	Cumberland..... N.S.	William Roberts.
McGrath Mountain.....	.....	Pictou..... N.S.	Donald Cameron.
b. Mount Uniacke Gold Mines.....	.....	Hants..... N.S.	Chas. S. McLean.
Odell.....	Westminster.....	Middlesex, E.R..... O.	W. L. Odell.
Plaisance.....	Ste. Angélique.....	Ottawa..... Q.	Mrs. Octavie L. Auclair.
Purple Hill.....	Cartwright.....	Durham, W.R..... O.	Moses Hambly.
Plaster Mines.....	.....	Victoria..... N.S.	Donald McKenzie.
Port Sandfield.....	Medora.....	Muskoka..... O.	Enoch Cox.
St. Cyr.....	Cleveland.....	Richmond..... Q.	Seth Taylor.
St. Joseph.....	.....	Antigonish..... N.S.	A. McGillivray.
South River.....	Macher.....	Muskoka..... O.	William Holditch.
Spring Valley.....	Elizabethtown.....	Leeds, S.R..... O.	Abel Yates.
Tilley.....	Lansdown.....	Leeds, S.R..... O.	John Stoops.
West Inglisville.....	.....	Annapolis..... N.S.	George Beal.

a. Opened on the 1st December, 1881.

b. Opened on the 1st January, 1882.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Birkhall..... Co. Lambton, O.
Luttrell..... Co. Essex, O.
Hopefield..... Co. Renfrew, S.R., O.
Hansford..... Co. Cumberland, N.S.
Melbourne Ridge..... Co. Richmond, Q.

NAME CHANGED.

Grass Hill, Co. Victoria, S.R., O..... to Peirin.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85					
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25					
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65					
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00					
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00					
Total.....	14,774,593 75					

Fractional Notes.....	171,691 85
Provincial "	160,967 65
Montreal issue.....	7,159,706 00
Toronto "	4,826,007 00
Halifax "	1,736,958 50
St. John "	689,870 25
Victoria "	29,392 50
Total.....	\$14,774,593 75

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on
the 31st January.....,..... 2,533,321 11
Guarantee Sterling Debentures 2,920,000 00
5,453,321 11

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under
Vic. 43, cap. 13—
10 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75 1,477,459 37

Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—
15 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75 2,216,189 06 \$3,693,448 43

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 1,759,672 68

Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13. 12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,774,593 75..... 11,080,945 32

Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 919,054 68

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 1,759,672 68
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 919,054 68

Total Excess..... 2,678,727 36

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31ST JANUARY, 1882.

CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.

City and District Savings Bank.....
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....

ASSETS.

Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
\$ cts.	\$ cts. 1,335,832 18	\$ cts. 600 00	\$ cts. 2,343,923 80	\$ cts. 1,688,892 02	\$ cts. 883,688 16	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. *432,456 34	\$ cts. 6,865,392 50
95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	1,012,501 70	150,228 75	1,149,283 13	83,000 00	237,220 00	128,611 18	3,577,265 18

City and District Savings Bank.....
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th Feb., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Eds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilton.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000).....	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash.....	Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Fire and Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company (Hamilton).....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B. C. Bonds.....	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Fire.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Guarantee.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)	
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal.....	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock.....	
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....	Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000.....	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£21,000 stg., Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B).....	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life; Plate Glass Insurance.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Life.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....	
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life,

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$36,382 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,667, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$93,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200).....	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31ST MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary. Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st October, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 30th Sept., 1881.	Deposits for October, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, October, 1881.	Balance, 31st October, 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	485,321 16	46,576 37	531,897 53	42,952 82	488,944 71
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg	289,784 51	83,607 00	373,331 51	39,394 65	333,996 86
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,290,116 20	70,951 00	1,361,067 20	47,108 80	1,313,958 40
Nanaimo	135,663 51	8,479 00	144,142 51	5,983 50	138,159 01
New Westminster.....	156,350 08	11,381 00	167,731 08	6,148 21	161,582 87
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst	116,825 13	5,497 00	122,322 13	6,498 66	115,823 47
Antigonish	29,046 83	2,755 00	31,801 83	992 27	30,809 56
Annapolis.....	110,071 44	8,147 00	118,218 44	6,010 92	112,207 52
Arichat	121,231 15	1,911 00	123,142 15	3,099 88	120,042 27
Acadia Mines	25,934 06	2,580 00	28,514 06	1,828 45	26,685 61
Baddeck.....	31,775 61	2,502 63	34,278 24	1,000 08	33,278 16
Bridgewater	18,059 89	695 00	18,754 89	780 00	17,974 89
Barrington	29,851 30	1,452 00	31,303 30	550 80	30,752 50
Digby.....	53,757 38	6,491 00	60,248 38	2,932 56	57,315 82
Guysboro'	41,135 69	2,135 00	43,270 69	1,670 87	41,599 82
Halifax.....	2,252,514 00	66,730 47	2,319,244 47	82,411 26	2,236,833 21
Kentville.....	77,266 54	6,689 30	83,955 84	2,189 60	81,766 24
Liverpool	109,249 45	3,801 00	113,050 45	2,747 40	110,303 05
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan	8,456 05	1,103 00	9,559 05	524 00	9,035 05
Lunenburg	66,716 06	1,685 00	68,401 06	2,724 72	65,676 34
Maitland.....	44,430 80	2,033 00	46,463 80	1,585 85	44,877 95
New Glasgow.....	82,869 75	6,654 00	89,523 75	2,954 10	86,569 65
Parrsboro'.....	39,871 71	1,260 00	41,131 71	1,051 55	40,080 16
Port Hood.....	42,857 23	1,690 00	44,547 23	736 97	43,810 26
Pictou.....	38,075 84	1,366 00	39,441 84	1,273 19	38,168 65
Shelburne	28,941 53	2,170 00	31,111 53	1,088 32	30,023 21
Sydney.....	155,306 23	4,424 00	159,730 23	5,781 28	153,948 95
Sherbrooke.....	32,235 83	700 00	32,935 83	1,748 79	31,187 04
Truro	175,427 99	6,612 00	182,040 99	5,416 09	176,624 90
Wallace	4,940 25	1,781 00	6,721 25	190 50	6,530 75
Windsor.....	361,583 33	6,317 00	367,900 33	15,548 28	352,352 05
Weymouth	51,573 24	817 00	52,390 24	2,398 18	49,992 06
Yarmouth	264,241 61	15,522 00	279,763 61	8,634 98	271,128 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst	59,583 41	1,888 00	61,471 41	1,154 58	60,316 83
Chatham.....	177,502 43	6,401 00	183,903 43	4,397 65	179,505 78
Dalhousie	132,187 63	3,194 00	135,381 63	1,786 38	133,595
Dorchester.....	16,269 35	2,131 42	18,400 77	2,591 29	15,809 48
Fredericton.....	260,563 68	8,102 00	268,665 68	10,652 85	258,012 83
Hillboro'.....	18,092 31	725 00	18,817 31	376 14	18,441 17
Moncton.....	107,317 23	13,157 00	120,474 23	8,166 93	112,307 30
Neswcastle	115,139 76	8,740 00	123,879 76	3,762 20	120,117 59
Richibucto.....	64,553 06	390 00	64,943 06	847 99	64,095 07
St. Andrews	183,138 50	4,018 00	187,156 50	1,245 98	185,910 52
St. John.....	1,522,567 46	46,151 00	1,568,718 46	30,001 52	1,538,716 94
Sussex		3,282 00	3,282 00	280 00	3,002 00
Woodstock.....	165,144 98	6,278 00	171,422 98	3,746 12	167,676 86
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown	658,047 29	26,456 00	684,503 29	20,066 09	664,437 20
Total.....	10,251,601 12	517,429 19	10,769,030 31	395,033 25	10,373,997 06

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th January, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th Sept., 1881, published in accordance with the Act 34 Viet., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Aug., 1881.	Deposits for Sept., 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, Sept., 1881.	Balance, 31st Sept., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario,—</i>					
Toronto.....	486,581 51	34,115 00	520,696 51	35,375 35	485,321 16
<i>Manitoba,—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	253,986 53	68,750 00	322,736 53	32,952 02	289,784 51
<i>British Columbia,—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,268,968 23	70,960 00	1,339,928 23	49,812 03	1,290,116 20
Nanaimo.....	134,026 28	4,978 00	139,004 28	3,340 77	135,663 51
New Westminster.....	146,861 68	14,592 00	161,453 68	5,103 60	156,350 08
<i>Nova Scotia,—</i>					
Amherst.....	110,886 37	8,463 00	119,349 37	2,524 24	116,825 13
Antigonish.....	25,149 83	4,732 00	29,881 83	835 00	29,046 83
Annapolis.....	107,942 98	6,391 00	114,333 98	4,262 54	110,071 44
Aricbat.....	123,076 71	3,583 82	126,660 53	5,429 38	121,231 15
Acadia Mines.....	24,805 63	1,877 00	26,682 63	748 57	25,934 06
Baddeck.....	28,383 85	4,100 00	32,483 85	708 24	31,775 61
Bridgewater.....	17,447 83	1,754 00	19,201 83	1,141 94	18,059 89
Barrington.....	28,022 30	1,969 00	29,991 30	140 00	29,851 30
Digby.....	54,886 52	4,006 00	58,892 52	5,135 14	53,757 38
Guysboro.....	39,647 09	3,068 00	42,715 09	1,579 49	41,135 69
Halifax.....	2,226,177 87	88,881 28	2,315,059 15	62,545 15	2,252,514 00
Kentville.....	76,604 73	4,437 46	81,042 19	3,775 65	77,266 54
Liverpool.....	108,165 58	2,307 00	110,472 58	1,223 13	109,249 45
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan.....	8,526 05	411 00	8,937 05	481 00	8,456 05
Lunenburg.....	68,216 73	930 00	69,146 73	2,430 67	66,716 06
Maitland.....	43,198 19	4,036 00	47,234 19	2,803 39	44,430 80
New Glasgow.....	83,246 75	3,507 00	86,753 75	3,884 00	82,869 75
Parrsboro.....	42,097 52	1,148 00	43,245 52	3,373 81	39,871 71
Port Hood.....	43,248 23	455 00	43,703 23	846 00	42,857 23
Pictou.....	36,365 60	2,015 00	38,380 60	304 76	38,075 84
Shelburne.....	29,715 39	408 00	30,123 39	1,181 86	28,941 53
Sydney.....	150,430 46	7,418 00	157,848 46	2,542 23	155,306 23
Sherbrooke.....	31,813 02	2,500 00	34,313 02	2,077 19	32,235 83
Truro.....	172,714 37	8,309 00	181,023 37	5,595 38	175,427 99
Wallace.....		5,040 00	5,040 00	99 75	175,427 99
Windsor.....	365,903 83	14,941 00	380,844 83	19,261 50	361,583 33
Weymouth.....	48,876 93	3,712 00	52,588 93	1,015 69	51,573 24
Yarmouth.....	250,452 62	19,647 00	270,099 62	5,858 01	264,241 61
<i>New Brunswick,—</i>					
Bathurst.....	59,441 92	1,195 00	60,636 92	1,053 51	59,583 41
Chatham.....	171,804 99	10,212 00	182,016 99	4,514 56	177,502 43
Dalhousie.....	127,312 16	5,969 00	133,281 16	1,093 53	132,187 63
Dorchester.....	16,371 35	230 00	16,601 35	332 00	16,269 35
Fredericton.....	245,712 66	20,393 00	266,105 66	5,541 98	260,563 68
Hillsboro'.....	16,361 26	1,993 00	18,354 26	261 95	18,092 31
Moncton.....	103,546 76	11,284 00	114,830 76	7,513 53	107,317 23
Newcastle.....	115,947 79	2,796 00	118,743 79	3,694 03	115,139 76
Richibucto.....	61,549 06	3,546 00	65,095 06	542 00	64,553 06
St. Andrews.....	178,284 64	9,714 00	187,998 64	4,860 14	183,138 50
S. John.....	1,501,703 92	45,961 00	1,547,664 92	25,097 46	1,522,567 46
Woodstock.....	163,118 09	5,783 00	168,901 09	3,756 11	165,144 98
<i>Prince Edward Island,</i>					
Charlottetown.....	641,231 11	34,259 13	675,490 24	17,442 95	658,047 29
Total.....	10,038,825 57	556,776 69	10,595,602 26	344,001 14	10,251,601 12

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th Dec., 1881.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

- 1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"
- 2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
- 3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

** In any other Province.*

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height

of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application shall be made at this session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to revive the Patent granted to Jolin Dickinson Brunton under number 5757, for an apparatus for cutting, dressing, planing, turning and shaping stone, on the 3rd March, 1876, for five years

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicant.

Montreal, 23rd February, 1882.

35-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the "Indemnity Company of North America," with power to carry on business in Canada and the United States as a guarantee, accident and life assurance company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 16th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; and to provide for the governance of the said Church; and for the acquiring, holding and administra-

ration of the funds and property thereof; and to declare the funds and property held in trust for said Church by the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, under the Act of the Province of Canada, 22 Vic., chap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," to have been at all times since the passing of said Act, and to be now held for the benefit of said Church to be incorporated, and of the Ministers belonging thereto; and to vest the said fund and the management thereof for the future in the corporation of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, to be created by said Act to be applied for. And also to declare the funds and property held in trust for the support of the Widows and Orphans of the Ministers of said Church, under the Act of the Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic., chap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the managers of the Ministers' Widows and Orphans' fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," to have been at all times since the passing of said last mentioned Act, and to be now held in trust for the benefit of said Church, to be so incorporated, and for the support of the Widows and Orphans of the Ministers thereof; and to be vested for the future in the said Corporation of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland to be created by the said Act to be applied for; and also to provide for the future management of all said funds and property; and to amend said two above mentioned Acts, and any other Act or Acts, in so far as may be necessary for the purposes aforesaid, or to repeal the same if necessary; and to make such further provisions as may be requisite to give full force and effect to the intents and purposes of the Act so to be applied for.

MACMASTER, HUTCHINSON, KNAPP & WEIR,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated 11th February, 1882. 33-1f

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Ocean Mutual Insurance Company," for the purpose of carrying on the business of Ocean Marine Insurance in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM & TUPPER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Halifax, 25th January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company, to construct and operate a line of railway, commencing at a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, in or near Township Ten (10), Range Fourteen (14) West P. M., in the Province of Manitoba, to Rapid City, Oak River, Bird Tail Creek and Fort Ellice, thence to the Touchwood Hills, and thence at or near Fort à la Corne, on the Saskatchewan River, and thence in a north westerly direction to or at or near the Pine River Pass, and thence to the Pacific Coast, at a point to be determined upon hereafter in the discretion of the company.

BIGGS & WOOD,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act to incorporate a company for

the erection and maintenance of Booms and other improvements affecting the lumber interest on Rainy River, for the levying of tolls, dues and charges thereon, and for colonization upon the territory bordering on said river.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.
Ottawa, 3rd February, 1882. 32-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Canadian Electric Light Company shall apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to ratify and confirm their Act of incorporation, to give them the necessary authorization to secure motive powers and the generation of electricity in any part of the Dominion of Canada, and to authorize them to use and work certain patents granted in Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 23rd January, 1882. 31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the Manitoba Midland Railway Company, with power to build and operate a railway beginning at East Garfield, on the Canada Pacific Railway, thence to the town of Macdonald on the Portage and North Western Railway, thence westerly through or near Rapid City, to some points on the Saskatchewan or Peace Rivers in the North West Territories, with power also to build bridges and telegraph lines and to build branch line from Macdonald to Lake Manitoba.

McMILLAN & TAYLOR.
Winnipeg, 27th Jan., 1882. 31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 22 Vic., cap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the members of the said board to confirm and enact the provisions of the Acts of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic., cap. 62, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," and 38 Vic., cap. 64, intituled "An Act to amend the Act intituled 'An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland.'" and of the Act of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 75, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presbyterian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants. 31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic. cap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland"; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the said managers; to confirm and enact the provisions of the Act of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic. cap. 61, intituled "An Act to amend 'An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,' save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to confirm and enact the provisions of an Act passed by the Legislature of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 76, intituled "An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston," and to enable the said College to stand towards the Presbyterian Church in Canada in relations similar to those which it lately held to the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; or to otherwise deal with the matters referred to in the said last-mentioned Act.

JOHN HAMILTON (of Kingston),
Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the McClary Manufacturing Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the said company with increased powers.

MEREDITH & SCATCHERD,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act to reduce the paid-up capital and stock of "The Exchange Bank of Yarmouth" to the extent of thirty per cent.

SANDFORD H. PELTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.
21st January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Qu'Appelle Land Company" with power to acquire, improve and sell lands and promote immigration, and with other powers.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK.
Solicitors for the applicants.
Toronto, 16th January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an amendment of the Letters Patent incorporating the said company, in respect of the nationality and residence of the directors of the said company.

TAIT & ABBOTTS.

Montreal, 18th January, 1882.

30-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the Great American and European Short Line Railway Company, with power: 1st. To construct, equip and operate lines of railway from a point at or near Cape North, in the Island of Cape Breton, to the Strait of Canso, and from the Strait of Canso, through the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario, to a point or points in United States Territory; 2nd. To construct, equip and operate steamers, and steam ferry communication between any of the Provinces of the Dominion, and between the Dominion and Newfoundland, and between the Dominion and Europe, and between Newfoundland and Europe, and also said ferry connection on the Strait of Canso; 3rd. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with the matter and powers before mentioned, and the working and operating of the same.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
for self and other Corporators.

Halifax, 3rd January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE.—"The Bell Telephone Company of Canada" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to its Act of incorporation 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to manufacture besides the articles referred to in such second section such other articles or things as the company may deem advisable, also to transmit messages by telegraph as well as by telephone, also to purchase telegraph as well as telephone lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its telegraph and telephone lines from any one to any other of the Provinces in the Dominion, and whereby also it shall be declared that said Act of incorporation and its amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,
Solicitors for said company.

Montreal, 17th January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is given that application will be made to Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the St. Lawrence and Pacific Railway Ferry Co.

Montreal, 10th January, 1882.

29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway and telegraph from some point at or near to Michipicoton Harbor, on the north east of Lake Superior, to Moose Fort or some other point on James' Bay,

wherever it might be deemed most advisable to build the line.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for the applicants.
Toronto, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to amend the Act 43 Vic. chap. 46, and to define the powers, duties and term of office of the liquidators appointed to wind up the affairs of the Consolidated Bank of Canada, and to provide for their replacement, in consequence of the remaining assets having been disposed of, and for other purposes.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Great Eastern Railway Company.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the passage of an Act to consolidate the several Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company and declaratory of the powers heretofore granted to the said company, and to grant to the said company all such other powers as have heretofore been granted by Parliament to other telegraph companies.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Montreal Office, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Western Canada Colonization Company," with power to acquire, improve and sell lands, and promote immigration, and with other powers.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 3rd January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.
28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the term of several

patents of invention issued to Thomas A. Edison, and to extend the time for manufacture under the terms of the said patents and the general statutes in that behalf, and to allow importation of articles covered by such patents for a limited time.

OSLER, GWYN & TEETZEL,
Solicitors for the said Thomas A. Edison.
Dated Hamilton, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to extend the period limited for the completion of the works of the Canada Southern Bridge Company.

CROOKS, KINGSMILL & CATTANACH,
Solicitors for the company.
28-9

NOTICE is given that the "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to the eighth and thirteenth sections of the Act 44 Vict., chap. 58, intituled "An Act to increase and extend the powers of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.
Montreal, 29th December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act incorporating "The International Construction Company," with power to said company to enter into contracts for the construction, equipment or operating of railway and telegraph lines, canals, bridges, steamboats and barges within the Dominion of Canada, and for acquiring, holding, selling and leasing of real estate, within said Dominion.

THOMAS WELLS,
Solicitor for applicants.
Winnipeg, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company; to make provision for the issue of a certain amount of paid-up stock, as paid-up shares of stock in said company; to increase the amount of bonds, or debentures, which may be issued by said company; to authorize said company to construct a bridge over the Ottawa river, at some point between the village of Aylmer and the city of Ottawa: to fix a day for the annual general meeting of the shareholders of said company; and for other purposes.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 22nd December, 1881. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, by "The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada," for an Act to amend the Acts incorporating and relating to the said company by authorizing the said company to carry on the business of inland and ocean marine insurance, and

to otherwise extend the business of the company; to authorize the directors to levy assessments on the shareholders whenever the stock is impaired, or to readjust or write off any part of the paid-up capital; to extend the class or nature of securities in which the company may invest its funds; to authorize the company to take over the business of or to amalgamate with any other company, and otherwise to extend the powers of the company and to amend the said Acts.

J. K. KERR,
Solicitor for the company.

Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 28-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the British America Assurance Company, will apply to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, to pass an Act amending their charter, and the several Acts affecting the same, by changing the time for the holding of the annual meeting of the said company, and the election of the directors thereof, from the first Monday of August to the second Thursday in the month of February in each year; and to close the financial year of the company, for the annual statement, to be submitted to the proprietors of the said company at the said meeting, on the 3rd day of December in each year, and to consolidate all Acts affecting the said company as so amended.

C. GAMBLE,
Solicitor for B.A.A. Co.

British America Assurance Co. Buildings,
Toronto, 5th January, 1882. 23-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the "Commercial Travellers Association of Canada," to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to give effect to the By-Laws of the Association; and to declare the "Accident" and "Mortuary" benefits provided by such By-Laws to be exempt from liability to the creditors of any member of the Association; and also providing for the deposit with the Dominion Government of the "Permanent Reserve Fund" of the Association for the purpose of securing the said benefits and upon terms as similar as may be to those provided for deposits with the Government under the General Insurance Acts; and to otherwise amend and extend the Acts relating to the said Association.

H. SYMONS,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated the third day of January, 1882. 28-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the "Anchor Insurance Company" by enabling it to transact the business of Fire Insurance, to reduce its capital and for other purposes.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 22nd Dec., 1881. 28-9

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation

constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Alexander G. Ramsay, of the City of Hamilton, General Manager Canada Life Insurance Company; William Hendrie, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; Adam Brown, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; John Dunlop, of the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, Esquire; James Crowther, of the City of Toronto, Esquire; James Scott, of the said City of Toronto, merchant; William Mulock, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire, and Robert H. Bethune, of the said City of Toronto, cashier of the Dominion Bank.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, the 2nd day of March 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by name of "The Dominion Colonizing, Cattle Breeding and Coal Mining Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.

(e) To aid either by way of bonuses or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company, to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing

or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use, and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f.) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels, and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g.) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h.) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep, and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(i.) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

The Town of Picton and the City of Toronto to be the chief places of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$1,000,000. There are to be ten thousand shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say, The following residing in the Town of Picton: Charles Stewart Wilson, banker, William Henry Allison, barrister at law, Q. C., James N. Carter, George C. Curry, James Hart, Joseph Redmond, Charles A. Macdonell, Allan Innis Corkindale and Webster T. Crandall and William P. Reynolds, merchants, William M. Colton, Henry B. Evans, and James B. Morden, physicians, Stephen M. Conger and John W. Conger, publishers, Arthur William Hepburn, Robert Clapp, Thomas Bog, Edward Horan and Clarence James McCuaig, Gentlemen. The following residing in the village of Wellington: Joseph B. Ruttan, physician, Gilbert P. Dorland, Gentleman, Paul Charles Vanhorn, Gentleman, and David Clinton, manufacturer; and the following residing in Consecon: James Albert Johnson, Joseph Pierson, John Byers and Richard John Osborne, merchants; and the following residing in the township of Ameliasburg: William Delong, George Anderson, James Henry Peck and George Cunningham, farmers, and John Sprague, merchant; and the following residing in Sophiasburg: Wellington Boulter, insurance agent, John Crawford and Edward Doney, farmers; and the following residing in the township of Athol: John Abercrombie, John Waring, Montalbert Werden, John Gibson, Eli Ketchum, Benjamin F. Hubbs, William Kenny and Patrick Bond, farmers; and the following residing at Rednersville: James Redner, merchant; and the following residing in the township of South Marysburg: Carlton McCartney, Wesley Hicks, Nelson Hudgins and Philip Farrington, farmers; and the following residing in the township of North Marysburg: John Prenyer, Gentleman, and David McAuley, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hallowell: Abram Huyck, farmer, and Adam H. Saylor, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hillier: Samuel Jones and Stephen Philip Niles, farmers, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Picton, 2nd March, 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Domi-

nion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes herein-after mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Morton Dairy Farming and Colonization Company of Manitoba (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, or elsewhere, from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising, more particularly dairy farming, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, with branches at the City of Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$1,000,000 in ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses and callings of each of the applicants are as follows: Thomas Harris Hodgson, merchant, Alfred James Brice, merchant, George Bishop, engraver, Charles Huston, manufacturer, Thomas Cramp, merchant, all of the said city of Montreal; John Macleod Gill, manufacturer, Robert Gill, manufacturer, both of the Town of Brockville, in the Province of Ontario; John Smith, manufacturer, James David Crawford, broker, both of the said City of Montreal; Colin Munro, Sheriff, of the County of Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banker, both of the City of St. Thomas, in the Province of Ontario, and George Morton, of the City of Kingston, Gentleman, of whom the six first named are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

DUNLOP & LYMAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th February, 1882.

36-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter instituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the

name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned :

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Dominion Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are :

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil ; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon ; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company ; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise ; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought ; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows :

Henry Stark Howland, of the City of Toronto in the Province of Ontario, banker ; William Rees Brock, of the same place, merchant ; John Ginty, of the same place, contractor ; John Gillespie, of the same place, merchant ; George A. Muttibury, of the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba, real estate agent, and Jeffrey Hall Brock, of the same place, agent. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH, Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 24th February, A. D. 1882. 36-6

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada, after the publication of this notice for one month, by Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond and David Young, all of the City of Winnipeg, for letters patent under the "Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," constituting them and others who may become associated with them, a body corporate and politic, under the name of "The Manitoba Land Company, Limited."

2. The objects of said company are to acquire, hold, sell, lease, convey real estate and cultivate farm property and sell the produce thereof, within the Province of Manitoba and North West Territories.

3. The capital stock of the said company shall be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The head office of the said company shall be the City of Winnipeg.

5. The said Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond and David Young,—all of whom, with the exception of John H. Hammond, are British subjects, and all reside within the Dominion of Canada,—shall be the first Directors of the said company.

BIGGS & WOOD.

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Winnipeg, 20th February, 1882. 35-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of 40 Victoria, chapter 43, entitled "An Act to amend the law respecting the incorporation of Joint Stock Companies by Letters Patent," for the grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent in the manner and for the purposes following :

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The Farmers North-West Land and Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of land or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof ; the erection of buildings including mills and machinery, and the making of other improvements thereon ; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed on, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and for the promotion of emigration.

3. The principal place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand, and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and callings of each of the applicants are, Thomas Long, M.P.P., merchant, Charles Macdonell, miller, George Moberly, barrister-at-law, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, Clerk in Holy Orders, John Francis Mathieson, insurance agent, William Basil Hamilton, postmaster, Andrew Ginty Campbell, steamboat agent, Adam Dudgeon, Division Court Clerk, Charles Gamon, barrister-at-law, Andrew Melville, merchant, Thomas Worthington Fair, merchant, James Lindsay, merchant, Alexander McDermid, merchant tailor, Frank Foster Telfer and Herbert Young Telfer, confectioners, Hall Telfer, baker, Edward Richmond Carpenter, druggist, John Guinness Laird, Clerk in Holy Orders, Edward Sallows, Clerk in Holy Orders, Annie McGillivray, spinster, Bella McGillivray, spinster, Bernard Callary, merchant, George Warburton Hodgetts, bank manager, Henry Wentworth Bell Smith, accountant, Samuel Ditson, merchant, William Ward Willis, Baptist Minister, Alexander Buist, Gentleman, Charles Cameron, steamboat owner, and John Joseph Long, merchant, all of the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe ; John Hogg, of the Town of Portage La Prairie, conveyancer ; the Honorable David Reesor, of the Town of Yorkville, in the County of York, Senator ; William Bouchier, yeoman, Donald A. Currie, yeoman, Thomas Robinson, insurance agent, James Leach, yeoman, and David Emery Buist, yeoman, all of the Township of Nottawasaga, in the County of Simcoe ; George Bullas Bristow, Arthur Holroyd and John Buckingham, yeomen, all of the Township of Osprey, in the County of Grey ; Henry

Horace Thompson, of the Village of Penetanguishene, in the County of Simcoe, merchant; Alexander McCarthy, of the Town of Barrie, in said County, post office conductor; Robert James Sproul, merchant, and John Wesley Armstrong, Division Court Clerk, both of the Village of Flesherton, in the County of Grey; Walter Hunter, merchant, Robert Herbert Hunt, doctor of medicine, Thomas Wesley Tyson, Walter Lount Tyson, and John Henry Tyson, millers, Emma Louisa Hartman, all of the Village of Clarksburg, in the County of Grey; Charles Hunt, Gentleman, William H. Smith, grain buyer, all of the Village of Thornbury, in the County of Grey; James Hill Hunter, merchant, of the Town of Durham, in the County of Grey; George William Monk, M. P. P., yeoman, of the township of March, in the County of Carleton; Robert Henry, lumber merchant, Patrick Hughes, merchant, both of the City of Toronto, in the County of York; Frederick John French, Gentleman, of the Town of Prescott, in the County of Grenville; Michael Gartlan and Charles O'Brien, merchants, both of the Village of Stayner, in the County of Simcoe; Timothy Rodgers, yeoman, of the Village of Bradford, in the County of Simcoe; Gideon Striker, M. P. P., of the Town of Picton, in the County of Prince Edward; William Broder, merchant, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas; Wilfred Charles Schrieber, wood agent, of the Village of Allandale, and Charles Cotton Bridges, yeoman, of the Township of Oro, both in the County of Simcoe.

7. The following are the first directors of the said company, namely, the above named Thomas Long, M. P. P., Charles Macdonell, Andrew Melville, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, George Moberly, John Francis Mathieson, William Basil Hamilton, Hall Telfer, Adam Dudgeon, Thomas Worthington Fair and Charles Gamon.

MOBERLY & GAMON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Collingwood, 15th February, 1882. 34-6

DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor General in Council for the Dominion of Canada, for letters patent of incorporation of a company.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company to be "The Lindsay Paper Mill Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes and objects for which incorporation are sought are the manufacturing and dealing in paper, pulp, cardboard, strawboard and millboard, and materials composed of paper and of paper and other materials, and of utilising, manufacturing and dealing in rice grass and other material used in connection with the manufacture of paper or paper stock, or combination of paper and other material; with powers to work and operate mills, and have warehouses and works in connection thereof in different parts of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be in the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be sixty thousand dollars (60,000).

5. The number of shares to be six hundred (600), and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars (\$100).

6. The names in full and the address of the applicants are as follows:—Alexander A. Stevenson, publisher; William D. O'Brien, agent; Richard Jellyman, merchant; Richard White, publisher; Alexander R. Brown, merchant; Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Senator; Henry Dobell, merchant; Peter A. Peterson, engineer; Henry J. Tiffin, merchant; Arthur H. Plimsoll, accountant; Anthony H. Sims, merchant; Charles R. Hosmer, agent; Charles R. Hosmer, agent in trust; Robert Campbell, merchant; George W. Craig, agent; Miss Emily C. S. Bagg, spinster, and Charles T. Gibbs, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, and Samuel Arthur McMurtry, Banker, of Lindsay, in the Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

That the names of those who are to be the first or provisional directors to the said company are the said Alexander A. Stevenson, Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White and S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,

Attorneys for applicants.

Montreal, 13th February, 1882.

31-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Company" (Limited).

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

Edward Gurney, the younger, City of Toronto, manufacturer; John Edward Rose, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; Alexander Sutherland, City of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; Dennis Moore, City of Hamilton, manufacturer; Richard Brown, City of Toronto, merchant; William Glass, City of London, sheriff; William Briggs, City of Toronto, clergyman; Henry E. Clarke, City of Toronto, manufacturer; Daniel Maclean, City of Toronto, merchant; Edward Hartley Dewart, City of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; John Thomas Moore, City of Toronto, accountant; John Jacob Withrow, City of Toronto, manufacturer; Samuel John Hunter, City of Toronto, clergyman; Charles Douglas Warren, City of Toronto, merchant; Leonard Gaety, City of London, clergyman; Thomas

McCormick, City of London, manufacturer; George Robinson, City of London, merchant; Robert Warren, Town of Niagara, yeoman.

The first fifteen of said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company and are all residents of Canada.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRILL & COATSWORTH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act" by "The North West Trading Company, limited," incorporated by letters patent dated the 22nd day of July A. D. 1873, for Supplementary Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada extending the powers of the said company for the following purposes:—

1. To acquire lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territory from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals. To survey, colonize, settle, cultivate and build upon said lands. To sell, rent, mortgage or otherwise dispose of said lands. To advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, securing such advances with interest by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land, on such terms and in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon. To breed, buy and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on all farming operations.

2. To increase the capital stock of the said company to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent for company.

Ottawa, 17th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic, in and by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company." The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

The acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing re-payment for such advances on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon.

To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote emigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid, to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or other vessels, or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incident thereto.

The City of Toronto shall be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$150,000 consisting of 1,500 shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of the applicants are: N. Clarke Wallace, M.P., merchant, of the Village of Woodbridge, Silas James, Provincial Land Surveyor, James Armstrong, student-at-law, John J. Cook, merchant, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, accountant, Elgin Schoff, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto; James Duncan, farmer, Emery, P. O. John Duncan, farmer, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, farmer, Elders Mills,—of whom the said N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor and James Duncan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 9th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made under the provisions of the Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act 1877, by Sir Hugh Allan, steamship owner, Andrew Allan, steamship owner, Honorable Thomas Ryan, senator, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Hugh McLennan, merchant, Andrew Thomas Drummond, financial agent, all of the City of Montreal, and Arthur Wellington Ross, member of the Provincial Legislature, and Charles Sinclair Drummond, financial agent, both of the City of Winnipeg, for letters patent constituting them and such others as may become shareholders in the Company thereby created, a body corporate under the name of the "Montreal and Western Land Company, Limited."

The objects for which incorporation is sought are the purchase, leasing or otherwise acquiring of land, or any interests therein, in the Dominion of Canada; the holding, using, settling, cultivating, stocking with horses and cattle, or otherwise improving the same; the erection of buildings thereon; the establishment of stores thereon, and the purchase and sale of articles of merchandize of every description; the erection or acquirement, working and renting of saw mills and flour mills thereon; the construction, acquirement and use of and the taking of interests either directly, or as shareholders incorporated with others, in steam and sailing vessels, tramways, canals, road and other works of any description necessary or expedient as a means of access to, or for the improvement of the said lands; the promotion of immigration to the said property; the selling, leasing, exchanging, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with the said lands or interests therein, or the said personal property, belonging to the said company; the assisting of and the advancement of monies to settlers and the taking, holding, selling or otherwise disposing of mortgages or other instruments intended to secure monies advanced or remaining due on the lands so sold; the issuing of bonds secured on the real and personal assets of the company; the acting as agents of any Government, corporation or individual in the sale of lands and the settlement thereof and the promotion of immigration; and generally the accomplishment of all such purposes and works as are necessary or incidental to the attainment of the aforesaid objects.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be in the City of Montreal.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The said Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Honorable Thomas Ryan, George Alexander Drummond, Hugh

McLennan, Arthur Wellington Ross, and Andrew Thomas Drummond, all of whom are residents of Canada and subjects of Her Majesty, are to be the first or provisional directors.

DRUMMOND BROTHERS & CO.,

Agents for applicants.

Montreal, 7th February, 1882.

33-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made, by the persons hereinafter named, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Great Seal, constituting the said persons hereinafter named and such others as may become shareholders of the company to be thereby created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877."

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Stevens Turner and Burns Foundry and General Manufacturing Company, Limited"

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are for carrying on a general brass and iron foundry business and manufacturing agricultural, electrical and other machines and appliances and engines of every description, and for dealing in such machines, appliances and engines, and in all kinds of brass, iron and other metal goods.

3. The chief place of business of said company in the Dominion of Canada is to be the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, with branches and agencies in such other places within the Dominion as may be deemed necessary.

4. The amount of the capital stock of said company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five thousand of fifty dollars each.

6. The names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—

Thomas Allen Stevens, William Pearce Turner, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Joseph Seymour Fallows and John Elliott, all of the said City of London, manufacturers; Henry Taylor, of the said City of London, broker; Charles Murray, of the same place, banker; Benjamin Cronyn, of the same place, barrister; John Labatt, of the same place, brewer, and Frank Beamer Scovell, of the same place, practical engineer.

7. The said Thomas Allen Stevens, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Elliott, Henry Taylor, John Labatt and Charles Murray, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,

Solicitors for applicants.

London, 26th January, 1882.

32-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The North West Fertile Belt Colonization Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building

upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$1,000,000, in ten thousand shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: John Northwood, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, province of Ontario, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the same place, Gentleman; Andrew Northwood, of the same place, merchant; William Northwood, of the same place, maltster; William Smith Ireland, of the said Town of Chatham, bank manager; and William McGregor, of the Town of Windsor, in the County of Essex, in the said Province, miller, of whom the three first named are to be provisional directors of the company.

H. J. EBERTS,

For self and co-applicants.

Chatham, Ont., 24th January, 1882.

32-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation to the hereinafter mentioned applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in said company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for the purposes hereafter mentioned.

1. The acquiring of land or any interest therein in Manitoba or the North West Territories or elsewhere from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, or from any company or individuals. The colonization, settling, cultivating or building upon the said lands. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and otherwise disposing or dealing with the same. The borrowing, loaning and advancing of money upon the same, to assist the settler and securing such advances by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land as may be agreed upon. The breeding, raising, selling or purchasing of horses, cattle and sheep, and the carrying on of all farming operations.

2. The corporate name of the said proposed company is the "Ontario and North Western Land Company."

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at Whitby, in the County and Province of Ontario, having branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000. 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are George Young Smith, of the town of Whitby, barrister; Henry Betts Taylor,

of the said town of Whitby, Bank agent; Reverend J. Herbert Starr, of the said town of Whitby, Methodist Minister; John Rice, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Wellington Adams, of the said town of Whitby, dentist; D. E. Starr, of the town of Brampton, accountant; Jeremiah Long, of the said town of Whitby, grain merchant; George H. Starr, of the town of Brandon, merchant; Joshua Richardson, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Thomas J. Holliday, of the village of Brooklin, merchant; Frank Warren, of the said village of Brooklin, doctor of medicine; Reverend James A. Carmichael, of the village of Columbus, Presbyterian Minister; James Rowe Philp, of the said town of Whitby, merchant.

6. The said George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Reverend J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren and James Rowe Philp will be the first or Provisional Directors, all of whom reside in Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Whitby, 1st February, 1882.

32-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general annual meeting of the shareholders of the Sovereign Fire Insurance Co. of Canada, for the election of directors, will be held at the Company's offices, *Mail* building, Toronto, on Thursday, 16th March, 1882, at twelve o'clock noon.

F. A. BALL,
Manager.

Toronto, 1st March, 1882.

36-2

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general meeting of the Society of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien will be held the twenty-ninth day of April next (29th April, 1882).

All the shares of the Society being to order, it will be indicated by a second notice, to appear fifteen days at least prior to the date of said meeting, at what place it shall be held.

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.

M. CHEVALIER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 22nd February, 1882.

35-tf

HALIFAX BANKING COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Banking house on Wednesday the 15th day of March

next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of directors and transaction of other business.

By order of the Board,

W. L. PITCAITHLY,
Cashier.

Halifax, 10th February, 1882.

34-3

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company will be held at their Offices, No. 7 King Street West, Hamilton, Ontario, on Tuesday the seventh day of March A.D. 1882, at twelve o'clock noon.

34-3

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Imperial Bank of Canada will be held at the Head Office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 4th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of authorizing an increase to the capital stock of the Bank.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 16th February, 1882.

34-7

SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of ten per cent. on the capital stock of the above company has been made, payable at the offices of the Company, "Mail" Building, Toronto, on Tuesday, 15th August next, and that a further call of ten per cent. on the said capital stock, has been made, payable on the fifteenth of September next.

By order of the Board,

FREDK. A. BALL,
Manager.

Toronto, 8th February, 1882.

33-tf

PEOPLE'S BANK OF HALIFAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. on the capital of the People's Bank of Halifax, for the present half-year, will be paid at the Banking House, on and after Tuesday, the 28th February next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 13th to the 28th February.

PETER JACK,
Cashier.

Halifax, N. S., 27th Jan. 1882.

32-4

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

NOTICE.—The annual general meeting of the stockholders of La Banque du Peuple will be held at the Office of the Bank, St. James street, on the sixth of March next, at three o'clock p.m., in conformity with the 16th and 17th clauses of the Act of incorporation.

By order of the Board of Directors,

A. A. TROTTIER,
Cashier.

Montreal, 31st January, 1882.

32-5

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Ottawa will be held at the Banking House in Ottawa, on Wednesday the 15th day of March next, for the purpose of considering the distribution among the

present stockholders of the unsubscribed balance of the authorized capital stock of the Bank, and also to consider the propriety of opening other branches of the Bank.

Chair to be taken at 3 o'clock P.M.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN.

Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 2nd February, 1882.

32-6

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

DIVIDEND No. 93.

THE stockholders of La Banque du Peuple are hereby notified that a semi-annual dividend of two (2) per cent. for the last six months has been declared on the capital stock, and will be payable at the office of the Bank on and after Monday the 6th March next.

The transfer book will be closed from the 15th to the 28th February, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

A. A. TROTIER, Cashier.

Montreal, 31st January, 1882.

32-5

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



CHAMBRE DU SENAT.

OTTAWA, vendredi, 3 mars 1882.

Aujourd'hui, à trois heures et demie P. M., Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général s'est rendue à la Chambre du Sénat, dans l'édifice du Parlement, et a pris son siège sur le Trône. Les Membres du Sénat étant assemblés, il a plu à Son Excellence d'y faire requérir la présence de la Chambre des Communes, et cette Chambre s'y étant rendue, les Bills suivants ont été sanctionnés au nom de Sa Majesté par Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général, savoir :

Acte pour venir en aide à la Banque de l'Île du Prince-Edouard.

Acte à l'effet d'abroger les droits sur les billets promissoires, traites et lettres de change.

NOMINATIONS.

DEPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 31 janvier, 1882.

JOHN SMITH, écuyer, M.D., de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario ; Commissaire en vertu de l'Acte 32 33 Vict., chap. 24 (1869) tel qu'amendé par l'Acte 33 Vict., chap. 23 (1870) et pour les fins d'icelui.

22 février 1882.

WILLIAM L. HAMILTON, écuyer, Inspecteur du District du Revenu Intérieur pour le District de Kingston, dans la Province d'Ontario ; Commissaire, en vertu

de la 41e Vict., chap. 7, sec. 5, pour faire prêter les serments nécessaires à toutes les personnes qui ont été, ou qui seront nommées à des emplois par Commissions portant le Grand Sceau du Canada, ou le Sceau Privé du Gouverneur Général du Canada, dans les comtés de Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry, Prescott, Carleton, Russell, Lanark, Renfrew, Leeds, Grenville, Frontenac, Lennox, Addington, Hastings et Prince-Edouard, le District de Nipissing et les Cités d'Ottawa et Kingston, tous dans la Province d'Ontario.

RICHARDSON BORRADAILE, écuyer, Inspecteur du District du Revenu Intérieur pour les Provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard ; Commissaire en vertu de la 41e Vict., chap. 7, sec. 5, pour faire prêter les serments nécessaires à toutes les personnes qui ont été, ou qui seront nommées à des emplois par Commissions portant le Grand Sceau du Canada, ou le Sceau Privé du Gouverneur Général du Canada, dans les Provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et l'Île du Prince-Edouard.

24 février 1882.

THOMAS GIBBS PILE, de Deseronto, dans la Province d'Ontario, écuyer ; Percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

Bureau du Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie du Canada.

MEMBRE rapporté pour servir dans le présent PARLEMENT :

PROVINCE D'ONTARIO.

Division Sud du Comté de Simcoe,—Richard Tirwhit, du township de Gwillimbury Ouest, cultivateur, en remplacement de feu William C. Little, décédé.

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } **C**ONSIDÉRANT que par l'acte passé dans les trente-deuxième et trente-troisième années de notre règne, chapitre 24, et intitulé "Acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," tel qu'amendé par l'acte passé dans la trente-troisième année de notre règne, chapitre vingt-huit, et intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," il est entre autres choses décrété, que le Gouverneur en Conseil pourra aussi souvent qu'il le jugera nécessaire déclarer par proclamation, que, le et après le dit jour y mentionné, le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, ou tout article ou articles d'icelui, sera en vigueur dans tout endroit ou endroits

au Canada y désigné dans les limites ou dans le voisinage duquel tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique sera en voie d'exécution, ou tels endroits qui sont dans le voisinage de tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique comme susdit, dans les limites duquel il croit qu'il est nécessaire que le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné ou tout article ou articles d'icelui soit en vigueur ;

Et attendu que par et en vertu des dits actes il est en outre statué que le dit acte en premier lieu cité ou tout article ou articles d'icelui sera mis en vigueur, le ou après le jour mentionné dans telle proclamation, dans les endroits désignés dans telle proclamation ;

SACHEZ MAINTENANT que par et en vertu de l'autorité que nous confèrent ces dits actes, et par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, Nous proclamons, ordonnons et déclarons que, le et après le premier jour de février, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, tous les articles du dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, tel qu'amendé, excepté les articles deux, trois, quatre, cinq, six, sept, huit, neuf et dix, seront mis en vigueur dans les localités suivantes, savoir : dans toutes ces parties de la province d'Ontario, situées dans une circonscription de dix milles de chaque côté de la ligne localisée du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique (Division de l'Est) entre Algoma Mills et Callendar Stations y comprenant cette partie même de la ligne et s'étendant sur une distance de dix milles au-delà de chaque extrémité d'icelle.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce TRENTE-UNIÈME jour de JANVIER, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

36-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT.

Samedi, 17 décembre 1881.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU
GOUVERNEMENT EN CONSEIL.

IL a plu à Son Excellence l'Administrateur du gouvernement sur la recommandation du ministre de l'intérieur et en vertu de l'acte 43 Vic., chap. 26, d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que les règlements suivants concernant la disposition des terrains à charbon soient et les dits règlements sont par le présent adoptés :

10. Que l'affermage des terrains miniers pourra être fait pour (21) vingt et un ans, dans l'ordre de leurs demandes, aux requérants qui auront convaincu le ministre de l'intérieur de leurs moyens et habileté pour exploiter efficacement les mines qu'on sollicite, les dits requérants devant en ce cas payer un loyer de vingt-cinq centins par acre exigible semi-annuellement d'avance.

3

20. Que le locataire paiera un droit de dix centins par tonne sur tout le charbon tiré de la mine. Rapports trimestriels faits sous serment devant être fournis au ministre de l'intérieur par le locataire, montrant la quantité de charbon tiré de la mine, les droits exigibles sur icelle et la date de tel rapport.

30. Que l'étendue de terre à être louée à une personne n'excèdera pas trois cent vingt acres (320).

40. Les bornes de ces terrains en dessous de la surface de tels terrains loués seront les plans ou lignes verticaux dans lesquels est comprise la surface.

50. Le locataire devra commencer les opérations actives dans l'espace d'une année et exploiter la mine dans l'espace des deux années qui suivront le commencement du bail et payer le prix du loyer en même temps que les droits, sans quoi le bail sera résilié et la Couronne reprendra les terrains.

60. Le bail pourra être renouvelé pour d'autres périodes de vingt et une années chacune et pour tels prix et droits dont il sera convenu entre le gouvernement et le locataire.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier, Conseil Privé.

35-4

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Lundi, 20 février 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR-GENERAL
EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'il est opportun d'admettre des bestiaux sains des Etats-Unis de l'Ouest pour les fins de l'élevage, sujet aux règles et restrictions mentionnées ci-après,—

Sur la recommandation du ministre de l'agriculture et sous l'autorité de l'acte adopté dans la session du parlement du Canada tenue en la 42e année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 23 et intitulé "Acte pour protéger contre les maladies pestilentiellles ou contagieuses affectant les animaux,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil privé de la Reine pour le Canada de faire les règlements et ordres suivants :

1. Qu'un certain point sur la rivière Ste. Claire, adjoignant immédiatement la frontière des Etats-Unis à la Pointe Edouard, au nord de la ligne du chemin de fer du Grand Tronc soit considéré comme une station de quarantaine pour les bestiaux.

2. Que les bestiaux destinés aux fins de l'élevage soient admis en quarantaine à telle station—sujet aux règlements et restrictions contenus dans l'ordre concernant la santé des animaux," daté du 23 avril 1880 et publié dans la *Gazette du Canada*.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du conseil privé.

35-3

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Jeudi, 9 février 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR
GÉNÉRAL EN CONSEIL

ATTENDU que le ministre de l'agriculture déclare, suivant les représentations qui lui ont été faites, qu'on a l'habitude d'importer au Canada, en balles, des lie-cols d'occasion dont on s'est servi pour attacher des bestiaux dans le Royaume-uni ou à bord des navires, et qu'il y a lieu de croire que des maladies contagieuses peuvent être communiquées par l'emploi de tels lie-cols,—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, sur la recommandation du ministre de l'agriculture, d'ordonner et il est par le présent ordonné que l'importation de lie-cols qui ont déjà été employés, soit et la dite importation est par le présent prohibée.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

34-3

ORDRES GENERAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX,

OTTAWA, 3 mars 1882.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (3).

No. 1.

RÈGLEMENTS DE LA MILICE, 1879.

Paragraphe 306.

Ce qui suit a été ajouté et formera un sous-paragraphe :—

"(2) Le chirurgien de la batterie devra alors être présent lorsque la salve sera tirée, et aura droit à sa solde."

Paragraphe 157.

Ce qui suit a été ajouté et formera un sous-paragraphe :—

"(2) Lorsqu'un corps aura eu en sa possession un uniforme pendant le nombre voulu d'années d'exercices et requerra une nouvelle distribution, l'officier d'état-major du district fera personnellement une inspection de l'habillement porté en dernier lieu, et aura la liberté de mettre hors de service tout article qu'il considérera impropre à un plus long usage par suite de détérioration. Ces articles d'habillement ainsi mis hors de service pourront être par l'ordre de l'officier-commandant laissés en la possession des hommes faisant partie de ce corps comme articles de surplus.

No. 2.

Artillerie.

La démission du lieutenant-colonel Thomas Bland Strange, en qualité d'inspecteur d'artillerie du Canada et de la batterie d'artillerie "B," école royale d'artillerie, a été par le présent acceptée; à dater du 1er février 1882.

No. 3.

MILICE ACTIVE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

Brigade d'artillerie de place de Montréal.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

Ernest Howard, gentilhomme, *vice* Levin, promu.

8e bataillon "Carabiniers Royaux," Québec.

Compagnie No. 1.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

George Edwin Ailen Jones, gentilhomme, *vice* Webster, promu.

23e bataillon d'infanterie, "Beauce."

Compagnie No. 2, Aylmer.

La démission du 2nd lieutenant Jude Alfred Chassé est par le présent acceptée.

Compagnie No. 3, Saint-François.

La démission du 2nd lieutenant Hermias Dupuis est par le présent acceptée.

Bataillon provisoire d'infanterie de Dorchester.

Compagnie No. 2, Saint-Isidore.

Est nommé lieutenant :

2nd lieutenant Edouard Turgeon, E. M., *vice* A. Chabot, nommé adjudant.

Est nommé adjudant :

Lieutenant Achille Chabot, B. V., de la compagnie No. 2, *vice* Rouleau, qui s'est retiré.

Bataillon provisoire d'infanterie, Témiscouata.

Le capitaine et payeur L. Denis Hudon aura le grade honoraire de major; à dater du 28 mai 1879.

85e bataillon d'infanterie.

Compagnie No. 2, Village Saint-Jean-Baptiste.

Le lieutenant John E. McEvenue est par le présent remercié de ses services comme officier dans la milice active.

GRADE TITULAIRE.

Est nommé major :

Le capitaine Israel Wood, C.V.R., adjudant du 5e régiment provisoire d'artillerie; à dater du 23 février 1882.

GRADE CONFIRMÉ.

Capitaine Alexis A. Laferrière, E. M., compagnie No. 3, 86e bataillon.

Lieutenant Clark Hall, E. M., compagnie No. 4, 52e bataillon.

2nd lieutenant Joseph Sloan, E. M., compagnie No. 6, 50e bataillon.

2nd lieutenant Joseph James Persons, E. M., compagnie No. 4, 52e bataillon.

2nd lieutenant James Henry Burns, E. M., compagnie No. 5, 83e bataillon.

2nd lieutenant Gédéon Rochette, E. M., compagnie No. 6, 86e bataillon.

Les officiers ci-dessus nommés sont confirmés dans leurs grades à dater du 25 février 1882.

2nd lieutenant Eugène Rossignol, E.M., compagnie No. 4, bataillon provisoire de Kamouraska; à dater du 17 février 1882.

No. 4.

CERTIFICATS ACCORDÉS.

ÉCOLES D'INSTRUCTION MILITAIRE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

CERTIFICATS DE DEUXIÈME CLASSE.

Capitaine Alexis A. Laferrière, 86e bataillon.

Lieutenant Clark Hall, 52e do

2nd lieutenant Joseph Sloan, 50e do

do Joseph James Persons, 52e do

do James Henry Burns, 83e do

do Gédéon Rochette, 86e do

do Eugène Rossignol, bataillon provisoire de Kamouraska.

Sergent W. J. Booth, 54e bataillon.

do F. G. Bernier, 61e do

do Henri Réni, 80e do

do Olivier Paré, 81e do

do James Mason, 83e do

do Michel Gervais, 84e do

do J. E. B. Cartier, 84e do

do Benjamin Alfred Benoit, 84e do

Caporal Arthur A. Lent, 60e do

No. 5.

MILICE DE RÉSERVE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

Division régimentaire de Pontiac.

Est nommé major :

Arthur Lyon, écuyer, *vice* Smith, qui s'est retiré.*Division de compagnie No. 2.*

Est nommé capitaine :

Lieutenant George Bryson, fils, *vice* Thomas Bryson, décédé.

Est nommé lieutenant :

Enseigne James Coghlan, *vice* G. Bryson, promu.

Est nommé enseigne :

John George Poupore, gentilhomme, *vice* Coghlan, promu.*Division de compagnie No 3.*

Est nommé lieutenant :

Narcisse Bessette, gentilhomme, *vice* Michael Coghlan, qui a laissé les limites.

Est nommé enseigne :

Fletcher Warren, gentilhomme, *vice* Samuel Richardson, qui a laissé les limites.*Division de compagnie No 4.*

Est nommé enseigne :

William Cahil, gentilhomme, *vice* Robert Turnbull, décédé.*Division de compagnie No 5.*

Est nommé capitaine :

Lieutenant William Grout Leroy, *vice* William Cobb, qui a laissé les limites.

Est nommé lieutenant :

Enseigne Matthew McFarlane, *vice* Leroy, promu.

Est nommé enseigne :

Richard McRitchie, gentilhomme, *vice* McFarlane, promu.*Division de compagnie No 6.*

Est nommé capitaine :

H. Gaboury, écuyer, *vice* Thomas Moorehead, décédé.

Est nommé lieutenant :

Michael Hughes, gentilhomme, *vice* Thomas McVeigh, qui a laissé les limites.

Est nommé enseigne :

Michael O'Meara, gentilhomme, *vice* John Kavanagh, qui a laissé les limites.*Division de compagnie No 8.*

Est nommé capitaine :

Lieutenant et capitaine William Clarke, *vice* James Shaw, décédé.

Est nommé lieutenant :

Enseigne Edward Hodgins, *vice* Clarke, promu.

Est nommé enseigne :

John Shaw, gentilhomme, *vice* Hodgins, promu.*Division de compagnie No 9.*

Est nommé enseigne :

William Evans, gentilhomme, *vice* Thomas Craig, qui a laissé les limites.*Division de compagnie No 10.*

Est nommé lieutenant :

Enseigne Egerton R. Mohr, *vice* Charles Leader, décédé.

Est nommé enseigne :

W. H. Meredith, gentilhomme, *vice* Mohr, promu.

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjudant Général de Milice,
Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

AVIS.

DES propositions seront reçues par le soussigné jusqu'à lundi, 13 mars, 1882, de toute personne désireuse de louer le privilège de la traverse sur l'Ottawa de Pembroke, dans la province d'Ontario, à l'île des Allumettes, dans la province de Québec, en conformité de l'ordre en conseil du 1er juin, 1881, et du 2 mars 1882, et des règlements suivants basés sur icelui :

RÈGLEMENTS.

1. *Limites.*

Les limites de la traverse s'étendront du rapide des Allumettes, en bas de la ville de Pembroke, dans le comté de Renfrew, jusqu'aux détroits au-dessus de la dite ville, une distance d'environ cinq milles sur la rivière Ottawa.

2. *Débarcadères.*

Des quais ou débarcadères, appropriés à tous les niveaux de l'eau dans la rivière seront construits sur les deux rives ; sur la rive nord, soit au quai de Charles Warren, à celui de Desjardins, ou à un point entre l'un ou l'autre ; sur la rive sud soit au quai Supple ou au quai Thistle ou à un point entre l'un et l'autre, sujet à l'approbation du département du revenu de l'intérieur.

3. *Bateau-passeur.*

Le locataire devra fournir et maintenir un bateau mû par la vapeur, approprié au transport des passagers, chevaux et bestiaux, véhicules ordinaires, sans danger et avec une diligence raisonnable, et tel bateau ne devra pas avoir moins de 80 pieds de long par 18 de quille et devra avoir obtenu du gouvernement un certificat de la sécurité de la bouilloire et de l'engin, et sera sujet à l'approbation du département du revenu de l'intérieur.

4. *Nombre de voyages.*

Durant la saison de navigation, le bateau passeur commencera ses voyages journaliers (les dimanches exceptés) au lever du soleil, et continuera de traverser aussi souvent qu'il sera jugé nécessaire pour l'utilité du public jusqu'au coucher du soleil, le nombre de tels voyages devant être déterminé de temps à autre par le département du revenu de l'intérieur, jusqu'à ce qu'il en soit autrement déterminé, le locataire devra pourvoir à des moyens faciles et suffisants de signaler et devra traverser d'un côté à l'autre chaque fois qu'on lui aura signalé de le faire.

5. *Le tarif.*

Pour une voiture double avec le conducteur, à l'aller et au retour, y compris les chevaux...	40
Pour une voiture simple avec le conducteur, y compris le cheval, à l'aller et au retour.....	30
Pour un cheval, en allant et en revenant.....	25
Pour chaque cheval additionnel, appartenant à la même personne.....	15
Pour chaque tête de bétail, à l'aller et au retour.	25
Pour chaque tête de bétail additionnelle, appartenant à la même personne.....	15
Pour chaque porc ou mouton.....	10
Pour chaque porc ou mouton additionnel, appartenant à la même personne	5
Pour chaque passager, avec bagage, n'excédant pas cinquante livres	10
Pour chaque ballot de marchandises (autre que dit ci dessus) en dessous de 100 livres	5
Pour lots de fret pesant plus de 100 livres et en dessous de 500 livres, par 100 livres	4
Pour lots de fret pesant plus de 500 livres, par 100 livres.....	3

Sixièmement.

Le bateau-passeur sera placé sur la route parfaitement complet et équipé et les quais ou débarcadères seront entièrement construits le ou avant le 1er mai 1882.

Septièmement.

Le bail sera accordé pour une période de cinq années à dater du 1er mai 1882.

Huitièmement.

Le locataire devra donner deux cautions jugées satisfaisantes par le département du revenu de l'intérieur, et qui seront toutes deux tenues responsables conjointement et personnellement en la somme de \$1000 pour l'exécution parfaite du contrat par le locataire.

Neuvièmement.

Le département du revenu de l'intérieur se réserve le droit de rejeter le bateau-passeur et les quais ou débarcadères ou l'un ou l'autre s'ils sont jugés impropres aux besoins publics. Le Gouverneur Général en conseil se réserve aussi le droit de modifier le maximum du tarif s'il est jugé utile dans l'intérêt public que cela soit fait; et le Gouverneur Général en conseil peut déclarer le bail forfait et nul si jamais il lui est démontré d'une manière satisfaisante que le locataire ne remplit pas les conditions du dit bail.

Dixièmement.

Le tableau des taux de passage et transport exigibles devront être placés dans une place voyante près du quai ou débarcadère sur les deux côtés, de même qu'à bord du bateau-passeur employé au service.

Les propositions devront mentionner le montant que le soumissionnaire offre de payer par année pour le privilège mentionné, lequel montant sera payable en avance, la durée du bail étant de cinq années à dater du 1er mai, 1882.

Toutes les propositions doivent être adressées au soussigné et porter la suscription suivante sur l'enveloppe: "Soumission pour la traverse de Pembroke."

A. BRUNEL,
Commissaire.

Département du Revenu
de l'Intérieur. 36-2

BUREAU DU SURINTENDANT DE L'ASSURANCE.

Ottawa, 3 mars, 1882.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une licence pour la transaction des affaires comme compagnie d'assurance contre le feu au Canada a été émise aujourd'hui en faveur de la "Compagnie d'Assurance d'Union Ecossaise et Nationale", le bureau principal au Canada étant dans la cité de Montréal, et Walter Kavanagh et C. L. Bossé étant les deux principaux agents.

36-3 J. B. CHERRIMAN,
Surintendant des assurances.

A VIS.—Sous l'autorité de la quatre-vingt-quatrième section de l'acte de 1879 concernant les terres du Gouvernement fédéral, une assemblée (ajournée) du bureau des examinateurs pour les arpenteurs de la Puissance aura lieu le 27 mars 1882, au bureau des terres du Gouvernement, à Ottawa, pour l'examen des candidats.

Par ordre,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Arpenteur général des terres fédérales.
Ottawa, 3 mars, 1882. 36-4

A VIS public est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" il a été émis des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 27 janvier 1882, constituant en corps politique Robert Benny, marchand; James Henry Peck, marchand et fabricant; Alexander Chivas Clarke, courtier; John Smythe Hall, junior, avocat; George Hutton Patterson, agent d'assurance; James Benny, marchand et fabricant, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada; James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans le comté d'Ottawa, province de Québec, marchand; Andrew Thomson, commerçant; George Benson Hall, commerçant, tous deux de la ville de Québec; George Duryer de la cité de New-York, dans l'Etat de New-York, l'un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, docteur en médecine, dans le but—

1. D'acquérir et exploiter le procédé dit "Duryer's Blow Pipe Process," tel que breveté le vingt-troisième jour d'avril 1880, au Canada, ou toute amélioration y faite, pour fondre les minerais d'or, d'argent et autres métaux, et pour fondre les minerais de fer et produire du fer, de l'acier et autres corps;

2. D'acquérir et exploiter d'autres procédés pour la manufacture de l'or, de l'argent, du fer, de l'acier et autres métaux;

3. D'exploiter des laminoirs et en général de manufacturer toute espèce de fer, acier et autres corps;

4. D'acquérir tous terrains pour l'érection de fourneaux et autres fins de la compagnie, ou tous terrains contenant ou supposés contenir du fer ou autres minéraux, ou pétrole, n'excédant pas vingt mille acres en tout;

5. D'avoir le droit de vendre ou louer tels procédés brevetés que pourrait acquérir la compagnie sous le nom de "La Compagnie Canadienne de Fer et d'Acier" (limitée), avec un capital-actions total de un million de piastres, divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 16 février 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

34-3

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 28 février dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,831,759 50
Excise	419,738 21
Département des Postes.....	132,044 55
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	101,874 22
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	14,972 10
Divers	137,239 42
	<u>\$2,637,628 00</u>
Revenu, 31 janvier 1882.....	18,987,191 65
	<u>\$21,624,819 65</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,236,886 88
do 31 janvier 1882.....	15,719,930 37
	<u>\$16,956,817 25</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er mars 1882.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

Etat fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—	
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5.18.26	\$4,823,833 60
Versements sur le capital—	
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.....	\$1,205,958 40
Nombre des titres—	
Titres nominatifs.....	50,000
Titres au porteur.....	Nil.

<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875 20	Capital social.....	4,823,833 60
Prêts hypothécaires:		Prêts différés.....	25,314 01
A long terme	674,716 33	Intérêt payé par anticipation.....	242 75
A court terme	389,334 50	Divers.....	1,727 56
	1,064,050 83		
Espèces en caisse et en banque:			
En Canada.....	93,249 81		
En France.....	78,305 92		
	171,555 73		
Arrérages de semestres.....	389 51		
Mobilier	2,054 24		
Divers	2,787 16		
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712 67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117 92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société.....Néant.

Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt.....Néant.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des Statistiques,
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 4th March, 1882.

DOMINION LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the agents at the undermentioned Land Agencies will offer for sale the odd numbered sections of Dominion Lands remaining undisposed of in their respective Districts on and after the dates hereinafter given for each, and at the price of \$2.50 per acre cash, viz:—

Winnipeg, 15th March, 1882.
Gladstone,
Little Saskatchewan, } 1st April, 1882.
Birtle.

By Order,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une commission ou procuration accordée par la compagnie dite "The Trust and Loan Company of Canada," à William Chapman, écuyer, et Russell Maule Stephenson, écuyer, conjointement et chacun d'eux séparément et le survivant Commissaires et Commissaire pour transiger les affaires de la dite société, dans la Puissance du Canada, pour exécuter les contrats et autres documents concernant les hypothèques et la vente des terrains et pour donner des reçus et des quittances pour les deniers dus à la dite compagnie, a été enregistrée au long et dûment déposée au Bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, conformément aux dispositions d'un Acte du Parlement de la ci-devant Province du Canada à cet effet (25 Vic, chap. 72).

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

Secrétariat d'Etat,
Ottawa, 24 février 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal ; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)...	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...	Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 dépôts de municipalités ; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.	William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....	John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine,"	Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	Louis H. Bault, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....	J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,000).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.	W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc ; Sur la vie et cont. les accid. Contre l'inc. et sur la navig. Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$30 en espèces.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)	J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....	Fred. Colc, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"	J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....	F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, U.-B.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.	R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B).....	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....	Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Garantie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic. ; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont. ; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.	Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....	Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"	W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"	Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	£10,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....	G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....	C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....	A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"	F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	£21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....	William Robertson, gérant, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.	D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.	Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
La association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....	A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.
	J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont. Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont- réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800).. \$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," "Norwich Angleterre"	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$60,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont. J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens \$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680).....	Contre l'incendie. Contre l'incendie.
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.			
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec			
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princí- paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princí- paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie. Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid. Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.	
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal..	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et l'ontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et \$20,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemenent, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de janvier 1882. Ar

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 déc. 1881.....	\$7,842,274 53	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$301,881 34
Dépôts durant le mois	647,310 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	2,334 45		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,144,970 76
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	45,066 88
			8,190,037 64
	8,491,918 93		\$8,491,918 93

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.

Département des Finances, Ottawa, 20 février 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à cette session du parlement du Canada pour la passation d'un acte à l'effet de remettre en vigueur le brevet d'invention accordé pour cinq ans à John Dickinson Bruntton, le 3 mars 1876, sous numéro 5757, pour un appareil pour couper, dégrossir planer, tourner et tailler la pierre.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,

Procureurs du requérant.

Montréal, 23 février 1882.

35-5

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il sera fait une demande au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte prolongeant la durée de divers brevets d'invention accordés à Thomas A. Edison, et étendant le délai pour fabriquer aux termes des dits brevets et des statuts généraux à ce sujet, et pour permettre l'importation pendant un certain temps d'articles protégés par ces brevets.

OSLER, GWYN ET TEETZEL,

Solliciteurs du dit Thomas A. Edison.

Daté à Hamilton, 5 janvier 1882.

28-9

A VIS est donné que le "Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien," demandera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, des amendements aux sections 8 et 13 de l'acte 44 Vict., ch. 58, intitulé "Acte pour amender et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

L'administrateur-délégué,

J. WURTELE.

Montréal, le 29 décembre 1881.

28-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de la Jonction du Pacifique et de Pontiac; de pourvoir à l'émission d'un certain montant de capital payé, comme parts payées dans la dite compagnie; d'augmenter le montant des bons ou débentures qui peuvent être émis par la dite compagnie; d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa, à un certain point entre le village d'Aylmer et la cité d'Ottawa; de fixer un jour pour l'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la dite compagnie, et pour autres fins.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 22 décembre 1881.

28-9

A VIS est donné que demande sera faite au parlement, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte prolongeant l'époque du commencement et de la fin des travaux à exécuter pour la Cie de Traverse de Saint-Laurent et du chemin de fer du Pacifique.
Montréal, 10 janvier 1882. 29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer Great Eastern.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 12 janvier, 1882. 29-9

COMPAGNIE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de refondre les différents actes concernant la compagnie de télégraphe de Montréal et de déclarer les pouvoirs accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui à la dite compagnie, et d'accorder à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs qui ont été accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui par le parlement aux autres compagnies de télégraphe.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secrétaire.
Montréal, 12 janvier 1882. 29-9

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte 43 Vict., chap. 46, et de définir les pouvoirs, devoirs et le terme d'office des liquidateurs nommés pour liquider les affaires de la Banque Consolidée du Canada, et pour pourvoir à leur remplacement, vû qu'il a été disposé du restant de l'actif, et pour autres fins.
Montréal, 12 janvier 1882. 29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique une compagnie sous le nom de Compagnie de Chemin de fer d'une Courte Ligne Européenne, avec pouvoir, 1o. de construire, équiper et exploiter des lignes de chemin de fer d'un point à ou près le Cap Nord, dans l'île du Cap Breton au détroit de Canso, et du détroit de Canso à travers les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, le Nouveau-Brunswick, Québec et Ontario à un point ou des points sur le territoire des Etats-Unis; 2o. De construire, équiper et exploiter des vapeurs, et communication par bateaux-passeurs entre telles ou telles provinces du Canada, entre le Canada et Terre-Neuve, entre le Canada et l'Europe et entre Terre-Neuve et l'Europe; la dite compagnie pouvant de plus établir des communications par bateaux-passeurs sur le détroit de Canso; 3o. De construire, acheter, louer des navires, bateaux-passeurs, chemins de fer, moyens de transport et lignes de télégraphe en rapport avec l'affaire et les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés et l'exploitation d'iceux.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
tant pour lui-même que pour les
autres membres de la compagnie.
Halifax, 3 janvier 1882. 30-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que la Compagnie Canadienne d'Eclairage Electrique s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour la passation d'un acte ratifiant et confirmant son acte d'incorporation, lui conférant l'autorisation nécessaire pour lui faire obtenir des pouvoirs moteurs et la génération de l'électricité en tous lieux

dans le Canada, et lui permettant d'exploiter certains brevets d'invention octroyés en Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,
Procureurs de la requérante.
Montréal, 23 janvier 1882. 31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 22 Vict., chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements; de confier à l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui et d'y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des membres du dit bureau; de confirmer les actes de la province de Québec, 38 Vict., chap. 62, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées" et 38 Vict. chap. 64, intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte intitulé 'acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse,' et celui de la province d'Ontario, 38 Vict. chap. 75, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées," le tout en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour en général régler les affaires y concernées.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection
des propriétés ecclésiastiques de
l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.
JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de l'intérieur de Manitoba, avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, commençant à Garfield-Est, sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, et s'étendant de là à la ville de Macdonald sur le chemin de fer du Portage et Nord-Ouest, de là, vers l'ouest, par ou près Rapid City jusqu'à quelque point sur la rivière de la Paix ou celle de la Saskatchewan dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, avec pouvoir aussi de construire des ponts et lignes télégraphiques et un embranchement entre Macdonald et le lac Manitoba.

McMILLAN ET TAYLOR.
Winnipeg, 27 janvier 1882. 31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 10 et 11 Vict., chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," de transporter le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui à l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada et y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des dits administrateurs; de confirmer et mettre en force l'Acte de la province de Québec 38 Vict., chap. 61, intitulé "Acte pour amender un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse" en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour régler en général les dites questions.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection
des propriétés ecclésiastiques de
l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.
JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie Centrale de chemin de fer de Rapid City, la dite compagnie devant construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer commençant à un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, à ou près le township dix (10), quatorzième rang (14) à l'ouest, dans la province du Manitoba, jusqu'à Rapid City, la rivière du Chêne, Bird Tail Creek et le Fort Ellice, de là aux Monts Touchwood, et de là jusqu'à ou près le Fort à la Corne sur la rivière Saskatchewan; et de là dans une direction sud-ouest jusqu'à ou près de la rivière aux Pins, et de là jusqu'à la côte du Pacifique à un point qui sera plus tard fixé à la discrétion de la compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est donné par le présent que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte constituant en corporation "La compagnie d'assurance Mutuelle Océanique," dans le but de faire des opérations d'assurance maritime en Canada et ailleurs.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM ET TUPPER,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

Halifax, 25 janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, durant la présente session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse; de pourvoir à la gouverne de la dite Eglise, à l'acquisition, la possession et l'administration de ses fonds et propriétés; de déclarer que les fonds et propriétés détenus en fidéicommis pour la dite Eglise par le bureau chargé de l'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, sous l'autorité de l'acte de la province du Canada 22 Vict. chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," ont toujours été depuis l'adoption du dit acte et sont actuellement détenus pour le bénéfice de la dite Eglise devant être constituée en corps politique, et des ministres de la dite Eglise; d'accorder le dit fonds et l'administration d'icelui pour l'avenir à la corporation de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, devant être constituée en corps politique par l'acte qui sera demandé à cet effet; de plus à l'effet de déclarer que les fonds et propriétés détenus en fidéicommis pour le soutien des veuves et orphelins des ministres de la dite Eglise, sous l'autorité de l'acte de la province du Canada 10 et 11 Vict. chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, ont toujours été depuis l'adoption du dit dernier acte et sont actuellement détenus en fidéicommis pour le bénéfice de la dite Eglise devant être ainsi constituée en corps politique et pour le soutien des veuves et orphelins des ministres de la dite Eglise, et seront confiés à l'avenir à la dite corporation de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse devant être constituée en corps politique par le dit acte qui sera demandé à cette fin; à l'effet de plus de pourvoir à l'administration future de tels fonds et propriétés, et d'amender les deux actes ci-dessus mentionnés et tout autre acte en autant qu'il sera nécessaire pour l'objet ci-haut expliqué, et de rappeler les dits actes s'il est nécessaire; et à l'effet de pourvoir de toute façon

suivant qu'il y aura lieu à ce que l'acte qui sera demandé ait toute la force et tout l'effet voulu pour remplir son objet et son intention.

MACMASTER, HUTCHINSON, KNAPP ET WEIRS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté ce 11 février 1882.

33-1f.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa présente session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la "Compagnie d'Indemnité de l'Amérique du Nord," avec pouvoir de faire des opérations au Canada et aux Etats-Unis comme compagnie d'assurance et de garantie sur la vie et contre les accidents.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Procureur des requérants.

Montréal, 16 février 1882.

34-5

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois au moins après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnés :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation des terres du gouvernement fédéral."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b.) La colonisation, le défrichement et la vente des dites terres ;

(c.) L'arpentage, l'ouverture, le défrichement, la culture et l'amélioration des dites terres, avec le droit de trafiquer de ces derniers et d'élever dessus des constructions ;

(d.) La vente, le louage, l'affermage des terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts, tels que l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par des subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions à la construction et au maintien de voies ferrées à travers les dites terres et à toutes les entreprises qui peuvent ouvrir ces dernières à la colonisation, tels que lignes de vapeurs et télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, rues et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie; l'achat, la vente de toutes propriétés personnelles ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit de développer, aider et encourager l'immigration, d'assister les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays tout entier.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera d'un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts de tel fonds social sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresses et qualités des dits requérants sont comme suit :

Henry Stark Howland, de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, banquier; William Rees Brock, du même lieu, marchand; John Ginty, du même lieu, entrepreneur; John Gillespie, du même lieu, marchand; George A. Muttibury, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, agent d'immeubles, et Jeffrey Hall Brock, du même lieu, agent. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ainsi mentionnés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 24 février 1882.

36-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie devant être constituée en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Morton de produits de ferme, d'agriculture et de colonisation de Manitoba (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles dans la province de Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres; l'arpentage, l'amélioration et la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon comme des intérêts compris en icelles; le prêt de sommes d'argent aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie avec le droit de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt et de telle manière et à telles conditions, sur hypothèques ou obligations, dont il pourra être convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et à la réussite de toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres à la colonisation, telles que lignes de bateaux, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie; la construction ou l'acquisition de moulins à farine et scieries de même que la manufacture et la vente de bois de construction et produits agricoles; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et de l'agriculture et plus particulièrement des produits de ferme, avec le droit également d'acheter, vendre et manufacturer toute espèce de marchandises, effets de commerce et autres requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie.

(b.) A ces fins la compagnie aura tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ses fins.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, avec des succursales dans la cité de Winni-

peg et ailleurs au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$1,000,000 divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit: Thomas Harris Hodgson, marchand, Alfred James Brice, marchand, George Bishop, graveur, Charles Huston, fabricant, Thomas Cramp, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal; John MacLeod Gill, fabricant, Robert Gill, fabricant, tous deux de la ville de Brockville, dans la province d'Ontario; John Smith, fabricant, James David Crawford, courtier, tous deux de la cité de Montréal; Colin Munro, shérif du comté d'Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banquier, tous deux de la cité de Saint-Thomas, dans la province d'Ontario, et George Morton, de la cité de Kingston, gentilhomme; les six premiers nommés devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

DUNLOP ET LYMAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 26 février 1882.

36-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ontario et Qu'Appelle."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont: l'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, du gouvernement du Canada, de même que de compagnies et individus; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres; l'arpentage, l'ouverture, l'amélioration, la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons qui ont acheté des terres de la compagnie et de venir en aide à ces derniers, de garantir le paiement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt aux conditions et de telle manière par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; la construction et l'acquisition de scieries et la manufacture et vente de bois de construction; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux; avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la ville de Toronto avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$ 00 chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont: Alexander G. Ramsay, de la cité d'Hamilton, gérant général de la compagnie d'assurance sur la vie du Canada; William Hendrie, de la dite cité d'Hamilton, écuyer; Adam Brown, de la dite ville d'Hamilton, écuyer; John Dunlop, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford, écuyer; James Crowther, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer; James Scott, de la dite cité de Toronto, marchand; William Mulock, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer; Edmund Boyd Osler, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer, et Robert H. Bethune, de la dite cité de Toronto, caissier de la banque Dominion.

Tous les susdits requérants seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR ET CROWTHER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 2e jour de mars 1882.

36-6

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au gouverneur général du Canada après la publication durant un mois de cet avis, par Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond et David Young, tous de la cité de Winnipeg, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, les constituant, eux et les autres personnes qu'ils pourraient s'associer, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La compagnie des terres du Manitoba, limitée."

2. Le but de la dite compagnie est d'acquérir, détenir, cultiver, vendre, louer et transporter des immeubles et des propriétés de ferme, de vendre les produits de ces dernières, dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

4. Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg.

5. Les dits Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond et David Young, tous, à l'exception de John H. Hammond, sujets anglais et résidant au Canada, seront les premiers directeurs de la dite compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Winnipeg ce 20 février 1882.

35-5

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au gouverneur-général en conseil pour la Puissance du Canada, de lettres patentes constituant en corps politique une compagnie.

1. Le nom corporatif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie du moulin à papier de Lindsay (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie qui demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : la manufacture et le trafic de papier, pulpe, cartons de toute espèce, matériaux composés de papier ou de papier et autres matériaux ; la manufacture, l'utilisation et le trafic de paille de riz et autres matériaux employés dans la manufacture de papier, matière à papier, combinaison de papier et autres matériaux, avec droit à l'exploitation de moulins, à la possession d'entrepôts et travaux se rapportant à cette industrie en différentes parties du Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec ;

4. Le montant du capital-actions sera de soixante mille piastres (\$60,000) ;

5. Le nombre des parts sera de six cent (600) et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres (\$100)

6. Les noms, prénoms et adresses des requérants sont comme suit : Alexander A. Stevenson, éditeur ; William D. O'Brien, agent ; Richard Jellyman, marchand ; Richard White, éditeur ; Alexander R. Brown, marchand ; l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, sénateur ; Henry Dobell, marchand ; Peter A. Peterson, ingénieur ; Henry J. Tiffin, marchand ; Arthur H. Plimsoll, comptable ; Anthony H. Sims, marchand ; Charles R. Hosmer, agent ; Charles R. Hosmer, agent en fidéicommis ; Robert Campbell, marchand ; George W. Craig, agent ; Dlle Emily C. S. Bagg, fille non mariée, et Charles T. Gibbs, marchand, tous de la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, Canada.

Les noms de ceux qui devront être les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie sont : le dit Alexander A. Stevenson, l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White et S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Procureurs des requérants.

Montréal, 13 février 1882.

34-5

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son

Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une chartre constituant en corps politique les requérants, et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être ainsi constitué en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des établissements et des terres de la Saskatchewan" (limitée). Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont :

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ;

(2) Le droit de coloniser et établir les dites terres ;

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, y construire des établissements et en trafiquer de toute façon ;

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général de trafiquer de tous les intérêts des dites terres, tels que l'achat et vente des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt, sur telles subventions et de telles façons par le moyen d'hypothèques et obligations dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions ou d'aider de toute autre façon à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que vapeurs, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, rues, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles aux fins que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour le développement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent et tels autres droits qui sont utiles et nécessaires aux fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir, aider et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toutes façon et manière désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. La compagnie aura son principal bureau d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Edward Gurney, junior, de Toronto, manufacturier ; John Edward Rose, Toronto, procureur en droit ; Alexander Sutherland, Toronto, docteur en théologie ; Dennis Moore, Hamilton, manufacturier ; Richard Brown, Toronto, marchand ; William Glass, London, shérif ; William Briggs, Toronto, membre du clergé ; Henry E. Clarke, Toronto, manufacturier ; Daniel Maclean, Toronto, marchand ; Edward Hartley Dewart, Toronto, docteur en théologie ; John Thomas Moore, Toronto, comptable ; John Jacob Withrow, Toronto, manufacturier ; Samuel John Hunter, Toronto, membre du clergé ; Charles Douglass Warren, Toronto, marchand ; Léonard Gaety, London, membre du clergé ; Thomas McCormack, London, manufacturier ; George Robinson, London, marchand ; Robert Warren, Niagara, franc-tenancier.

Les quinze premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRILL ET COATSWORTH,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto le 16 février 1882.

34-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite au gouverneur général en conseil en vertu de "l'acte du Canada concernant

les compagnies à fonds social," par la "Compagnie de trafic du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), constituée en corps politique par lettres patentes du 22 juillet, A.D., 1873, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes supplémentaires sous le grand sceau du Canada, étendant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie pour les fins suivantes :

1. L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus ; l'arpentage, la colonisation, l'établissement, la culture des dites terres et la construction de maisons dessus ; la vente, la location des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et trafiquer de toute autre façon, de prêter de l'argent aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres et de leur venir en aide, en garantissant ses avances avec intérêt au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement sur les dites terres, à des conditions et de telle manière dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire toutes les opérations se rattachant à l'industrie des fermiers.

2. L'augmentation du capital-actions de la dite compagnie jusqu'à deux cent cinquante mille piastres devant être divisé en deux mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent de la compagnie.

Ottawa, 17 février 1882.

34-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, par Sir Hugh Allan, propriétaire d'une ligne de navires, Andrew Allan, propriétaire de navires, l'honorable Thomas Ryan, sénateur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Hugh McLennan, marchand, Andrew Thomas Drummond, agent financier, tous de la cité de Montréal, et Arthur Wellington Ross, membre de la législature provinciale, et Charles Sinclair Drummond, agent financier, tous deux de la cité de Winnipeg, pour l'émission de lettres patentes les constituant eux et tels autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie créée par les présentes, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de terres de Montréal et de l'Ouest (limitée)."

Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont l'achat, le louage et l'acquisition en général des terres ou autres intérêts dans la Puissance du Canada ; la possession, la colonisation, la culture des terres avec le droit de les peupler de chevaux et autres animaux et de les améliorer de toute façon ; la construction de bâtiments sur les dites terres ; l'établissement de magasins sur les dites terres et l'achat et la vente de tous articles ou marchandises de toute description ; l'érection ou l'acquisition, l'exploitation et le louage de scieries et moulins à farine sur les dites terres ; la construction, l'acquisition soit directement ou comme actionnaires incorporés avec d'autres, de lignes de vapeurs ou de voiliers, de tramways, canaux et autres entreprises de toute description nécessaires ou utiles comme moyen de transport ou d'amélioration des dites terres, de plus le droit de prendre un intérêt dans ces compagnies ; le développement de l'immigration sur les dites propriétés ; la vente, le louage, l'échange des dites terres et des intérêts en icelles avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer en général ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de disposer en général des hypothèques consenties pour garantir les sommes prêtées ou demeurant dues sur les terres ainsi vendues ; l'émission de bons garantis sur l'actif mobilier ou immobilier de la compagnie ; le droit d'agir comme agents de n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour la vente des terres et la colonisation d'icelles et le développement en général de l'immigration ; et toutes choses généralement nécessaires ou utiles à la réalisation des vues de la compagnie.

La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Montréal.

Le montant du fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les dits Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Honorable Thomas Ryan, George Alexander Drummond, Hugh McLennan, Arthur Wellington Ross et Andrew Thomas Drummond, tous résidant au Canada et sujets de Sa Majesté, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires.

DRUMMOND, FRÈRES ET CIE.,

Agents pour les requérants.

Montréal, 7 février 1882.

33-5

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient ci-après devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de colonisation des fermiers de York."

Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est le suivant :—

L'acquisition de terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, la mise en culture, l'amélioration des dites terres et l'érection de bâtiments sur icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent et l'assistance donnée aux colons sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et l'acceptation en retour de garanties pour tels prêts d'argent à des conditions et de telle façon par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont on conviendra ci-après ; l'achat, le louage, l'échange ou l'acquisition par autre voie de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière de droits ou privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ; la vente, le louage des dites propriétés et le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer de toute façon ; l'aide, l'encouragement et le développement de l'émigration vers les propriétés appartenant à la compagnie et la colonisation des dites propriétés, et pour les fins ci-dessus le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent ; l'aide au moyen de subvention ou autrement à être donnée à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer ou de lignes de vapeurs ou autres navires de la compagnie, l'aide à être donnée à la construction, et l'exploitation de telles autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la fabrication et la vente de toute espèce de marchandises requises par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie ou ailleurs, à cette fin la dite compagnie devant avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières et immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et en général devant jouir de tous les pouvoirs nécessaires ou opportuns à la réalisation de son objet.

La ville de Toronto sera la principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$150,000 divisé en 1,500 parts de \$100 chacune.

Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignation des différents requérants sont :—

N. Clarke Wallace, M. P., marchand, du village de Woodbridge, Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Toronto, James Duncan, fermier, Emery P. O., John Duncan, fermier, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, fermier, Elders Mills—les dits N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solliciteur pour les requérants,

Toronto, 9 février 1882.

33-6

AVIS Public est par le présent donné que de mande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent dans la *Gazette du Canada* à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada constituant en corps politique les requérants ci-après mentionnés et autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la dite compagnie en vertu de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en ielles dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs du gouvernement du Canada ou de n'importe quels compagnie ou individu ; la colonisation, l'établissement, le défrichement des dites terres ou la construction de maisons dessus ; la vente, la location des dites terres avec la permission de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer autrement ; l'emprunt ou le prêt de sommes d'argent sur les dites terres pour aider aux colons, et la garantie de tels prêts par hypothèque ou autrement suivant qu'il aura été convenu ; l'élevage, la vente ou l'achat de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et le droit de faire n'importe quelles opérations de ferme.

2. Le nom corporatif de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera à Whitby, dans le comté et la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4o. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000—1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5o. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignations des requérants sont :—George Young Smith, de la ville de Whitby, avocat ; Henry Betts Taylor, de la dite ville de Whitby, agent de banque ; révé. J. Herbert Starr, de la dite ville de Whitby, pasteur méthodiste ; John Rice, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme ; Wellington Adams, de la dite ville de Whitby, dentiste ; D. E. Starr, de la ville de Brampton, comptable ; Jeremiah Long, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand de grains ; George H. Starr, de la ville de Brandon, marchand ; Joshua Richardson, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme ; Thomas J. Holliday, du village de Brooklin, marchand ; Frank Warren, du dit village de Brooklin, docteur en médecine ; révérend James O. Carmichael, du village de Columbus, pasteur presbytérien ; James Rowe Philp, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand.

6. Les dits George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Révé. J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren, et James Rowe Philp, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires, tous résidant au Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Whitby, 1er février 1882. 32-6

AVIS DIVERS.

AVIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882. 36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

AVIS est donné par les présentes que l'assemblée générale de la société du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien, se réunira le vingt-neuf avril prochain (29 avril 1882).

Toutes les actions de la société étant nominatives, il sera pourvu, par un deuxième avis qui paraîtra 15 jours au moins avant la date de l'assemblée, à la désignation de l'endroit où se tiendra l'assemblée générale.

L'administrateur délégué,
J. WURTELE.

Le secrétaire-général,

M. CHEVALIER.

Montréal, 22 février 1882.

35-16

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE.

DIVIDENDE No. 93.

Les actionnaires de la Banque du Peuple sont par les présentes notifiés qu'un dividende semi-annuel de deux pour cent (2 0/0) pour les six mois courant, a été déclaré sur le fonds capital et sera payable au bureau de la banque, lundi, le sixième jours de mars prochain et les jours suivants.

Le livre de transfert sera fermé du 15 au 28 février inclusivement.

Par ordre du bureau des directeurs,

A. A. TROTTIER,
Caissier.

Montréal, 31 janvier 1882.

32-5

AVIS.—L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires de la Banque du Peuple aura lieu au bureau de la Banque, rue Saint-Jacques, lundi, le six mars prochain, à trois heures p. m., conformément aux 16^{me} et 17^{me} clauses de l'acte d'incorporation.

Par ordre du bureau des directeurs,

A. A. TROTTIER, caissier.

Montréal, 31 janvier 1882.

32-5

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 20th February, 1882.

HARVEY McNAB, of Wallace, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; to be a Sub-Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

27th February, 1882.

CHARLES ELDEN EWING, of Cobourg, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

DANIEL McALLISTER, of Cobourg, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH,
Deputy of the Minister of } WHEREAS it is, in
Justice, Canada. } and by the Act
passed in the thirty-
second and thirty-third years of Our Reign, chaptered

twenty-four, and intituled "An Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works," as amended by the Act passed in the thirty-third year of Our Reign, chaptered twenty-eight, and intituled "An Act to amend an Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day in such Proclamation named, the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof shall be in force in any places in Canada, in such Proclamation designated, within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any Railway, Canal or other Public Work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof should be in force;

And whereas it is in and by the said Acts further in effect enacted that the said Act first above mentioned or any such section or sections thereof shall, upon and after the day named in any such Proclamation as aforesaid, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation;

NOW KNOW YE, that We do hereby under and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Acts and by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, proclaim and declare that upon and after the First day of February, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, all the sections of the first mentioned Act as so amended, excepting sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, shall be in force in the following localities, namely: all those portions of the Province of Ontario, lying within ten miles on each side of the located line of the Canadian Pacific Railway (Eastern Division) between Algoma Mills and Callender Stations including the said portion of the line itself and extending for a distance of ten miles beyond either extremity thereof.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom those presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the

Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRTY-FIRST day of JANUARY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

36-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 17th day of December, 1881.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF
THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator of the Government, on the recommendation of the Minister of the Interior and under the provisions of the Act 43 Vic., chap. 26, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations for the disposal of Coal Lands be and the same are hereby adopted :—

1. That leases of mining locations may be granted for twenty-one (21) years, to applicants—in the order of their applications—who have satisfied the Minister of the Interior of their means and ability to work efficiently the mines applied for, an annual ground rent therefor of twenty-five cents an acre, to be paid half-yearly in advance.

2. That the lessee shall pay a royalty of ten cents per ton, on all coal taken out of the mine. Quarterly Returns, made under oath, to be furnished to the Minister of the Interior, by the lessee, showing the quantity of coal taken out, the dues thereon to be paid at the time of making such return.

3. That the area to be leased to one person shall not exceed three hundred and twenty (320) acres.

4. That the boundaries beneath the surface, of such locations, shall be the vertical planes or lines in which their surface boundaries lie.

5. That failure to commence active operations within one year and to work the mine within two years after the commencement of the term of the lease, or to pay the ground rent or royalty, shall subject the lessee to forfeiture of the lease and resumption of the land by the Crown.

6. The lease to be renewable for further periods of twenty-one years each, and for such ground rent and royalties as may at the time of renewal be agreed upon by the Government and the Lessee.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

35-4

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 20th day of February, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient to admit Neat Cattle for breeding purposes from the Western United States subject to the restrictions and regulations hereinafter referred to,—

On the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture and under the provisions of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada held in the 42nd year of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter 23,

and intituled "An Act to provide against infectious "or contagious diseases affecting animals,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to make the following Regulations and orders as follow :—

1. That a point of land on the river St. Clair, closely adjoining the frontier of the United States, at Point Edward, to the north of the Grand Trunk Railway Company's Line, be declared a Cattle Quarantine Station.

2. That cattle for breeding purposes may be admitted for Quarantine at such Station, subject to the regulations and restrictions contained in the "Health of Animals Order" dated 23rd of April 1880, and published in the *Canada Gazette*.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

35-3

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 4th March, 1882.

DOMINION LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the agents at the undermentioned Land Agencies will offer for sale the odd numbered sections of Dominion Lands remaining undisposed of in their respective Districts on and after the dates hereinafter given for each, and at the price of \$2.50 per acre cash, viz. :—

Winnipeg, 15th March, 1882.

Gladstone,
Little Saskatchewan, } 1st April, 1882.
Birtle.

By Order,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

36-3

AMENDED ARTICLE

To replace Article 2 of the Additional Articles of Agreement of ^{April 28}_{May 3} 1881, between the Dominion of Canada and the United States of America.

IN order to effectively protect the postal revenues of the United States from the evasive practices of persons or firms who seek to elude the postal laws and regulations of the United States, by posting their publications in Canada, the undersigned, duly authorized by their respective Governments, have agreed to replace Article 2 of the additional articles of agreement of ^{April 28}_{May 3} 1881, by the following

ARTICLE :

When newspapers, periodicals, and other printed matter, published or originating in the United States, or purporting to be published in the United States, or circulated on behalf of a person or firm doing business in the United States, are posted in Canada for destinations in the United States, apparently to evade the postage rates or regulations applicable to such matter in the United States, the Canada Post Office may require prepayment of the same to be made at a rate equivalent to the domestic postage chargeable thereon by the laws of the United States.

The present article takes effect immediately.

In witness whereof the Postmaster General of the United States and the Postmaster General of Canada

have hereunto set their hands and affixed their seals at the date set opposite to each, respectively.

Signed, TIM. O. HOWE,
[L.S.] Postmaster General of the United States.
Washington, February 16th, 1882.
Signed, JOHN O'CONNOR,
[L.S.] Postmaster General of Canada.
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

I hereby approve the foregoing amended article, and in testimony thereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Signed,
[L.S.] CHESTER A. ARTHUR.
By the President.
Signed,
FREDK. T. FRELINGHUYSEN,
Secretary of State,
37-3 Washington, February 16th, 1882.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 28th February, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,831,759 50
Excise.....	419,738 21
Post Office.....	132,044 55
Public Works, including Railways.....	101,874 22
Bill Stamps	14,972 10
Miscellaneous	137,239 42
	<u>\$ 2,637,628 00</u>
Revenue to 31st January, 1882.....	18,987,191 65
	<u>\$21,624,819 65</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,236,886 88
do 31st January, 1882.....	15,719,930 37
	<u>\$16,956,817 25</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st March, 1882.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until Monday, 13th March, 1882, from persons desirous of leasing the privilege of ferrying across the Ottawa from Pembroke, in the Province of Ontario, and Allumette Island, in the Province of Quebec, in accordance with the Order in Council of the 1st June, 1881, and 2nd March, 1882, and the following regulations established thereunder.

REGULATIONS.

1st. Limits.

The limits of the ferry shall extend from the Allumette Rapids, below the Town of Pembroke, in the County of Renfrew, to the Narrows above the said town, a distance of about five miles on the Ottawa River.

2nd. Landing Stages.

Suitable landing stages or wharves serviceable at all states of the water in the river must be constructed on both sides; on North shore at either Charles Warren's wharf or Desjardins' wharf, or some point between, on South shore either at Supple's wharf or Thistle wharf or some point between,—subject to the approval of the Department of Inland Revenue.

3rd. Ferry-Boat.

The Lessee shall provide and maintain a vessel propelled by steam suitable for the conveyance of passengers, horses and cattle, and all ordinary vehicles, with safety and reasonable dispatch, and such vessel shall be not less than 80 feet in length by 18 feet beam, must have a Government certificate as to the safety of the boiler and engine, and shall be subject to the approval of the Inland Revenue Department.

4th. Number of Trips.

During the season of navigation, the ferry-boat shall commence running daily (Sundays excepted) at sunrise, and shall continue to cross thereafter as often as may be found necessary for the convenience of the public until sunset, the number of such crossings to be determined from time to time by the Department of Inland Revenue. Until otherwise determined, the Lessee shall provide convenient and sufficient means of signalling and shall cross from side to side whenever signalled to do so.

5th. The Tariff.

	Cts.
For a two-horse cart or conveyance and driver, each way, including horses.....	40
For one-horse cart or conveyance and driver, including horse, each way.....	30
For one horse, each way.....	25
For each additional horse, the property of the same party.....	15
For each head of horned cattle, each way.....	25
For each additional head of horned cattle, the property of the same party, each way.....	15
For each head of swine or sheep.....	10
For each additional head of swine or sheep, the property of the same party.....	5
For each passenger, with baggage, not exceeding fifty pounds.....	10
For each package of merchandize or goods (other than the above) under 100 lbs.....	5
For lots of freight weighing over 100 lbs. and under 500 lbs., per 100 lbs.....	4
For lots of freight weighing over 500 lbs., per 100 lbs.....	3

Sixth.

The ferry-boat shall be placed on the route fully completed and equipped, and the landing stages shall be fully constructed on or before the 1st day of May, 1882.

Seventh.

The lease will be granted for a period of five years from the 1st day of May, 1882.

Eighth.

The Lessee will be required to give two sureties satisfactory to the Department of Inland Revenue, who shall be held jointly and severally in the sum of \$1,000 for the full compliance by the lessee with the terms of the lease.

Ninth.

The right is reserved to the Department of Inland Revenue of rejecting the ferry-boat or landing stages or either of them, should any of them be deemed unsuitable for the service or unsafe to the public or inadequate to meet the public wants. The right is also reserved to the Governor in Council to modify the maximum tariff should it be found expedient in the public interest to do so; and the Governor in Council may declare the lease forfeited and void whenever it shall be satisfactorily shown that the Lessee fails to comply with the conditions thereof.

Tenth.

The notice of the rates of fares and tolls to be charged shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the ferry-landing on both sides, and also on board of ferry-boat employed.

The proposals must state the amount which the party tendering is willing to pay per annum for the privilege referred to, which amount will be payable in advance, the terms of the lease being for five years from the first of May 1882.

All proposals must be addressed to the undersigned and endorsed on the envelope "Tenders for the Pembroke Ferry."

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa.

36-3

INLAND REVENUE OFFICE,

HAMILTON, 25th February, 1882.

To all whom it may concern.

BY virtue of the authority given by the Act 43 Vic., chap. 19, sec. 163, sub-secs. 3, 4, the license granted to Michael Doran, on the 23rd day of July, 1881, to carry on business as a Bonded Manufacturer, in the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, Province of Ontario, is hereby cancelled in consequence of his refusing to pay duties as provided by law.

C. G. FORTIER,
Coll. I. R.

36-3

NOTICE.—Under the provisions of the eighty-fourth section of the Dominion Lands Act (1879), an adjourned meeting of the Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors for the examination of Candidates will take place at 10 o'clock a.m., on

Monday, the 27th day of March, 1882, at the Dominion Lands Office, in the City of Ottawa.

By order,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Surveyor General of Dom. Lands.
Ottawa, 3rd March, 1882. 36-4

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE,

OTTAWA, 3rd March, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a licence for the transaction of fire insurance in Canada has been this day issued to the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company, the head office in Canada being situated in the city of Montreal, and Walter Kavanagh and C. L. Bossé being chief agents.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
Superintendent of Insurance.
36-3

NOTICE is hereby given that a commission or power of attorney granted by "The Trust and Loan Company of Canada," to William Chapman, Esquire, and Russell, Maule Stephenson, Esquire, jointly and each of them separately and the survivor of them their Commissioners and Commissioner to conduct the affairs of the said company in Canada, to execute deeds and other documents relating to mortgage or sale of lands and to give receipts and acquittances for money due to the said company, has been registered at full length and duly filed in the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, pursuant to the provisions of an Act of the Parliament of the late Province of Canada in that behalf (25th Vic., ch. 72).

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

Secretary of State's Office,
Ottawa, 24th February, 1882.

35-3

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,798,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85				
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25				
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65				
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00				
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00				
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75				

Fractional Notes.....	174,838 85					
Provincial "	145,665 65					
Montreal issue.....	7,163,018 00					
Toronto "	4,849,403 50					
Halifax "	1,783,722 50					
St. John "	665,645 75					
Victoria "	27,260 50					
Total.....	\$14,809,554 75					

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 28th February.....	2,476,386 78
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,396,386 78
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75	1,480,955 47
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75	2,221,433 21
	\$3,702,388 68
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,693,998 10
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75.....	11,107,166 07
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	892,833 93
SUMMARY.	
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,693,998 10
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	892,833 93
Total Excess.....	2,586,832 03

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 28TH FEBRUARY, 1882.

LIABILITIES.										
CAPITAL.										Total Liabilities.
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	267,958 41	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,855,435 33	180,000 00	91,066 05	6,394,459 84
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,098,732 60	83,000 00	114,499 56	43,296,232 16

ASSETS.										
										Total Assets.
	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Mnicipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock.	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	.....	1,357,714 00	600 00	2,522,948 88	1,610,298 69	1,014,950 20	180,000 00	.....	*442,235 96	7,128,747 73
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	1,004,995 97	127,995 22	1,169,207 47	83,000 00	237,220 00	129,581 75	3,568,520 83

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th November, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6; Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Oct., 1881.	Deposits for November, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, November, 1881.	Balance, 30th Nov., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	488,944 71	35,331 15	524,275 86	27,535 08	496,740 78
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	333,996 86	85,238 11	419,234 97	52,905 72	366,329 25
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,313,958 40	71,176 00	1,385,134 40	63,536 64	1,321,597 76
Nanaimo.....	138,159 01	3,777 00	141,936 01	1,225 00	140,711 01
New Westminster.....	161,582 87	16,144 00	177,726 87	6,851 63	170,875 24
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	115,823 47	10,029 00	125,852 47	3,254 84	122,597 63
Antigonish.....	30,809 56	2,647 00	33,456 56	3,022 20	30 434 33
Annapolis.....	112,207 52	8,729 00	120,936 52	5,232 43	115,704 09
Arichat.....	120,042 27	3,709 74	123,752 01	1,690 13	122,061 88
Acadia Mines.....	26,685 61	1,286 00	27,971 61	544 00	27,427 61
Baddeck.....	33,278 16	3,182 00	36,460 16	1,246 36	35,213 80
Bridgewater.....	17,974 89	3,776 00	21,750 89	2,502 60	19,248 29
Barrington.....	30,752 50	982 00	31,734 50	774 14	30,960 36
Digby.....	57,315 82	4,741 00	62,056 82	2,838 63	59,218 19
Guysboro'.....	41,599 82	15,349 00	56,948 82	5,359 66	51,589 16
Halifax.....	2,236,833 21	95,965 74	2,332,798 95	71,598 61	2,261,200 33
Kentville.....	81,766 24	7,260 03	89,026 27	4,362 67	84,663 60
Liverpool.....	110,303 05	3,051 00	113,354 05	4,093 22	109,260 83
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65	.....	12 65	.....	12 65
Lingan.....	9,035 05	971 00	10,006 05	5 21	10,000 84
Lunenburg.....	65,676 34	2,059 00	67,735 34	5,187 40	62,547 94
Maitland.....	44,877 95	576 00	45,453 95	1,896 45	43,557 50
New Glasgow.....	86,569 65	6,096 00	92,665 65	3,542 61	89,123 04
Parrsboro'.....	40,080 16	2,829 00	42,909 16	497 28	42,411 88
Port Hood.....	43,810 26	4,068 00	47,878 26	2,070 00	45,808 26
Pictou.....	38,168 65	240 00	38,408 65	512 78	37,895 87
Shelburne.....	30,023 21	2,376 00	32,399 21	1,193 63	31,205 58
Sydney.....	153,948 95	9,544 00	163,492 95	4,765 97	158,726 98
Sherbrooke.....	31,187 04	836 00	32,023 04	602 00	31,421 04
Truro.....	176,624 90	9,525 99	186,150 89	8,168 14	177,982 75
Wallace.....	6,530 75	1,908 00	8,438 75	597 25	7,841 50
Windsor.....	352,352 05	7,005 00	359,357 05	7,609 47	351,747 58
Weymouth.....	49,992 06	3,183 00	53,175 06	1,261 94	51,913 12
Yarmouth.....	271,128 63	12,044 00	283,172 63	3,806 28	279,366 35
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	60,316 83	3,292 00	63,608 83	1,838 89	61,769 94
Chatham.....	179,505 78	4,108 00	183,613 78	3,801 48	179,812 30
Dalhousie.....	133,595 25	7,517 00	141,112 25	528 29	140,583 96
Dorchester.....	15,809 48	395 00	16,204 48	100 67	16,103 81
Fredericton.....	258,012 83	17,065 26	275,078 09	13,809 55	261,268 54
Hillboro'.....	18,441 17	2,038 00	20,479 17	918 00	19,561 17
Moncton.....	112,307 30	11,533 00	123,840 30	9,415 00	114,425 30
Newcastle.....	120,117 56	2,899 00	123,016 56	3,491 20	119,525 36
Richibucto.....	64,095 07	1,310 00	65,405 07	345 00	65,060 07
St. Andrews.....	185,910 52	7,565 00	193,475 52	1,375 32	192,100 20
St. John.....	1,538,716 94	52,487 00	1,591,203 94	27,690 86	1,563,513 08
Sussex.....	3,002 00	5,199 00	8,201 00	.....	8,201 00
Woodstock.....	167,676 86	14,404 00	182,080 86	3,520 44	178,560 42
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	664,437 20	34,593 00	699,030 20	26,175 84	672,854 36
Total.....	10,373,997 06	600,040 02	10,974,037 08	393,300 52	10,580,736 56

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 7th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000	\$4,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital.....	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities.....	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada.....	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months.	171,555 73
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	389 51
		Other Assets	2,054 24
			2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.

Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest..... Nil.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	8,818 00	1,862 37
Agricultural Implements	"	6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" " U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 89
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles	\$	442,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British Columbia, for January 1882. Including the months of November and December for Manitoba.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	50,582 00	649 00	51,231 00
do Fisheries.....	487,125 00	343 00	487,468 00
do Forest.....	356,708 00	37,636 00	394,344 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,110,183 00	23,544 00	1,133,727 00
Agricultural Products.....	1,904,968 00	50,321 00	1,955,289 00
Manufactures	173,751 00	30,578 00	204,329 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	44,361 00	887 00	45,248 00
Totals.....	4,127,678 00	143,958 00	4,271,636 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Total.....	4,127,678 00	143,958 00	4,271,636 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 23rd February, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of January, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Dec., 1881	\$7,842,274 53	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$301,881 34
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	647,310 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	2,334 45	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,144,970 76
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	45,066 88
			8,190,037 64
	8,491,918 98		8,491,918 98

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 20th February, 1882.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

1372

NAME OF THE COMPANY.		Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).....	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	.....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton .....	.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	.....	.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine,
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	.....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,244 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....	Life.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	.....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B.C. Bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	.....	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....	Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....	.....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock	Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool...	.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	.....	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto...	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	.....	Macdonnell & Davidson, General Agents, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada B's.....	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000, U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Montt.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,667, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.....	\$84,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200).	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U. S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$150,515 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.	\$150,000 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.	Life
The United States Life Insurance Company		\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST FEBRUARY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Byrnedale.....	Rochester.....	Essex..... O..	William Byrne.
Cariboo Gold Mines.....	.....	Halifax..... N.S..	Charles Turple.
Clearwater.....	Sec. 16, Tp. 2, R. 12.....	Marquette..... M..	Robert Rogers.
Darlingford.....	" 6, " 3, " 7.....	Marquette..... M..	T. E. Mahaffy.
Deer Lake.....	Cardiff.....	Peterborough, E.R..... O..	William Ogilvie.
a. East Hall's Harbour Road.....	.....	Kings..... N.S..	Owen R. Roscoe.
Friars Head.....	.....	Inverness..... N.S..	Rvd. W. M. Leblanc.
Grandes Piles.....	Radnor.....	Champlain..... Q..	Théophile Roux.
Harrison Settlement.....	.....	Cumberland..... N.S..	William Harrison.
Kilroy.....	Colchester.....	Essex..... O..	William Currie.
Lewisham.....	Ryde.....	Muskoka..... O..	J. G. Taylor.
Moose River.....	.....	Cumberland..... N.S..	William Roberts.
McGrath Mountain.....	.....	Pictou..... N.S..	Donald Cameron.
b. Mount Uniacke Gold Mines.....	.....	Hants..... N.S..	Chas. S. McLean.
Odell.....	Westminster.....	Middlesex, E.R..... O..	W. L. Odell.
Plaisance.....	Ste. Angélique.....	Ottawa..... Q..	Mrs. Octavie L. Auclair.
Purple Hill.....	Cartwright.....	Durham, W.R..... O..	Moses Hambly.
Plaster Mines.....	.....	Victoria..... N.S..	Donald McKenzie.
Port Sandfield.....	Medora.....	Muskoka..... O..	Enoch Cox.
St. Cyr.....	Cleveland.....	Richmond..... Q..	Seth Taylor.
St. Joseph.....	.....	Antigonish..... N.S..	A. McGillivray.
South River.....	Macher.....	Muskoka..... O..	William Holditch.
Spring Valley.....	Elizabethtown.....	Leeds, S.R..... O..	Abel Yates.
Tilley.....	Lansdown.....	Leeds, S.R..... O..	John Stoops.
West Inglisville.....	.....	Annapolis..... N.S..	George Beal.

a. Opened on the 1st December, 1881.

b. Opened on the 1st January, 1882.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Birkhall..... Co. Lambton, O.
Luttrell..... Co. Essex, O.
Hopefield ... Co. Renfrew, S.R., O.
Hansford..... Co. Cumberland, N.S.
Melbourne Ridge..... Co. Richmond, Q.

NAME CHANGED.

Grass Hill, Co. Victoria, S.R., O..... to Perrins

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

- 1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"
- 2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
- 3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height

of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application shall be made at this session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to revive the Patent granted to John Dickinson Brunton under number 5757, for an apparatus for cutting, dressing, planing, turning and shaping stone, on the 3rd March, 1876, for five years

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicant.

Montreal, 23rd February, 1882.

35-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the "Indemnity Company of North America," with power to carry on business in Canada and the United States as a guarantee, accident and life assurance company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 16th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; and to provide for the governance of the said Church, and for the acquiring, holding and administra-

STATEN

NAME OF BANK. NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CAPIT			
	Capital Authorized.	Capital autorisé.	from Capide Subscr in isec	unt Capit b souscets f s b no
ONTARIO.				
Bank of Toronto.....			\$ 2,000,000 00	\$ 2,000,000 00
† Mechanics' Bank.....	102,634 13	182,278 00	223,567 52	31,214 60
Quebec Bank.....	27,758 64	198,870 00	389,588 33	62,214 72
Union Bank.....				
† Consolidated Bank of Canada.....				
Total Quebec.....	3,940,348 38	5,526,338 50	3,806,988 79	991,936 22
Total Ontario.....	2,108,122 30	3,164,386 31	2,649,484 79	895,229 56
Total Ontario and Quebec.....	6,048,470 68	8,690,724 81	6,456,473 58	1,887,165 78
NOVA SCOTIA.				
Bank of Yarmouth.....	45,746 66	19,387 00	8,765 35	85,454 19
Bank of Nova Scotia.....	142,630 42	242,847 00	116,236 70	196,726 63
Exchange Bank of Yarmouth.....	13,100 51	11,485 00	1,809 00	16,051 97
Merchants Bank of Halifax.....	122,508 75	242,673 00	104,286 53	115,022 25
People's Bank of Halifax.....	72,282 81	231,989 00	24,325 43	31,000 93
Union Bank of Halifax.....	43,386 29	110,040 00	36,589 64	75,255 03
† Bank of Liverpool.....				
Pictou Bank.....	25,288 65	29,529 25	32,439 78	8,245 75
Halifax Banking Company.....	13,009 57	52,010 00	16,514 52	27,415 83
Commercial Bank of Windsor.....	18,040 10	13,504 76	3,444 33	49,137 32
Total Nova Scotia.....	495,993 76	953,465 01	344,411 28	604,309 90
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.				
* Bank of Prince Edward Island.....				
Union Bank.....				
* Merchants Bank P. E. Island.....				
NEW BRUNSWICK.				
Bank of New Brunswick.....	131,106 92	162,990 00	57,702 00	182,794 87
Maritime B. of the Dominion of Canada	484 17	28,097 00	9,263 78	968 34
* People's Bank.....				
St. Stephen's Bank.....	43,540 00		40,768 65	14,573 78
Total New Brunswick.....	175,131 09	191,087 00	107,734 43	198,336 99
BRITISH COLUMBIA.				
* Bank of British Columbia.....				
Total Ontario and Quebec.....	6,048,470 68	8,690,724 81	6,456,473 58	1,887,165 78
" Nova Scotia.....	495,993 76	953,465 01	344,411 28	604,309 90
" New Brunswick.....	175,131 09	191,087 00	107,734 43	198,336 99
Grand Total.....	6,719,595 53	9,835,276 82	6,908,619 29	2,689,812 67

* At present not obliged to make returns.

† Mechanic

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

STATEMENT OF BANKS ACTING UNDER CHARTER, for the month ending 28th February, 1882, according to the Returns furnished by them to the Department of Finance.

NAME OF BANK — NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CAPITAL.				LIABILITIES.													
	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subscribed.	Capital Paid Up.	Notes in Circulation.	Dominion Government Deposits Payable on Demand.	Dominion Government Deposits payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Deposits held as Security for execution of Dominion Govern- ment contracts and for Insurance Companies.	Provincial Government Deposits Payable on demand.	Provincial Government Deposits Payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Other Deposits Payable on Demand.	Other Deposits Payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Loans from or Deposits made by other Banks in Canada secured.	Loans from or Deposits made by other Banks in Canada unsecured.	Due to other Banks in Canada.	Due to Agencies of Bank or to other Banks or Agencies in foreign countries.	Due to Agencies of Bank, or to other Banks or Agencies in United Kingdom.	Liabilities not included under forfeiting heads.	Total Liabilities.
	Capital autorisé.	Capital souscrit.	Capital versé.	Billets en circulation.	Dépôts du Gouver- nement fédéral remboursables à demande.	Dépôts du gouver- nement fédéral, remboursables après avis ou à une date fixe.	Dépôts garantis comme garantie de l'exécution des travaux entrepris pour le gouvernement fédéral et pour des Compagnies d'assurances.	Dépôts des Gouvernements Provinciaux remboursables à demande.	Dépôts des Gouvernements Provinciaux remboursables après avis ou à une date fixe.	Autres dépôts remboursables à demande.	Autres dépôts remboursables après avis ou à une date fixe.	Emprunts faits à d'autres banques ou dépôts faits par d'autres banques en Canada, garantis.	Emprunts faits à d'autres banques ou dépôts faits par d'autres banques en Canada non garantis.	Dû à d'autres banques en Canada.	Dû à des agences de la banque, ou à d'autres ban- ques ou agences dans les pays étrangers.	Dû à des agences de la banque, ou à d'autres ban- ques ou agences dans le Royaume-Uni.	Engagements non compris dans les items qui précèdent.	Total du passif.
ONTARIO.																		
Bank of Toronto.....	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,482,667 00	62,486 87	—	—	3,263 00	—	2,380,153 65	1,518,158 34	106,414 72	5,306 50	44,304 46	—	7,244 41	5,610,688 75	
Bank of Hamilton.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	745,550 00	745,941 00	33,923 85	—	—	45,000 00	—	984,913 55	369,141 57	—	2,272 33	14,464 30	—	2,210,887 20		
Canadian Bank of Commerce.....	6,000,000 00	6,000,000 00	3,711,094 00	74,995 37	—	—	—	5,892 50	—	6,148,940 61	7,376,989 69	81,884 74	38,881 78	24,495 40	—	18,730,719 31		
Dominion Bank.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	951,168 00	301,168 00	38,831 87	—	—	10,000 00	—	1,235,244 48	342,259 33	1,044 70	1,044 70	72,074 29	—	5,169,089 77		
Ontario Bank.....	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	2,998,401 00	1,151,235 00	99,202 80	—	—	300,000 00	—	2,642,418 29	543,184 39	230,359 93	—	40,153 14	—	8,717,920 32		
Standard Bank.....	1,000,000 00	764,500 00	753,495 00	71,926 00	75,883 99	—	—	34,999 11	—	1,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	3,639 46	—	—	—	2,836,555 10		
Federal Bank.....	1,500,000 00	1,500,000 00	1,458,180 00	1,462,178 00	41,678 00	—	—	12,000 00	—	1,955,859 40	3,184,544 84	36,739 92	—	—	—	7,388,408 81		
Bank of Ottawa.....	1,000,000 00	600,000 00	600,000 00	508,674 00	23,589 43	—	—	17,980 00	—	348,204 90	405,029 43	—	—	—	—	3,698,676 16		
Imperial Bank of Canada.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,010,759 00	95,831 23	50,000 00	—	—	29,000 00	—	1,947,764 22	1,648,362 65	75,000 00	10,576 60	6,269 60	15,617 82	5,265,987 84		
Total, Ontario.....	17,500,000 00	16,884,600 00	16,598,606 00	11,734,612 00	551,373 71	850,000 00	185,297 85	415,818 73	1,250,000 00	19,340,977 22	18,258,873 28	568,099 46	329,411 82	6,269 60	554,916 52	13,980 87	54,049,491 08	
QUEBEC.																		
Bank of Montreal.....	12,000,000 00	12,000,000 00	11,999,200 00	5,011,123 00	3,145,238 43	3,000,000 00	488,878 55	292,690 80	8,801,375 00	5,613,135 35	673,221 14	21,318 07	22,051 00	11,833 55	4,188 67	47,968 66	27,191,995 70	
Bank of British North America.....	4,866,666 00	4,866,666 00	4,866,666 00	1,002,082 00	12,262 00	—	—	13,083 00	—	1,204,225 00	3,979,820 00	50,000 00	—	—	—	6,241,975 00		
Banque du Peuple.....	1,600,000 00	1,600,000 00	1,600,000 00	173,222 00	4,186 47	—	—	—	—	1,069,434 00	587,488 63	—	—	—	—	5,169,089 77		
Banque Nationale.....	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,151,253 00	99,202 80	—	—	1,000 00	—	2,642,418 29	543,184 39	230,359 93	—	40,153 14	—	8,717,920 32		
Banque Jacques-Cartier.....	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	479,480 00	30,704 18	—	—	—	—	808,845 31	305,379 68	10,000 00	—	—	—	2,903 06		
Banque Ville-Marie.....	500,000 00	500,000 00	464,040 00	325,521 00	21,887 50	—	—	25,000 00	—	74,967 89	214,474 38	—	—	—	—	4,853 73		
Banque de St. Jean.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	225,020 00	33,447 35	—	—	16,450 00	—	10,988 90	221,794 61	10,000 00	—	—	—	676,716 69		
Banque de St. Hyacinthe.....	1,000,000 00	504,600 00	247,490 00	210,206 00	2,037 21	—	—	—	—	11,218 58	603,670 20	—	—	—	—	474,200 92		
La Banque d'Hochebourg.....	1,000,000 00	685,200 00	682,566 00	473,005 00	31,093 05	—	—	230 00	—	228,800 51	158,792 27	—	—	—	—	830,215 96		
Eastern Townships Bank.....	1,000,000 00	1,478,600 00	1,362,814 85	832,600 00	61,641 34	—	—	23,609 00	—	398,273 03	1,447,470 36	—	—	—	—	929,466 82		
Exchange Bank of Canada.....	1,000,000 00	500,000 00	481,849 00	21,073 05	1,774 68	—	—	63,000 00	—	1,192,780 03	636,416 98	250,000 00	—	88,813 58	33,161 25	50,000 00		
Molson's Bank.....	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,987,415 00	91,789 05	—	—	100,000 00	—	2,572,501 70	1,792,167 38	30,000 00	—	152,554 93	9,779 12	78,260 13		
Merchants' Bank of Canada.....	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,987,415 00	91,789 05	—	—	100,000 00	—	2,572,501 70	1,792,167 38	30,000 00	—	152,554 93	9,779 12	78,260 13		
Quebec Bank.....	3,000,000 00	2,500,000 00	2,500,000 00	792,329 50	53,933 96	300,000 00	52,661 25	100,000 00	111,157 99	26,856,405 35	21,453,203 32	10,000 00	1,199,231 14	6,269 60	33,411 04	655,122 03	209,663 56	
Union Bank of Lower Canada.....	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	728,150 00	1,125 57	—	—	—	1,361,157 99	45,197,382 57	39,712,136 60	10,000 00	1,199,231 14	6,269 60	33,411 04	655,122 03	209,663 56	
Consolidated Bank of Canada.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Total, Quebec.....	39,166,666 00	37,474,333 67	36,598,554 18	17,606,812 53	3,965,154 17	4,018,616 67	654,706 25	485,692 75	1,361,157 99	26,856,405 35	21,453,203 32	10,000 00	1,199,231 14	6,269 60	33,411 04	655,122 03	209,663 56	
Total, Ontario and Quebec.....	56,666,666 00	54,358,933 67	53,197,158 18	29,341,424 53	9,566,527 88	8,037,227 37	1,139,004 10	901,201 48	1,361,157 99	45,197,382 57	39,712,136 60	10,000 00	1,199,231 14	6,269 60	33,411 04	655,122 03	209,663 56	
NOVA SCOTIA.																		
Bank of Yarmouth.....	400,000 00	400,000 00	383,010 00	85,500 67	87,571 55	—	—	—	—	117,090 85	112,211 29	—	—	—	—	—	402,717 23	
Bank of Nova Scotia.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	893,524 41	381,924 71	—	—	78,369 81	—	1,556,272 37	1,556,272 37	—	—	—	—	—	3,874,370 83	
Exchange Bank of Yarmouth.....	400,000 00	400,000 00	400,000 00	33,532 41	—	—	—	—	—	1,556,272 37	1,556,272 37	—	—	—	—	—	3,874,370 83	
Merchants' Bank of Halifax.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	611,132 74	281,513 24	—	—	632 50	—	258,993 54	1,069,063 96	96,400 00	—	98,850 45	—	—	96,508 18	
People's Bank of Halifax.....	800,000 00	800,000 00	800,000 00	201,474 65	23,070 56	—	—	—	—	173,440 72	256,000 00	—	—	23,084 45	—	—	2,472,256 43	
Union Bank of Halifax.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	131,912 74	41,235 01	—	—	—	—	62,258 11	434,354 01	—	—	6,977 60	6,121 84	—	760,397 30	
Bank of Liverpool.....	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	133,543 00	171,512 71	—	—	—	—	307,000 00	307,000 00	—	—	800 00	—	—	70,602 86	
Pictou Bank.....	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	133,543 00	171,512 71	—	—	—	—	307,000 00	307,000 00	—	—	800 00	—	—	70,602 86	
Halifax Banking Company.....	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	133,543 00	171,512 71	—	—	—	—	140,960 87	171,512 71	—	—	800 00	—	—	70,602 86	
Commercial Bank of Windsor.....	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	133,543 00	171,512 71	—	—	—	—	140,960 87	171,512 71	—	—	800 00	—	—	70,602 86	
Total, Nova Scotia.....	6,100,000 00	5,900,000 00	4,623,931 00	2,308,410 85	678,659 60	100,000 00	632 50	156,733 97	25,000 00	1,487,217 75	4,156,005 05	138,400 00	258,805 78	37,634 68	20,638 31	43,939 89	9,673,268 38	
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.																		
Bank of Prince Edward Island.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	511,898 50	236,318 00	—	—	—	—	631,439 11	923,269 14	—	—	—	—	—	2,413,348 08	
Maritime Bank of the Dominion of Canada.....	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,226,000 00	44,600 00	—	—	—	—	1,556,272 37	1,556,272 37	—	—	—	—	—	4,423,264 36	
People's Bank.....	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	217,403 00	3,812 23	—	—	—	—	1,556,272 37	1,556,272 37	—	—	—	—	—	3,053,945 16	
Total, New Brunswick.....	3,200,000 00	1,938,000 00	1,884,440 00	854,277 50	309,731 23	48,861 00	632 50	156,733 97	25,000 00	1,487,217 75	4,156,005 05	138,400 00	258,805 78	37,634 68	20,638 31	43,939 89	9,673,268 38	
BRITISH COLUMBIA.																		
Bank of British Columbia.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

RECAPITULATION.																		
Total, Ontario and Quebec.....	56,666,666 00	54,358,933 67	53,197,158 18	29,341,451 50	4,508,527 88	4,068,616 67	850,000 00	901,201 48	1,361,157 99	45,197,382 57	39,712,136 60	10,000 00	1,199,231 14	6,269 60	33,411 04	655,122 03	209,663 56	131,708,002 39
Total, Nova Scotia.....	6,100,000 00	5,900,000 00	4,623,931 00	2,308,411 85	678,659 60	100,000 00	632 50	156,733 97	25,000 00	1,487,217 75	4,156,005 05	138,400 00	258,805 78	37,634 68	20,638 31	43,939 89	9,673,268 38	
Total, New Brunswick.....	3,200,000 00	1,938,000 00	1,884,440 00	854,277 50	309,731 23	48,861 00	632 50	156,733										

RECAPITULATION.

Total, Ontario and Quebec.....	56,666,666 00	54,358,933 67	53,197,454 18	29,341,424 53	9,566,527 88	8,037,227 37	1,139,004 10	901,511 48	1,361,157 99	45,197,382 57	39,712,136 60	10,000
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ration of the funds and property thereof; and to declare the funds and property held in trust for said Church by the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, under the Act of the Province of Canada, 22 Vic., chap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," to have been at all times since the passing of said Act, and to be now held for the benefit of said Church to be incorporated, and of the Ministers belonging thereto; and to vest the said fund and the management thereof for the future in the corporation of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, to be created by said Act to be applied for. And also to declare the funds and property held in trust for the support of the Widows and Orphans of the Ministers of said Church, under the Act of the Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic., chap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the managers of the Ministers' Widows and Orphans' fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," to have been at all times since the passing of said last mentioned Act, and to be now held in trust for the benefit of said Church, to be so incorporated, and for the support of the Widows and Orphans of the Ministers thereof; and to be vested for the future in the said Corporation of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland to be created by the said Act to be applied for; and also to provide for the future management of all said funds and property; and to amend said two above mentioned Acts, and any other Act or Acts, in so far as may be necessary for the purposes aforesaid, or to repeal the same if necessary; and to make such further provisions as may be requisite to give full force and effect to the intents and purposes of the Act so to be applied for.

MACMASTER, HUTCHINSON, KNAPP & WEIR,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 11th February, 1882. 33-1f

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Ocean Mutual Insurance Company," for the purpose of carrying on the business of Ocean Marine Insurance in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM & TUPPER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Halifax, 25th January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company, to construct and operate a line of railway, commencing at a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, in or near Township Ten (10), Range Fourteen (14) West P. M., in the Province of Manitoba, to Rapid City, Oak River, Bird Tail Creek and Fort Ellice, thence to the Touchwood Hills, and thence at or near Fort à la Corne, on the Saskatchewan River, and thence in a north westerly direction to or at or near the Pine River Pass, and thence to the Pacific Coast, at a point to be determined upon hereafter in the discretion of the company.

BIGGS & WOOD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act to incorporate a company for

the erection and maintenance of Booms and other improvements affecting the lumber interest on Rainy River, for the levying of tolls, dues and charges thereon, and for colonization upon the territory bordering on said river.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.

Ottawa, 3rd February, 1882. 32-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Canadian Electric Light Company shall apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to ratify and confirm their Act of incorporation, to give them the necessary authorization to secure motive powers and the generation of electricity in any part of the Dominion of Canada, and to authorize them to use and work certain patents granted in Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 23rd January, 1882. 31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the Manitoba Midland Railway Company, with power to build and operate a railway beginning at East Garfield, on the Canada Pacific Railway, thence to the town of Macdonald on the Portage and North Western Railway, thence westerly through or near Rapid City, to some points on the Saskatchewan or Peace Rivers in the North West Territories, with power also to build bridges and telegraph lines and to build branch line from Macdonald to Lake Manitoba.

McMILLAN & TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27th Jan., 1882. 31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 22 Vic., cap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the members of the said board to confirm and enact the provisions of the Acts of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic., cap. 62, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," and 38 Vic., cap. 64, intituled "An Act to amend the Act intituled 'An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,'" and of the Act of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 75, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic. cap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland"; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the said managers; to confirm and enact the provisions of the Act of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic. cap. 61, intituled "An Act to amend 'An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,'" save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to confirm and enact the provisions of an Act passed by the Legislature of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 76, intituled "An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston," and to enable the said College to stand towards the Presbyterian Church in Canada in relations similar to those which it lately held to the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; or to otherwise deal with the matters referred to in the said last-mentioned Act.

JOHN HAMILTON (of Kingston,)
Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that the McClary Manufacturing Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the said company with increased powers.

MEREDITH & SCATCHERD,
Solicitors for the applicants.
Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act to reduce the paid-up capital and stock of "The Exchange Bank of Yarmouth" to the extent of thirty per cent.

SANDFORD H. PELTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.
21st January, 1882.

30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Qu'Appelle Land Company" with power to acquire, improve and sell lands and promote immigration, and with other powers.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK.
Solicitors for the applicants.
Toronto, 16th January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the Great American and European Short Line Railway Company, with power: 1st. To construct, equip and operate lines of railway from a point at or near Cape North, in the Island of Cape Breton, to the Strait of Canso, and from the Strait of Canso, through the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario, to a point or points in United States Territory; 2nd. To construct, equip and operate steamers, and steam ferry communication between any of the Provinces of the Dominion, and between the Dominion and Newfoundland, and between the Dominion and Europe, and between Newfoundland and Europe, and also said ferry connection on the Strait of Canso; 3rd. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with the matter and powers before mentioned, and the working and operating of the same.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
for self and other Corporators.
Halifax, 3rd January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE.—"The Bell Telephone Company of Canada" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to its Act of incorporation 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to manufacture besides the articles referred to in such second section such other articles or things as the company may deem advisable, also to transmit messages by telegraph as well as by telephone, also to purchase telegraph as well as telephone lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its telegraph and telephone lines from any one to any other of the Provinces in the Dominion, and whereby also it shall be declared that said Act of incorporation and its amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,
Solicitors for said company.
Montreal, 17th January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is given that application will be made to Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to extend the periods for the commencement and completion of the proposed works of the St. Lawrence and Pacific Railway Ferry Co.
Montreal, 10th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and working a line of railway and telegraph from some point at or near to Michipicoton Harbor, on the north east of Lake Superior, to Moose Fort or some other point on James' Bay, wherever it might be deemed most advisable to build the line.

A. BOULTBEE,
Solicitor for the applicants.
Toronto, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

APPLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for the passing of an Act to amend the Act 43 Vic. chap. 46, and to define the powers, duties and term of office of the liquidators appointed to wind up the affairs of the Consolidated Bank of Canada, and to provide for their replacement, in consequence of the remaining assets having been disposed of, and for other purposes.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating The Great Eastern Railway Company.

KERR, CARTER & McGIBBON,
Solicitors for applicants.
Montreal, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for the passage of an Act to consolidate the several Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company and declaratory of the powers heretofore granted to the said company, and to grant to the said company all such other powers as have heretofore been granted by Parliament to other telegraph companies.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secretary.
Montreal Office, 12th January, 1882. 29-9

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Saskatchewan Forks Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the

company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

5. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say: The following residing in the city of Toronto: George Bradley Bradley, journalist; George Eyvel, journalist; Albert Horton, journalist; George Johnson, journalist; Christopher William Bunting, managing director *Mail Printing Company*; William James Douglas, director *Mail Printing Company*; Edward Frederick Clark, publisher *Orange Sentinel*; Alexander Fraser Pirie, journalist; George Darby, manager *Evening News*; Wallace Maclean, journalist; Nicholas Flood Davin, journalist.

The following residing in the city of Montreal: Thomas White, journalist; Aimé Gelin, journalist; Richard White, managing director *Gazette Printing Company*; François Raymond Marceau, stenographer; Robert Smeaton White, journalist;

The following residing in the city of Ottawa: Charles W. Mitchell, proprietor *Free Press*; George Roden Kingsmill, journalist; Andrew Holland, journalist; Carroll Ryan, journalist;

The following residing in the City of London: Josiah Blackburn, managing director *Free Press Printing Company*; John Cameron, editor *Daily Advertiser*; and William Dennis, of Halifax, N.S., journalist; Archibald McNee, of Winnipeg, Man., journalist; James Innes, Guelph, journalist; John Livingstone, St. John, N.B., journalist; Edgar Russell Smith, St. Johns, Que., publisher *News and Frontier Advocate*; Murdo Young McLean, Seaforth, Ont., publisher *Huron Expositor*; Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., journalist; Henry Gorman, Sarnia, Ont., publisher *Observer*; Hon. Alphonse A. C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, Man., journalist; Edwin Henry Fogarty, Cobourg, Ont., journalist; James Brown, Welland, Ont., journalist; of whom the said George Bradley Bradley, George Eyvel, Albert Horton, George Johnson, John Roden Kingsmill, Archibald McNee, Robert Smeaton White, William Dennis, Aimé Gelin, are to be the first, or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 10th March, 1882. 37-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Alexander G. Ramsay, of the City of Hamilton, General Manager Canada Life Insurance Company; William Hendrie, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; Adam Brown, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; John Dunlop, of the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, Esquire; James Crowther, of the City of Toronto, Esquire; James Scott, of the said City of Toronto, merchant; William Mulock, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire, and Robert H. Bethune, of the said City of Toronto, cashier of the Dominion Bank.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, the 2nd day of March 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by name of "The Dominion Colonizing, Cattle Breeding and Coal Mining Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c.) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d.) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.

(e.) To aid either by way of bonuses or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company, to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use, and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f.) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels, and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g.) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h.) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep, and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(i.) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

The Town of Picton and the City of Toronto to be the chief places of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$1,000,000. There are to be ten thousand shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say, The following residing in the Town of Picton: Charles Stewart Wilson, banker, William Henry Richey Allison, barrister at law, Q. C., James North Carter, George Calvin Curry, James Hart, Joseph Redmond, Charles Alexander Macdonell, Allan Innis Corkindale and Webster Talcott Crandall and William P. Reynolds, merchants, William Wallace Colton, Henry Barthall Evans, and James Bentley Morden, physicians, Stephen Marshall Conger and John William Conger, publishers, Arthur William Hepburn, Robert Clapp, Thomas Bog, Edward Horan and Clarence James McCuaig, Gentlemen. The following residing in the village of Wellington: Joseph B. Ruttan, physician, Gilbert P. Dorland, Gentleman, Paul Charles Vanhorn, Gentleman, and David Clinton, manufacturer; and the following residing in Consecon: James Albert Johnson, Joseph Pierson, John Byers and Richard John Osborne, merchants; and the following residing in the township of Ameliasburg: William Delong, George Anderson, James Henry Peck and George Cunningham, farmers, and John Sprague, merchant; and the following residing in Sophiasburg: Wellington Boulter, insurance agent, John Crawford and Edward Doney, farmers; and the following residing in the township of Athol: John Abercrombie, John Waring, Montalbert Werden, John Gibson, Eli Ketchum, Benjamin F. Hubbs, William Kenny and Patrick Bond, farmers; and the following residing at Rednersville: James Redner, merchant; and the following residing in the township of South Marysburg: Carlton McCartney, Wesley Hicks, Nelson Hudgins and Philip Farrington, farmers; and the following residing in the township of North Marysburg: John Prenyer, Gentleman, and David McAuley, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hallowell: Abram Huyek, farmer, and Adam H. Saylor, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hillier: Samuel Jones and Stephen Philip Niles, farmers; and Arthur Harvey, of Toronto, Gentleman, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Picton, 2nd March, 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Morton Dairy Farming and Colonization Company of Manitoba (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, or elsewhere, from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising, more particularly dairy farming, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, with branches at the City of Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$1,000,000 in ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses and callings of each of the applicants are as follows: Thomas Harris Hodgson, merchant, Alfred James Brice, merchant, George Bishop, engraver, Charles Huston, manufacturer, Thomas Cramp, merchant, all of the said city of Montreal; John Macleod Gill, manufacturer, Robert Gill, manufacturer, both of the Town of Brockville, in the Province of Ontario; John Smith, manufacturer, James David Crawford, broker, both of the said City of Montreal; Colin Munro, Sheriff, of the County of Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banker, both of the City of St. Thomas, in the Province of Ontario, and George Morton, of the City of Kingston, Gentleman, of whom the six first named are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

DUNLOP & LYMAN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th February, 1882.

36-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," after the expiration of at least

one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter instituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Dominion Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:

Henry Stark Howland, of the City of Toronto in the Province of Ontario, banker; William Rees Brock, of the same place, merchant; John Ginty, of the same place, contractor; John Gillespie, of the same place, merchant; George A. Muttibury, of the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba, real estate agent, and Jeffrey Hall Brock, of the same place, agent. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 24th February, A. D. 1882. 36-6

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada, after the publication of this notice for one month, by Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond and David Young, all of the City of Winnipeg, for letters patent under the "Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," constituting them and others who may become associated with them, a body corporate and politic, under the name of "The Manitoba Land Company, Limited."

2. The objects of said company are to acquire, hold, sell, lease, convey real estate and cultivate farm property and sell the produce thereof, within the Province of Manitoba and North West Territories.

3. The capital stock of the said company shall be

five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The head office of the said company shall be the City of Winnipeg.

5. The said Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond and David Young,—all of whom, with the exception of John H. Hammond, are British subjects, and all reside within the Dominion of Canada,—shall be the first Directors of the said company.

BIGGS & WOOD.

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Winnipeg, 20th February, 1882. 35-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of 40 Victoria, chapter 43, entitled "An Act to amend the law respecting the incorporation of Joint Stock Companies by Letters Patent," for the grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent in the manner and for the purposes following:

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The Farmers North-West Land and Colonisation Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of land or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings including mills and machinery, and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed on, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and for the promotion of emigration.

3. The principal place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand, and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and callings of each of the applicants are, Thomas Long, M.P.P., merchant, Charles Macdonell, miller, George Moberly, barrister-at-law, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, Clerk in Holy Orders, John Francis Mathieson, insurance agent, William Basil Hamilton, postmaster, Andrew Ginty Campbell, steamboat agent, Adam Dudgeon, Division Court Clerk, Charles Gamon, barrister-at-law, Andrew Melville, merchant, Thomas Worthington Fair, merchant, James Lindsay, merchant, Alexander McDermid, merchant tailor, Frank Foster Telfer and Herbert Young Telfer, confectioners, Hall Telfer, baker, Edward Richmond Carpenter, druggist, John Guinness Laird, Clerk in Holy Orders, Edward Sallows, Clerk in Holy Orders, Annie McGillivray, spinster, Bella McGillivray, spinster, Bernard Callary, merchant, George Warburton Hodgetts, bank manager, Henry Wentworth Bell Smith, accountant, Samuel Ditson, merchant, William Ward Willis, Baptist Minister, Alexander Buist, Gentleman, Charles Cameron, steamboat owner, and John Joseph Long, merchant, all of the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe; John Hogg, of the Town of Portage La Prairie, conveyancer; the Honorable David Reesor, of the Town of Yorkville, in the County of York, Senator; William Bouchier, yeoman, Donald A. Currie, yeoman, Thomas Robinson, insurance agent, James Leach, yeoman, and David Emery Buist, yeoman, all of the Township of Nottawasaga, in the County of Simcoe; George Bullas Bristow, Arthur Holroyd and John Buckingham, yeomen, all of the Township of Osprey, in the County of Grey; Henry

Horace Thompson, of the Village of Penetanguishene, in the County of Simcoe, merchant; Alexander McCarthy, of the Town of Barrie, in said County, post office conductor; Robert James Sproul, merchant, and John Wesley Armstrong, Division Court Clerk, both of the Village of Flesherton, in the County of Grey; Walter Hunter, merchant, Robert Herbert Hunt, doctor of medicine, Thomas Wesley Tyson, Walter Lount Tyson, and John Henry Tyson, millers, Emma Louisa Hartman, all of the Village of Clarksburg, in the County of Grey; Charles Hunt, Gentleman, William H. Smith, grain buyer, all of the Village of Thornbury, in the County of Grey; James Hill Hunter, merchant, of the Town of Durham, in the County of Grey; George William Monk, M. P. P., yeoman, of the township of March, in the County of Carleton; Robert Henry, lumber merchant, Patrick Hughes, merchant, both of the City of Toronto, in the County of York; Frederick John French, Gentleman, of the Town of Prescott, in the County of Grenville; Michael Gartlan and Charles O'Brien, merchants, both of the Village of Stayner, in the County of Simcoe; Timothy Rodgers, yeoman, of the Village of Bradford, in the County of Simcoe; Gideon Striker, M.P.P., of the Town of Picton, in the County of Prince Edward; William Broder, merchant, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas; Wilfred Charles Schrieber, wood agent, of the Village of Allandale, and Charles Cotton Bridges, yeoman, of the Township of Oro, both in the County of Simcoe.

7. The following are the first directors of the said company, namely, the above named Thomas Long, M. P. P., Charles Macdonell, Andrew Melville, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, George Moberly, John Francis Mathieson, William Basil Hamilton, Hall Telfer, Adam Dudgeon, Thomas Worthington Fair and Charles Gamon.

MOBERLY & GAMON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Collingwood, 15th February, 1882. 34-6

DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor General in Council for the Dominion of Canada, for letters patent of incorporation of a company.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company to be "The Lindsay Paper Mill Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes and objects for which incorporation are sought are the manufacturing and dealing in paper, pulp, cardboard, strawboard and millboard, and materials composed of paper and of paper and other materials, and of utilising, manufacturing and dealing in rice grass and other material used in connection with the manufacture of paper or paper stock, or combination of paper and other material; with powers to work and operate mills, and have warehouses and works in connection thereof in different parts of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be in the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be sixty thousand dollars (60,000).

5. The number of shares to be six hundred (600), and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars (\$100).

6. The names in full and the address of the applicants are as follows:—Alexander A. Stevenson, publisher; William D. O'Brien, agent; Richard Jellyman, merchant; Richard White, publisher; Alexander R. Brown, merchant; Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Senator; Henry Dobell, merchant; Peter A. Peterson, engineer; Henry J. Tiffin, merchant; Arthur H. Plimsoll, accountant; Anthony H. Sims, merchant; Charles R. Hosmer, agent; Charles R. Hosmer, agent in trust; Robert Campbell, merchant; George W. Craig, agent; Miss Emily C. S. Bagg, spinster, and Charles T. Gibbs, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, and Samuel Arthur McMurtry, Banker, of Lindsay, in the Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

That the names of those who are to be the first or provisional directors to the said company are the said Alexander A. Stevenson, Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White and S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Attorneys for applicants.
Montreal, 13th February, 1882. 34-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Company" (Limited).

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

Edward Gurney, the younger, City of Toronto, manufacturer; John Edward Rose, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; Alexander Sutherland, City of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; Dennis Moore, City of Hamilton, manufacturer; Richard Brown, City of Toronto, merchant; William Glass, City of London, sheriff; William Briggs, City of Toronto, clergyman; Henry E. Clarke, City of Toronto, manufacturer; Daniel Maclean, City of Toronto, merchant; Edward Hartley Dewart, City of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; John Thomas Moore, City of Toronto, accountant; John Jacob Withrow, City of Toronto, manufacturer; Samuel John Hunter, City of Toronto, clergyman; Charles Douglas Warren, City of Toronto, merchant; Leonard Gaety, City of London, clergyman; Thomas

McCormick, City of London, manufacturer; George Robinson, City of London, merchant; Robert Warren, Town of Niagara, yeoman.

The first fifteen of said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company and are all residents of Canada.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRILL & COATSWORTH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act" by "The North West Trading Company, limited," incorporated by letters patent dated the 22nd day of July A. D. 1873, for Supplementary Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada extending the powers of the said company for the following purposes:—

1. To acquire lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territory from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals. To survey, colonize, settle, cultivate and build upon said lands. To sell, rent, mortgage or otherwise dispose of said lands. To advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, securing such advances with interest by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land, on such terms and in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon. To breed, buy and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on all farming operations.

2. To increase the capital stock of the said company to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent for company.

Ottawa, 17th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic, in and by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

The acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing re-payment for such advances on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon.

To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote emigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid, to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or other vessels, or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incident thereto.

The City of Toronto shall be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$300,000 consisting of 3,000 shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of the applicants are: Nathaniel Clarke Wallace, M.P., merchant, of the Village of Woodbridge, Silas James, Provincial Land Surveyor, James Armstrong, student-at-law, John Jeremiah Cook, merchant, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, accountant, Elgin Schoff, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto; James Duncan, farmer, Emery P. O., John Duncan, farmer, Richmond Hill, Robert Nathaniel Taylor, farmer, Elders Mills—of whom the said N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor and James Duncan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ELGIN SCHOFF,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 9th February, 1832.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made under the provisions of the Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act 1877, by Sir Hugh Allan, steamship owner, Andrew Allan, steamship owner, Honorable Thomas Ryan, senator, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Hugh McLennan, merchant, Andrew Thomas Drummond, financial agent, all of the City of Montreal, and Arthur Wellington Ross, member of the Provincial Legislature, and Charles Sinclair Drummond, financial agent, both of the City of Winnipeg, for letters patent constituting them and such others as may become shareholders in the Company thereby created, a body corporate under the name of the "Montreal and Western Land Company, Limited."

The objects for which incorporation is sought are the purchase, leasing or otherwise acquiring of land, or any interests therein, in the Dominion of Canada; the holding, using, settling, cultivating, stocking with horses and cattle, or otherwise improving the same; the erection of buildings thereon; the establishment of stores thereon, and the purchase and sale of articles of merchandize of every description; the erection or acquirement, working and renting of saw mills and flour mills thereon; the construction, acquirement and use of and the taking of interests either directly, or as shareholders incorporated with others, in steam and sailing vessels, tramways, canals, road and other works of any description necessary or expedient as a means of access to, or for the improvement of the said lands; the promotion of immigration to the said property; the selling, leasing, exchanging, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with the said lands or interests therein, or the said personal property, belonging to the said company; the assisting of and the advancement of monies to settlers and the taking, holding, selling or otherwise disposing of mortgages or other instruments intended to secure monies advanced or remaining due on the lands so sold; the issuing of bonds secured on the real and personal assets of the company; the acting as agents of any Government, corporation or individual in the sale of lands and the settlement thereof and the promotion of immigration; and generally the accomplishment of all such purposes and works as are necessary or incidental to the attainment of the aforesaid objects.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be in the City of Montreal.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The said Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Honorable Thomas Ryan, George Alexander Drummond, Hugh

McLennan, Arthur Wellington Ross, and Andrew Thomas Drummond, all of whom are residents of Canada and subjects of Her Majesty, are to be the first or provisional directors.

DRUMMOND BROTHERS & CO.,

Agents for applicants.

Montreal, 7th February, 1882.

33-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made, by the persons hereinafter named, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Great Seal, constituting the said persons hereinafter named and such others as may become shareholders of the company to be thereby created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877."

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Stevens Turner and Burns Foundry and General Manufacturing Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are for carrying on a general brass and iron foundry business and manufacturing agricultural, electrical and other machines and appliances and engines of every description, and for dealing in such machines, appliances and engines, and in all kinds of brass, iron and other metal goods.

3. The chief place of business of said company in the Dominion of Canada is to be the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, with branches and agencies in such other places within the Dominion as may be deemed necessary.

4. The amount of the capital stock of said company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be five thousand of fifty dollars each.

6. The names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—

Thomas Allen Stevens, William Pearce Turner, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Joseph Seymour Fallows and John Elliott, all of the said City of London, manufacturers; Henry Taylor, of the said City of London, broker; Charles Murray, of the same place, banker; Benjamin Cronyn, of the same place, barrister; John Labatt, of the same place, brewer, and Frank Beamer Scovell, of the same place, practical engineer.

7. The said Thomas Allen Stevens, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Elliott, Henry Taylor, John Labatt and Charles Murray, are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

CRONYN & GREENLEES,

Solicitors for applicants.

London, 26th January, 1882.

32-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The North West Fertile Belt Colonization Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought, are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building

upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock raising, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$1,000,000, in ten thousand shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: John Northwood, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Kent, province of Ontario, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the same place, Gentleman; Andrew Northwood, of the same place, merchant; William Northwood, of the same place, maltster; William Smith Ireland, of the said Town of Chatham, bank manager; and William McGregor, of the Town of Windsor, in the County of Essex, in the said Province, miller, of whom the three first named are to be provisional directors of the company.

H. J. EBERTS,
For self and co-applicants.

Chatham, Ont., 24th January, 1882. 32-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation to the hereinafter mentioned applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in said company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for the purposes hereafter mentioned.

1. The acquiring of land or any interest therein in Manitoba or the North West Territories or elsewhere from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, or from any company or individuals. The colonization, settling, cultivating or building upon the said lands. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and otherwise disposing or dealing with the same. The borrowing, loaning and advancing of money upon the same, to assist the settler and securing such advances by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land as may be agreed upon. The breeding, raising, selling or purchasing of horses, cattle and sheep, and the carrying on of all farming operations.

2. The corporate name of the said proposed company is the "Ontario and North Western Land Company."

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at Whitby, in the County and Province of Ontario, having branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000. 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are George Young Smith, of the town of Whitby, barrister; Henry Betts Taylor,

of the said town of Whitby, Bank agent; Reverend J. Herbert Starr, of the said town of Whitby, Methodist Minister; John Rice, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Wellington Adams, of the said town of Whitby, dentist; D. E. Starr, of the town of Brampton, accountant; Jeremiah Long, of the said town of Whitby, grain merchant; George H. Starr, of the town of Brandon, merchant; Joshua Richardson, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Thomas J. Holliday, of the village of Brooklin, merchant; Frank Warren, of the said village of Brooklin, doctor of medicine; Reverend James A. Carmichael, of the village of Columbus, Presbyterian Minister; James Rowe Philp, of the said town of Whitby, merchant.

6. The said George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Reverend J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren and James Rowe Philp will be the first or Provisional Directors, all of whom reside in Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Whitby, 1st February, 1882. 32-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the terms of the Act of incorporation, the annual general meeting of the "Mutual Life Association of Canada," will be held in the offices of the association, in the City of Hamilton, on Tuesday the 4th day of April next, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, when an adjournment to some future date, then to be named, will be moved.

DAVID BURKE,
Manager.

Hamilton, 9th March, 1882. 37-1

THE KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a fourth call of ten per cent. on the new issue of the capital stock of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company will be payable on or before the 24th day of March, 1882, at the office of the company in Kingston.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

37-3

SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general annual meeting of the shareholders of the Sovereign Fire Insurance Co. of Canada, for the election of directors, will be held at the Company's offices, *Mail building*, Toronto, on Thursday, 16th March, 1882, at twelve o'clock noon.

F. A. BALL,
Manager.

Toronto, 1st March, 1882. 36-2

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said

release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. McGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general meeting of the Society of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien will be held the twenty-ninth day of April next (29th April, 1882).

All the shares of the Society being to order, it will be indicated by a second notice, to appear fifteen days at least prior to the date of said meeting, at what place it shall be held.

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.

M. CHEVALIER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 22nd February, 1882.

35-9

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Imperial Bank of Canada will be held at the Head Office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 4th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of authorizing an increase to the capital stock of the Bank.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 16th February, 1882.

34-7

SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a call of ten per cent. on the capital stock of the above company has been made, payable at the offices of the Company, "Mail" Building, Toronto, on Tuesday, 15th August next, and that a further call of ten per cent. on the said capital stock, has been made, payable on the fifteenth of September next.

By order of the Board,

FREDK. A. BALL,
Manager.

Toronto, 8th February, 1882.

33-7f

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Ottawa will be held at the Banking House in Ottawa, on Wednesday the 15th day of March next, for the purpose of considering the distribution among the present stockholders of the unsubscribed balance of the authorized capital stock of the Bank, and also to consider the propriety of opening other branches of the Bank.

Chair to be taken at 3 o'clock P.M.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 2nd February, 1882.

32-6

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 20 février 1882.

HARVEY McNAB, de Wallace, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, écuyer ; Sous-percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

27 février 1882.

CHARLES ELDEN EWING, de Cobourg, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer ; Percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

DANIEL McALLISTER, de Cobourg, dans la province d'Ontario, gentilhomme ; Officier préposé au débarquement et examinateur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } **C**ONSIDÉRANT que par l'acte passé dans les trente-deuxième et trente-troisième années de notre règne, chapitre 24, et intitulé "Acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," tel qu'amendé par l'acte passé dans la trente-troisième année de notre règne, chapitre vingt-huit, et intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," il est entre autres choses décrété, que le Gouverneur en Conseil pourra aussi souvent qu'il le jugera nécessaire déclarer par proclamation, que, le et après le dit jour y mentionné, le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, ou tout article ou articles d'icelui, sera en vigueur dans tout endroit ou endroits au Canada y désigné dans les limites ou dans le voisinage duquel tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique sera en voie d'exécution, ou tels endroits qui sont dans le voisinage de tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique comme susdit, dans les limites duquel il croit qu'il est nécessaire que le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné ou tout article ou articles d'icelui soit en vigueur ;

Et attendu que par et en vertu des dits actes il est en outre statué que le dit acte en premier lieu cité ou tout article ou articles d'icelui sera mis en vigueur, le ou après le jour mentionné dans telle proclamation, dans les endroits désignés dans telle proclamation ;

SACHEZ MAINTENANT que par et en vertu de l'autorité que nous confèrent ces dits actes, et par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, Nous proclamons, ordonnons et déclarons que, le et après le premier jour de février, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, tous les articles du dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, tel qu'amendé, excepté les articles deux, trois, quatre, cinq, six, sept, huit, neuf et dix, seront mis en vigueur dans les localités suivantes, savoir : dans toutes ces parties de la province d'Ontario, situées dans une circonscription de dix milles de chaque côté de la ligne localisée du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique (Division de l'Est) entre Algoma Mills et Callendar Stations y comprenant cette partie même de la ligne et s'étendant sur une distance de dix milles au-delà de chaque extrémité d'icelle.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce TRENTE-UNIÈME jour de JANVIER, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

36-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT.

Samedi, 17 décembre 1881.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU
GOUVERNEMENT EN CONSEIL.

IL a plu à Son Excellence l'Administrateur du gouvernement sur la recommandation du ministre de l'intérieur et en vertu de l'acte 43 Vic., chap. 26, d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que les règlements suivants concernant la disposition des terrains à charbon soient et les dits règlements sont par le présent adoptés :

10. Que l'affermage des terrains miniers pourra être fait pour (21) vingt et un ans, dans l'ordre de leurs demandes, aux requérants qui auront convaincu le ministre de l'intérieur de leurs moyens et habileté pour exploiter efficacement les mines qu'on sollicite, les dits requérants devant en ce cas payer un loyer de vingt-cinq centins par acre exigible semi-annuellement d'avance.

20. Que le locataire paiera un droit de dix centins par tonne sur tout le charbon tiré de la mine. Rapports trimestriels faits sous serment devant être fournis au ministre de l'intérieur par le locataire, montrant la quantité de charbon tiré de la mine, les droits exigibles sur icelle et la date de tel rapport.

30. Que l'étendue de terre à être louée à une personne n'excèdera pas trois cent vingt acres (320).

40. Les bornes de ces terrains en dessous de la surface de tels terrains loués seront les plans ou lignes verticaux dans lesquels est comprise la surface.

50. Le locataire devra commencer les opérations actives dans l'espace d'une année et exploiter la mine dans l'espace des deux années qui suivront le commencement du bail et payer le prix du loyer en

même temps que les droits, sans quoi le bail sera résilié et la Couronne reprendra les terrains.

60. Le bail pourra être renouvelé pour d'autres périodes de vingt et une années chacune et pour tels prix et droits dont il sera convenu entre le gouvernement et le locataire.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier, Conseil Privé.

35-4

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Lundi, 20 février 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR-GENERAL
EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU qu'il est opportun d'admettre des bestiaux sains des Etats-Unis de l'Ouest pour les fins de l'élevage, sujet aux règles et restrictions mentionnées ci-après,—

Sur la recommandation du ministre de l'agriculture et sous l'autorité de l'acte adopté dans la session du parlement du Canada tenue en la 42e année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 23 et intitulé "Acte pour protéger contre les maladies pestilentiellles ou contagieuses affectant les animaux,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil privé de la Reine pour le Canada de faire les règlements et ordres suivants :

1. Qu'un certain point sur la rivière Ste. Claire, adjoignant immédiatement la frontière des Etats-Unis à la Pointe Edouard, au nord de la ligne du chemin de fer du Grand Tronc soit considéré comme une station de quarantaine pour les bestiaux.

2. Que les bestiaux destinés aux fins de l'élevage soient admis en quarantaine à telle station—sujet aux règlements et restrictions contenus dans l'ordre concernant la santé des animaux," daté du 23 avril 1880 et publié dans la *Gazette du Canada*.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du conseil privé.

35-3

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTERIEUR.

Ottawa, 4 mars 1882.

TERRES FÉDÉRALES.

AVIS est par le présent donné que les agents aux bureaux des terres ci-dessous mentionnés mettront en vente les sections impaires des terres fédérales dont il n'a pas encore été disposé dans leurs districts respectifs aux dates ci-après mentionnées pour chacun d'eux et au prix de \$2.50 l'acre argent comptant :—

Winnipeg, 15 mars 1882.

Gladstone,
Petite Saskatchewan, } 1er avril 1882.
Birtle.

Par ordre,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Député du ministre de l'Intérieur.

37-3

ARTICLE AMENDÉ

Devant remplacer l'article 2 des articles additionnels de la convention du ^{28 avril}/_{3 mai} 1881, entre le gouvernement du Canada et les Etats-Unis d'Amérique.

AFIN de protéger efficacement le revenu des postes des Etats-Unis contre les pratiques évasives des personnes ou maisons commerciales qui cherchent à éluder les règlements et lois postales des

Etats-Unis, en mallant leurs publications au Canada, les soussignés, dûment autorisés par leurs gouvernements respectifs ont convenu de remplacer l'article 2 des articles additionnels de la convention du ^{28 avril}_{3 mai} par le suivant

ARTICLE :

Lorsque des journaux, publications périodiques, et autre matière imprimée, publiés ou nés dans les Etats-Unis, ou censés être publiés aux Etats-Unis, ou mis en circulation pour le compte d'une personne ou maison commerciale faisant affaires aux Etats-Unis sont mallés au Canada en destination des Etats-Unis, apparemment dans le but de se soustraire au paiement des frais de port ou aux règlements concernant cette affaire aux Etats-Unis, les bureaux de poste au Canada pourront requérir le paiement en avance des dits frais de port à un taux équivalant aux frais de port exigés de tels journaux, etc., par les lois des Etats-Unis.

Le présent article prendra effet immédiatement.

En foi de quoi le maître général des postes aux Etats-Unis et le maître général des postes au Canada ont apposé ci-dessous leurs sceaux et signatures, à la date mise en regard de chacun d'eux.

[L.S.] Signé, TIM. O. HOWE,
Maître général des postes aux Etats-Unis.
Washington, 16 février 1882.
[L.S.] Signé, JOHN O'CONNOR,
Maître général des postes au Canada.
Ottawa, 10 février 1882.

J'approuve par le présent l'article amendé ci-dessus, en foi de quoi j'y ai fait apposer le sceau des Etats-Unis.

Signé, CHESTER A. ARTHUR.
[L.S.]
Par le président,
Signé, FREDK. T. FRELINGHUYSEN,
Secrétaire d'Etat.
Washington, 16 février 1882.

37-3

AVIS.

DES propositions seront reçues par le soussigné jusqu'à lundi, 13 mars, 1882, de toute personne désireuse de louer le privilège de la traverse sur l'Ottawa de Pembroke, dans la province d'Ontario, à l'île des Allumettes, dans la province de Québec, en conformité de l'ordre en conseil du 1er juin, 1881, et du 2 mars 1882, et des règlements suivants basés sur icelui :

RÈGLEMENTS.

1. Limites.

Les limites de la traverse s'étendront du rapide des Allumettes, en bas de la ville de Pembroke, dans le comté de Renfrew, jusqu'aux détroits au-dessus de la dite ville, une distance d'environ cinq milles sur la rivière Ottawa.

2. Débarcadères.

Des quais ou débarcadères, appropriés à tous les niveaux de l'eau dans la rivière seront construits sur les deux rives ; sur la rive nord, soit au quai de Charles Warren, à celui de Desjardins, ou à un point entre l'un ou l'autre ; sur la rive sud soit au quai Supple ou au quai Thistle ou à un point entre l'un et l'autre, sujet à l'approbation du département du revenu de l'intérieur.

3. Bateau-passeur.

Le locataire devra fournir et maintenir un bateau mû par la vapeur, approprié au transport des passagers, chevaux et bestiaux, véhicules ordinaires, sans danger et avec une diligence raisonnable, et tel bateau ne devra pas avoir moins de 80 pieds de long

par 18 de quille et devra avoir obtenu du gouvernement un certificat de la sécurité de la bouilloire et de l'engin, et sera sujet à l'approbation du département du revenu de l'intérieur.

4. Nombre de voyages.

Durant la saison de navigation, le bateau passeur commencera ses voyages journaliers (les dimanches exceptés) au lever du soleil, et continuera de traverser aussi souvent qu'il sera jugé nécessaire pour l'utilité du public jusqu'au coucher du soleil, le nombre de tels voyages devant être déterminé de temps à autre par le département du revenu de l'intérieur, jusqu'à ce qu'il en soit autrement déterminé, le locataire devra pourvoir à des moyens faciles et suffisants de signaler et devra traverser d'un côté à l'autre chaque fois qu'on lui aura signalé de le faire.

5. Le tarif.

	Cts.
Pour une voiture double avec le conducteur, à l'aller et au retour, y compris les chevaux...	40
Pour une voiture simple avec le conducteur, y compris le cheval, à l'aller et au retour.....	30
Pour un cheval, en allant et en revenant.....	25
Pour chaque cheval additionnel, appartenant à la même personne.....	15
Pour chaque tête de bétail, à l'aller et au retour.	25
Pour chaque tête de bétail additionnelle, appartenant à la même personne.....	15
Pour chaque porc ou mouton.....	10
Pour chaque porc ou mouton additionnel, appartenant à la même personne	5
Pour chaque passager, avec bagage, n'excédant pas cinquante livres	10
Pour chaque ballot de marchandises (autre que dit ci dessus) en dessous de 100 livres	5
Pour lots de fret pesant plus de 100 livres et en dessous de 500 livres, par 100 livres	4
Pour lots de fret pesant plus de 500 livres, par 100 livres.....	3

Sixièmement.

Le bateau-passeur sera placé sur la route parfaitement complet et équipé et les quais ou débarcadères seront entièrement construits le ou avant le 1er mai 1882.

Septièmement.

Le bail sera accordé pour une période de cinq années à dater du 1er mai 1882.

Huitièmement.

Le locataire devra donner deux cautions jugées satisfaisantes par le département du revenu de l'intérieur, et qui seront toutes deux tenues responsables conjointement et personnellement en la somme de \$1000 pour l'exécution parfaite du contrat par le locataire.

Neuvièmement.

Le département du revenu de l'intérieur se réserve le droit de rejeter le bateau-passeur et les quais ou débarcadères ou l'un ou l'autre s'ils sont jugés impropres aux besoins publics. Le Gouverneur Général en conseil se réserve aussi le droit de modifier le maximum du tarif s'il est jugé utile dans l'intérêt public que cela soit fait ; et le Gouverneur Général en conseil peut déclarer le bail forfait et nul si jamais il lui est démontré d'une manière satisfaisante que le locataire ne remplit pas les conditions du dit bail.

Dixièmement.

Le tableau des taux de passage et transport exigibles devront être placés dans une place voyante près du quai ou débarcadère sur les deux côtés, de même qu'à bord du bateau-passeur employé au service.

Les propositions devront mentionner le montant que le soumissionnaire offre de payer par année pour le privilège mentionné, lequel montant sera payable en avance, la durée du bail étant de cinq années à dater du 1er mai, 1882.

Toutes les propositions doivent être adressées au soussigné et porter la suscription suivante sur l'enveloppe : "Soumission pour la traverse de Pembroke."

A. BRUNEL,
Commissaire.

Département du Revenu
de l'Intérieur.

36-2

BUREAU DU SURINTENDANT DE L'ASSURANCE.

Ottawa, 3 mars, 1882.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une licence pour la transaction des affaires comme compagnie d'assurance contre le feu au Canada a été émise aujourd'hui en faveur de la "Compagnie d'Assurance d'Union Ecossaise et Nationale", le bureau principal au Canada étant dans la cité de Montréal, et Walter Kavanagh et C. L. Bossé étant les deux principaux agents.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
Surintendant des assurances.

36-3

A VIS.—Sous l'autorité de la quatre-vingt-quatrième section de l'acte de 1879 concernant les terres du Gouvernement fédéral, une assemblée (ajournée) du bureau des examinateurs pour les arpenteurs de la Puissance aura lieu le 27 mars 1882, au bureau des terres du Gouvernement, à Ottawa, pour l'examen des candidats.

Par ordre,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Arpenteur général des terres fédérales.
Ottawa, 3 mars, 1882.

36-4

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une commission ou procuration accordée par la compagnie dite "The Trust and Loan Company of Canada" à William Chapman, écuyer, et Russell Maule Stephenson, écuyer, conjointement et chacun d'eux séparément et le survivant Commissaires et Commissaire pour transiger les affaires de la dite société, dans la Puissance du Canada, pour exécuter les contrats et autres documents concernant les hypothèques et la vente

des terrains et pour donner des reçus et des quittances pour les deniers dus à la dite compagnie, a été enregistrée au long et dûment déposée au Bureau du Secrétaire d'État du Canada, conformément aux dispositions d'un Acte du Parlement de la ci-devant Province du Canada à cet effet (25 Vic, chap. 72).

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

Secrétariat d'État,
Ottawa, 24 février 1882.

35-3

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 28 février dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,831,759 50
Excise	419,738 21
Département des Postes.....	132,044 55
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	101,874 22
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	14,972 10
Divers	137,239 42
	<hr/>
	\$2,637,628 00
Revenu, 31 janvier 1882.....	18,987,191 65
	<hr/>
	\$21,624,819 65
<hr/>	
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,236,886 88
do 31 janvier 1882.....	15,719,930 37
	<hr/>
	\$16,956,817 25
	<hr/>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er mars 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)...	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,079 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 débiteurs de municipalités; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$91,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U. et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée)		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....		F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, C.-B.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B) ..	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic.; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont.; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000)	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		Frederick Stanchiffe, agent général, Montréal	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		G. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg., effets canadiens	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	\$21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont. Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont- réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800).. \$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$60,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont.. J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens \$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec			
La compagnie d'assur. snr la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossoise.....		\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto. W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal..	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPERATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance antérieure.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb, Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernement, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

ETAT fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—			
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5.18.26.....			\$4,823,833 60
Versements sur le capital—			
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.....			\$1,205,958 40
Nombre des titres—			
Titres nominatifs.....			50,000
Titres au porteur.....			Nil

<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875	20	Capital social	4,823,833	60
Prêts hypothécaires:			Prêts différés.....	25,314	01
A long terme	674,716	33	Intérêt payé par anticipation.....		242 75
A court terme	389,334	50	Divers.....		1,727 56
	1,064,050	83			
Espèces en caisse et en banque:					
En Canada.....	93,249	81			
En France.....	78,305	92			
	171,555	73			
Arrérages de semestres.....		389 51			
Mobilier	2,054	24			
Divers	2,787	16			
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712	67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117	92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la sociétéNéant.

Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt.....Néant.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des Statistiques,
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de janvier 1882. A7.
Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 déc. 1881.....	\$7,842,274 53	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$301,881 34
Dépôts durant le mois	647,310 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	2,334 45		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,144,970 76
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	45,066 88
			8,190,037 64
	8,491,918 98		\$8,491,918 98

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

M. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 20 février 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, provenant du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance,

une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à cette session du parlement du Canada pour la passation d'un acte à l'effet de remettre en vigueur le brevet d'invention accordé pour cinq ans à John Dickinson Brunton, le 3 mars 1876, sous numéro 5757, pour un appareil pour couper, dégrossir planer, tourner et tailler la pierre.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,
Procureurs du requérant.
Montréal, 23 février 1882. 35-5

A VIS est donné que demande sera faite au parlement, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte prolongeant l'époque du commencement et de la fin des travaux à exécuter pour la Cie de Traverse d Saint-Laurent et du chemin de fer du Pacifique.

Montréal, 10 janvier 1882. 29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer Great Eastern.

KERR, CARTER & MCGIBBON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.
Montréal, 12 janvier, 1882. 29-9

COMPAGNIE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet de refondre les différents actes concernant la compagnie de télégraphe de Montréal et de déclarer les pouvoirs accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui à la dite compagnie, et d'accorder à la dite compagnie tous tels pouvoirs qui ont été accordés jusqu'aujourd'hui par le parlement aux autres compagnies de télégraphe.

JAMES DAKERS,
Secrétaire.
Montréal, 12 janvier 1882. 29-9

DEMANDE sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'adoption d'un acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte 43 Vict., chap. 46, et de définir les pouvoirs, devoirs et le terme d'office des liquidateurs nommés pour liquider les affaires de la Banque Consolidée du Canada, et pour pourvoir à leur remplacement, vû qu'il a été disposé du restant de l'actif, et pour autres fins.

Montréal, 12 janvier 1882. 29-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique une compagnie sous le nom de Compagnie de Chemin de fer d'une Courte Ligne Européenne, avec pouvoir, 1o. de construire, équiper et exploiter des lignes de chemin de fer d'un point à ou près le Cap Nord, dans l'île du Cap Breton au détroit de Canso, et du détroit de Canso à travers les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, le Nouveau-Brunswick, Québec et Ontario à un point ou des points sur le territoire des Etats-Unis; 2o. De construire, équiper et exploiter des vapeurs, et communication par bateaux-passeurs entre telles ou telles provinces du Canada, entre le Canada et Terre-Neuve, entre le Canada et l'Europe et entre Terre-Neuve et l'Europe; la dite compagnie pouvant de plus établir des communications par bateaux-passeurs sur le détroit de Canso; 3o. De construire, acheter, louer des navires, bateaux-passeurs, chemins de fer, moyens de transport et lignes de télégraphe en rapport avec l'affaire et les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés et l'exploitation d'iceux.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
tant pour lui-même que pour les autres membres de la compagnie.
Halifax, 3 janvier 1882. 30-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que la Compagnie Canadienne d'Eclairage Electrique s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour la passation d'un acte ratifiant et con-

firmant son acte d'incorporation, lui conférant l'autorisation nécessaire pour lui faire obtenir des pouvoirs moteurs et la génération de l'électricité en tous lieux dans le Canada, et lui permettant d'exploiter certains brevets d'invention octroyés en Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,
Procureurs de la requérante.
Montréal, 23 janvier 1882. 31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 22 Vict., chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements; de confier à l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui et d'y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des membres du dit bureau; de confirmer les actes de la province de Québec, 38 Vict., chap. 62, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées" et 38 Vict. chap. 64, intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte intitulé 'acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse,' et celui de la province d'Ontario, 38 Vict. chap. 75, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées," le tout en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour en général régler les affaires y concernées.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection des propriétés ecclésiastiques de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.
JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de l'intérieur de Manitoba, avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, commençant à Garfield-Est, sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, et s'étendant de là à la ville de Macdonald sur le chemin de fer du Portage et Nord-Ouest, de là, vers l'ouest, par ou près Rapid City jusqu'à quelque point sur la rivière de la Paix ou celle de la Saskatchewan dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, avec pouvoir aussi de construire des ponts et lignes télégraphiques et un embranchement entre Macdonald et le lac Manitoba.

McMILLAN ET TAYLOR.
Winnipeg, 27 janvier 1882. 31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 10 et 11 Vict., chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," de transporter le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui à l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada et y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des dits administrateurs; de confirmer et mettre en force l'Acte de la province de Québec 38 Vict., chap. 61, intitulé "Acte pour amender un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse" en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour régler en général les dites questions.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Président du comité de protection des propriétés ecclésiastiques de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.
JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie Centrale de chemin de fer de Rapid City, la dite compagnie devant construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer commençant à un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, à ou près le township dix (10), quatorzième rang (14) à l'ouest, dans la province du Manitoba, jusqu'à Rapid City, la rivière du Chêne, Bird Tail Creek et le Fort Ellice, de là aux Monts Touchwood, et de là jusqu'à ou près le Fort à la Corne sur la rivière Saskatchewan; et de là dans une direction sud-ouest jusqu'à ou près de la rivière aux Pins, et de là jusqu'à la côte du Pacifique à un point qui sera plus tard fixé à la discrétion de la compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est donné par le présent que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte constituant en corporation "La compagnie d'assurance Mutuelle Océanique," dans le but de faire des opérations d'assurance maritime en Canada et ailleurs.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM ET TUPPER,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

Halifax, 25 janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, durant la présente session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse; de pourvoir à la gouverne de la dite Eglise, à l'acquisition, la possession et l'administration de ses fonds et propriétés; de déclarer que les fonds et propriétés détenus en fidéicommiss pour la dite Eglise par le bureau chargé de l'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, sous l'autorité de l'acte de la province du Canada 22 Vict. chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," ont toujours été depuis l'adoption du dit acte et sont actuellement détenus pour le bénéfice de la dite Eglise devant être constituée en corps politique, et des ministres de la dite Eglise; d'accorder le dit fonds et l'administration d'icelui pour l'avenir à la corporation de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, devant être constituée en corps politique par l'acte qui sera demandé à cet effet; de plus à l'effet de déclarer que les fonds et propriétés détenus en fidéicommiss pour le soutien des veuves et orphelins des ministres de la dite Eglise, sous l'autorité de l'acte de la province du Canada 10 et 11 Vict. chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse, ont toujours été depuis l'adoption du dit dernier acte et sont actuellement détenus en fidéicommiss pour le bénéfice de la dite Eglise devant être ainsi constituée en corps politique et pour le soutien des veuves et orphelins des ministres de la dite Eglise, et seront confiés à l'avenir à la dite corporation de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en union avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse devant être constituée en corps politique par le dit acte qui sera demandé à cette fin; à l'effet de plus de pourvoir à l'administration future de tels fonds et propriétés, et d'amender les deux actes ci-dessus mentionnés et tout autre acte en autant qu'il sera nécessaire pour l'objet ci-haut expliqué, et de rappeler les dits actes s'il est nécessaire; et à l'effet de pourvoir de toute façon

suivant qu'il y aura lieu à ce que l'acte qui sera demandé ait toute la force et tout l'effet voulu pour remplir son objet et son intention.

MACMASTER, HUTCHINSON, KNAPP ET WEIRS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté ce 11 février 1882.

33-tf.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa présente session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la "Compagnie d'Indemnité de l'Amérique du Nord," avec pouvoir de faire des opérations au Canada et aux Etats-Unis comme compagnie d'assurance et de garantie sur la vie et contre les accidents.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Procureur des requérants.

Montréal, 16 février 1882.

34-5

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois au moins après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnés :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation des terres du gouvernement fédéral."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b.) La colonisation, le défrichement et la vente des dites terres ;

(c.) L'arpentage, l'ouverture, le défrichement, la culture et l'amélioration des dites terres, avec le droit de trafiquer de ces derniers et d'élever dessus des constructions ;

(d.) La vente, le louage, l'affermage des terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts, tels que l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par des subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions à la construction et au maintien de voies ferrées à travers les dites terres et à toutes les entreprises qui peuvent ouvrir ces dernières à la colonisation, tels que lignes de vapeurs et télégraphie, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, rues et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la vente de toutes propriétés personnelles ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de développer, aider et encourager l'immigration, d'assister les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays tout entier.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera d'un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts de tel fonds social sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresses et qualités des dits requérants sont comme suit :

Henry Stark Howland, de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, banquier ; William Rees Brock, du même lieu, marchand ; John Ginty, du même lieu, entrepreneur ; John Gillespie, du même lieu, marchand ; George A. Muttibury, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, agent d'immeubles, et Jeffrey Hall Brock, du même lieu, agent. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ainsi mentionnés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 24 février 1882.

36-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie devant être constituée en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Morton de produits de ferme, d'agriculture et de colonisation de Manitoba (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles, dans la province de Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, l'amélioration et la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon comme des intérêts compris en icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie avec le droit de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt et de telle manière et à telles conditions, sur hypothèques ou obligations, dont il pourra être convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et à la réussite de toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres à la colonisation, telles que lignes de bateaux, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie ; la construction ou l'acquisition de moulins à farine et scieries de même que la manufacture et la vente de bois de construction et produits agricoles ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et de l'agriculture et plus particulièrement des produits de ferme, avec le droit également d'acheter, vendre et manufacturer toute espèce de marchandises, effets de commerce et autres requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie.

(b.) A ces fins la compagnie aura tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ses fins.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, avec des succursales dans la cité de Winni-

peg et ailleurs au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$1,000,000 divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Thomas Harris Hodgson, marchand, Alfred James Brice, marchand, George Bishop, graveur, Charles Huston, fabricant, Thomas Cramp, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal ; John MacLeod Gill, fabricant, Robert Gill, fabricant, tous deux de la ville de Brockville, dans la province d'Ontario ; John Smith, fabricant, James David Crawford, courtier, tous deux de la cité de Montréal ; Colin Munro, shérif du comté d'Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banquier, tous deux de la cité de Saint-Thomas, dans la province d'Ontario, et George Morton, de la cité de Kingston, gentilhomme ; les six premiers nommés devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

DUNLOP et LYMAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 26 février 1882.

36-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ontario et Qu'Appelle."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : l'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, du gouvernement du Canada, de même que de compagnies et individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, l'ouverture, l'amélioration, la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons qui ont acheté des terres de la compagnie et de venir en aide à ces derniers, de garantir le paiement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt aux conditions et de telle manière par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; la construction et l'acquisition de scieries et la manufacture et vente de bois de construction ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux ; avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la ville de Toronto avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont : Alexander G. Ramsay, de la cité d'Hamilton, gérant général de la compagnie d'assurance sur la vie du Canada ; William Hendrie, de la dite cité d'Hamilton, écuyer ; Adam Brown, de la dite ville d'Hamilton, écuyer ; John Dunlop, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford, écuyer ; James Crowther, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; James Scott, de la dite cité de Toronto, marchand ; William Mulock, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edmund Boyd Osler, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer, et Robert H. Bethune, de la dite cité de Toronto, caissier de la banque Dominion.

Tous les susdits requérants seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR et CROWTHER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 2e jour de mars 1882.

36-6

AVIS.—Demande sera faite au gouverneur général du Canada après la publication durant un mois de cet avis, par Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond et David Young, tous de la cité de Winnipeg, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, les constituant, eux et les autres personnes qu'ils pourraient s'associer, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La compagnie des terres du Manitoba, limitée."

2. Le but de la dite compagnie est d'acquérir, détenir, cultiver, vendre, louer et transporter des immeubles et des propriétés de ferme, de vendre les produits de ces dernières, dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

4. Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg.

5. Les dits Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond et David Young, tous, à l'exception de John H. Hammond, sujets anglais et résidant au Canada, seront les premiers directeurs de la dite compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Winnipeg ce 20 février 1882.

35-5

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au gouverneur-général en conseil pour la Puissance du Canada, de lettres patentes constituant en corps politique une compagnie.

1. Le nom corporatif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie du moulin à papier de Lindsay (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie qui demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : la manufacture et le trafic de papier, pulpe, cartons de toute espèce, matériaux composés de papier ou de papier et autres matériaux ; la manufacture, l'utilisation et le trafic de paille de riz et autres matériaux employés dans la manufacture de papier, matière à papier, combinaison de papier et autres matériaux, avec droit à l'exploitation de moulins, à la possession d'entrepôts et travaux se rapportant à cette industrie en différentes parties du Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec ;

4. Le montant du capital-actions sera de soixante mille piastres (\$60,000) ;

5. Le nombre des parts sera de six cent (600) et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres (\$100).

6. Les noms, prénoms et adresses des requérants sont comme suit : Alexander A. Stevenson, éditeur ; William D. O'Brien, agent ; Richard Jellyman, marchand ; Richard White, éditeur ; Alexander R. Brown, marchand ; l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, sénateur ; Henry Dobell, marchand ; Peter A. Peterson, ingénieur ; Henry J. Tiffin, marchand ; Arthur H. Plimsoll, comptable ; Anthony H. Sims, marchand ; Charles R. Hosmer, agent ; Charles R. Hosmer, agent en fidéicommiss ; Robert Campbell, marchand ; George W. Craig, agent ; Dlle Emily C. S. Bagg, fille non-mariée, et Charles T. Gibbs, marchand, tous de la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, Canada.

Les noms de ceux qui devront être les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie sont : le dit Alexander A. Stevenson, l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White et S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,

Procureurs des requérants.

Montréal, 13 février 1882.

34-5

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son

Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une chartre constituant en corps politique les requérants, et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être ainsi constitué en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des établissements et des terres de la Saskatchewan" (limitée). Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont :

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ;

(2) Le droit de coloniser et établir les dites terres ;

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, y construire des établissements et en trafiquer de toute façon ;

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général de trafiquer de tous les intérêts des dites terres, tels que l'achat et vente des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt, sur telles subventions et de telles façons par le moyen d'hypothèques et obligations dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions ou d'aider de toute autre façon à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que vapeurs, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, rues, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles aux fins que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour le développement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent et tels autres droits qui sont utiles et nécessaires aux fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir, aider et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toutes façon et manière désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. La compagnie aura son principal bureau d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Edward Gurney, junior, de Toronto, manufacturier ; John Edward Rose, Toronto, procureur en droit ; Alexander Sutherland, Toronto, docteur en théologie ; Dennis Moore, Hamilton, manufacturier ; Richard Brown, Toronto, marchand ; William Glass, London, shérif ; William Briggs, Toronto, membre du clergé ; Henry E. Clarke, Toronto, manufacturier ; Daniel Maclean, Toronto, marchand ; Edward Hartley Dewart, Toronto, docteur en théologie ; John Thomas Moore, Toronto, comptable ; John Jacob Withrow, Toronto, manufacturier ; Samuel John Hunter, Toronto, membre du clergé ; Charles Douglass Warren, Toronto, marchand ; Léonard Gaety, London, membre du clergé ; Thomas McCormack, London, manufacturier ; George Robinson, London, marchand ; Robert Warren, Niagara, franc-tenancier.

Les quinze premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRILL ET COATSWORTH,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto le 16 février 1882.

34-5

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite au gouverneur général en conseil en vertu de "l'acte du Canada concernant

les compagnies à fonds social," par la "Compagnie de trafic du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), constituée en corps politique par lettres patentes du 22 juillet, A.D., 1873, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes supplémentaires sous le grand sceau du Canada, étendant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie pour les fins suivantes :

1. L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus ; l'arpentage, la colonisation, l'établissement, la culture des dites terres et la construction de maisons dessus ; la vente, la location des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et trafiquer de toute autre façon, de prêter de l'argent aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres et de leur venir en aide, en garantissant ses avances avec intérêt au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement sur les dites terres, à des conditions et de telle manière dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire toutes les opérations se rattachant à l'industrie des fermiers.

2. L'augmentation du capital-actions de la dite compagnie jusqu'à deux cent cinquante mille piastres devant être divisé en deux mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent de la compagnie.

Ottawa, 17 février 1882.

34-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, par Sir Hugh Allan, propriétaire d'une ligne de navires, Andrew Allan, propriétaire de navires, l'honorable Thomas Ryan, sénateur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Hugh McLennan, marchand, Andrew Thomas Drummond, agent financier, tous de la cité de Montréal, et Arthur Wellington Ross, membre de la législature provinciale, et Charles Sinclair Drummond, agent financier, tous deux de la cité de Winnipeg, pour l'émission de lettres patentes les constituant eux et tels autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie créée par les présentes, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de terres de Montréal et de l'Ouest (limitée)."

Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont l'achat, le louage et l'acquisition en général des terres ou autres intérêts dans la Puissance du Canada ; la possession, la colonisation, la culture des terres avec le droit de les peupler de chevaux et autres animaux et de les améliorer de toute façon ; la construction de bâtiments sur les dites terres ; l'établissement de magasins sur les dites terres et l'achat et la vente de tous articles ou marchandises de toute description ; l'érection ou l'acquisition, l'exploitation et le louage de scieries et moulins à farine sur les dites terres ; la construction, l'acquisition soit directement ou comme actionnaires incorporés avec d'autres, de lignes de vapeurs ou de voiliers, de tramways, canaux et autres entreprises de toute description nécessaires ou utiles comme moyen de transport ou d'amélioration des dites terres, de plus le droit de prendre un intérêt dans ces compagnies ; le développement de l'immigration sur les dites propriétés ; la vente, le louage, l'échange des dites terres et des intérêts en icelles avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer en général ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de disposer en général des hypothèques consenties pour garantir les sommes prêtées ou demeurant dues sur les terres ainsi vendues ; l'émission de bons garantis sur l'actif mobilier ou immobilier de la compagnie ; le droit d'agir comme agents de n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour la vente des terres et la colonisation d'icelles et le développement en général de l'immigration ; et toutes choses généralement nécessaires ou utiles à la réalisation des vues de la compagnie.

La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Montréal.

Le montant du fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les dits Sir Hugh Allan, Andrew Allan, Honorable Thomas Ryan, George Alexander Drummond, Hugh McLennan, Arthur Wellington Ross et Andrew Thomas Drummond, tous résidant au Canada et sujets de Sa Majesté, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires.

DRUMMOND, FRÈRES ET CIE.,

Agents pour les requérants.

Montréal, 7 février 1882.

33-5

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient ci-après devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de colonisation des fermiers de York."

Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est le suivant :—

L'acquisition de terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, la mise en culture, l'amélioration des dites terres et l'érection de bâtiments sur icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent et l'assistance donnée aux colons sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et l'acceptation en retour de garanties pour tels prêts d'argent à des conditions et de telle façon par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont on conviendra ci-après ; l'achat, le louage, l'échange ou l'acquisition par autre voie de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière de droits ou privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ; la vente, le louage des dites propriétés et le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer de toute façon ; l'aide, l'encouragement et le développement de l'émigration vers les propriétés appartenant à la compagnie et la colonisation des dites propriétés, et pour les fins ci-dessus le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent ; l'aide au moyen de subvention ou autrement à être donnée à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer ou de lignes de vapeurs ou autres navires de la compagnie, l'aide à être donnée à la construction, et l'exploitation de telles autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la fabrication et la vente de toute espèce de marchandises requises par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie ou ailleurs, à cette fin la dite compagnie devant avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières et immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et en général devant jouir de tous les pouvoirs nécessaires ou opportuns à la réalisation de son objet.

La ville de Toronto sera la principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$150,000 divisé en 1,500 parts de \$100 chacune.

Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignation des différents requérants sont :—

N. Clarke Wallace, M. P., marchand, du village de Woodbridge, Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Toronto, James Duncan, fermier, Emery P. O., John Duncan, fermier, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, fermier, Elders Mills—les dits N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solliciteur pour les requérants,

Toronto, 9 février 1882.

33-6

AVIS Public est par le présent donné que de mande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent dans la *Gazette du Canada* à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada constituant en corps politique les requérants ci-après mentionnés et autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la dite compagnie en vertu de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs du gouvernement du Canada ou de n'importe quelle compagnie ou individu ; la colonisation, l'établissement, le défrichement des dites terres ou la construction de maisons dessus ; la vente, la location des dites terres avec la permission de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer autrement ; l'emprunt ou le prêt de sommes d'argent sur les dites terres pour aider aux colons, et la garantie de tels prêts par hypothèque ou autrement suivant qu'il aura été convenu ; l'élevage, la vente ou l'achat de chevaux, bœufs et moutons et le droit de faire n'importe quelles opérations de ferme.

2. Le nom corporatif de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

3. La principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie sera à Whitby, dans le comté et la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

40. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000—1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

50. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignations des requérants sont :—George Young Smith, de la ville de Whitby, avocat ; Henry Betts Taylor, de la dite ville de Whitby, agent de banque ; rév. J. Herbert Starr, de la dite ville de Whitby, pasteur méthodiste ; John Rice, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme ; Wellington Adams, de la dite ville de Whitby, dentiste ; D. E. Starr, de la ville de Brampton, comptable ; Jeremiah Long, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand de grains ; George H. Starr, de la ville de Brandon, marchand ; Joshua Richardson, de la dite ville de Whitby, gentilhomme ; Thomas J. Holliday, du village de Brooklin, marchand ; Frank Warren, du dit village de Brooklin, docteur en médecine ; révérend James O. Carmichael, du village de Columbus, pasteur presbytérien ; James Rowe Philp, de la dite ville de Whitby, marchand.

6 Les dits George Young Smith, Henry Betts Taylor, Rév. J. Herbert Starr, John Rice, Jeremiah Long, Wellington Adams, Joshua Richardson, Frank Warren, et James Rowe Philp, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires, tous résidant au Canada.

G. YOUNG SMITH,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Whitby, 1er février 1882.

32-6

AVIS DIVERS.

AVIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise

de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

AVIS est donné par les présentes que l'assemblée générale de la société du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien, se réunira le vingt-neuf avril prochain (29 avril 1882).

Toutes les actions de la société étant nominatives, il sera pourvu, par un deuxième avis qui paraîtra 15 jours au moins avant la date de l'assemblée, à la désignation de l'endroit où se tiendra l'assemblée générale.

L'administrateur délégué,
J. WURTELE.

Le secrétaire-général,
M. CHEVALIER.

Montréal, 22 février 1882.

35-9

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA. SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the thirty-second and thirty-third years of Our Reign, chaptered twenty-four, and intituled "An Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works," as amended by the Act passed in the thirty-third year of Our Reign, chaptered twenty-eight, and intituled "An Act to amend an Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day in such Proclamation named, the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof shall be in force in any places in Canada, in such Proclamation designated, within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any Railway, Canal or other Public Work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof should be in force;

And whereas it is in and by the said Acts further in effect enacted that the said Act first above mentioned or any such section or sections thereof shall, upon and after the day named in any such Proclamation as aforesaid, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation;

Now KNOW YE, that We do hereby under and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Acts and by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, proclaim and declare that upon and after the First day of February, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, all the sections of the first mentioned Act as so amended, excepting sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, shall be in force in the following localities, namely : all those portions of the Province of Ontario, lying within ten miles on each side of the located line of the Canadian Pacific Railway (Eastern Division) between Algoma Mills and Callender Stations including the said portion of the line itself and extending for a distance of ten miles beyond either extremity thereof.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom those presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRTY-FIRST day of JANUARY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

36-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 14th day of March, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 9th and 55th sections of the Act passed in the

Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the fortieth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10, and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Out Port of Emerson, in the Province of Manitoba, be and the same is hereby detached from the Port of Winnipeg, and that the same be and is hereby erected into an independent Port of Entry and Warehousing Port from and after the 1st April, 1882.

38-3

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

RULES AND BY-LAWS OF THE OFFICE OF PORT WARDEN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Section 1—General regulations.

1. Every master of a vessel on arriving in port from any place not within the limits of inland navigation, shall (in order to enable the Port Warden to grant the necessary certificate for the vessel's clearance at the Custom House) proceed to the Port Warden's Office, and make a report of his vessel and cargo, and receive a copy of these rules and by-laws.

2. The Port Warden shall keep in his office, records in full of all his proceedings, together with statements of the results of all examinations and enquiries made by him; which records may be inspected during business hours by any parties interested. He shall keep on record all certificates granted by him and grant duplicates of the same as hereafter provided on payment of the regular fee.

3. All notifications and requests to the Port Warden must be made at his office in writing and duly entered by the Port Warden in a book to be kept for that purpose.

4. Great care should be taken to well fill the vessel with bulk grain under the decks, and it is advisable when vessels are filling up that no more grain should be put on board than the number of laborers employed are able to trim and properly stow. Oats may be carried in bulk to any extent irrespective of the tonnage of the ship, but subject to such regulations with reference to dunnage lining and shifting boards as the Port Warden, or his Deputy may prescribe.

5. The fees mentioned in the tariff of fees embodied in these rules as applicable shall be payable to the Port Warden by the parties employing him, but in case of a survey of cargo alleged to be improperly stowed, the party in the wrong shall pay the fee.

6. All shifting boards shall be well secured and fastened to each side of the stanchions, and the stanchions to be properly secured to the keelson and beams, and to be sufficiently shored. The shores to be not less than 6 x 3 inches.

7. All lumber used for dunnage, shifting boards and shores to be free from rents and shakes, and the work to be done in a workmanlike manner to the satisfaction of the Port Warden or his Deputy.

8. All air streaks and openings to be closed and made grain-tight.

9. The limber boards to be taken up and thoroughly cleaned out if required by the Port Warden or his Deputy.

10. The pump well and chain locker and water tanks to be cased and made grain-tight.

11. Should any shores or braces be removed by stevedores or others the same to be replaced before clearance certificate is granted.

12. Vessels loading grain in bulk have to dunnage ten inches clear of ceiling in bottom of ship and to extend to first futtock heads, and to have shifting boards of three inch material from keelson to main deck to extend full length of vessel.

Vessels to be ballasted according to the discretion of the Port Warden or his Deputy.

Fees.

First survey of hatches, and certificate.....	\$3 00
Each subsequent survey of cargo, and ditto....	2 00
Survey of cargo where hatches have not been previously surveyed, and certificate.....	5 00
Every survey of damaged goods on the wharf or in store, value under \$200, and certificate.....	3 00
Each subsequent survey, from \$200 to \$500....	4 00
Survey of vessel damaged or arriving in distress, and certificate.....	8 00
Survey of cargo reported to have shifted, and certificate	5 00
Extra copies of certificate and seal.....	1 00
Hearing and settling disputes between master and consignee of ship and owners of cargo \$200 value.....	2 00
From \$200 to \$1,000.....	3 00
Filling papers of auctioneers.....	0 25
Ascertaining if vessel is seaworthy, and certificate.....	8 00
Survey that repairs ordered if not seaworthy have been made, and certificate.....	4 00
General superintending of a ship loading and certificate, under 100 tons register.....	5 00
100 tons and under 150 tons register.....	6 00
150 " " 200 "	7 00
200 " " 300 "	8 00
300 " " 400 "	9 00
400 " " and upwards "	10 00
Vessels putting in, in distress from any port other than a port in Prince Edward Island as under—	
	Cts.
For every 1,000 bushels wheat and peas.....	10
" " " barley.....	8
" " " oats	13
" " " corn	5
" barrels flour.....	70
Coal oil per barrel.....	1
Ores and minerals per ton.....	2
Lumber and all other descriptions of timber per ton weight.....	2

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th March, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Rules and By-Laws respecting the Office of Port Warden, for all the Ports in the Province of Prince Edward Island, have been approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 14th day of March, 1882, in accordance with the provisions of the Act 37 Victoria, chapter 32, intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Port Wardens at certain Ports in the Dominion.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

38-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 17th day of December, 1881.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency the Administrator of the Government, on the recommendation of the Minister of the Interior and under the provisions of the Act 43 Vic., chap. 26, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations for the disposal of Coal Lands be and the same are hereby adopted:—

1. That leases of mining locations may be granted for twenty-one (21) years, to applicants—in the order of their applications—who have satisfied the Minister

of the Interior of their means and ability to work efficiently the mines applied for, an annual ground rent therefor of twenty-five cents an acre, to be paid half-yearly in advance.

2. That the lessee shall pay a royalty of ten cents per ton, on all coal taken out of the mine. Quarterly Returns, made under oath, to be furnished to the Minister of the Interior, by the lessee, showing the quantity of coal taken out, the dues thereon to be paid at the time of making such return.

3. That the area to be leased to one person shall not exceed three hundred and twenty (320) acres.

4. That the boundaries beneath the surface, of such locations, shall be the vertical planes or lines in which their surface boundaries lie.

5. That failure to commence active operations within one year and to work the mine within two years after the commencement of the term of the lease, or to pay the ground rent or royalty, shall subject the lessee to forfeiture of the lease and resumption of the land by the Crown.

6. The lease to be renewable for further periods of twenty-one years each, and for such ground rent and royalties as may at the time of renewal be agreed upon by the Government and the Lessee.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

35-4

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 17th March, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (5).

No. 1.

Artillery.

With reference to No. 2 of General Orders (4), 3rd March, 1882, it affords the Major General Commanding the Militia, much pleasure to publish for the information of the Militia the following letter which has been addressed to Major General Thomas Bland Strange, late Royal Artillery, on the resignation of his appointments on the Staff of the Militia:—

“Ottawa, March 8th, 1882.

Sir,

After a long and useful career you have thought fit to resign your position of Inspector of Artillery and Warlike Stores, also that of Commandant of “B” Battery, Royal School of Gunnery.

The progress made in the Artillery Corps of this country, and the efficient state of the Battery under your command attest your untiring efforts as an Artillery Officer, and the Minister does not wish this opportunity to be allowed to pass without registering his high appreciation of the value of such services rendered to the Dominion of Canada, and by which the Militia has been much benefitted.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

C. EUG. PANET,
Deputy of Minister of Militia
and Defence.

Major General T. B. Strange,
late Royal Artillery, Kingston, Ont.”

No. 2.

RETIRED LIST.

“Volunteer Militia, Lower Canada,” General Order of 11th November, 1864, is hereby amended by substituting the words “Major Frederick Penn, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank,” for the words “Major Penn, who has left the limits.”

No. 3.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

7th Battalion “Fusiliers,” London.

No. 1 Company.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant George McElroy Reid, vice Gartshore, promoted.

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant George Macbeth is hereby accepted.

12th Battalion of Infantry, “York Rangers.”

To be Lieutenant Colonel:

Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Alfred Wyndham, M.S., vice George Lee Garden, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

To be Majors:

Captain James Wayling, V.B., from No. 7 Company, vice Wyndham, promoted.

Captain Beaufort Henry Vidal, (formerly Lieutenant in H. M.’s 4th Regt.,) from No. 8 Company, vice Brevet Lieutenant Colonel John William Selby, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining his Brevet rank.

No. 8 Company, Yorkville.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant George Hiram Capron Brooke, M.S., vice Vidal, promoted.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant John Thorburn Symons, V.B., vice Brooke, promoted.

34th “Ontario” Battalion of Infantry.

No. 2 Company, Greenwood.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

John Edward Galbraith, Gentleman, vice Bryant, resigned.

No. 3 Company, Oshawa.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Solomon George McGill, V.B., vice John James Smith, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

37th “Haldimand” Battalion of Rifles.

No. 3 Company, Caledonia.

The resignation of Lieutenant John Alfred Walker is hereby accepted.

77th “Wentworth” Battalion of Infantry.

To be Major:

Captain Franklin Medcalf Carpenter, V.B., from No. 5 Company.

No. 5 Company, Saltfleet.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Hugh Henry Carpenter, V.B., vice F. M. Carpenter, promoted.

To be Lieutenant:

Sergeant Marcus Lee, M.S., vice H. H. Carpenter, promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant Peter Reid, vice Willson, resigned.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

*The Queen's Own Canadian Hussars.**"A" Troop.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Jean Louis Renaud, Gentleman, vice Martin, promoted.

3rd Battalion "Victoria Rifles of Canada."

The resignation of Lieutenant Robert Macdougall Paterson is hereby accepted.

To be 2nd Lieutenants, provisionally:

Sergeant Thomas Patrick Bacon, vice H. A. Abbott, promoted.

Corporal Morris Stansfield Blaiklock, vice Paterson, promoted.

Richard Tuson Heneker, Gentleman, vice John Colston Bowden, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

53rd "Sherbrooke," Battalion of Infantry.

To be Lieutenant Colonel:

Edward Pellew Felton, from Retired List of Captains, V.B., vice Ibbotson, retired.

*81st "Portneuf" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 3 Company, Deschambault.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

Sergeant Joseph J.-Bte. Tancrède Marcotte, M.S., vice Croteau, resigned.

*83rd "Joliette" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 1 Company, Joliette.*

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant J. H. Romuald Delfausse, M.S., vice Octave D'Aoust, deceased.

No. 5 Company, Rawdon.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant James Henry Burns, M.S., vice Blair, promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

Sergeant James Mason, M.S., vice Burns, promoted.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Lieutenant Gilbert P. H. Hitchcock, No. 6 Company, 58th Battalion; from 2nd March, 1882.

Lieutenant Paul Desparois, M.S., No. 5 Company, 64th Battalion; from 3rd March, 1882.

Lieutenant Joseph Edouard Parent, M.S., No. 3 Company, 83rd Battalion; from 2nd March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant James Nicholson, M.S., No. 5 Company, 64th Battalion; from 2nd March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Hilaire Côté, M.S., No. 1 Company, 76th Battalion; from 2nd March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Adolphe Bussière, M.S., No. 5 Company, 80th Battalion; from 2nd March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant J. H. Romuald Delfausse, No. 1 Company, 83rd Battalion; from 2nd March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Octave Roy, M.S., No. 2 Company, 87th Battalion; from 3rd March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Ernest LaRue, M.S., No. 5 Company, 87th Battalion; from 2nd March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Etienne Coulombe, M.S., No. 4 Company, Dorchester Provisional Battalion; from 2nd March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant John J. Barry, M.S., No. 4 Company, Temiscouata Provisional Battalion; from 3rd March, 1882.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

2nd Lieutenant Ross Dougald Woodrow, M.S., 62nd Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant James Cameron, M.S., No. 5 Company, 73rd Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant Smiley Alexander McFee, M.S., No. 2 Company, 74th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant Charles Henry Fairweather, M.S., No. 3 Company, 74th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant Hiram Samuel Langstroth, M.S., No. 1 Company, 74th Battalion.

The above Officers are confirmed in their rank from 4th March, 1882.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

66th Battalion "Princess Louise Fusiliers."

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Wellsford E. West, M.S., vice Reeves appointed Paymaster.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant Charles Henry Mackinlay, M.S., vice West, promoted.

To be Paymaster:

Captain and Brevet Major Edward Henry Reeves, V.B., vice Honorary Major George Maclean, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining his Honorary rank.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Lieutenant Floyd Eugene Ross, M.S., No. 10 Company, 68th Battalion.

Lieutenant Joshua H. Smith, M.S., No. 5 Company, 78th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant Charles Rufus Coleman, M.S., No. 10 Company, 68th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant George Allison Dodge, M.S., No. 3 Company, 68th Battalion.

The above Officers are confirmed in their rank from 4th March, 1882.

PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Lieutenant Theophilus Stuart McLeod, M.S., No. 5 Company, 82nd Battalion; from 4th March, 1882.

No. 4.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

SCHOOLS OF MILITARY INSTRUCTION.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES.

Sergeant John Lanskill,	12th Battalion.
do James Rolling,	25th do
do Edward L. Stephen,	35th do
do John R. Mussen,	37th do
do Thomas J. Johnston,	46th do
Corporal Percival L. Mason,	2nd do
do George Sutherland,	10th do
do Charles C. Hammond,	25th do
do John E. Moberly,	35th do
do Wellington Young,	77th do

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Lieutenant Thomas Evans,	11th Battalion.
do Gilbert P. H. Hitchcock,	58th do
do Paul Desparois,	64th do
do Joseph Edouard Parent,	83rd do
2nd Lieutenant James Nicholson,	64th do
do Hilaire Côté,	76th do
do Adolphe Bussière,	80th do
do J. H. R. Delfausse,	83rd do

2nd Lieutenant Octave Roy, 87th Battalion.
do Ernest LaRue, 87th do
do Etienne Coulombe, Dorchester Provisional Battalion.
do John J. Barry, Témiscouata Provisional Battalion.
Sergeant Major Andrew J. Dunn, 85th Battalion.
Sergeant Tancred Marcotte, 81st do
do Alphonse S. Gauvin, 81st do
do Léon Paré, 81st do
do William Jones, 83rd do

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Lieutenant Floyd Eugène Ross, 68th Battalion.
do Joshua M. Smith, 78th do
do Theophilus Stuart McLeod, 82nd do
2nd Lieutenant Ross Dougald Woodrow, 62nd Batt.
do George Allison Dodge, 68th Battalion.
do Charles Rufus Coleman, 68th Batt.
do James Cameron, 73rd do
do Hiram Samuel Langstroth, 74th do
do Smiley Alexander McFee, 74th do
do Charles Henry Fairweather, 74th Battalion.
Sergeant Edward Milton Roberts, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery.
do Herbert James Anderson, 62nd Battalion.
do Edward Allanach, 73rd do
do Charles Stewart Russell, 73rd do
do John Sheridan, 73rd do
do Jacob W. Porter, Cumberland Provisional Battalion.
do Alexander McRae, Victoria Provl. Batt.
Corporal Henry Havelock Woodworth, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery.
do Charles Weldon Henderson, 62nd Battalion.
do Douglas Kendel Hill, Victoria Provl. Batt.
do William Henry Micheau, do
do John D. McNeil, do

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

AMENDED ARTICLE

To replace Article 2 of the Additional Articles of Agreement of ^{April 28}_{May 3} 1881, between the Dominion of Canada and the United States of America.

IN order to effectively protect the postal revenues of the United States from the evasive practices of persons or firms who seek to elude the postal laws and regulations of the United States, by posting their publications in Canada, the undersigned, duly authorized by their respective Governments, have agreed to replace Article 2 of the additional articles of agreement of ^{April 28}_{May 3} 1881, by the following

ARTICLE:

When newspapers, periodicals, and other printed matter, published or originating in the United States, or purporting to be published in the United States, or circulated on behalf of a person or firm doing business in the United States, are posted in Canada for destinations in the United States, apparently to evade the postage rates or regulations applicable to such matter in the United States, the Canada Post Office may require prepayment of the same to be made at a rate equivalent to the domestic postage chargeable thereon by the laws of the United States.

The present article takes effect immediately.

In witness whereof the Postmaster General of the United States and the Postmaster General of Canada have hereunto set their hands and affixed their seals at the date set opposite to each, respectively.

Signed, TIM. O. HOWE,
[L.S.] Postmaster General of the United States.
Washington, February 16th, 1882.
Signed, JOHN O'CONNOR,
[L.S.] Postmaster General of Canada.
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

I hereby approve the foregoing amended article and in testimony thereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Signed,
[L.S.] CHESTER A. ARTHUR.
By the President.

Signed,
FREDK. T. FRELINGHUYSEN,
Secretary of State,
37-3 Washington, February 16th, 1882.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 4th March, 1882.

DOMINION LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the agents at the undermentioned Land Agencies will offer for sale the odd numbered sections of Dominion Lands remaining undisposed of in their respective Districts on and after the dates hereinafter given for each, and at the price of \$2.50 per acre cash, viz. :—

Winnipeg, 15th March, 1882.
Gladstone,
Little Saskatchewan, } 1st April, 1882.
Birtle.

By Order,
LINDSAY RUSSELL,
36-3 Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 28th February, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,831,759 50
Excise.....	419,738 21
Post Office.....	132,044 55
Public Works, including Railways.	101,874 22
Bill Stamps.....	14,972 10
Miscellaneous.....	137,239 42
	<hr/>
	\$ 2,637,628 00
Revenue to 31st January, 1882.....	18,987,191 65
	<hr/>
	\$21,624,819 65
Expenditure.....	\$1,236,886 88
do 31st January, 1882.....	15,719,930 37
	<hr/>
	\$16,956,817 25

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st March, 1882.

INLAND REVENUE OFFICE,
HAMILTON, 25th February, 1882.

To all whom it may concern.

BY virtue of the authority given by the Act 43 Vic., chap. 19, sec. 163, sub-secs. 3, 4, the license granted to Michael Doran, on the 23rd day of July, 1881, to carry on business as a Bonded Manufacturer, in the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, Province of Ontario, is hereby cancelled in consequence of his refusing to pay duties as provided by law.

C. G. FORTIER,
Coll. I. R.

36-3

NOTICE.—Under the provisions of the eighty-fourth section of the Dominion Lands Act (1879), an adjourned meeting of the Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors for the examination of

Candidates will take place at 10 o'clock a.m., on Monday, the 27th day of March, 1882, at the Dominion Lands Office, in the City of Ottawa.

By order,
LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Surveyor General of Dom. Lands.
Ottawa, 3rd March, 1882. 36-4

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE,
OTTAWA, 3rd March, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a licence for the transaction of fire insurance in Canada has been this day issued to the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company, the head office in Canada being situated in the city of Montreal, and Walter Kavanagh and C. L. Bossé being chief agents.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
Superintendent of Insurance.

36-3

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1st MARCH, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Antioch	Sinclair	Muskoka O.	E. Garnett.
Balfour	Marysburg	Prince Edward. O.	George A. McLaughlin.
Blessington, re-opened	Tyendinaga	Hastings, E.R. O.	Mrs. Almira Robertson.
Britton	Elma	Perth, N.R. O.	W. W. Stevenson.
αCape Egmont	Tp 15	Prince	P.E.I. A. L. Gallant.
Creelford	Sec. 32, Tp. 12, R. 16 W....	Manitoba	W. H. Muckle.
Dalmeny	Osgoode	Russell	O. John C. Cameron.
Deloraine	Sec 19, Tp. 2, R. 22 W....	Manitoba	George F. Newcombs.
Desford	Sec. 15, Tp. 2, R. 20 W	Manitoba	Erskine Nicoll.
Essonville	Monmouth	Peterborough, E.R.....O.	Daniel Esson.
Falkland, re-opened	Brantford	Brant, S.R. O.	O. Parker.
Farewell	Arthur	Wellington, N.R. O.	William Allan.
Langvale	Sec. 2, Tp. 6, R. 18 W.	Manitoba	George M. Lang.
Lemieux, reopened	South Plantagenet	Prescott	O. A. Chesser.
Rockway Valley	Amherst	Ottawa	Q. O. Sinclair.
St. Remi d'Amherst	Amherst	Ottawa	Q. E. Thomas.
Stagsburn	Low	Ottawa	Q. A. McDonald.
Sidney	Sec. 6, Tp. 11, R. 12.	Manitoba	Thomas Babb.
Souris	Sec. 33, Tp. 7, R. 21.....	Manitoba	J. Dolmage.
Sourisburg	Sec. 20, Tp. 7, R. 17.....	Manitoba	Jabez Elliott.
Seckerton	Moore	Lambton	O. Thomas Johnston.
Turtle Mountain	Sec. 32, Tp. 2, R. 21.....	Manitoba	A. N. Tregent.
Wakopa	Sec. 29, Tp. 1, R. 18.....	Manitoba	Clovis Guerin.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Baltic Co. Glengarry. O., on 7th February 1882.
 Dog Creek..... Co. Cariboo-Lilloet, B.C., on 1st January 1882.
 Hansford..... Co. Cumberland, N.S., on 1st February 1882.

NAME CHANGED.

Mull River, Co. Inverness, N.S. to Glencoe.

αOpened on 1st January 1882.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85				
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25				
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65				
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00				
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00				
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75				

Fractional Notes.....	174,838 85	
Provincial "	145,665 65	
Montreal issue.....	7,163,018 00	
Toronto "	4,849,403 50	
Halifax "	1,783,722 50	
St. John "	665,645 75	
Victoria "	27,260 50	
Total.....	\$14,809,554 75	

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 28th February.....	2,476,386 78
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,396,386 78
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75	1,480,955 47
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75	2,221,433 21
	\$3,702,388 68
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,693,998 10
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p.c. on \$14,809,554 75.....	11,107,166 07
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	892,833 93
SUMMARY.	
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,693,998 10
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	892,833 93
Total Excess.....	2,586,832 03

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 28TH FEBRUARY, 1882.

LIABILITIES.												
CAPITAL.		Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....		2,000,000 00	600,000 00	267,958 41					5,855,435 38	180,000 00	91,066 05	6,394,459 84
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....		1,000,000 00	250,000 00						3,098,732 60	83,000 00	114,499 56	3,296,232 16

ASSETS.										
	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....		1,357,714 00	600 00	2,522,948 88	1,610,298 69	1,014,950 20	180,000 00		*442,235 96	7,128,747 73
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48		1,004,995 97	127,995 22	1,169,207 47	83,000 00	237,220 00	129,581 75	3,568,520 83

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British Columbia, for January 1882. Including the months of November and December for Manitoba.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	50,582 00	619 00	51,231 00
do Fisheries.....	487,125 00	343 00	487,468 00
do Forest.....	356,708 00	37,636 00	394,344 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,110,183 00	23,544 00	1,133,727 00
Agricultural Products.....	1,904,968 00	50,321 00	1,955,289 00
Manufactures	173,751 00	30,578 00	204,329 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	44,361 00	887 00	45,248 00
Totals.....	4,127,678 00	143,958 00	4,271,636 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Total.	4,127,678 00	143,958 00	4,271,636 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 23rd February, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

SUMMARY STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	8,818 00	1,862 37
Agricultural Implements.....	"	6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter.....	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" " U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
" Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
" Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
" Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States.....	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures.....	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	442,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of January, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Dec., 1881	\$7,842,274 53	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$301,881 34
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	647,310 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	2,334 45	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,144,970 76
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	45,066 88
	8,491,918 98		8,190,037 64
			8,491,918 98

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 20th February, 1882.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th November, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Oct., 1881.	Deposits for November, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, November, 1881.	Balance, 30th Nov., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	488,944 71	35,331 15	524,275 86	27,535 08	496,740 78
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	333,996 86	85,238 11	419,234 97	52,905 72	366,329 25
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,313,958 40	71,176 00	1,385,134 40	63,536 64	1,321,597 76
Nanaimo.....	138,159 01	3,777 00	141,936 01	1,225 00	140,711 01
New Westminster.....	161,582 87	16,144 00	177,726 87	6,851 63	170,875 24
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	115,823 47	10,029 00	125,852 47	3,254 84	122,597 63
Antigonish.....	30,809 56	2,647 00	33,456 56	3,022 20	30,434 36
Annapolis.....	112,207 52	8,729 00	120,936 52	5,232 43	115,704 09
Arichat.....	120,042 27	3,709 74	123,752 01	1,690 13	122,061 88
Acadia Mines.....	26,685 61	1,286 00	27,971 61	544 00	27,427 61
Baddeck.....	33,278 16	3,182 00	36,460 16	1,246 36	35,213 80
Bridgewater.....	17,974 89	3,776 00	21,750 89	2,502 60	19,248 29
Barrington.....	20,752 50	932 00	31,734 50	774 14	30,960 36
Digby.....	57,315 82	4,741 00	62,056 82	2,838 63	59,218 19
Guysboro'.....	41,599 82	15,349 00	56,948 82	5,359 63	51,589 16
Halifax.....	2,236,833 21	95,965 74	2,332,798 95	71,598 63	2,261,200 33
Kentville.....	81,766 24	7,260 03	89,026 27	4,362 67	84,663 60
Liverpool.....	110,303 05	3,051 00	113,354 05	4,093 22	109,260 83
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan.....	9,035 05	971 00	10,006 05	5 21	10,000 84
Lunenburg.....	65,676 34	2,059 00	67,735 34	5,187 40	62,547 94
Maitland.....	44,877 95	576 00	45,453 95	1,896 45	43,557 50
New Glasgow.....	86,569 65	6,096 00	92,665 65	3,542 61	89,123 04
Parrsboro'.....	40,080 16	2,829 00	42,909 16	497 28	42,411 88
Port Hood.....	43,810 26	4,068 00	47,878 26	2,070 00	45,808 26
Pictou.....	38,168 65	240 00	38,408 65	512 78	37,895 87
Shelburne.....	30,023 21	2,376 00	32,399 21	1,193 63	31,205 58
Sydney.....	153,948 95	9,544 00	163,492 95	4,765 97	158,726 98
Sherbrooke.....	31,187 04	836 00	32,023 04	602 00	31,421 04
Truro.....	176,624 90	9,525 99	186,150 89	8,168 14	177,982 75
Wallace.....	6,500 75	1,908 00	8,438 75	597 25	7,841 50
Windsor.....	352,352 05	7,005 00	359,357 05	7,609 47	351,747 58
Weymouth.....	49,992 06	3,132 00	53,124 06	1,261 94	51,913 12
Yarmouth.....	271,128 63	12,044 00	283,172 63	3,806 28	279,366 35
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	60,316 83	3,292 00	63,608 83	1,838 89	61,769 94
Chatham.....	179,505 78	4,103 00	183,613 78	3,801 48	179,812 30
Dalhousie.....	133,593 25	7,517 00	141,112 25	528 29	140,583 96
Dorchester.....	15,809 48	395 00	16,204 48	100 67	16,103 81
Fredericton.....	258,012 83	17,065 26	275,078 09	13,809 55	261,268 54
Hillboro'.....	18,441 17	2,038 00	20,479 17	918 00	19,561 17
Moncton.....	112,307 30	11,533 00	123,840 30	9,415 00	114,425 30
Newcastle.....	120,117 56	2,899 00	123,016 56	3,491 20	119,525 36
Richibucto.....	61,095 07	1,310 00	62,405 07	345 00	62,060 07
St. Andrews.....	185,910 52	7,565 00	193,475 52	1,375 32	192,100 20
St. John.....	1,538,716 94	52,487 00	1,591,203 94	27,690 86	1,563,513 08
Sussex.....	3,002 00	5,199 00	8,201 00		8,201 00
Woodstock.....	167,676 83	14,404 00	182,080 86	3,520 44	178,560 42
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	664,437 20	34,593 00	699,030 20	26,175 84	672,854 36
Total.....	10,373,997 06	600,040 02	10,974,037 08	393,300 52	10,580,736 56

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 7th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Amount of Deposit.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....		Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).		Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N. Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.		Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....		Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited)	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds		Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)		Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....		Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....		Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash		Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock		Fire and Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....		Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B.C. Bonds.....		Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....		Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock		Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)		Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....		Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)		Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock		Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....		Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stancilife, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock		Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....		Fire and Life.
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,973 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000		Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock		Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	£21,000 stg. Canada Stock		Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)		Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....		Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds		Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....		Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....		Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash		Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)		Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company	Wm. Heudry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586)	Life.
The Phoenix Assurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50,171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life)	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,657, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$95,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200).....	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U. S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31ST MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.. ..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford. Secretary, Montreal	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U. S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000.....	\$1,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock.....	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital.....	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada.....	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months.....	389 51
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	2,054 24
		Other Assets	2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.

Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether

they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LÉMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LÉMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application shall be made at this session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to revive the Patent granted to John Dickinson Brunton under number 5757, for an apparatus for cutting, dressing, planing, turning and shaping stone, on the 3rd March, 1876, for five years

LACOSTE, GLOBESKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicant.

Montreal, 23rd February, 1882.

35-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the "Indemnity Company of North America," with power to carry on business in Canada and the United States as a guarantee, accident and life assurance company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 16th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Ocean Mutual Insurance Company," for the purpose of carrying on the business of Ocean Marine Insurance in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM & TUPPER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Halifax, 25th January, 1882.

32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company, to construct and operate a line of railway, commencing at a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, in or near Township Ten (10), Range Fourteen (14) West P. M., in the Province of Manitoba, to Rapid City, Oak River, Bird Tail Creek and Fort Ellice, thence to the Touchwood Hills, and thence at or near Fort à la Corne, on the Saskatchewan River, and thence in a north westerly direction to or at or near the Pine River Pass, and thence to the Pacific Coast, at a point to be determined upon hereafter in the discretion of the company.

BIGGS & WOOD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated January, 1882.

32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act to incorporate a company for the erection and maintenance of Booms and other improvements affecting the lumber interest on Rainy River, for the levying of tolls, dues and charges thereon, and for colonization upon the territory bordering on said river.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.

Ottawa, 3rd February, 1882.

32-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Canadian Electric Light Company shall apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to ratify and confirm their Act of incorporation, to give them the necessary authorization to secure motive powers and the generation of electricity in any part of the Dominion of Canada, and to authorize them to use and work certain patents granted in Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 23rd January, 1882.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the Manitoba Midland Railway Company, with power to build and operate a railway beginning at East Garfield, on the Canada Pacific Railway, thence to the town of Macdonald on the Portage and North Western Railway, thence westerly through or near Rapid City, to some points on the Saskatchewan or Peace Rivers in the North West Territories, with power also to build bridges and telegraph lines and to build branch line from Macdonald to Lake Manitoba.

McMILLAN & TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27th Jan., 1882.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 23 Vic., cap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the members of the said board to confirm and enact the provisions of the Acts of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic., cap. 62, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," and 38 Vic., cap. 64, intituled "An Act to amend the Act intituled 'An

Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland.'" and of the Act of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 75, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic. cap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland"; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the said managers; to confirm and enact the provisions of the Act of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic. cap. 61, intituled "An Act to amend 'An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,'" save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to confirm and enact the provisions of an Act passed by the Legislature of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 76, intituled "An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston," and to enable the said College to stand towards the Presbyterian Church in Canada in relations similar to those which it lately held to the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; or to otherwise deal with the matters referred to in the said last-mentioned Act.

JOHN HAMILTON (of Kingston.)

31-9

Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

NOTICE is hereby given that the McClary Manufacturing Company, will apply to the Dominion Parliament, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the said company with increased powers.

MEREDITH & SCATCHERD,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session, for an Act to reduce the paid-up capital and stock of "The Exchange Bank of Yarmouth" to the extent of thirty per cent.

SANDFORD H. PELTON,
Solicitor for applicants.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.
21st January, 1882.

30

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating "The Qu'Appelle Land Company" with power to acquire, improve and sell lands and promote immigration, and with other powers.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK.
Solicitors for the applicants.
Toronto, 16th January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of the Great American and European Short Line Railway Company, with power: 1st. To construct, equip and operate lines of railway from a point at or near Cape North, in the Island of Cape Breton, to the Strait of Canso, and from the Strait of Canso, through the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario, to a point or points in United States Territory; 2nd. To construct, equip and operate steamers, and steam ferry communication between any of the Provinces of the Dominion, and between the Dominion and Newfoundland, and between the Dominion and Europe, and between Newfoundland and Europe, and also said ferry connection on the Strait of Canso; 3rd. The construction, purchasing, leasing or hiring of steamboats, ferry boats, railways, conveyances, and lines of telegraph in connection with the matter and powers before mentioned, and the working and operating of the same.

A. L. BLACKMAN,
for self and other Corporators.
Halifax, 3rd January, 1882. 30-9

NOTICE.—"The Bell Telephone Company of Canada" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for amendments to its Act of incorporation 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to manufacture besides the articles referred to in such second section such other articles or things as the company may deem advisable, also to transmit messages by telegraph as well as by telephone, also to purchase telegraph as well as telephone lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its telegraph and telephone lines from any one to any other of the Provinces in the Dominion, and whereby also it shall be declared that said Act of incorporation and its amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,
Solicitors for said company.
Montreal, 17th January, 1882. 30-9

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock companies Act of 1877, for Letters Patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited."

2. The objects for which incorporation is sought, are the purchasing, holding, selling and leasing timber, timber limits and real estate of every des-

cription and the manufacturing of timber into logs, spars, ties, square timber, cordwood, shingles and lumber of every description, and to erect, lease and operate saw mills and flouring mills, either with steam or water power as may be requisite for the purposes of the company; also the purchasing, building, leasing or operating steamboats, barges and vessels, and the carrying thereon of lumber, timber, and merchandize of every description, as well as passengers, and the construction or leasing of all necessary wharves, docks and warehouses for the purpose thereof; also the building and operating of tramways, roads, canals, flumes, dams and booms upon the rivers, streams and creeks used for the purpose of the company.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$350,000 divided into three thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses, and callings of the applicants are respectively as follows:—Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba, lumber manufacturer; James Robert Sutherland, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; Henry Norland Ruttan, of the same place, civil engineer; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor; William Buckingham, of the town of Stratford, Ontario, banker; John Ross, of the township of Grantham, county of Lincoln, Ontario, contractor, and Simon James Dawson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, civil engineer.

6. The first directors of the company are to be the said Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross and Simon James Dawson, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,
Solicitor for applicants.
Ottawa, 15th March, 1882. 33-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects herein-after mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or other-

wise ; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought ; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company ; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessaries for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient ; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material ; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandize so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable ; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$300,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 3,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows :—William F. McMaster, merchant, James C. Black, commercial traveller, Alexander A. Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Harry A. Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, Frederick H. Maulson, commercial traveller, William G. H. Lowe, commercial traveller, John Allan, commercial traveller, John B. Mather, commercial traveller, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, John F. Ellis, manufacturer, Edward J. Mahony, commercial traveller, Edward Carter, merchant, Frank B. Halleday, commercial traveller, Richard R. Davis, commercial traveller, David A. Braid, commercial traveller, Joseph H. Brent, commercial traveller, James Haywood, commercial traveller, William J. Thompson, commercial traveller, John E. Snider, commercial traveller, George C. Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto ; Frederick H. Hesson, merchant, Stratford ; James S. Smith, commercial traveller, Toronto ; James F. Egan, commercial traveller, John H. Stone, manufacturer, Edwin A. Dalley, commercial traveller, George E. Hamilton, commercial traveller, William Prentice, commercial traveller, all of Hamilton ;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company : William F. McMaster, Toronto, merchant ; James C. Black, Toronto, commercial traveller ; Alexander A. Allan, Toronto, manufacturer ; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant ; Harry A. Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller ; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant ; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 16th March, 1882.

38—tf

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Saskatchewan Forks Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are :

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial

Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada ; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils ; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

5. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants ; that is to say : The following residing in the city of Toronto : George Bradley Bradley, journalist ; George Eyvel, journalist ; Albert Horton, journalist ; George Johnson, journalist ; Christopher William Bunting, managing director *Mail Printing Company* ; William James Douglas, director *Mail Printing Company* ; Edward Frederick Clark, publisher *Orange Sentinel* ;

Alexander Fraser Pirie, journalist; George Darby, manager *Evening News*; Wallace Maclean, journalist; Nicholas Flood Davin, journalist.

The following residing in the city of Montreal; Thomas White, journalist; Aimé Gelin, journalist; Richard White, managing director *Gazette Printing Company*; François Raymond Marceau, stenographer; Robert Smeaton White, journalist;

The following residing in the city of Ottawa:— Charles W. Mitchell, proprietor *Free Press*; George Roden Kingsmill, journalist; Andrew Holland, journalist; Carroll Ryan, journalist;

The following residing in the City of London: Josiah Blackburn, managing director *Free Press Printing Company*; John Cameron, editor *Daily Advertiser*; and William Dennis, of Halifax, N.S., journalist; Archibald McNee, of Winnipeg, Man., journalist; James Innes, Guelph, journalist; John Livingstone, St. John, N.B., journalist; Edgar Russell Smith, St. Johns, Que., publisher *News and Frontier Advocate*; Murdo Young McLean, Seaforth, Ont., publisher *Huron Expositor*; Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., journalist; Henry Gorman, Sarnia, Ont., publisher *Observer*; Hon. Alphonse A. C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, Man., journalist; Edwin Henry Fogarty, Cobourg, Ont., journalist; James Brown, Welland, Ont., journalist; of whom the said George Bradley Bradley, George Eyvel, Albert Horton, George Johnson, John Roden Kingsmill, Archibald McNee, Robert Smeaton White, William Dennis, Aimé Gelin, are to be the first, or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th March, 1882.

37-3

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Alexander G. Ramsay, of the City of Hamilton, General Manager Canada Life Insurance Company; William Hendrie, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; Adam Brown, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; John Dunlop, of the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Oxford,

Esquire; James Crowther, of the City of Toronto, Esquire; James Scott, of the said City of Toronto, merchant; William Mulock, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire, and Robert H. Bethune, of the said City of Toronto, cashier of the Dominion Bank.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, the 2nd day of March 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by name of "The Dominion Colonizing, Cattle Breeding and Coal Mining Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.

(e) To aid either by way of bonuses or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company, to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use, and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels, and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep, and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(i) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

The Town of Picton or the City of Toronto to be the chief places of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$190,000. There are to be nineteen hundred shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say, The following residing in the Town of Picton: Charles Stewart Wilson, banker, William Henry Richey Allison, barrister at law, Q. C., James North Carter, George Calvin Curry, James Hart, Joseph Redmond, Charles Alexander Macdonell, Allan Innis Corkindale and Webster Talcott Crandall and William P. Reynolds, merchants, William Wallace Colton, Henry Barthall Evans, and James Bentley

Morden, physicians, Stephen Marshall Conger and John William Conger, publishers, Arthur William Hepburn, Robert Clapp, Thomas Bog, Edward Horan and Clarence James McCuaig, Gentlemen. The following residing in the village of Wellington: Joseph B. Ruttan, physician, Gilbert P. Dorland, Gentleman, Paul Charles Vanhorn, Gentleman, and David Clinton, manufacturer; and the following residing in Consecon: James Albert Johnson, Joseph Pierson, John Byers and Richard John Osborne, merchants; and the following residing in the township of Ameliasburg: William Delong, George Anderson, James Henry Peck and George Cunningham, farmers, and John Sprague, merchant; and the following residing in Sophiasburg: David Barker Solmes, banker, Wellington Boulter, insurance agent, John Crawford and Edward Doney, farmers; and the following residing in the township of Athol: John Abererombie, John Waring, Montalbert Werden, John Gibson, Eli Ketchum, Benjamin F. Hubbs, William Kenny and Patrick Bond, farmers; and the following residing at Rednersville: James Redner, merchant; and the following residing in the township of South Marysburg: Carlton McCartney, Wesley Hicks, Nelson Hudgins and Philip Farrington, farmers; and the following residing in the township of North Marysburg: John Prenyer, Gentleman, and David McAuley, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hallowell: Abram Huyck, farmer, and Adam H. Saylor, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hillier: Samuel Jones and Stephen Philip Niles, farmers; and Arthur Harvey, of Toronto, Gentleman, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Pieton, 2nd March, 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Morton Dairy Farming and Colonization Company of Manitoba (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, or elsewhere, from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising, more particularly dairy

farming, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, with branches at the City of Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$1,900,000 in ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses and callings of each of the applicants are as follows: Thomas Harris Hodgson, merchant, Alfred James Brice, merchant, George Bishop, engraver, Charles Huston, manufacturer, Thomas Cramp, merchant, all of the said city of Montreal; John Macleod Gill, manufacturer, Robert Gill, manufacturer, both of the Town of Brockville, in the Province of Ontario; John Smith, manufacturer, James David Crawford, broker, both of the said City of Montreal; Colin Munro, Sheriff, of the County of Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banker, both of the City of St. Thomas, in the Province of Ontario, and George Morton, of the City of Kingston, Gentleman, of whom the six first named are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

DUNLOP & LYMAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th February, 1882.

36-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter instituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Dominion Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto with branches in

the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:

Henry Stark Howland, of the City of Toronto in the Province of Ontario, banker; William Rees Brock, of the same place, merchant; John Ginty, of the same place, contractor; John Gillespie, of the same place, merchant; George A. Muttibury, of the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba, real estate agent, and Jeffrey Hall Brock, of the same place, agent. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 24th February, A. D. 1882. 36-6

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada, after the publication of this notice for one month, by Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond and David Young, all of the City of Winnipeg, for letters patent under the "Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," constituting them and others who may become associated with them, a body corporate and politic, under the name of "The Manitoba Land Company, Limited."

2. The objects of said company are to acquire, hold, sell, lease, convey real estate and cultivate farm property and sell the produce thereof, within the Province of Manitoba and North West Territories.

3. The capital stock of the said company shall be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The head office of the said company shall be the City of Winnipeg.

5. The said Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond and David Young,—all of whom, with the exception of John H. Hammond, are British subjects, and all reside within the Dominion of Canada,—shall be the first Directors of the said company.

BIGGS & WOOD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Winnipeg, 20th February, 1882. 35-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of 40 Victoria, chapter 43, entitled "An Act to amend the law respecting the incorporation of Joint Stock Companies by Letters Patent," for the grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent in the manner and for the purposes following:

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The Farmers North-West Land and Colonisation Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of land or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings including mills and machinery, and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security

of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed on, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and for the promotion of emigration.

3. The principal place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand, and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and callings of each of the applicants are, Thomas Long, M.P.P., merchant, Charles Macdonell, miller, George Moberly, barrister-at-law, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, Clerk in Holy Orders, John Francis Mathieson, insurance agent, William Basil Hamilton, postmaster, Andrew Ginty Campbell, steamboat agent, Adam Dudgeon, Division Court Clerk, Charles Gamon, barrister-at-law, Andrew Melville, merchant, Thomas Worthington Fair, merchant, James Lindsay, merchant, Alexander McDermid, merchant tailor, Frank Foster Telfer and Herbert Young Telfer, confectioners, Hall Telfer, baker, Edward Richmond Carpenter, druggist, John Guinness Laird, Clerk in Holy Orders, Edward Sailows, Clerk in Holy Orders, Annie McGillivray, spinster, Bella McGillivray, spinster, Bernard Callary, merchant, George Warburton Hodgetts, bank manager, Henry Wentworth Bell Smith, accountant, Samuel Ditson, merchant, William Ward Willis, Baptist Minister, Alexander Buist, Gentleman, Charles Cameron, steamboat owner, and John Joseph Long, merchant, all of the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe; John Hogg, of the Town of Portage La Prairie, conveyancer; the Honorable David Reesor, of the Town of Yorkville, in the County of York, Senator; William Bouchier, yeoman, Donald A. Currie, yeoman, Thomas Robinson, insurance agent, James Leach, yeoman, and David Emery Buist, yeoman, all of the Township of Nottawasaga, in the County of Simcoe; George Bullas Bristow, Arthur Holroyd and John Buckingham, yeomen, all of the Township of Osprey, in the County of Grey; Henry Horace Thompson, of the Village of Penetanguishene, in the County of Simcoe, merchant; Alexander McCarthy, of the Town of Barrie, in said County, post office conductor; Robert James Sproul, merchant, and John Wesley Armstrong, Division Court Clerk, both of the Village of Flesherton, in the County of Grey; Walter Hunter, merchant, Robert Herbert Hunt, doctor of medicine, Thomas Wesley Tyson, Walter Lount Tyson, and John Henry Tyson, millers, Emma Louisa Hartman, all of the Village of Clarksburg, in the County of Grey; Charles Hunt, Gentleman, William H. Smith, grain buyer, all of the Village of Thornbury, in the County of Grey; James Hill Hunter, merchant, of the Town of Durham, in the County of Grey; George William Monk, M. P. P., yeoman, of the township of March, in the County of Carleton; Robert Henry, lumber merchant, Patrick Hughes, merchant, both of the City of Toronto, in the County of York; Frederick John French, Gentleman, of the Town of Prescott, in the County of Grenville; Michael Gartlan and Charles O'Brien, merchants, both of the Village of Stayner, in the County of Simcoe; Timothy Rodgers, yeoman, of the Village of Bradford, in the County of Simcoe; Gideon Striker, M.P.P., of the Town of Picton, in the County of Prince Edward; William Broder, merchant, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas; Wilfred Charles Schrieber, wood agent, of the Village of Allandale, and Charles Cotton Bridges, yeoman, of the Township of Oro, both in the County of Simcoe.

7. The following are the first directors of the said company, namely, the above named Thomas Long, M. P. P., Charles Macdonell, Andrew Melville, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, George Moberly, John Francis Mathieson, William Basil Hamilton, Hall Telfer, Adam Dudgeon, Thomas Worthington Fair and Charles Gamon.

MOBERLY & GAMON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Collingwood, 15th February, 1882. 34-6

DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor General in Council for the Dominion of Canada, for letters patent of incorporation of a company.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company to be "The Lindsay Paper Mill Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes and objects for which incorporation are sought are the manufacturing and dealing in paper, pulp, cardboard, strawboard and millboard, and materials composed of paper and of paper and other materials, and of utilising, manufacturing and dealing in rice grass and other material used in connection with the manufacture of paper or paper stock, or combination of paper and other material; with powers to work and operate mills, and have warehouses and works in connection thereof in different parts of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be in the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be sixty thousand dollars (60,000).

5. The number of shares to be six hundred (600), and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars (\$100).

6. The names in full and the address of the applicants are as follows:—Alexander A. Stevenson, publisher; William D. O'Brien, agent; Richard Jellyman, merchant; Richard White, publisher; Alexander R. Brown, merchant; Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Senator; Henry Dobell, merchant; Peter A. Peterson, engineer; Henry J. Tiffin, merchant; Arthur H. Plimsoll, accountant; Anthony H. Sims, merchant; Charles R. Hosmer, agent; Charles R. Hosmer, agent in trust; Robert Campbell, merchant; George W. Craig, agent; Miss Emily C. S. Bagg, spinster, and Charles T. Gibbs, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, and Samuel Arthur McMurtry, Banker, of Lindsay, in the Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

That the names of those who are to be the first or provisional directors to the said company are the said Alexander A. Stevenson, Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White and S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Attorneys for applicants.
Montreal, 13th February, 1882. 34-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Company" (Limited).

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be

mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

Edward Gurney, the younger, City of Toronto, manufacturer; John Edward Rose, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; Alexander Sutherland, City of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; Dennis Moore, City of Hamilton, manufacturer; Richard Brown, City of Toronto, merchant; William Glass, City of London, sheriff; William Briggs, City of Toronto, clergyman; Henry E. Clarke, City of Toronto, manufacturer; Daniel Maclean, City of Toronto, merchant; Edward Hartley Dewar, City of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; John Thomas Moore, City of Toronto, accountant; John Jacob Withrow, City of Toronto, manufacturer; Samuel John Hunter, City of Toronto, clergyman; Charles Douglas Warren, City of Toronto, merchant; Leonard Gaety, City of London, clergyman; Thomas McCormick, City of London, manufacturer; George Robinson, City of London, merchant; Robert Warren, Town of Niagara, yeoman.

The first fifteen of said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company and are all residents of Canada.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRILL & COATSWORTH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act" by "The North West Trading Company, Limited," incorporated by letters patent dated the 22nd day of July A. D. 1873, for Supplementary Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada extending the powers of the said company for the following purposes:—

1. To acquire lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territory from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals. To survey, colonize, settle, cultivate and build upon said lands. To sell, rent, mortgage or otherwise dispose of said lands. To advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, securing such advances with interest by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land, on such terms and in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon. To breed, buy and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on all farming operations.

2. To increase the capital stock of the said company to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent for company.

Ottawa, 17th February, 1882.

34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic, in and by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company." The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

The acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing re-payment for such advances on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon.

To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote emigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid, to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or other vessels, or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incident thereto.

The City of Toronto shall be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$300,000 consisting of 3,000 shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of the applicants are: Nathaniel Clarke Wallace, M.P., merchant, of the Village of Woodbridge, Silas James, Provincial Land Surveyor, James Armstrong, student-at-law, John Jeremiah Cook, merchant, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, accountant, Elgin Schoff, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto; James Duncan, farmer, Emery P. O., John Duncan, farmer, Richmond Hill, Robert Nathaniel Taylor, farmer, Elders Mills—of whom the said N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor and James Duncan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ELGIN SCHOFF,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 9th February, 1882. 34-5

MISCELLANEOUS.

RED RIVER AND ASSINIBOINE BRIDGE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the above company will be held at the Lands Office of the Hudson's Bay Company, in the City of Winnipeg, on Monday, the 3rd day of April, 1882, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the said company, and also for authorising the directors to cancel any stock upon which the calls are not paid.

By order,
J. BALSILLIE,
Secretary Treasurer.

Winnipeg, 9th March, 1882. 38-3

THE KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a fourth call of ten per cent. on the new issue of the capital stock of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company will be payable on or before the 24th day of March, 1882, at the office of the company in Kingston.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

37-3

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said

release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general meeting of the Society of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien will be held the twenty-ninth day of April next (29th April, 1882).

All the shares of the Society being to order, it will be indicated by a second notice, to appear fifteen days at least prior to the date of said meeting, at what place it shall be held.

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.

M. CHEVALIER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 22nd February, 1882.

35-9

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Imperial Bank of Canada will be held at the Head Office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 4th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of authorizing an increase to the capital stock of the Bank.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 16th February, 1882.

34-7

BANK OF OTTAWA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Ottawa will be held at the Banking House in Ottawa, on Wednesday the 15th day of March next, for the purpose of considering the distribution among the present stockholders of the unsubscribed balance of the authorized capital stock of the Bank, and also to consider the propriety of opening other branches of the Bank.

Chair to be taken at 3 o'clock P.M.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 2nd February, 1882.

32-6

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.
[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } **C**ONSIDÉRANT que par l'acte passé dans les trente-deuxième et trente-troisième années de notre règne, chapitre 24, et intitulé "Acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," tel qu'amendé par l'acte passé dans la trente-troisième année de notre règne, chapitre vingt-huit, et intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," il est entre autres choses décrété, que le Gouverneur en Conseil pourra aussi souvent qu'il le jugera nécessaire déclarer par proclamation, que, le et après le dit jour y mentionné, le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, ou tout article ou articles d'icelui, sera en vigueur dans tout endroit ou endroits au Canada y désigné dans les limites ou dans le voisinage duquel tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique sera en voie d'exécution, ou tels endroits qui sont dans le voisinage de tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique comme susdit, dans les limites duquel il croit qu'il est nécessaire que le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné ou tout article ou articles d'icelui soit en vigueur ;

Et attendu que par et en vertu des dits actes il est en outre statué que le dit acte en premier lieu cité ou tout article ou articles d'icelui sera mis en vigueur, le ou après le jour mentionné dans telle proclamation, dans les endroits désignés dans telle proclamation ;

SACHEZ MAINTENANT que par et en vertu de l'autorité que nous confèrent ces dits actes, et par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, Nous proclamons, ordonnons et déclarons que, le et après le premier jour de février, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, tous les articles du dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, tel qu'amendé, excepté les articles deux, trois, quatre, cinq, six, sept, huit, neuf et dix, seront mis en vigueur dans les localités suivantes, savoir : dans toutes ces parties de la province d'Ontario, situées dans une circonscription de dix milles de chaque côté de la ligne localisée du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique (Division de l'Est) entre Algoma Mills et Callendar Stations y comprenant cette partie même de la ligne et s'étendant sur une distance de dix milles au-delà de chaque extrémité d'icelle.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. Témoin, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Che-

valier Grand'Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce TRENTE-UNIÈME jour de JANVIER, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

36-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mardi, 14 mars 1882.

PRESENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR-GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre des douanes et en vertu des sections 9 et 55 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la quarantième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 10, et intitulé "Acte à l'effet d'amender et refondre les actes concernant les douanes, il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil privé de la reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que le port d'Emerson, dans la province de Manitoba, soit et le dit port est par le présent détaché du port de Winnipeg et constitué en port indépendant d'entrée et en port d'entrepôt, à dater du 1er d'avril 1882.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du conseil privé.

38-3

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT.

Samedi, 17 décembre 1881.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE L'ADMINISTRATEUR DU
GOUVERNEMENT EN CONSEIL.

IL a plu à Son Excellence l'Administrateur du gouvernement sur la recommandation du ministre de l'intérieur et en vertu de l'acte 43 Vic., chap. 26, d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que les règlements suivants concernant la disposition des terrains à charbon soient et les dits règlements sont par le présent adoptés :

10. Que l'affirmage des terrains miniers pourra être fait pour (21) vingt et un ans, dans l'ordre de leurs demandes, aux requérants qui auront convaincu le ministre de l'intérieur de leurs moyens et habileté pour exploiter efficacement les mines qu'on sollicite, les dits requérants devant en ce cas payer un loyer de vingt-cinq centins par acre exigible semi-annuellement d'avance.

20. Que le locataire paiera un droit de dix centins par tonne sur tout le charbon tiré de la mine. Rapports trimestriels faits sous serment devant être fournis au ministre de l'intérieur par le locataire, montrant la quantité de charbon tiré de la mine, les droits exigibles sur icelle et la date de tel rapport.

30. Que l'étendue de terre à être louée à une personne n'excèdera pas trois cent vingt acres (320).

40. Les bornes de ces terrains en dessous de la surface de tels terrains loués seront les plans ou lignes verticaux dans lesquels est comprise la surface.

50. Le locataire devra commencer les opérations actives dans l'espace d'une année et exploiter la mine dans l'espace des deux années qui suivront le commencement du bail et payer le prix du loyer en

même temps que les droits, sans quoi le bail sera résilié et la Couronne reprendra les terrains.

60. Le bail pourra être renouvelé pour d'autres périodes de vingt et une années chacune et pour tels prix et droits dont il sera convenu entre le gouvernement et le locataire.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier, Conseil Privé.

35-4

ORDRES GENERAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX.

OTTAWA, 17 mars 1882.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (5).

No. 1.

Artillerie.

Relativement au No. 2 des ordres généraux (4), 3 mars 1882, la publication pour l'information de la milice de la lettre ci-dessous adressée au major général Thomas Bland Strange, ci-devant de l'artillerie royale, à l'occasion de la résignation de ses charges dans l'état-major de la milice, cause beaucoup de plaisir au major général commandant :—

"Ottawa, 8 mars 1882.

Monsieur,

Après une longue et utile carrière vous avez jugé à propos de vous démettre de votre charge d'inspecteur d'artillerie et de matériel de guerre et de commandant de la batterie "B", école royale d'artillerie.

Le progrès atteint dans l'artillerie et le bon état de la batterie sous vos ordres attestent vos efforts infatigables comme officier d'artillerie, et le ministre ne veut pas perdre cette opportunité de faire connaître sa haute appréciation de ces services rendus au Canada, services dont la milice a retiré un si grand avantage.

J'ai l'honneur d'être,

Monsieur,

Votre très obéissant serviteur,

C. EUGÈNE PANET,

Député du ministre de la milice et
de la défense.

Major général T. B. Strange,
ci-devant de l'artillerie royale,
Kingston, Ont."

No. 2.

LISTE DES OFFICIERS EN RETRAITE.

"Milice volontaire, Bas-Canada," l'ordre général du 11 novembre 1864, est par le présent amendé en substituant les mots "Major Frederick Penn, qui a par le présent la permission de se retirer et de conserver son grade," aux suivants "Major Penn, qui a laissé les limites."

No. 3.

MILICE ACTIVE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

Les Hussards Canadiens "Queen's Own."

Compagnie "A".

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement:

Jean Louis Renaud, gentilhomme, *vice* Martin, promu.

3e bataillon "Carabiniers Victoria du Canada."

La démission du lieutenant Robert Macdougall Paterson est par le présent acceptée.

Sont nommés 2nd lieutenants, provisoirement:

Le sergent Thomas Patrick Bacon, *vice* H. A. Abbott, promu.

Le caporal Morris Stansfield Blaiklock, *vice* Paterson, promu.

Richard Tuson Heneker, gentilhomme, *vice* John Colston Bowden, dont sa démission est par le présent acceptée.

53e bataillon d'infanterie, "Sherbrooke."

Est nommé lieutenant-colonel:

Edward Pellew Felton, de la liste des capitaines en retraite, B.V., *vice* Ibbotson, qui s'est retiré.

81me bataillon d'infanterie, "Portneuf."

Compagnie No. 3, Deschambault.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant:

Sergent Joseph J.-Bte. Tancrède Marcotte, E.M., *vice* Croteau, qui a résigné.

83e bataillon d'infanterie, "Joliette."

Compagnie No. 1, Joliette.

Est nommé lieutenant:

2nd lieutenant J. H. Romuald Delfausse, E.M., *vice* Octave D'Aoust, décédé.

Compagnie No. 5, Rawdon.

Est nommé lieutenant:

2nd lieutenant James Henry Burns, E.M., *vice* Blair, promu.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant:

Sergent James Mason, E.M., *vice* Burns, promu.

GRADE CONFIRMÉ.

Lieutenant Gilbert P. H. Hitchcock, compagnie No. 6, 58e bataillon; à dater du 2 mars 1882.

Lieutenant Paul Desparois, E.M., compagnie No. 5, 64e bataillon; à dater du 3 mars 1882.

Lieutenant Joseph Edouard Parent, E.M., compagnie No. 3, 83e bataillon; à dater du 2 mars 1882.

2nd Lieutenant James Nicholson, E.M., compagnie No. 5, 64e bataillon; à dater du 2 mars 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Hilaire Côté, E.M., compagnie No. 1, 76e bataillon; à dater du 2 mars 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Adolphe Bussière, E.M., compagnie No. 5, 80e bataillon; à dater du 2 mars 1882.

2nd lieutenant J. H. Romuald Delfausse, compagnie No. 1, 83e bataillon; à dater du 2 mars 1882.

2nd lieutenant Octave Roy, E.M., compagnie No. 2, 87e bataillon; à dater du 3 mars 1882.

2nd lieutenant Ernest LaRue, E.M., compagnie No. 5, 87e bataillon; à dater du 2 mars 1882.

2nd lieutenant Etienne Coulombe, E.M., compagnie No. 4, bataillon provisoire de Dorchester; à dater du 2 mars 1882.

2nd lieutenant John J. Barry, E.M., compagnie No. 4, bataillon provisoire, Témiscouata; à dater du 3 mars 1882.

No. 4.

CERTIFICATS ACCORDÉS.

ÉCOLES D'INSTRUCTION MILITAIRE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

CERTIFICATS DE DEUXIÈME CLASSE.

Lieutenant Thomas Evans,	11e bataillon.
do Gilbert P. H. Hitchcock,	58e do
do Paul Desparois,	64e do
do Joseph Edouard Parent,	83e do

2nd lieut. James Nicholson,	64e bataillon.
do Hilaire Côté,	76e do
do Adolphe Bussière,	80e do
do J. H. R. Delfausse,	83e do
do Octave Roy,	87e do
do Ernest LaRue,	87e do
do Etienne Coulombe, bataillon provisoire,	Dorchester.
do John J. Barry, bataillon prov.,	Témiscouata.
Sergent-major Andrew J. Dunn,	85e bataillon.
Sergent Tancrede Marcotte,	81e do
do Alphonse S. Gauvin,	81e do
do Léon Paré,	81e do
do William Jones,	83e do

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjudant Général de Milice,
Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTERIEUR.

Ottawa, 4 mars 1882.

TERRES FÉDÉRALES.

A VIS est par le présent donné que les agents aux bureaux des terres ci-dessous mentionnés mettront en vente les sections impaires des terres fédérales dont il n'a pas encore été disposé dans leurs districts respectifs aux dates ci-après mentionnées pour chacun d'eux et au prix de \$2.50 l'acre argent comptant :—

Winnipeg, 15 mars 1882.

Gladstone,

Petite Saskatchewan,

Birtle.

1er avril 1882.

Par ordre,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Député du ministre de l'Intérieur.

37-3

ARTICLE AMENDÉ

Devait remplacer l'article 2 des articles additionnels de la convention du ^{28 avril}/_{3 mai} 1881, entre le gouvernement du Canada et les Etats-Unis d'Amérique.

A FIN de protéger efficacement le revenu des postes des Etats-Unis contre les pratiques évasives des personnes ou maisons commerciales qui cherchent à éluder les règlements et lois postales des Etats-Unis, en mallant leurs publications au Canada, les soussignés, dûment autorisés par leurs gouvernements respectifs ont convenu de remplacer l'article 2 des articles additionnels de la convention du ^{28 avril}/_{3 mai} par le suivant

ARTICLE :

Lorsque des journaux, publications périodiques, et autre matière imprimée, publiés ou nés dans les Etats-Unis, ou censés être publiés aux Etats-Unis, ou mis en circulation pour le compte d'une personne ou maison commerciale faisant affaires aux Etats-Unis sont mallés au Canada en destination des Etats-Unis, apparemment dans le but de se soustraire au paiement des frais de port ou aux règlements concernant cette affaire aux Etats-Unis, les bureaux de poste au Canada pourront requérir le paiement en avance des frais de port à un taux équivalant aux frais de port exigés de tels journaux, etc., par les lois des Etats-Unis.

Le présent article prendra effet immédiatement.

En foi de quoi le maître général des postes aux Etats-Unis et le maître général des postes au Canada ont apposé ci-dessous leurs sceaux et signatures, à la date mise en regard de chacun d'eux.

Signé, TIM. O. HOWE,
[L.S.] Maître général des postes aux Etats-Unis.
Washington, 16 février 1882.

Signé, JOHN O'CONNOR,
[L.S.] Maître général des postes au Canada.
Ottawa, 10 février 1882.

J'approuve par le présent l'article amendé ci-dessus, en foi de quoi j'y ai fait apposer le sceau des Etats-Unis.

Signé, CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

[L.S.]
Par le président,

Signé, FREDK. T. FRELINGHUYSEN,
Secrétaire d'Etat.
Washington, 16 février 1882.

37-3

BUREAU DU SURINTENDANT DE L'ASSURANCE.

Ottawa, 3 mars, 1882.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une licence pour la transaction des affaires comme compagnie d'assurance contre le feu au Canada a été émise aujourd'hui en faveur de la "Compagnie d'Assurance d'Union Ecossaise et Nationale", le bureau principal au Canada étant dans la cité de Montréal, et Walter Kavanagh et C. L. Bossé étant les deux principaux agents.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
36-3 Surintendant des assurances.

A VIS.—Sous l'autorité de la quatre-vingt-quatrième section de l'acte de 1879 concernant les terres du Gouvernement fédéral, une assemblée (ajournée) du bureau des examinateurs pour les arpenteurs de la Puissance aura lieu le 27 mars 1882, au bureau des terres du Gouvernement, à Ottawa, pour l'examen des candidats.

Par ordre, LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Arpenteur général des terres fédérales
Ottawa, 3 mars, 1882. 36-4

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 28 février dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,831,759 50
Excise	419,738 21
Département des Postes.....	132,044 55
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	101,874 22
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	14,972 10
Divers	137,239 42
	<hr/>
	\$2,637,628 00
Revenu, 31 janvier 1882.....	18,987,191 65
	<hr/>
	\$21,624,819 65
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,236,886 88
do 31 janvier 1882.....	15,719,930 37
	<hr/>
	\$16,956,817 25

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er mars 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal ; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)...	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Aetna," de Hartford, Connecticut...	Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 débiteures de municipalités ; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Aetna," de Hartford, Conn.	William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....	John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p.c. des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"	Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	Louis H. Bault, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....	J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p.c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.	W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de l'Ontario, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)	J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stig. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....	Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pes., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"	J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto...	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de F. Hamilton.....	F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, C.-B.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.	R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B).	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....	Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Garantie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic. ; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont. ; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....	Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.	Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,00.)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....	W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"	S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....	Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$10,000 stig., effets canadiens.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"	G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad (vic) ; \$3,000 5 p.c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$2,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....	C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p.c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....	A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	(feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....	F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stig. effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"	William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stig., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....	D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont...	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.	Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Sur les glaces.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.	A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....	J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont-réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)...	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," "Norwich Angletierre"	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angletierre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angletierre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso-lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angletierre.....	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossoise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto..	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal..	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des États-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,920)	Sur la vie. Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPERATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES EMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débiteures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav.: \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemen, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

Etat fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—	
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5.18.26	\$4,823,833 60
Versements sur le capital—	
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant	\$1,205,958 40
Nombre des titres—	
Titres nominatifs	50,000
Titres au porteur	Nil.

<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875 20	Capital social	4,823,833 60
Prêts hypothécaires:		Prêts différés	25,314 01
A long terme	674,716 33	Intérêt payé par anticipation	242 75
A court terme	389,334 50	Divers	1,727 56
	1,064,050 83		
Espèces en caisse et en banque:			
En Canada	93,249 81		
En France	78,305 92		
	171,555 73		
Arrérages de semestres	389 51		
Mobilier	2,054 24		
Divers	2,787 16		
Total de l'actif	4,858,712 67	Total du passif	4,851,117 92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société Néant.

Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt Néant.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des Statistiques,
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dt. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de janvier 1882. Av.
Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 déc. 1881.....	\$7,842,271 53	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$301,831 34
Dépôts durant le mois	647,310 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	2,334 45		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,144,970 76
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	45,066 88
	8,491,918 98		8,190,037 64
			\$8,491,918 98

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 20 février 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, provenant du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance,

une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à cette session du parlement du Canada pour la passation d'un acte à l'effet de remettre en vigueur le brevet d'invention accordé pour cinq ans à John Dickinson Brunton, le 3 mars 1876, sous numéro 5757, pour un appareil pour couper, dégrossir planer, tourner et tailler la pierre.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,

Procureurs du requérant.

Montréal, 23 février 1882.

35-5

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique une compagnie sous le nom de Compagnie de Chemin de fer d'une Courte Ligne Européenne, avec pouvoir, 1o. de construire, équiper et exploiter des lignes de chemin de fer d'un point à ou près le Cap Nord, dans l'île du Cap Breton au détroit de Canso, et du détroit de Canso à travers les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, le Nouveau-Brunswick, Québec et Ontario à un point ou des points sur le territoire des Etats-Unis; 2o. De construire, équiper et exploiter des vapeurs, et communication par bateaux-passeurs entre telles ou telles provinces du Canada, entre le Canada et Terre-Neuve, entre le Canada et l'Europe et entre Terre-Neuve et l'Europe; la dite compagnie pouvant de plus établir des communications par bateaux-passeurs sur le détroit de Canso; 3o. De construire, acheter, louer des navires, bateaux-passeurs, chemins de fer, moyens de transport et lignes de télégraphe en rapport avec l'affaire et les pouvoirs ci-dessus mentionnés et l'exploitation d'iceux.

A. L. BLACKMAN,

tant pour lui-même que pour les autres membres de la compagnie.

Halifax, 3 janvier 1882.

30-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que la Compagnie Canadienne d'Eclairage Electrique s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour la passation d'un acte ratifiant et confirmant son acte d'incorporation, lui conférant l'autorisation nécessaire pour lui faire obtenir des pouvoirs moteurs et la génération de l'électricité en tous lieux dans le Canada, et lui permettant d'exploiter certains brevets d'invention octroyés en Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,

Procureurs de la requérante.

Montréal, 23 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 22 Vict., chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements; de confier à l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui et d'y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des membres du dit bureau; de confirmer les actes de la province de Québec, 38 Vict., chap. 62, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées" et 38 Vict. chap. 64, intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte intitulé 'acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse,'" et celui de la province d'Ontario, 38 Vict. chap. 75, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées," le tout en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour en général régler les affaires y concernées.

JAMES MACLENNAN,

Président du comité de protection des propriétés ecclésiastiques de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de l'intérieur de Manitoba, avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, commençant à Garfield-Est, sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, et s'étendant de là à la ville de Macdonald sur le chemin de fer du Portage et Nord-Ouest, de là, vers l'ouest, par ou près Rapid City jusqu'à quelque point sur la rivière de la Paix ou celle de la Saskatchewan dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, avec pouvoir aussi de construire des ponts et lignes télégraphiques et un embranchement entre Macdonald et le lac Manitoba.

McMILLAN ET TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 10 et 11 Vict., chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," de transporter le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui à l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada et y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des dits administrateurs; de confirmer et mettre en force l'Acte de la province de Québec 38 Vict., chap. 61, intitulé "Acte pour amender un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse" en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour régler en général les dites questions.

JAMES MACLENNAN,

Président du comité de protection des propriétés ecclésiastiques de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie Centrale de chemin de fer de Rapid City, la dite compagnie devant construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer commençant à un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, à ou près le township dix (10), quatorzième rang (14) à l'ouest, dans la province du Manitoba, jusqu'à Rapid City, la rivière du Chêne, Bird Tail Creek et le Fort Ellice, de là aux Monts Touchwood, et de là jusqu'à ou près le Fort à la Corne sur la rivière Saskatchewan; et de là dans une direction sud-ouest jusqu'à ou près de la rivière aux Pins, et de là jusqu'à la côte du Pacifique à un point qui sera plus tard fixé à la discrétion de la compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est donné par le présent que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte constituant en corporation "La compagnie d'assurance Mutuelle Océanique," dans le but de faire des opérations d'assurance maritime en Canada et ailleurs.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM ET TUPPER,

Solliciteurs des requérants.

Halifax, 25 janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa présente session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la "Compagnie d'Indemnité de l'Amérique du Nord," avec pouvoir de faire des opérations au Canada et aux Etats-Unis comme compagnie d'assurance et de garantie sur la vie et contre les accidents.

L. N. BENJAMIN,

Procureur des requérants.

Montréal, 16 février 1882.

34-5

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d.) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachant requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie.

Le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis ; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine ; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie ; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada ; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de trois mille d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William F. McMaster, marchand, James C. Black, commis voyageur, Alexander A. Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Henry A. Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, Frederick H. Maulson, commis voyageur, William G. H. Lowe, commis voyageur, John Allan, commis voyageur, John B. Mather, commis voyageur, Samuel Trees, fabricant, John F. Ellis, fabricant, Edward J. Mahoney, commis voyageur, Edward Carter, marchand, Frank B. Haldaday, commis voyageur, Richard R. Davis, commis voyageur, David A. Braid, commis voyageur, Joseph H. Brent, commis voyageur, James Haywood, commis voyageur, William J. Thompson, commis voyageur, John E. Snider, commis voyageur, George C. Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto ; Frederick H. Hes-son, Stratford, marchand, James J. Smith, Toronto, commis voyageur ; James F. Egan, commis voyageur, John H. Stone, fabricant, Edwin A. Dalley, commis voyageur, George E. Hamilton, commis voyageur, William Prentice, commis voyageur, tous d'Hamilton.

Les personnes suivantes seront les premiers ou provisoires directeurs de la compagnie :—

William F. McMaster, marchand, James C. Black, commis voyageur, Alexander A. Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Harry A. Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 16 mars 1882.

38-6tf

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois au moins après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation des terres du gouvernement fédéral."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b.) La colonisation, le défrichement et la vente des dites terres ;

(c.) L'arpentage, l'ouverture, le défrichement, la culture et l'amélioration des dites terres, avec le droit de trafiquer de ces derniers et d'élever dessus des constructions ;

(d.) La vente, le louage, l'affermage des terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts, tels que l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par des subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions à la construction et au maintien de voies ferrées à travers les dites terres et à toutes les entreprises qui peuvent ouvrir ces dernières à la colonisation, tels que lignes de vapeurs et télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, rues et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la vente de toutes propriétés personnelles ou droits y attachant requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit

de développer, aider et encourager l'immigration, d'assister les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays tout entier.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera d'un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts de tel fonds social sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresses et qualités des dits requérants sont comme suit :

Henry Stark Howland, de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, banquier ; William Rees Brock, du même lieu, marchand ; John Ginty, du même lieu, entrepreneur ; John Gillespie, du même lieu, marchand ; George A. Muttibury, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, agent d'immeubles, et Jeffrey Hall Brock, du même lieu, agent. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ainsi mentionnés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 24 février 1882.

36-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie devant être constituée en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Morton de produits de ferme, d'agriculture et de colonisation de Manitoba (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles dans la province de Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, l'amélioration et la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon comme des intérêts compris en icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie avec le droit de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt et de telle manière et à telles conditions, sur hypothèques ou obligations, dont il pourra être convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et à la réussite de toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres à la colonisation, telles que lignes de bateaux, télégraphie, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie ; la construction ou l'acquisition de moulins à farine et scieries de même que la manufacture et la vente de bois de construction et produits agricoles ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et de l'agriculture et plus particulièrement des produits de ferme, avec le droit également d'acheter, vendre et manufacturer toute espèce de marchandises, effets de commerce et autres requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie.

(b.) A ces fins la compagnie aura tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ses fins.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, avec des succursales dans la cité de Winnipeg et ailleurs au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$1,000,000 divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Thomas Harris Hodgson, marchand, Alfred James Brice, marchand, George Bishop, graveur, Charles Huston, fabricant, Thomas Cramp, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal ; John MacLeod Gill, fabricant, Robert Gill, fabricant, tous deux de la ville de Brockville, dans la province d'Ontario ; John Smith, fabricant, James David Crawford, courtier, tous deux de la cité de Montréal ; Colin Munro, shérif du comté d'Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banquier, tous deux de la cité de Saint-Thomas, dans la province d'Ontario, et George Morton, de la cité de Kingston, gentilhomme ; les six premiers nommés devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

DUNLOP ET LYMAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 26 février 1882.

36-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ontario et Qu'Appelle."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : l'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, du gouvernement du Canada, de même que de compagnies et individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, l'ouverture, l'amélioration, la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons qui ont acheté des terres de la compagnie et de venir en aide à ces derniers, de garantir le paiement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt aux conditions et de telle manière par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; la construction et l'acquisition de scieries et la manufacture et vente de bois de construction ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux ; avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la ville de Toronto avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont : Alexander G. Ramsay, de la cité d'Hamilton, gérant général de la compagnie d'assurance sur la vie du Canada ; William Hendrie, de la dite cité d'Hamilton, écuyer ; Adam Brown, de la dite ville d'Hamilton, écuyer ; John Dunlop, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford, écuyer ; James Crowther, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; James Scott, de la dite cité de Toronto, marchand ; William Mulock, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edmund Boyd Osler, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer, et Robert

H. Bethune, de la dite cité de Toronto, caissier de la banque Dominion.

Tous les sus-dits requérants seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR ET CROWTHER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 2e jour de mars 1882. 36-6

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au gouverneur général du Canada après la publication durant un mois de cet avis, par Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond et David Young, tous de la cité de Winnipeg, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, les constituant, eux et les autres personnes qu'ils pourraient s'associer, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La compagnie des terres du Manitoba, limitée."

2. Le but de la dite compagnie est d'acquérir, détenir, cultiver, vendre, louer et transporter des immeubles et des propriétés de ferme, de vendre les produits de ces dernières, dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

4. Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg.

5. Les dits Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond et David Young, tous, à l'exception de John H. Hammond, sujets anglais et résidant au Canada, seront les premiers directeurs de la dite compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Winnipeg ce 20 février 1882. 35-5

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au gouverneur-général en conseil pour la Puissance du Canada, de lettres patentes constituant en corps politique une compagnie.

1. Le nom corporatif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie du moulin à papier de Lindsay (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie qui demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : la manufacture et le trafic de papier, pulpe, cartons de toute espèce, matériaux composés de papier ou de papier et autres matériaux ; la manufacture, l'utilisation et le trafic de paille de riz et autres matériaux employés dans la manufacture de papier, matière à papier, combinaison de papier et autres matériaux, avec droit à l'exploitation de moulins, à la possession d'entrepôts et travaux se rapportant à cette industrie en différentes parties du Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec ;

4. Le montant du capital-actions sera de soixante mille piastres (\$60,000) ;

5. Le nombre des parts sera de six cent (600) et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres (\$100).

6. Les noms, prénoms et adresses des requérants sont comme suit : Alexander A. Stevenson, éditeur ; William D. O'Brien, agent ; Richard Jellyman, marchand ; Richard White, éditeur ; Alexander R. Brown, marchand ; l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, sénateur ; Henry Dobell, marchand ; Peter A. Peterson, ingénieur ; Henry J. Tiffin, marchand ; Arthur H. Plimsoll, comptable ; Anthony H. Sims, marchand ; Charles R. Hosmer, agent ; Charles R. Hosmer, agent en fidéicommiss ; Robert Campbell, marchand ; George W. Craig, agent ; Dile Emily C. S. Bagg, fille non-mariée, et Charles T. Gibbs, marchand, tous de la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, Canada.

Les noms de ceux qui devront être les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie sont : le

dit Alexander A. Stevenson, l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White et S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Procureurs des requérants.

Montréal, 13 février 1882. 34-5

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants, et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être ainsi constitué en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La compagnie des établissements et des terres de la Saskatchewan" (limitée). Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont :

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ;

(2) Le droit de coloniser et établir les dites terres ;

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, y construire des établissements et en trafiquer de toute façon ;

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général de trafiquer de tous les intérêts des dites terres, tels que l'achat et vente des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt, sur telles subventions et de telles façons par le moyen d'hypothèques et obligations dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions ou d'aider de toute autre façon à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que vapeurs, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, rucs, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles aux fins que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour le développement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent et tels autres droits qui sont utiles et nécessaires aux fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir, aider et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toutes façon et manière désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. La compagnie aura son principal bureau d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les noms et prénoms, adresses et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Edward Gurney, junior, de Toronto, manufacturier ; John Edward Rose, Toronto, procureur en droit ; Alexander Sutherland, Toronto, docteur en théologie ; Dennis Moore, Hamilton, manufacturier ; Richard Brown, Toronto, marchand ; William Glass, London, shérif ; William Briggs, Toronto, membre du clergé ; Henry E. Clarke, Toronto, manufacturier ; Daniel Maclean, Toronto, marchand ; Edward Hartley Dewart, Toronto, docteur en théologie ; John Thomas Moore, Toronto, comptable ; John Jacob Withrow, Toronto, manufacturier ; Samuel John Hunter, Toronto, membre du clergé ; Charles Douglass Warren, Toronto, marchand ; Léonard Gaety, London, membre du clergé ; Thomas McCormack, London, manufacturier ; George Robinson, London, marchand ; Robert Warren, Niagara, franc-tenancier.

Les quinze premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRILL ET COATSWORTH,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto le 16 février 1882. 34-5

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite au gouverneur général en conseil en vertu de "l'acte du Canada concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par la "Compagnie de trafic du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), constituée en corps politique par lettres patentes du 22 juillet, A.D., 1873, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes supplémentaires sous le grand sceau du Canada, étendant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie pour les fins suivantes :

1. L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus ; l'arpentage, la colonisation, l'établissement, la culture des dites terres et la construction de maisons dessus ; la vente, la location des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et trafiquer de toute autre façon, de prêter de l'argent aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres et de leur venir en aide, en garantissant ses avances avec intérêt au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement sur les dites terres, à des conditions et de telle manière dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire toutes les opérations se rattachant à l'industrie des fermiers.

2. L'augmentation du capital-actions de la dite compagnie jusqu'à deux cent cinquante mille piastres devant être divisé en deux mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent de la compagnie.

Ottawa, 17 février 1882. 34-5

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient ci-après devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de colonisation des fermiers de York."

Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est le suivant :—

L'acquisition de terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, la mise en culture, l'amélioration des dites terres et l'érection de bâtiments sur icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent et l'assistance donnée aux colons sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et l'acceptation en retour de garanties pour tels prêts d'argent à des conditions et de telle façon par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont on conviendra ci-après ; l'achat, le louage, l'échange ou l'acquisition par autre voie de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière de droits ou privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ; la vente, le louage des dites propriétés et le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer de toute façon ; l'aide, l'encouragement et le développement de l'émigration vers les propriétés appartenant à la compagnie et la colonisation des dites propriétés, et pour les fins ci-dessus le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent ; l'aide au moyen de subvention ou autrement à être donnée à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer ou de lignes de vapeurs ou autres navires de la compagnie, l'aide à être donnée à la construction, et l'exploitation de telles autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la fabrication et la vente de toute espèce de marchandises prises par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'éta-

blir sur les propriétés de la compagnie au ailleurs, à cette fin la dite compagnie devant avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières et immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et en général devant jouir de tous les pouvoirs nécessaires ou opportuns à la réalisation de son objet.

La ville de Toronto sera la principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$150,000 divisé en 1,500 parts de \$100 chacune.

Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignation des différents requérants sont :—

N. Clarke Wallace, M. P., marchand, du village de Woodbridge, Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Toronto, James Duncan, fermier, Emery P. O., John Duncan, fermier, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, fermier, Elders Mills—les dits N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solliciteur pour les requérants,
Toronto, 9 février 1882. 33-6

AVIS DIVERS.

AVIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. McGOUN,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882. 36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

AVIS est donné par les présentes que l'assemblée générale de la société du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien, se réunira le vingt-neuf avril prochain (29 avril 1882).

Toutes les actions de la société étant nominatives, il sera pourvu, par un deuxième avis qui paraîtra 15 jours au moins avant la date de l'assemblée, à la désignation de l'endroit où se tiendra l'assemblée générale.

L'administrateur délégué,
J. WURTELE.

Le secrétaire-général,
M. CHEVALIER.

Montréal, 22 février 1882. 35-9

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March A. D. 1882

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Clerk of the Peace,
County of Ontario.



The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, FRIDAY, MARCH 24, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been
pleased to make the following appointment, viz:—

OTTAWA, 14th March, 1882.

JOHN BARTLE, of Niagara Falls, in the Province of
Ontario, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and
Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Government of the Pilotage District of
Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, and
Province of New Brunswick.

1. All rules and regulations heretofore made by
any Pilotage Authority for the Pilotage District of
Moncton or any District including the same are hereby
repealed.

2. Persons of the full age of 21 years, of temperate
habits, being British subjects and having been
examined and found competent, may be granted a
license upon payment of a fee of \$5.00.

3. A certificate may be granted to a master or
mate upon payment of a fee of \$6.00, and \$4.00 for
each annual renewal.

4. Every licensed pilot shall, with his license be
given a copy of these regulations, and shall exhibit
them to the master of any vessel of which he may
take charge, if required to do so.

5. Licensed pilots shall be entitled to all fees
earned by them individually.

6. Every licensed pilot shall report to the Pilotage
Authority, without delay, any accident to any vessel
under his charge and any matter of note which may

come under his observation affecting the safety of
vessels.

7. Any licensed pilot whose services are refused by
any inward bound vessel shall be entitled to full
Pilotage, if afterwards such vessel employ another
pilot.

8. Inward bound vessels having been signalled or
hailed by a licensed pilot and refusing his services
shall pay half pilotage inward, and outward bound
vessels shall pay half pilotage outward, if offered the
services of a licensed pilot and refusing the same.

9. Any licensed pilot placed in charge of a vessel
by the master shall, in addition to full pilotage rates
be paid the sum of \$2.50 per day for each day said
vessel may be detained by stress of weather or other-
wise while he is waiting orders.

10. Any dispute arising between masters of vessels
and pilots respecting piloting shall be submitted to
the Pilotage Authority whose decision shall be final
and binding on all parties.

11. Any pilot may be deprived of his license for
repeated violations of these regulations, neglect of
duty, drunkenness, or incompetency from age or
mental or bodily infirmity.

12. Vessels of the following descriptions shall be
exempted from the compulsory payment of pilotage
dues, in addition to those exempted by Act of Par-
liament 38 Vic., chap. 28:—

Ships registered in Canada not exceeding one
hundred and thirty tons, registered tonnage.

13. All other vessels coming to Moncton or any
point between Moncton and Grey's Island shall pay
inward pilotage dues at the rate of (\$1.00) one dollar
per foot, and vessels from the same points shall pay
outward pilotage dues at the rate of (\$1.00) one dollar
per foot.

Vessels to and from Grey's Island or points below
shall pay 10 cents a foot inward and the same
outward.

14. Outward bound vessels from the port of Moncton
refusing the services of a pilot when the same shall
be offered within twelve hours of the time when she
is ready to sail, shall pay full pilotage outward if
afterwards she employs another pilot.

(Signed) H. T. STEVENS,
" HENRY CRANDALL, } Pilot
" WILLIAM GIVAN. } Commissioners.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 20th March, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Rules and
Regulations for the government of the Pilotage

District of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the Province of New Brunswick, have been submitted to and approved by his Excellency the Governor General in Council on the 18th day of March 1882.

30-3:

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

TARIFF OF RATES

To be levied during the ensuing season (1882) by the Upper Ottawa Improvement Company, in connection with the undermentioned works:—

Through Des Joachims Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$\frac{6}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$1\frac{1}{8}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	2 cts.

Through Fort William Boom.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock round or flatted over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$\frac{6}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$1\frac{1}{8}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	2 cts.

Through Allumette Boom.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{6}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{8}$ "

Through Melons Chenail Boom.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$1\frac{1}{8}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	$\frac{2}{8}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{3}{8}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{2}{8}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$\frac{3}{8}$ "

Passing Lapasse Boom.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$\frac{6}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{8}$ "

Through Improvements in Mississippi Chenail, Chats Rapids and Quio Boom or any of them.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$1\frac{1}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	2 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	3 "

Through Improvements from Deschênes to Head of Hull Slide. North Side.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$1\frac{1}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	2 cts.
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	3 "

Through Improvements in Thomson's Bay.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{3}{8}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	1 "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$1\frac{1}{4}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	2 "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	3 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$4\frac{1}{2}$ "

Through Improvements in Limekiln Eddy.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{3}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	1 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

Through Boom below the outlet of Hull Slide.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{6}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{4}{8}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{8}$ "

BOOM WORKING EXPENSES RATES.

Through Des Joachims Boom.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	2 cts.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$2\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$3\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$5\frac{1}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	8 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	12 "

Through Fort William Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flattened, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	1 $\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	1 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	2 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flattened.....	6 "

Through Allumette Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flattened, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	1 $\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	1 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	2 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flattened.....	6 "

Through Melons Chenail Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flattened, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	1 $\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	1 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	2 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flattened.....	6 "

Through Improvements in Mississippi Chenail, Chats Rapids and Quio Boom or any of them.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flattened, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	2 "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	4 "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	6 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flattened.....	9 "

Through Improvements in Thomson's Bay.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flattened, over 17 feet and under 25 ft. long.....	1 $\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	1 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	2 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce, and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flattened.....	6 "

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Tariffs of Rates &c., to be levied by the Upper Ottawa Improvement Company during the season of 1882, has been approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the 1st day of March 1882, in pursuance of the Act 38 Vict. ch. 77 (1875).

J. O. COTE,
Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 14th day of March, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 9th and 55th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the fortieth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10, and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Out Port of Emerson, in the Province of Manitoba, be and the same is hereby detached from the Port of Winnipeg, and that the same be and is hereby erected into an independent Port of Entry and Warehousing Port from and after the 1st April, 1882.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

RULES AND BY-LAWS OF THE OFFICE OF PORT
WARDEN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Section 1—General regulations.

1. Every master of a vessel on arriving in port from any place not within the limits of inland navigation, shall (in order to enable the Port Warden to grant the necessary certificate for the vessel's clearance at the Custom House) proceed to the Port Warden's Office, and make a report of his vessel and cargo, and receive a copy of these rules and by-laws.

2. The Port Warden shall keep in his office, records in full of all his proceedings, together with statements of the results of all examinations and enquiries made by him; which records may be inspected during business hours by any parties interested. He shall keep on record all certificates granted by him and grant duplicates of the same as hereafter provided on payment of the regular fee.

3. All notifications and requests to the Port Warden must be made at his office in writing and duly entered by the Port Warden in a book to be kept for that purpose.

4. Great care should be taken to well fill the vessel with bulk grain under the decks, and it is advisable when vessels are filling up that no more grain should be put on board than the number of laborers employed are able to trim and properly stow. Oats may be carried in bulk to any extent irrespective of the tonnage of the ship, but subject to such regulations with reference to dunnage lining and shifting boards as the Port Warden, or his Deputy may prescribe.

5. The fees mentioned in the tariff of fees embodied in these rules as applicable shall be payable to the Port Warden by the parties employing him, but in case of a survey of cargo alleged to be improperly stowed, the party in the wrong shall pay the fee.

6. All shifting boards shall be well secured and fastened to each side of the stanchions, and the stanchions to be properly secured to the keelson and beams, and to be sufficiently shored. The shores to be not less than 6 x 3 inches.

7. All lumber used for dunnage, shifting boards and shores to be free from rents and shakes, and the work to be done in a workmanlike manner to the satisfaction of the Port Warden or his Deputy.

8. All air streaks and openings to be closed and made grain-tight.

9. The limber boards to be taken up and thoroughly cleaned out if required by the Port Warden or his Deputy.

10. The pump well and chain locker and water tanks to be cased and made grain-tight.

11. Should any shores or braces be removed by stevedores or others the same to be replaced before clearance certificate is granted.

12. Vessels loading grain in bulk have to damage ten inches clear of ceiling in bottom of ship and to extend to first futtock heads, and to have shifting boards of three inch material from keelson to main deck to extend full length of vessel.

Vessels to be ballasted according to the discretion of the Port Warden or his Deputy.

Fees.

First survey of hatches, and certificate.....	\$3 00
Each subsequent survey of cargo, and ditto....	2 00
Survey of cargo where hatches have not been previously surveyed, and certificate.....	5 00
Every survey of damaged goods on the wharf or in store, value under \$200, and certificate.....	3 00
Each subsequent survey, from \$200 to \$500....	4 00
Survey of vessel damaged or arriving in distress, and certificate.....	8 00
Survey of cargo reported to have shifted, and certificate	5 00
Extra copies of certificate and seal.....	1 00
Hearing and settling disputes between master and consignee of ship and owners of cargo \$200 value.....	2 00
From \$200 to \$1,000.....	3 00
Filling papers of auctioneers.....	0 25
Ascertaining if vessel is seaworthy, and certificate.....	8 00
Survey that repairs ordered if not seaworthy have been made, and certificate.....	4 00
General superintending of a ship loading and certificate, under 100 tons register.....	5 00
100 tons and under 150 tons register.....	6 00
150 " " 200 "	7 00
200 " " 300 "	8 00
300 " " 400 "	9 00
400 " " and upwards "	10 00

Vessels putting in, in distress from any port other than a port in Prince Edward Island as under—

For every 1,000 bushels wheat and peas.....	Cts. 10
" " " barley.....	8
" " " oats	13
" " " corn	5
" barrels flour.....	70
Coal oil per barrel.....	$\frac{1}{2}$
Ores and minerals per ton.....	2
Lumber and all other descriptions of timber per ton weight.....	2

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th March, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Rules and By-Laws respecting the Office of Port Warden, for all the Ports in the Province of Prince Edward Island, have been approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 14th day of March, 1882, in accordance with the provisions of the Act 37 Victoria, chapter 32, intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Port Wardens at certain Ports in the Dominion.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

38-3

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of February, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	229,448 97	.....
Malt Liquor.....	75 00	.....
Malt	34,837 28	.....
Tobacco	125,422 37	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	1,718 98	.....
Manufactures in Bond.....	2,149 61	.....
Seizures	144 69	.....
Other Receipts	445 50	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....		394,242 40
Canals.....		.....
Slides and Booms.....		1,091 03
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c. ....		.....
Minor Public Works.....		240 60
Culling Timber.....		394 58
Inspection of Weights and Measures.....		1,361 32
Inspection of Gas.....		205 00
Bill Stamps.....		14,255 75
Total		411,790 68

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, March 23rd, 1882.

39-tf

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 22nd March, 1882.

WHEREAS the Secretary of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has made application stating that it is not practicable in the case of certain specified works on the Eastern extension of that line, to comply with the requirements of the 3rd Section, 44 Vic., Cap. 24; and a report having been received from the Government Inspecting Engineer stating that the works in question being situated at a terminal point of the railway, arrangements can be made for working the trains through them with safety, providing that the company enforce an order to bring all freight trains going south to a stand before reaching the structures and to strictly prohibit brakemen or others being on the top of cars passing through same,—

Notice is hereby given that by Order in Council of 20th March 1882, His Excellency the Governor General, under the discretionary powers conferred by the section, and provided that the company agree to enforce the regulation suggested in the Report of the Inspecting Engineer, has been pleased to exempt the undermentioned works from its operation:

1. The Tunnel at Brockville.
2. The Bridge in front of the Tunnel and under the Grand Trunk Railway at Brockville.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

39-3

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE Supreme Court of Canada will hold a special session at the City of Ottawa, on Tuesday the 28th day of March, 1882, at 11 a.m., for the purpose of giving judgments only

By order of the Chief Justice.

ROBT. CASSELS,
Registrar.

Dated this 22nd day of March, 1882.

39-1

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of February 1882, incorporating Bennett Rosamond, of the Town of Almonte, in the County of Lanark, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, woollen manufacturer; George Stephen, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, The Honorable Donald Alexander Smith, Alexander Ewan, merchant, Jonathan Hodgson, merchant, Robert Mackay, merchant, and James Alexander Cantlie, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion of Canada; and William Rosamond, of the Town of Cobourg, in the County of Northumberland, in the said Province of Ontario, woollen manufacturer, for the purpose of the manufacturing of knitted goods, the buying and selling of the same, and the owning or hiring of lands, docks, buildings and plant necessary therefor, and all business connected therewith and incidental thereto, within the Dominion of Canada, by the name of "The Almonte Knitting Company," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-second day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

39-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of March, 1882, incorporating Francis Clemow, coal merchant, Charles T. Bate, President of the Ottawa Gas Company, Charles Magee, real estate agent, all of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; Robert Blackburn, of New Edinburg, in the said County of Carleton, merchant, the Honourable Richard William Scott, of Ottawa aforesaid, barrister-at-law, Henry N. Bate, of Ottawa aforesaid, merchant, Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa aforesaid, barrister-at-law; Edward Anderson C. Pew, of the Town of Welland, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Alexander Fraser, of Westmeath, in the County of Renfrew, in the said Province of Ontario, lumber merchant, and James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the County of Ottawa, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion of Canada, President of the Bank of Ottawa, for the purpose of acquiring lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories of Canada, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals; the colonizing, settling and selling the said lands; the survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building on the same, the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging, and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands, and on sales of land by the company, the securing by way of mortgage from the purchaser, payment of the purchase money or any unpaid balances thereof, with interest, on such terms as may be agreed upon; the advance of money to settlers on lands purchased from the company to assist in improving the same, and the securing repayment of such advances, with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement, as may be mutually agreed upon; the erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber; the breeding, raising, buying and selling of cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches, offarming and stock raising throughout the Dominion of Canada,— by the name of "The Ottawa and North West Land Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of \$200,000, divided into 2,000 shares of \$100.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

39-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of March, 1882, incorporating the Honourable Alexander Mackenzie, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; James Beaty, the younger, of the same place, barrister-at-law; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterborough, in the Province of Ontario, Railway Manager; Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto aforesaid, merchant, and Frederick Charles Denison, of the same place, barrister-at-law, for the purpose of acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments, or any corporation or persons, of lands, or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof, the erection of buildings, and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take and receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada,—by the name of "The British Canadian Colonization Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of \$1,000,000, divided into 10,000 shares of \$100.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of March 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

39-3

AMENDED ARTICLE

To replace Article 2 of the Additional Articles of Agreement of ^{April 28}_{May 3} 1881, between the Dominion of Canada and the United States of America.

IN order to effectively protect the postal revenues of the United States from the evasive practices of persons or firms who seek to elude the postal laws and regulations of the United States, by posting their publications in Canada, the undersigned, duly authorized by their respective Governments, have agreed to replace Article 2 of the additional articles of agreement of ^{April 28}_{May 3} 1881, by the following

ARTICLE:

When newspapers, periodicals, and other printed matter, published or originating in the United States, or purporting to be published in the United States, or circulated on behalf of a person or firm doing business in the United States, are posted in Canada for destinations in the United States, apparently to evade the postage rates or regulations applicable to such matter in the United States, the Canada Post Office may require prepayment of the same to be made at a rate equivalent to the domestic postage chargeable thereon by the laws of the United States.

The present article takes effect immediately.

In witness whereof the Postmaster General of the United States and the Postmaster General of Canada

have hereunto set their hands and affixed their seals at the date set opposite to each, respectively.

Signed, TIM. O. HOWE,
[L.S.] Postmaster General of the United States.
Washington, February 16th, 1882.
Signed, JOHN O'CONNOR,
[L.S.] Postmaster General of Canada.
Ottawa, 10th February, 1882.

I hereby approve the foregoing amended article, and in testimony thereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Signed,
[L.S.] CHESTER A. ARTHUR.
By the President.
Signed,
FREDK. T. FRELINGHUYSEN,
Secretary of State,
37-3 Washington, February 16th, 1882.

NOTICE.—Under the provisions of the eighty-fourth section of the Dominion Lands Act (1879), an adjourned meeting of the Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors for the examination of Candidates will take place at 10 o'clock a.m., on Monday, the 27th day of March, 1882, at the Dominion Lands Office, in the City of Ottawa.

By order,
LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Surveyor General of Dom. Lands.
Ottawa, 3rd March, 1882. 36-4

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 28th February, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,831,759 50
Excise.....	419,738 21
Post Office.....	132,044 55
Public Works, including Railways.	101,874 22
Bill Stamps	14,972 10
Miscellaneous	137,239 42
	<u>\$ 2,637,628 00</u>
Revenue to 31st January, 1882.....	18,987,191 65
	<u>\$21,624,819 65</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,236,886 88
do 31st January, 1882.....	15,719,930 37
	<u>\$16,956,817 25</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st March, 1882.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of February, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Jan., 1882	\$8,190,037 64	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$319,369 53
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	540,411 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	3,300 92	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,357,167 52
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	57,212 51
	8,733,749 56		8,414,380 03
			8,733,749 56

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 21st March, 1882.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST MARCH, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Antioch	Sinclair	Muskoka O.	E. Garnett.
Balfour	Marysburg	Prince Edward..... O.	George A. McLaughlin.
Blessington, re-opened.....	Tyendinaga	Hastings, E.R..... O.	Mrs. Almira Robertson.
Britton	Elma	Perth, N.R..... O.	W. W. Stevenson.
αCape Egmont.....	Tp 15	Prince	A. L. Gallant.
Creelford	Sec. 32, Tp. 12, R. 16 W....	Manitoba	W. H. Muckle.
Dalmeny	Osgoode	Russell..... O.	John C. Cameron.
Deloraine	Sec. 19, Tp. 2, R. 22 W....	Manitoba.....	George F. Newcombe.
Desford	Sec. 15, Tp. 2, R. 20 W....	Manitoba.....	Erskine Nicoll.
Essexville	Monmouth	Peterborough, E.R..... O.	Daniel Esson.
Falkland, re-opened.....	Brantford.....	Brant, S.R..... O.	C. Parker.
Farewell	Arthur	Wellington, N.R..... O.	William Allan.
Langvale.....	Sec. 2, Tp. 6, R. 18 W....	Manitoba	George M. Lang.
Lemieux, reopened.....	South Plantagenet.....	Prescott	A. Chesser.
Rockway Valley	Amherst	Ottawa	O. Sinclair.
St. Remi d'Amherst	Amherst	Ottawa	E. Thomas.
Stagsburn	Low	Ottawa	A. McDonald.
Sidney.....	Sec. 6, Tp. 11, R. 12.....	Manitoba	Thomas Babb.
Souris	Sec. 33, Tp. 7, R. 21.....	Manitoba	J. Dolmage.
Sourisburg	Sec. 20, Tp. 7, R. 17.....	Manitoba	Jabez Elliott.
Seckerton	Moore	Lambton..... O.	Thomas Johnston.
Turtle Mountain	Sec. 32, Tp. 2, R. 21.....	Manitoba	A. N. Tregent.
Wakopa	Sec. 29, Tp. 1, R. 18	Manitoba	Clovis Guerin.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Baltic Co. Glengarry. O., on 7th February 1882.
Dog Creek..... Co. Cariboo-Lilloet, B.C., on 1st January 1882.
Hansford..... Co. Cumberland, N.S., on 1st February 1882.

NAME CHANGED.

Mull River, Co. Inverness, N.S. to Glencoe.

αOpened on 1st January 1882.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 28TH FEBRUARY, 1882.

CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 600,000 00	\$ cts. 267,958 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,855,435 38	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 91,066 05	\$ cts. 6,394,459 84
1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,098,732 60	83,000 00	114,499 56	13,296,232 16
City and District Savings Bank.....										
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....										

ASSETS.

		Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock.	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	.....	.....	1,357,714 00	600 00	2,522,948 88	1,610,298 69	1,014,950 20	180,000 00	.....	*442,235 96	7,128,747 73
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	.....	1,004,995 97	127,995 22	1,169,207 47	83,000 00	237,220 00	129,581 75	3,568,520 83

• Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,283,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85				
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25				
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65				
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00				
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00				
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75				

Fractional Notes.....	174,838 85
Provincial ".....	145,665 65
Montreal issue.....	7,163,018 00
Toronto ".....	4,849,403 50
Halifax ".....	1,783,722 50
St. John ".....	665,645 75
Victoria ".....	27,260 50
Total.....	\$14,809,554 75

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 28th February.....	2,476,386 78
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,396,386 78
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75	1,480,955 47
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75	2,221,433 21
	\$3,702,388 68
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,693,998 10
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75.....	11,107,166 07
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	892,833 93

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,693,998 10
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	892,833 93
Total Excess.....	2,586,832 03

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Agricultural Implements	"	8,818 00	1,862 37
Ale, Beer and Porter.. ..	Gals.	6,828 00	1,740 35
Animals.....	11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Breadstuffs, viz :—	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush.		
Flour and Meal.....	Brls.	262,373	164,424 00
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,495	63,313 00
Candles.....	Lbs.	17,531 00	5,884 36
Chicory.....	"	12,875	421 05
Coal of all kinds and Coke	Tons.	17,655	706 04
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs.	96,638	373,826 00
" " U. States.....	"	56,629	7,291 00
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	29,508	4,608 00
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Fancy Goods.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fish.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fruit, Dried.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
" green, &c.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
Furs.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Glass and Glassware.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hops.....	Lbs.	49,417 00	12,354 25
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	9,443 00	1,896 60
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	756,990 00	160,966 80
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Malt.....	Lbs.	10,389 00	1,969 88
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals.	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	"	43,132	20,669 00
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	4,571 18
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	3,047 15
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	19,278 84
Provisions, viz :			368 80
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs.	1,988,344	164,994 00
Butter.....	"	711	187 00
Cheese.....	"	8,773	2,031 00
Lard.....	"	130,664	15,185 00
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs.	53,400	290 00
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	"	28,434	3,811 00
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	1,207 77
Starch.....	Lbs.	32,280	2,598 45
Spirits of all kinds	Gals.	84,422	645 60
Wines, other than Sparkling	"	41,146	84,181 00
Sparkling	Doz.	1,520	116,499 25
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs.	379,493	26,033 04
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	"	4,485,053	7,023 30
" below No. 9, D.S.....	"	15,943,537	9,471 25
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	"	140,270	80,470 92
" Melado, &c., &c.....	"	611,726	89,847 61
" Glucose and Syrups.....	"	68,071	2,446 69
" Molasses for refining.....	Gals.	60,146	8,346 47
" Molasses not for refining.....	"	270,342	1,359 05
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs.	644,078	3,780 50
" United States	"	157,197	10,548 55
Tobacco and Cigars.....	"	17,365	28,422 73
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	24,449 00	10,140 93
Woollen manufactures	"	91,910 00	13,530 57
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs.	2,201	23,713 16
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	412,569 00	75,407 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British Columbia, for January 1882. Including the months of November and December for Manitoba.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	50,582 00	649 00	51,231 00
do Fisheries.....	487,125 00	343 00	487,468 00
do Forest.....	356,708 00	37,636 00	394,344 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,110,183 00	23,544 00	1,133,727 00
Agricultural Products.....	1,904,968 00	50,321 00	1,955,289 00
Manufactures	173,751 00	30,578 00	204,329 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	44,361 00	887 00	45,248 00
Totals.....	4,127,678 00	143,958 00	4,271,636 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Ttal.	4,127,678 00	143,958 00	4,271,636 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 23rd February, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th November, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Oct., 1881.	Deposits for November, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, November, 1881.	Balance, 30th Nov., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Ontario—					
Toronto.....	488,944 71	35,331 15	524,275 86	27,535 08	496,740 78
Manitoba—					
Winnipeg.....	333,996 86	85,238 11	419,234 97	52,905 72	366,329 25
British Columbia—					
Victoria.....	1,313,958 40	71,176 00	1,385,134 40	63,536 64	1,321,597 76
Nanaimo.....	138,159 01	3,777 00	141,936 01	1,225 00	140,711 01
New Westminster.....	161,582 87	16,144 00	177,726 87	6,851 63	170,875 24
Nova Scotia—					
Amherst.....	115,823 47	10,029 00	125,852 47	3,254 84	122,597 63
Antigonish.....	30,809 56	2,647 00	33,456 56	3,022 20	30,434 36
Annapolis.....	112,207 52	8,729 00	120,936 52	5,232 43	115,704 09
Arichat.....	120,042 27	3,709 74	123,752 01	1,690 13	122,061 88
Acadia Mines.....	26,685 61	1,286 00	27,971 61	544 00	27,427 61
Baddeck.....	33,278 16	3,182 00	36,460 16	1,246 36	35,213 80
Bridgewater.....	17,974 89	3,776 00	21,750 89	2,502 60	19,248 29
Barrington.....	30,752 50	982 00	31,734 50	774 14	30,960 36
Digby.....	57,315 82	4,741 00	62,056 82	2,838 63	59,218 19
Guysboro'.....	41,599 82	15,349 00	56,948 82	5,359 66	51,589 16
Halifax.....	2,236,833 21	95,965 74	2,332,798 95	71,598 62	2,261,200 33
Kentville.....	81,766 24	7,260 03	89,026 27	4,362 67	84,663 60
Liverpool.....	110,303 05	3,051 00	113,354 05	4,093 22	109,260 83
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan.....	9,035 05	971 00	10,006 05	5 21	10,000 84
Lunenburg.....	65,676 34	2,059 00	67,735 34	5,187 40	62,547 94
Maitland.....	44,877 95	576 00	45,453 95	1,896 45	43,557 50
New Glasgow.....	86,569 65	6,096 00	92,665 65	3,542 61	89,123 04
Parrsboro'.....	40,080 16	2,829 00	42,909 16	497 28	42,411 88
Port Hood.....	43,810 26	4,068 00	47,878 26	2,070 00	45,808 26
Pictou.....	38,168 65	240 00	38,408 65	512 78	37,895 87
Shelburne.....	30,023 21	2,376 00	32,399 21	1,193 63	31,205 58
Sydney.....	153,948 95	9,544 00	163,492 95	4,765 97	158,726 98
Sherbrooke.....	31,187 04	836 00	32,023 04	602 00	31,421 04
Truro.....	176,624 90	9,525 99	186,150 89	8,168 14	177,982 75
Wallace.....	6 5 0 75	1,908 00	8,438 75	597 25	7,841 50
Windsor.....	352,352 05	7,005 00	359,357 05	7,609 47	351,747 58
Weymouth.....	49,992 06	3,182 00	53,175 06	1,261 94	51,913 12
Yarmouth.....	271,128 63	12,044 00	283,172 63	3,806 28	279,366 35
New Brunswick—					
Bathurst.....	60,316 83	3,292 00	63,608 83	1,838 89	61,769 94
Chatham.....	179,505 78	4,108 00	183,613 78	3,801 48	179,812 30
Dalhousie.....	133,595 25	7,517 00	141,112 25	528 29	140,583 96
Dorchester.....	15,809 48	395 00	16,204 48	100 67	16,103 81
Fredericton.....	258,012 83	17,065 26	275,078 09	13,809 55	261,268 54
Hillboro'.....	18,441 17	2,038 00	20,479 17	918 00	19,561 17
Moncton.....	112,307 30	11,533 00	123,840 30	9,415 00	114,425 30
Newcastle.....	120,117 56	2,899 00	123,016 56	3,491 20	119,525 36
Richibucto.....	64,095 07	1,310 00	65,405 07	345 00	65,060 07
St. Andrews.....	185,910 52	7,565 00	193,475 52	1,375 32	192,100 20
St. John.....	1,538,716 94	52,487 00	1,591,203 94	27,690 86	1,563,513 08
Sussex.....	3,001 00	5,199 00	8,201 00		8,201 00
Woodstock.....	167,676 86	14,104 00	182,080 86	3,520 44	178,560 42
Prince Edward Island—					
Charlottetown.....	664,437 20	34,593 00	699,030 20	26,175 84	672,854 36
Total.....	10,373,997 06	600,040 02	10,974,037 08	393,300 52	10,580,736 56

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 7th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Eds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).....	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000).....	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.. ..	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....	Life.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B.C. Bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.....	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. G. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....	Fire and Life.
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McGord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Guarantee and Accident
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	£21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.. ..	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds	Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$55,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586)	Life.
The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Apts Mont.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,680).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hutton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,667, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$93,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200).....	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U. S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Fres. 25,000,000.....	\$4,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock.....	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital.....	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities.....	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada.....	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months.....	389 51
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	2,054 24
		Other Assets	2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.

Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

- 1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"
- 2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
- 3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether

they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882. 39-27

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application shall be made at this session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to revive the Patent granted to John Dickinson Brunton under number 5757, for an apparatus for cutting, dressing, planing, turning and shaping stone, on the 3rd March, 1876, for five years

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicant.

Montreal, 23rd February, 1882. 35-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its present session, for an Act to incorporate the "Indemnity Company of North America," with power to carry on business in Canada and the United States as a guarantee, accident and life assurance company.

L. N. BENJAMIN,
Attorney for applicants.

Montreal, 16th February, 1882. 34-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Ocean Mutual Insurance Company," for the purpose of carrying on the business of Ocean Marine Insurance in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM & TUPPER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Halifax, 25th January, 1882.

32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company, to construct and operate a line of railway, commencing at a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, in or near Township Ten (10), Range Fourteen (14) West P. M., in the Province of Manitoba, to Rapid City, Oak River, Bird Tail Creek and Fort Ellice, thence to the Touchwood Hills, and thence at or near Fort à la Corne, on the Saskatchewan River, and thence in a north westerly direction to or at or near the Pine River Pass, and thence to the Pacific Coast, at a point to be determined upon hereafter in the discretion of the company.

BIGGS & WOOD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated January, 1882.

32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act to incorporate a company for the erection and maintenance of Booms and other improvements affecting the lumber interest on Rainy River, for the levying of tolls, dues and charges thereon, and for colonization upon the territory bordering on said river.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.

Ottawa, 3rd February, 1882.

32-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the Canadian Electric Light Company shall apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to ratify and confirm their Act of incorporation, to give them the necessary authorization to secure motive powers and the generation of electricity in any part of the Dominion of Canada, and to authorize them to use and work certain patents granted in Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY & BISAILLON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 23rd January, 1882.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating the Manitoba Midland Railway Company, with power to build and operate a railway beginning at East Garfield, on the Canada Pacific Railway, thence to the town of Macdonald on the Portage and North Western Railway, thence westerly through or near Rapid City, to some points on the Saskatchewan or Peace Rivers in the North West Territories, with power also to build bridges and telegraph lines and to build branch line from Macdonald to Lake Manitoba.

McMILLAN & TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27th Jan., 1882.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 22 Vic., cap. 66, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the members of the said board to confirm and enact the provisions of the Acts of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic., cap. 62, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," and 38 Vic., cap. 64, intituled "An Act to amend the Act intituled "An

"Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland," and of the Act of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 75, intituled "An Act respecting the Union of certain Presbyterian Churches therein named," save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to amend the Statute of the late Province of Canada, 10 and 11 Vic. cap. 103, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland"; to vest the said fund and its control and management in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and make the necessary provisions therefor; to regulate the election and governance of the said managers; to confirm and enact the provisions of the Act of the Province of Quebec, 38 Vic. cap. 61, intituled "An Act to amend 'An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland,' save and in so far as they may be amended by the proposed Act; or to otherwise deal with the said matters.

JAMES MACLENNAN,
Convener of Committee on Protection
of Church property of the Presby-
terian Church in Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

31-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to confirm and enact the provisions of an Act passed by the Legislature of the Province of Ontario 38 Vic., cap. 76, intituled "An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston," and to enable the said College to stand towards the Presbyterian Church in Canada in relations similar to those which it lately held to the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland; or to otherwise deal with the matters referred to in the said last-mentioned Act.

JOHN HAMILTON (of Kingston),
Chairman of the Board of Trustees

31-9

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for a charter of incorporation by Letters Patent, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Fort Edmonton Land Company of Canada (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation by the said company is sought are:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North-

West Territories and elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take or lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the city of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is three hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of the said company is to be three thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and callings of the said applicants are as follows:—George Gordon Dustan, of Woodside House, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; the Honorable Jedediah Slason Carvell, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, merchant and Senator; John Leonard Harris, of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; John Smith Maclean, of the said city of Halifax, merchant, and President of the Bank of Nova Scotia; the Honorable Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, merchant and Senator; Malcolm Macleod, of Charlottetown, aforesaid, barrister-at-law; Jeremiah Harrison, of the city of St. John, in the said Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Charles Stewart Wilson, of Pictou, in the County of Prince Edward, in the Province of Ontario, merchant, and Arthur William Hepburn, of Pictou, aforesaid, merchant. All of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are resident in Canada.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 24th March, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the Governor in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada granting to the applicants hereinafter named a charter constituting them and such others as may become shareholders therein a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation of the company is sought are the importing into, and the breeding and rearing of cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North West Territories and elsewhere within Canada; the dealing and trading in them or any of them or any of their products throughout the Dominion; the shipping the same to foreign countries; the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real and personal property, and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, the selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with, all or any part of the property of the company, and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Stewart, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, Esquire; James Christie, of Pincher Creek, in the North West Territories, rancher; John Herron, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, merchant; Hugh MacLennan, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, forwarder, and Archibald Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law. The said persons are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 24th March, 1882.

39-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic, under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the said Company shall be "The Federal Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(1) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real or personal property or any interest or estate therein in the Dominion of Canada, including the Provinces and Territories thereof, and to negotiate the purchase and sale of houses, city, town, village and farm property, leases, mortgages, stocks and other securities, and generally to transact any description of commission and agency business.

(2) To improve such property by building upon, fencing, draining or in any other way deemed advisable by the said company, for the use and enjoyment thereof or for encouraging settlement thereon.

(3) To sell, lease, exchange or in any other manner to dispose of all property, real and personal acquired by the company in any way or any interest therein on instalment or on any other terms, and to take, hold

39-6

and have mortgages for unpaid purchase money with full power to sell, foreclose and dispose of such mortgages, and generally to deal both in the acquirement and disposition of such property in the same manner to the same extent, and with as ample and full powers as a private individual.

(4) To borrow money on the security of any property of the said company or any part thereof, and to raise money upon the credit of the company by the issue of debentures, bonds or other securities, and to grant mortgages, trust deeds or other deeds of security over all or any part of the company's assets for the repayment of all or any part of the money borrowed.

(5) To make investments in the purchase of public funds or debentures of the United Kingdom, Canadian or the United States Government, or the Government of any of the Canadian Provinces or of any municipal corporation, body of public trustees or commissioners, or in any incorporated company in Great Britain, Canada or the United States, and to purchase stocks, shares or deposit receipts of any incorporated company or companies, with full and absolute power to sell, dispose of and deal with the same to the same extent as a private individual.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Hugh Scott, City of Toronto, underwriter; Robert Barber, City of Toronto, merchant; John Fitzallen Ellis, City of Toronto, merchant; Alexander Archibald Allan, City of Toronto, merchant; Thomas Walmsley, City of Toronto, underwriter; William Frederick Carrier, City of Toronto, merchant; William Myddleton Hall, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; James Scott Fullerton, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law.

6. The first eight of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

HALL & FULLERTON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th March, 1882. 39-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The British North American General Farming and Colonizing Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands or any interest in lands, in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, or elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada, by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion of Canada, the Provincial Governments, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company or any corporation or corporations, person or persons.

3. The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

4. The surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, farming, building upon, including mills and machinery, and otherwise dealing with the same.

5. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be

mutually agreed upon; and the right to sell and assign such mortgages.

6. To promote, aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

7. To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway, and of steamboats or other vessels or carriages to, from or through lands of the said company; to make roads and to aid, construct, build and operate such works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

8. To own, buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of farm implements, goods and chattels required by the company, or by any person or persons who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and all other powers necessary and incident thereto.

9. To breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock raising, including the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise of cattle ranches or lands specially adapted for grazing purposes, and the working of the same.

10. To acquire woodlands and timber limits within the Dominion, by purchase or otherwise, and to conduct the business of lumberers and timber merchants in all its branches and connections, including the right to own, purchase, prepare, manufacture, transport and sell all kinds of building material, wooden ware, agricultural implements, wagons, carts, &c., to build vessels, ships, boats, docks and piers; to conduct the business of cotton, woolen, and carding mills, of flour and grist milling, of foundry, machine, and blacksmith shops, to acquire and work quarries, mineral and coal lands, and to purchase land and buildings, mill privileges and water powers, and to erect such buildings necessary to carry on such businesses; to conduct the business of a general wholesale and retail store; to make and work roads, tramways and channels of water and to subscribe for and take stocks in booming and river driving companies and associations, and to own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

11. To borrow on the security of their own debentures, or otherwise, such sum or sums of money as may be necessary, if required for the carrying on of the aforesaid businesses and that with or without security; to purchase and sell, make and endorse bills of exchange and promissory notes; to invest in the security of mortgages on real estate in the Dominion of Canada, or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation within the said Dominion, or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the said Dominion or of any of the Provinces therein, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said businesses for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested, and to do all other things whatsoever incidental to the aforesaid businesses.

12. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, with branches at Winnipeg or elsewhere in Ontario, Manitoba and the North West Territories.

13. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

14. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Mossom Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria, and Province of Ontario, lumber manufacturer; Mossom Martin Boyd, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; John Macdonald, of the City of Albany, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, lumber merchant; Alexander Niven, of the Village of Haliburton, in the Provisional County of Haliburton, Provincial Land Surveyor; William Thornton Cust Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria aforesaid, lumber manufacturer; and John

Augustus Barron, of the Town of Lindsay, in the said County of Victoria, solicitor, all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

JOHN A. BARRON,

Solicitors for the applicants.

Lindsay, 29th March, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877, by Clayton Slater, of the City of Brantford, Ontario, manufacturer; Ignatius Cockshut, of the same place, Gentleman; William Buck, of the same place, manufacturer; James Slater, of the City of London, Ontario, maltster, and John Harris, of the said City of Brantford, manufacturer, for letters patent incorporating them as a company to be known as "The Craven Cotton Company (Limited)," for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing and selling cotton and other fabrics throughout the Dominion of Canada. The head office and chief place of business of the company is to be at the City of Brantford, Ontario. The capital stock is to be two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars divided into two thousand two hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars each. The above named parties are to be the first directors of the said company.

HARDY, WILKES & JONES,

Solicitors for the applicants.

Brantford, 22nd March, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company, (Limited)," for the purposes of acquiring, settling and conveying lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, of improving, cultivating, building upon and otherwise improving the same, of buying and selling grain and other products of the soil, of carrying on farming in all its branches, of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses and other stock, of buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing in lands and all manner of interest in lands, of advancing money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company or otherwise and securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon, and of carrying on trade as general manufacturers, merchants, millers and forwarders, and for establishing agencies in Canada or elsewhere for the purposes aforesaid, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as may be necessary and incident thereto.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, Ontario, with branch offices at Winnipeg, Manitoba, and at Qu'Appelle Valley, N. W. T.

The capital stock of the said company is to be \$600,000, in six thousand shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are, William Robert Bell, of Brockville, province of Ontario, farmer; John Northwood, of the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the said town of Chatham, Gentleman; Robert Crawford, of the town of Brockville aforesaid, Gentleman; William Northwood, of the said town of Chatham, maltster; Francis Carmichael Bruce, of the city of Hamilton, seedsman; Thomas Caldwell Ellwood, of the city of Toronto, electrician; Edmond Burritt, of Easton's Corners in the township of Welford, farmer; William Ryan Thistle, of Ottawa, lumberman; Zaccheus Rogers, of Milford, in the county of Brandon, Manitoba, miller; Charles Frederick Houghton, of the city of Winnipeg,

Gentleman, and John F. Wood, of the said town of Brockville, barrister, of whom the six first named are to be provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are residents of Canada.

SALTER M. JARVIS,

Solicitor for applicants.

Chatham, Ont., March 24, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock companies Act of 1877, for Letters Patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited."

2. The objects for which incorporation is sought, are the purchasing, holding, selling and leasing timber, timber limits and real estate of every description and the manufacturing of timber into logs, spars, ties, square timber, cordwood, shingles and lumber of every description, and to erect, lease and operate saw mills and flouring mills, either with steam or water power as may be requisite for the purposes of the company; also the purchasing, building, leasing or operating steamboats, barges and vessels, and the carrying thereon of lumber, timber, and merchandize of every description, as well as passengers, and the construction or leasing of all necessary wharves, docks and warehouses for the purpose thereof; also the building and operating of tramways, roads, canals, flumes, dams and booms upon the rivers, streams and creeks used for the purpose of the company.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$350,000 divided into three thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses, and callings of the applicants are respectively as follows:—Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba, lumber manufacturer; James Robert Sutherland, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; Henry Norland Ruttan, of the same place, civil engineer; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor; William Buckingham, of the town of Stratford, Ontario, banker; John Ross, of the township of Grantham, county of Lincoln, Ontario, contractor, and Simon James Dawson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, civil engineer.

6. The first directors of the company are to be the said Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross and Simon James Dawson, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Ottawa, 15th March, 1882.

34-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects herein after mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Mani-

toba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessaries for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$300,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 3,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, Frederick Howcutt Maulson, commercial traveller, William Glover Hamilton Lowe, commercial traveller, John Allan, commercial traveller, John Brown Mather, commercial traveller, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward John Mahoney, commercial traveller, Edward Carter, merchant, Frank Bennett Halliday, commercial traveller, Richard Rede Davis, commercial traveller, David A. Braid, commercial traveller, Joseph H. Brent, commercial traveller, James Haywood, commercial traveller, William John Thompson, commercial traveller, John Elgin Snider, commercial traveller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford; James Sproule Smith, commercial traveller, Toronto; James F. Egan, commercial traveller, John H. Stone, manufacturer, Edwin A. Dalley, commercial traveller, George E. Hamilton, commercial traveller, William Prentice, commercial traveller, all of Hamilton;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith,

Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 16th March, 1882.

38-tf

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Saskatchewan Forks Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

5. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say: The following residing in the city of Toronto: George Bradley Bradley, journalist; George Eyvel, journalist; Albert Horton, journalist; George Johnson, journalist; Christopher William Bunting, managing director *Mail Printing Company*; William James Douglas, director *Mail Printing Company*; Edward Frederick Clark, publisher *Orange Sentinel*; Alexander Fraser Pirie, journalist; George Darby, manager *Evening News*; Wallace Maclean, journalist; Nicholas Flood Davin, journalist.

The following residing in the city of Montreal: Thomas White, journalist; Aimé Gelinas, journalist; Richard White, managing director *Gazette Printing Company*; François Raymond Marceau, stenographer; Robert Smeaton White, journalist;

The following residing in the city of Ottawa:—Charles W. Mitchell, proprietor *Free Press*; George Roden Kingsmill, journalist; Andrew Holland, journalist; Carroll Ryan, journalist;

The following residing in the City of London: Josiah Blackburn, managing director *Free Press Printing Company*; John Cameron, editor *Daily Advertiser*; and William Dennis, of Halifax, N.S., journalist; Archibald McNee, of Winnipeg, Man., journalist; James Innes, Guelph, journalist; John Livingstone, St. John, N.B., journalist; Edgar Russell Smith, St. Johns, Que., publisher *News and Frontier Advocate*; Murdo Young McLean, Seaforth, Ont., publisher *Huron Expositor*; Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., journalist; Henry Gorman, Sarnia, Ont., publisher *Observer*; Hon. Alphonse A. C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, Man., journalist; Edwin Henry Fogarty, Cobourg, Ont., journalist; James Brown, Welland, Ont., journalist; of whom the said George Bradley Bradley, George Eyvel, Albert Horton, George Johnson, John Roden Kingsmill, Archibald McNee, Robert Smeaton White, William Dennis, Aimé Gelinas, are to be the first, or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th March, 1882.

37-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and

generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Alexander G. Ramsay, of the City of Hamilton, General Manager Canada Life Insurance Company; William Hendrie, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; Adam Brown, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; John Dunlop, of the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, Esquire; James Crowther, of the City of Toronto, Esquire; James Scott, of the said City of Toronto, merchant; William Mulock, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire, and Robert H. Bethune, of the said City of Toronto, cashier of the Dominion Bank.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, the 2nd day of March 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by name of "The Dominion Colonizing, Cattle Breeding and Coal Mining Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.

(e) To aid either by way of bonuses or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company, to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use, and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels, and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep, and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising at or in the Bow River

Country, in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(i.) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

The Town of Picton or the City of Toronto to be the chief places of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$190,000. There are to be nineteen hundred shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say, The following residing in the Town of Picton: Charles Stewart Wilson, banker, William Henry Richey Allison, barrister at law, Q. C., James North Carter, George Calvin Curry, James Hart, Joseph Redmond, Charles Alexander Macdonell, Allan Innis Corkindale and Webster Talcott Crandall and William P. Reynolds, merchants, William Wallace Colton, Henry Barthall Evans, and James Bentley Morden, physicians, Stephen Marshall Conger and John William Conger, publishers, Arthur William Hepburn, Robert Clapp, Thomas Bog, Edward Horan and Clarence James McCuaig, Gentlemen. The following residing in the village of Wellington: Joseph B. Ruttan, physician, Gilbert P. Dorland, Gentleman, Paul Charles Vanhorn, Gentleman, and David Clinton, manufacturer; and the following residing in Consecon: James Albert Johnson, Joseph Pierson, John Byers and Richard John Osborne, merchants; and the following residing in the township of Ameliasburg: William Delong, George Anderson, James Henry Peck and George Cunningham, farmers, and John Sprague, merchant; and the following residing in Sophiasburg: David Barker Solmes, banker, Wellington Boulter, insurance agent, John Crawford and Edward Doney, farmers; and the following residing in the township of Athol: John Abercrombie, John Waring, Montalbert Werden, John Gibson, Eli Ketchum, Benjamin F. Hubbs, William Kenny and Patrick Bond, farmers; and the following residing at Rednersville: James Redner, merchant; and the following residing in the township of South Marysburg: Carlton McCartney, Wesley Hicks, Nelson Hudgins and Philip Farrington, farmers; and the following residing in the township of North Marysburg: John Prenyer, Gentleman, and David McAuley, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hallowell: Abram Huyck, farmer, and Adam H. Saylor, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hillier: Samuel Jones and Stephen Philip Niles, farmers; and Arthur Harvey, of Toronto, Gentleman, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Picton, 2nd March, 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Morton Dairy Farming and Colonization Company of Manitoba (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West

Territories, or elsewhere, from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising, more particularly dairy farming, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, with branches at the City of Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$1,000,000 in ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses and callings of each of the applicants are as follows: Thomas Harris Hodgson, merchant, Alfred James Brice, merchant, George Bishop, engraver, Charles Huston, manufacturer, Thomas Cramp, merchant, all of the said city of Montreal; John Macleod Gill, manufacturer, Robert Gil, manufacturer, both of the Town of Brockville, in the Province of Ontario; John Smith, manufacturer, James David Crawford, broker, both of the said City of Montreal; Colin Munro, Sheriff, of the County of Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banker, both of the City of St. Thomas, in the Province of Ontario, and George Morton, of the City of Kingston, Gentleman, of whom the six first named are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

DUNLOP & LYMAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 23th February, 1882.

36-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter instituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Dominion Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of

grain and other products of the soil ; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon ; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company ; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise ; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought ; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows :

Henry Stark Howland, of the City of Toronto in the Province of Ontario, banker ; William Rees Brock, of the same place, merchant ; John Ginty, of the same place, contractor ; John Gillespie, of the same place, merchant ; George A. Muttibury, of the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba, real estate agent, and Jeffrey Hall Brock, of the same place, agent. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 24th February, A. D. 1882. 36-6

NOTICE.—Application will be made to the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada, after the publication of this notice for one month, by Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond and David Young, all of the City of Winnipeg, for letters patent under the "Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," constituting them and others who may become associated with them, a body corporate and politic, under the name of "The Manitoba Land Company, Limited."

2. The objects of said company are to acquire, hold, sell, lease, convey real estate and cultivate farm property and sell the produce thereof, within the Province of Manitoba and North West Territories.

3. The capital stock of the said company shall be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The head office of the said company shall be the City of Winnipeg.

5. The said Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond and David Young,—all of whom, with the exception of John H. Hammond, are British subjects, and all reside within the Dominion of Canada,—shall be the first Directors of the said company.

BIGGS & WOOD.
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Winnipeg, 20th February, 1882. 35-5

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the

provisions of 40 Victoria, chapter 43, entitled "An Act to amend the law respecting the incorporation of Joint Stock Companies by Letters Patent," for the grant of a charter of incorporation by letters patent in the manner and for the purposes following :

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The Farmers North-West Land and Colonisation Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of land or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof ; the erection of buildings including mills and machinery, and the making of other improvements thereon ; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed on, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and for the promotion of emigration.

3. The principal place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand, and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and callings of each of the applicants are, Thomas Long, M.P.P., merchant, Charles Macdonell, miller, George Moberly, barrister-at-law, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, Clerk in Holy Orders, John Francis Mathieson, insurance agent, William Basil Hamilton, postmaster, Andrew Ginty Campbell, steamboat agent, Adam Dudgeon, Division Court Clerk, Charles Gamon, barrister-at-law, Andrew Melville, merchant, Thomas Worthington Fair, merchant, James Lindsay, merchant, Alexander McDermid, merchant tailor, Frank Foster Telfer and Herbert Young Telfer, confectioners, Hall Telfer, baker, Edward Richmond Carpenter, druggist, John Guinness Laird, Clerk in Holy Orders, Edward Sallows, Clerk in Holy Orders, Annie McGillivray, spinster, Bella McGillivray, spinster, Bernard Callary, merchant, George Warburton Hodgetts, bank manager, Henry Wentworth Bell Smith, accountant, Samuel Ditson, merchant, William Ward Willis, Baptist Minister, Alexander Buist, Gentleman, Charles Cameron, steamboat owner, and John Joseph Long, merchant, all of the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe ; John Hogg, of the Town of Portage La Prairie, conveyancer ; the Honorable David Reesor, of the Town of Yorkville, in the County of York, Senator ; William Bouchier, yeoman, Donald A. Currie, yeoman, Thomas Robinson, insurance agent, James Leach, yeoman, and David Emery Buist, yeoman, all of the Township of Nottawasaga, in the County of Simcoe ; George Bullas Bristow, Arthur Holroyd and John Buckingham, yeomen, all of the Township of Osprey, in the County of Grey ; Henry Horace Thompson, of the Village of Penetanguishene, in the County of Simcoe, merchant : Alexander McCarthy, of the Town of Barrie, in said County, post office conductor ; Robert James Sproul, merchant, and John Wesley Armstrong, Division Court Clerk, both of the Village of Flesherton, in the County of Grey ; Walter Hunter, merchant, Robert Herbert Hunt, doctor of medicine, Thomas Wesley Tyson, Walter Lount Tyson, and John Henry Tyson, millers, Emma Louisa Hartman, all of the Village of Clarksburg, in the County of Grey ; Charles Hunt, Gentleman, William H. Smith, grain buyer, all of the Village of Thornbury, in the County of Grey ; James Hill Hunter, merchant, of the Town of Durham, in the County of Grey ; George William Monk, M. P. P., yeoman, of the township of March, in the County of Carleton ; Robert Henry, lumber merchant, Patrick Hughes, merchant, both of the City of Toronto, in the County of York ; Frederick John French, Gentleman, of the Town of Prescott, in the County of

Grenville; Michael Gartlan and Charles O'Brien, merchants, both of the Village of Stayner, in the County of Simcoe; Timothy Rodgers, yeoman, of the Village of Bradford, in the County of Simcoe; Gideon Striker, M.P.P., of the Town of Picton, in the County of Prince Edward; William Broder, merchant, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas; Wilfred Charles Schrieber, wood agent, of the Village of Allandale, and Charles Cotton Bridges, yeoman, of the Township of Oro, both in the County of Simcoe.

7. The following are the first directors of the said company, namely, the above named Thomas Long, M.P.P., Charles Macdonell, Andrew Melville, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, George Moberly, John Francis Mathieson, William Basil Hamilton, Hall Telfer, Adam Dudgeon, Thomas Worthington Fair and Charles Gamon.

MOBERLY & GAMON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Collingwood, 15th February, 1882. 34-6

DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor General in Council for the Dominion of Canada, for letters patent of incorporation of a company.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company to be "The Lindsay Paper Mill Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes and objects for which incorporation are sought are the manufacturing and dealing in paper, pulp, cardboard, strawboard and millboard, and materials composed of paper and of paper and other materials, and of utilising, manufacturing and dealing in rice grass and other material used in connection with the manufacture of paper or paper stock, or combination of paper and other material; with powers to work and operate mills, and have warehouses and works in connection thereof in different parts of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be in the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock to be sixty thousand dollars (60,000).

5. The number of shares to be six hundred (600), and the amount of each share to be one hundred dollars (\$100).

6. The names in full and the address of the applicants are as follows:—Alexander A. Stevenson, publisher; William D. O'Brien, agent; Richard Jellyman, merchant; Richard White, publisher; Alexander R. Brown, merchant; Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Senator; Henry Dobell, merchant; Peter A. Peterson, engineer; Henry J. Tiffin, merchant; Arthur H. Plimsoll, accountant; Anthony H. Sims, merchant; Charles R. Hosmer, agent; Charles R. Hosmer, agent in trust; Robert Campbell, merchant; George W. Craig, agent; Miss Emily C. S. Bagg, spinster, and Charles T. Gibbs, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, and Samuel Arthur McMurtry, Banker, of Lindsay, in the Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

That the names of those who are to be the first or provisional directors to the said company are the said Alexander A. Stevenson, Honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White and S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,
Attorneys for applicants.

Montreal, 13th February, 1882. 34-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic, in and by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

The acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing re-payment for such advances on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon.

To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote emigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid, to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or other vessels, or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incident thereto.

The City of Toronto shall be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$300,000 consisting of 3,000 shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of the applicants are: Nathaniel Clarke Wallace, M.P., merchant, of the Village of Woodbridge, Silas James, Provincial Land Surveyor, James Armstrong, student-at-law, John Jeremiah Cook, merchant, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, accountant, Elgin Schoff, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto; James Duncan, farmer, Emery P. O., John Duncan, farmer, Richmond Hill, Robert Nathaniel Taylor, farmer, Elders Mills—of whom the said N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor and James Duncan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ELGIN SCHOFF,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 9th February, 1882.

34-8

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a commission or power of attorney bearing date the 24th day of November, A.D. 1881, whereby The Trust and Loan Company of Canada did constitute William Chapman formerly of Tooting Common in the County of Surrey, England, now of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire, and Russell Maule Stephenson, formerly of 56, Rutland Gate, London, England, now of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire, jointly and each of them separately the sole attorneys and attorney of the said company, to execute all deeds and other documents relating to the mortgage or sale of lands, in which said company are or may be interested and for other purposes therein mentioned, was, on the 15th day of February, A.D., 1882, registered at full length and filed in the office of the Secretary and Registrar of the Dominion of Canada, pursuant to the provisions of an Act of the Parliament of the late Province of Canada, in that behalf, (25 Vic., c. 72.)

Toronto, 17th March, 1882.

39-1

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY (OF CANADA.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the half-yearly ordinary general meeting of shareholders, is appointed to be held on Thursday, the 27th day of April 1882, at the Cannon Street Hotel, Cannon Street, London, England, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, for the purpose of submitting a report and general statement of accounts for the half-year ended on the 31st January last, and for the transaction of other business.

And notice is further given, that the books kept at the office in Canada, for the registration of shares, will be closed on and from the 13th day of April to the day of meeting, both days inclusive, and transfers cannot be received between those dates.

By order,

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

No. 142, Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C., 20th March, 1882.

39-5

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

ON and after the first of May next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders, a dividend of two and half per cent. on the paid-up capital, for the six months ending on the 30th of April next.

The transfer book will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of April next inclusively.

The annual meeting of the shareholders will take place at the Banking House, Lower Town, on Saturday, the 6th of May next, at 2 o'clock p. m.

By order,

P. LAFRANCE,
Cashier.

Quebec, March 22nd, 1882.

39-5

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875, AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the matter of the Mechanics Bank, a body corporate and politic, and having its head office in the City and District of Montreal, Insolvent.

I, THE undersigned, James Court, of the City of Montreal, assignee in this matter, hereby give notice that I have made a call (being the third) of twenty per cent upon the shareholders of said Bank, both ordinary and preferential, on the amount of their double liability under sections 57, 58 and 59 of the Banking Act of 1871 (34 Vict., cap. 5), said call being payable at my office No. 22 Saint John Street, in the City of Montreal, on Thursday the twenty-seventh day of April next, 1882. 3rd call of 20 per cent. payable on 27th April, 1882.

JAMES COURT,
Assignee.

Montreal, 22nd March, 1882.

39-1

RED RIVER AND ASSINIBOINE BRIDGE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the above company will be held at the Lands Office of the Hudson's Bay Company, in the City of Winnipeg, on Monday, the 3rd day of April, 1882, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the said company, and also for authorising the directors to cancel any stock upon which the calls are not paid.

By order,

J. BALSILLIE,
Secretary Treasurer.

Winnipeg, 9th March, 1882.

38-3

THE KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a fourth call of ten per cent. on the new issue of the capital stock of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway Company will be payable on or before the 24th day of March, 1882, at the office of the company in Kingston.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

37-3

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general meeting of the Society of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien will be held the twenty-ninth day of April next (29th April, 1882).

All the shares of the Society being to order, it will be indicated by a second notice, to appear fifteen days at least prior to the date of said meeting, at what place it shall be held.

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.

M. CHEVALIER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 22nd February, 1882.

35-9

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire la nomination suivante, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 14 mars 1882.

JOHN BARTLE, des Chutes de Niagara, dans la province d'Ontario, gentilhomme; Officier préposé au débarquement et examinateur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

TARIF DES PEAGES

A être prélevés durant la saison prochaine (1882) par la Compagnie d'Amélioration du Haut de l'Ou-taouais, aux endroits ci-dessous mentionnés :

PÉAGES.

Par l'estacade des Joachims.

	Par pièce.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur	$\frac{8}{9}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	2 "

Par l'estacade de Fort William.

	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur...	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
Do do 35 pds et plus de longueur.	$\frac{8}{9}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	2 "

Par l'estacade des Allumettes.

	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{5}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pieds de longueur...	$\frac{1}{8}$ "
Do do 35 pds et plus de longueur.	$\frac{1}{8}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

Par l'estacade du chenal des Melons.

	1 cent.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{15}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur..	$\frac{1}{15}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur...	$\frac{4}{15}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{2}{5}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$\frac{3}{5}$ "

Par l'estacade de la Passe.

	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{15}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur...	$\frac{1}{15}$ "
do do de 35 pds et plus de longueur.	$\frac{1}{15}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{1}{5}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

Par les améliorations du chenal du Mississipi, Rapides des Chats, et l'estacade de Quio, ou aucun d'eux.

Per pièce.

	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur	$\frac{5}{6}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	2 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	3 "

Par les améliorations de Deschênes jusqu'à la tête de la glissoire de Hull, côté nord.

	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.	$\frac{5}{6}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	2 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	3 "

Par les améliorations de la baie de Thompson.

	$\frac{3}{4}$ cent
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{3}{4}$ cent
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.	$1\frac{1}{4}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur	2 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	3 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$4\frac{1}{2}$ "

Par les améliorations du Remous du Four à Chaux.

	$\frac{1}{4}$ cent.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	1 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

Par l'estacade au pied de la glissoire de Hull.

	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{15}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.	$\frac{1}{15}$ "
Do do 35 pds et plus de longueur.	$\frac{1}{15}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{1}{5}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

CONTRIBUTIONS AUX FRAIS DE SERVICE DES ESTACADES.

Par l'estacade des Joachims.

Par pièce.

	2 cents.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	2 cents.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$2\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur	$3\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur	$5\frac{1}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	8 "
Chêne, orme et autres bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	12 "

Par l'estacade de Fort William.

	Per pièce.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 1/3 "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	1 2/3 "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	2 1/3 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	6 "

Sur l'estacade des Allumettes.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 1/3 "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	1 2/3 "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	2 1/3 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	6 "

Par l'estacade du chenal des Melons.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 1/3 "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	1 2/3 "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	2 1/3 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	6 "

Par les améliorations du chenal Mississippi, Rapides des Chats et l'estacade de Quio, ou aucun d'eux.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 1/2 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	2 "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	2 1/2 "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	4 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	6 "
Chêne, orme et autres bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	9 "

Par les améliorations de la baie de Thompson.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 1/3 "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	1 2/3 "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	2 1/3 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	6 "

CHAMBRE DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ,
OTTAWA, 10 mars 1882.

Je certifie par le présent que le tarif de péages ci-dessus à être prélevé par la Compagnie d'amélioration du haut de l'Outaouais durant la saison de 1882, a été approuvé par Son Excellence le gouverneur général en Conseil, le 1er jour de mars 1882, en vertu des dispositions de l'acte 38 Vict., chap. 77, (1875).

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

39-3

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mardi, 14 mars 1882.

PRESENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre des douanes et en vertu des sections 9 et 55 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la quarantième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 10, et intitulé "Acte à l'effet d'amender et refondre les actes concernant les douanes, il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil privé de la reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que le port d'Emerson, dans la province de Manitoba, soit et le dit port est par le présent détaché du port de Winnipeg et constitué en port indépendant d'entrée et en port d'entrepôt, à dater du 1er d'avril 1882.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du conseil privé.

38-3

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

BUREAU DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ.

OTTAWA, 22 mars 1882.

ATTENDU que le secrétaire de la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique a présenté une requête déclarant que c'est une chose impraticable que de se conformer aux exigences de la 3me section, 44 Vict. chap. 24, dans le cas de certains travaux spécifiques sur l'extension Est de cette ligne; attendu de plus qu'un rapport a été reçu de l'ingénieur du gouvernement chargé d'inspecter les travaux, déclarant que les travaux en question sont situés à l'extrémité du chemin de fer et que des arrangements peuvent être pris pour continuer sûrement la circulation des trains à travers les dits travaux, pourvu que la compagnie mette en force un règlement forçant tous les trains de tref allant au sud de s'arrêter avant d'arriver aux constructions et défendant strictement aux serro-freins ou autres personnes de se tenir sur le toit des chars passant à travers des dites constructions,—

Avis est par le présent donné que, par ordre en conseil du 20 mars 1882, il a plu à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général, en vertu des pouvoirs discrétionnaires conférés par la section, et pourvu que la compagnie consente à mettre en force le règlement suggéré dans le rapport de l'ingénieur chargé de faire l'inspection, d'exempter de son opération les travaux suivants :

- 1o Le tunnel de Brockville;
- 2o Le pont en face du tunnel et sous le chemin de fer du Grand-Tronc à Brockville.

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

39-3

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.

LA Cour Suprême du Canada tiendra une session spéciale dans la ville d'Ottawa, mardi, le 28 mars 1882, à 11 a. m., dans le but seulement de rendre des jugements.

Par ordre du juge en chef,
ROBT. CASSELS,
Greffier.

22 mars 1882.

39-1

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu des dispositions de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada en date du quinzième jour de mars 1882, constituant en corporation Francis Clemow, marchand de charbon;

Charles T. Bate, président de la compagnie du Gaz d'Ottawa; Charles Magee, agent d'immeubles, tous de la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, dans la Puissance du Canada; Robert Blackburn, de New-Edinburgh, dans le dit comté de Carleton, marchand; l'hon. Richard William Scott, d'Ottawa susdit, procureur en droit; Henry N. Bate, d'Ottawa susdit, marchand; Daniel O'Connor, d'Ottawa susdit, procureur en droit; Edward Anderson C. Pew, de la ville de Welland, dans la dite province d'Ontario, écrivain; Alexander Fraser, de Westmeath, dans le comté de Renfrew, dans la dite province d'Ontario, marchand de bois; et James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans le comté d'Ottawa, dans la province de Québec, dans la dite Puissance du Canada, président de la Banque d'Ottawa, — dans le but d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus; de coloniser et de vendre les dites terres; d'arpenter, d'améliorer, de cultiver les dites terres, d'y construire des maisons, de vendre et d'acheter du grain et autres produits du sol; de vendre, acheter, louer, affermer, hypothéquer, les dites terres et en général d'en disposer de toute façon; et dans le cas de ventes de terres par la compagnie, de s'assurer au moyen d'hypothèque consentie par l'acquéreur, du paiement du prix d'achat ou de toute balance impayée avec intérêt, aux conditions qui seront convenues de part et d'autre; de prêter de l'argent et d'aider aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon au moyen d'hypothèque ou arrangement qu'il aura été convenu mutuellement; d'ériger et d'acquérir des scieries et de manufacturer et vendre des bois de service; d'élever, croiser, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux et de faire des affaires dans toutes les branches de l'agriculture et de l'élevage des bestiaux, par toute la Puissance du Canada—sous le nom de "Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa et du Nord-Ouest, à responsabilité limitée," avec un fonds social de \$200,000, divisé en 2,000 parts de \$100.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23ème jour de mars 1882.

39-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTERIEUR.

Ottawa, 4 mars 1882.

TERRES FÉDÉRALES.

AVIS est par le présent donné que les agents aux bureaux des terres ci-dessous mentionnés mettront en vente les sections impaires des terres fédérales dont il n'a pas encore été disposé dans leurs districts respectifs aux dates ci-après mentionnées pour chacun d'eux et au prix de \$2.50 l'acre argent comptant :—

Winnipeg, 15 mars 1882.

Gladstone,

Petite Saskatchewan, } 1er avril 1882.

Birtle.

Par ordre,

37-3

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Député du ministre de l'Intérieur.

ARTICLE AMENDÉ

Devant remplacer l'article 2 des articles additionnels de la convention du ^{28 avril}/_{3 mai} 1881, entre le gouvernement du Canada et les Etats-Unis d'Amérique.

AFIN de protéger efficacement le revenu des postes des Etats-Unis contre les pratiques évasives des personnes ou maisons commerciales qui cherchent à éluder les règlements et lois postales des Etats-Unis, en mallant leurs publications au Canada, les soussignés, dûment autoisés par leurs gouvernements respectifs ont convenu de remplacer l'article 2 des articles additionnels de la convention du ^{28 avril}/_{3 mai} par le suivant :

ARTICLE :

Lorsque des journaux, publications périodiques, et autre matière imprimée, publiés ou nés dans les Etats-Unis, ou censés être publiés aux Etats-Unis, ou mis en circulation pour le compte d'une personne ou maison commerciale faisant affaires aux Etats-Unis sont mallés au Canada en destination des Etats-Unis, apparemment dans le but de se soustraire au paiement des frais de port ou aux règlements concernant cette affaire aux Etats-Unis, les bureaux de poste au Canada pourront requérir le paiement en avance des dits frais de port à un taux équivalant aux frais de port exigés de tels journaux, etc., par les lois des Etats Unis.

Le présent article prendra effet immédiatement.

En foi de quoi le maître général des postes aux Etats-Unis et le maître général des postes au Canada ont apposé ci-dessous leurs sceaux et signatures, à la date mise en regard de chacun d'eux.

[L.S.] Signé, TIM. O. HOWE,
Maître général des postes aux Etats-Unis.
Washington, 16 février 1882.

[L.S.] Signé, JOHN O'CONNOR,
Maître général des postes au Canada.
Ottawa, 10 février 1882.

J'approuve par le présent l'article amendé ci-dessus, en foi de quoi j'y ai fait apposer le sceau des Etats-Unis.

[L.S.] Signé, CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

Par le président,

Signé, FREDK. T. FRELINGHUYSEN,
Secrétaire d'Etat.
Washington, 16 février 1882.

37-3

AVIS.—Sous l'autorité de la quatre-vingt-quatrième section de l'acte de 1879 concernant les terres du Gouvernement fédéral, une assemblée (ajournée) du bureau des examinateurs pour les arpenteurs de la Puissance aura lieu le 27 mars 1882, au bureau des terres du Gouvernement, à Ottawa, pour l'examen des candidats.

Par ordre,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Arpenteur général des terres fédérales
Ottawa, 3 mars, 1882. 33-4

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 28 février dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,831,759 50
Excise	419,738 21
Département des Postes.....	132,044 55
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	101,874 22
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	14,972 10
Divers	137,239 42

Revenu, 31 janvier 1882..... \$2,637,628 00
18,987,191 65
\$21,624,819 65

DÉPENSES..... \$1,236,886 88
do 31 janvier 1882..... 15,719,930 37
\$16,956,817 25

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er mars 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal ; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)...	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...	Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 dépôts de municipalités ; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.	William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....	John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"	Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....	J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.	W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc ; Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$30 en espèces.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)	J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....	Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"	J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....	F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, C.-B.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.	R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B).....	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....	Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Garantie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic. ; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont. ; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....	Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.	Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000 b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"	W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"	Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens.	Sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....	G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....	C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....	A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. effets canadiens	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"	F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	\$21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....	William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.....	D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.	Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....	A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
	J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont. réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800).....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont. réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie;
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal.....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'incendie.
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont. J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens \$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680).....	Contre l'incendie,
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecosaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie. Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada.....	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.....	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid. Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal.....	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et l'ontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect.....	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et \$20,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemen, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dt. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de février 1882. Av
 Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 janv. 1882.....	\$8,190,037 61	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$319,369 53
Dépôts durant le mois	540,411 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	3,300 92		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,357,167 52
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	57,212 51
	8,733,749 56		8,414,380 03
			\$8,733,749 56

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
 Commis des statistiques.
 Département des Finances, Ottawa, 21 mars 1882.

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

Etat fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—	
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5.18.26	\$4,823,833 60
Versements sur le capital—	
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.....	\$1,205,958 40
Nombre des titres—	
Titres nominatifs.....	50,000
Titres au porteur.....	Nil.

<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social.....	3,617,875 20	Capital social.....	4,823,833 60
Prêts hypothécaires:		Prêts différés.....	25,314 01
A long terme..... 674,716 33		Intérêt payé par anticipation.....	242 75
A court terme..... 389,334 50		Divers.....	1,727 56
	1,064,050 83		
Espèces en caisse et en banque:			
En Canada..... 93,249 81			
En France..... 78,305 92			
	171,555 73		
Arrérages de semestres.....	389 51		
Mobilier.....	2,054 24		
Divers.....	2,787 16		
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712 67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117 92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société.....Néant.

Montant des obligations ou débentures émises et taux de l'intérêt.....Néant.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des Statistiques,
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé. Le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à cette session du parlement du Canada pour la passation d'un acte à l'effet de remettre en vigueur le brevet d'invention accordé pour cinq ans à John Dickinson Brunton, le 3 mars 1876, sous numéro 5757, pour un appareil pour couper, dégrossir planer, tourner et tailler la pierre.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,

Procureurs du requérant.

Montréal, 23 février 1882.

35-5

A VIS public est par le présent donné que la Compagnie Canadienne d'Eclairage Electrique s'adressera au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, pour la passation d'un acte ratifiant et confirmant son acte d'incorporation, lui conférant l'autorisation nécessaire pour lui faire obtenir des pouvoirs moteurs et la génération de l'électricité en tous lieux dans le Canada, et lui permettant d'exploiter certains brevets d'invention octroyés en Canada.

LACOSTE, GLOBENSKY ET BISAILLON,

Procureurs de la requérante.

Montréal, 23 janvier 1882.

31-9

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 22 Vict., chap. 66, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements; de confier à l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui et d'y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des membres du dit bureau; de confirmer les actes de la province de Québec, 38 Vict., chap. 62, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées" et 38 Vict. chap. 64, intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte intitulé 'acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique le bureau d'administration du fonds des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse,'" et celui de la province d'Ontario, 38 Vict. chap. 75, intitulé "Acte concernant l'union de certaines Eglises presbytériennes y nommées," le tout en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour en général régler les affaires y concernées.

JAMES MACLENNAN,

Président du comité de protection des propriétés ecclésiastiques de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,

Solliciteur pour les requérants,

31-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie de chemin de fer de l'intérieur de Manitoba, avec pouvoir de construire et exploiter un chemin de fer, commençant à Garfield-Est, sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, et s'étendant de là à la ville de Macdonald sur le chemin de fer du Portage et Nord-Ouest, de là, vers l'ouest, par ou près Rapid City jusqu'à quel que point sur la rivière de la Paix ou celle de la Saskatchewan dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, avec pouvoir aussi de construire des ponts et lignes télégraphiques et un embranchement entre Macdonald et le lac Manitoba.

McMILLAN ET TAYLOR.

Winnipeg, 27 janvier 1882.

31-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour obtenir un acte à l'effet d'amender le statut de la ci-devant province du Canada, 10 et 11 Vict., chap. 103, intitulé "Acte pour constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," de transporter le dit fonds et le contrôle d'icelui à l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada et y pourvoir; de régler l'élection et la gouverne des dits administrateurs; de confirmer et mettre en force l'Acte de la province de Québec 38 Vict., chap. 61, intitulé "Acte pour amender un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du Synode de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse" en autant qu'ils peuvent être amendés par l'acte proposé, et pour régler en général les dites questions.

JAMES MACLENNAN,

Président du comité de protection des propriétés ecclésiastiques de l'Eglise Presbytérienne au Canada.

JOHN L. MORRIS,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

31-9

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie Centrale de chemin de fer de Rapid City, la dite compagnie devant construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer commençant à un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, à ou près le township dix (10), quatorzième rang (14) à l'ouest, dans la province du Manitoba, jusqu'à Rapid City, la rivière du Chêne, Bird Tail Creek et le Fort Ellice, de là aux Monts Touchwood, et de là jusqu'à ou près le Fort à la Corne sur la rivière Saskatchewan; et de là dans une direction sud-ouest jusqu'à ou près de la rivière aux Pins, et de là jusqu'à la côte du Pacifique à un point qui sera plus tard fixé à la discrétion de la compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Janvier 1882.

32-9

AVIS est donné par le présent que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte constituant en corporation "La compagnie d'assurance Mutuelle Océanique," dans le but de faire des opérations d'assurance maritime en Canada et ailleurs.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM ET TUPPER,

Solliciteurs des requérants.

Halifax, 25 janvier 1882.

32-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la

Gazette du Canada, de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une chartre constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est : "La Compagnie générale de colonisation et d'agriculture de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord (limité)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada, soit par achat, louage ou autrement du gouvernement du Canada, des gouvernements provinciaux, de la compagnie du chemin de fer du Pacifique ou de tout autre individu.

3. Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

4. Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres y compris le droit de construire sur icelles des maisons, moulins et établissements manufacturiers et en général de trafiquer des dites terres.

5. Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de n'importe quelle manière, y compris le droit d'acheter ou vendre du grain ou autres produits du sol; le droit de prêter de l'argent et d'aider autrement aux colons par le moyen de subventions, d'assurer le remboursement de ces prêts avec intérêt à des conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques.

6. Le droit de développer et encourager l'immigration, d'aider aux immigrants de toute façon qui pourra être jugée utile pour ouvrir et coloniser le dit pays et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

7. Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou de plusieurs lignes de chemins de fer, bateaux ou autres navires ou véhicules à travers les terres de la compagnie; le droit d'ouvrir des routes, de faire et exploiter tels travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie.

8. Le droit de posséder, acheter, fabriquer et vendre n'importe quelle espèce de machines agricoles, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ou ailleurs, et à ces fins, de pouvoir emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ces dites fins.

9. Le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux et d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et des produits de ferme, y compris le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage ou autrement des enclos pour bestiaux ou pâturages spécialement adaptés à l'élevage et l'exploitation des troupeaux.

10. Le droit d'acquérir des terres à bois ou limites dans toute l'étendue du Canada par achat ou autrement, d'exploiter l'industrie de la production du bois ou le trafic d'icelui dans toutes leurs branches, y compris le droit de posséder, acheter, préparer, manufacturer, transporter et vendre toute espèce de matériaux pour constructions, articles en bois, machines agricoles, voitures, véhicules, etc.; le droit de construire des bateaux, barges et navires, quais et bassins, d'exploiter des filatures de coton et de laine, des moulins à carder, des moulins à farine, des fonderies et des forges; le droit d'acquérir et exploiter des carrières, terrains miniers et houillères, avec le droit d'acheter terrains et bâtiments, privilèges de moulins et pouvoirs d'eau, et de construire les bâtiments nécessaires à telles exploitations; le droit de faire le trafic de gros et de détail; le droit de construire et exploiter des routes, tramways, et canaux, de prendre des actions dans les compagnies de flottage de bois par les rivières, de plus le droit de pos-

séder et louer des wagons sur les voies ferrées pour le transport des marchandises.

11. Le droit d'emprunter sur la garantie de ses propres débentures ou autrement, telles sommes d'argent qui peuvent être nécessaires ou requises pour l'exploitation des affaires susdites, et cela soit avec garantie ou non ; le droit d'acheter et vendre, faire ou endosser des traites et billets promissoires ; le droit de placer avec hypothèque sur des immeubles dans le Canada ou sur les débentures d'une corporation municipale dans le dit Canada, ou sur les débentures d'une compagnie incorporée soit par un acte spécial ou par un acte général du Canada ou de l'une des provinces, une partie quelconque des profits réalisés dans ses opérations, dans le but de rembourser le capital ainsi engagé, avec le droit de faire toutes choses découlant des opérations ci-dessus décrites.

12. La compagnie aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la ville de Lindsay, comté de Victoria, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs, dans Ontario, Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

13. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

14. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Mossom Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria, et province d'Ontario, fabricant de bois ; Mossom Martin Boyd, de la même place, fabricant de bois ; John Macdonald, de la cité d'Albany, dans l'Etat de New-York, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, fabricant de bois ; Alexander Niven, du village de Haliburton, dans le comté provisoire d'Haliburton, arpenteur provincial ; William Thornton Oust Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria susdit, fabricant de bois ; et John Augustus Barron, de la ville de Lindsay, dans le dit comté de Victoria, solliciteur, qui tous seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

JOHN A. BARRON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Lindsay, 29 mars 1882.

39-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de fabricants de bois du Lac LaPluie, à responsabilité limitée." (The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited.)

2. Le but de la compagnie projetée est d'acheter, posséder, vendre et louer du bois de construction, des coupes de bois et des biens-fonds de toute espèce, et la fabrication du bois en billots, espars, traverses, bois carré, bois de corde, bardeaux et bois de service de toute description, et de construire, louer et exploiter des scieries et moulins à farine, soit au moyen de la vapeur ou par pouvoir d'eau, selon que la compagnie le jugera à propos ; aussi, d'acheter, construire, louer et se servir du bateaux à vapeur, barges et navires, pour le transport du bois de service et de construction et de marchandise de toute sorte, ainsi que des voyageurs, et de construire ou louer tous quais, bassins et entrepôts nécessaires à cette fin ; aussi de construire et exploiter des tramways, chemins, canaux, dalles, digues et estacades sur les rivières, cours d'eau et ruisseaux nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$350,000, divisé en trois mille cinq cents actions de cent piastres chaque.

5. Les noms, adresses et occupations des requérants sont comme suit :—Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba, fabricant de bois ; James Robert Sutherland, du même lieu, fabricant de bois ; Henry

Norland Ruttan, de la même place, ingénieur civil ; Peter Johnson Brown, de la même place, entrepreneur ; William Buckingham, de la ville de Stratford, Ontario, banquier ; John Ross, du township de Grantlham, comté de Lincoln, Ontario, entrepreneur, et Simon James Dawson, de Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, ingénieur civil.

6. Les premiers directeurs de la compagnie seront les dits Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross et Simon James Dawson, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,
Solliciteur des requérants.

Ottawa, 15 mars, 1882.

39-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demanda sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte, constituant en corps politique les requérants et toute personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire de la compagnie, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie des Terres Fédérales (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont—

(1) Le droit d'acheter, louer, échanger ou acquérir d'une manière quelconque des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou les intérêts en icelles dans le Canada, y compris les provinces et territoires d'icelui ; de négocier l'achat et la vente de résidences, propriétés de cité, ville ou village, propriétés rurales, baux, hypothèques, obligations et autres garanties, et en général le droit de faire toute opération de courtier d'agence ou à commission.

(2) Le droit d'améliorer telles propriétés en construisant dessus des bâtiments, clôtures, égouts ou toute autre chose jugée utile par la dite compagnie pour ses utilité et avantage et pour en encourager l'établissement.

(3) Le droit de vendre, louer, échanger ou trafiquer d'une manière quelconque les propriétés mobilières ou immobilières acquises par la compagnie ou les intérêts en icelles, soit par versements soit à toute autre condition ; le droit de prendre et détenir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat non payé, et en général de faire le trafic tant d'achat que de vente de telles propriétés de la manière et avec les mêmes pouvoirs qu'un simple particulier.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter de l'argent en donnant des garanties sur les propriétés de la dite compagnie ou sur partie d'icelles, y compris le droit de prélever des sommes d'argent sur le crédit de la compagnie par l'émission de débentures, bons ou autres garanties, et de donner des hypothèques ou autres garanties sur le tout ou partie des biens de la compagnie pour le remboursement en tout ou en partie, des sommes empruntées.

(5) Le droit de placer des sommes d'argent dans l'achat des fonds publics ou débentures du Royaume-Uni, des gouvernements canadien et américain, des gouvernements des différentes provinces canadiennes, des corporations municipales, des syndicats ou commissaires, des compagnies incorporées dans la Grande-Bretagne, au Canada ou aux Etats Unis, avec le droit d'acheter des obligations, des reçus de dépôts de n'importe quelle compagnie incorporée, avec de plus le droit de vendre et trafiquer les dites valeurs de même qu'un simple particulier.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cent mille piastres divisé en mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Hugh Scott, de la cité de Toronto, assureur, Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, marchand, Robert Barber, Toronto, marchand, John Fitzallen Ellis, Toronto, marchand, Thomas Walmsley, Toronto, assureur, William Frederick Carrier, Toronto, mar-

chand, William Myddleton Hall, Toronto, avocat, James Scott Fullerton, Toronto, avocat.

6. Les huit premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie et tous sont des résidents du Canada.

HALL ET FULLERTON.

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 16 mars 1882.

39-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d.) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie.

Le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis ; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine ; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie ; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada ; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de trois mille d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, Frederick Howcutt Maulson, commis voyageur, William Glover Hamilton Lowe, commis voyageur, John Allan, commis voyageur, John Brown Mather, commis voyageur, Samuel Trees, fabricant, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward John Mahoney, commis voyageur, Edward Carter, marchand, Frank Bennett Halliday, commis voyageur, Richard Rede Davis, commis voyageur, David A. Braid, commis voyageur, Joseph H. Brent, commis voyageur, James Haywood, commis voyageur, William John Thompson, commis voyageur, John Elgin Snider, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto ; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand, James Sproule Smith, Toronto, commis voyageur ; James F. Egan, commis voyageur, John H. Stone, fabricant, Edwin A. Dalley, commis voyageur, George E. Hamilton, commis voyageur, William Prentice, commis voyageur, tous d'Hamilton.

Les personnes suivantes seront les premiers ou provisoires directeurs de la compagnie :—

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 16 mars 1882.

38-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois au moins après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation des terres du gouvernement fédéral."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b.) La colonisation, le défrichement et la vente des dites terres ;

(c.) L'arpentage, l'ouverture, le défrichement, la culture et l'amélioration des dites terres, avec le droit de trafiquer de ces derniers et d'élever dessus des constructions ;

(d.) La vente, le louage, l'affermage des terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts, tels que l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par des subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions à la construction et au maintien de voies ferrées à travers les dites terres et à toutes les entreprises qui peuvent ouvrir ces dernières à la colonisation, tels que lignes de vapeurs et télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, rues et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la vente de toutes propriétés personnelles ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit

de développer, aider et encourager l'immigration, d'assister les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays tout entier.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera d'un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts de tel fonds social sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresses et qualités des dits requérants sont comme suit :

Henry Stark Howland, de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, banquier ; William Rees Brock, du même lieu, marchand ; John Ginty, du même lieu, entrepreneur ; John Gillespie, du même lieu, marchand ; George A. Muttibury, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, agent d'immeubles, et Jeffrey Hall Brock, du même lieu, agent. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ainsi mentionnés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 24 février 1882.

36-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie devant être constituée en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Morton de produits de ferme, d'agriculture et de colonisation de Manitoba (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles dans la province de Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, l'amélioration et la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon comme des intérêts compris en icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie avec le droit de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt et de telle manière et à telles conditions, sur hypothèques ou obligations, dont il pourra être convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et à la réussite de toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres à la colonisation, telles que lignes de bateaux, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie ; la construction ou l'acquisition de moulins à farine et scieries de même que la manufacture et la vente de bois de construction et produits agricoles ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et de l'agriculture et plus particulièrement des produits de ferme, avec le droit également d'acheter, vendre et manufacturer toute espèce de marchandises, effets de commerce et autres requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie.

(b.) A ces fins la compagnie aura tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ses fins.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, avec des succursales dans la cité de Winnipeg et ailleurs au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$1,000,000 divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Thomas Harris Hodgson, marchand, Alfred James Brice, marchand, George Bishop, graveur, Charles Huston, fabricant, Thomas Cramp, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal ; John MacLeod Gill, fabricant, Robert Gill, fabricant, tous deux de la ville de Brockville, dans la province d'Ontario ; John Smith, fabricant, James David Crawford, courtier, tous deux de la cité de Montréal ; Colin Munro, shérif du comté d'Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banquier, tous deux de la cité de Saint-Thomas, dans la province d'Ontario, et George Morton, de la cité de Kingston, gentilhomme ; les six premiers nommés devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

DUNLOP et LYMAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 26 février 1882.

36-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ontario et Qu'Appelle."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : l'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, du gouvernement du Canada, de même que de compagnies et individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, l'ouverture, l'amélioration, la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons qui ont acheté des terres de la compagnie et de venir en aide à ces derniers, de garantir le paiement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt aux conditions et de telle manière par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; la construction et l'acquisition de scieries et la manufacture et vente de bois de construction ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux ; avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la ville de Toronto avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont : Alexander G. Ramsay, de la cité d'Hamilton, gérant général de la compagnie d'assurance sur la vie du Canada ; William Hendrie, de la dite cité d'Hamilton, écuyer ; Adam Brown, de la dite ville d'Hamilton, écuyer ; John Dunlop, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford, écuyer ; James Crowther, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; James Scott, de la dite cité de Toronto, marchand ; William Mulock, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edmund Boyd Osler, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer, et Robert

H. Bethune, de la dite cité de Toronto, caissier de la banque Dominion.

Tous les susdits requérants seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR ET CROWTHER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 2e jour de mars 1882. 36-6

A VIS.—Demande sera faite au gouverneur général du Canada après la publication durant un mois de cet avis, par Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond et David Young, tous de la cité de Winnipeg, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de l'acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, les constituant, eux et les autres personnes qu'ils pourraient s'associer, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La compagnie des terres du Manitoba, limitée."

2. Le but de la dite compagnie est d'acquérir, détenir, cultiver, vendre, louer et transporter des immeubles et des propriétés de ferme, de vendre les produits de ces dernières, dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

4. Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg.

5. Les dits Peter Johnson Brown, Samuel Clark Biggs, Hugh Sutherland, James H. Ashdown, George Brown, John H. Hammond et David Young, tous, à l'exception de John H. Hammond, sujets anglais et résidant au Canada, seront les premiers directeurs de la dite compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Winnipeg ce 20 février 1882. 35-5

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au gouverneur-général en conseil pour la Puissance du Canada, de lettres patentes constituant en corps politique une compagnie.

1. Le nom corporatif de la compagnie sera "La compagnie du moulin à papier de Lindsay (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie qui demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : la manufacture et le trafic de papier, pulpe, cartons de toute espèce, matériaux composés de papier ou de papier et autres matériaux ; la manufacture, l'utilisation et le trafic de paille de riz et autres matériaux employés dans la manufacture de papier, matière à papier, combinaison de papier et autres matériaux, avec droit à l'exploitation de moulins, à la possession d'entrepôts et travaux se rapportant à cette industrie en différentes parties du Canada.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec ;

4. Le montant du capital-actions sera de soixante mille piastres (\$60,000) ;

5. Le nombre des parts sera de six cent (600) et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres (\$100).

6. Les noms, prénoms et adresses des requérants sont comme suit : Alexander A. Stevenson, éditeur ; William D. O'Brien, agent ; Richard Jellyman, marchand ; Richard White, éditeur ; Alexander R. Brown, marchand ; l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, sénateur ; Henry Dobell, marchand ; Peter A. Peterson, ingénieur ; Henry J. Tiffin, marchand ; Arthur H. Plimsoll, comptable ; Anthony H. Sims, marchand ; Charles R. Hosmer, agent ; Charles R. Hosmer, agent en fidéicommiss ; Robert Campbell, marchand ; George W. Craig, agent ; Dlle Emily C. S. Bagg, fille non-mariée, et Charles T. Gibbs, marchand, tous de la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, Canada.

Les noms de ceux qui devront être les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie sont : le

dit Alexander A. Stevenson, l'honorable Alexander W. Ogilvie, Charles R. Hosmer, Richard White et S. A. McMurtry.

CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL ET ATWATER,
Procureurs des requérants.

Montréal, 13 février 1882. 34-5

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient ci-après devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de colonisation des fermiers de York."

Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est le suivant :—

L'acquisition de terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, la mise en culture, l'amélioration des dites terres et l'érection de bâtiments sur icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent et l'assistance donnée aux colons sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et l'acceptation en retour de garanties pour tels prêts d'argent à des conditions et de telle façon par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont on conviendra ci-après ; l'achat, le louage, l'échange ou l'acquisition par autre voie de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière de droits ou privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ; la vente, le louage des dites propriétés et le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer de toute façon ; l'aide, l'encouragement et le développement de l'émigration vers les propriétés appartenant à la compagnie et la colonisation des dites propriétés, et pour les fins ci-dessus le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent ; l'aide au moyen de subvention ou autrement à être donnée à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer ou de lignes de vapeurs ou autres navires de la compagnie, l'aide à être donnée à la construction, et l'exploitation de telles autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la fabrication et la vente de toute espèce de marchandises requises par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie au ailleurs, à cette fin la dite compagnie devant avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières et immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et en général devant jouir de tous les pouvoirs nécessaires ou opportuns à la réalisation de son objet.

La ville de Toronto sera la principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$150,000 divisé en 1,500 parts de \$100 chacune.

Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignation des différents requérants sont :—

N. Clarke Wallace, M. P., marchand, du village de Woodbridge, Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Toronto, James Duncan, fermier, Emery P. O., John Duncan, fermier, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, fermier, Elders Mills—les dits N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solliciteur pour les requérants,

Toronto, 9 février 1882. 33-8

AVIS DIVERS.

LA COMPAGNIE DE DÉPOT ET DE PRÊT DU CANADA.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une commission ou acte de procuration en date du 24e jour de novembre, A.D., 1881, par lequel la Compagnie de

dépôt et de prêt du Canada a constitué William Chapman, ci-devant de Tooting Common, dans le comté de Surrey, Angleterre, maintenant de la cité de Toronto, province d'Ontario, écuyer, et Russell Maule Stephenson, ci-devant de 56, Rutland Gate, Londres, Angleterre, maintenant de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, écuyer, conjointement et individuellement les procureurs et procureur de la dite compagnie pour exécuter tous actes et autres instruments concernant la vente de terres ou les hypothèques sur des terres, dans lesquelles la dite compagnie est ou pourra être intéressées et pour autres fins y mentionnées,—a été, le 15e jour de février A.D. 1882, enregistré au long et déposé au bureau du secrétaire et registraire de la Puissance du Canada, en conformité des dispositions d'un acte du parlement de la ci-devant province du Canada à cet effet, 25 Vic., ch. 72.

Toronto, 17 mars 1882.

39-1

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

LE premier mai prochain, et après, la Banque paiera à ses actionnaires un dividende de deux et demi par cent, pour le semestre finissant le 30 avril prochain.

Le livre des transports d'actions sera clos depuis le 16 jusqu'au 30 avril inclusivement.

L'assemblée annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu au bureau de la banque, samedi, le six mai prochain, à deux heures p. m.

Par ordre,

P. LAFRANCE,
Caissier.

Québec, le 22 mars 1882.

39-5

ACTE DE FAILLITE DE 1875 ET SES AMENDMENTS.

Dans l'affaire de la Banque des Artisans, corps politique en incorporé ayant sa principale place d'affaires dans la cité et le district de Montréal, faillie.

JE soussigné, James Court, de la cité de Montréal, syndic en cette affaire, donne avis par le présent que j'ai demandé un versement (le troisième) de vingt pour cent aux actionnaires, de la dite banque, tant pour les obligations préférentielles qu'ordinaires, sur le montant de leur double responsabilité en vertu des sections 57, 58 et 59 de l'acte de 1871 concernant les banques (34 Vict., chap. 5) le dit versement étant payable à mon bureau No. 22 rue St. Jean, dans la cité de Montréal, jeudi le vingt-septième jour d'avril prochain 1882.

Le 3e versement de 20 pour cent payable le 27 avril 1882.

JAMES COURT,
Syndic.

Montréal, 22 mars 1882.

39-1

COMPAGNIE DU PONT DE LA RIVIÈRE ROUGE ET DE L'ASSINIBOINE.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la susdite compagnie aura lieu au bureau des terres de la Compagnie de la Baie d'Hudson, en la cité de Winnipeg, lundi, le 3e jour d'avril, 1882, à midi, dans le but d'augmenter le fonds social de la dite compagnie et aussi dans le but d'autoriser les directeurs à canceler toutes actions sur lesquelles les versements n'auront pas été payés.

Par ordre,

J. BALSILLIE,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Winnipeg, 9 mars 1882.

39-3

AVIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

AVIS est donné par les présentes que l'assemblée générale de la société du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien, se réunira le vingt-neuf avril prochain (29 avril 1882).

Toutes les actions de la société étant nominatives, il sera pourvu, par un deuxième avis qui paraîtra 15 jours au moins avant la date de l'assemblée, à la désignation de l'endroit où se tiendra l'assemblée générale.

L'administrateur délégué,
J. W. URTELE.

Le secrétaire-général,

M. CHEVALIER.

Montréal, 22 février 1882.

35-9

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County of Ontario this 3 day
April A. D. 1882



Clerk of the Peace
County of Ontario

The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz:—

OTTAWA, 27th February, 1882.

CONN DOWLEY McLAINÉ, of Saint Peter's Bay, in the Province of Prince Edward Island, Esquire; to be a Sub-Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Government of the Pilotage District of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, and Province of New Brunswick.

1. All rules and regulations heretofore made by any Pilotage Authority for the Pilotage District of Moncton or any District including the same are hereby repealed.
2. Persons of the full age of 21 years, of temperate habits, being British subjects and having been examined and found competent, may be granted a license upon payment of a fee of \$5.00.
3. A certificate may be granted to a master or mate upon payment of a fee of \$6.00, and \$4.00 for each annual renewal.
4. Every licensed pilot shall, with his license be given a copy of these regulations, and shall exhibit them to the master of any vessel of which he may take charge, if required to do so.
5. Licensed pilots shall be entitled to all fees earned by them individually.
6. Every licensed pilot shall report to the Pilotage Authority, without delay, any accident to any vessel under his charge and any matter of note which may

come under his observation affecting the safety of vessels.

7. Any licensed pilot whose services are refused by any inward bound vessel shall be entitled to full Pilotage, if afterwards such vessel employ another pilot.

8. Inward bound vessels having been signalled or hailed by a licensed pilot and refusing his services shall pay half pilotage inward, and outward bound vessels shall pay half pilotage outward, if offered the services of a licensed pilot and refusing the same.

9. Any licensed pilot placed in charge of a vessel by the master shall, in addition to full pilotage rates be paid the sum of \$2.50 per day for each day said vessel may be detained by stress of weather or otherwise while he is waiting orders.

10. Any dispute arising between masters of vessels and pilots respecting piloting shall be submitted to the Pilotage Authority whose decision shall be final and binding on all parties.

11. Any pilot may be deprived of his license for repeated violations of these regulations, neglect of duty, drunkenness, or incompetency from age or mental or bodily infirmity.

12. Vessels of the following descriptions shall be exempted from the compulsory payment of pilotage dues, in addition to those exempted by Act of Parliament 38 Vic., chap. 28:—

Ships registered in Canada not exceeding one hundred and thirty tons, registered tonnage.

13. All other vessels coming to Moncton or any point between Moncton and Grey's Island shall pay inward pilotage dues at the rate of (\$1.00) one dollar per foot, and vessels from the same points shall pay outward pilotage dues at the rate of (\$1.00) one dollar per foot.

Vessels to and from Grey's Island or points below shall pay 10 cents a foot inward and the same outward.

14. Outward bound vessels from the port of Moncton refusing the services of a pilot when the same shall be offered within twelve hours of the time when she is ready to sail, shall pay full pilotage outward if afterwards she employs another pilot.

(Signed) H. T. STEVENS, } Pilot
" HENRY CRANDALL, } Commissioners.
" WILLIAM GIVAN.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 20th March, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Rules and Regulations for the government of the Pilotage

District of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the Province of New Brunswick, have been submitted to and approved by his Excellency the Governor General in Council on the 18th day of March 1882.

39-3

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

TARIFF OF RATES

To be levied during the ensuing season (1882) by the Upper Ottawa Improvement Company, in connection with the undermentioned works:—

Through Des Joachims Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$\frac{8}{9}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	2 cts.

Through Fort William Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock round or flatted over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$\frac{8}{9}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	2 cts.

Through Allumette Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock; round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	$\frac{4}{15}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{8}{15}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{4}{6}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "

Through Melons Chenail Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	$\frac{2}{15}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{4}{15}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{2}{6}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$\frac{3}{6}$ "

Passing Lapasse Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{15}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$\frac{8}{15}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{4}{6}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "

Through Improvements in Mississippi Chenail, Chats Rapids and Quio Boom or any of them.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	2 cts.
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	3 "

Through Improvements from Deschênes to Head of Hull Slide. North Side.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	2 cts.
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	3 "

Through Improvements in Thomson's Bay.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	1 "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$1\frac{1}{4}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	2 "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	3 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$4\frac{1}{2}$ "

Through Improvements in Limekiln Eddy.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	1 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

Through Boom below the outlet of Hull Slide.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	$\frac{4}{15}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{8}{15}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{4}{6}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "

BOOM WORKING EXPENSES RATES.

Through Des Joachims Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	2 cts.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$2\frac{3}{4}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$3\frac{1}{2}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$5\frac{1}{2}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	8 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	12 "

Through Fort William Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	1 1/3 "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	1 2/3 "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	2 2/3 "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	6 "

Through Allumette Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	1 1/3 "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	1 2/3 "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	2 2/3 "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	6 "

Through Melon's Chenail Boom.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	1 1/3 "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	1 2/3 "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	2 2/3 "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	6 "

Through Improvements in Mississippi Chenail, Chats Rapids and Quio Boom or any of them.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 1/2 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	2 "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	2 1/2 "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	4 "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	6 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	9 "

Through Improvements in Thomson's Bay.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 ft. long.....	1 1/3 "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	1 2/3 "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	2 2/3 "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce, and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	6 "

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Tariffs of Rates &c., to be levied by the Upper Ottawa Improvement Company during the season of 1882, has been approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the 1st day of March 1882, in pursuance of the Act 38 Vict. ch. 77 (1875).

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

39-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 14th day of March, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 9th and 55th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the fortieth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chapter 10, and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Out Port of Emerson, in the Province of Manitoba, be and the same is hereby detached from the Port of Winnipeg, and that the same be and is hereby erected into an independent Port of Entry and Warehousing Port from and after the 1st April, 1882.

38-3 J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

RULES AND BY-LAWS OF THE OFFICE OF PORT
WARDEN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.*Section 1—General regulations.*

1. Every master of a vessel on arriving in port from any place not within the limits of inland navigation, shall (in order to enable the Port Warden to grant the necessary certificate for the vessel's clearance at the Custom House) proceed to the Port Warden's Office, and make a report of his vessel and cargo, and receive a copy of these rules and by-laws.

2. The Port Warden shall keep in his office, records in full of all his proceedings, together with statements of the results of all examinations and enquiries made by him; which records may be inspected during business hours by any parties interested. He shall keep on record all certificates granted by him and grant duplicates of the same as hereafter provided on payment of the regular fee.

3. All notifications and requests to the Port Warden must be made at his office in writing and duly entered by the Port Warden in a book to be kept for that purpose.

4. Great care should be taken to well fill the vessel with bulk grain under the decks, and it is advisable when vessels are filling up that no more grain should be put on board than the number of laborers employed are able to trim and properly stow. Oats may be carried in bulk to any extent irrespective of the tonnage of the ship, but subject to such regulations with reference to dunnage lining and shifting boards as the Port Warden, or his Deputy may prescribe.

5. The fees mentioned in the tariff of fees embodied in these rules as applicable shall be payable to the Port Warden by the parties employing him, but in case of a survey of cargo alleged to be improperly stowed, the party in the wrong shall pay the fee.

6. All shifting boards shall be well secured and fastened to each side of the stanchions, and the stanchions to be properly secured to the keelson and beams, and to be sufficiently shored. The shores to be not less than 6 x 3 inches.

7. All lumber used for dunnage, shifting boards and shores to be free from rents and shakes, and the work to be done in a workmanlike manner to the satisfaction of the Port Warden or his Deputy.

8. All air streaks and openings to be closed and made grain-tight.

9. The limber boards to be taken up and thoroughly cleaned out if required by the Port Warden or his Deputy.

10. The pump well and chain locker and water tanks to be cased and made grain-tight.

11. Should any shores or braces be removed by stevedores or others the same to be replaced before clearance certificate is granted.

12. Vessels loading grain in bulk have to dunnage ten inches clear of ceiling in bottom of ship and to extend to first futtock heads, and to have shifting boards of three inch material from keelson to main deck to extend full length of vessel.

Vessels to be ballasted according to the discretion of the Port Warden or his Deputy.

Fees.

First survey of hatches, and certificate.....	\$3 00
Each subsequent survey of cargo, and ditto....	2 00
Survey of cargo where hatches have not been previously surveyed, and certificate.....	5 00
Every survey of damaged goods on the wharf or in store, value under \$200, and certificate.....	3 00
Each subsequent survey, from \$200 to \$500....	4 00
Survey of vessel damaged or arriving in distress, and certificate.....	8 00
Survey of cargo reported to have shifted, and certificate	5 00
Extra copies of certificate and seal.....	1 00
Hearing and settling disputes between master and consignee of ship and owners of cargo \$200 value.....	2 00
From \$200 to \$1,000.....	3 00
Filling papers of auctioneers.....	0 25
Ascertaining if vessel is seaworthy, and certificate.....	8 00
Survey that repairs ordered if not seaworthy have been made, and certificate.....	4 00
General superintending of a ship loading and certificate, under 100 tons register.....	5 00
100 tons and under 150 tons register.....	6 00
150 " " 200 " "	7 00
200 " " 300 " "	8 00
300 " " 400 " "	9 00
400 " " and upwards "	10 00
Vessels putting in, in distress from any port other than a port in Prince Edward Island as under—	

For every 1,000 bushels wheat and peas.....	Cts. 10
" " " barley.....	8
" " " oats	13
" " " corn	5
" barrels flour.....	70
Coal oil per barrel.....	$\frac{1}{2}$
Ores and minerals per ton.....	2
Lumber and all other descriptions of timber per ton weight.....	2

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 16th March, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Rules and By-Laws respecting the Office of Port Warden, for all the Ports in the Province of Prince Edward Island, have been approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 14th day of March, 1882, in accordance with the provisions of the Act 37 Victoria, chapter 32, intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Port Wardens at certain Ports in the Dominion.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (6).

No. 1.

Leave of absence.

Leave of absence has been granted to Major General Luard, Commanding the Militia, from 1st April to 30th June, 1882, on private affairs. During his absence the command devolves on Colonel Powell, Adjutant General of Militia, to whom all reports will be made.

No. 2.

Empty ammunition Boxes and Barrels.

Officers having in their possession empty boxes and barrels in which small arm ammunition has been issued, are to return all such boxes and barrels to the nearest District Store. They are also to notify the Storekeeper of the date the articles were forwarded, and the conveyance by which they were sent.

No. 3.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE OF CANADA.

Staff.

A step of local rank in the Army has been granted to the following officer, employed in the Royal Military College of Canada, from the date specified:—

Major Edgar Kensington, Royal Artillery, to be Lieutenant Colonel, from 30th November, 1881.

No. 4.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

12th Battalion of Infantry, "York Rangers."

No. 1. Company, Scarborough.

To be Captain:

William M. Cooper, V.B., from Retired List of Lieutenants, vice Charles William Lea, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

Lieutenant Robert Woods is hereby permitted to retire with the rank of 2nd Lieutenant.

To be Paymaster:

James Richard Stevenson, M.S., from Retired List of Captains, vice Marshal B. Irwin, left limits.

No. 8 Company, Yorkville.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Charles Edmund Brooke, Gentleman, vice Symons, promoted.

22nd Battalion "Oxford Rifles."

This Battalion is hereby authorized to use the following Badge and Motto:—

A Maltese cross having at each of its angles a British Lion, and in the centre the numerals **22** encircled by the additional designation of the Battalion "The Oxford Rifles." The whole encircled by a wreath of Maple leaves surmounted by the Imperial Crown, with the Motto "*Pro aris et focis*" on the wreath, at base of badge.

To be Major:

Captain and Brevet Major Richard Yates Ellis, V.B., from No. 4 Company, vice Brevet Lieutenant Colonel William George Wonham who is hereby permitted to retire retaining his Brevet rank.

24th "Kent" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 7 Company, Windsor.

The "Windsor" Infantry Company, in the County of Essex, hereby ceases to be an Independent Company, and is attached to this Battalion as No. 7 Company.

25th "Elgin" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 7 Company, Leamington.

The "Leamington" Infantry Company, in the County of Essex, hereby ceases to be an Independent Company, and is attached to this Battalion as No. 7 Company.

39th "Norfolk" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 7 Company, Port Dover.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant Ward Louis Sovereign, vice Alderson, resigned.

47th "Frontenac" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 6 Company, Wolfe Island.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Michael Amos Kemp, Gentleman, vice Hiram Davis who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

2nd Lieutenant Hugh Abbott having left limits his name is hereby removed from the list of Officers of the Active Militia.

BREVET.

To be Major, as a special case:

Captain William Dunlop Gordon, M.S., Adjutant 14th Battalion; from 27th June, 1878.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Lieutenant George Williams, M.S., No. 1 Company, 42nd Battalion; from 29th March, 1882.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

8th Battalion "Royal Rifles," Quebec.

No. 3 Company.

To be Lieutenant, from 1st March, 1882:

Francis Holloway, Gentleman, M.S., vice Young, resigned.

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant Edmond Gustave Joly is hereby accepted.

No. 5 Company.

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant John Chapman McClimont is hereby accepted.

No. 6 Company.

To be Captain, provisionally:

John David Gilmour, Esquire, vice George Hamilton Thomson whose resignation is hereby accepted.

11th Battalion of Infantry "Argenteuil Rangers."

No. 5 Company, East Gore.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Thomas Evans, M.S., vice Shirritt, retired.

23rd "Beauce" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 3 Company, St. François.

Memo.—That portion of No. 3 of General Orders (4) 3rd March, 1882, in which the resignation is accepted of 2nd Lieutenant Hermias Dupuis, is hereby cancelled.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

8th Regiment of Cavalry.

No. 4 Troop.

The Head Quarters of this Troop are hereby changed from "Upham" to "Hammond."

PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Prince Edward Island Provisional Brigade of Garrison Artillery.

The formation of a Provisional Brigade of Garrison Artillery having its Head Quarters at Charlottetown, P.E.I., is hereby authorized, to be designated the "Prince Edward Island Provisional Brigade of Garrison Artillery," and to be composed as follows, viz:—

No. 2 Charlottetown Battery, G.A., to be No. 1 Battery.

No. 1 Charlottetown Battery G.A., to be No. 2 Battery.

Georgetown Battery G.A., to be No. 3 Battery.

To be Major Commanding:

Captain James Douglas Irving, G.S., from No. 1 Battery.

No. 1 Battery, Charlottetown.

To be Captain:

1st Lieutenant George Passmore, Q.F.O. Arty., vice Irving, promoted.

No. 2 Battery, Charlottetown.

To be Captain, provisionally:

Frederick Strong Moore, (Captain late 1st Queen's County Regiment), vice Pollard, retired.

To be 1st Lieutenant, provisionally:

Daniel Davis, Junior, Gentleman, vice Passmore.

To be Paymaster:

2nd Lieut. Edward Palmer, from No. 2 Battery.

No. 5.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

ROYAL SCHOOLS OF GUNNERY.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

FIRST CLASS "SHORT COURSE" CERTIFICATE.

Infantry.

Captain David English Jackson, No. 2 Company, 41st Battalion.

SCHOOLS OF MILITARY INSTRUCTION.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATE.

Lieutenant George Williams, No. 1 Company, 42nd Battalion.

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of March, 1882, incorporating James McKay, farmer, of Kingston, James W. Grant, miller, of Hopewell, Isaac McNaughton, farmer, of Riverton, John Ross, farmer, of New Glasgow, Henry S. Poole, coal mine manager, of Stellarton, Henry B. Kendrick, manufacturer, of Riverton, Robert A. Walker, merchant, of New Glasgow, Isaac A. Grant, merchant of Pictou, Robert P. Fraser, druggist, of Pictou, Joseph McNaughton, farmer, of Riverton, and Duncan C. Fraser, barrister at law, of New Glasgow, all in the County of Pictou, in the Province of Nova Scotia, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of manufacturing, selling and dealing in all kinds of woollen cloths, and the owning and hiring of buildings and lands necessary therefor, throughout the Dominion of Canada, by the name of the "Eureka Woollen Mill Company," with a total capital stock of thirty thousand dollars, divided into three thousand shares of ten dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of March, 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 20th day of March, 1882, incorporating Sir Hugh Allan, Knight, Andrew Allan, Gentleman, Thomas D. Milburne, Gentleman, Charles Stinson, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, and Frederick Smith Stinson, of Compton, in the said Province of Quebec, farmer, for the purpose of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other live stock, and the carrying on, in all its branches, of stock-raising at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with power to acquire and hold, either by purchase or otherwise, all lands and tenements necessary and requisite for the purposes, use and occupation, and the carrying out the purposes of the company, and the same to sell, lease and sub-let, by the name of "The North West Cattle Company, (limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of March, 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the fourteenth day of March, 1882, incorporating Robert Irving Walker, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, merchant, the Reverend William Bee, of the same place, Methodist minister, Robert Walker, of the same place, merchant, the Reverend Thomas Griffith, of the town of Brampton, in the Province of Ontario, Methodist minister, and Robert John Flemming, of the said City of Toronto, merchant, for the purpose of acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons of lands or any interest in lands, in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same; and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien

for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon, at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges; the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada, and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada, by the name of "The Primitive Methodist Colonization Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this thirtieth day of March, 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of March, 1882, incorporating the Honourable John Hamilton, Senator, George A. Drummond, merchant, Alexander Murray, merchant, John McDougall, manufacturer, and Joshua Collins, merchant, all of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of the manufacturing and selling of bags, and the importing, buying and selling of materials required in the manufacture thereof by the name of "The Canada Jute Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 29th day of March, 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of March, 1882, incorporating Alexander Manning, Esquire, Arthur Radcliff Boswell, Esquire, Abraham William Lauder, Esquire, John Small, Gentleman, George Burrowes Gordon, Esquire, Horace Thorne, Esquire, William James Baines, broker, Andrew Heron, Gentleman, William Henry Knowlton, merchant, and Thomas Davies, brewer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of issuing stock, purchasing, holding, improving and leasing or selling lands, freehold and leasehold, by the name of "The Toronto, Manitoba and North West Land Company, (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into two thousand shares of fifty dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of March, 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the fourteenth day of March, 1882, incorporating George Maclean Rose, publisher, William Penberton Page, editor of the *Canadian Farmer*, Arthur Farley, merchant, John N. Lake, land agent, Joseph Alpheus Livingston, manufacturer and importer, David Miller, merchant, Henry O'Hara, insurance agent, Daniel Rose, publisher, Joseph B. King, Grand Secretary Independent Order of Oddfellows, Hubert Bartlett, Manager of the Toronto Bridge Company, Joseph

Wild, Doctor of Divinity, J. Watson Hughes, commission merchant, John Potts, Doctor of Divinity, William J. Hunter, Doctor of Divinity, Arthur Worth, accountant, Joseph Lucas, Assistant Inspector Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company, Charles Marriott, commercial traveller, William Reford, commission merchant, George Patterson, merchant, Frederick Weir Harcourt, solicitor, John Hurst, insurance agent, Robert Houghton, Gentleman, Barry Moore, merchant, Thomas McCracken, lumber merchant, Henry E. Caxton, barrister, David S. Keith, merchant, Thomas B. Rolph, barrister, all of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; William Clark, farmer, and Lawrence C. Lee, farmer, both of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, in the said Province: George Cox, Gentleman, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, in the said Province; George Jackson, land owner, of Downsview, in the said County of York; David D. Hay, Division Court Clerk of Listowell, in the County of Perth, in the said Province; Robert Barber, merchant, of Streetsville, in the County of Peel, in the said Province; John R. Barber, merchant, of Georgetown, in the County of Halton, in the said Province; Thomas Webster, Grand Scribe, Sons of Temperance of Brantford, in the County of Brant, in the said Province; George Douglas, Doctor of Divinity, of the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, and Charles Turner, clergymen, of Davenport, in the said County of York, for the purposes of—(a) Acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territories of Canada, with a view of colonizing and settling the same. (b) With power to contract with the purchasers and settlers of the lands that intoxicating liquors or alcoholic beverages shall not be manufactured or sold in the settlement. (c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the Company in any part of Canada. (d) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same. (e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the Company and to colonize the same and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money. (f) To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide, and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. (g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company. (h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto throughout the Dominion of Canada,—by the name of "The Temperance Colonization Society," with a total capital stock of two million dollars divided into twenty thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this thirtieth day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

40-3

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 22nd March, 1882.

WHEREAS the Secretary of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has made application stating that it is not practicable in the case of certain specified works on the Eastern extension of that line, to comply with the requirements of the 3rd Section, 44 Vic., Cap. 24; and a report having been received from the Government Inspecting Engineer stating that the works in question being situated at a terminal point

of the railway, arrangements can be made for working the trains through them with safety, providing that the company enforce an order to bring all freight trains going south to a stand before reaching the structures and to strictly prohibit brakemen or others being on the top of cars passing through same,—

Notice is hereby given that by Order in Council of 20th March 1882, His Excellency the Governor General, under the discretionary powers conferred by the section, and provided that the company agree to enforce the regulation suggested in the Report of the Inspecting Engineer, has been pleased to exempt the undermentioned works from its operation:

1. The Tunnel at Brockville.
2. The Bridge in front of the Tunnel and under the Grand Trunk Railway at Brockville.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

39-3

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of February, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	229,448 97	.....
Malt Liquor	75 00	.....
Malt	34,837 28	.....
Tobacco	125,422 37	.....
Petroleum Inspection	1,718 98	.....
Manufactures in Bond	2,149 61	.....
Seizures	144 69	.....
Other Receipts	445 50	.....
Total Excise Revenue		394,242 40
Canals .....		.....
Slides and Booms		1,091 03
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c. ....		.....
Minor Public Works		240 60
Culling Timber		394 58
Inspection of Weights and Measures		1,361 32
Inspection of Gas		205 00
Bill Stamps		14,255 75
Total		411,790 68

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, March 23rd, 1882.

39-tf

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of February 1882, incorporating Bennett Rosamond, of the Town of Almonte, in the County of Lanark, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, woollen manufacturer; George Stephen, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, The Honorable Donald Alexander Smith, Alexander Ewan, merchant, Jonathan Hodgson, merchant, Robert Mackay, merchant, and James Alexander Cantlie, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion of Canada; and William Rosamond, of the Town of Cobourg, in the County of Northumberland, in the said Province of Ontario, woollen manufacturer, for the purpose of the manufacturing of knitted goods, the buying and selling of the same, and the owning or hiring of lands, docks, buildings and plant necessary therefor, and all business connected therewith and incidental thereto, within the Dominion of Canada, by the name of "The Almonte Knitting Company," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars

divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-second day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

39-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of March, 1882, incorporating Francis Clemow, coal merchant, Charles T. Bate, President of the Ottawa Gas Company, Charles Magee, real estate agent, all of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; Robert Blackburn, of New Edinburgh, in the said County of Carleton, merchant, the Honourable Richard William Scott, of Ottawa aforesaid, barrister-at-law, Henry N. Bate, of Ottawa aforesaid, merchant, Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa aforesaid, barrister-at-law; Edward Anderson C. Pew, of the Town of Welland, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Alexander Fraser, of Westmeath, in the County of Renfrew, in the said Province of Ontario, lumber merchant, and James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the County of Ottawa, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion of Canada, President of the Bank of Ottawa, for the purpose of acquiring lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories of Canada, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals; the colonizing, settling and selling the said lands; the survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building on the same, the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging, and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands, and on sales of land by the company, the securing by way of mortgage from the purchaser, payment of the purchase money or any unpaid balances thereof, with interest, on such terms as may be agreed upon; the advance of money to settlers on lands purchased from the company to assist in improving the same, and the securing repayment of such advances, with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement, as may be mutually agreed upon; the erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber; the breeding, raising, buying and selling of cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches, of farming and stock raising throughout the Dominion of Canada,—by the name of “The Ottawa and North West Land Company (Limited),” with a total capital stock of \$200,000, divided into 2,000 shares of \$100.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

39-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of March, 1882, incorporating the Honourable Alexander Mackenzie, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; James Beaty, the younger, of the same place, barrister-at-law; George Albertus Cox, of the Town

of Peterborough, in the Province of Ontario, Railway Manager; Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto aforesaid, merchant, and Frederick Charles Denison, of the same place, barrister-at-law, for the purpose of acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments, or any corporation or persons, of lands, or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof, the erection of buildings, and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take and receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada,—by the name of “The British Canadian Colonization Company (Limited),” with a total capital stock of \$1,000,000, divided into 10,000 shares of \$100.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of March 1882.

39-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 28th February, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,831,759 50
Excise.....	419,738 21
Post Office.....	132,044 55
Public Works, including Railways.	101,874 22
Bill Stamps	14,972 10
Miscellaneous	137,239 42
	<u>\$ 2,637,628 00</u>
Revenue to 31st January, 1882.....	18,987,191 65
	<u>\$21,624,819 65</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,236,886 88
do 31st January, 1882.....	15,719,930 37
	<u>\$16,956,817 25</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st March, 1882.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British
Columbia, for February, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total,
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	45,613 00	1,212 00	46,825 00
do Fisheries.....	290,549 00	2,301 00	292,850 00
do Forest.....	304,534 00	18,988 00	323,522 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,084,959 00	17,508 00	1,102,467 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,077,633 00	149,805 00	2,227,438 00
Manufactures.....	207,494 00	29,174 00	236,668 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	31,666 00	1,364 00	33,020 00
Totals.....	4,042,448 00	220,352 00	4,262,800 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Total.....	4,042,448 00	220,352 00	4,262,800 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 28th March, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

SUMMARY STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....		\$8,818 00	\$1,862 37
Agricultural Implements.....		6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter.....	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....		112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....		24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" " U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 81
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States.....	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures.....	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	412,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of February, 1882 Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Jan., 1882	\$8,190,037 64	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$319,369 53
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	540,411 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	3,300 92	Balance:—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,357,167 52
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	57,212 51
	8,733,749 56		8,414,380 03
			8,733,749 56

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 21st March, 1882

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1st MARCH, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Antioch	Sinclair	Muskoka O..	E. Garnett.
Balfour	Marysburg	Prince Edward.. ..O..	George A. McLaughlin.
Blessington, re-opened	Tyendinaga	Hastings, E.R. O.	Mrs. Almira Robertson.
Britton	Elma	Perth, N.R. O..	W. W. Stevensen.
αCape Egmont	Tp. 15	Prince	P.E.I. A. L. Gallant.
Creelford	Sec. 32, Tp. 12, R. 16 W....	Manitoba	W. H. Muckle.
Dalmeny	Osgoode	Russell	O.. John C. Cameron.
Deloraine	Sec. 19, Tp. 2, R. 22 W....	Manitoba	George F. Newcombe.
Desford	Sec. 15, Tp. 2, R. 20 W....	Manitoba	Erskine Nicol.
Essexville	Monmouth	Peterborough, E.R.....O..	Daniel Esson.
Falkland, re-opened	Brantford	Brant, S.R. O..	C. Parker.
Farewell	Arthur	Wellington, N.R.....O..	William Allan.
Langvale	Sec. 2, Tp. 6, R. 18 W..	Manitoba	George M. Lang.
Lemieux, reopened	South Plantagenet.....	Prescott	O. A. Chessier.
Rockway Valley	Amherst	Ottawa	Q.. C. Sinclair.
St. Remi d'Amherst	Amherst	Ottawa	Q.. E. Thomas.
Stagsburn	Low	Ottawa	Q.. A. McDonald.
Sidney	Sec. 6, Tp. 11, R. 12..	Manitoba	Thomas Babb.
Souris	Sec. 33, Tp. 7, R. 21	Manitoba	J. Dolmage.
Sourisburg	Sec. 20, Tp. 7, R. 17.....	Manitoba	Jabez Elliott.
Seckerton	Moore	Lambton	O.. Thomas Johnston.
Turtle Mountain	Sec. 32, Tp. 2, R. 21	Manitoba	A. N. Tregent.
Wakopa	Sec. 29, Tp. 1, R. 18.....	Manitoba	Clovis Guerin.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

— — —
OFFICES CLOSED.

Baltic

Dog Creek.....

Hansford.....

NAME CHANGED.

Mull River, Co. Inverness, N.S. to Glencoe.

αOpened on 1st January 1882.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME LE QUEBEC, ON THE 28TH FEBRUARY, 1882.

LIABILITIES.										
CAPITAL.										
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	267,958 41					5,855,435 33	180,000 00	91,066 05	6,394,459 84
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00						3,098,732 60	83,000 00	114,499 56	3,296,232 16

ASSETS.										
Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....		600 00	2,522,948 88	1,610,298 69	1,014,950 20	180,000 00		*442,235 96	7,128,747 73	
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94		1,004,995 97	127,995 22	1,169,207 47	83,000 00	237,220 00	129,581 75	3,568,520 83	

• Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,283,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45

	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85				
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25				
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65				
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00				
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00				
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75				

Fractional Notes.....	174,838 85
Provincial ".....	145,665 65
Montreal issue.....	7,163,018 00
Toronto ".....	4,849,403 50
Halifax ".....	1,783,722 50
St. John ".....	665,645 75
Victoria ".....	27,260 50
Total.....	\$14,809,554 75

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on
the 28th February..... 2,476,386 78
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures 2,920,000 00
5,396,386 78

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under
Vic. 43, cap. 13—
10 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75 1,480,955 47
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—
15 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75 2,221,433 21 \$3,702,388 68
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 1,693,998 10
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13. 12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75..... 11,107,166 07
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 892,833 93

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 1,693,998 10
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 892,833 93
Total Excess..... 2,586,832 03

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th November, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Oct., 1881.	Deposits for November, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, November, 1881.	Balance, 30th Nov., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	488,944 71	35,331 15	524,275 86	27,535 08	496,740 78
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	333,906 86	85,238 11	419,234 97	52,905 72	366,329 25
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,313,958 40	71,176 00	1,385,134 40	63,536 64	1,321,597 76
Nanaimo.....	138,159 01	3,777 00	141,936 01	1,225 00	140,711 01
New Westminster.....	161,582 87	16,144 00	177,726 87	6,851 63	170,875 24
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	115,823 47	10,029 00	125,852 47	3,254 84	122,597 63
Antigonish.....	30,809 56	2,647 00	33,456 56	3,022 20	30,434 36
Annapolis.....	112,207 52	8,729 00	120,936 52	5,232 43	115,704 09
Arichat.....	120,042 27	3,709 74	123,752 01	1,690 13	122,061 88
Acadia Mines.....	26,685 61	1,286 00	27,971 61	544 00	27,427 61
Baddeck.....	33,278 16	3,182 00	36,460 16	1,246 36	35,213 80
Bridgewater.....	17,974 89	3,776 00	21,750 89	2,502 60	19,248 29
Barrington.....	30,752 50	932 00	31,734 50	774 14	30,960 36
Digby.....	57,315 82	4,741 00	62,056 82	2,838 63	59,218 19
Guysboro'.....	41,599 82	15,349 00	56,948 82	5,359 66	51,589 16
Halifax.....	2,236,833 21	95,965 74	2,332,798 95	71,598 62	2,261,200 33
Kentville.....	81,766 24	7,260 03	89,026 27	4,362 67	84,663 60
Liverpool.....	110,303 05	3,051 00	113,354 05	4,093 22	109,260 83
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65		12 65		12 65
Lingan.....	9,035 05	971 00	10,006 05	5 21	10,000 84
Lunenburg.....	65,676 34	2,059 00	67,735 34	5,187 40	62,547 94
Maitland.....	44,877 95	576 00	45,453 95	1,896 45	43,557 50
New Glasgow.....	86,569 65	6,096 00	92,665 65	3,542 61	89,123 04
Parrsboro'.....	40,080 16	2,829 00	42,909 16	497 28	42,411 88
Port Hood.....	43,810 26	4,068 00	47,878 26	2,070 00	45,808 26
Pictou.....	38,168 65	240 00	38,408 65	512 78	37,895 87
Shelburne.....	30,023 21	2,376 00	32,399 21	1,193 63	31,205 58
Sydney.....	153,948 95	9,544 00	163,492 95	4,765 97	158,726 98
Sherbrooke.....	31,187 04	836 00	32,023 04	602 00	31,421 04
Truro.....	176,624 90	9,525 99	186,150 89	8,168 14	177,982 75
Wallace.....	6,500 75	1,908 00	8,438 75	597 25	7,841 50
Windsor.....	352,352 05	7,005 00	359,357 05	7,609 47	351,747 58
Weymouth.....	49,992 06	3,182 00	53,175 06	1,261 94	51,913 12
Yarmouth.....	271,128 63	12,044 00	283,172 63	3,806 28	279,366 35
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	60,316 83	3,292 00	63,608 83	1,838 89	61,769 94
Chatham.....	179,505 78	4,108 00	183,613 78	3,801 48	179,812 30
Dalhousie.....	133,595 25	7,517 00	141,112 25	528 29	140,583 96
Dorchester.....	15,809 48	395 00	16,204 48	100 67	16,103 81
Fredericton.....	258,012 83	17,065 26	275,078 09	13,809 55	261,268 54
Hillboro'.....	18,441 17	2,038 00	20,479 17	918 00	19,561 17
Moncton.....	112,307 30	11,533 00	123,840 30	9,415 00	114,425 30
Newcastle.....	120,117 56	2,899 00	123,016 56	3,491 20	119,525 36
Richibucto.....	64,095 07	1,310 00	65,405 07	345 00	65,060 07
St. Andrews.....	185,910 52	7,565 00	193,475 52	1,375 32	192,100 20
St. John.....	1,538,716 94	52,487 00	1,591,203 94	27,690 86	1,563,513 08
Sussex.....	3,002 00	5,199 00	8,201 00		8,201 00
Woodstock.....	167,676 85	14,404 00	182,080 86	3,520 44	178,560 42
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	664,437 20	34,593 00	699,030 20	26,175 84	672,854 86
Total.....	10,373,997 06	600,040 02	10,974,037 08	393,300 52	10,580,736 56

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 7th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$9,733 Montreal Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock. (Accepted at \$20,000).....	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).....	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Insurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The British Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,933—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000).....	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine, (Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash.....	Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$20,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Fire and Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$86,300 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$77,650).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company, (Hamilton).....	F. R. Despard, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$35,000 cash, \$15,000, City Victoria, B.C. Bonds.....	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Mon. Harb. Bonds; \$9,733 Mon. Warehous. bds. and \$400 stock. (Accepted at \$51,000)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal.....	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock.....	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,030 cash. (Accepted at \$151,730).....	Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000.....	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	(Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg., Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B).....	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life; Plate Glass Insurance.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Fell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Life.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life;

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586)	Life.
The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000, U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50,171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, and \$15,200 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$73,630).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life)	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbour bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,667, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$93,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,400 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,040.36. (Accepted at \$30,200). \$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life and Accident
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.. ..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.....	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	B. A. Ramsay, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford. Secretary, Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$50,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company have given notice of their intention of retiring from business and have applied for the release of their deposit on 1st March, 1882.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st December, 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000	\$4,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities	1,727 56	Short term	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada	\$93,249 81
		France	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months	171,555 73
		Office furniture and fixtures	389 51
		Other Assets	2,054 24
			2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned

Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

- 1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"
- 2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
- 3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether

they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882. 39-27

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for an Act to incorporate "The Ocean Mutual Insurance Company," for the purpose of carrying on the business of Ocean Marine Insurance in the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM & TUPPER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Halifax, 25th January, 1882. 32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company, to construct and operate a line of railway, commencing at a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, in or near Township Ten (10), Range Fourteen (14) West P. M., in the Province of Manitoba, to Rapid City, Oak River, Bird Tail Creek and Fort Ellice, thence to the Touchwood Hills, and thence at or near Fort à la Corne, on the Saskatchewan River, and thence in a north westerly direction to or at or near the Pine River Pass, and

thence to the Pacific Coast, at a point to be determined upon hereafter in the discretion of the company.

BIGGS & WOOD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated January, 1882.

32-9

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the next session of the Dominion Parliament, for an Act to incorporate a company for the erection and maintenance of Booms and other improvements affecting the lumber interest on Rainy River, for the levying of tolls, dues and charges thereon, and for colonization upon the territory bordering on said river.

ALFRED PATRICK,
Parliamentary Agent.

Ottawa, 3rd February, 1882.

32-9

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that a pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from this publication, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada granting to the applicants hereinafter named a charter constituting them and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company sought to be incorporated is "The Anglo Canadian Ranch Company, limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation of the company is sought are the importing into and the breeding and raising of cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North West Territories and elsewhere within Canada; the trading and dealing in them or any of them or any of their products throughout the Dominion of Canada; the shipping of the same to foreign countries; the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, the selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with, all or any part of the property of the company and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, and Dominion of Canada.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in two hundred shares of five hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: James Craig, of the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, farmer; John Hodgins, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, barrister-at-law; Celestin Gagné, of the City of Ottawa, merchant; John Kemp, of the Township of Goulburn, in the said County of Carleton, farmer; Abraham Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, Assessment Commissioner; Joseph Eugène Dupuis, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Adolphus Christin, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Edwin Wood Clark, of the Township of Nepean, in the said County of Carleton, farmer; George Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, merchant; William Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, farmer; John McKinstry, of the said City of Ottawa, real estate agent; Richard Nesbitt, Bishop, of the said City of Ottawa, hotel keeper; Thomas Cameron Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Harmonic Gerald Bate, of the said City

of Ottawa, merchant, and Richard Craig, of the Village of Kempville, in the County of Grenville, merchant.

6. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

JOHN HODGINS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited."

2. To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand five hundred, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Stewart, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Herron, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Hugh MacLennan, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, forwarder; Archibald Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; McLeod Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; Francis Henry Chrysler, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law, and Joseph James Gormully, of the said City of Ottawa, barrister-at-law. Whereof the said Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart and Joseph James Gormully are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 30th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company, shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ontario and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Dominion of Canada from the Governments of Canada or of the Provinces, companies and private individuals.

(b) The settling, colonizing, surveying, laying out, and improving, draining, clearing, cultivating, building on and otherwise dealing with the same.

(c) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with land and all manner of interests in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting of settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payments of such advances with interest by way of mortgage or agreement or otherwise, the granting of loans or bonuses to enterprises for the opening up or improving of such lands; with power to borrow and invest money, to mortgage the lands of the company or any part thereof for the purposes aforesaid, or for any of the purposes of the company, and all such other powers as are useful and necessary in promoting, aiding and encouraging immigration and the settlement and opening up of the country, and to advance the objects of the company.

3. The chief place of business is to be in the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$500,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be five thousand of the sum of \$100 each.

6. The names in full and addresses of the applicants are, John Bacon, Esquire, Silas James, P.L.S., Robert McPhail, merchant, Edmund Henry Duggan, barrister, Ogle Robert Peck, Esquire, John Austin Worrell, barrister, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, estate agent, John J. Cook, Esquire, and Matthew Walton, agent, all of the City of Toronto; Thomas Armstrong, of the Village of Yorkville, in the County of York, Doctor of Medicine, and Richard Shaw Wood, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman; of whom the said John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong and Richard Shaw Wood are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE & WORRELL,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the under-mentioned persons and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Bow River Ranch Company, Limited," for the purposes of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep, swine and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock farming, at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territories of the Dominion and elsewhere within Canada; with power to take, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise acquire land, ranches, cattle runs, and any rights or privileges which the company may deem necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business in selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company; also power to acquire or construct saw mills, grist mills, woolen mills or other industrial establishments, and manufacture lumber, flour and other products of those establishments; also, power to dig, excavate, mine, purchase and sell coal or other minerals which may be found in or on the lands of the company in any part of the Dominion; also, power to build wharves, and build or lease barges or steam craft and run the same on Bow River or its connecting waters.

The chief place of business of the company is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

The capital stock of the company to be forty thousand dollars, to be divided into four hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the applicants are Charles McMichael, Esquire, Archibald Young, Esquire, both of the city of Toronto; George Augustus Muttibury, of the city of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Alexander Begg, of Orillia, mill owner, and Alexander Gemmel, of the city of Toronto, merchant.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

McMICHAEL, HOSKIN & OGDEN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Thomas Beattie, merchant, George S. Birrell, merchant, and Charles B. Hunt, miller, Samuel Grigg, hotel keeper, William McGregor, physician, and Andrew McCormack, merchant, all of the City of London, Ontario, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The London Colonization Company of Canada (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—to purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada, to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting on any terms or system that may be considered advisable, to stock the same lands and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce to work; convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral productions of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property, and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration unto the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada, and with power to act

as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal property for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the said proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$100,000, in 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The above mentioned applicants who are all residents of Canada are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

MEREDITH & MEREDITH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 22nd March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The New Brunswick and North-West Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money in the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may

be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Simeon Jones, of the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, banker; John Livingstone, of the same place, journalist; Charles Henry Fairweather, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Tuck, of the same place, barrister; Howard D. Troop, of the same place, shipowner; William Henry Thorne, of the same place, merchant; Ezekiel McLeod, Tigh Richmond Harrison, George W. Burbidge and William Pugsley, the younger, of the same place, barristers; Alfred B. Sheraton, of the same place, merchant; Oliver T. Stone, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; Robert R. Call, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, in the said Province; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, Kings County, in the said Province, mining engineer, and E. Byron Winslow, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister, of whom the said Simeon Jones, John Livingstone, William H. Tuck, Howard D. Troop and William H. Thorne, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

HARRISON & BURBIDGE,
Solicitors for applicants.

Saint John, N.B., 17th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Western Ontario Commercial Travellers Colonization and Land Company" (limited).

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: William Lind, of the city of London, Ontario, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Robert Cathcart Macfie, of the same place, merchant; John Green, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, Gentleman; John Burnett Laing, of the same place, merchant; George Sunby Birrill, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Birrill, of the same place, merchant; Bosom Ashford Mitchell, of the same place, merchant; Moses Masurett, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Herbert Marsh, of the same place, merchant; John Carrington Merritt, of the same place, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; George Robinson, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; James A'Kennedy, of the same place, druggist; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, of the same place, merchant; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; John Drinkwater Ivey, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; Alexander Johnston, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant, and Thomas Muir, of the same place, manufacturer.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada:—William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson, Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Masurett, John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin and John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER & FRASER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, 22nd day of March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Birch Hills Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

4. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the

address and calling of each of the applicants ; that is to say:—William B. Alley, Truro, Charles Annand, Halifax, Alexander Begg, Orillia, George B. Brooks, Toronto, Archibald Bremner, London, Josiah Blackburn, London, James Brown, Welland, Arthur C. Bertram, North Sydney, Malcolm G. Bremner, London, William Cuzner, Ottawa, Edward F. Clarke, Toronto, John Cameron, London, William Campbell, Toronto, John A. Cook, Petrolia, William Cameron, London, James Carrel, Quebec, John J. Crabbe, St. Marys, Edmund J. Daggan, Montreal, William J. Douglas, Toronto, Thos. W. Dyas, Toronto, George Darby, Toronto, John S. Dewar, London, Melvin D. Dawson, London, Walter S. Dingman, Strathroy, Albert Demis, Halifax, Wm. Ewing, St. John, Edwin H. Fogarty, Cobourg, Aimé Gélinas, Montreal, Thomas P. Gorman, Montreal, Henry J. P. Good, Toronto, George F. Gurnett, Ingersoll, Henry Gorman, Sarnia, John M. Harris, Hamilton, George C. Holland, Ottawa, Andrew Holland, Ottawa, James P. Jaffray, Brantford, James Innes, Guelph, Louis P. Kribs, Barrie, Alphonse A. C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, John Livingstone, St. John, Alexander P. Lowry, Toronto, Lowery Brothers, Toronto, Hugh M. Matthewson, Toronto, Francis R. Marceau, Montreal, Charles W. Mitchell, Ottawa, Charles A. Matthews, Toronto, Thomas D. S. Moore, Toronto, Geo. Thomas Moore, Liverpool, William C. Milner, Sackville, Thomas W. Michael, Aylmer, Wallace Maclean, Toronto, James J. McIntosh, Guelph, John McKillop, St. John, John Maclean, Toronto, Murdoch Y. McLean, Seaforth, Joseph McLeod, Fredericton, Richard McElheran, London, John R. Narraway, St. John, Geo. C. Ohren, Montreal, Alexander F. Pirie, Toronto, Samuel E. Pettigrew, Toronto, Thos. H. Preston, Toronto, Robert A. Payne, St. John, Carroll Ryan, Ottawa, Thomas J. Richardson, Ottawa, Ephraim P. Roden, Toronto, C. Blackett Robinson, Toronto, George A. Simpson, Battleford, Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., Edward R. Smith, St. Johns, James L. Stewart, St. John, Henry E. Smallpiece, Guelph, Wm. Templeman, Almonte, Arthur F. Wallis, Toronto, Isaac Watson, Compton, S. Frank Wilson, Toronto, Charles A. Wilson, Toronto, Richard White, Montreal, Thos. White, Montreal, Edward Willis, St. John, Wm. Watt, jr., Brantford, James M. Walker, Perth, Hiram Weir, Halifax, Edward Flood, Lindsay, Fred. Going, Toronto, Josiah J. Bell, Picton, Henry C. Stovel, Winnipeg, John A. Mackenzie, Prescott, Frederick G. Neelin, Seaforth, Edward M. Farrel, Liverpool, John E. Gemmill, Selkirk West, Henry Hough, Cobourg, Frederick W. James, St. John, James A. S. Mott, St. John, John E. Collins, Toronto, Nicholas Flood Davin, Toronto, Thos. Galbraith, Toronto, Frederick J. Gissing, Goderich, Percy Hamilton, Halifax, Henry J. Hubertus, Ottawa, Wm. Magee, London, Henry C. Bell, Toronto, Alex. McCleneghan, Woodstock, James J. White, Ottawa, James Watt, Toronto, Thomas A. Spence, Winnipeg, John F. Shaw, Toronto, Wm. Wesley, Barrie, Samuel Wesley, Barrie, George B. Bradley, Toronto, Geo. Johnson, Toronto, George R. Kingsmill, Ottawa, William Demiss, Halifax, Albert Horton, Toronto, Robert S. White, Montreal, George Eyvel, Toronto, Arch. McNee, Winnipeg, each and all of whom are journalists.

Of whom the said John Livingston, Arthur C. Bertram, Robert White, Albert Horton, and George Bradley Bradley, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 30th March, 1882.

40 6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for a charter of incorporation by Letters Patent, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate

under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say :

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Fort Edmonton Land Company of Canada (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation by the said company is sought are :

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company; and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storerooms and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3 The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the city of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is three hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of the said company is to be three thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and callings of the said applicants are as follows:—George Gordon Dustan, of Woodside House, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; the Honorable Jedediah Slason Carvell, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, merchant and Senator; John Leonard Harris, of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; John Smith Maclean, of the said city of Halifax, merchant, and President of the Bank of Nova Scotia; the Honorable Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, merchant and Senator; Malcolm Macleod, of Charlottetown, aforesaid, barrister-at-law; Jeremiah Harrison, of the city of St. John, in the said Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Charles Stewart Wilson, of Picton, in

the County of Prince Edward, in the Province of Ontario, merchant, and Arthur William Hepburn, of Pictou, aforesaid, merchant. All of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are resident in Canada.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 24th March, 1882.

39-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic, under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the said Company shall be "The Federal Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(1) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real or personal property or any interest or estate therein in the Dominion of Canada, including the Provinces and Territories thereof, and to negotiate the purchase and sale of houses, city, town, village and farm property, leases, mortgages, stocks and other securities, and generally to transact any description of commission and agency business.

(2) To improve such property by building upon, fencing, draining or in any other way deemed advisable by the said company, for the use and enjoyment thereof or for encouraging settlement thereon.

(3) To sell, lease, exchange or in any other manner to dispose of all property, real and personal acquired by the company in any way or any interest therein on instalment or on any other terms, and to take, hold and have mortgages for unpaid purchase money with full power to sell, foreclose and dispose of such mortgages, and generally to deal both in the acquirement and disposition of such property in the same manner to the same extent, and with as ample and full powers as a private individual.

(4) To borrow money on the security of any property of the said company or any part thereof, and to raise money upon the credit of the company by the issue of debentures, bonds or other securities, and to grant mortgages, trust deeds or other deeds of security over all or any part of the company's assets for the repayment of all or any part of the money borrowed.

(5) To make investments in the purchase of public funds or debentures of the United Kingdom, Canadian or the United States Government, or the Government of any of the Canadian Provinces or of any municipal corporation, body of public trustees or commissioners, or in any incorporated company in Great Britain, Canada or the United States, and to purchase stocks, shares or deposit receipts of any incorporated company or companies, with full and absolute power to sell, dispose of and deal with the same to the same extent as a private individual.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Hugh Scott, City of Toronto, underwriter; Robert Barber, City of Toronto, merchant; John Fitzallen Ellis, City of Toronto, merchant; Alexander Archibald Allan, City of Toronto, merchant; Thomas Walmsley, City of Toronto, underwriter; William Frederick Carrier, City of Toronto, merchant; William Myddleton Hall, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; James Scott Fullerton, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law.

6. The first eight of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

HALL & FULLERTON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th March, 1882.

39-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The British North American General Farming and Colonizing Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands or any interest in lands, in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, or elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada, by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion of Canada, the Provincial Governments, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company or any corporation or corporations, person or persons.

3. The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

4. The surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, farming, building upon, including mills and machinery, and otherwise dealing with the same.

5. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; and the right to sell and assign such mortgages.

6. To promote, aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

7. To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway, and of steamboats or other vessels or carriages to, from or through lands of the said company; to make roads and to aid, construct, build and operate such works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

8. To own, buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of farm implements, goods and chattels required by the company, or by any person or persons who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and all other powers necessary and incident thereto.

9. To breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock raising, including the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise of cattle ranches or lands specially adapted for grazing purposes, and the working of the same.

10. To acquire woodlands and timber limits within the Dominion, by purchase or otherwise, and to conduct the business of lumberers and timber merchants in all its branches and connections, including the right to own, purchase, prepare, manufacture, transport and sell all kinds of building material, wooden ware, agricultural implements, wagons, carts, &c., to build vessels, ships, boats, docks and piers; to conduct the business of cotton, woolen, and carding mills, of flour and grist milling, of foundry, machine, and blacksmith shops, to acquire and work quarries, mineral and coal lands, and to purchase land and

buildings, mill privileges and water powers, and to erect such buildings necessary to carry on such businesses; to conduct the business of a general wholesale and retail store; to make and work roads, tramways and channels of water and to subscribe for and take stocks in booming and river driving companies and associations, and to own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

11. To borrow on the security of their own debentures, or otherwise, such sum or sums of money as may be necessary, if required for the carrying on of the aforesaid businesses and that with or without security; to purchase and sell, make and endorse bills of exchange and promissory notes; to invest in the security of mortgages on real estate in the Dominion of Canada, or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation within the said Dominion, or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the said Dominion or of any of the Provinces therein, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said businesses for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested, and to do all other things whatsoever incidental to the aforesaid businesses.

12. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, with branches at Winnipeg or elsewhere in Ontario, Manitoba and the North West Territories.

13. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

14. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Mossom Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria, and Province of Ontario, lumber-manufacturer; Mossom Martin Boyd, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; John Macdonald, of the City of Albany, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, lumber merchant; Alexander Niven, of the Village of Haliburton, in the Provisional County of Haliburton, Provincial Land Surveyor; William Thornton Cust Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria aforesaid, lumber manufacturer; and John Augustus Barron, of the Town of Lindsay, in the said County of Victoria, solicitor, all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

JOHN A. BARRON,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Lindsay, 29th March, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877, by Clayton Slater, of the City of Brantford, Ontario, manufacturer; Ignatius Cockshut, of the same place, Gentleman; William Buck, of the same place, manufacturer; James Slater, of the City of London, Ontario, maltster, and John Harris, of the said City of Brantford, manufacturer, for letters patent incorporating them as a company to be known as "The Craven Cotton Company (Limited)," for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing and selling cotton and other fabrics throughout the Dominion of Canada. The head office and chief place of business of the company is to be at the City of Brantford, Ontario. The capital stock is to be two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars divided into two thousand two hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars each. The above named parties are to be the first directors of the said company.

HARDY, WILKES & JONES,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Brantford, 22nd March, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants a body corporate and

politic under the name of "The Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company, (Limited)," for the purposes of acquiring, settling and conveying lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, of improving, cultivating, building upon and otherwise improving the same, of buying and selling grain and other products of the soil, of carrying on farming in all its branches, of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses and other stock, of buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing in lands and all manner of interest in lands, of advancing money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company or otherwise and securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon, and of carrying on trade as general manufacturers, merchants, millers and forwarders, and for establishing agencies in Canada or elsewhere for the purposes aforesaid, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as may be necessary and incident thereto.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, Ontario, with branch offices at Winnipeg, Manitoba, and at Qu'Appelle Valley, N. W. T.

The capital stock of the said company is to be \$600,000, in six thousand shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are, William Robert Bell, of Brockville, province of Ontario, farmer; John Northwood, of the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the said town of Chatham, Gentleman; Robert Crawford, of the town of Brockville aforesaid, Gentleman; William Northwood, of the said town of Chatham, maltster; Francis Carmichael Bruce, of the city of Hamilton, seedsman; Thomas Caldwell Ellwood, of the city of Toronto, electrician; Edmund Burritt, of Easton's Corners in the township of Welford, farmer; William Ryan Thistle, of Ottawa, lumberman; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, of Milford, in the county of Brandon, Manitoba, miller; Charles Frederick Houghton, of the city of Winnipeg, Gentleman, and John Fisher Wood, of the said town of Brockville, barrister, of whom the six first named are to be provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are residents of Canada.

SALTER M. JARVIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

Chatham, Ont., March 24, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock companies Act of 1877, for Letters Patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited."

2. The objects for which incorporation is sought, are the purchasing, holding, selling and leasing timber, timber limits and real estate of every description and the manufacturing of timber into logs, spars, ties, square timber, cordwood, shingles and lumber of every description, and to erect, lease and operate saw mills and flouring mills, either with steam or water power as may be requisite for the purposes of the company; also the purchasing, building, leasing or operating steamboats, barges and vessels, and the carrying thereon of lumber, timber, and merchandize of every description, as well as passengers, and the construction or leasing of all necessary wharves, docks and warehouses for the purpose thereof; also the building and operating of tramways, roads, canals, flumes, dams and booms upon the rivers, streams and creeks used for the purpose of the company.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$350,000 divided into three thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses, and callings of the applicants are respectively as follows:—Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba, lumber manufacturer; James Robert Sutherland, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; Henry Norland Ruttan, of the same place, civil engineer; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor; William Buckingham, of the town of Stratford, Ontario, banker; John Ross, of the township of Grantham, county of Lincoln, Ontario, contractor, and Simon James Dawson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, civil engineer.

6. The first directors of the company are to be the said Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross and Simon James Dawson, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Ottawa, 15th March, 1882.

33-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects herein-after mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessaries for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandize so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon

such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$300,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 3,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, Frederick Howcutt Maulson, commercial traveller, William Glover Hamilton Lowe, commercial traveller, John Allan, commercial traveller, John Brown Mather, commercial traveller, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward John Mahoney, commercial traveller, Edward Carter, merchant, Frank Bennett Halliday, commercial traveller, Richard Rede Davis, commercial traveller, David A. Braid, commercial traveller, Joseph H. Brent, commercial traveller, James Haywood, commercial traveller, William John Thompson, commercial traveller, John Elgin Snider, commercial traveller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford; James Sproule Smith, commercial traveller, Toronto; James F. Egan, commercial traveller, John H. Stone, manufacturer, Edwin A. Dalley, commercial traveller, George E. Hamilton, commercial traveller, William Prentice, commercial traveller, all of Hamilton;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 16th March, 1882.

38-7

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Saskatchewan Forks Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or pri-

privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

5. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say: The following residing in the city of Toronto: George Bradley Bradley, journalist; George Eyvel, journalist; Albert Horton, journalist; George Johnson, journalist; Christopher William Bunting, managing director *Mail Printing Company*; William James Douglas, director *Mail Printing Company*; Edward Frederick Clark, publisher *Orange Sentinel*; Alexander Fraser Pirie, journalist; George Darby, manager *Evening News*; Wallace Maclean, journalist; Nicholas Flood Davin, journalist.

The following residing in the city of Montreal: Thomas White, journalist; Aimé Gelin, journalist; Richard White, managing director *Gazette Printing Company*; François Raymond Marceau, stenographer; Robert Smeaton White, journalist;

The following residing in the city of Ottawa:—Charles W. Mitchell, proprietor *Free Press*; George Roden Kingsmill, journalist; Andrew Holland, journalist; Carroll Ryan, journalist;

The following residing in the City of London: Josiah Blackburn, managing director *Free Press Printing Company*; John Cameron, editor *Daily Advertiser*; and William Dennis, of Halifax, N.S., journalist; Archibald McNee, of Winnipeg, Man., journalist;

James Innes, Guelph, journalist; John Livingstone, St. John, N.B., journalist; Edgar Russell Smith, St. Johns, Que., publisher *News and Frontier Advocate*; Mudo Young McLean, Seaford, Ont., publisher *Huron Expositor*; Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., journalist; Henry Gorman, Sarnia, Ont., publisher *Observer*; Hon. Alphonse A.C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, Man., journalist; Edwin Henry Fogarty, Cobourg, Ont., journalist; James Brown, Welland, Ont., journalist; of whom the said George Bradley Bradley, George Eyvel, Albert Horton, George Johnson, John Roden Kingsmill, Archibald McNee, Robert Smeaton White, William Dennis, Aimé Gelin, are to be the first, or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th March, 1882.

37-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes herein-after mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Alexander G. Ramsay, of the City of Hamilton, General Manager Canada Life Insurance Company; William Hendrie, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; Adam Brown, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; John Dunlop, of the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, Esquire; James Crowther, of the City of Toronto, Esquire; James Scott, of the said City of Toronto, merchant; William Mulock, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire, and Robert H. Bethune, of the said City of Toronto, cashier of the Dominion Bank.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, the 2nd day of March 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by name of "The Dominion Colonizing, Cattle Breeding and Coal Mining Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c.) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d.) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.

(e.) To aid either by way of bonuses or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company, to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use, and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f.) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels, and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g.) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h.) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep, and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(i.) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

The Town of Picton or the City of Toronto to be the chief places of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$190,000. There are to be nineteen hundred shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say, The following residing in the Town of Picton: Charles Stewart Wilson, banker, William Henry Richey Allison, barrister at law, Q. C., James North Carter, George Calvin Curry, James Hart, Joseph Redmond, Charles Alexander Macdonell, Allan Innis Corkindale and Webster Talcott Crandall and William P. Reynolds, merchants, William Wallace Colton, Henry Barthall Evans, and James Bentley Morden, physicians, Stephen Marshall Conger and John William Conger, publishers, Arthur William Hepburn, Robert Clapp, Thomas Bog, Edward Horan and Clarence James McCuaig, Gentlemen. The following residing in the village of Wellington: Joseph B. Ruttan, physician, Gilbert P. Dorland, Gentleman, Paul Charles Vanhorn, Gentleman, and David Clinton, manufacturer; and the following residing in Consequoy: James Albert Johnson, Joseph Pierson, John Byers and Richard John Osborne, merchants; and the following residing in the township of Ameliasburg: William Delong, George Anderson, James Henry Peck and George Cunningham, farmers, and John Sprague, merchant; and the following residing in Sophiasburg;

David Barker Solmes, banker, Wellington Boulter, insurance agent, John Crawford and Edward Doney, farmers; and the following residing in the township of Athol: John Abercrombie, John Waring, Montalbert Werden, John Gibson, Eli Ketchum, Benjamin F. Hubbs, William Kenny and Patrick Bond, farmers; and the following residing at Rednersville: James Redner, merchant; and the following residing in the township of South Marysburg: Carlton McCartney, Wesley Hicks, Nelson Hudgins and Philip Farrington, farmers; and the following residing in the township of North Marysburg: John Prenyer, Gentleman, and David McAuley, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hallowell: Abram Huyck, farmer, and Adam H. Saylor, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hillier: Samuel Jones and Stephen Philip Niles, farmers; and Arthur Harvey, of Toronto, Gentleman, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Picton, 2nd March, 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Morton Dairy Farming and Colonization Company of Manitoba (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, or elsewhere, from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising, more particularly dairy farming, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, with branches at the City of Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be

\$1,000,000 in ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses and callings of each of the applicants are as follows: Thomas Harris Hodgson, merchant, Alfred James Brice, merchant, George Bishop, engraver, Charles Huston, manufacturer, Thomas Cramp, merchant, all of the said city of Montreal; John Macleod Gill, manufacturer, Robert Gill, manufacturer, both of the Town of Brockville, in the Province of Ontario; John Smith, manufacturer, James David Crawford, broker, both of the said City of Montreal; Colin Munro, Sheriff, of the County of Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banker, both of the City of St. Thomas, in the Province of Ontario, and George Morton, of the City of Kingston, Gentleman, of whom the six first named are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

DUNLOP & LYMAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th February, 1882.

36-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter instituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Dominion Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:

Henry Stark Howland, of the City of Toronto in the

Province of Ontario, banker; William Rees Brock, of the same place, merchant; John Ginty, of the same place, contractor; John Gillespie, of the same place, merchant; George A. Muttibury, of the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba, real estate agent, and Jeffrey Hall Brock, of the same place, a gentleman. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 24th February, A. D. 1882. 36-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic, in and by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company." The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

The acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing re-payment for such advances on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon.

To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote emigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid, to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or other vessels, or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incident thereto.

The City of Toronto shall be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$300,000 consisting of 3,000 shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of the applicants are: Nathaniel Clarke Wallace, M.P., merchant, of the Village of Woodbridge, Silas James, Provincial Land Surveyor, James Armstrong, student-at-law, John Jeremiah Cook, merchant, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, accountant, Elgin Schoff, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto; James Duncan, farmer, Emery P. O., John Duncan, farmer, Richmond Hill, Robert Nathaniel Taylor, farmer, Elders Mills—of whom the said N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor and James Duncan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ELGIN SCHOFF,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 9th February, 1882.

34-8

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAINT LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of this company, will be held at No. 5, Moorgate street, in the City of London, England, on Monday, the eighth day of May next, at the hour of twelve o'clock at noon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

ARCHER BAKER,
General Superintendent.

Ottawa, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent upon the capital stock of this institution has been this day declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Banking House, in this City, on and after Monday, the first day of May next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th April next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other purposes, will be held at the Banking House, in this City, at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 31st day of May next.

A resolution for an increase of the capital stock of the Bank, will be submitted to the shareholders by the directors at the annual meeting.

By order of the Board,
R. H. BETHUNE,

Cashier.

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

40-5

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY
(OF CANADA.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the half-yearly ordinary general meeting of shareholders, is appointed to be held on Thursday, the 27th day of April 1882, at the Cannon Street Hotel, Cannon Street, London, England, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, for the purpose of submitting a report and general statement of accounts for the half-year ended on the 31st January last, and for the transaction of other business.

And notice is further given, that the books kept at the office in Canada, for the registration of shares, will be closed on and from the 13th day of April to the day of meeting, both days inclusive, and transfers cannot be received between those dates.

By order,
WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

No. 142, Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C., 20th March, 1882.

39-5

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

ON and after the first of May next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders, a dividend of two and half per cent. on the paid-up capital, for the six months ending on the 30th of April next.

The transfer book will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of April next inclusively.

The annual meeting of the shareholders will take place at the Banking House, Lower Town, on Saturday, the 6th of May next, at 2 o'clock p. m.

By order,
P. LAFRANCE,
Cashier.

Quebec, March 22nd, 1882.

39-5

RED RIVER AND ASSINIBOINE BRIDGE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the above company will be held at the Lands Office of the Hudson's

Bay Company, in the City of Winnipeg, on Monday, the 3rd day of April, 1882, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the said company, and also for authorising the directors to cancel any stock upon which the calls are not paid.

By order,
J. BALSILLIE,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Winnipeg, 9th March, 1882.

38-3

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,
ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-1

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general meeting of the Society of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien will be held the twenty-ninth day of April next (29th April, 1882).

All the shares of the Society being to order, it will be indicated by a second notice, to appear fifteen days at least prior to the date of said meeting, at what place it shall be held.

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.

M. CHEVALIER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 22nd February, 1882.

35-9

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Imperial Bank of Canada will be held at the Head Office of the Bank, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 4th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of authorizing an increase to the capital stock of the Bank.

By order of the Board,
D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 16th February, 1882.

34-7

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire la nomination suivante, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 27 février 1882.

CONN DOWLEY McLAIN, de Saint Peter's Bay, dans la province de l'Île du Prince-Edouard, Ecuyer ; Sous-percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

TARIF DES PEAGES

A être prélevés durant la saison prochaine (1882) par la Compagnie d'Amélioration du Haut de l'Ouataouais, aux endroits ci-dessous mentionnés :

PEAGES.

Par l'estacade des Joachims.

	Par pièce.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{8}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{8}{9}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	2 "

Par l'estacade de Fort William.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds de longueur...	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
Do do 35 pds et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{8}{9}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	2 "

Par l'estacade des Allumettes.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{5}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pieds de longueur...	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do 35 pds et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

Par l'estacade du chenal des Melons.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	10 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{2}{15}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur...	$\frac{1}{6}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur...	$\frac{4}{15}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$\frac{3}{5}$ "

Par l'estacade de la Passe.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{4}{15}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur...	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do de 35 pds et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{5}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ "

Par les améliorations du chenal du Mississippi, Rapides des Chats, et l'estacade de Quio, ou aucun d'eux.

Per pièce.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	2 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	3 "

Par les améliorations de Deschênes jusqu'à la tête de la glissoire de Hull, côté nord.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	2 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	3 "

Par les améliorations de la baie de Thompson.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	2 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	3 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$4\frac{1}{2}$ "

Par les améliorations du Remous du Four à Chaux.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	1 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

Par l'estacade au pied de la glissoire de Hull.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{5}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do 35 pds et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{5}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

CONTRIBUTIONS AUX FRAIS DE SERVICE DES ESTACADES.

Par l'estacade des Joachims.

Par pièce.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	2 cents.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$2\frac{3}{4}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$3\frac{1}{2}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	$5\frac{1}{2}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	8 "
Chêne, orme et autres bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	12 "

Par l'estacade de Fort William.

	Per pièce.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 $\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	1 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	2 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	6 "

Sur l'estacade des Allumettes.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 $\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	1 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	2 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	6 "

Par l'estacade du chenal des Melons.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 $\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	1 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	2 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	6 "

Par les améliorations du chenal Mississippi, Rapides des Chats et l'estacade de Quio, ou aucun d'eux.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	2 "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	4 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	6 "
Chêne, orme et autres bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	9 "

Par les améliorations de la baie de Thompson.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 $\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	1 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	2 $\frac{2}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	6 "

CHAMBRE DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ,
OTTAWA, 10 mars 1882.

Je certifie par le présent que le tarif de péages ci-dessus à être prélevé par la Compagnie d'amélioration du haut de l'Outaouais durant la saison de 1882, a été approuvé par Son Excellence le gouverneur général en Conseil, le 1er jour de mars 1882, en vertu des dispositions de l'acte 38 Vict., chap. 77, (1875).

39-3 J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mardi, 14 mars 1882.

PRESENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL.
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre des douanes et en vertu des sections 9 et 55 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la quarantième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 10, et intitulé "Acte à l'effet d'amender et refondre les actes concernant les douanes, il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil privé de la reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que le port d'Emerson, dans la province de Manitoba, soit et le dit port est par le présent détaché du port de Winnipeg et constitué en port indépendant d'entrée et en port d'entrepôt, à dater du 1er d'avril 1882.

38-3 J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du conseil privé.

ORDRES GENERAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX.

OTTAWA, 31 mars 1882.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (6).

No. 1.

Congé.

Un congé du 1er avril au 30 juin 1882, pour affaires personnelles, a été accordé au major général Luard, commandant la milice. Durant son absence, le commandement passera aux mains du Colonel Powell, adjudant général de milice, à qui tous les rapports devront être faits.

No. 2.

Caisses et barils de cartouches à fusil vides.

Les officiers ayant en leur possession des caisses et barils vides qui ont servi à l'envoi de cartouches à fusil devront les renvoyer au magasin de district le plus voisin. Ils devront aussi avertir le gardien du jour où ces articles seront envoyés et par quelle voie.

No. 3.

COLLÈGE MILITAIRE ROYAL DU CANADA.

Etat-Major.

L'officier dont le nom est ci-dessous employé au Collège Militaire Royal du Canada a obtenu un degré d'avancement, comme grade local dans l'armée; à dater comme suit:—

Le major Edgar Kensington, de l'artillerie royale le grade de lieutenant-colonel du 30 novembre 1881.

No. 4.

MILICE ACTIVE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

*Se bataillon "Carabiniers royaux" Québec.**Compagnie No. 3.*

Est nommé lieutenant, à dater du 1er mars, 1882 :

Francis Holloway, gentilhomme, E.M., vice Young, qui a donné sa démission.

La démission du 2nd Lieutenant Edmond Gustave Joly est par le présent acceptée.

Compagnie No. 5.

La démission du 2nd lieutenant John Chapman McClimont est par le présent acceptée.

Compagnie No. 6.

Est nommé capitaine, provisoirement :

John David Gilmour, écuyer, *vice* George Hamilton Thomson dont la démission est par le présent acceptée.

*11e bataillon d'infanterie "Argenteuil Rangers."**Compagnie No. 5, East Gore.*

Est nommé capitaine :

Lieutenant Thomas Evans, E.M., *vice* Shirritt, qui s'est retiré.

*23e bataillon d'infanterie "Beauce."**Compagnie No. 3, St. François.*

Memo.—Cette partie du No. 3 des ordres généraux (4) du 3 mars 1882, dans laquelle la démission du 2nd lieutenant Hermias Dupuis est acceptée, est par le présent annulée.

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjudant Général de Milice,
Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres-patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 18 mars 1882, constituant en corps politique l'honorable John Hamilton, sénateur, George A. Drummond, marchand; Alexander Murray, marchand; John McDougall, fabricant, et Joshua Collins, marchand, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada, dans le but de manifester et vendre des sacs, importer, acheter et vendre les matériaux requis pour la manufacture de ces articles, sous le nom de "La compagnie de chanvre du Canada" (limitée), avec un fonds social de cinquante mille piastres divisé en cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 29 mars 1882.

40-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 14 mars 1882, constituant en corps politique Alexander Manning, écuyer; Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, écuyer; Abraham William Lauder, écuyer; John Small, gentilhomme; George Burrowes Gordon, écuyer; Horace Thorne, écuyer; William James Baines, courtier; Andrew Horon, gentilhomme; William Henry Knowlton, marchand, et Thomas Davies, brasseur, tous de la cité de Toronto, province d'Ontario, Canada, dans le but d'émettre des obligations, acheter, détenir, améliorer, louer et vendre des terres, sous le nom de "La Compagnie des terres de Toronto, du Manitoba et du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), avec un fonds social de cent mille piastres, divisé en deux mille parts de cinquante piastres.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 29 mars 1882.

40-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

BUREAU DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ.

OTTAWA, 22 mars 1882.

ATTENDU que le secrétaire de la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique a présenté une requête déclarant que c'est une chose impraticable que de se conformer aux exigences de la 3me section, 44 Vict. chap. 24, dans le cas de certains travaux spécifiques sur l'extension Est de cette ligne; attendu de plus qu'un rapport a été reçu de l'ingénieur du gouvernement chargé d'inspecter les travaux, déclarant que les travaux en question sont situés à l'extrémité du chemin de fer et que des arrangements peuvent être pris pour continuer sûrement la circulation des trains à travers les dits travaux, pourvu que la compagnie mette en force un règlement forçant tous les trains de fret allant au sud de s'arrêter avant d'arriver aux constructions et défendant strictement aux serre-freins ou autres personnes de se tenir sur le toit des chars passant à travers des dites constructions,—

Avis est par le présent donné que, par ordre en conseil du 20 mars 1882, il a plu à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général, en vertu des pouvoirs discrétionnaires conférés par la section, et pourvu que la compagnie consente à mettre en force le règlement suggéré dans le rapport de l'ingénieur chargé de faire l'inspection, d'exempter de son opération les travaux suivants :

- 1o Le tunnel de Brockville;
- 2o Le pont en face du tunnel et sous le chemin de fer du Grand-Tronc à Brockville.

39-3

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu des dispositions de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada en date du quinzième jour de mars 1882, constituant en corporation Francis Clemow, marchand de charbon; Charles T. Bate, président de la compagnie du Gaz d'Ottawa; Charles Magee, agent d'immeubles, tous de la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, dans la Puissance du Canada; Robert Blackburn, de New-Edinburgh, dans le dit comté de Carleton, marchand; l'hon. Richard William Scott, d'Ottawa susdit, procureur en droit; Henry N. Bate, d'Ottawa susdit, marchand; Daniel O'Connor, d'Ottawa susdit, procureur en droit; Edward Anderson C. Pew, de la ville de Welland, dans la dite province d'Ontario, écr.; Alexander Fraser, de Westmeath, dans le comté de Renfrew, dans la dite province d'Ontario, marchand de bois, et James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans le comté d'Ottawa, dans la province de Québec, dans la dite Puissance du Canada, président de la Banque d'Ottawa, — dans le but d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus; de coloniser et de vendre les dites terres; d'arpenter d'améliorer, de cultiver les dites terres, d'y construire des maisons, de vendre et d'acheter du grain et autres produits du sol; de vendre, acheter, louer, affermer, hypothéquer, les dites terres et en général d'en disposer de toute façon; et dans le cas de ventes de terres par la compagnie, de s'assurer au moyen d'hypothèque consentie par l'acquéreur, du paiement du prix d'achat ou de toute balance impayée avec intérêt, aux conditions qui seront convenues de part et d'autre; de prêter de l'argent et d'aider aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon au moyen d'hypothèque ou arrangement qu'il aura été convenu mutuellement; d'ériger et d'acquérir des scieries et de manifester et vendre des bois de service; d'élever, croiser, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux et de faire des affaires dans toutes les branches de l'agriculture et de l'élevage des bestiaux, par toute la Puissance du Canada—sous le nom de "Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa et du Nord-Ouest, à responsabilité limitée," avec un fonds social de \$200,000, divisé en 2,000 parts de \$100.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23ème jour de mars 1882.

39-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du havre de Montréal, \$9,733 bons d'emmagasinage de Montréal; \$550 5 p. c. canadiens. (Acceptés à \$20,000)...	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 débetures de municipalités; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée)....		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$20,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fms. p.c.s., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$86,300 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Dominion," maritime et contre l'incendie, de Hamilton.....		F. R. Despard, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$25,000 en espèces, \$15,000 bons de la cité de Victoria, U.-B.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B).....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons munic.; \$15,000 bons du hav. de Mont.; \$9,733 bons d'emmagas. de Montréal, et \$400 actions. (Acceptés à \$51,000).....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000.).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal.....	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens.	Sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,030 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$151,730)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	\$21,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Montréal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800) ..	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens. \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union,"	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
Norwich Angleterre	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$60,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont.	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec	\$60,000 actions de banque et \$15,200 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$73,680)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec			
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen,"	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents principaux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. consolidés canadiens (vie)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
Angleterre			Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres,	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
Angleterre	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal	\$50,400 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents principaux, Montréal	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,667 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515	
La compagnie d'assurance Royale			
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada.	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,681 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal.	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et l'ontine, de Toronto	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto	\$32,400 bons municip. \$1,040.36 en espèces (Acceptés à \$30,200)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect.	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et \$20,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPERATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLIQUES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. E. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.-U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débiteures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav. :\$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemenent, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" a donné avis qu'elle voulait se retirer des affaires, et a demandé le remboursement de son dépôt le 1er mars 1882.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 décembre 1881.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

Etat fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—	
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5.18.26	\$1,823,833 60
Versements sur le capital—	
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant	\$1,205,958 40
Nombre des titres—	
Titres nominatifs	50,000
Titres au porteur	Nil.

<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875 20	Capital social	4,823,833 60
Prêts hypothécaires:		Prêts différés	25,314 01
A long terme	674,716 33	Intérêt payé par anticipation	242 75
A court terme	389,334 50	Divers	1,727 56
	1,064,050 83		
Espèces en caisse et en banque:			
En Canada	93,249 81		
En France	78,305 92		
	171,555 73		
Arrérages de semestres	389 51		
Mobilier	2,054 24		
Divers	2,787 16		
Total de l'actif	4,858,712 67	Total du passif	4,851,117 92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,329, qui rend 7 pour cent.
 Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la sociétéNéant.
 Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt.....Néant.

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Député du Ministre des Finances,

N. S. GARLAND,
 Commis des Statistiques,
 Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr.

Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de février 1882.

Ar

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 janv. 1882.....	\$6,193,037 64	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$319,369 53
Dépôts durant le mois	510,411 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	3,300 92		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,357,167 52
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	57,212 51
			8,414,380 03
	8,733,749 56		\$8,733,749 56

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 21 mars 1882.

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 28 février dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,831,759 50
Excise	419,738 21
Département des Postes.....	132,044 55
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	101,874 22
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	14,972 10
Divers	137,239 42
	<u>\$2,637,628 00</u>
Revenu, 31 janvier 1882.....	18,987,191 65
	<u>\$21,624,819 65</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,236,886 88
do 31 janvier 1882.....	15,719,930 37
	<u>\$16,956,817 25</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er mars 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, provenant du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Des les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en puie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoule entre la clôture de la session précédente et la mise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, à l'effet d'obtenir un acte constituant en corps politique la compagnie Centrale de chemin de fer de Rapid City, la dite compagnie devant construire et exploiter une ligne de chemin de fer commençant à un point sur le chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique, à ou près le township dix (10), quatorzième rang (14) à l'ouest, dans la province du Manitoba, jusqu'à Rapid City, la rivière du Chêne, Bird Tail Creek et le Fort Ellice, de là aux Monts Touchwood, et de là jusqu'à ou près le Fort à la Corne sur la rivière Saskatchewan; et de là dans une direction sud-ouest jusqu'à ou près de la rivière aux Pins, et de là jusqu'à la côte du Pacifique à un point qui sera plus tard fixé à la discrétion de la compagnie.

BIGGS ET WOOD,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Janvier 1882.

32-9

A VIS est donné par le présent que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'en obtenir un acte constituant en corporation "La compagnie d'assurance Mutuelle Océa-

nique," dans le but de faire des opérations d'assurance maritime en Canada et ailleurs.

THOMPSON, GRAHAM ET TUPPER,
Solliciteurs des requérants.

Halifax, 25 janvier 1882.

32-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par Thomas Beattie, marchand, George S. Birrell, marchand, Charles B. Hunt, meunier, Samuel Grigg, hôtelier, William McGregor, médecin, et Andrew McCormack, marchand, tous de la cité de London, Ontario, à l'effet de les constituer eux et d'autres en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées.

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation London du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes : — le droit d'acheter ou acquérir de toute façon, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres au Canada, de développer les ressources d'icelles en y érigeant des constructions, en les défrichant, les asséchant, les cultivant suivant un système quelconque qui pourra sembler opportun; le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de pratiquer en général l'industrie de l'élevage d'animaux, moutons et leurs produits, d'exploiter, vendre, manufacturer les productions minières des terres de la compagnie, d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute sorte; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, machines, estacades, avec le droit de construire des tramways, canaux, chemins et autres entreprises donnant des moyens de transport ou facilitant le développement des propriétés de la compagnie; le droit de contribuer aux dépenses encourues par la construction, l'amélioration ou l'usage des dites entreprises; le droit d'encourager et développer l'immigration des autres pays vers le Canada, avec le droit d'aider aux immigrants dans la colonisation des terres du Canada; le droit d'agir comme agent pour un gouvernement quelconque, corporation ou individu, pour l'achat ou la vente de terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada, et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada; et pour ces différentes fins le droit de prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou donner des subventions de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des propriétés mobilières et immobilières pour les fins de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés, avec le droit en général de faire toutes choses qui sont de nature à promouvoir les fins de la dite compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$100,000, divisée en 1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les requérants mentionnés ci-dessus, tous résidents du Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

MEREDITH ET MEREDITH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à London, Ontario, 22 mars 1882.

40-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, de

lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous l'autorité du dit acte et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie de colonisation des commis voyageurs d'Ontario-ouest" (limitée.)

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit pour la dite compagnie d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des corporations ou des particuliers; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; le droit d'acheter, de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres, avec le droit de les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles; le droit de prêter de l'argent et des secours aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et de vendre du bois de service; le droit d'élever, paître, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et la production des produits de ferme.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différents endroits dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Lind, de la ville de London, Ontario, marchand; Alfred Robinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand; Robert Cathcart Macfie, du même lieu, marchand; John Green du même lieu, marchand; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme; John Burnett Laing, du même lieu, marchand; George Suby Birrell, du même lieu, marchand; William Henry Birrell, du même lieu, marchand; Bosom Ashrd Mitchell, marchand; Moses Mazurett, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas Herbert Marsh, du même lieu, marchand; John Carrington Merritt, du même lieu, marchand; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand; George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand; James A'Kennedy, du même lieu, droguiste; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, du même lieu, marchand; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand; John Drinkwater Ivey, du même lieu, marchand; Alexander Johnston, du même lieu, marchand; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand, et Thomas Muir, du même lieu, fabricant.

Les requérants dont les noms suivent, tous ceux ci-dessus nommés et résidant au Canada, sont les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :— William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson, Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Masurett, John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin et John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER ET FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à London ce 22 mars 1882.

40-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies et actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande

sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie du Rancho Stewart, à responsabilité limitée." (*The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited.*)

2. D'acheter ou autrement acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver des terres et biens-fonds dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du Canada.

3. De développer les ressources des dites terres et biens-fonds en les défrichant, les égouttant, les améliorant, y construisant des maisons, et par des opérations minières, la culture, la fabrication des bois et autres moyens.

De mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'y élever et trafiquer sur toutes espèces de bestiaux, moutons et leurs produits, et d'y faire dans toutes ses branches la culture et l'élevage des bestiaux.

D'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les terres de la compagnie, et de les coloniser, et dans ce but d'aider aux immigrants et colons sur les terres de la compagnie au moyen d'octrois de terre, d'avances ou autres, et d'agir comme agents de tout gouvernement, corporation ou personne favorisant l'émigration au Canada.

D'acheter, acquérir, fabriquer et vendre toutes espèces de bois, marchandises et effets (à l'exception des vins et spiritueux et des boissons fermentées et enivrantes)

De construire, acquérir, naviguer et utiliser des bateaux à vapeur et autres, et de procurer et employer tous autres moyens nécessaires et convenables pour le transport des colons, immigrants, voyageurs, effets et marchandises, et pour conduire convenablement les opérations de la compagnie; et dans le but de donner un accès facile aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie, d'aider, au moyen de boni, don d'argent, octroi de terre ou autrement, à toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou de bateaux à vapeur ou autre moyen de transport par terre ou par eau.

D'acheter, prendre à bail, ou échanger, louer ou autrement acquérir des ranches, plaines à bestiaux et tous autres biens meubles et immeubles, et tous intérêts, droits et privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses opérations.

De construire, maintenir et changer toutes scieries, moulins à farine, bâtisses, quais, entrepôts et autres travaux nécessaires ou utiles aux opérations de la compagnie.

De vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, louer, hypothéquer, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de toute ou partie de la propriété de la compagnie, et de prendre et accepter des hypothèques et obligations sur les biens meubles ou immeubles ou toutes autres garanties quelconques (et portant intérêt ou autrement, selon que la compagnie le décidera) des acheteurs et autres débiteurs de la compagnie, et de vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toutes ou chacune de ces garanties.

De faire toute affaire ou transaction (du ressort de la compagnie,) en société, ou autrement avec d'autres personnes ou compagnies.

Et généralement de faire toutes autres choses utiles ou nécessaires au but que se propose d'atteindre la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario.

4. Le montant de son fonds social sera de cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille cinq cent, et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms au long, adresse et occupation de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : John Stewart, du township de Nepean, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer; John Herron, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, marchand; Hugh MacLennan, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, expéditeur; Archibald Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat; McLeod Stewart, du dit township de

Nepean, avocat; Francis Henry Chrysler, du dit township de Nepean, avocat, et Joseph James Gormully, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, avocat.

Dont les dits Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart et Joseph James Gormully seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

STEWART, CHRYSLER ET GORMULLY,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 30 mars 1882.

40-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est : "La Compagnie générale de colonisation et d'agriculture de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord (limité)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada, soit par achat, louage ou autrement du gouvernement du Canada, des gouvernements provinciaux, de la compagnie du chemin de fer du Pacifique ou de tout autre individu.

3. Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

4. Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres y compris le droit de construire sur icelles des maisons, moulins et établissements manufacturiers et en général de trafiquer des dites terres.

5. Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de n'importe quelle manière, y compris le droit d'acheter ou vendre du grain ou autres produits du sol; le droit de prêter de l'argent et d'aider autrement aux colons par le moyen de subventions, d'assurer le remboursement de ces prêts avec intérêt à des conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques.

6. Le droit de développer et encourager l'immigration, d'aider aux immigrants de toute façon qui pourra être jugée utile pour ouvrir et coloniser le dit pays et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

7. Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou de plusieurs lignes de chemins de fer, bateaux ou autres navires ou véhicules à travers les terres de la compagnie; le droit d'ouvrir des routes, de faire et exploiter tels travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie.

8. Le droit de posséder, acheter, fabriquer et vendre n'importe quelle espèce de machines agricoles, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ou ailleurs, et à ces fins, de pouvoir emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ces dites fins.

9. Le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux et d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et des produits de ferme, y compris le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage ou autrement des enclos pour bestiaux ou pâturages spécialement adaptés à l'élevage et l'exploitation des troupeaux.

10. Le droit d'acquérir des terres à bois ou limite dans toute l'étendue du Canada par achat ou autre-

ment, d'exploiter l'industrie de la production du bois ou le trafic d'icelui dans toutes leurs branches, y compris le droit de posséder, acheter, préparer, manufacturer, transporter et vendre toute espèce de matériaux pour constructions, articles en bois, machines agricoles, voitures, véhicules, etc.; le droit de construire des bateaux, barges et navires, quais et bassins, d'exploiter des filatures de coton et de laine, des moulins à carder, des moulins à farine, des fonderies et des forges; le droit d'acquérir et exploiter des carrières, terrains miniers et houillères, avec le droit d'acheter terrains et bâtiments, privilèges de moulins et pouvoirs d'eau, et de construire les bâtiments nécessaires à telles exploitations; le droit de faire le trafic de gros et de détail; le droit de construire et exploiter des routes, tramways, et canaux, de prendre des actions dans les compagnies de flottage de bois par les rivières, de plus le droit de posséder et louer des wagons sur les voies ferrées pour le transport des marchandises.

11. Le droit d'emprunter sur la garantie de ses propres débentures ou autrement, telles sommes d'argent qui peuvent être nécessaires ou requises pour l'exploitation des affaires susdites, et cela soit avec garantie ou non; le droit d'acheter et vendre, faire ou endosser des traites et billets promissaires; le droit de placer avec hypothèque sur des immeubles dans le Canada ou sur les débentures d'une corporation municipale dans le dit Canada, ou sur les débentures d'une compagnie incorporée soit par un acte spécial ou par un acte général du Canada ou de l'une des provinces, une partie quelconque des profits réalisés dans ses opérations, dans le but de rembourser le capital ainsi engagé, avec le droit de faire toutes choses découlant des opérations ci-dessus décrites.

12. La compagnie aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la ville de Lindsay, comté de Victoria, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs, dans Ontario, Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

13. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

14. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit: Mossom Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria, et province d'Ontario, fabricant de bois; Mossom Martin Boyd, de la même place, fabricant de bois; John Macdonald, de la cité d'Albany, dans l'Etat de New-York, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, fabricant de bois; Alexander Niven, du village de Haliburton, dans le comté provisoire d'Haliburton, arpenteur provincial; William Thornton Cust Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria susdit, fabricant de bois; et John Augustus Barron, de la ville de Lindsay, dans le dit comté de Victoria, solliciteur, qui tous seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

JOHN A. BARRON,
Soliciteur pour les requérants.

Lindsay, 29 mars 1882.

39-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de fabricants de bois du Lac LaPluie, à responsabilité limitée." (The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited.)

2. Le but de la compagnie projetée est d'acheter, posséder, vendre et louer du bois de construction, des coupes de bois et des biens-fonds de toute espèce, et la fabrication du bois en billots, espars, traverses, bois carré, bois de corde, bardeaux et bois de service de toute description, et de construire, louer et exploiter des scieries et moulins à farine, soit au moyen de la vapeur ou par pouvoir d'eau, selon que la compagnie le jugera à propos; aussi,

d'acheter, construire, louer et se servir du bateaux à vapeur, barges et navires, pour le transport du bois de service et de construction et de marchandise de toute sorte, ainsi que des voyageurs, et de construire ou louer tous quais, bassins et entrepôts nécessaires à cette fin; aussi de construire et exploiter des tramways, chemins, canaux, dalles, digues et estacades sur les rivières, cours d'eau et ruisseaux nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$350,000, divisé en trois mille cinq cents actions de cent piastres chaque.

5. Les noms, adresses et occupations des requérants sont comme suit:—Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba, fabricant de bois; James Robert Sutherland, du même lieu, fabricant de bois; Henry Norland Ruttan, de la même place, ingénieur civil; Peter Johnson Brown, de la même place, entrepreneur; William Buckingham, de la ville de Stratford, Ontario, banquier; John Ross, du township de Grantham, comté de Lincoln, Ontario, entrepreneur, et Simon James Dawson, de Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, ingénieur civil.

6. Les premiers directeurs de la compagnie seront les dits Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross et Simon James Dawson, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,
Soliciteur des requérants.

Ottawa, 15 mars, 1882.

39-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demanda sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte, constituant en corps politique les requérants et toute personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire de la compagnie, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie des Terres Fédérales (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont—

(1) Le droit d'acheter, louer, échanger ou acquérir d'une manière quelconque des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou les intérêts en icelles dans le Canada, y compris les provinces et territoires d'icelui; de négocier l'achat et la vente de résidences, propriétés de cité, ville ou village, propriétés rurales, baux, hypothèques, obligations et autres garanties, et en général le droit de faire toute opération de courtier d'agence ou à commission.

(2) Le droit d'améliorer telles propriétés en construisant dessus des bâtiments, clôtures, égoûts ou toute autre chose jugée utile par la dite compagnie pour ses utilité et avantage et pour en encourager l'établissement.

(3) Le droit de vendre, louer, échanger ou trafiquer d'une manière quelconque les propriétés mobilières ou immobilières acquises par la compagnie ou les intérêts en icelles, soit par versements soit à toute autre condition; le droit de prendre et détenir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat non payé, et en général de faire le trafic tant d'achat que de vente de telles propriétés de la manière et avec les mêmes pouvoirs qu'un simple particulier.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter de l'argent en donnant des garanties sur les propriétés de la dite compagnie ou sur partie d'icelles, y compris le droit de prélever des sommes d'argent sur le crédit de la compagnie par l'émission de débentures, bons ou autres garanties, et de donner des hypothèques ou autres garanties sur le tout ou partie des biens de la compagnie pour le remboursement en tout ou en partie, des sommes empruntées.

(5) Le droit de placer des sommes d'argent dans l'achat des fonds publics ou débentures du Royaume-Uni, des gouvernements canadien et américain, des

gouvernements des différentes provinces canadiennes, des corporations municipales, des syndics ou commissaires, des compagnies incorporées dans la Grande-Bretagne, au Canada ou aux Etats Unis, avec le droit d'acheter des obligations, des reçus de dépôts de n'importe quelle compagnie incorporée, avec de plus le droit de vendre et trafiquer les dites valeurs de même qu'un simple particulier.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cent mille piastres divisé en mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Hugh Scott, de la cité de Toronto, assureur, Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, marchand, Robert Barber, Toronto, marchand, John Fitzallen Ellis, Toronto, marchand, Thomas Walmsley, Toronto, assureur, William Frederick Carrier, Toronto, marchand, William Myddleton Hall, Toronto, avocat, James Scott Fullerton, Toronto, avocat.

6. Les huit premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie et tous sont des résidents du Canada.

HALL ET FULLERTON.

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 16 mars 1882.

39-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d.) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie.

Le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires

à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis ; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine ; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie ; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada ; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de trois mille d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, Frederick Howcutt Maulson, commis voyageur, William Glover Hamilton Lowe, commis voyageur, John Allan, commis voyageur, John Brown Mather, commis voyageur, Samuel Trices, fabricant, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward John Mahoney, commis voyageur, Edward Carter, marchand, Frank Bennett Halliday, commis voyageur, Richard Rede Davis, commis voyageur, David A. Braid, commis voyageur, Joseph H. Brent, commis voyageur, James Haywood, commis voyageur, William John Thompson, commis voyageur, John Elgin Snider, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto ; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand, James Sproule Smith, Toronto, commis voyageur ; James F. Egan, commis voyageur, John H. Stone, fabricant, Edwin A. Dalley, commis voyageur, George E. Hamilton, commis voyageur, William Prentice, commis voyageur, tous d'Hamilton.

Les personnes suivantes seront les premiers ou provisoires directeurs de la compagnie :—

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 16 mars 1882.

38-7

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois au moins après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation des terres du gouvernement fédéral."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b.) La colonisation, le défrichement et la vente des dites terres ;

(c.) L'arpentage, l'ouverture, le défrichement, la culture et l'amélioration des dites terres, avec le droit de trafiquer de ces derniers et d'élever dessus des constructions ;

(d.) La vente, le louage, l'affermage des terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts, tels que l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par des subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions à la construction et au maintien de voies ferrées à travers les dites terres et à toutes les entreprises qui peuvent ouvrir ces dernières à la colonisation, tels que lignes de vapeurs et télégraphie, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, rues et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie; l'achat, la vente de toutes propriétés personnelles ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit de développer, aider et encourager l'immigration, d'assister les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays tout entier.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera d'un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts de tel fonds social sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresses et qualités des dits requérants sont comme suit :

Henry Stark Howland, de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, banquier; William Rees Brock, du même lieu, marchand; John Ginty, du même lieu, entrepreneur; John Gillespie, du même lieu, marchand; George A. Muttibury, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, agent d'immeubles, et Jeffrey Hall Brock, du même lieu, agent. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ainsi mentionnés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 24 février 1882.

36-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie devant être constituée en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Morton de produit de ferme, d'agriculture et de colonisation de Manitoba (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles dans la province de Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres; l'arpentage, l'amélioration et la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon comme des intérêts compris en icelles; le prêt de sommes d'argent aux

colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie avec le droit de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt et de telle manière et à telles conditions, sur hypothèques ou obligations, dont il pourra être convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et à la réussite de toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres à la colonisation, telles que lignes de bateaux, télégraphie, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie; la construction ou l'acquisition de moulins à farine et scieries de même que la manufacture et la vente de bois de construction et produits agricoles; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et de l'agriculture et plus particulièrement des produits de ferme, avec le droit également d'acheter, vendre et manufacturer toute espèce de marchandises, effets de commerce et autres requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie.

(b.) A ces fins la compagnie aura tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ses fins.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, avec des succursales dans la cité de Winnipeg et ailleurs au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$1,000,000 divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit: Thomas Harris Hodgson, marchand, Alfred James Brice, marchand, George Bishop, graveur, Charles Huston, fabricant, Thomas Cramp, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal; John MacLeod Gill, fabricant, Robert Gill, fabricant, tous deux de la ville de Brockville, dans la province d'Ontario; John Smith, fabricant, James David Crawford, courtier, tous deux de la cité de Montréal; Colin Munro, shérif du comté d'Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banquier, tous deux de la cité de Saint-Thomas, dans la province d'Ontario, et George Morton, de la cité de Kingston, gentilhomme; les six premiers nommés devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

DUNLOP et LYMAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 26 février 1882.

36-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ontario et Qu'Appelle."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : l'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, du gouvernement du Canada, de même que de compagnies et individus; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres; l'arpentage, l'ouverture, l'amélioration, la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons qui ont acheté des terres de la compagnie et de venir en aide à ces derniers, de garantir le paiement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt aux conditions

de telle manière par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; la construction et l'acquisition de scieries et la manufacture et vente de bois de construction ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux ; avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la ville de Toronto avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont : Alexander G. Ramsay, de la cité d'Hamilton, gérant général de la compagnie d'assurance sur la vie du Canada ; William Hendrie, de la dite cité d'Hamilton, écuyer ; Adam Brown, de la dite ville d'Hamilton, écuyer ; John Dunlop, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford, écuyer ; James Crowther, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; James Scott, de la dite cité de Toronto, marchand ; William Mulock, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edmund Boyd Osler, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer, et Robert H. Bethune, de la dite cité de Toronto, caissier de la banque Dominion.

Tous les susdits requérants seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR ET CROWTHER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 2e jour de mars 1882. 36-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnie à fonds social," un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient ci-après devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de colonisation des fermiers de York."

Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est le suivant :—

L'acquisition de terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, la mise en culture, l'amélioration des dites terres et l'érection de bâtiments sur icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent et l'assistance donnée aux colons sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et l'acceptation en retour de garanties pour tels prêts d'argent à des conditions et de telle façon par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont on conviendra ci-après ; l'achat, le louage, l'échange ou l'acquisition par autre voie de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière de droits ou privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ; la vente, le louage des dites propriétés et le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer de toute façon ; l'aide, l'encouragement et le développement de l'émigration vers les propriétés appartenant à la compagnie et la colonisation des dites propriétés, et pour les fins ci-dessus le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent ; l'aide au moyen de subvention ou autrement à être donnée à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer ou de lignes de vapeurs ou autres navires de la compagnie, l'aide à être donnée à la construction, et l'exploitation de telles autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la fabrication et la vente de toute espèce de marchandises requises par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie au ailleurs, à cette fin la dite compagnie devant avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières et immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et en général devant jouir de tous les pouvoirs nécessaires ou opportuns à la réalisation de son objet.

La ville de Toronto sera la principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$150,000 divisé en 1,500 parts de \$100 chacune.

Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignation des différents requérants sont :—

N. Clarke Wallace, M. P., marchand, du village de Woodbridge, Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Toronto, James Duncan, fermier, Emery P. O., John Duncan, fermier, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, fermier, Elders Mills—les dits N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solliciteur pour les requérants,

Toronto, 9 février 1882.

33-8

AVIS DIVERS.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

LE premier mai prochain, et après, la Banque paiera à ses actionnaires un dividende de deux et demi par cent, pour le semestre finissant le 30 avril prochain.

Le livre des transports d'actions sera clos depuis le 16 jusqu'au 30 avril inclusivement.

L'assemblée annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu au bureau de la banque, samedi, le six mai prochain, à deux heures p. m.

Par ordre,

P. LAFRANCE,
Caissier.

Québec, le 22 mars 1882.

39-5

COMPAGNIE DU PONT DE LA RIVIÈRE ROUGE ET DE L'ASSINIBOINE.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la susdite compagnie aura lieu au bureau des terres de la Compagnie de la Baie d'Hudson, en la cité de Winnipeg, lundi, le 3e jour d'avril, 1882, à midi, dans le but d'augmenter le fonds social de la dite compagnie et aussi dans le but d'autoriser les directeurs à canceler toutes actions sur lesquelles les versements n'auront pas été payés.

Par ordre,

J. BALSILLIE,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Winnipeg, 9 mars 1882.

39-3

A VIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

A VIS est donné par les présentes que l'assemblée générale de la société du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien, se réunira le vingt-neuf avril prochain (29 avril 1882).

Toutes les actions de la société étant nominatives, il sera pourvu, par un deuxième avis qui paraîtra 15 jours au moins avant la date de l'assemblée, à la désignation de l'endroit où se tiendra l'assemblée générale.

L'administrateur délégué,
J. WURTELE.

Le secrétaire-général,
M. CHEVALIER.
Montréal, 22 février 1882.

35-9

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VOL. XV

No. 41.



Clerk of the Peace,
County of Ontario.

The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz:—

OTTAWA, 1st April, 1882.

NICHOLAS H. BUNSTER, of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher and Clerk in Her Majesty's Customs.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 9th and 55th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 40th year Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10 and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Midland, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs and a Warehousing Port under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of Penetanguishene.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

41-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON a report, dated 28th March, 1882, from the Honorable the Secretary of State, in the matter of the petition under "The Canada Temperance Act, 1878," of certain electors of the County of Inverness, in the Province of Nova Scotia, stating that the proceedings had by the Returning Officer appear to be conformable to the Act, and that the petition has been declared adopted by the electors of the said County,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Secretary of State, has been pleased to declare, and it is hereby declared, that the second part of "The Canada Temperance Act, 1878," shall be in force and take effect in the said County of Inverness, upon, from and after the day on which the annual or semi-annual licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors now in force in the said County will expire, provided such day be not less than ninety days from the day of the date hereof, and, if it be less, then on the like day in the following year.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

41-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 19th section of the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 60 and intituled "An Act for the regulation of fishing and protection of fisheries," His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulation of the Fishery Regulations for the Province of New Brunswick, approved by Order in Council of the 1st April, 1881, be and the same is hereby amended:—

Sturgeon Fishery, New Brunswick.

3. No sturgeon net shall be used until a license has been obtained from the Department of Marine

and Fisheries, the fee for which shall be \$15.00 for the season.

41-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 7, section 6,—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered, that the County of Simcoe, which has hitherto formed part of the Inland Revenue Division of Collingwood, be attached to the Division of Toronto, and that the County of Grey be and the same is hereby constituted a separate Division to be known as the Inland Revenue Division of "Owen Sound."

41-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS importers of sulphuric and other acids for the manufacture of fertilizers frequently require to return the carboys and demi-johns in which such acids had been imported to the countries whence the same were imported, for the purpose of being refilled and returned or re-imported, His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on the first importation of such carboys or demi-johns containing acids for such uses and on payment of the duty provided by the tariff then in force upon the same, such carboys or demi-johns shall be stamped or branded in such manner as will secure their identification on any future importation of the same, and, under authority of the 2nd and 13th sub sections of the 125th section of the "Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs, 1877," then, on any such subsequent importation, and on identification by the Collector or proper officer of Customs, the said carboys or demi-johns shall be, and they are hereby exempted from any further payment of duty, until otherwise provided by Order in Council.

41-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the Government of the Pilotage District of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, and Province of New Brunswick.

1. All rules and regulations heretofore made by any Pilotage Authority for the Pilotage District of Moncton or any District including the same are hereby repealed.

2. Persons of the full age of 21 years, of temperate habits, being British subjects and having been examined and found competent, may be granted a license upon payment of a fee of \$5.00.

3. A certificate may be granted to a master or mate upon payment of a fee of \$6.00, and \$4.00 for each annual renewal.

4. Every licensed pilot shall, with his license be given a copy of these regulations, and shall exhibit them to the master of any vessel of which he may take charge, if required to do so.

5. Licensed pilots shall be entitled to all fees earned by them individually.

6. Every licensed pilot shall report to the Pilotage Authority, without delay, any accident to any vessel under his charge and any matter of note which may come under his observation affecting the safety of vessels.

7. Any licensed pilot whose services are refused by any inward bound vessel shall be entitled to full Pilotage, if afterwards such vessel employ another pilot.

8. Inward bound vessels having been signalled or hailed by a licensed pilot and refusing his services shall pay half pilotage inward, and outward bound vessels shall pay half pilotage outward, if offered the services of a licensed pilot and refusing the same.

9. Any licensed pilot placed in charge of a vessel by the master shall, in addition to full pilotage rates be paid the sum of \$2.50 per day for each day said vessel may be detained by stress of weather or otherwise while he is waiting orders.

10. Any dispute arising between masters of vessels and pilots respecting piloting shall be submitted to the Pilotage Authority whose decision shall be final and binding on all parties.

11. Any pilot may be deprived of his license for repeated violations of these regulations, neglect of duty, drunkenness, or incompetency from age or mental or bodily infirmity.

12. Vessels of the following descriptions shall be exempted from the compulsory payment of pilotage dues, in addition to those exempted by Act of Parliament 38 Vic., chap. 28 :—

Ships registered in Canada not exceeding one hundred and thirty tons, registered tonnage.

13. All other vessels coming to Moncton or any point between Moncton and Grey's Island shall pay inward pilotage dues at the rate of (\$1.00) one dollar per foot, and vessels from the same points shall pay outward pilotage dues at the rate of (\$1.00) one dollar per foot.

Vessels to and from Grey's Island or points below shall pay 10 cents a foot inward and the same outward.

14. Outward bound vessels from the port of Moncton refusing the services of a pilot when the same shall be offered within twelve hours of the time when she is ready to sail, shall pay full pilotage outward if afterwards she employs another pilot.

(Signed) H. T. STEVENS, } Pilot
" HENRY CRANDALL, } Commissioners.
" WILLIAM GIVAN.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 20th March, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Rules and Regulations for the government of the Pilotage District of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the Province of New Brunswick, have been submitted to and approved by his Excellency the Governor General in Council on the 18th day of March 1882.

39-3 J. O. COTE,
Clerk, Privy Council.

TARIFF OF RATES

To be levied during the ensuing season (1882) by the Upper Ottawa Improvement Company, in connection with the undermentioned works :—

Through Des Joachims Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$\frac{8}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	2 cts.

Through Fort William Boom.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock round or flatted over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$\frac{8}{8}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	2 cts.

Through Allumette Boom.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{8}{15}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "

Through Melons Chenail Boom.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{2}{5}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$\frac{3}{5}$ "

Passing Lapasse Boom.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$\frac{3}{5}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "

Through Improvements in Mississippi Chenail, Chats Rapids and Quio Boom or any of them.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Red and White Pin, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$\frac{5}{8}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	2 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	3 "

Through Improvements from Deschênes to Head of Hull Slide. North Side.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{3}{5}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	" "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	2 cts.
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	3 "

Through Improvements in Thomson's Bay.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	$\frac{3}{4}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	1 "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$1\frac{1}{4}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	2 "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	3 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$4\frac{1}{2}$ "

Through Improvements in Limekiln Eddy.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{5}{12}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	1 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

Through Boom below the outlet of Hull Slide.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	$\frac{1}{5}$ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	$\frac{4}{15}$ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	$\frac{8}{15}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	$1\frac{1}{5}$ "

BOOM WORKING EXPENSES RATES.

Through Des Joachims Boom.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	2 cts.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$2\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$3\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$5\frac{1}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	8 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	12 "

Through Fort William Boom.

Saw logs, 17 feet and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 feet long.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 25 to 35 feet long.....	$1\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do 35 feet and upwards in length.....	$2\frac{2}{3}$ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	6 "

Through Allumette Boom.

	Per piece.
Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	1½ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	1½ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	2½ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	6 "

Through Melons Chenail Boom.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	1½ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	1½ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	2½ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	6 "

Through Improvements in Mississippi Chenail, Chats Rapids and Quio Boom or any of them.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1½ cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 ft. and under 25 ft. long.....	2 "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	2½ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	4 "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, square.....	6 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	9 "

Through Improvements in Thomson's Bay.

Saw logs, 17 ft. and under.....	1 cent.
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce and Hemlock, round or flatted, over 17 feet and under 25 ft. long.....	1½ "
do do 25 to 35 ft. long.....	1½ "
do do 35 ft. and upwards in length.....	2½ "
Red and White Pine, Tamarac, Spruce, and Hemlock, square.....	4 "
Oak, Elm and other hardwood, square or flatted.....	6 "

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Tariffs of Rates &c., to be levied by the Upper Ottawa Improvement Company during the season of 1882, has been approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the 1st day of March 1882, in pursuance of the Act 38 Vict. ch. 77 (1875).

J. O. COTÉ,
39-3 Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of March, 1882, incorporating James McKay, farmer, of Kingston, James W. Grant, miller, of Hopewell, Isaac McNaughton, farmer, of Riverton, John Ross, farmer, of New Glasgow, Henry S. Poole, coal mine manager, of Stellarton, Henry B. Kendrick, manufacturer, of Riverton, Robert A. Walker, merchant, of New Glasgow, Isaac A. Grant, merchant of Pictou, Robert P. Fraser, druggist, of Pictou, Joseph McNaughton, farmer, of Riverton, and Duncan C. Fraser, barrister at law, of New Glasgow, all in the County of Pictou,

in the Province of Nova Scotia, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of manufacturing, selling and dealing in all kinds of woollen cloths, and the owning and hiring of buildings and lands necessary therefor, throughout the Dominion of Canada, by the name of the "Eureka Woollen Mill Company," with a total capital stock of thirty thousand dollars, divided into three thousand shares of ten dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
40-3 Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 20th day of March, 1882, incorporating Sir Hugh Allan, Knight, Andrew Allan, Gentleman, Thomas D. Milburne, Gentleman, Charles Stinson, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, and Frederick Smith Stinson, of Compton, in the said Province of Quebec, farmer, for the purpose of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other live stock, and the carrying on, in all its branches, of stock-raising at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with power to acquire and hold, either by purchase or otherwise, all lands and tenements necessary and requisite for the purposes, use and occupation, and the carrying out the purposes of the company, and the same to sell, lease and sub-let, by the name of "The North West Cattle Company, (limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
40-3 Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the fourteenth day of March, 1882, incorporating Robert Irving Walker, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, merchant, the Reverend William Bee, of the same place, Methodist minister, Robert Walker, of the same place, merchant, the Reverend Thomas Griffith, of the town of Brampton, in the Province of Ontario, Methodist minister, and Robert John Flemming, of the said City of Toronto, merchant, for the purpose of acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons of lands or any interest in lands, in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same; and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon, at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges; the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada, and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada,—by the name of "The Primitive Methodist Colonization Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this thirtieth day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
40-3 Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of March, 1882, incorporating the Honourable John Hamilton, Senator, George A. Drummond, merchant, Alexander Murray, merchant, John McDougall, manufacturer, and Joshua Collins, merchant, all of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of the manufacturing and selling of bags, and the importing, buying and selling of materials required in the manufacture thereof by the name of "The Canada Jute Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 29th day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

40-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of March, 1882, incorporating Alexander Manning, Esquire, Arthur Radcliff Boswell, Esquire, Abraham William Lauder, Esquire, John Small, Gentleman, George Burrowes Gordon, Esquire, Horace Thorne, Esquire, William James Baines, broker, Andrew Heron, Gentleman, William Henry Knowlton, merchant, and Thomas Davies, brewer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of issuing stock, purchasing, holding, improving and leasing or selling lands, freehold and leasehold, by the name of "The Toronto, Manitoba and North West Land Company, (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into two thousand shares of fifty dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

40-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the fourteenth day of March, 1882, incorporating George Maclean Rose, publisher, William Pemberton Page, editor of the *Canadian Farmer*, Arthur Farley, merchant, John N. Lake, land agent, Joseph Alpheus Livingston, manufacturer and importer, David Miller, merchant, Henry O'Hara, insurance agent, Daniel Rose, publisher, Joseph B. King, Grand Secretary Independent Order of Oddfellows, Hubert Bartlett, Manager of the Toronto Bridge Company, Joseph Wild, Doctor of Divinity, J. Watson Hughes, commission merchant, John Potts, Doctor of Divinity, William J. Hunter, Doctor of Divinity, Arthur Worth, accountant, Joseph Lucas, Assistant Inspector Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company, Charles Mariott, commercial traveller, William Reford, commission merchant, George Patterson, merchant, Frederick Weir Harcourt, solicitor, John Hurst, insurance agent, Robert Houghton, Gentleman, Barry Moore, merchant, Thomas McCracken, lumber merchant, Henry E. Caxton, barrister, David S. Keith, merchant, Thomas B. Rolph, barrister, all of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; William Clark, farmer, and Lawrence C. Lee, farmer, both of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, in the said Province: George Cox, Gentleman, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, in the said Province; George Jackson, land owner, of Downsview, in the said County of York; David D. Hay, Division Court Clerk of Listowell, in the County of Perth, in the said Province; Robert Barber, merchant, of Streetsville, in the County of Peel, in the said Province; John R. Barber, merchant, of Georgetown,

in the County of Halton, in the said Province; Thomas Webster, Grand Scribe, Sons of Temperance of Brantford, in the County of Brant, in the said Province; George Douglas, Doctor of Divinity, of the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, and Charles Turner, clergymen, of Davenport, in the said County of York, for the purposes of—(a) Acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territories of Canada, with a view of colonizing and settling the same. (b) With power to contract with the purchasers and settlers of the lands that intoxicating liquors or alcoholic beverages shall not be manufactured or sold in the settlement. (c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the Company in any part of Canada. (d) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same. (e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the Company and to colonize the same and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money. (f) To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide, and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. (g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company. (h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto throughout the Dominion of Canada,—by the name of "The Temperance Colonization Society," with a total capital stock of two million dollars divided into twenty thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this thirtieth day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

40-3

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 22nd March, 1882.

WHEREAS the Secretary of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has made application stating that it is not practicable in the case of certain specified works on the Eastern extension of that line, to comply with the requirements of the 3rd Section, 44 Vic., Cap. 24; and a report having been received from the Government Inspecting Engineer stating that the works in question being situated at a terminal point of the railway, arrangements can be made for working the trains through them with safety, providing that the company enforce an order to bring all freight trains going south to a stand before reaching the structures and to strictly prohibit brakemen or others being on the top of cars passing through same,—

Notice is hereby given that by Order in Council of 20th March 1882, His Excellency the Governor General, under the discretionary powers conferred by the section, and provided that the company agree to enforce the regulation suggested in the Report of the Inspecting Engineer, has been pleased to exempt the undermentioned works from its operation:

1. The Tunnel at Brockville.
2. The Bridge in front of the Tunnel and under the Grand Trunk Railway at Brockville.

J. O. COTÉ,
Clerk, Privy Council.

39-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of February 1882, incorporating Bennett Rosamond, of the Town of Almonte, in the County of Lanark, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, woollen manufacturer; George Stephen, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, The Honorable Donald Alexander Smith, Alexander Ewan, merchant, Jonathan Hodgson, merchant, Robert Mackay, merchant, and James Alexander Cantlie, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion of Canada; and William Rosamond, of the Town of Cobourg, in the County of Northumberland, in the said Province of Ontario, woollen manufacturer, for the purpose of the manufacturing of knitted goods, the buying and selling of the same, and the owning or hiring of lands, docks, buildings and plant necessary therefor, and all business connected therewith and incidental thereto, within the Dominion of Canada, by the name of "The Almonte Knitting Company," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-second day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

39-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 15th day of March, 1882, incorporating Francis Clemow, coal merchant, Charles T. Bate, President of the Ottawa Gas Company, Charles Magee, real estate agent, all of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; Robert Blackburn, of New Edinburgh, in the said County of Carleton, merchant, the Honorable Richard William Scott, of Ottawa aforesaid, barrister-at-law, Henry N. Bate, of Ottawa aforesaid, merchant, Daniel O'Connor, of Ottawa aforesaid, barrister-at-law; Edward Anderson C. Pew, of the Town of Welland, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Alexander Fraser, of Westmeath, in the County of Renfrew, in the said Province of Ontario, lumber merchant, and James MacLaren, of Buckingham, in the County of Ottawa, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion of Canada, President of the Bank of Ottawa, for the purpose of acquiring lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories of Canada, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals; the colonizing, settling and selling the said lands; the survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building on the same, the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging, and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands, and on sales of land by the company, the securing by way of mortgage from the purchaser, payment of the purchase money or any unpaid balances thereof, with interest, on such terms as may be agreed upon; the advance of money to settlers on lands purchased from the company to assist in improving the same, and the securing repayment of such advances, with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement, as may be mutually agreed upon; the erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber; the breeding, raising, buying and selling of cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches, of farming and stock raising throughout the Dominion of Canada,—by the name of "The Ottawa and North

West Land Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of \$200,000, divided into 2,000 shares of \$100.
Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

39-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, Letters Patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of March, 1882, incorporating the Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; James Beaty, the younger, of the same place, barrister-at-law; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterborough, in the Province of Ontario, Railway Manager; Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto aforesaid, merchant, and Frederick Charles Denison, of the same place, barrister-at-law, for the purpose of acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments, or any corporation or persons, of lands, or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof, the erection of buildings, and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take and receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada; and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada,—by the name of "The British Canadian Colonization Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of \$1,000,000, divided into 10,000 shares of \$100.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 23rd day of March 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

39-3

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st March, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,915,459 17
Excise.....	450,719 61
Post Office.....	118,681 33
Public Works, including Railways.	231,520 03
Bill Stamps	6,591 74
Miscellaneous	132,074 35
	<u>\$ 2,855,046 23</u>
Revenue to 28th February, 1882.....	21,624,819 65
	<u>\$24,479,865 88</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,042,749 45
do 28th February, 1882.....	16,956,817 25
	<u>\$17,999,566 70</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st April, 1882.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST MARCH, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Antioch	Sinclair	Muskoka	O. E. Garnett.
Balfour	Marysburg	Prince Edward	O. George A. McLaughlin.
Blessington, re-opened	Tyendinaga	Hastings, E.R.	O. Mrs. Almira Robertson.
Britton	Elma	Perth, N.R.	O. W. W. Stevenson.
αCape Egmont	Tp. 15	Prince	P.E.I. A. L. Gallant.
Creeford	Sec. 32, Tp. 12, R. 16 W....	Manitoba	W. H. Muckle.
Dalmeny	Osgoode	Russell	O. John C. Cameron.
Deloraine	Sec. 19, Tp. 2, R. 22 W....	Manitoba	George F. Newcombe.
Desford	Sec. 15, Tp. 2, R. 20 W....	Manitoba	Erskine Nicoll.
Essonville	Monmouth	Peterborough, E.R....	O. Daniel Esson.
Falkland, re-opened	Brantford	Brant, S.R.	O. C. Parker.
Farewell	Arthur	Wellington, N.R....	O. William Allan.
Langvale	Sec. 2, Tp. 6, R. 18 W..	Manitoba	George M. Lang.
Lemieux, reopened	South Plantagenet	Prescott	O. A. Chessier.
Rockway Valley	Amherst	Ottawa	Q. C. Sinclair.
St. Remi d'Amherst	Amherst	Ottawa	Q. E. Thomas.
Stagsburn	Low	Ottawa	Q. A. McDonald.
Sidney	Sec. 6, Tp. 11, R. 12	Manitoba	Thomas Babb.
Souris	Sec. 33, Tp. 7, R. 21	Manitoba	J. Dolmage.
Sourisburg	Sec. 20, Tp. 7, R. 17	Manitoba	Jabez Elliott.
Seekerton	Moore	Lambton	O. Thomas Johnston.
Turtle Mountain	Sec. 32, Tp. 2, R. 21	Manitoba	A. N. Tregent.
Wakopa	Sec. 29, Tp. 1, R. 18	Manitoba	Clovis Guerin.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Baltic Co. Glengarry, O., on 17th February 1882.
 Dog Creek..... Co. Cariboo-Lilloet, B.C., on 1st January 1882.
 Hansford..... Co. Cumberland, N.S., on 1st February 1882.

NAME CHANGED.

Mull River, Co. Inverness, N.S. to Glencoe.

α Opened on 1st January 1882.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Roulit, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The British Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$64,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	£21,000 stg. Canada Stock.	Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).	Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333)	Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association.....	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.....	\$50,000 cash.	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B)	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	£10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200)	Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. G. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock.	Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash	Life.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Life.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815)	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.	\$50,000 cash	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Assurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000, U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto...	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Life.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto...	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915).....	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Acciden
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.....	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British
Columbia, for February, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	45,613 00	1,212 00	46,825 00
do Fisheries.....	290,549 00	2,301 00	292,850 00
do Forest.....	304,534 00	18,988 00	323,522 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,084,959 00	17,508 00	1,102,467 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,077,633 00	149,805 00	2,227,438 00
Manufactures	207,494 00	29,174 00	236,668 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	31,666 00	1,364 00	33,030 00
Totals.....	4,042,448 00	220,352 00	4,262,800 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Ttal.	4,042,448 00	220,352 00	4,262,800 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 28th March, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	8,818 00	1,862 37
Agricultural Implements	"	6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter.. ..	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,824 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" " U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,573 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,836 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	"	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles	\$	442,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of February, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69, and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Jan., 1882	\$8,190,037 64	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$319,369 53
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	540,411 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	3,300 92	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts..... ..	\$8,357,167 52
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	57,212 51
	8,733,749 56		8,414,380 03
			8,733,749 56

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 21st March, 1882.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 28TH FEBRUARY, 1882.

LIABILITIES.										
CAPITAL.		Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 267,958 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,855,435 33	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 91,066 05	\$ cts. 6,394,459 84
		1,000,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,098,732 60	83,000 00	114,499 56	3,296,232 16
City and District Savings Bank.....										
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....										

ASSETS.									
Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
\$ cts.	\$ cts. 1,357,714 00	\$ cts. 600 00	\$ cts. 2,522,948 88	\$ cts. 1,610,298 69	\$ cts. 1,014,950 20	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 442,235 96	\$ cts. 7,128,747 73
95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	1,004,995 97	127,995 22	1,169,207 47	83,000 00	237,220 00	129,581 75	3,568,520 83
City and District Savings Bank.....									
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....									

• Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85				
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25				
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65				
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00				
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,590 00				
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75				

Fractional Notes.....	174,838 85	
Provincial ".....	145,635 65	
Montreal issue.....	7,163,018 00	
Toronto ".....	4,849,403 50	
Halifax ".....	1,783,722 50	
St. John ".....	665,645 75	
Victoria ".....	27,260 50	
Total.....	\$14,809,554 75	

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 28th February.....	2,476,386 78
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,396,386 78
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75	1,480,955 47
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,809,554 75	2,221,433 21
	\$3,702,388 68
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,693,998 10
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p.c. on \$14,809,554 75.....	11,107,166 07
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	892,833 93
SUMMARY.	
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,693,998 10
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	892,833 93
Total Excess.....	2,586,832 03

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 10th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th November, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Oct., 1881.	Deposits for November, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, November, 1881.	Balance, 30th Nov., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	488,944 71	35,331 15	524,275 86	27,535 08	496,740 7
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	333,996 86	85,233 11	419,234 97	52,905 72	366,32 2
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,313,958 40	71,176 00	1,385,134 40	63,536 64	1,321,597 76
Nanaimo.....	138,159 01	3,777 00	141,936 01	1,225 00	140,711 01
New Westminster.....	161,582 87	16,144 00	177,726 87	6,851 63	170,875 24
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	115,823 47	10,029 00	125,852 47	3,254 84	122,597 63
Antigonish.....	30,809 56	2,647 00	33,456 56	3,022 20	30,434 36
Annapolis.....	112,207 52	8,729 00	120,9 6 52	5,232 43	115,704 09
Arichat.....	120,042 27	3,709 74	123,752 01	1,690 13	122,061 88
Acadia Mines.....	26,635 61	1,286 00	27,921 61	544 00	27,377 61
Baddeck.....	33,278 16	3,182 00	36,460 16	1,246 36	35,213 80
Bridgewater.....	17,974 89	3,776 00	21,750 89	2,502 60	19,248 29
Barrington.....	30,752 50	932 00	31,734 50	774 14	30,960 36
Digby.....	57,315 82	4,741 00	62,056 82	2,838 63	59,218 19
Guysboro'.....	41,599 82	15,349 00	56,948 82	5,359 66	51,589 16
Halifax.....	2,236,833 21	95,965 74	2,332,798 95	71,598 62	2,261,200 33
Kentville.....	81,766 24	7,260 03	89,026 27	4,362 67	84,663 60
Liverpool.....	110,303 05	3,051 00	113,354 05	4,093 22	109,260 83
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65	.....	12 65	.....	12 65
Lingan.....	9,035 05	971 00	10,006 05	5 21	10,000 84
Lunenburg.....	65,676 34	2,059 00	67,735 34	5,187 40	62,547 94
Maitland.....	44,877 95	576 00	45,453 95	1,896 45	43,557 50
New Glasgow.....	86,569 65	6,096 00	92,665 65	3,542 61	89,123 04
Parrsboro'.....	40,080 16	2,829 00	42,909 16	497 28	42,411 88
Port Hood.....	43,810 26	4,068 00	47,878 26	2,070 00	45,808 26
Pictou.....	38,168 65	240 00	38,408 65	512 78	37,895 87
Shelburne.....	30,023 21	2,376 00	32,399 21	1,193 63	31,205 58
Sydney.....	153,948 95	9,544 00	163,492 95	4,765 97	158,726 98
Sherbrooke.....	31,187 04	836 00	32,023 04	602 00	31,421 04
Truro.....	176,624 90	9,525 99	186,150 89	8,168 14	177,982 75
Wallace.....	6,5 0 75	1,908 00	8,438 75	597 25	7,841 50
Windsor.....	352,352 05	7,005 00	359,357 05	7,609 47	351,747 58
Weymouth.....	49,592 06	3,182 00	53,175 06	1,261 94	51,913 12
Yarmouth.....	271,123 63	12,044 00	283,172 63	3,806 28	279,366 35
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	60,316 83	3,292 00	63,608 83	1,838 89	61,769 94
Chatham.....	179,505 78	4,103 00	183,613 78	3,801 48	179,812 30
Dalhousie.....	133,595 25	7,517 00	141,112 25	528 29	140,583 96
Dorchester.....	15,809 48	395 00	16,204 48	100 67	16,103 81
Fredericton.....	258,012 83	17,065 26	275,078 09	13,809 55	261,268 54
Hillboro'.....	18,441 17	2,038 00	20,479 17	918 00	19,561 17
Moncton.....	112,307 30	11,533 00	123,840 30	9,415 00	114,425 30
Newcastle.....	120,117 56	2,899 00	123,016 56	3,491 20	119,525 36
Richibucto.....	64,095 07	1,310 00	65,405 07	345 00	65,060 07
St. Andrews.....	185,910 52	7,565 00	193,475 52	1,375 32	192,100 20
St. John.....	1,538,716 94	52,487 00	1,591,203 94	27,690 86	1,563,513 08
Sussex.....	3,002 00	5,199 00	8,201 00	.....	8,201 00
Woodstock.....	167,676 86	14,404 00	182,080 86	8,520 44	178,560 42
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	664,437 20	34,593 00	699,030 20	26,175 84	672,854 36
Total.....	10,373,997 06	600,010 02	10,974,037 08	393,300 52	10,580,736 56

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 7th March, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000.....	\$1,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock.....	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital.....	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities.....	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months. ..	389 51
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	2,054 24
		Other Assets	2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.
Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest Nil.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of February, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts	\$ cts.
Spirits	229,448 97	.....
Malt Liquor	75 00	.....
Malt	34,837 28	.....
Tobacco	125,422 37	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	1,718 98	.....
Manufactures in Bond.....	2,149 61	.....
Seizures	144 69	.....
Other Receipts	445 50	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....		394,242 40
Canals.....		.....
Slides and Booms		1,091 03
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c. ....		.....
Minor Public Works.....		240 60
Culling Timber		394 58
Inspection of Weights and Measures		1,361 32
Inspection of Gas.....		205 00
Bill Stamps.....		14,255 75
Total		411,790 68

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, March 23rd, 1882.

39—tf

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

- 1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"
- 2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
- 3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community;

or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882. 39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for a charter of incorporation under the said Act to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Hamilton Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said land.

The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgage and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon land in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say: Valancey England Fuller, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, barrister at law; John Proctor, of the same place, merchant; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, of the same place, publisher; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough, railway manager; and Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, merchant; all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, 3rd of April, 1882. 41-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES' ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters

patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Eastern Townships Ranche Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are breeding and rearing cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North-West Territories; buying, selling, trading and dealing in the same in said North-West Territories and elsewhere; acquiring, holding and improving property required therefor.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec.

3. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$100,000—one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The name in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Matthew Henry Cochrane, of the Township of Compton, Senator; William White, of the City of Sherbrooke, advocate; William Farwell, of said City of Sherbrooke, bank manager; Charles Carroll Colby, of the Village of Stanstead Plain, advocate; John McLary, of the Township of Compton, farmer, and Edward Towle Brooks, of the said City of Sherbrooke, advocate, all in and of the Province of Quebec, and all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BROOKS, CAMERON & HIND,
Solicitors for applicants.

Sherbrooke, 5th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's previous notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named as the applicants therefor, for a company under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Shell River Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought, are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving, and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration onto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Staking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties.

3. The City of Belleville or the Village of Trenton, both in the County of Hastings, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$500,000, divided into 20,000 shares of \$25 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants :—David Gilmour, lumber merchant, William Jeffs, grain merchant, George Henry Gordon, merchant, William Ford Baker, grain merchant, John Hendricks, yeoman, Anson Green Whittier, merchant, all of Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, printer and publisher, George Dean Dickson, barrister, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, barrister, Cornelius James Starling, contractor, all of Belleville; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, Charles Ashley, carriage maker, Stephen A. Lazier, manufacturer, Egbert W. Ashley, merchant, all of Foxboro; James S. Hamilton, yeoman, and Peter R. Daly, yeoman, both of Halloway.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

4th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor in Council, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal, incorporating as a body corporate and politic the persons hereunder mentioned with all who may become shareholders in the said corporate body so to be created for the purposes hereinafter mentioned :—

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle and Touchwood Hills Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from any Government, corporation or individual, land or any interest therein in the Dominion of Canada, the survey, improvement, colonization, cultivation, settlement, sale, conveyance, mortgaging and leasing thereof, the building thereupon and otherwise dealing therewith.

The taking of mortgages or other securities in payment of said lands or other property of the company at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon with the purchasers, and the selling and assigning of such mortgages or other securities.

The advancing of money to and otherwise assisting settlers on or purchasers of lands and the securing of the re-payment of such advances and assistance with interest at such rates as may be mutually agreed upon by mortgage upon land or otherwise.

The granting of bonuses or other assistance to railways and other enterprises and works passing through or tending to open up or improve the lands of said company or to advance the interests thereof.

The encouragement, promotion and aid of immigration to the Dominion of Canada from Great Britain and foreign countries.

To erect or acquire and maintain and operate upon or in connection with said lands, saw and grist mills and manufactories and to sell and dispose of any of the said mills or manufactories and of the manufactures thereof, and to erect, maintain and operate tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, roads, streets, bridges and other works in connection with said lands for the benefit of said lands, or to otherwise promote the interests of said company.

The producing and buying and selling of live stock, grain and other products of the soil, and the buying and selling of personal property generally.

The power to borrow on the credit of the company or on the security of its property by mortgaging or otherwise, and to invest moneys, and generally such powers in addition to the above as may be useful or necessary to carry out the objects of the incorporation.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, with power to have branches and agencies at other places in and out of Canada, but the first meeting of the provisional directors and of the share-

holders may be held at any place in Canada upon which a majority of said directors shall decide, and subsequent meetings of the provisional and regular directors and of the shareholders shall be held wherever decided upon by said provisional or regular directors.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$300,000.

5. The number of shares is to be twelve thousand, and the amount of each share twenty-five dollars.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows :

James Murray, ship-owner, James Livingston, farmer, Charles Peters Camp, gardener, Hiram Blavill Hamill, mechanic, and William John Murray, master mariner, all of the City of St. Catharines, in the County of Lincoln and Province of Ontario, who are to be the provisional directors of the said company.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, April, 1882.

41-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants, and others who may become associated with them as a joint stock company under the name of "The Automatic Blind Awning Company of Canada."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the manufacturing, buying and selling fixtures and fastenings for windows, blinds and awnings; for purchasing and using or selling any letters patent of invention which may be of use to the company in connection therewith; for the purpose of buying and using or selling any other letters patent of invention as may be thought expedient by the directors of the company, and of manufacturing, buying and selling such other goods, ware and commodities as to the directors of said company may seem expedient.

The capital stock of the company is to be fifty thousand dollars. The number of shares is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of five dollars.

The City of Montreal is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows :—

Charles E. Kennedy, of Hatley, in the County of Stanstead, Province of Quebec, trader; Charles C. Colby, M.P., of Stanstead, in said County; Walter M. Tomlinson, of the City of Sherbrooke, in said Province, Esquire; Frederick F. Fairman, of the City of Montreal, in said Province, merchant; Robert B. May, of said City of Montreal, printer; John G. Elder, of the town of Derby, in the State of Vermont, trader, and Stiles Frost of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, trader.

All the said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company.

CHAS. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Montreal, 30th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic

under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned :

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Battleford and Northwestern Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are :

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling the grain and other products of the soil ; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon ; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company ; buying and selling of all personal property and rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of said company or otherwise ; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary for advancing the object for which incorporation is sought ; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at Mono Mills, in the Electoral District of Cardwell, with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be two thousand five hundred, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows :

Robert Lawrence, of Mono Mills, physician and surgeon, John Kelly, of the township of Adjala, farmer ; Silas Huntingdon Foster, of the City of Toronto, merchant ; Henry Bracken, of the township of Adjala, miller ; Henry Allison, of the township of King, farmer ; George Kidd, of Mono Mills, farmer, all in the Province of Ontario. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first provisional directors of the company.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,
For the applicants.

Dated at Mono Mills, 28th March, 1882. 41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council in accordance with the provisions of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned :—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Canadian Fruit Export Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(a.) To purchase and sell Canadian and foreign patents, whether now issued or to be issued hereafter, for saving or preserving fruits or vegetables and packing the same either for export or storage.

(b.) To manufacture fruit safes for houses and stores, and fruit cases for the transportation of fruit, and to sell said right to manufacture, to others either out rights or under a royalty.

(c) To purchase and sell fruit and vegetables of any kind and nature whatsoever, to export and import the same either from or into Canada, and to pack said fruit and vegetables in cases and sell the same in Canada or foreign markets.

(d) To acquire movable and immovable property, to lease and erect suitable buildings for the purposes of said business.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock of the company is fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00).

5. The number of shares is five hundred of the value of one hundred dollars per share.

6. The names in full, together with the address and calling of each of the applicants, are respectively as follows : George Albert Cochrane, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman ; Francis Ernest Gilman, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate ; Thomas Craig, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, cashier ; Edward Kirk Greene, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, merchant ; David Timothy Irish, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, agent ; James Naismith Greenshields, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate ; and Charles Henry Cordingley, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, distiller.

7. The first or provisional board of directors of the company are to be the aforesaid George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields and Charles Henry Cordingley, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED & GUERIN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 6th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that a pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from this publication, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada granting to the applicants hereinafter named a charter constituting them and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company sought to be incorporated is "The Anglo Canadian Ranch Company, limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation of the company is sought are the importing into and the breeding and raising of cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North West Territories and elsewhere within Canada ; the trading and dealing in them or any of them or any of their products throughout the Dominion of Canada ; the shipping of the same to foreign countries ; the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, the selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with, all or any part of the property of the company and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, and Dominion of Canada.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in two hundred shares of five hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows : James Craig, of the

Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, farmer; John Hodgins, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, barrister-at-law; Celestin Gagné, of the City of Ottawa, merchant; John Kemp, of the Township of Goulburn, in the said County of Carleton, farmer; Abraham Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, Assessment Commissioner; Joseph Eugène Dupuis, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Adolphus Christin, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Edwin Wood Clark, of the Township of Nepean, in the said County of Carleton, farmer, George Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, merchant; William Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, farmer; John McKinstry, of the said City of Ottawa, real estate agent; Richard Nesbitt, Bishop, of the said City of Ottawa, hotel keeper; Thomas Cameron Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Harmonic Gerald Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant, and Richard Craig, of the Village of Kempville, in the County of Grenville, merchant.

6. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

JOHN HODGINS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited."

2. To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand five hundred, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Stewart, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Herron, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Hugh MacLennan, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, forwarder; Archibald Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; McLeod Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; Francis Henry Chrysler, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law, and Joseph James Gormully, of the said City of Ottawa, barrister-at-law. Whereof the said Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart and Joseph James Gormully are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 30th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic, in and by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company." The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

The acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing re-payment for such advances on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon.

To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote emigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid, to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or other vessels, or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all

necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incident thereto.

The City of Toronto shall be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$300,000 consisting of 3,000 shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of the applicants are: Nathaniel Clarke Wallace, M.P., merchant, of the Village of Woodbridge, Silas James, Provincial Land Surveyor, James Armstrong, student-at-law, John Jeremiah Cook, merchant, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, accountant, Elgin Schoff, barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto; James Duncan, farmer, Emery P. O., John Duncan, farmer, Richmond Hill, Robert Nathaniel Taylor, farmer, Elders Mills—of whom the said N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor and James Duncan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 9th February, 1882.

34-8

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company, shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes herein-after mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ontario and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Dominion of Canada from the Governments of Canada or of the Provinces, companies and private individuals.

(b) The settling, colonizing, surveying, laying out, and improving, draining, clearing, cultivating, building on and otherwise dealing with the same.

(c) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with land and all manner of interests in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting of settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payments of such advances with interest by way of mortgage or agreement or otherwise, the granting of loans or bonuses to enterprises for the opening up or improving of such lands; with power to borrow and invest money, to mortgage the lands of the company or any part thereof for the purposes aforesaid, or for any of the purposes of the company, and all such other powers as are useful and necessary in promoting, aiding and encouraging immigration and the settlement and opening up of the country, and to advance the objects of the company.

3. The chief place of business is to be in the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$500,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be five thousand of the sum of \$100 each.

6. The names in full and addresses of the applicants are, John Bacon, Esquire, Silas James, P.L.S., Robert McPhail, merchant, Edmund Henry Duggan, barrister, Ogle Robert Peck, Esquire, John Austin Worrell, barrister, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, estate agent, John J. Cook, Esquire, and Matthew Walton, agent, all of the City of Toronto; Thomas Armstrong, of the Village of Yorkville, in the County of York, Doctor of Medicine, and Richard Shaw Wood, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman; of whom the said John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong and Richard Shaw Wood are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE & WORRELL,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the under-mentioned persons and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Bow River Ranch Company, Limited," for the purposes of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep, swine and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock farming, at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territories of the Dominion and elsewhere within Canada; with power to take, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise acquire land, ranches, cattle runs, and any rights or privileges which the company may deem necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business in selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company; also power to acquire or construct saw mills, grist mills, woolen mills or other industrial establishments, and manufacture lumber, flour and other products of those establishments; also, power to dig, excavate, mine, purchase and sell coal or other minerals which may be found in or on the lands of the company in any part of the Dominion; also, power to build wharves, and build or lease barges or steam craft and run the same on Bow River or its connecting waters.

The chief place of business of the company is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

The capital stock of the company to be forty thousand dollars, to be divided into four hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the applicants are Charles McMichael, Esquire, Archibald Young, Esquire, both of the city of Toronto; George Augustus Muttibury, of the city of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Alexander Begg, of Orillia, mill owner, and Alexander Gemmel, of the city of Toronto, merchant.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

McMICHAEL, HOSKIN & OGDEN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Thomas Beattie, merchant, George S. Birrell, merchant, and Charles B. Hunt, miller, Samuel Grigg, hotel keeper, William McGregor, physician, and Andrew McCormack, merchant, all of the City of London, Ontario, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes herein-after mentioned:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The London Colonization Company of Canada (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—to purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada, to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting on any terms or system that may be considered advisable, to stock the same lands and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce to work; convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral productions of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property, and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada, and with power to act

as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal property for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the said proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$100,000, in 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The above mentioned applicants who are all residents of Canada are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

MEREDITH & MEREDITH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 22nd March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The New Brunswick and North-West Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money in the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Simeon Jones, of the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, banker; John Livingston, of the same place, journalist; Charles Henry Fairweather, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Tuck, of the same place, barrister; Howard Douglas Troop, of the same place, shipowner; William Henry Thorne, of the same place, merchant; Ezekiel McLeod, Leigh Richmond Harrison, George Wheelock Burbidge and William Pugsley, the younger, of the same place, barristers; Alfred Bennington Sheraton, of the same place, merchant; Oliver Timson Stone, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; Robert Randolph Call, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, in the said Province; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, Kings County, in the said Province, mining engineer, and Edward Byron Winslow, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister, of whom the said Simeon Jones, John Livingston, William Henry Tuck, Howard Douglas Troop and William Henry Thorne, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

HARRISON & BURBIDGE
Solicitors for applicants.

Saint John, N.B., 17th March, 1882. 40-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Western Ontario Commercial Travellers Colonization and Land Company" (limited).

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: William Lind, of the city of London, Ontario, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Robert Cathcart Macfie, of the same place, merchant; John Green, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, Gentleman; John Burnett Laing, of the same place, merchant; George Sunby Birrill, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Birrill, of the same place, merchant; Bosson Ashford Mitchell, of the same place, merchant; Moses Masurett, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Herbert Marsh, of the same place, merchant; John Carrington Merritt, of the same place, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; George Robinson, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; James A'Kennedy, of the same place, druggist; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, of the same place, merchant; Frederiek Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; John Drinkwater Ivey, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; Alexander Johnston, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant, and Thomas Muir, of the same place, manufacturer.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada:—William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson, Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Masurett, John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederiek Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin and John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER & FRASER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, 22nd day of March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Birch Hills Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

4. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the

address and calling of each of the applicants ; that is to say:—William B. Alley, Truro, Charles Annand, Halifax, Alexander Begg, Orillia, George B. Brooks, Toronto, Archibald Bremner, London, Josiah Blackburn, London, James Brown, Welland, Arthur C. Bertram, North Sydney, Malcolm G. Brenner, London, William Cuzner, Ottawa, Edward F. Clarke, Toronto, John Cameron, London, William Campbell, Toronto, John A. Cook, Petrolia, William Cameron, London, James Carrel, Quebec, John J. Crabbe, St. Marys, Edmund J. Duggan, Montreal, William J. Douglas, Toronto, Thos. W. Dyas, Toronto, George Darby, Toronto, John S. Dewar, London, Melvin D. Dawson, London, Walter S. Dingman, Strathroy, Albert Dennis, Halifax, Wm. J. Ewing, St. John, Edwin H. Fogarty, Cobourg, Aimé Gélinas, Montreal, Thomas P. Gorman, Montreal, Henry J. P. Good, Toronto, George F. Gurnett, Ingersoll, Henry Gorman, Sarnia, John M. Harris, Hamilton, George C. Holland, Ottawa, Andrew Holland, Ottawa, James P. Jaffray, Brantford, James Innes, Guelph, Louis P. Kribs, Barrie, Alphonse A. C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, John L. Livingstone, St. John, Alexander P. Lowry, Toronto, Lowery Brothers, Petrolia, Hugh M. Matthewson, Toronto, François R. Marceau, Montreal, Charles W. Mitchell, Ottawa, Charles A. Matthews, Toronto, Thomas D. S. Moore, Toronto, Geo. Thomas Moore, Liverpool, William C. Milner, Sackville, Thomas W. Michael, Aylmer, Wallace Maclean, Toronto, James I. McIntosh, Guelph, John McKillop, St. John, John Maclean, Toronto, Murdo Y. McLean, Seaforth, Joseph McLeod, Fredericton, Richard McElheran, London, James R. Narraway, St. John, Geo. C. Ohren, Montreal, Alexander F. Pirie, Toronto, Samuel E. Pettigrew, Toronto, Thos. H. Preston, Toronto, Robert A. Payne, St. John, Carroll Ryan, Ottawa, Thomas J. Richardson, Ottawa, Ephraim P. Roden, Toronto, C. Blackett Robinson, Toronto, George A. Simpson, Battleford, Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., Edward R. Smith, St. Johns, James L. Stewart, Chatham, Henry E. Smallpiece, Guelph, Wm. Templeman, Almonte, Arthur F. Wallis, Toronto, Isaac Watson, Compton, S. Frank Wilson, Toronto, Charles A. Wilson, Toronto, Richard White, Montreal, Thos. White, Montreal, Edward Willis, St. John, Wm. Watt, jr., Brantford, James M. Walker, Perth, Hiram Wier, Halifax, Edward Flood, Lindsay, Fred. Going, Toronto, Josiah J. Bell, Picton, Henry C. Stovel, Winnipeg, John A. Mackenzie, Prescott, Frederick G. Neelin, Seaforth, Edward M. Farrel, Liverpool, John E. Gemmill, Selkirk West, Henry Hough, Cobourg, Frederick W. James, St. John, James A. S. Mott, St. John, John E. Collins, Toronto, Nicholas Flood Davin, Toronto, Thos. Galbraith, Toronto, Frederick J. Gissing, Goderich, Percy Hamilton, Halifax, Henry J. Hubertus, Ottawa, Wm. Magee, London, Henry C. Bell, Toronto, Alex. McCleneghan, Woodstock, James J. White, Ottawa, James Watt, Toronto, Thomas A. Spence, Winnipeg, John F. Shaw, Toronto, Wm. Wesley, Barrie, Samuel Wesley, Barrie, George B. Bradley, Toronto, Geo. Johnson, Toronto, George R. Kingsmill, Ottawa, William Dennis, Halifax, Albert Horton, Toronto, Robert S. White, Montreal, George Eyvel, Toronto, Arch. McNee, Winnipeg, each and all of whom are journalists.

Of whom the said John L. Livingston, Arthur C. Bertram, Robert S. White, Albert Horton, and George Bradley Bradley, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 30th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for a charter of incorporation by Letters Patent, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate

under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Fort Edmonton Land Company of Canada (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation by the said company is sought are:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the city of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is three hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of the said company is to be three thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and callings of the said applicants are as follows:—George Gordon Dustan, of Woodside House, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; the Honorable Jedediah Slason Carvell, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, merchant and Senator; John Leonard Harris, of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; John Smith Maclean, of the said city of Halifax, merchant, and President of the Bank of Nova Scotia; the Honorable Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, merchant and Senator; Malcolm Macleod, of Charlottetown, aforesaid, barrister-at-law; Jeremiah Harrison, of the city of St. John, in the said Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Charles Stewart Wilson, of Picton, in

the County of Prince Edward, in the Province of Ontario, merchant, and Arthur William Hepburn, of Picton, aforesaid, merchant. All of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are resident in Canada.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 24th March, 1882.

39-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic, under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the said Company shall be "The Federal Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(1) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real or personal property or any interest or estate therein in the Dominion of Canada, including the Provinces and Territories thereof, and to negotiate the purchase and sale of houses, city, town, village and farm property, leases, mortgages, stocks and other securities, and generally to transact any description of commission and agency business.

(2) To improve such property by building upon, fencing, draining or in any other way deemed advisable by the said company, for the use and enjoyment thereof or for encouraging settlement thereon.

(3) To sell, lease, exchange or in any other manner to dispose of all property, real and personal acquired by the company in any way or any interest therein on instalment or on any other terms, and to take, hold and have mortgages for unpaid purchase money with full power to sell, foreclose and dispose of such mortgages, and generally to deal both in the acquirement and disposition of such property in the same manner to the same extent, and with as ample and full powers as a private individual.

(4) To borrow money on the security of any property of the said company or any part thereof, and to raise money upon the credit of the company by the issue of debentures, bonds or other securities, and to grant mortgages, trust deeds or other deeds of security over all or any part of the company's assets for the repayment of all or any part of the money borrowed.

(5) To make investments in the purchase of public funds or debentures of the United Kingdom, Canadian or the United States Government, or the Government of any of the Canadian Provinces or of any municipal corporation, body of public trustees or commissioners, or in any incorporated company in Great Britain, Canada or the United States, and to purchase stocks, shares or deposit receipts of any incorporated company or companies, with full and absolute power to sell, dispose of and deal with the same to the same extent as a private individual.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Hugh Scott, City of Toronto, underwriter; Robert Barber, City of Toronto, merchant; John Fitzallen Ellis, City of Toronto, merchant; Alexander Archibald Allan, City of Toronto, merchant; Thomas Walmsley, City of Toronto, underwriter; William Frederick Carrier, City of Toronto, merchant; William Myddleton Hall, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; James Scott Fullerton, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law.

6. The first eight of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

HALL & FULLERTON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th March, 1882.

39-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The British North American General Farming and Colonizing Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands or any interest in lands, in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, or elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada, by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion of Canada, the Provincial Governments, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company or any corporation or corporations, person or persons.

3. The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

4. The surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, farming, building upon, including mills and machinery, and otherwise dealing with the same.

5. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; and the right to sell and assign such mortgages.

6. To promote, aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

7. To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway, and of steamboats or other vessels or carriages to, from or through lands of the said company; to make roads and to aid, construct, build and operate such works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

8. To own, buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of farm implements, goods and chattels required by the company, or by any person or persons who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and all other powers necessary and incident thereto.

9. To breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock raising, including the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise of cattle ranches or lands specially adapted for grazing purposes, and the working of the same.

10. To acquire woodlands and timber limits within the Dominion, by purchase or otherwise, and to conduct the business of lumberers and timber merchants in all its branches and connections, including the right to own, purchase, prepare, manufacture, transport and sell all kinds of building material, wooden ware, agricultural implements, wagons, carts, &c., to build vessels, ships, boats, docks and piers; to conduct the business of cotton, woolen, and carding mills, of flour and grist milling, of foundry, machine, and blacksmith shops, to acquire and work quarries, mineral and coal lands, and to purchase land and

buildings, mill privileges and water powers, and to erect such buildings necessary to carry on such businesses; to conduct the business of a general wholesale and retail store; to make and work roads, tramways and channels of water and to subscribe for and take stocks in booming and river driving companies and associations, and to own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

11. To borrow on the security of their own debentures, or otherwise, such sum or sums of money as may be necessary, if required for the carrying on of the aforesaid businesses and that with or without security; to purchase and sell, make and endorse bills of exchange and promissory notes; to invest in the security of mortgages on real estate in the Dominion of Canada, or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation within the said Dominion, or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the said Dominion or of any of the Provinces therein, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said businesses for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested, and to do all other things whatsoever incidental to the aforesaid businesses.

12. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, with branches at Winnipeg or elsewhere in Ontario, Manitoba and the North West Territories.

13. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

14. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Mossom Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria, and Province of Ontario, lumber-manufacturer; Mossom Martin Boyd, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; John Macdonald, of the City of Albany, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, lumber merchant; Alexander Niven, of the Village of Haliburton, in the Provisional County of Haliburton, Provincial Land Surveyor; William Thornton Cust Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria aforesaid, lumber manufacturer; and John Augustus Barron, of the Town of Lindsay, in the said County of Victoria, solicitor, all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

JOHN A. BARRON,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Lindsay, 29th March, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877, by Clayton Slater, of the City of Brantford, Ontario, manufacturer; Ignatius Cockshut, of the same place, Gentleman; William Buck, of the same place, manufacturer; James Slater, of the City of London, Ontario, maltster, and John Harris, of the said City of Brantford, manufacturer, for letters patent incorporating them as a company to be known as "The Craven Cotton Company (Limited)," for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing and selling cotton and other fabrics throughout the Dominion of Canada. The head office and chief place of business of the company is to be at the City of Brantford, Ontario. The capital stock is to be two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars divided into two thousand two hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars each. The above named parties are to be the first directors of the said company.

HARDY, WILKES & JONES,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Brantford, 22nd March, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants a body corporate and

politic under the name of "The Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company, (Limited)," for the purposes of acquiring, settling and conveying lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, of improving, cultivating, building upon and otherwise improving the same, of buying and selling grain and other products of the soil, of carrying on farming in all its branches, of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses and other stock, of buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing in lands and all manner of interest in lands, of advancing money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company or otherwise and securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon, and of carrying on trade as general manufacturers, merchants, millers and forwarders, and for establishing agencies in Canada or elsewhere for the purposes aforesaid, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as may be necessary and incident thereto.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, Ontario, with branch offices at Winnipeg, Manitoba, and at Qu'Appelle Valley, N. W. T.

The capital stock of the said company is to be \$600,000, in six thousand shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are, William Robert Bell, of Brockville, province of Ontario, farmer; John Northwood, of the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the said town of Chatham, Gentleman; Robert Crawford, of the town of Brockville aforesaid, Gentleman; William Northwood, of the said town of Chatham, maltster; Francis Carmichael Bruce, of the city of Hamilton, seedsman; Thomas Caldwell Ellwood, of the city of Toronto, electrician; Edmund Burritt, of Easton's Corners in the township of Wolford, farmer; William Ryan Thistle, of Ottawa, lumberman; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, of Milford, in the county of Brandon, Manitoba, miller; Charles Frederick Houghton, of the city of Winnipeg, Gentleman, and John Fisher Wood, of the said town of Brockville, barrister, of whom the six first named are to be provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are residents of Canada.

SALTER M. JARVIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

Chatham, Ont., March 24, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock companies Act of 1877, for Letters Patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited."

2. The objects for which incorporation is sought, are the purchasing, holding, selling and leasing timber, timber limits and real estate of every description and the manufacturing of timber into logs, spars, ties, square timber, cordwood, shingles and lumber of every description, and to erect, lease and operate saw mills and flouring mills, either with steam or water power as may be requisite for the purposes of the company; also the purchasing, building, leasing or operating steamboats, barges and vessels, and the carrying thereon of lumber, timber, and merchandize of every description, as well as passengers, and the construction or leasing of all necessary wharves, docks and warehouses for the purpose thereof; also the building and operating of tramways, roads, canals, flumes, dams and booms upon the rivers, streams and creeks used for the purpose of the company.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$350,000 divided into three thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses, and callings of the applicants are respectively as follows:—Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba, lumber manufacturer; James Robert Sutherland, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; Henry Norland Ruttan, of the same place, civil engineer; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor; William Buckingham, of the town of Stratford, Ontario, banker; John Ross, of the township of Grantham, county of Lincoln, Ontario, contractor, and Simon James Dawson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, civil engineer.

6. The first directors of the company are to be the said Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross and Simon James Dawson, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,
Solicitor for applicants.

Ottawa, 15th March, 1882. 38-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects herein-after mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessities for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandize so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon

such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$300,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 3,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, Frederick Howcutt Maulson, commercial traveller, William Glover Hamilton Lowe, commercial traveller, John Allan, commercial traveller, John Brown Mather, commercial traveller, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward John Mahoney, commercial traveller, Edward Carter, merchant, Frank Bennett Halliday, commercial traveller, Richard Rede Davis, commercial traveller, David A. Braid, commercial traveller, Joseph H. Brent, commercial traveller, James Haywood, commercial traveller, William John Thompson, commercial traveller, John Elgin Snider, commercial traveller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford; James Sproule Smith, commercial traveller, Toronto; James F. Egan, commercial traveller, John H. Stone, manufacturer, Edwin A. Dalley, commercial traveller, George E. Hamilton, commercial traveller, William Prentice, commercial traveller, all of Hamilton;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 16th March, 1882. 38-7

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Saskatchewan Forks Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or pri-

privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

5. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say: The following residing in the city of Toronto: George Bradley Bradley, journalist; George Eyvel, journalist; Albert Horton, journalist; George Johnson, journalist; Christopher William Bunting, managing director *Mail Printing Company*; William James Douglas, director *Mail Printing Company*; Edward Frederick Clark, publisher *Orange Sentinel*; Alexander Fraser Pirie, journalist; George Darby, manager *Evening News*; Wallace Maclean, journalist; Nicholas Flood Davin, journalist.

The following residing in the city of Montreal: Thomas White, journalist; Aimé Gélinas, journalist; Richard White, managing director *Gazette Printing Company*; François Raymond Marceau, stenographer; Robert Smeaton White, journalist;

The following residing in the city of Ottawa: Charles W. Mitchell, proprietor *Free Press*; George Roden Kingsmill, journalist; Andrew Holland, journalist; Carroll Ryan, journalist;

The following residing in the City of London: Josiah Blackburn, managing director *Free Press Printing Company*; John Cameron, editor *Daily Advertiser*; and William Dennis, of Halifax, N.S., journalist; Archibald McNee, of Winnipeg, Man., journalist;

James Innes, Guelph, journalist; John Livingstone, St. John, N.B., journalist; Edgar Russell Smith, St. Johns, Que., publisher *News and Frontier Advocate*; Minto Young McLean, Seaforth, Ont., publisher *Huron Expositor*; Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., journalist; Henry Gorman, Sarnia, Ont., publisher *Observer*; Hon. Alphonse A.C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, Man., journalist; Edwin Henry Fogarty, Cobourg, Ont., journalist; James Brown, Welland, Ont., journalist; of whom the said George Bradley Bradley, George Eyvel, Albert Horton, George Johnson, John Roden Kingsmill, Archibald McNee, Robert Smeaton White, William Dennis, Aimé Gélinas, are to be the first, or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th March, 1882.

37-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that,—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Alexander G. Ramsay, of the City of Hamilton, General Manager Canada Life Insurance Company; William Hendrie, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; Adam Brown, of the said City of Hamilton, Esquire; John Dunlop, of the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, Esquire; James Crowther, of the City of Toronto, Esquire; James Scott, of the said City of Toronto, merchant; William Mulock, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire, and Robert H. Bethune, of the said City of Toronto, cashier of the Dominion Bank.

All said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada.

MULOCK, TILT, McARTHUR & CROWTHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, the 2nd day of March 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by name of "The Dominion Colonizing, Cattle Breeding and Coal Mining Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c.) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d.) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.

(e.) To aid either by way of bonuses or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company, to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use, and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f.) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels, and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g.) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h.) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep, and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(i) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

The Town of Picton or the City of Toronto to be the chief places of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$190,000. There are to be nineteen hundred shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say, The following residing in the Town of Picton: Charles Stewart Wilson, banker, William Henry Richey Allison, barrister at law, Q. C., James North Carter, George Calvin Curry, James Hart, Joseph Redmond, Charles Alexander Macdonell, Allan Innis Corkindale and Webster Talcott Crandall and William P. Reynolds, merchants, William Wallace Colton, Henry Barthall Evans, and James Bentley Morden, physicians, Stephen Marshall Conger and John William Conger, publishers, Arthur William Hepburn, Robert Clapp, Thomas Bog, Edward Horan and Clarence James McCuaig, Gentlemen. The following residing in the village of Wellington: Joseph B. Ruttan, physician, Gilbert P. Dorland, Gentleman, Paul Charles Vanhorn, Gentleman, and David Clinton, manufacturer; and the following residing in Consecon: James Albert Johnson, Joseph Pierson, John Byers and Richard John Osborne, merchants; and the following residing in the township of Ameliasburg: William Delong, George Anderson, James Henry Peca and George Cunningham, farmers, and John Sprague, merchant; and the following residing in Sophiasburg;

David Barker Solmes, banker, Wellington Boulter, insurance agent, John Crawford and Edward Doney, farmers; and the following residing in the township of Athol: John Abercrombie, John Waring, Montalbert Werden, John Gibson, Eli Ketchum, Benjamin F. Hubbs, William Kenny and Patrick Bond, farmers; and the following residing at Rednersville: James Redner, merchant; and the following residing in the township of South Marysburg: Carlton McCartney, Wesley Hicks, Nelson Hudgins and Philip Farrington, farmers; and the following residing in the township of North Marysburg: John Premyer, Gentleman, and David McAuley, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hallowell: Abram Huyck, farmer, and Adam H. Saylor, merchant; and the following residing in the township of Hillier: Samuel Jones and Stephen Philip Niles, farmers; and Arthur Harvey, of Toronto, Gentleman, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Picton, 2nd March, 1882.

36-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes herein-after mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Morton Dairy Farming and Colonization Company of Manitoba (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a.) The acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, or elsewhere, from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. The erecting or acquiring flour mills and saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber and grain products. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising, more particularly dairy farming, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(b.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, with branches at the City of Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be

\$1,000,000 in ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses and callings of each of the applicants are as follows: Thomas Harris Houlgson, merchant, Alfred James Brice, merchant, George Bishop, engraver, Charles Iluston, manufacturer, Thomas Cramp, merchant, all of the said city of Montreal; John Macleod Gill, manufacturer, Robert Gill, manufacturer, both of the Town of Brockville, in the Province of Ontario; John Smith, manufacturer, James David Crawford, broker, both of the said City of Montreal; Colin Munro, Sheriff, of the County of Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banker, both of the City of St. Thomas, in the Province of Ontario, and George Morton, of the City of Kingston, Gentleman, of whom the six first named are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

DUNLOP & LYMAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 28th February, 1882.

36-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter instituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Dominion Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:

Henry Stark Howland, of the City of Toronto in the

Province of Ontario, banker; William Rees Brock, of the same place, merchant; John Ginty, of the same place, contractor; John Gillespie, of the same place, merchant; George A. Muttibury, of the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba, real estate agent, and Jeffrey Hall Brock, of the same place, agent. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 24th February, A. D. 1882. 36-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Head Office and legal domicile in Canada of "The Primitive Methodist Colonization Company, (limited)," is situate at No. 31 Adelaide Street East, in the City of Toronto and Province of Ontario.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for the company.

41-1

NOTICE is hereby given that the chief place of business and legal domicile in Canada of "The Temperance Colonization Society, (limited)," is at Nos. 114 and 116 King Street West, in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for the company.

Dated this third day of April, 1882.

41-1

NOTICE is hereby given that the chief place of business and legal domicile in Canada of "The British Canadian Colonization Company, (limited)" is at No. 7 Victoria Street, in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

BEATY, HAMILTON, & CASSELS,
Solicitors for the company.

Dated this 5th day of April, 1882.

41-1

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a final meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at 26 St. François Xavier Street, Montreal, at one o'clock p.m., on the 22nd day of May next, to receive the final report of the liquidators and to do all other things which the said shareholders may do at such final meeting under the provisions of the said Act intituled "An Act to authorize and provide for the winding up of the Metropolitan Bank."

By order of the liquidators,

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 4th April, 1882.

41-1

SAINT LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of this company, will be held at No. 5, Moorgate street, in the City of London, England, on Monday, the eighth day of May next, at the hour of twelve o'clock at noon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

ARCHER BAKER,
General Superintendent.

Ottawa, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent upon the capital stock of this institution has been this day declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Banking House, in this City, on and after Monday, the first day of May next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th April next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other purposes, will be held at the Banking House, in this City, at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 31st day of May next.

A resolution for an increase of the capital stock of the Bank, will be submitted to the shareholders by the directors at the annual meeting.

By order of the Board,

R. H. BETHUNE,

Cashier.

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

40-5

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY
(OF CANADA.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the half-yearly ordinary general meeting of shareholders, is appointed to be held on Thursday, the 27th day of April 1882, at the Cannon Street Hotel, Cannon Street, London, England, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, for the purpose of submitting a report and general statement of accounts for the half-year ended on the 31st January last, and for the transaction of other business.

And notice is further given, that the books kept at the office in Canada, for the registration of shares, will be closed on and from the 13th day of April to the day of meeting, both days inclusive, and transfers cannot be received between those dates.

By order,

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

No. 142, Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C., 20th March, 1882.

39-5

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

ON and after the first of May next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders, a dividend of two and half per cent. on the paid-up capital, for the six months ending on the 30th of April next.

The transfer book will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of April next inclusively.

The annual meeting of the shareholders will take place at the Banking House, Lower Town, on Saturday, the 6th of May next, at 2 o'clock p. m.

By order,

P. LAFRANCE,
Cashier.

Quebec, March 22nd, 1882.

39-5

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general meeting of the Society of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien will be held the twenty-ninth day of April next (29th April, 1882).

All the shares of the Society being to order, it will be indicated by a second notice, to appear fifteen days at least prior to the date of said meeting, at what place it shall be held.

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.

M. CHEVALIER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 22nd February, 1882.

35-9

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU
CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
de faire la nomination suivante, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 1er avril 1882.

NICHOLAS H. BUNSTER, de Victoria, dans la province de la Colombie Britannique, gentilhomme; Officier préposé au débarquement, examinateur et commis dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Lundi, 3 avril 1882.

PRESENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les importateurs d'acide sulfurique et autres acides employés dans la fabrication des engrais sont tenus fréquemment de renvoyer les bonbonnes et dames-jeannes dans lesquelles ces acides ont été importés, dans le but de les y faire emplir de nouveau et les ré-importer,—il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que lors de la première importation de ces bonbonnes ou dames-jeannes contenant des acides pour l'usage dit ci-dessus, après l'acquittement des droits pourvus par le tarif alors en opération, telles bonbonnes et dames-jeannes seront étampées ou marquées d'une marque particulière de telle façon qu'on pourra les identifier lorsqu'elles seront ré-importées subséquemment, et, en vertu des sous-sections 2 et 13 de la section 125 de l'Acte de 1877 à l'effet d'amender et refondre les actes concernant les douanes, lors d'une ré-importation subséquente, après que le percepteur ou l'officier commis aux douanes les aura identifiées, les dites bonbonnes et dames-jeannes seront, et les dites bonbonnes et dames-jeannes sont par le présent exemptées du paiement subséquent de droits jusqu'à ce qu'il y soit autrement pourvu par un ordre en conseil.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Assistant greffier du conseil privé.

41-3

TARIF DES PEAGES

A être prélevés durant la saison prochaine (1882) par la Compagnie d'Amélioration du Haut de l'Oustaouais, aux endroits ci-dessous mentionnés :

PÉAGES.

Par l'estacade des Joachims.

	Par pièce.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{8}{9}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	2 "

Par l'estacade de Fort William.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds de longueur...	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
Do do 35 pds et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{8}{9}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	2 "

Par l'estacade des Allumettes.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pieds de longueur...	$\frac{5}{9}$ "
Do do 35 pds et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{8}{9}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{4}{9}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "

Par l'estacade du chenal des Melons.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur..	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur...	$\frac{4}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$\frac{3}{5}$ "

Par l'estacade de la Passe.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{4}{15}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur...	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do de 35 pds et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{8}{15}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$\frac{1}{5}$ "

Par les améliorations du chenal du Mississipi, Rapides des Chats, et l'estacade de Quio, ou aucun d'eux.

	Per pièce.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$\frac{5}{6}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	2 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	3 "

Par les améliorations de Deschênes jusqu'à la tête de la glissoire de Hull, côté nord.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$\frac{5}{6}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	$1\frac{1}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	2 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	3 "

Par les améliorations de la baie de Thompson.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{3}{4}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$1\frac{1}{4}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	2 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	3 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$4\frac{1}{2}$ "

Par les améliorations du Remous du Four à Chaux.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{2}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	1 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "

Par l'estacade au pied de la glissoire de Hull.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$\frac{1}{3}$ "
Do do 35 pds et plus de longueur.....	$\frac{8}{15}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	$\frac{4}{5}$ "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	$1\frac{1}{5}$ "

CONTRIBUTIONS AUX FRAIS DE SERVICE DES ESTACADES.

Par l'estacade des Joachims.

	Par pièce.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	2 cents.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	$2\frac{2}{3}$ "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.....	$3\frac{1}{3}$ "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.....	$5\frac{1}{3}$ "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	8 "
Chêne, orme et autres bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	12 "

Par l'estacade de Fort William.

	Per pièce.
Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 1/3 "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur	1 2/3 "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur	2 1/3 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat	6 "

Sur l'estacade des Allumettes.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 1/3 "
do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur	1 2/3 "
do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur	2 1/3 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat	6 "

Par l'estacade du chenal des Melons.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur.....	1 1/3 "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.	1 2/3 "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.	2 1/3 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	6 "

Par les améliorations² du chenal Mississippi, Rapides des Chats et l'estacade de Quio, ou aucun d'eux.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 1/2 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur	2 "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.	2 1/2 "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur.	4 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	6 "
Chêne, orme et autres bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	9 "

Par les améliorations de la baie de Thompson.

Billots, de 17 pieds et au-dessous.....	1 cent.
Pin rouge et blanc; épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, rond ou méplat, de plus de 17 pieds, et de moins de 25 pieds de longueur	1 1/3 "
Do do de 25 à 35 pds. de longueur.	1 2/3 "
Do do 35 pds. et plus de longueur	2 1/3 "
Pin rouge et blanc, épinette rouge et blanche, et pruche, équarri.....	4 "
Chêne, orme et autre bois dur, équarri ou méplat.....	6 "

CHAMBRE DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ,
OTTAWA, 10 mars 1882.

Je certifie par le présent que le tarif de péages ci-dessus à être prélevé par la Compagnie d'amélioration du haut de l'Outaouais durant la saison de 1882, a été approuvé par Son Excellence le gouverneur général en Conseil, le 1er jour de mars 1882, en vertu des dispositions de l'acte 38 Vict., chap. 77, (1875).

J. O. COTÉ,
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

39-3

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 mars dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,915,459 17
Excise	450,719 61
Département des Postes.....	118,681 33
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	231,520 03
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	6,591 74
Divers	132,074 35
	<u>\$2,855,046 23</u>
Revenu, 28 février 1882.....	21,624,819 65
	<u>\$24,479,865 88</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,042,749 45
do 28 février 1882.....	16,956,817 25
	<u>\$17,999,566 70</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er avril 1882.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres-patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 18 mars 1882, constituant en corps politique l'honorable John Hamilton, sénateur, George A. Drummond, marchand; Alexander Murray, marchand; John McDougall, fabricant, et Joshua Collins, marchand, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada, dans le but de manifacter et vendre des sacs, importer, acheter et vendre les matériaux requis pour la manufacture de ces articles, sous le nom de "La compagnie de chanvre du Canada" (limitée), avec un fonds social de cinquante mille piastres divisé en cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 29 mars 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 14 mars 1882, constituant en corps politique Alexander Manning, écuyer; Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, écuyer; Abraham William Lauder, écuyer; John Small, gentilhomme; George Burrowes Gordon, écuyer; Horace Thorne, écuyer; William James Baines, courtier; Andrew Horon, gentilhomme; William Henry Knowlton, marchand, et Thomas Davies, brasseur, tous de la cité de Toronto, province d'Ontario, Canada, dans le but d'émettre des obligations, acheter, détenir, améliorer, louer et vendre des terres, sous le nom de "La Compagnie des terres de Toronto, du Manitoba et du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), avec un fonds social de cent mille piastres, divisé en deux mille parts de cinquante piastres.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 29 mars 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

BUREAU DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ.

OTTAWA, 22 mars 1882.

ATTENDU que le secrétaire de la compagnie du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique a présenté une requête déclarant que c'est une chose impraticable que de se conformer aux exigences de la 3^{me} section, 44 Vict. chap. 24, dans le cas de certains travaux spécifiques sur l'extension Est de cette ligne; attendu de plus qu'un rapport a été reçu de l'ingénieur du gouvernement chargé d'inspecter les travaux, déclarant que les travaux en question sont situés à l'extrémité du chemin de fer et que des arrangements peuvent être pris pour continuer sûrement la circulation des trains à travers les dits travaux, pourvu que la compagnie mette en force un règlement forçant tous les trains de s'arrêter avant d'arriver aux constructions et défendant strictement aux serre-freins ou autres personnes de se tenir sur le toit des chars passant à travers des dites constructions,—

Avis est par le présent donné que, par ordre en conseil du 20 mars 1882, il a plu à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général, en vertu des pouvoirs discrétionnaires conférés par la section, et pourvu que la compagnie consente à mettre en force le règlement suggéré dans le rapport de l'ingénieur chargé de faire l'inspection, d'exempter de son opération les travaux suivants :

1o Le tunnel de Brockville ;

2o Le pont en face du tunnel et sous le chemin de fer du Grand-Tronc à Brockville.

J. O. COTÉ,

Greffier du Conseil Privé.

39-3

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu des dispositions de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada en date du quinzième jour de mars 1882, constituant en corporation Francis Clemow, marchand de charbon ; Charles T. Bate, président de la compagnie du Gaz d'Ottawa ; Charles Magee, agent d'immeubles, tous de la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la

province d'Ontario, dans la Puissance du Canada ; Robert Blackburn, de New-Edinburgh, dans le dit comté de Carleton, marchand ; l'hon. Richard William Scott, d'Ottawa susdit, procureur en droit ; Henry N. Bate, d'Ottawa susdit, marchand ; Daniel O'Connor, d'Ottawa susdit, procureur en droit ; Edward Anderson C. Pew, de la ville de Welland, dans la dite province d'Ontario, écr. ; Alexander Fraser, de Westmeath, dans le comté de Renfrew, dans la dite province d'Ontario, marchand de bois, et James MacLaren, de Buckingham, dans le comté d'Ottawa, dans la province de Québec, dans la dite Puissance du Canada, président de la Banque d'Ottawa,— dans le but d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus ; de coloniser et de vendre les dites terres ; d'arpenter d'améliorer, de cultiver les dites terres, d'y construire des maisons, de vendre et d'acheter du grain et autres produits du sol ; de vendre, acheter, louer, affermer, hypothéquer, les dites terres et en général d'en disposer de toute façon ; et dans le cas de ventes de terres par la compagnie, de s'assurer au moyen d'hypothèque consentie par l'acquéreur, du paiement du prix d'achat ou de toute balance impayée avec intérêt, aux conditions qui seront convenues de part et d'autre ; de prêter de l'argent et d'aider aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon au moyen d'hypothèque ou arrangement qu'il aura été convenu mutuellement ; d'ériger et d'acquérir des scieries et de manufacturer et vendre des bois de service ; d'élever, croiser, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux et de faire des affaires dans toutes les branches de l'agriculture et de l'élevage des bestiaux, par toute la Puissance du Canada—sous le nom de "Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa et du Nord-Ouest, à responsabilité limitée," avec un fonds social de \$200,000, divisé en 2,000 parts de \$100.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 23ème jour de mars 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secrétaire d'Etat

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DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de février 1882. Av
Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 janv. 1882.....	\$8,190,037 64	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$319,369 53
Dépôts durant le mois	510,411 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	3,300 92		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,357,167 52
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	57,212 51
			8,414,380 03
	8,733,749 56		\$8,733,749 56

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 21 mars 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montr'l, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Montréal ; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 dépensures de municipalités ; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc ; Sur la vie et cont. les accid. Contre l'inc. et sur la navig. Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Sur la vie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,"		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St Jean, N.B.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montreal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B)..	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux ; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal ; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasinages de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210).....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,00.)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		Frederick Stancliffe, agent général, Montréal	£10,000 stg., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		A. T. McCoord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	£21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U..		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-E	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,080, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont. Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont- réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800). \$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont. J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens \$50,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600)	Contre l'incendie. Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, d'Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lidés canadiens (vie)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre.....	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B) \$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.....	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512) \$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre.....	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en espèces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et \$20,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPERATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débiteures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernment, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERILMAN, Surintendant des Assurances

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

Etat fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—	
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5 18 26	\$4,823,833 60
Versements sur le capital—	
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.	\$1,205,958 40
Nombre des titres—	
Titres nominatifs.....	50,000
Titres au porteur.....	Nil.

<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$ cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875 20	Capital social	4,823,833 60
Prêts hypothécaires:		Prêts différés	25,314 01
A long terme..... 674,716 33		Intérêt payé par anticipation.....	242 75
A court terme..... 389,334 50		Divers.....	1,727 56
	1,064,050 83		
Espèces en caisse et en banque:			
En Canada..... 93,249 81			
En France..... 78,305 92			
	171,555 73		
Arrérages de semestres.....	389 51		
Mobilier	2,054 24		
Divers	2,787 16		
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712 67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117 92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société.....Néant.

Montant des obligations ou débentures émises et taux de l'intérêt.....Néant.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des Statistiques,
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce


72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

 VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnés :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de Colonisation des terres de Battleford et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer et, en général, trafiquer les dites terres de même que les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'accorder des subventions et autres secours pour la construction et le maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et l'exécution de n'importe quelle autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres et jugée utile aux fins de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés mobilières ou immobilières et les droits en icelles requis par la compagnie pour l'avancement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins; le droit de développer, encourager et secourir l'immigration avec le droit de secourir les immigrants de toute façon qui peut être utile au développement et à la colonisation de la contrée et à l'avancement des intérêts de la compagnie ou du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera à Mono Mills, dans le district électoral de Cardwell, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts de ce fonds social sera de deux mille cinq cent, et chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Robert Lawrence, de Mono Mills, médecin ; John Kelly, du township d'Adjala, cultivateur ; Silas Huntingdon Foster, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; Henry Bracken, du township d'Adjala, menuisier ; Henry Allison, du township de King, cultivateur ; George Kidd, de Mono Mills, cultivateur, tous de la province d'Ontario. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ci-dessus mentionnés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,

Pour les requérants.

Daté à Mono Mills, ce 28 mars 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de persiennes et auvents automatiques du Canada."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit pour elle de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des ornements, garnitures et fermoirs de fenêtres, persiennes et auvents ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser les brevets d'invention ou inventions qui peuvent servir à la compagnie dans ses opérations ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser n'importe quel brevet d'invention ou inventions qui pourraient être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie ; le droit de manufacturer, acheter et vendre telles autres marchandises et articles qui peuvent être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

Le nombre des parts sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cinq piastres.

La cité de Montréal sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Charles E. Kennedy, de Hatley, dans le comté de Stanstead, province de Québec, commerçant ; Charles C. Colby, M. P., de Stanstead, dans le dit comté ; Walter M. Tomlinson, de la ville de Sherbrooke, dans la dite province, écuyer ; Frederick F. Fairman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province, marchand, Robert B. May, de la dite cité de Montréal, imprimeur ; John G. Elder, de la ville de Derby, dans l'Etat du Vermont, commerçant, et Stiles Frost, de la cité de Boston, dans l'Etat de Massachusetts, commerçant.

Tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

CHAS. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Montréal, 3 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée sera "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Rivière aux Ecaïlles."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—Le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans la Puissance du Canada ; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et d'en développer les ressources minières, agricoles ou autres ; le droit d'exploiter, vendre, donner, transporter, louer, hypothéquer et trafiquer de n'importe quelle manière les dites propriétés, y compris le droit de prendre des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat ; le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques ; le droit d'aider et encourager l'émigration et la colonisation des terres qui pourraient être acquises, soit par des prêts ou subventions garanties d'une manière sur laquelle on se sera entendu ou de toute manière légale ; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de lignes de chemin de fer ou télégraphique, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de la colonisation des terres de la compagnie ; le droit de construire des bâtiments, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de toute sorte ; le droit d'aider à la construction de ces travaux de toute façon légale et à telles conditions et avec telles garanties dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de fournir ses terres de bestiaux et de s'engager dans l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux ; le droit de s'occuper de la culture du blé et de l'industrie des produits de ferme ; le droit de fabriquer et exporter les dits grains et produits et de s'engager dans des opérations minières sur les dites propriétés.

3. La cité de Belleville ou le village de Trenton, l'un et l'autre dans le comté de Hastings, sera le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000 divisé en 20,000 actions de \$25 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

David Gilmour, marchand de bois, William Jeffs, marchand de grain, George Henry Gordon, marchand, William Ford Baker, marchand de grain ; John Hendricks, propriétaire rural, Anson Green Whittier, marchand, tous de Trenton ; James Coleman Jamieson, imprimeur et éditeur, George Dean Dickson, avocat, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, avocat, Cornelius James Starling, entrepreneur, tous de Belleville ; John White, fabricant, Roslin Charles Ashley, voiturier, Stephen A. Lazier, fabricant, Egbert W. Ashley, marchand, tous de Foxboro' ; James S. Hamilton, propriétaire rural, et Peter R. Daly, propriétaire rural, tous deux d'Halloway.

GEORGE D. DICKSON,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

4 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte en vertu du dit acte, constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées, qui sont les requérants, pour les fins ci-après énumérées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres de Hamilton" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

Le droit d'acheter et acquérir de toute façon des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou individus.

Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou trafiquer d'une façon quelconque les dites terres.

Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres et ériger dessus des constructions.

Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques créées sur icelles comme prix d'achat ou garanties à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'on les aura fixés de part et d'autre, avec le droit de retenir telles hypothèques données comme prix d'achat et de les transporter par un document soit écrit en entier ou en partie écrit et imprimé, sujet aux conditions faites pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles aux taux qui auront été convenus de part et d'autre.

Le droit de construire et réparer des routes ordinaires et ponts, assister les immigrants venant de pays étrangers et colons venant des autres provinces, avec le droit de les aider à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée est de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—

Valancey England Fuller, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans le comté de Wentworth, avocat; John Proctor, du même lieu, marchand; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, du même lieu, éditeur; George Albertus Cox, de la ville de Peterborough, dans le comté de Peterborough, gérant de chemin de fer, et Robert Jaffray, de la cité de Toronto, dans le comté de York, marchand, tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés, résidents du Canada, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 3 avril 1882.

41-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877 CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

AVIS est par le présent donné que durant le mois qui suivra la dernière insertion du présent avis les requérants ci-après nommés s'adresseront par pétition au gouverneur-général à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des Ranches des Cantons de l'Est" (limitée.)

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont:

Le droit d'élever des bestiaux, chevaux, mules, moutons et cochons dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

Le droit d'acheter, vendre et trafiquer les dits animaux dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs, y compris le droit d'acquérir, détenir et améliorer les propriétés requises à cette fin.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Sherbrooke, province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille, de cent piastres chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de de chacun des requérants: L'honorable Matthew Henry Cochrane, du township de Compton, sénateur; William White, de la ville de Sherbrooke, avocat; William Farwell, de la dite ville de Sherbrooke, gérant de banque; Charles Carroll Colby, du village de Stanstead, avocat; John McLary, du township de Compton, cultivateur, et Edward Towle Brooks, de la dite ville

de Sherbrooke, avocat, tous, de la province de Québec, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

BROOKS, CAMERON ET HIND,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Sherbrooke, 5 avril 1882.

41-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné, sous l'autorité de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Canadienne, pour l'exportation des fruits, à responsabilité limitée."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corporation sont:—

(a.) D'acheter et vendre des brevets d'invention canadiens ou étrangers, qui sont déjà émis ou qui le seront ci-après, pour conserver ou préserver les fruits ou légumes, et les emballer soit pour l'exportation soit pour l'emmagasinage.

(b) De fabriquer des armoires ou garde-fruits pour les maisons et magasins, et des boîtes à fruit pour le transport des fruits, et de vendre ce dit droit de fabrication à d'autres, soit complètement et sans réserve soit en se réservant un droit régalien.

(c) D'acheter et vendre des fruits et légumes de toutes espèces et nature que ce soit, de les exporter du Canada ou de les y importer, et d'emballer les dits fruits et légumes dans des boîtes et les vendre en Canada ou à l'étranger.

(d) D'acquérir des propriétés, mobilières et immobilières, et de construire les édifices nécessaires aux opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres (\$50,000.)

5. Le nombre de parts est de cinq cent, de la valeur de cent piastres chaque.

6. Les nom, prénom, occupation et adresse de chacun des requérants sont respectivement comme suit:—George Albert Cochrane, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gentilhomme; Francis Ernest Gilman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat; Thomas Craig, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, caissier; Edward Kirk Greene, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, marchand; David Timothy Irish, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, agent; James Naismith Greenshields, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat, et Charles Henry Cordingley, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, distillateur.

7. Les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie seront les susdits George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields, et Charles Henry Cordingley, qui tous sont sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED ET GUÉRIN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 6 avril 1882.

41-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps

politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Qu'Appelle et des Buttes de l'ondre."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles en Canada, soit par achat ou autrement de tout gouvernement, corporation ou individu; le droit de les acheter, améliorer, coloniser, cultiver, vendre, céder, hypothéquer et louer, d'y construire des maisons et autrement en disposer.

De prendre des hypothèques et autres garanties en paiement des dites terres ou autre propriété de la compagnie à tels taux d'intérêt qui pourront être convenus de part et d'autre, et de vendre et transporter ces hypothèques ou autres garanties.

D'avancer des deniers aux colons ou acheteurs des terres, et les aider d'autre manière, et de prendre des sûretés pour le remboursement de ces créances et aide avec intérêt à tel taux d'intérêt qui pourra être convenu soit par hypothèques sur les terres ou autrement.

De donner des bonis ou autre aide aux chemins de fer et autres entreprises et travaux passant sur les terres de la dite compagnie, jugés utiles pour les ouvrir ou les améliorer, ou tendant à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie.

D'encourager, développer et aider l'immigration en Canada, de la Grande-Bretagne et de pays étrangers.

De construire, acquérir, maintenir et exploiter sur les dites terres et en rapport avec elles des scieries et des moulins à farine et manufactures, et de vendre et disposer de tout et chacun des dits moulins et manufactures et de leurs produits; et de construire, entretenir et exploiter des tramways, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, chemins, rues, ponts et autres travaux en rapport avec les dites terres, ou autrement favorisant les intérêts de la dite compagnie.

Produire, acheter et vendre des bestiaux sur pied, des grains et autres produits du sol, et de vendre et acheter des biens immobiliers en général.

Le pouvoir d'emprunter sur le crédit de la compagnie ou sur la garantie de ses propriétés, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement, et de faire des placements de deniers, et généralement tous autres pouvoirs qui seront utiles ou nécessaires aux fins que se propose la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, avec pouvoir d'établir des succursales et agences ailleurs dans et en dehors du Canada, mais la première assemblée des directeurs provisoires et des actionnaires pourra être tenue à tout endroit en Canada que la majorité des dits directeurs décidera, et les assemblées subséquentes des directeurs provisoires et des directeurs élus et des actionnaires auront lieu à l'endroit choisi par les dits directeurs provisoires ou directeurs élus.

4. Le montant du fonds social sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de douze mille, et le montant de chaque action sera de vingt-cinq piastres.

Les noms, prénoms, occupations et adresses de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : James Murray, propriétaire de navires, James Livingston, cultivateur, Charles Peters Camp, jardinier, Hiram Blavill Hamill, artisan, et William John Murray, maître marin, tous de la cité de Ste. Catherine, dans le comté de Lincoln, et province d'Ontario, lesquels seront les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

A. FERGUSON,

Solliciteur des requérants.

Daté à Ottawa, avril 1882.

41-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par Thomas Beattie, marchand, George S. Birrell, marchand, Charles B. Hunt, meunier,

Samuel Grigg, hôtelier, William McGregor, médecin, et Andrew McCormack, marchand, tous de la cité de London, Ontario, à l'effet de les constituer eux et d'autres en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées.

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation London du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—le droit d'acheter ou acquérir de toute façon, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres au Canada, de développer les ressources d'icelles en y érigeant des constructions, en les défrichant, les asséchant, les cultivant suivant un système quelconque qui pourra sembler opportun; le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de pratiquer en général l'industrie de l'élevage d'animaux, moutons et leurs produits, d'exploiter, vendre, manufacturer les productions minières des terres de la compagnie, d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute sorte; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, machines, estacades, avec le droit de construire des tramways, canaux, chemins et autres entreprises donnant des moyens de transport ou facilitant le développement des propriétés de la compagnie; le droit de contribuer aux dépenses encourues par la construction, l'amélioration ou l'usage des dites entreprises; le droit d'encourager et développer l'immigration des autres pays vers le Canada, avec le droit d'aider aux immigrants dans la colonisation des terres du Canada; le droit d'agir comme agent pour un gouvernement quelconque, corporation ou individu, pour l'achat ou la vente de terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada, et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada; et pour ces différentes fins le droit de prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou donner des subventions de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des propriétés mobilières et immobilières pour les fins de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés, avec le droit en général de faire toutes choses qui sont de nature à promouvoir les fins de la dite compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$100,000, divisée en 1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les requérants mentionnés ci-dessus, tous résidents du Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

MEREDITH ET MEREDITH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à London, Ontario, 22 mars 1882.

40-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous l'autorité du dit acte et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie de colonisation des commis voyageurs d'Ontario-ouest" (limitée.)

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit pour la dite compagnie d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des corporations ou des particuliers; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; le droit d'acheter, de vendre, louer,

affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres, avec le droit de les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles; le droit de prêter de l'argent et des secours aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et de vendre du bois de service; le droit d'élever, paître, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et la production des produits de ferme.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différents endroits dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Lind, de la ville de London, Ontario, marchand; Alfred Robinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand; Robert Cathcart Macfie, du même lieu, marchand; John Green du même lieu, marchand; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme; John Burnett Laing, du même lieu, marchand; George Sunby Birrill, du même lieu, marchand; William Henry Birrill, du même lieu, marchand; Bosson Ashford Mitchell, marchand; Moses Mazurett, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas Herbert Marsh, du même lieu, marchand; John Carrington Merritt, du même lieu, marchand; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand; George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand; James A'Kennedy, du même lieu, droguiste; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, du même lieu, marchand; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand; John Drinkwater Ivey, du même lieu, marchand; Alexander Johnston, du même lieu, marchand; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand, et Thomas Muir, du même lieu, fabricant.

Les requérants dont les noms suivent, tous de ceux ci-dessus nommés et résidant au Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :— William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson, Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Mazurett, John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin et John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER ET FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à London ce 22 mars 1882.

40-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l' "Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie du Rancho Stewart, à responsabilité limitée." (*The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited.*)

2. D'acheter ou autrement acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver des terres et biens-fonds dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du Canada.

3. De développer les ressources des dites terres et biens-fonds en les défrichant, les égouttant, les améliorant, y construisant des maisons, et par des opérations minières, la culture, la fabrication des bois et autres moyens.

De mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'y élever et trafiquer sur toutes espèces de bestiaux,

moutons et leurs produits, et d'y faire dans toutes ses branches la culture et l'élevage des bestiaux.

D'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les terres de la compagnie, et de les coloniser, et dans ce but d'aider aux immigrants et colons sur les terres de la compagnie au moyen d'octrois de terre, d'avances ou autres, et d'agir comme agents de tout gouvernement, corporation ou personne favorisant l'émigration au Canada.

D'acheter, acquérir, fabriquer et vendre toutes espèces de bois, marchandises et effets (à l'exception des vins et spiritueux et des boissons fermentées et enivrantes)

De construire, acquérir, naviguer et utiliser des bateaux à vapeur et autres, et de procurer et employer tous autres moyens nécessaires et convenables pour le transport des colons, immigrants, voyageurs, effets et marchandises, et pour conduire convenablement les opérations de la compagnie; et dans le but de donner un accès facile aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie, d'aider, au moyen de boni, don d'argent, octroi de terre ou autrement, à toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou de bateaux à vapeur ou autre moyen de transport par terre ou par eau.

D'acheter, prendre à bail, ou échanger, louer ou autrement acquérir des ranches, plaines à bestiaux et tous autres biens meubles et immeubles, et tous intérêts, droits et privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses opérations.

De construire, maintenir et changer toutes scieries, moulins à farine, bâtisses, quais, entrepôts et autres travaux nécessaires ou utiles aux opérations de la compagnie.

De vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, louer, hypothéquer, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de toute ou partie de la propriété de la compagnie, et de prendre et accepter des hypothèques et obligations sur les biens meubles ou immeubles ou toutes autres garanties quelconques (et portant intérêt ou autrement, selon que la compagnie le décidera) des acheteurs et autres débiteurs de la compagnie, et de vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toutes ou chacune de ces garanties.

De faire toute affaire ou transaction (du ressort de la compagnie,) en société, ou autrement avec d'autres personnes ou compagnies.

Et généralement de faire toutes autres choses utiles ou nécessaires au but que se propose d'atteindre la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario.

4. Le montant de son fonds social sera de cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille cinq cent, et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms au long, adresse et occupation de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : John Stewart, du township de Nepean, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer; John Herron, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, marchand; Hugh MacLennan, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, expéditeur; Archibald Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat; McLeod Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat; Francis Henry Chrysler, du dit township de Nepean, avocat, et Joseph James Gormully, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, avocat.

Dont les dits Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart et Joseph James Gormully seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

STEWART, CHRYSLER ET GORMULLY,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 30 mars 1882.

40-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard

actionnaire dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est : "La Compagnie générale de colonisation et d'agriculture de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord (limité)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada, soit par achat, louage ou autrement du gouvernement du Canada, des gouvernements provinciaux, de la compagnie du chemin de fer du Pacifique ou de tout autre individu.

3. Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

4. Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres y compris le droit de construire sur icelles des maisons, moulins et établissements manufacturiers et en général de trafiquer des dites terres.

5. Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de n'importe quelle manière, y compris le droit d'acheter ou vendre du grain ou autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et d'aider autrement aux colons par le moyen de subventions, d'assurer le remboursement de ces prêts avec intérêt à des conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques.

6. Le droit de développer et encourager l'immigration, d'aider aux immigrants de toute façon qui pourra être jugée utile pour ouvrir et coloniser le dit pays et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

7. Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou de plusieurs lignes de chemins de fer, bateaux ou autres navires ou véhicules à travers les terres de la compagnie ; le droit d'ouvrir des routes, de faire et exploiter tels travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie.

8. Le droit de posséder, acheter, fabriquer et vendre n'importe quelle espèce de machines agricoles, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ou ailleurs, et à ces fins, de pouvoir emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ces dites fins.

9. Le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux et d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et des produits de ferme, y compris le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage ou autrement des enclos pour bestiaux ou pâturages spécialement adaptés à l'élevage et l'exploitation des troupeaux.

10. Le droit d'acquérir des terres à bois ou limites dans toute l'étendue du Canada par achat ou autrement, d'exploiter l'industrie de la production du bois ou le trafic d'icelui dans toutes leurs branches, y compris le droit de posséder, acheter, préparer, manufacturer, transporter et vendre toute espèce de matériaux pour constructions, articles en bois, machines agricoles, voitures, véhicules, etc. ; le droit de construire des bateaux, barges et navires, quais et bassins, d'exploiter des filatures de coton et de laine, des moulins à carder, des moulins à farine, des fonderies et des forges ; le droit d'acquérir et exploiter des carrières, terrains miniers et houillères, avec le droit d'acheter terrains et bâtiments, privilèges de moulins et pouvoirs d'eau, et de construire les bâtiments nécessaires à telles exploitations ; le droit de faire le trafic de gros et de détail ; le droit de construire et exploiter des routes, tramways, et canaux, de prendre des actions dans les compagnies de flottage de bois par les rivières, de plus le droit de posséder et louer des wagons sur les voies ferrées pour le transport des marchandises.

11. Le droit d'emprunter sur la garantie de ses propres débentures ou autrement, telles sommes

d'argent qui peuvent être nécessaires ou requises pour l'exploitation des affaires susdites, et cela soit avec garantie ou non ; le droit d'acheter et vendre, faire ou endosser des traites et billets promissoires ; le droit de placer avec hypothèque sur des immeubles dans le Canada ou sur les débentures d'une corporation municipale dans le dit Canada, ou sur les débentures d'une compagnie incorporée soit par un acte spécial ou par un acte général du Canada ou de l'une des provinces, une partie quelconque des profits réalisés dans ses opérations, dans le but de rembourser le capital ainsi engagé, avec le droit de faire toutes choses découlant des opérations ci-dessus décrites.

12. La compagnie aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la ville de Lindsay, comté de Victoria, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs, dans Ontario, Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

13. Le capital actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

14. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Mossom Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria, et province d'Ontario, fabricant de bois ; Mossom Martin Boyd, de la même place, fabricant de bois ; John Macdonald, de la cité d'Albany, dans l'Etat de New-York, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, fabricant de bois ; Alexander Niven, du village de Haliburton, dans le comté provisoire d'Haliburton, arpenteur provincial ; William Thornton Cust Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria susdit, fabricant de bois ; et John Augustus Barron, de la ville de Lindsay, dans le dit comté de Victoria, solliciteur, qui tous seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

JOHN A. BARRON,

Soliciteur pour les requérants.

Lindsay, 29 mars 1882.

39-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de fabricants de bois du Lac LaPluie, à responsabilité limitée." (The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited.)

2. Le but de la compagnie projetée est d'acheter, posséder, vendre et louer du bois de construction, des coupes de bois et des biens-fonds de toute espèce, et la fabrication du bois en billots, espars, traverses, bois carré, bois de corde, bardeaux et bois de service de toute description, et de construire, louer et exploiter des scieries et moulins à farine, soit au moyen de la vapeur ou par pouvoir d'eau, selon que la compagnie le jugera à propos ; aussi, d'acheter, construire, louer et se servir du bateaux à vapeur, barges et navires, pour le transport du bois de service et de construction et de marchandise de toute sorte, ainsi que des voyageurs, et de construire ou louer tous quais, bassins et entrepôts nécessaires à cette fin ; aussi de construire et exploiter des tramways, chemins, canaux, dalles, digues et estacades sur les rivières, cours d'eau et ruisseaux nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$350,000, divisé en trois mille cinq cents actions de cent piastres chaque.

5. Les noms, adresses et occupations des requérants sont comme suit :—Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba, fabricant de bois ; James Robert Sutherland, du même lieu, fabricant de bois ; Henry Norland Ruttan, de la même place, ingénieur civil ; Peter Johnson Brown, de la même place, entrepreneur ; William Buckingham, de la ville de Stratford,

Ontario, banquier; John Ross, du township de Grantham, comté de Lincoln, Ontario, entrepreneur, et Simon James Dawson, de Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, ingénieur civil.

6. Les premiers directeurs de la compagnie seront les dits Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Jolinson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross et Simon James Dawson, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,
Soliciteur des requérants.

Ottawa, 15 mars, 1882.

39-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demanda sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte, constituant en corps politique les requérants et toute personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire de la compagnie, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie des Terres Fédérales (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont—

(1) Le droit d'acheter, louer, échanger ou acquérir d'une manière quelconque des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou les intérêts en icelles dans le Canada, y compris les provinces et territoires d'icelui; de négocier l'achat et la vente de résidences, propriétés de cité, ville ou village, propriétés rurales, baux, hypothèques, obligations et autres garanties, et en général le droit de faire toute opération de courtier d'agence ou à commission.

(2) Le droit d'améliorer telles propriétés en construisant dessus des bâtiments, clôtures, égoûts ou toute autre chose jugée utile par la dite compagnie pour ses utilité et avantage et pour en encourager l'établissement.

(3) Le droit de vendre, louer, échanger ou trafiquer d'une manière quelconque les propriétés mobilières ou immobilières acquises par la compagnie ou les intérêts en icelles, soit par versements soit à toute autre condition; le droit de prendre et détenir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat non payé, et en général de faire le trafic tant d'achat que de vente de telles propriétés de la manière et avec les mêmes pouvoirs qu'un simple particulier.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter de l'argent en donnant des garanties sur les propriétés de la dite compagnie ou sur partie d'icelles, y compris le droit de prélever des sommes d'argent sur le crédit de la compagnie par l'émission de débentures, bons ou autres garanties, et de donner des hypothèques ou autres garanties sur le tout ou partie des biens de la compagnie pour le remboursement en tout ou en partie, des sommes empruntées.

(5) Le droit de placer des sommes d'argent dans l'achat des fonds publics ou débentures du Royaume-Uni, des gouvernements canadien et américain, des gouvernements des différentes provinces canadiennes, des corporations municipales, des syndics ou commissaires, des compagnies incorporées dans la Grande-Bretagne, au Canada ou aux Etats-Unis, avec le droit d'acheter des obligations, des reçus de dépôts de n'importe quelle compagnie incorporée, avec de plus le droit de vendre et trafiquer les dites valeurs de même qu'un simple particulier.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cent mille piastres divisé en mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Hugh Scott, de la cité de Toronto, assureur, Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, marchand, Robert Barber, Toronto, marchand, John Fitzallen Ellis, Toronto, marchand, Thomas Walmsley, Toronto, assureur, William Frederick Carrier, Toronto, marchand, William Myddleton Hall, Toronto, avocat, James Scott Fullerton, Toronto, avocat,

6. Les huit premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie et tous sont des résidents du Canada.

HALL et FULLERTON.

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 16 mars 1882.

39-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d.) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachant requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie.

Le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de trois mille d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, Frederick Howcutt Maulson, commis voyageur, William Glover Hamilton Lowe, commis voyageur, John Allan, commis voyageur, John Brown Mather, commis voyageur, Samuel Trees, fabricant, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward John Mahoney, commis voyageur, Edward Carter, marchand, Frank Bennett Halliday, commis voyageur, Richard Rede Davis, commis voyageur, David A. Braid, commis voyageur, Joseph H. Brent, commis voyageur, James Haywood, commis voyageur, William John Thompson, commis voyageur, John Elgin Snider, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand, James Sproule Smith, Toronto, commis voyageur; James F. Egan, commis voyageur, John H. Stone, fabricant, Edwin A. Dalley, commis voyageur, George E. Hamilton, commis voyageur, William Prentice, commis voyageur, tous d'Hamilton.

Les personnes suivantes seront les premiers ou provisoires directeurs de la compagnie :—

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 16 mars 1882.

38-7

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois au moins après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation des terres du gouvernement fédéral."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b.) La colonisation, le défrichement et la vente des dites terres ;

(c.) L'arpentage, l'ouverture, le défrichement, la culture et l'amélioration des dites terres, avec le droit de trafiquer de ces derniers et d'élever dessus des constructions ;

(d.) La vente, le louage, l'affermage des terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts, tels que l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de les assister par des subventions ou autrement, de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions à la construction et au maintien de voies ferrées à travers les dites terres et à toutes les entreprises qui peuvent ouvrir ces dernières à la colonisation, tels que lignes de vapeurs et télégraphes, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, rues et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la vente de toutes propriétés personnelles ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à l'avance-

ment des fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de développer, aider et encourager l'immigration, d'assister les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays tout entier.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Toronto, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera d'un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts de tel fonds social sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresses et qualités des dits requérants sont comme suit :

Henry Stark Howland, de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, banquier ; William Rees Brock, du même lieu, marchand ; John Ginty, du même lieu, entrepreneur ; John Gillespie, du même lieu, marchand ; George A. Muttibury, de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, agent d'immobiliers, et Jeffrey Hall Brock, du même lieu, agent. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ainsi mentionnés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 24 février 1882.

36-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie devant être constituée en corps politique sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Morton de produits de ferme, d'agriculture et de colonisation de Manitoba (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) L'acquisition de terres ou d'intérêts en icelles dans la province de Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, l'amélioration et la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon comme des intérêts compris en icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent aux colons sur les terres achetées de la compagnie avec le droit de garantir le paiement de tels prêts avec intérêt et de telle manière et à telles conditions, sur hypothèques ou obligations, dont il pourra être convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et à la réussite de toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres à la colonisation, telles que lignes de bateaux, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, chemins, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie ; la construction ou l'acquisition de moulins à farine et scieries de même que la manufacture et la vente de bois de construction et produits agricoles ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et de l'agriculture et plus particulièrement des produits de ferme, avec le droit également d'acheter, vendre et manufacturer toute espèce de marchandises, effets de commerce et autres requis

par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie.

(b.) A ces fins la compagnie aura tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et tels autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ses fins.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, avec des succursales dans la cité de Winnipeg et ailleurs au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$1,000,000 divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Thomas Harris Hodgson, marchand, Alfred James Brice, marchand, George Bishop, graveur, Charles Huston, fabricant, Thomas Cramp, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Montréal ; John MacLeod Gill, fabricant, Robert Gill, fabricant, tous deux de la ville de Brockville, dans la province d'Ontario ; John Smith, fabricant, James David Crawford, courtier, tous deux de la cité de Montréal ; Colin Munro, shérif du comté d'Elgin, George Kendal Morton, banquier, tous deux de la cité de Saint-Thomas, dans la province d'Ontario, et George Morton, de la cité de Kingston, gentilhomme ; les six premiers nommés devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

DUNLOP ET LYMAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 26 février 1882.

36-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ontario et Qu'Appelle."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : l'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, du gouvernement du Canada, de même que de compagnies et individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, l'ouverture, l'amélioration, la culture des dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; l'achat et la vente de grains et autres produits du sol ; l'achat, la vente, le louage, l'affermage des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons qui ont acheté des terres de la compagnie et de venir en aide à ces derniers, de garantir le paiement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt aux conditions

de telle manière par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; la construction et l'acquisition de scieries et la manufacture et vente de bois de construction ; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux ; avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie projetée sera dans la ville de Toronto avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont : Alexander G. Ramsay, de la cité d'Hamilton, gérant général de la compagnie d'assurance sur la vie du Canada ; William Hendrie, de la dite cité d'Hamilton, écuyer ; Adam Brown, de la dite ville d'Hamilton, écuyer ; John Dunlop, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford, écuyer ; James Crowther, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; James Scott, de la dite cité de Toronto, marchand ; William Mulock,

de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edmund Boyd Osler, de la dite cité de Toronto, écuyer, et Robert H. Bethune, de la dite cité de Toronto, caissier de la banque Dominion.

Tous les susdits requérants seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada.

MULOCK, TH.T, McARTHUR ET CROWTHER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto ce 2e jour de mars 1882.

36-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu de l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient ci-après devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique sous le nom de la "Compagnie de colonisation des fermiers de York."

Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique est le suivant :—

L'acquisition de terres dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des compagnies et des individus ; la colonisation, l'établissement et la vente des dites terres ; l'arpentage, la mise en culture, l'amélioration des dites terres et l'érection de bâtiments sur icelles ; le prêt de sommes d'argent et l'assistance donnée aux colons sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et l'acceptation en retour de garanties pour tels prêts d'argent à des conditions et de telle façon par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont on conviendra ci après ; l'achat, le louage, l'échange ou l'acquisition par autre voie de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière de droits ou privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ; la vente, le louage des dites propriétés et le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer de toute façon ; l'aide, l'encouragement et le développement de l'émigration vers les propriétés appartenant à la compagnie et la colonisation des dites propriétés, et pour les fins ci-dessus le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent ; l'aide au moyen de subvention ou autrement à être donnée à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer ou de lignes de vapeurs ou autres navires de la compagnie, l'aide à être donnée à la construction, et l'exploitation de telles autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie ; l'achat, la fabrication et la vente de toute espèce de marchandises requises par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie au ailleurs, à cette fin la dite compagnie devant avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer de l'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières et immobilières ou autrement en disposer, et en général devant jouir de tous les pouvoirs nécessaires ou opportuns à la réalisation de son objet.

La ville de Toronto sera la principale place d'affaires de la dite compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$150,000 divisé en 1,500 parts de \$100 chacune.

Les noms et prénoms, adresses et désignation des différents requérants sont :—

N. Clarke Wallace, M. P., marchand, du village de Woodbridge, Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, tous de la cité de Toronto, James Duncan, fermier, Emery P. O., John Duncan, fermier, Richmond Hill, Robert N. Taylor, fermier, Elders Mills—les dits N. Clarke Wallace, Silas James, James Armstrong, John Duncan, John J. Cook, Robert N. Taylor, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ELGIN SCHOFF,

Solliciteur pour les requérants,

Toronto, 9 février 1882.

34-8

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée finale des actionnaires de cette banque aura lieu au No. 26, rue Saint-François-Xavier, Montréal, à 1 heure p.m., le 22 mai prochain, pour recevoir le rapport final des liquidateurs et pour faire toutes autres choses qu'il est loisible aux actionnaires de faire à telle assemblée finale en vertu de l'acte intitulé "Acte pour autoriser la liquidation des affaires de la banque Métropolitaine."

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secrétaire.

Montréal, 4 avril 1882.

41-1

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

Le premier mai prochain, et après, la Banque paiera à ses actionnaires un dividende de deux et demi par cent, pour le semestre finissant le 30 avril prochain.

Le livre des transports d'actions sera clos depuis le 16 jusqu'au 30 avril inclusivement.

L'assemblée annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu au bureau de la banque, samedi, le six mai prochain, à deux heures p.m.

Par ordre,

P. LAFRANCE,
Caissier.

Québec, le 22 mars 1882.

39-5

COMPAGNIE DU PONT DE LA RIVIÈRE ROUGE ET DE L'ASSINIBOINE.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la susdite compagnie aura lieu au bureau des terres de la Compagnie de la Baie d'Hudson, en la cité de Winnipeg, lundi, le 3e jour d'avril, 1882, à midi, dans le but d'augmenter le fonds social de la dite compagnie et aussi dans le but d'autoriser les directeurs à canceler toutes actions sur lesquelles les versements n'auront pas été payés.

Par ordre,

J. BALSILLIE,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Winnipeg, 9 mars 1882.

39-3

AVIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la

dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

AVIS est donné par les présentes que l'assemblée générale de la société du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien, se réunira le vingt-neuf avril prochain (29 avril 1882).

Toutes les actions de la société étant nominatives, il sera pourvu, par un deuxième avis qui paraîtra 15 jours au moins avant la date de l'assemblée, à la désignation de l'endroit où se tiendra l'assemblée générale.

L'administrateur délégué,
J. WURTELE.

Le secrétaire-général,

M. CHEVALIER.

Montréal, 22 février 1882.

35-9

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PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 14th March, 1882.

DAVID JOHN RANKIN, of Collinsby, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman; to be a Preventive Officer in Her Majesty's Customs.

29th March, 1882.

WILLIAM McMICKING PARKER, of the Township of Stamford, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs.

31st March, 1882.

WILLIAM C. BAKER, of the Village of Dunham, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

3rd April, 1882.

HENRY LEBLANC, of New Richmond, in the County of Bonaventure, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; to be Harbour Master for the Port of New Richmond, in the said Province.

JOHN FERGUSON, of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, Esquire; to be Port Warden for the Port of Newcastle, in the said Province.

HENRY ALEXANDER MUIRHEAD, of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, Esquire; to be Port Warden for the Port of Chatham, in the said Province.

WILLIAM WALLACE McLEOD, Esquire, Assistant Post Office Inspector at Winnipeg; to be Post Office Inspector of Manitoba and the North West Territory.

6th April, 1882.

FREDERICK THOMAS BRADLEY, of Emerson, in the Province of Manitoba, Esquire; to be a Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

8th April, 1882.

LIEUT. COLONEL ATCHESON GOSFORD IRVINE, Commissioner of the North West Mounted Police, and HAYTER REED, Esquire, Indian Agent at Battleford; to be Members of the North West Council.

Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for Canada.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present

PARLIAMENT:

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

New Westminster,—Joshua A. R. Homer, of the City of New Westminster, Commission Merchant, in the room of the Honorable Thomas Robert McInnes, summoned to the Senate.

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Our Reign, chaptered nine and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick only, and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Halifax and Pictou, in Nova Scotia, and Saint John, in New Brunswick), in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for the purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council :

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the third day of April in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating the Port of St. Peters, in the Province of Nova Scotia, in Our Dominion of Canada, as a port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply, and declaring the limits of the said port to be an imaginary straight line drawn from Sutherland's Head to March Point in St. Peters Bay.

Now KNOW YE that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and Order in Council respectively, proclaim and declare that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick" and the Acts amending the same, shall hereafter apply to the Port of St. Peters, in the County of Richmond, in the Province of Nova Scotia.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Amiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRD day of APRIL, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

42-3

Secretary of State.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the Thirty-seventh

year of Our Reign, chaptered thirty-four, and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island, amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Quebec and Montreal in the Province of Quebec, and Toronto in the Province of Ontario) in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for that purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council ;

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the third day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating New Richmond, in the County of Bonaventure, in the Province of Quebec, as a Port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply, and defining the limits of the said Port as follows, viz : From Maria Cliff to River Caplin.

Now KNOW YE, that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Acts and Order in Council respectively, Proclaim and Declare, that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island," and the Acts amending the same, shall henceforth apply to the Port of New Richmond, in the County of Bonaventure, in the Province of Quebec.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRD day of APRIL, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

42-3.

Secretary of State.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55, and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the District of the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, established by Order in Council of the 6th June, 1874, for the purposes of the Act aforesaid, be and the same is hereby abolished.

JOHN J. MCGEE,

Asst. Clerk, Privy Council,

42-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55 and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend from the east side of Becsle River to the west side of Chicot River, on the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has further been pleased to appoint Mr. Edward Pope, keeper of the lighthouse at South West Point, on said Island, to be Receiver of Wreck for the District as above indicated.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

42-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55 and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend from the east side of Chicot River to the west side of Otter River, on the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has been further pleased to appoint Mr. William Carter, keeper of the lighthouse at South Point, on said Island, Receiver of Wreck for the District above indicated.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

42-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55, and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend

from the east side of Otter River easterly to Charleston Point, on the north side of the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has further been pleased to appoint Mr. Thomas Gagné, keeper of the lighthouse at East Point, on the said Island, Receiver of Wreck for the District above indicated.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

42-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55 and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend from Charleston Point on the north side westerly to west side of Becsle River, on the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has further been pleased to appoint Mr. Alfred Malouin, keeper of the lighthouse at West Point, on said Island, Receiver of Wreck for the District as above indicated.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

42-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 9th and 55th sections of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 40th year Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10 and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Midland, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs and a Warehousing Port under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of Penetanguishene.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

41-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON a report, dated 28th March, 1882, from the Honorable the Secretary of State, in the matter of the petition under "The Canada Temperance Act, 1878," of certain electors of the County of Inverness, in the Province of Nova Scotia, stating that the proceedings had by the Returning Officer appear to be conformable to the Act, and that the petition has

been declared adopted by the electors of the said County,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Secretary of State, has been pleased to declare, and it is hereby declared, that the second part of "The Canada Temperance Act, 1878," shall be in force and take effect in the said County of Inverness, upon, from and after the day on which the annual or semi-annual licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors now in force in the said County will expire, provided such day be not less than ninety days from the day of the date hereof, and, if it be less, then on the like day in the following year.

JOHN J. McGEE,
41-3 Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 19th section of the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 60 and intituled "An Act for the regulation of fishing and protection of fisheries," His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulation of the Fishery Regulations for the Province of New Brunswick, approved by Order in Council of the 1st April, 1881, be and the same is hereby amended :—

Sturgeon Fishery, New Brunswick.

3. No sturgeon net shall be used until a license has been obtained from the Department of Marine and Fisheries, the fee for which shall be \$15.00 for the season.

JOHN J. McGEE,
41-3 Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 7, section 6,—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered, that the County of Simcoe, which has hitherto formed part of the Inland Revenue Division of Collingwood, be attached to the Division of Toronto, and that the County of Grey be and the same is hereby constituted a separate Division to be known as the Inland Revenue Division of "Owen Sound."

JOHN J. McGEE,
41-3 Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS importers of sulphuric and other acids for the manufacture of fertilizers frequently require to return the carboys and demi-johns in which such acids had been imported to the countries whence

the same were imported, for the purpose of being refilled and returned or re-imported, His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on the first importation of such carboys or demi-johns containing acids for such uses and on payment of the duty provided by the tariff then in force upon the same, such carboys or demi-johns shall be stamped or branded in such manner as will secure their identification on any future importation of the same, and, under authority of the 2nd and 13th sub-sections of the 125th section of the "Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs, 1877," then, on any such subsequent importation, and on identification by the Collector or proper officer of Customs, the said carboys or demi-johns shall be, and they are hereby exempted from any further payment of duty, until otherwise provided by Order in Council.

JOHN J. McGEE,
41-3 Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 14th April, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (7).

No. 1.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Toronto Field Battery of Artillery.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:
John D. Hay, Gentleman, vice Beaty, promoted.

2nd Battalion "Queen's Own Rifles of Canada."

To be Lieutenants :

2nd Lieutenant Patrick Donohoe Hughes, V.B., vice Kersteman, promoted.

2nd Lieutenant William George Mutton, V.B., vice Jennings, promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenants, provisionally :

Color Sergeant William Hume Blake, vice Barwick, resigned.

Private Henry Vincent Greene, vice McGee, promoted.

26th "Middlesex" Battalion of Light Infantry.

No. 3 Company, Dorchester.

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant William T. Vanston is hereby accepted.

38th "Brant" Battalion, "Dufferin Rifles."

No. 1 Company, Paris.

The resignation of Lieutenant Frank Jeffrey Howell is hereby accepted.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Lieutenant Gordon Baker, junior, M.S., No. 5 Company, 59th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant James C. Grace, M.S., No. 6 Company, 45th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant James Morrison, M.S., No. 4 Company, 56th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant James A. Elliott, M.S., No. 6 Company, 56th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant William H. Burritt, M.S., No. 3 Company, 56th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant Arthur W. Ault, M.S., No. 5 Company, 59th Battalion.

The above officers are confirmed in their rank from 5th April, 1882.

Lieutenant John Edward Moberly, M.S., No. 2 Company, 35th Battalion; from 4th March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Henry William Bowie, G.S.I., Governor General's Foot Guards; from 31st March, 1882.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

5th Battalion "Royal Scots Fusiliers."

To be Lieutenant Colonel:

Edward A. C. Campbell, formerly Captain in H.M.'s 92nd Highlanders, vice James David Crawford who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

Major Charles G. Geddes is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank, as a special case.

The resignation of Captain Robert Stanley Clark Bagg is hereby accepted.

17th "Lévis" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 6 Company.

The Head Quarters of this Company are hereby transferred from "St. Michel" to "St. Lambert."

To be Captain:

2nd Lieutenant Alexis Gagné, M.S., from No. 3 Company, Dorchester Provisional Battalion, vice Jules D. Poliquin, out of limits.

58th "Compton" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 8 Company.

The Head Quarters of this Company are hereby transferred from "Stanstead" to "Beebe Plain."

To be Captain, provisionally:

John Clarke, Esquire, vice Brevet Lieutenant Colonel James K. Gilman, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining his Brevet rank.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Elisha Gale Miller, Gentleman, vice Michael Felix Hackett, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

David Gibb Field, Gentleman; vice Albert Henry Jones, left limits.

60th "Missisquoi" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 2 Company, Clarenceville.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

David Johnstone Arthur Macfie, Gentleman, vice E. A. Noel whose resignation is hereby accepted.

81st "Portneuf" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 1 Company, Pointe aux Trembles.

To be Lieutenant:

Sergeant Alphonse S. Gauvin, M.S., vice E. Gauvin, promoted.

85th Battalion of Infantry.

No. 2 Company, St. Jean-Baptiste Village.

To be Captain:

Marie Joseph Edmour Chagnon, Esquire, M.S., vice Denis Barry, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Charles Letourneau, Gentleman, vice McEvenue.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

George Thomas Dunn, Gentleman, vice Frank Brady, left limits.

87th "Quebec" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 2 Company, Ancienne Lorette.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant Octave Roy, M.S., vice Charest, retired.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

2nd Lieutenant Louis Philippe Houde, G.S., No. 2 Battery, Lévis Garrison Artillery; from 1st April, 1882.

PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.

62nd Battalion.

The designation of this Corps is hereby changed from "62nd St. John Battalion of Infantry," to "62nd Battalion 'Saint-John Fusiliers.'"

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

2nd Lieutenant Stanley Douglas Crawford, G.S., No. 1 Battery, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery; from 6th April, 1882.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

BREVET.

To be Lieutenant Colonel, under the provisions of paragraph 90, Regulations and Orders, 1879:—
Major Henry W. Lydiard, V.B., 68th Battalion; from 20th June, 1872.

No. 2.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

ROYAL SCHOOLS OF GUNNERY.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

INFANTRY CERTIFICATES.

FIRST CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

Captain David E. Jackson, 41st Battalion.
2nd Lieutenant Henry William Bowie, Governor General's Foot Guards.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

GUNNERY CERTIFICATES.

FIRST CLASSE "LONG COURSE."

1st Lieutenant F. L. Lessard, No. 2 Battery, Quebec Garrison Artillery.

FIRST CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

2nd Lieutenant L. P. Houde, No. 2 Battery, Lévis Garrison Artillery.

SECOND CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

2nd Lieutenant S. D. Crawford, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery.

THIRD CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

Acting Bombardier A. Mulcahey "A" Battery, R.S.G.

FOURTH CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

Sergeant W. Devéy, Pictou Battery Gar. Artillery.

SCHOOLS OF MILITARY INSTRUCTION.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES.

Lieutenant Gordon Baker, jr.,	59th Battalion.
2nd Lieutenant D. C. Forster	Bliss, Ottawa Field Battery.
do	James C. Grace, 45th Battalion.
do	James Morrison, 56th do
do	James A. Elliott, 56th do
do	William H. Burritt, 56th do
do	Arthur W. Ault, 59th do
Sergeant William Lees,	43rd do
do	George Drummond, 56th do
Arthur Percy Sherwood,	Chief of Police, Ottawa.

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

DOMINION LANDS BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 12th April, 1882.

IN the matter of the recent examinations by the Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors—

It is hereby publicly notified:

1. The several gentlemen named as follows, that is to say:—

Lewis R. Ord, Esq., of Toronto, Ont.;
Alfred P. Walker, P.L.S., of Toronto, Ont.;
Hume B. Proudfoot, P.L.S., of Toronto, Ont.;
Frank L. Blake, P.L.S., of Toronto, Ont.;
James A. Paterson, P.L.S., of Toronto, Ont.;
Robt. M. Bonfellow, P.L.S., of Ottawa, Ont.;
Herbert C. Denny, P.L.S., of Ottawa, Ont.;
Charles A. Bigger, P.L.S., of Ottawa, Ont.;
Charles A. Jones, P.L.S., of London, Ont.;
Henry D. Ellis, P.L.S., of London, Ont.;
Alfred E. Morris, P.L.S., of Perth, Ont.;
Thomas Turnbull, P.L.S., of Perth, Ont.;
Archd. W. McVittie, P.L.S., of Barrie, Ont.;
Jas. A. Maddock, P.L.S., of Peterboro', Ont.;
Jas. K. McLean, P.L.S., of Mount Forrest, Ont.;
Charles E. Lemoine, P.L.S., of Quebec, Que.;
Jos. L. Michaud, P.L.S., of Matane, Que.;
Paul T. C. Dumais, P.L.S., of Chicoutimi, Que.;
Jno. C. Bourgeois, P.L.S., of Three Rivers, Que.;
Finlay E. Brunelle, P.L.S., of Ples-isville, Que.;
Z. C. Dupuis, P.L.S., of St. Thomas, Que.; and
Jas. Dudderidge, P.L.S., of Lachute, Que.,

have passed the examination prescribed by the Dominion Lands Act, 1879, and pursuant thereto have been commissioned as Dominion Land Surveyors.

Charles A. Magrath, D.L.S., of Aylmer, Que., having passed the examination prescribed by section 98 of the said Act, and pursuant thereto, has been granted a certificate as Dominion Topographical Surveyor.

By order of the Minister of the Interior.

ROBERT LANG,
Secretary to Board of Examiners.

42-1

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 3 of 1882.

CHANGE IN ST. PETER'S ISLAND LIGHT.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after the opening of navigation this year, the light established last year upon the most westerly point

point of St. Peter's Island, in Hillsborough Bay, on the west side of the entrance to Charlottetown Harbor, P.E.I., will show *fixed red* instead of fixed white as heretofore.

The change has been made to prevent confusion with Blockhouse Point and Point Prim lights.

Lat. N. 46° 7' 10"
Long. W. 63° 11' 40"

WM. SMITH,

Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 27th March, 1882.

42-3

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 4 of 1882.

LIGHT ON WEST END SABLE ISLAND
DISCONTINUED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Lighthouse Tower on the West End of Sable Island, off the Coast of Nova Scotia, has been undermined by the sea, and that in consequence it has been impossible to exhibit the light since the 12th February last.

Lat. N. 43° 57' 0"
Long. W. 60° 8' 0"

Every effort will be made to re-establish this important light at the earliest possible date, of which due notice will be given.

WM. SMITH,

Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 4th April, 1882.

42-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of March, 1882, incorporating James McKay, farmer, of Kingston, James W. Grant, miller, of Hopewell, Isaac McNaughton, farmer, of Riverton, John Ross, farmer, of New Glasgow, Henry S. Poole, coal mine manager, of Stellarton, Henry B. Kendrick, manufacturer, of Riverton, Robert A. Walker, merchant, of New Glasgow, Isaac A. Grant, merchant of Pictou, Robert P. Fraser, druggist, of Pictou, Joseph McNaughton, farmer, of Riverton, and Duncan C. Fraser, barrister at law, of New Glasgow, all in the County of Pictou, in the Province of Nova Scotia, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of manufacturing, selling and dealing in all kinds of woollen cloths, and the owning and hiring of buildings and lands necessary therefor, throughout the Dominion of Canada, by the name of the "Eureka Woollen Mill Company," with a total capital stock of thirty thousand dollars, divided into three thousand shares of ten dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of March, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

40-3

Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 20th day of March, 1882, incorporating Sir Hugh Allan, Knight, Andrew Allan, Gentleman, Thomas D. Milburne, Gentleman, Charles Stinson, merchant, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, and Frederick Smith Stinson, of Compton, in the said Province of Quebec, farmer, for the purpose of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other live stock, and the carrying on, in all its branches, of stock-raising at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with power to

acquire and hold, either by purchase or otherwise, all lands and tenements necessary and requisite for the purposes, use and occupation, and the carrying out the purposes of the company, and the same to sell, lease and sub-let, by the name of "The North West Cattle Company, (limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of March, 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the fourteenth day of March, 1882, incorporating Robert Irving Walker, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, merchant, the Reverend William Bee, of the same place, Methodist minister, Robert Walker, of the same place, merchant, the Reverend Thomas Griffith, of the town of Brampton, in the Province of Ontario, Methodist minister, and Robert John Flemming, of the said City of Toronto, merchant, for the purpose of acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons of lands or any interest in lands, in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof; the erection of buildings and the making of other improvements thereon, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same; and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon, at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon; the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges; the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada, and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of emigration into Canada,—by the name of "The Primitive Methodist Colonization Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this thirtieth day of March, 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 18th day of March, 1882, incorporating the Honourable John Hamilton, Senator, George A. Drummond, merchant, Alexander Murray, merchant, John McDougall, manufacturer, and Joshua Collins, merchant, all of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of the manufacturing and selling of bags, and the importing, buying and selling of materials required in the manufacture thereof by the name of "The Canada Jute Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of fifty thousand dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 29th day of March, 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 14th day of March, 1882, incorporating Alexander Manning, Esquire, Arthur Radcliff Boswell, Esquire, Abraham William Lauder, Esquire, John Small, Gentleman, George Burrowes Gordon, Esquire, Horace Thorne, Esquire, William James Baines, broker, Andrew Heron, Gentleman, William Henry Knowlton, merchant, and Thomas Davies, brewer, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of issuing stock, purchasing, holding, improving and leasing or selling lands, freehold and leasehold, by the name of "The Toronto, Manitoba and North West Land Company, (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into two thousand shares of fifty dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 29th day of March, 1882.

40-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the fourteenth day of March, 1882, incorporating George Maclean Rose, publisher, William Pemberton Page, editor of the *Canadian Farmer*, Arthur Farley, merchant, John N. Lake, land agent, Joseph Alpheus Livingston, manufacturer and importer, David Miller, merchant, Henry O'Hara, insurance agent, Daniel Rose, publisher, Joseph B. King, Grand Secretary Independent Order of Oddfellows, Hubert Bartlett, Manager of the Toronto Bridge Company, Joseph Wild, Doctor of Divinity, J. Watson Hughes, commission merchant, John Potts, Doctor of Divinity, William J. Hunter, Doctor of Divinity, Arthur Worth, accountant, Joseph Lucas, Assistant Inspector Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company, Charles Mariott, commercial traveller, William Reford, commission merchant, George Patterson, merchant, Frederick Weir Harcourt, solicitor, John Hurst, insurance agent, Robert Houghton, Gentleman, Barry Moore, merchant, Thomas McCracken, lumber merchant, Henry E. Caxton, barrister, David S. Keith, merchant, Thomas B. Rolph, barrister, all of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; William Clark, farmer, and Lawrence C. Lee, farmer, both of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, in the said Province; George Cox, Gentleman, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, in the said Province; George Jackson, land owner, of Downsview, in the said County of York; David D. Hay, Division Court Clerk of Listowell, in the County of Perth, in the said Province; Robert Barber, merchant, of Streetsville, in the County of Peel, in the said Province; John R. Barber, merchant, of Georgetown, in the County of Halton, in the said Province; Thomas Webster, Grand Scribe, Sons of Temperance of Brantford, in the County of Brant, in the said Province; George Douglas, Doctor of Divinity, of the City of Montreal, in the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, and Charles Turner, clergymen, of Davenport, in the said County of York, for the purposes of—(a) Acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territories of Canada, with a view of colonizing and settling the same. (b) With power to contract with the purchasers and settlers of the lands that intoxicating liquors or alcoholic beverages shall not be manufactured or sold in the settlement. (c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the Company in any part of Canada. (d) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same. (e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the Company and to colonize

the same and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money. (f) To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide, and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. (g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company. (h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto throughout the Dominion of Canada,—by the name of "The Temperance Colonization Society," with a total capital stock of two million dollars divided into twenty thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this thirtieth day of March, 1882.

40-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st March, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,915,459 17
Excise.....	450,719 61
Post Office.....	118,681 33
Public Works, including Railways.	231,520 03
Bill Stamps	6,591 74
Miscellaneous	132,074 35
	<u>\$ 2,855,046 23</u>
Revenue to 28th February, 1882.....	21,624,819 65
	<u>\$24,479,865 88</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,042,749 45
do 28th February, 1882.....	16,956,817 25
	<u>\$17,999,566 70</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st April, 1882.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60			
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25			
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	56,381 92			
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00			
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00			
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77			

Fractional Notes.....	167,381 60
Provincial ".....	78,382 92
Montreal issue.....	6,772,152 00
Toronto ".....	4,833,296 50
Halifax ".....	1,773,365 50
St. John ".....	663,781 75
Victoria ".....	27,077 50
Total.....	\$14,315,437 77

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st March.....	1,899,461 92
Additional at Montreal on 3rd April.....	250,000 00
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures.....	2,149,461 92
	2,920,000 00
	5,069,461 92

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77	1,431,543 77
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77	2,147,315 67
	\$3,578,859 44
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,490,602 48
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77.....	10,736,578 33
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,263,421 67

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,490,602 48
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,263,421 67
Total Excess.....	2,754,024 15

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1882

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31ST MARCH, 1882.

[illegible]

ASSETS.

	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
City and District Savings Bank.....	\$ cts. 2,500 00	\$ cts. 1,407,714 00	\$ cts. 600 00	\$ cts. 2,590,301 13	\$ cts. 1,586,258 04	\$ cts. 831,120 88	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. *448,893 40	\$ cts. 7,047,387 45
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	1,015,959 15	127,510 22	1,088,522 93	83,000 00	237,220 00	130,379 61	3,499,112 33

• Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 10th April, 1882.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st December, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 30th Nov., 1881.	Deposits for November, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, November, 1881.	Balance, 30th Dec., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	496,740 78	38,429 94	535,170 72	17,068 26	518,102 46
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	366,329 25	113,363 61	479,692 86	91,021 33	388,671 53
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,321,597 76	65,691 00	1,387,288 76	41,948 54	1,345,340 22
Nanaimo.....	140,711 01	2,531 00	143,242 01	3,683 87	139,558 14
New Westminster.....	170,875 24	12,007 00	182,882 24	6,313 77	176,568 47
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	122,597 63	8,697 00	131,294 63	4,826 46	126,468 17
Antigonish.....	30,434 36	3,951 00	34,385 36	977 00	33,408 36
Annapolis.....	115,704 09	9,121 00	124,825 09	5,233 63	119,591 46
Arichat.....	122,061 88	2,477 00	124,538 88	2,641 83	121,897 05
Acadia Mines.....	27,427 61	1,161 00	28,588 61	938 62	27,649 99
Baddeck.....	35,213 80	4,206 00	39,419 80	1,246 87	38,172 93
Bridgewater.....	19,248 29	2,067 00	21,315 29	617 95	20,697 34
Barrington.....	30,960 36	1,262 00	32,222 36	175 48	32,046 88
Digby.....	59,218 19	6,538 00	65,756 19	2,195 13	63,561 06
Guysboro'.....	51,589 16	5,000 00	56,589 16	10,897 21	45,691 95
Halifax.....	2,261,200 33	93,695 77	2,354,896 10	70,795 51	2,284,100 59
Kentville.....	84,663 60	10,229 81	94,893 41	1,936 73	92,956 68
Liverpool.....	109,260 83	4,143 00	113,403 83	7,698 71	105,705 12
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65	.....	12 65	12 32	33
Lingan.....	10,000 84	506 00	10,506 84	.....	10,506 84
Lunenburg.....	62,547 94	2,264 00	64,811 94	1,697 40	63,114 54
Maitland.....	43,557 50	848 00	44,405 50	1,354 66	43,050 84
New Glasgow.....	89,123 04	7,714 00	96,837 04	2,755 84	94,081 20
Parrsboro'.....	42,411 88	1,024 00	43,435 88	2,633 94	40,801 94
Port Hood.....	45,808 26	3,752 00	49,560 26	12 00	49,548 26
Pictou.....	37,895 87	3,552 00	41,447 87	1,109 75	40,338 12
Shelburne.....	31,205 58	1,587 00	32,792 58	994 00	31,798 58
Sydney.....	158,726 98	11,705 00	170,431 98	7,128 48	163,303 50
Sherbrooke.....	31,421 04	924 00	32,345 04	2,335 57	30,009 47
Truro.....	177,982 75	13,646 00	191,628 75	8,501 39	183,127 36
Wallace.....	7,841 50	1,132 00	8,973 50	1,031 00	7,942 50
Windsor.....	351,747 58	11,618 00	363,365 58	18,897 61	344,467 97
Weymouth.....	51,913 12	1,116 00	53,029 12	5 9 00	52,490 12
Yarmouth.....	279, 66 35	21,151 00	300,517 35	7,220 31	293,297 04
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	61,769 94	2,315 00	64,084 94	1,805 14	62,279 80
Chatham.....	179,812 30	5,074 00	184,886 30	1,748 57	183,137 73
Dalhousie.....	140,583 96	7,303 00	147,886 96	928 59	146,958 37
Dorchester.....	16,103 81	560 00	16,663 81	.....	16,663 81
Fredericton.....	261,268 54	16,740 00	278,008 54	10,497 88	267,510 66
Hillboro'.....	19,561 17	1,456 00	21,017 17	696 34	20,320 83
Moncton.....	114,425 30	9,930 00	124,355 30	5,551 84	118,803 46
Newcastle.....	119,545 36	3,770 00	123,295 36	1,272 50	122,022 86
Richibucto.....	65,060 07	1,273 00	66,333 07	496 00	65,837 07
St. Andrews.....	192,100 20	11,973 00	204,073 20	1,993 86	202,079 34
St. John.....	1,563,513 08	55,319 00	1,618,832 08	36,573 86	1,582,258 22
Sussex.....	8,201 00	6,471 00	14,672 00	303 00	14,369 00
Woodstock.....	178,560 42	20,983 00	199,543 42	6,974 38	192,569 04
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	672,854 36	72,842 00	745,696 36	27,377 06	718,319 30
Total.....	10,580,736 56	683,119 13	11,263,855 69	422,659 19	10,841,196 50

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 10th April, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited)	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Director, Hamilton.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock.	Fire and Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).	Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333)	Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association.....	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.	\$50,000 cash.	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B)	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000) \$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200)	Fire and Life
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock.	Guarantee and Accident.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815)	Life.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....		

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London.....	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's.....	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England.....	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company.....	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p.c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company.....	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company.....	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal.....	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,686, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company.....	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.....	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Life.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.....	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company.....	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,916).....	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Acciden
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U. S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal...	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,323 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST MARCH, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Antioch	Sinclair	Muskoka	O. E. Garnett.
Balfour!	Marysburg	Prince Edward	O. George A. McLaughlin.
Blessington, re-opened	Tyendinaga	Hastings, E. R.	O. Mrs. Almira Robertson.
Britton	Elma	Perth, N. R.	O. W. W. Stevenson.
αCape Egmont	Tp. 15	Prince	P. E. I. A. L. Gallant.
Creelford	Sec. 32, Tp. 12, R. 16 W.	Manitoba	W. H. Muckle.
Dalmeny	Osgoode	Russell	O. John C. Cameron.
Deloraine	Sec. 19, Tp. 2, R. 22 W.	Manitoba	George F. Newcombe.
Desford	Sec. 15, Tp. 2, R. 20 W.	Manitoba	Erskine Nicoll.
Essonville	Monmouth	Peterborough, E. R.	O. Daniel Esson.
Falkland, re-opened	Brantford	Brant, S. R.	O. C. Parker.
Farewell	Arthur	Wellington, N. R.	O. William Allan.
Langvale	Sec. 2, Tp. 6, R. 18 W.	Manitoba	George M. Lang.
Lemieux, reopened	South Plantagenet	Prescott	O. A. Chesser.
Rockway Valley	Amherst	Ottawa	Q. O. Sinclair.
St. Remi d'Amherst	Amherst	Ottawa	Q. E. Thomas.
Stagsburn!	Low	Ottawa	Q. A. McDonald.
Sidney	Sec. 6, Tp. 11, R. 12	Manitoba	Thomas Babb.
Souris	Sec. 33, Tp. 7, R. 21	Manitoba	J. Dolmage.
Sourisburg	Sec. 20, Tp. 7, R. 17	Manitoba	Jabez Elliott.
Seckerton	Moore	Lambton	O. Thomas Johnston.
Turtle Mountain	Sec. 32, Tp. 2, R. 21	Manitoba	A. N. Tregent.
Wakopa	Sec. 29, Tp. 1, R. 18	Manitoba	Clovis Guerin.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Baltic

Dog Creek

Hansford

Co. Glengarry, O., on 7th February 1882.

Co. Cariboo-Lilloet, B.C., on 1st January 1882.

Co. Cumberland, N.S., on 1st February 1882.

NAME CHANGED.

Mull River, Co. Inverness, N.S. to Glencoe.

αOpened on 1st January 1882.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	8,818 00	1,862 37
Agricultural Implements	"	6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" " U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S	" 5,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.. ..	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles	\$	412,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

NAME OF BANK. — NOM DE LA BANQUE.		Capital Authorized. — Capital autorisé.		
Total Quebec.....	3,929,608 44	5,007,724 50	2,642,167 95	1,056,44
Total Ontario.....	2,132,379 47	3,276,140 90	1,871,134 17	975,62
Total Ontario and Quebec.....	6,061,987 91	8,283,865 40	4,513,302 12	2,032,09
NOVA SCOTIA.				
Bank of Yarmouth.....	43,728 07	29,364 00	5,457 49	65,98
Bank of Nova Scotia.....	109,434 24	253,542 00	96,012 91	223,53
Exchange Bank of Yarmouth.....	12,970 39	11,430 00	1,714 00	5,74
Merchants Bank of Halifax.....	123,140 33	166,084 00	104,856 30	96,82
People's Bank of Halifax.....	79,614 32	116,885 00	16,878 90	20,51
Union Bank of Halifax.....	41,647 73	104,842 00	33,977 49	61,53
†Bank of Liverpool.....				
Pictou Bank.....	27,379 32	33,249 00	19,080 73	5,53
Halifax Banking Company.....	14,796 64	48,615 00	17,872 51	41,27
Commercial Bank of Windsor.....	14,194 24	11,115 76	2,252 32	9,59
Total Nova Scotia.....	466,905 28	775,126 76	298,102 65	530,55
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.				
*Bank of Prince Edward Island.....				
Union Bank.....				
*Merchants Bank P. E. Island.....				
NEW BRUNSWICK.				
Bank of New Brunswick.....	137,101 72	150,781 00	34,513 00	137,52
Maritime B. of the Dominion of Canada	363 18	51,713 00	23,811 18	3,90
*People's Bank.....				
St. Stephen's Bank.....	42,764 00		43,044 46	17,72
Total New Brunswick.....	180,228 90	202,494 00	101,328 64	159,16
BRITISH COLUMBIA.				
*Bank of British Columbia.....				
Total Ontario and Quebec.....	6,061,987 91	8,283,865 40	4,513,302 12	2,032,092
" Nova Scotia.....	466,905 28	775,126 76	298,102 65	530,557
" New Brunswick.....	180,228 90	202,494 00	101,328 64	159,161
Grand Total.....	6,709,122 09	9,262,486 16	4,912,733 41	2,721,811

*At present not obliged to make returns.

† Mech

N. S. GARLAND,

Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 14th April, 1882.

STATEMENT OF BANKS ACTING UNDER CHARTER, for the month ending 31st March, 1882, according to the Returns furnished by them to the Department of Finance.

NAME OF BANK. NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CAPITAL.				LIABILITIES.														Total Liabilities.
	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subscribed.	Capital Paid Up.	Notes in Circulation.	Domestic Government Deposits payable on Demand.	Domestic Government Deposits payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Deposits held as Security for execution of Dominion Govern- ment contracts and for Insurance Companies.	Provincial Government Deposits Payable on demand.	Provincial Government Deposits Payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Other Deposits Payable on Demand.	Other Deposits Payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Loans from or Deposits made by other Banks in Canada secured.	Loans from or Deposits made by other Banks in Canada unsecured.	Due to other Banks in Canada.	Due to Agencies of Bank or to other Banks or Agencies in foreign countries.	Due to Agencies of Bank, or to other Banks or Agencies in United Kingdom.	Liabilities not included under- foregoing heads.	Total on passif.	
ONTARIO.																			
Bank of Toronto.....	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,406,361 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Bank of Hamilton.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	751,550 00	60,451 10	3,253 00	10,500 00	10,500 00	10,500 00	2,190,168 00	1,483,552 78	4,844 04	28,372 32	47,385 74	5,302,280 00	5,302,280 00	5,302,280 00	5,302,280 00	5,302,280 00
Canadian Bank of Commerce.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	3,681,618 00	89,069 08	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	5,894,912 15	5,894,912 15	5,894,912 15	5,894,912 15	5,894,912 15	5,894,912 15	5,894,912 15	5,894,912 15	5,894,912 15	5,894,912 15
Dominion Bank.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	2,998,404 00	1,182,483 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	2,481,377 28	2,481,377 28	2,481,377 28	2,481,377 28	2,481,377 28	2,481,377 28	2,481,377 28	2,481,377 28	2,481,377 28	2,481,377 28
Standard Bank.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	72,631 64	40,860 00	35,000 00	35,000 00	35,000 00	35,000 00	2,426,977 48	2,426,977 48	2,426,977 48	2,426,977 48	2,426,977 48	2,426,977 48	2,426,977 48	2,426,977 48	2,426,977 48	2,426,977 48
Federal Bank.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,468,623 00	40,860 00	17,000 00	17,000 00	17,000 00	17,000 00	1,215,800 46	1,215,800 46	1,215,800 46	1,215,800 46	1,215,800 46	1,215,800 46	1,215,800 46	1,215,800 46	1,215,800 46	1,215,800 46
Bank of Ottawa.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	553,387 00	24,650 28	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	3,133,005 68	3,133,005 68	3,133,005 68	3,133,005 68	3,133,005 68	3,133,005 68	3,133,005 68	3,133,005 68	3,133,005 68	3,133,005 68
Imperial Bank of Canada.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,080,074 00	61,017 62	17,900 00	17,900 00	17,900 00	17,900 00	342,827 51	342,827 51	342,827 51	342,827 51	342,827 51	342,827 51	342,827 51	342,827 51	342,827 51	342,827 51
Total, Ontario.....	17,500,000 00	16,664,600 00	16,664,600 00	11,757,381 00	529,454 23	850,000 00	850,000 00	850,000 00	850,000 00	121,297 85	330,267 32	1,150,000 00	16,626,153 84	18,484,576 12	369,157 21	436,904 58	11,669 22	1,336,104 31	47,385 74
QUEBEC.																			
Bank of Montreal.....	12,000,000 00	12,000,000 00	11,999,200 00	5,085,638 00	3,043,926 20	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	491,278 49	491,278 49	491,278 49	491,278 49	491,278 49	491,278 49	491,278 49	491,278 49	491,278 49	491,278 49
Bank of British North America.....	4,866,666 00	4,866,666 00	4,866,666 00	1,019,159 00	4,666 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Bank of the People.....	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	646,236 00	4,186 47	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Bank of Commerce.....	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Bank of the Province.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	495,063 00	1,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Bank of the City.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	464,240 00	27,419 50	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	1,115,881 51	1,115,881 51	1,115,881 51	1,115,881 51	1,115,881 51	1,115,881 51	1,115,881 51	1,115,881 51	1,115,881 51	1,115,881 51
Bank of the West.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	225,439 00	15,400 00	15,400 00	15,400 00	15,400 00	15,400 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Bank of the East.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	247,900 00	1,300 55	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	1,135,751 74	1,135,751 74	1,135,751 74	1,135,751 74	1,135,751 74	1,135,751 74	1,135,751 74	1,135,751 74	1,135,751 74	1,135,751 74
Bank of the North.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	85,200 00	35,832 90	35,832 90	35,832 90	35,832 90	35,832 90	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Bank of the South.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,386,064 85	878,778 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Bank of the West.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	467,401 00	85,042 33	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Bank of the East.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,468,623 00	41,793 83	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Bank of the West.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	53,747 15	614,040 50	300,000 00	300,000 00	300,000 00	300,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Bank of the East.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	768,477 00	1,180 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00
Total, Quebec.....	39,466,666 00	37,474,332 87	36,631,637 51	17,927,330 50	4,066,072 08	4,102,716 67	4,102,716 67	4,102,716 67	4,102,716 67	667,411 19	624,694 32	1,150,000 00	16,626,153 84	18,484,576 12	369,157 21	436,904 58	11,669 22	1,336,104 31	47,385 74
Total, Ontario and Quebec.....	56,966,666 00	54,338,933 67	53,296,235 51	29,684,711 50	4,616,526 31	4,902,716 67	4,902,716 67	4,902,716 67	4,902,716 67	1,288,709 04	955,161 64	2,300,000 00	33,252,307 68	36,969,152 24	738,314 42	873,809 16	23,338 44	2,672,208 62	95,771 48
NOVA SCOTIA.																			
Bank of Yarmouth.....	400,000 00	400,000 00	383,010 00	89,453 67	93,327 73	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	108,655 49	112,936 20	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00
Bank of Nova Scotia.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	919,636 28	322,321 78	322,321 78	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59
Bank of the People.....	400,000 00	400,000 00	280,024 00	59,818 58	31,075 91	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	108,655 49	112,936 20	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00
Bank of Commerce.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	900,000 00	603,546 74	223,705 48	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59
Bank of the West.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	900,000 00	181,662 56	18,340 31	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59
Bank of the East.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	900,000 00	181,662 56	18,340 31	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59
Bank of the West.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	900,000 00	181,662 56	18,340 31	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59	1,085,185 59
Bank of the East.....	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	900,000 00	181,662 56	18,340 31	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00										

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British
Columbia, for February, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	45,613 00	1,212 00	46,825 00
do Fisheries.....	290,549 00	2,301 00	292,850 00
do Forest.....	304,534 00	18,988 00	323,522 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,084,959 00	17,508 00	1,102,467 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,077,633 00	149,805 00	2,227,438 00
Manufactures	207,494 00	29,174 00	236,668 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	31,666 00	1,364 00	33,030 00
Totals.....	4,042,448 00	220,352 00	4,262,800 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Ttal.	4,042,448 00	220,352 00	4,262,800 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 28th March, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of February, 1882 Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Jan., 1882	\$8,190,037 64	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$319,369 53
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	510,411 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	3,300 92	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,357,167 52
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	57,212 51
	8,733,749 56		8,414,380 03
			8,733,749 56

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 21st March, 1882

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000.....	\$1,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock.....	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital.....	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term.....	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities.....	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada.....	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months.....	171,555 73
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	389 51
		Other Assets	2,054 24
			2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.

Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest

Nil.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of February, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	229,448 97	.....
Malt Liquor.....	75 00	.....
Malt	34,837 28	.....
Tobacco	125,422 37	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	1,718 98	.....
Manufactures in Bond.....	2,149 61	.....
Seizures	144 69	.....
Other Receipts	445 50	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....	.....	394,242 40
Canals.....	.....	.....
Slides and Booms .....	.....	1,091 03
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c. ....	.....	.....
Minor Public Works.....	.....	240 60
Culling Timber.....	.....	394 58
Inspection of Weights and Mea- sures .....	.....	1,361 32
Inspection of Gas.....	.....	205 00
Bill Stamps.....	.....	14,255 75
Total ... ..	.....	411,790 68

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.
Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, March 23rd, 1882. 39-tt

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:
1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"
2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.
Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.
BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.
Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community;

or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882. 39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by the name of "The London and North-West Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats, sailing vessels or barges from, through, or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, save and except spirituous liquors, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The City of London, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

5. There are to be 4000 (four thousand) shares, and each share is to be for the sum of \$25.00.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: the Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, of the City of London, James Corcoran, of the Town of Stratford, merchant, James Joseph Foy, of the City of Toronto, barrister, Thomas Coffey, of the City of London, publisher, John Joseph Gibbons, of the same place, merchant, and John Joseph Blake, of the same place, barrister.

7. The said Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, James Corcoran, James Joseph Foy, Thomas Coffey, John Joseph Gibbons, and John Joseph Blake, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

PATTERSON & McHUGH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of April, 1882. 42-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Wellington and North Western Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba, and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Buying, acquiring, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interests in land and timber limits including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The City of Guelph is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$200,000.

4. There are to be 2,000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

5. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:—William Bell, of the city of Guelph, in the

Province of Ontario, organ builder; Thomas Goldie, of the same place, miller; James Peebles, of the same place, secretary of the World Publishing Company; Alexander Watson Alexander, of the same place, secretary of the Bell Organ Company, and Henry Walter Metcalf, of the same place, organ builder, and that the four first named of said applicants who all reside in the said city of Guelph are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

GUTHRIE & WATT,
Solicitors for applicants.

Guelph, 13th April, 1882.

42-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for a charter of incorporation under the said Act to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Hamilton Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said land.

The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain alien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgage and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon land in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say: Valancey England Fuller, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, barrister at law; John Proctor, of the same place, merchant; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, of the same place, publisher; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough, railway manager; and Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, merchant; all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, 3rd of April, 1882.

41-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES' ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters

patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Eastern Townships Rancho Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are breeding and rearing cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North-West Territories; buying, selling, trading and dealing in the same in said North-West Territories and elsewhere; acquiring, holding and improving property required therefor.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec.

3. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$100,000—one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The name in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Matthew Henry Cochrane, of the Township of Compton, Senator; William White, of the City of Sherbrooke, advocate; William Farwell, of said City of Sherbrooke, bank manager; Charles Carroll Colby, of the Village of Stanstead Plain, advocate; John McLary, of the Township of Compton, farmer, and Edward Towle Brooks, of the said City of Sherbrooke, advocate, all in and of the Province of Quebec, and all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BROOKS, CAMIRAND & HURD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Sherbrooke, 5th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's previous notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named as the applicants therefor, for a company under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Shell River Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought, are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving, and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration onto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Belleville or the Town of Trenton, both in the County of Hastings, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$500,000, divided into 20,000 shares of \$25 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants:—David Gilmour, lumber merchant, William Jeffs, grain merchant, George Henry Gordon, merchant, William Ford Baker, grain merchant, John Hendricks, yeoman, Anson Green Whittier, merchant, all of Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, printer and publisher, George Dean Dickson, barrister, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, barrister, Cornelius James Starling, contractor, all of Belleville; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, Charles Ashley, carriage maker, Stephen Allen Lazier, manufacturer, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, merchant, all of Foxboro; James Stalker Hamilton, yeoman, and Peter Rockwell Daly, yeoman, both of Halloway.

The first or provisional directors of the company are the aforesaid David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allan Lazier and Charles Ashley, all of whom are British subjects residing in Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Belleville, 4th April, 1882. 41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor in Council, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal, incorporating as a body corporate and politic the persons hereunder mentioned with all who may become shareholders in the said corporate body so to be created for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle and Touchwood Hills Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from any Government, corporation or individual, land or any interest therein in the Dominion of Canada, the survey, improvement, colonization, cultivation, settlement, sale, conveyance, mortgaging and leasing thereof, the building thereupon and otherwise dealing therewith.

The taking of mortgages or other securities in payment of said lands or other property of the company at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon with the purchasers, and the selling and assigning of such mortgages or other securities.

The advancing of money to and otherwise assisting settlers on or purchasers of lands and the securing of the re-payment of such advances and assistance with interest at such rates as may be mutually agreed upon by mortgage upon land or otherwise.

The granting of bonuses or other assistance to railways and other enterprises and works passing through or tending to open up or improve the lands of said company or to advance the interests thereof.

The encouragement, promotion and aid of immigration to the Dominion of Canada from Great Britain and foreign countries.

To erect or acquire and maintain and operate upon or in connection with said lands, saw and grist mills and manufactories and to sell and dispose of any of the said mills or manufactories and of the manufactures thereof, and to erect, maintain and operate tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, roads, streets, bridges and other works in connection with said lands for the benefit of said lands, or to otherwise promote the interests of said company.

The producing and buying and selling of live stock, grain and other products of the soil, and the buying and selling of personal property generally.

The power to borrow on the credit of the company or on the security of its property by mortgaging or otherwise, and to invest moneys, and generally such powers in addition to the above as may be useful or necessary to carry out the objects of the incorporation.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, with power to have branches and agencies at

other places in and out of Canada, but the first meeting of the provisional directors and of the shareholders may be held at any place in Canada upon which a majority of said directors shall decide, and subsequent meetings of the provisional and regular directors and of the shareholders shall be held wherever decided upon by said provisional or regular directors.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$300,000.

5. The number of shares is to be twelve thousand, and the amount of each share twenty-five dollars.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

James Murray, ship-owner, James Livingston, farmer, Charles Peters Camp, gardener, Hiram Blavill Hamill, mechanic, and William John Murray, master mariner, all of the City of St. Catharines, in the County of Lincoln and Province of Ontario, who are to be the provisional directors of the said company.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, April, 1882. 41-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants, and others who may become associated with them as a joint stock company under the name of "The Automatic Blind Awning Company of Canada."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the manufacturing, buying and selling fixtures and fastenings for windows, blinds and awnings; for purchasing and using or selling any letters patent of invention which may be of use to the company in connection therewith; for the purpose of buying and using or selling any other letters patent of invention as may be thought expedient by the directors of the company, and of manufacturing, buying and selling such other goods, ware and commodities as to the directors of said company may seem expedient.

The capital stock of the company is to be fifty thousand dollars. The number of shares is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of five dollars.

The City of Montreal is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—

Charles Edgar Kennedy, of Hatley, in the County of Stanstead, Province of Quebec, trader; Charles Carroll Colby, M.P., of Stanstead, in said County; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, of the City of Sherbrooke, in said Province, Esquire; Frederick F. Fairman, of the City of Montreal, in said Province, merchant; Robert Baker May, of said City of Montreal, printer; John Gilman Elder, of the town of Derby, in the State of Vermont, trader, and Stiles Frost of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, trader.

All the said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company.

CHAS. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Montreal, 30th April, 1882. 41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic

under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned :

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Battleford and Northwestern Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are :

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling the grain and other products of the soil ; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon ; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company ; buying and selling of all personal property and rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of said company or otherwise ; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary for advancing the object for which incorporation is sought ; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at Mono Mills, in the Electoral District of Cardwell, with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be two thousand five hundred, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows :

Robert Lawrence, of Mono Mills, physician and surgeon, John Kelly, of the township of Adjala, farmer ; Silas Huntingdon Foster, of the City of Toronto, merchant ; Henry Bracken, of the township of Adjala, miller ; Henry Allison, of the township of King, farmer ; George Kidd, of Mono Mills, farmer, all in the Province of Ontario. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first provisional directors of the company.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,

For the applicants.

Dated at Mono Mills, 28th March, 1882. 41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council in accordance with the provisions of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned :—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Canadian Fruit Export Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(a.) To purchase and sell Canadian and foreign patents, whether now issued or to be issued hereafter, for saving or preserving fruits or vegetables and packing the same either for export or storage.

(b.) To manufacture fruit safes for houses and stores, and fruit cases for the transportation of fruit, and to sell said right to manufacture, to others either out rights or under a royalty.

(c) To purchase and sell fruit and vegetables of any kind and nature whatsoever, to export and import the same either from or into Canada, and to pack said fruit and vegetables in cases and sell the same in Canada or foreign markets.

(d) To acquire movable and immovable property, to lease and erect suitable buildings for the purposes of said business.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock of the company is fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00).

5. The number of shares is five hundred of the value of one hundred dollars per share.

6. The names in full, together with the address and calling of each of the applicants, are respectively as follows : George Albert Cochrane, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman ; Francis Ernest Gilman, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate ; Thomas Craig, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, cashier ; Edward Kirk Greene, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, merchant ; David Timothy Irish, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, agent ; James Naismith Greenshields, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate ; and Charles Henry Cordingley, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, distiller.

7. The first or provisional board of directors of the company are to be the aforesaid George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields and Charles Henry Cordingley, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED & GUERIN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 6th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that a pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from this publication, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada granting to the applicants hereinafter named a charter constituting them and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company sought to be incorporated is "The Anglo Canadian Ranch Company, limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation of the company is sought are the importing into and the breeding and raising of cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North West Territories and elsewhere within Canada ; the trading and dealing in them or any of them or any of their products throughout the Dominion of Canada ; the shipping of the same to foreign countries ; the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, the selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with, all or any part of the property of the company and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, and Dominion of Canada.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in two hundred shares of five hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows : James Craig, of the

Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, farmer; John Hodgins, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, barrister-at-law; Celestin Gagné, of the City of Ottawa, merchant; John Kemp, of the Township of Guilburn, in the said County of Carleton, farmer; Abraham Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, Assessment Commissioner; Joseph Eugène Dupuis, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Adolphus Christin, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Edwin Wood Clark, of the Township of Nepean, in the said County of Carleton, farmer; George Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, merchant; William Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, farmer; John McKinstry, of the said City of Ottawa, real estate agent; Richard Nesbitt, Bishop, of the said City of Ottawa, hotel keeper; Thomas Cameron Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Harmonic Gerald Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant, and Richard Craig, of the Village of Kempville, in the County of Grenville, merchant.

6. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

JOHN HODGINS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills,

grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand five hundred, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Stewart, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Herron, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Hugh MacLennan, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, forwarder; Archibald Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; McLeod Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; Francis Henry Chrysler, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law, and Joseph James Gormully, of the said City of Ottawa, barrister-at-law. Whereof the said Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart and Joseph James Gormully are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 30th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company, shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ontario and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Dominion of Canada from the Governments of Canada or of the Provinces, companies and private individuals.

(b) The settling, colonizing, surveying, laying out, and improving, draining, clearing, cultivating, building on and otherwise dealing with the same.

(c) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with land and all manner of interests in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting of settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payments of such advances with interest by way of mortgage or agreement or otherwise, the granting of loans or bonuses to enterprises for the opening up or improving of such lands; with power to borrow and invest money, to mortgage the lands of the company or any part thereof for the purposes aforesaid, or for any of the purposes of the company, and all such other powers as are useful and necessary in promoting, aiding and encouraging immigration and the settlement and opening up of the country, and to advance the objects of the company.

3. The chief place of business is to be in the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$500,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be five thousand of the sum of \$100 each.

6. The names in full and addresses of the applicants are, John Bacon, Esquire, Silas James, P.L.S., Robert McPhail, merchant, Edmund Henry Duggan, barrister, Ogle Robert Peck, Esquire, John Austin Worrell, barrister, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, estate agent, John J. Cook, Esquire, and Matthew Walton, agent, all of the City of Toronto; Thomas Armstrong, of the Village of Yorkville, in the County of York, Doctor of Medicine, and Richard Shaw Wood, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman; of whom the said John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong and Richard Shaw Wood are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE & WORRELL,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the undermentioned persons and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Bow River Ranch Company, Limited," for the purposes of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep, swine and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock farming, at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territories of the Dominion and elsewhere within Canada; with power to take, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise acquire land, ranches, cattle runs, and any rights or privileges which the company may deem necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business in selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company; also power to acquire or construct saw mills, grist mills, woolen mills or other industrial establishments, and manufacture lumber, flour and other products of those establishments; also, power to dig, excavate, mine, purchase and sell coal or other minerals which may be found in or on the lands of the company in any part of the Dominion; also, power to build wharves, and build or lease barges or steam craft and run the same on Bow River or its connecting waters.

The chief place of business of the company is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

The capital stock of the company to be forty thousand dollars, to be divided into four hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the applicants are Charles McMichael, Esquire, Archibald Young, Esquire, both of the city of Toronto; George Augustus Muttibury, of the city of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Alexander Begg, of Orillia, mill owner, and Alexander Gemmel, of the city of Toronto, merchant.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

McMICHAEL, HOSKIN & OGDEN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Thomas Beattie, merchant, George S. Birrell, merchant, and Charles B. Hunt, miller, Samuel Grigg, hotel keeper, William McGregor, physician, and Andrew McCormack, merchant, all of the City of London, Ontario, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes herein-after mentioned:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is

"The London Colonization Company of Canada (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—to purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada, to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting on any terms or system that may be considered advisable, to stock the same lands and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce to work; convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral productions of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property; and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration unto the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada, and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal property for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the said proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$100,000, in 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The above mentioned applicants who are all residents of Canada are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

MEREDITH & MEREDITH,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 22nd March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The New Brunswick and North-West Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money in the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Simeon Jones, of the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, banker; John Livingston, of the same place, journalist; Charles Henry Fairweather, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Tuck, of the same place, barrister; Howard Douglas Troop, of the same place, shipowner; William Henry Thorne, of the same place, merchant; Ezekiel McLeod, Leigh Richmond Harrison, George Wheelock Burbidge and William Pugsley, the younger, of the same place, barristers; Alfred Bennington Sheraton, of the same place, merchant; Oliver Timson Stone, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; Robert Randolph Call, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, in the said Province; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, Kings County, in the said Province, mining engineer, and Edward Byron Winslow, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister, of whom the said Simeon Jones, John Livingston,

William Henry Tuck, Howard Douglas Troop and William Henry Thorne, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

HARRISON & BURBIDGE,

Solicitors for applicants.

Saint John, N.B., 17th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Western Ontario Commercial Travellers Colonization and Land Company" (limited).

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: William Lind, of the city of London, Ontario, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Robert Cathcart Macfie, of the same place, merchant; John Green, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, Gentleman; John Burnett Laing, of the same place, merchant; George Sunby Birrill, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Birrill, of the same place, merchant; Bossom Ashford Mitchell, of the same place, merchant; Moses Masurett, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Herbert Marsh, of the same place, merchant; John Carrington Merritt, of the same place, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; George Robinson, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; James A'Kennedy, of the same place, druggist; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, of the same place, merchant; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; John Drinkwater Ivey, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; Alexander Johnston, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant, and Thomas Muir, of the same place, manufacturer.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada:—William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson, Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Masurett,

John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Butts, Daniel Simmonds Perrin and John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER & FRASER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, 22nd day of March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Birch Hills Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Govern-

ment, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

4. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names and full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say:—William B. Alley, Truro, Charles Annand, Halifax, Alexander Begg, Orillia, George B. Brooks, Toronto, Archibald Bremner, London, Josiah Blackburn, London, James Brown, Welland, Arthur C. Bertram, North Sydney, Malcolm G. Bremner, London, William Cuzner, Ottawa, Edward F. Clarke, Toronto, John Cameron, London, William Campbell, Toronto, John A. Cook, Petrolia, William Cameron, London, James Carrel, Quebec, John J. Crabbe, St. Marys, Edmund J. Duggan, Montreal, William J. Douglas, Toronto, Thos. W. Dyas, Toronto, George Darby, Toronto, John S. Dewar, London, Melvin D. Dawson, London, Walter S. Dingman, Strathroy, Albert Dennis, Halifax, Wm. J. Ewing, St. John, Edwin H. Fogarty, Cobourg, Aimé Gélinas, Montreal, Thomas P. Gorman, Montreal, Henry J. P. Good, Toronto, George F. Gurnett, Ingersoll, Henry Gorman, Sarnia, John M. Harris, Hamilton, George C. Holland, Ottawa, Andrew Holland, Ottawa, James P. Jaffray, Brantford, James Innes, Guelph, Louis P. Kribs, Barrie, Alphonse A. C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, John L. Livingstone, St. John, Alexander P. Lowry, Toronto, Lowery Brothers, Petrolia, Hugh M. Matthewson, Toronto, François R. Marceau, Montreal, Charles W. Mitchell, Ottawa, Charles A. Matthews, Toronto, Thomas D. S. Moore, Toronto, Geo. Thomas Moore, Liverpool, William C. Milner, Sackville, Thomas W. Michael, Aylmer, Wallace Maclean, Toronto, James I. McIntosh, Guelph, John McKillop, St. John, John Maclean, Toronto, Murdo Y. McLean, Seaforth, Joseph McLeod, Fredericton, Richard McElheran, London, James R. Narraway, St. John, Geo. C. Ohren, Montreal, Alexander F. Pirie, Toronto, Samuel E. Pettigrew, Toronto, Thos. H. Preston, Toronto, Robert A. Payne, St. John, Carroll Ryan, Ottawa, Thomas J. Richardson, Ottawa, Ephraim P. Roden, Toronto, C. Blackett Robinson, Toronto, George A. Simpson, Battleford, Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., Edward R. Smith, St. Johns, James L. Stewart, Chatham, Henry E. Smallpiece, Guelph, Wm. Templeman, Almonte, Arthur F. Wallis, Toronto, Isaac Watson, Compton, S. Frank Wilson, Toronto, Charles A. Wilson, Toronto, Richard White, Montreal, Thos. White, Montreal, Edward Willis, St. John, Wm. Watt, jr., Brantford, James M. Walker, Perth, Hiram Wier, Halifax, Edward Flood, Lindsay, Fred. Going, Toronto, Josiah J. Bell, Ficton, Henry C. Stovel, Winnipeg, John A. Mackenzie, Prescott, Frederick G. Neelin, Seaforth, Edward M. Farrel, Liverpool, John E. Gemmill, Selkirk West, Henry Hough, Cobourg, Frederick W. James, St. John, James A. S. Mott, St. John, John E. Collins, Toronto, Nicholas Flood Davin, Toronto, Thos. Galbraith, Toronto, Frederick J. Gissing, Goderich, Percy Hamilton, Halifax, Henry J. Hubertus, Ottawa, Wm. Magee, London, Henry C. Bell, Toronto, Alex. McCleneghan, Woodstock, James J. White, Ottawa, James Watt, Toronto, Thomas A. Spence, Winnipeg,

John F. Shaw, Toronto, Wm. Wesley, Barrie, Samuel Wesley, Barrie, George B. Bradley, Toronto, Geo. Johnson, Toronto, George R. Kingsmill, Ottawa, William Dennis, Halifax, Albert Horton, Toronto, Robert S. White, Montreal, George Eyvel, Toronto, Arch. McNee, Winnipeg, each and all of whom are journalists.

Of whom the said John L. Livingston, Arthur C. Bertram, Robert S. White, Albert Horton, and George Bradley Bradley, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 30th March, 1882. 40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for a charter of incorporation by Letters Patent, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Fort Edmonton Land Company of Canada (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation by the said company is sought are:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the city of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is three hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of the said company is to be three thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and callings of the said applicants are as follows:—George Gordon Dustan, of Woodside House, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; the Honorable Jedediah Slason Carvell, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, merchant and Senator; John Leonard Harris, of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; John Smith Maclean, of the said city of Halifax, merchant, and President of the Bank of Nova Scotia; the Honorable Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, merchant and Senator; Malcolm Macleod, of Charlottetown, aforesaid, barrister-at-law; Jeremiah Harrison, of the city of St. John, in the said Province of New Brunswick, merchant; Charles Stewart Wilson, of Picton, in the County of Prince Edward, in the Province of Ontario, merchant, and Arthur William Hepburn, of Picton, aforesaid, merchant. All of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are resident in Canada.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 24th March, 1882.

39-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic, under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the said Company shall be "The Federal Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(1) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real or personal property or any interest or estate therein in the Dominion of Canada, including the Provinces and Territories thereof, and to negotiate the purchase and sale of houses, city, town, village and farm property, leases, mortgages, stocks and other securities, and generally to transact any description of commission and agency business.

(2) To improve such property by building upon, fencing, draining or in any other way deemed advisable by the said company, for the use and enjoyment thereof or for encouraging settlement thereon.

(3) To sell, lease, exchange or in any other manner to dispose of all property, real and personal acquired by the company in any way or any interest therein on instalment or on any other terms, and to take, hold and have mortgages for unpaid purchase money with full power to sell, foreclose and dispose of such mortgages, and generally to deal both in the acquirement and disposition of such property in the same manner to the same extent, and with as ample and full powers as a private individual.

(4) To borrow money on the security of any property of the said company or any part thereof, and to raise money upon the credit of the company by the issue of debentures, bonds or other securities, and to grant mortgages, trust deeds or other deeds of security over all or any part of the company's assets for the repayment of all or any part of the money borrowed.

(5) To make investments in the purchase of public funds or debentures of the United Kingdom, Canadian or the United States Government, or the Government of any of the Canadian Provinces or of any municipal corporation, body of public trustees or commissioners, or in any incorporated company in Great Britain, Canada or the United States, and to purchase stocks, shares or deposit receipts of any incorporated company or companies, with full and absolute power to sell, dispose of and deal with the same to the same extent as a private individual.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Hugh Scott, City of Toronto, underwriter; Robert Barber, City of Toronto, merchant; John Fitzallen Ellis, City of Toronto, merchant; Alexander Archibald Allan, City of Toronto, merchant; Thomas Walmsley, City of Toronto, underwriter; William Frederick Carrier, City of Toronto, merchant; William Myddleton Hall, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; James Scott Fullerton, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law.

6. The first eight of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

HALL & FULLERTON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th March, 1882.

39-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The British North American General Farming and Colonizing Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands or any interest in lands, in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, or elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada, by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion of Canada, the Provincial Governments, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company or any corporation or corporations, person or persons.

3. The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

4. The surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, farming, building upon, including mills and machinery, and otherwise dealing with the same.

5. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; and the right to sell and assign such mortgages.

6. To promote, aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

7. To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway, and of steamboats or other vessels or carriages to, from or through lands of the said company; to make roads and to aid, construct, build and operate such works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

8. To own, buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of farm implements, goods and chattels required by the company, or by any person or persons who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and all other powers necessary and incident thereto.

9. To breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock raising, including the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise of cattle ranches or lands specially adapted for grazing purposes, and the working of the same.

10. To acquire woodlands and timber limits within the Dominion, by purchase or otherwise, and to conduct the business of lumberers and timber merchants in all its branches and connections, including the right to own, purchase, prepare, manufacture, transport and sell all kinds of building material, wooden ware, agricultural implements, wagons, carts, &c., to build vessels, ships, boats, docks and piers; to conduct the business of cotton, woolen, and carding mills, of flour and grist milling, of foundry, machine, and blacksmith shops, to acquire and work quarries, mineral and coal lands, and to purchase land and buildings, mill privileges and water powers, and to erect such buildings necessary to carry on such businesses; to conduct the business of a general wholesale and retail store; to make and work roads, tramways and channels of water and to subscribe for and take stocks in booming and river driving companies and associations, and to own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

11. To borrow on the security of their own debentures, or otherwise, such sum or sums of money as may be necessary, if required for the carrying on of the aforesaid businesses and that with or without security; to purchase and sell, make and endorse bills of exchange and promissory notes; to invest in the security of mortgages on real estate in the Dominion of Canada, or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation within the said Dominion, or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the said Dominion or of any of the Provinces therein, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said businesses for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested, and to do all other things whatsoever incidental to the aforesaid businesses.

12. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, with branches at Winnipeg or elsewhere in Ontario, Manitoba and the North West Territories.

13. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

14. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Mossom Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria, and Province of Ontario, lumber manufacturer; Mossom Martin Boyd, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; John Macdonald, of the City of Albany, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, lumber merchant; Alexander Niven, of the Village of Haliburton, in the Provisional County of Haliburton, Provincial Land Surveyor; William Thornton Cust Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria aforesaid, lumber manufacturer; and John Augustus Barron, of the Town of Lindsay, in the said County of Victoria, solicitor, all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

JOHN A. BARRON,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Lindsay, 29th March, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877, by Clayton Slater, of the City of Brantford, Ontario, manufacturer; Ignatius Cockshut, of the same place, Gentle-

man; William Buck, of the same place, manufacturer; James Slater, of the City of London, Ontario, maltster, and John Harris, of the said City of Brantford, manufacturer, for letters patent incorporating them as a company to be known as "The Craven Cotton Company (Limited)," for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing and selling cotton and other fabrics throughout the Dominion of Canada. The head office and chief place of business of the company is to be at the City of Brantford, Ontario. The capital stock is to be two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars divided into two thousand two hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars each. The above named parties are to be the first directors of the said company.

HARDY, WILKES & JONES,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Brantford, 22nd March, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company, (Limited)," for the purposes of acquiring, settling and conveying lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, of improving, cultivating, building upon and otherwise improving the same, of buying and selling grain and other products of the soil, of carrying on farming in all its branches, of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses and other stock, of buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing in lands and all manner of interest in lands, of advancing money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company or otherwise and securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon, and of carrying on trade as general manufacturers, merchants, millers and forwarders, and for establishing agencies in Canada or elsewhere for the purposes aforesaid, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as may be necessary and incident thereto.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, Ontario, with branch offices at Winnipeg, Manitoba, and at Qu'Appelle Valley, N. W. T.

The capital stock of the said company is to be \$600,000, in six thousand shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are, William Robert Bell, of Brockville, province of Ontario, farmer; John Northwood, of the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the said town of Chatham, Gentleman; Robert Crawford, of the town of Brockville aforesaid, Gentleman; William Northwood, of the said town of Chatham, maltster; Francis Carmichael Bruce, of the city of Hamilton, seedsman; Thomas Caldwell Ellwood, of the city of Toronto, electrician; Edmund Burritt, of Easton's Corners in the township of Wolford, farmer; William Ryan Thistle, of Ottawa, lumberman; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, of Milford, in the county of Brandon, Manitoba, miller; Charles Frederick Houghton, of the city of Winnipeg, Gentleman, and John Fisher Wood, of the said town of Brockville, barrister, of whom the six first named are to be provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are residents of Canada.

SALTER M. JARVIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

Chatham, Ont., March 24, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock companies Act of 1877, for

Letters Patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited."

2. The objects for which incorporation is sought, are the purchasing, holding, selling and leasing timber, timber limits and real estate of every description and the manufacturing of timber into logs, spars, ties, square timber, cordwood, shingles and lumber of every description, and to erect, lease and operate saw-mills and flouring mills, either with steam or water power as may be requisite for the purposes of the company; also the purchasing, building, leasing or operating steamboats, barges and vessels, and the carrying thereon of lumber, timber, and merchandize of every description, as well as passengers, and the construction or leasing of all necessary wharves, docks and warehouses for the purpose thereof; also the building and operating of tramways, roads, canals, flumes, dams and booms upon the rivers, streams and creeks used for the purpose of the company.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$350,000 divided into three thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses, and callings of the applicants are respectively as follows:—Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba, lumber manufacturer; James Robert Sutherland, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; Henry Norland Ruttan, of the same place, civil engineer; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor; William Buckingham, of the town of Stratford, Ontario, banker; John Ross, of the township of Grantham, county of Lincoln, Ontario, contractor, and Simon James Dawson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, civil engineer.

6. The first directors of the company are to be the said Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross and Simon James Dawson, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Ottawa, 15th March, 1882.

38-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects herein-after mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and; in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed

upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessaries for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$300,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 3,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, Frederick Howcutt Maulson, commercial traveller, William Glover Hamilton Lowe, commercial traveller, John Allan, commercial traveller, John Brown Mather, commercial traveller, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward John Mahoney, commercial traveller, Edward Carter, merchant, Frank Bennett Halliday, commercial traveller, Richard Rede Davis, commercial traveller, David A. Braid, commercial traveller, Joseph H. Brent, commercial traveller, James Haywood, commercial traveller, William John Thompson, commercial traveller, John Elgin Snider, commercial traveller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford; James Sproule Smith, commercial traveller, Toronto; James F. Egan, commercial traveller, John H. Stone, manufacturer, Edwin A. Dalley, commercial traveller, George E. Hamilton, commercial traveller, William Prentice, commercial traveller, all of Hamilton;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 16th March, 1882.

38-7

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and

others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Saskatchewan Forks Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

5. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants ; that is to say: The following residing in the city of Toron'o : George Bradley Bradley, journalist ; George Eyvel, journalist ; Albert Horton, journalist ; George Johnson, journalist ; Christopher William Bunting, managing director *Mail Printing Company* ; William James Douglas, director *Mail Printing Company* ; Edward Frederick Clark, publisher *Orange Sentinel* ; Alexander Fraser Pirie, journalist ; George Darby, manager *Evening News* ; Wallace Maclean, journalist ; Nicholas Flood Davin, journalist.

The following residing in the city of Montreal ; Thomas White, journalist ; Aimé Gelin, journalist ; Richard White, managing director *Gazette Printing Company* ; François Raymond Marceau, stenographer ; Robert Smeaton White, journalist ;

The following residing in the city of Ottawa :— Charles W. Mitchell, proprietor *Free Press* ; George Roden Kingsmill, journalist ; Andrew Holland, journalist ; Carroll Ryan, journalist ;

The following residing in the City of London : Josiah Blackburn, managing director *Free Press Printing Company* ; John Cameron, editor *Daily Advertiser* ; and William Dennis, of Halifax, N.S., journalist ; Archibald McNee, of Winnipeg, Man., journalist ; James Innes, Guelph, journalist ; John Livingstone, St. John, N.B., journalist ; Edgar Russell Smith, St. Johns, Que., publisher *News and Frontier Advocate* ; Murdo Young McLean, Seaforth, Ont., publisher *Huron Expositor* ; Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., journalist ; Henry Gorman, Sarnia, Ont., publisher *Observer* ; Hon. Alphonse A.C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, Man., journalist ; Edwin Henry Fogarty, Cobourg, Ont., journalist ; James Brown, Welland, Ont., journalist ; of whom the said George Bradley Bradley, George Eyvel, Albert Horton, George Johnson, John Roden Kingsmill, Archibald McNee, Robert Smeaton White, William Dennis, Aimé Gelin, are to be the first, or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 10th March, 1882. 37-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.—The first annual meeting of the shareholders of this company for the election of directors and the transaction of business generally, will be held on Wednesday, the 10th day of May next, at the principal office of the company in Montreal, at 12 o'clock, noon.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 10th April, 1882. 42-4

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a final meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at 26 St. François Xavier Street, Montreal, at one o'clock p.m., on the 22nd day of May next, to receive the final report of the liquidators and to do all other things which the said shareholders may do at such final meeting under the provisions of the Act intituled "An Act to authorize and provide for the winding up of the Metropolitan Bank."

By order of the liquidators,
G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,

Secretary.

Montreal, 4th April, 1882. 41-7

SAINT LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of this company, will be held at No. 5, Moorgate street, in the City of London, England, on

Monday, the eighth day of May next, at the hour of twelve o'clock at noon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

ARCHER BAKER,
General Superintendent.

Ottawa, 29th March, 1882. 40-6

DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent upon the capital stock of this institution has been this day declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Banking House, in this City, on and after Monday, the first day of May next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th April next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other purposes, will be held at the Banking House, in this City, at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 31st day of May next.

A resolution for an increase of the capital stock of the Bank, will be submitted to the shareholders by the directors at the annual meeting.

By order of the Board,

R. H. BETHUNE,

Cashier. 40-5

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY (OF CANADA.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the half-yearly ordinary general meeting of shareholders, is appointed to be held on Thursday, the 27th day of April 1882, at the Cannon Street Hotel, Cannon Street, London, England, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, for the purpose of submitting a report and general statement of accounts for the half-year ended on the 31st January last, and for the transaction of other business.

And notice is further given, that the books kept at the office in Canada, for the registration of shares, will be closed on and from the 13th day of April to the day of meeting, both days inclusive, and transfers cannot be received between those dates.

By order,

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

No. 142, Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C., 20th March, 1882. 39-5

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

ON and after the first of May next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders, a dividend of two and half per cent. on the paid-up capital, for the six months ending on the 30th of April next.

The transfer book will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of April next inclusively.

The annual meeting of the shareholders will take place at the Banking House, Lower Town, on Saturday, the 6th of May next, at 2 o'clock p. m.

By order,

P. LAFRANCE,

Cashier. 39-5

Quebec, March 22nd, 1882.

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company ; and all persons in Canada

holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,
ARCH. McGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Montreal, 1st March, 1882. 36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general meeting of the Society of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien will be held the twenty-ninth day of April next (29th April, 1882).

All the shares of the Society being to order, it will be indicated by a second notice, to appear fifteen days at least prior to the date of said meeting, at what place it shall be held.

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.

M. CHEVALIER,
Secretary.
Montreal, 22nd February, 1882. 35-9

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 14 mars 1882.

DAVID JOHN RANKIN, de Collinsby, dans la province d'Ontario, gentilhomme ; Officier dans les douanes de Sa Majesté, pour prévenir la contrebande.

29 mars 1882.

WILLIAM McMICKING PARKER, du township de Stamford, dans la province d'Ontario, gentilhomme ; Officier préposé au débarquement et examinateur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

31 mars 1882.

WILLIAM C. BAKER, du village de Dunham, dans la province de Québec, écuyer ; Percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

3 avril 1882.

HENRY LEBLANC, de New Richmond, dans le comté de Bonaventure, dans la province de Québec, écuyer ; Maître de hâvre pour le port de New Richmond, dans la dite province.

JOHN FERGUSON, de Newcastle, dans le comté de Northumberland, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick, écuyer ; Gardien de port pour le port de Newcastle, dans la dite province.

HENRY ALEXANDER MUIRHEAD, de Chatham, dans le comté de Northumberland, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick, écuyer ; Gardien de port pour le port de Chatham, dans la dite province.

WILLIAM WALLACE McLEOD, écuyer, assistant-inspecteur des bureaux de poste à Winnipeg ; Inspecteur des bureaux de poste de Manitoba et des Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

6 avril 1882.

FREDERICK THOMAS BRADLEY, d'Emerson, dans la province du Manitoba, écuyer ; Percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

8 avril 1882.

LIEUT.-COLONEL ACHESON GOSFORD IRVINE, commissaire de la police à cheval du Nord-Ouest, et Hayter Reed, écuyer, agent des sauvages à Battleford ; Membres du Conseil du Nord-Ouest.

Bureau du Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie du Canada.

MEMBRE rapporté pour servir dans le présent PARLEMENT :

PROVINCE DE LA COLOMBIE-BRITANNIQUE.

New Westminster,—Joshua A. R. Homer, de la cité de New Westminster, marchand, en remplacement de l'honorable Thomas Robert McInnes, appelé au Sénat.

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé en la session du Parlement du Canada tenue dans la trente-sixième année de Notre règne, chapitre neuvième et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick seulement, et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement, dans l'une ou l'autre de ces provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil (sauf seulement les ports d'Halifax et de Pictou, dans la Nouvelle-Ecosse, et le port de St.-Jean, dans le Nouveau-Brunswick.)

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du troisième jour d'avril dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant le port de St. Peters, dans le comté de Richmond, dans la province de la Nouvelle-

Ecosse, dans Notre Puissance du Canada, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements, et déclarant que les limites du dit port seront une ligne droite imaginaire tirée de Sutherland's Head à March Point, dans St. Peter's Bay.

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et un ordre en Conseil, nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au port de St. Peters, dans le comté de Richmond, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce TROISIÈME jour d'AVRIL, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

42-3

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } **A**TTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé en la Session du Parlement du Canada tenue dans la trente-septième année de Notre règne, chapitre trente-quatre et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement (sauf les ports de Québec et de Montréal dans la province de Québec, et de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario,) dans l'une ou l'autre des dites provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil ;

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du troisième jour d'avril, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant New Richmond, dans le comté de Bonaventure, dans la province de Québec, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements, et définissant les limites du dit Port comme suit, savoir : A partir de la falaise de Maria jusqu'à la Rivière Caplan.

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et un ordre en Conseil, Nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer

au Port de New Richmond, dans le comté de Bonaventure, dans la province de Québec.

De ce qui précède Nos fœux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce TROISIÈME jour d'AVRIL, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

42-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que le district de l'Île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe Saint-Laurent, établi par ordre en conseil le 6 juin 1874 pour les fins du susdit acte, soit et le dit district est par le présent aboli.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

42-3

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 18 2.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada, d'ordonner et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage, soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant du côté ouest de la rivière Chicot jusqu'au côté ouest de la rivière à la Loutre sur l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus, il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. William Carter, gardien du phare à la Pointe Sud,

sur la dite île, percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant du côté est de la rivière à la Loutre vers l'est jusqu'à la Pointe Charleston, sur le côté nord de l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. Thomas Gagné, gardien du phare à la Pointe Est sur la dite île, comme percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA,

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant du côté est de la rivière Becs, jusqu'au côté ouest de la rivière Chicot, sur l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus, il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. Edward Pope, gardien du phare à la Pointe Sud-Ouest, sur la dite île, comme percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, en la trente-sixième

année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada, d'ordonner et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant de la Pointe Charleston sur le côté nord vers l'ouest jusqu'au côté ouest de la rivière Becs, sur l'île d'Anticosti, dans le Golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus, il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. Alfred Malouin, gardien du phare sur la Pointe Ouest de la dite île, percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Lundi, 3 avril 1882.

PRESENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les importateurs d'acide sulfurique et autres acides employés dans la fabrication des engrais sont tenus fréquemment de renvoyer les bonbonnes et dames-jeannes dans lesquelles ces acides ont été importés dans les pays d'où ces produits ont été importés, dans le but de les y faire emplir de nouveau et les ré-importer,—il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que lors de la première importation de ces bonbonnes ou dames-jeannes contenant des acides pour l'usage dit ci-dessus, après l'acquittement des droits pourvus par le tarif alors en opération, telles bonbonnes et dames-jeannes seront estampées ou marquées d'une marque particulière de telle façon qu'on pourra les identifier lorsqu'elles seront ré-importées subséquemment, et, en vertu des sous-sections 2 et 13 de la section 125 de l'"Acte de 1877 à l'effet d'amender et refondre les actes concernant les douanes," lors d'une ré-importation subséquente, après que le percepteur ou l'officier commis aux douanes les aura identifiées, les dites bonbonnes et dames-jeannes seront, et les dites bonbonnes et dames-jeannes sont par le présent exemptées du paiement subséquent de droits jusqu'à ce qu'il y soit autrement pourvu par un ordre en conseil.

41-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du conseil privé.

ORDRES GENERAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX,

OTTAWA, 14 avril 1882.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (7).

No. 1.

MILICE ACTIVE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

5e bataillon "Royal Scots Fusiliers."

Est nommé lieutenant-colonel :

Edward A. C. Campbell, ci-devant capitaine au 92e Montagnards de S. M., vice James David Crawford qui a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer et de conserver son grade.

Le major Charles G. Geddes a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer en conservant son grade comme un cas spécial.

La démission du capitaine R. Stanley Clark Bagg est par le présent acceptée.

17^e bataillon d'infanterie "Lévis."

Compagnie No. 6.

Les quartiers généraux de cette compagnie sont, par le présent, transférés de "St. Michel" à "St. Lambert."

Est nommé capitaine :

2nd Lieutenant Alexis Gagné, E.M., de la compagnie No. 3, bataillon provisoire de Dorchester, *vice* Jules D. Poliquin, qui a laissé les limites.

58^e bataillon d'infanterie "Compton."

Compagnie No. 8.

Les quartiers généraux de cette compagnie sont, par le présent, transférés de "Stanstead" à "Bebee Plain."

Est nommé capitaine, provisoirement :

John Clarke, écuyer, *vice* lieutenant colonel titulaire James K. Gilman, qui a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer en conservant son grade titulaire.

Est nommé lieutenant, provisoirement :

Elisha Gale Miller, gentilhomme, *vice* Michael Felix Hackett, dont la démission est par le présent acceptée.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

David Gibb Field, gentilhomme, *vice* Albert Henry Jones, qui a laissé les limites.

60^e bataillon d'infanterie "Missisquoi."

Compagnie No. 2, Clarenceville.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

David Johnstone Arthur Macfie, *vice* E. A. Noel dont la démission est par le présent acceptée.

81^e bataillon d'infanterie "Portneuf."

Compagnie No. 1, Pointe aux Trembles.

Est nommé lieutenant :

Sergent Alphonse S. Gauvin, E.M., *vice* E. Gauvin, promu.

85^e bataillon d'infanterie.

Compagnie No. 2, village St. Jean-Baptiste.

Est nommé capitaine :

Marie Joseph Edmour Chagnon, écuyer, E.M., *vice* Denis Barry, dont la démission est par le présent acceptée.

Est nommé lieutenant, provisoirement :

Charles Létourneux, gentilhomme, *vice* McEvenue.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

George Thomas Dunn, gentilhomme, *vice* Frank Brady, qui a laissé les limites.

87^e bataillon d'infanterie "Québec."

Compagnie No. 2, Ancienne Lorette.

Est nommé lieutenant :

2nd Lieutenant Octave Roy, E.M., *vice* Charest, qui s'est retiré.

GRADE CONFIRMÉ.

2nd lieutenant Louis Philippe Houde, E.d'A., batterie No. 2, artillerie de place de Lévis ; à dater du 1^{er} avril, 1882.

No. 2.

CERTIFICATS ACCORDÉS.

ÉCOLES ROYALES D'ARTILLERIE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

CERTIFICATS D'INFANTERIE.

PREMIÈRE CLASSE "COURS COMPLET."

1^{er} lieutenant F. L. Lessard, batterie No. 2, artillerie de place de Québec.

PREMIÈRE CLASSE "COURS ABRÉGÉ."

2nd lieutenant L. P. Houde, batterie No. 2, artillerie de place de Lévis.

DEUXIÈME CLASSE "COURS ABRÉGÉ."

2nd lieutenant S. D. Crawford, brigade d'artillerie de place du Nouveau-Brunswick.

TROISIÈME CLASSE "COURS ABRÉGÉ."

Fonctionnaire-bombardier A. Mulcahey, batterie "A", E.R.d'A.

QUATRIÈME CLASSE "COURS ABRÉGÉ."

Sergent W. Devey, batterie d'artillerie de place de Pictou.

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjudant Général de Milice,
Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTÉRIEUR.

SECTION DES TERRES FÉDÉRALES.

Ottawa, 12 avril 1882.

A U sujet des récents examens tenus par le bureau des examinateurs pour les arpenteurs de la Puissance—

Avis public est par le présent donné : 1^o Les personnes dont les noms suivent, savoir :

Lewis R. Ord, écr., de Toronto, Ont. ;
Alfred P. Walker, A.P., de Toronto, Ont. ;
Hume B. Proudfoot, A.P., de Toronto, Ont. ;
Frank L. Blake, A.P., de Toronto, Ont. ;
James A. Paterson, A.P., de Toronto, Ont. ;
Robt. M. Bonfellow, A.P., d'Ottawa, Ont. ;
Herbert C. Denny, A.P., d'Ottawa, Ont. ;
Charles A. Bigger, A.P., d'Ottawa, Ont. ;
Charles A. Jones, A.P., de London, Ont. ;
Henry D. Ellis, A.P., de London, Ont. ;
Alfred E. Morris, A.P., de Perth, Ont. ;
Thomas Turnbull, A.P., de Perth, Ont. ;
Archd. W. McVittie, A.P., de Barrie, Ont. ;
Jas. A. Maddock, A.P., de Peterboro, Ont. ;
Jas. K. McLean, A.P., de Mount Forrest, Ont. ;
Charles E. Lemoine, A.P., de Québec, Qué. ;
Jos. L. Michaud, A.P., de Matane, Qué. ;
Paul C. Dumais, A.P., de Chicoutimi, Qué. ;
Jno. C. Bourgeois, A.P., de Trois-Rivières, Qué. ;
Finlay E. Brunelle, A.P., de Plessisville, Qué. ;
Z. C. Dupuis, A.P., de Saint-Thomas, Qué. ; et
Jos. Dudderidge, A.P., de Lachute, Qué.,

ont subi l'examen prescrit par l'acte de 1879, concernant les terres fédérales, et sous l'autorité du dit acte ont reçu leur commission comme Arpenteurs de la Puissance.

Charles A. Magrath, arpenteur de la Puissance, d'Aylmer, Qué., ayant subi l'examen prescrit par la Section 93 du dit acte a reçu en conséquence un certificat comme arpenteur topographique de la Puissance.

Par ordre du Ministre de l'Intérieur.

ROBERT LANG,

42-1

Secrétaire du bureau des examinateurs,

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 mars dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,915,459 17
Excise	450,719 61
Département des Postes.....	118,681 33
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	231,520 03
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	6,591 74
Divers	132,074 35
	<hr/>
	\$2,855,046 23
Revenu, 28 février 1882.....	21,624,819 65
	<hr/>
	\$24,479,865 88
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,042,749 45
do 28 février 1882.....	16,956,817 25
	<hr/>
	\$17,999,566 70

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er avril 1882.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres-patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 18 mars 1882, constituant en corps politique l'honorable John Hamilton, sénateur, George A. Drummond,

marchand; Alexander Murray, marchand; John McDougall, fabricant, et Joshua Collins, marchand, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada, dans le but de manufacturer et vendre des sacs, importer, acheter et vendre les matériaux requis pour la manufacture de ces articles, sous le nom de "La compagnie de chanvre du Canada" (limitée), avec un fonds social de cinquante mille piastres divisé en cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 29 mars 1882.

40-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 14 mars 1882, constituant en corps politique Alexander Manning, écuyer; Arthur Radcliffe Boswell, écuyer; Abraham William Lauder, écuyer; John Small, gentilhomme; George Burrowes Gordon, écuyer; Horace Thorne, écuyer; William James Baines, courtier; Andrew Horon, gentilhomme; William Henry Knowlton, marchand, et Thomas Davies, brasseur, tous de la cité de Toronto, province d'Ontario, Canada, dans le but d'émettre des obligations, acheter, détenir, améliorer, louer et vendre des terres, sous le nom de "La Compagnie des terres de Toronto, du Manitoba et du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), avec un fonds social de cent mille piastres, divisé en deux mille parts de cinquante piastres.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce 29 mars 1882.

40-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de février 1882. Ar.
 Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 janv. 1882.....	\$8,190,037 61	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$319,369 53
Dépôts durant le mois	540,411 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	3,300 92		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,357,167 52
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	57,212 51
			8,414,380 03
	8,733,749 56		\$8,733,749 56

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
 Commis des statistiques.
 Département des Finances, Ottawa, 21 mars 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montr'l, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Montréal; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 débiteures de municipalités; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine".....		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc; Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. p. c., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu).....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation".....		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Sur la vie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,".....		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. Jean, N.B.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B)...	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.....	Garantie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasinages de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de bang. (Accept. à \$100,000).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire".....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe".....		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont...	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite North American ".....	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite " North British and Mercantile "	Macdougall et Davidson, agents gérér., Mont	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont- réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)...	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite " Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite " l'Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. gérér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite " Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (génér.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218) ...	Contre l'incendie.
La compagaie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada.	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal... ..	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal..	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en espèces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPERATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débiteures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosse.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosse.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosse.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. :\$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernment, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

ETAT fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 41 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société— Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5.18.26		\$4,823,833 60
Versements sur le capital— Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.....		\$1,205,958 40
Nombre des titres— Titres nominatifs.....		50,000
Titres au porteur.....		Nil.

<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875	20	Capital social	4,823,833	60
Prêts hypothécaires :			Prêts différés	25,314	01
A long terme	674,716	33	Intérêt payé par anticipation.....	242	75
A court terme	389,334	50	Divers.....	1,727	56
	1,064,050	83			
Espèces en caisse et en banque :					
En Canada.....	93,249	81			
En France.....	78,305	92			
	171,555	73			
Arrérages de semestres.....	389	51			
Mobilier	2,054	24			
Divers	2,787	16			
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712	67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117	92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société.....Néant.

Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt.....Néant.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des Statistiques,
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba:

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces:

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de

l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de colonisation de Wellington et du Nord-Ouest."

1. Les fins que se proposent la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus des bâtiments, et les hypothéquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit d'acheter, acquérir, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en trafiquer de toute façon les intérêts soit agricoles ou forestiers, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, prêter de l'argent et aider de toute façon aux colons, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt aux conditions dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre, au moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu; le droit d'aider soit par subventions ou autrement, à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à l'exécution de toutes les entreprises pouvant aider à l'établissement des dites terres, lignes de bateaux à vapeur, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles dans la réalisation des fins de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre des propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de cette dernière ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation

des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit de promouvoir, aider, et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays.

2. La cité de Guelph sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$200,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 2,000, chacune d'elle devant être de cent piastres.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—William Bell, de la cité de Guelph, dans la province d'Ontario, fabricant d'orgues; Thomas Goldie, du même lieu, meunier; James Peebles, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *World*; Alexander Watson Alexander, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie des orgues de Bell, et Henry Walter Metcalf, du même lieu, fabricant d'orgues.

Les quatre premiers des dits requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents de la cité de Guelph, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

GUTHRIE ET WATT,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Guelph, 13 avril 1882.

42-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnés:—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de Colonisation des terres de Battleford et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes:—

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer et, en général, trafiquer les dites terres de même que les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'accorder des subventions et autres secours pour la construction et le maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et l'exécution de n'importe quelle autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres et jugée utile aux fins de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés mobilières ou immobilières et les droits en icelles requis par la compagnie pour l'avancement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins; le droit de développer, encourager et secourir l'immigration avec le droit de secourir les immigrants de toute façon qui peut être utile au développement et à la colonisation de la contrée et à l'avancement des intérêts de la compagnie ou du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera à Mono Mills, dans le district électoral de Cardwell, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts de ce fonds social sera de deux mille cinq cent, et chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Robert Lawrence, de Mono Mills, médecin ; John Kelly, du township d'Adjala, cultivateur ; Silas Huntingdon Foster, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; Henry Bracken, du township d'Adjala menuisier ; Henry Allison, du township de King, cultivateur ; George Kidd, de Mono Mills, cultivateur, tous de la province d'Ontario. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ci-dessus mentionnés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,

Pour les requérants.

Daté à Mono Mills, ce 28 mars 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demandé sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci après mentionnées et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de persiennes et auvents automatiques du Canada."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit pour elle de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des ornements, garnitures et fermoirs de fenêtres, persiennes et auvents ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser les brevets d'invention ou inventions qui peuvent servir à la compagnie dans ses opérations ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser n'importe quel brevet d'invention ou inventions qui pourraient être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie ; le droit de manufacturer, acheter et vendre telles autres marchandises et articles qui peuvent être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

Le nombre des parts sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cinq piastres.

La cité de Montréal sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Charles Edgar Kennedy, de Hatley, dans le comté de Stanstead, province de Québec, commerçant ; Charles Carroll Colby, M. P., de Stanstead, dans le dit comté ; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, de la ville de Sherbrooke, dans la dite province, écuyer ; Frederick F. Fairman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province, marchand, Robert Baker May, de la dite cité de Montréal, imprimeur ; John Gilman Elder, de la ville de Derby, dans l'Etat du Vermont, commerçant, et Stiles Frost, de la cité de Boston, dans l'Etat de Massachusetts, commerçant.

Tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

CHAS. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Montréal, 3 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci après nommées pour les fins ci après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée sera "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Rivière aux Ecaïles."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—Le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans la Puissance du Canada ; le

droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et d'en développer les ressources minières, agricoles ou autres ; le droit d'exploiter, vendre, donner, transporter, louer, hypothéquer et trafiquer de n'importe quelle manière les dites propriétés, y compris le droit de prendre des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat ; le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques ; le droit d'aider et encourager l'émigration et la colonisation des terres qui pourraient être acquises, soit par des prêts ou subventions garanties d'une manière sur laquelle on se sera entendu ou de toute manière légale ; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de lignes de chemin de fer ou télégraphique, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de la colonisation des terres de la compagnie ; le droit de construire des bâtiments, résidences, moulins à moulin, scieries et manufactures de toute sorte ; le droit d'aider à la construction de ces travaux de toute façon légale et à telles conditions et avec telles garanties dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de fournir ses terres de bestiaux et de s'engager dans l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux ; le droit de s'occuper de la culture du blé et de l'industrie des produits de ferme ; le droit de fabriquer et exporter les dits grains et produits et de s'engager dans des opérations minières sur les dites propriétés, et avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être conférés à de semblables compagnies.

3. La cité de Belleville ou la ville de Trenton, l'un et l'autre dans le comté de Hastings, sera le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000 divisé en 20,000 actions de \$25 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

David Gilmour, marchand de bois, William Jeffs, marchand de grain, George Henry Gordon, marchand, William Ford Baker, marchand de grain ; John Hendricks, propriétaire rural, Anson Green Whittier, marchand, tous de Trenton ; James Coleman Jamieson, imprimeur et éditeur, George Dean Dickson, avocat, Eddison Baldwin Fraleek, avocat, Cornelius James Starling, entrepreneur, tous de Belleville ; John White, fabricant, Roslin Charles Ashley, voiturier, Stephen Allen Lazier, fabricant, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, marchand, tous de Foxboro' ; James Stalker Hamilton, propriétaire rural, et Peter Rockwell Daly, propriétaire rural, tous deux d'Halloway.

Les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie sont les susdits David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allen Lazier et Charles Ashley, qui tous sont sujets britanniques et résident en Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Belleville, 4 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte en vertu du dit acte, constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées, qui sont les requérants, pour les fins ci-après énumérées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres de Hamilton" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

Le droit d'acheter et acquérir de toute façon des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou individus.

Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou trafiquer d'une façon quelconque les dites terres.

Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres et ériger dessus des constructions.

Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques créées sur icelles comme prix d'achat ou garanties à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'on les aura fixés de part et d'autre, avec le droit de retenir telles hypothèques données comme prix d'achat et de les transporter par un document soit écrit en entier ou en partie écrit et imprimé, sujet aux conditions faites pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles aux taux qui auront été convenus de part et d'autre.

Le droit de construire et réparer des routes ordinaires et ponts, assister les immigrants venant de pays étrangers et colons venant des autres provinces, avec le droit de les aider à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée est de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

Valancey England Fuller, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans le comté de Wentworth, avocat; John Proctor, du même lieu, marchand; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, du même lieu, éditeur; George Albertus Cox, de la ville de Peterborough, dans le comté de Peterborough, gérant de chemin de fer, et Robert Jaffray, de la cité de Toronto, dans le comté de York, marchand, tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés, résidents du Canada, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 3 avril 1882.

41-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877 CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que durant le mois qui suivra la dernière insertion du présent avis les requérants ci-après nommés s'adresseront par pétition au gouverneur-général à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des Ranches des Cantons de l'Est" (limitée.)

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit d'élever des bestiaux, chevaux, mules, moutons et cochons dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

Le droit d'acheter, vendre et trafiquer les dits animaux dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs, y compris le droit d'acquérir, détenir et améliorer les propriétés requises à cette fin.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Sherbrooke, province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille, de cent piastres chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de de chacun des requérants : L'honorable Matthew Henry Cochrane, du township de Compton, sénateur; William White, de la ville de Sherbrooke, avocat; William Farwell, de la dite ville de Sherbrooke, gérant de banque; Charles Carroll Colby, du village de Stanstead, avocat; John McLary, du township de Compton, cultivateur, et Edward Towle Brooks, de la dite ville

de Sherbrooke, avocat, tous, de la province de Québec, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

BROOKS, CAMIRAND ET HURD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Sherbrooke, 5 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné, sous l'autorité de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Canadienne pour l'exportation des fruits, à responsabilité limitée."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corporation sont :—

(a) D'acheter et vendre des brevets d'invention canadiens ou étrangers, qui sont déjà émis ou qui le seront ci-après, pour conserver ou préserver les fruits ou légumes, et les emballer soit pour l'exportation soit pour l'emmagasinage.

(b) De fabriquer des armoires ou garde-fruits pour les maisons et magasins, et des boîtes à fruit pour le transport des fruits, et de vendre ce dit droit de fabrication à d'autres, soit complètement et sans réserve soit en se réservant un droit régalien.

(c) D'acheter et vendre des fruits et légumes de toutes espèces et nature que ce soit, de les exporter du Canada ou de les y importer, et d'emballer les dits fruits et légumes dans des boîtes et les vendre en Canada ou à l'étranger.

(d) D'acquérir des propriétés, mobilières et immobilières, et de construire les édifices nécessaires aux opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres (\$50,000.)

5. Le nombre de parts est de cinq cent, de la valeur de cent piastres chaque.

6. Les nom, prénom, occupation et adresse de chacun des requérants sont respectivement comme suit :—George Albert Cochrane, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gentilhomme; Francis Ernest Gilman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat; Thomas Craig, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, caissier; Edward Kirk Greene, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, marchand; David Timothy Irish, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, agent; James Naismith Greenshields, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat, et Charles Henry Cordingley, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, distillateur.

7. Les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie seront les susdits George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields, et Charles Henry Cordingley, qui tous sont sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED ET GUÉRIN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 6 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps

politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Qu'Appelle et des Buttes de Tondre."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles en Canada, soit par achat ou autrement de tout gouvernement, corporation ou individu ; le droit de les acheter, améliorer, coloniser, cultiver, vendre, céder, hypothéquer et louer, d'y construire des maisons et autrement en disposer.

De prendre des hypothèques et autres garanties en paiement des dites terres ou autre propriété de la compagnie à tels taux d'intérêt qui pourront être convenus de part et d'autre, et de vendre et transporter ces hypothèques ou autres garanties.

D'avancer des deniers aux colons ou acheteurs des terres, et les aider d'autre manière, et de prendre des sûretés pour le remboursement de ces créances et aide avec intérêt à tel taux d'intérêt qui pourra être convenu soit par hypothèques sur les terres ou autrement.

De donner des bonis ou autre aide aux chemins de fer et autres entreprises et travaux passant sur les terres de la dite compagnie, jugés utiles pour les ouvrir ou les améliorer, ou tendant à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie.

D'encourager, développer et aider l'immigration en Canada, de la Grande-Bretagne et de pays étrangers.

De construire, acquérir, maintenir et exploiter sur les dites terres et en rapport avec elles des scieries et des moulins à farine et manufactures, et de vendre et disposer de tout et chacun des dits moulins et manufactures et de leurs produits ; et de construire, entretenir et exploiter des tramways, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, chemins, rues, ponts et autres travaux en rapport avec les dites terres, ou autrement favorisant les intérêts de la dite compagnie.

Produire, acheter et vendre des bestiaux sur pied, des grains et autres produits du sol, et de vendre et acheter des biens immobiliers en général.

Le pouvoir d'emprunter sur le crédit de la compagnie ou sur la garantie de ses propriétés, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement, et de faire des placements de deniers, et généralement tous autres pouvoirs qui seront utiles ou nécessaires aux fins que se propose la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, avec pouvoir d'établir des succursales et agences ailleurs dans et en dehors du Canada, mais la première assemblée des directeurs provisoires et des actionnaires pourra être tenue à tout endroit en Canada que la majorité des dits directeurs décidera, et les assemblées subséquentes des directeurs provisoires et des directeurs élus et des actionnaires auront lieu à l'endroit choisi par les dits directeurs provisoires ou directeurs élus.

4. Le montant du fonds social sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de douze mille, et le montant de chaque action sera de vingt-cinq piastres.

Les noms, prénoms, occupations et adresses de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : James Murray, propriétaire de navires, James Livingston, cultivateur, Charles Peters Camp, jardinier, Hiram Blavill Hamill, artisan, et William John Murray, maître marin, tous de la cité de Ste. Catherine, dans le comté de Lincoln, et province d'Ontario, lesquels seront les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

A. FERGUSON,

Solliciteur des requérants.

Daté à Ottawa, avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par Thomas Beattie, marchand, George S. Birrell, marchand, Charles B. Hunt, meunier,

Samuel Grigg, hôtelier, William McGregor, médecin, et Andrew McCormack, marchand, tous de la cité de London, Ontario, à l'effet de les constituer eux et d'autres en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées.

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation London du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes : —le droit d'acheter ou acquérir de toute façon, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres au Canada, de développer les ressources d'icelles en y érigeant des constructions, en les défrichant, les asséchant, les cultivant suivant un système quelconque qui pourra sembler opportun ; le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de pratiquer en général l'industrie de l'élevage d'animaux, moutons et leurs produits, d'exploiter, vendre, manufacturer les productions minières des terres de la compagnie, d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute sorte ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, machines, estacades, avec le droit de construire des tramways, canaux, chemins et autres entreprises donnant des moyens de transport ou facilitant le développement des propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit de contribuer aux dépenses encourues par la construction, l'amélioration ou l'usage des dites entreprises ; le droit d'encourager et développer l'immigration des autres pays vers le Canada, avec le droit d'aider aux immigrants dans la colonisation des terres du Canada ; le droit d'agir comme agent pour un gouvernement quelconque, corporation ou individu, pour l'achat ou la vente de terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada, et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada ; et pour ces différentes fins le droit de prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou donner des subventions de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des propriétés mobilières et immobilières pour les fins de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés, avec le droit en général de faire toutes choses qui sont de nature à promouvoir les fins de la dite compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$100,000, divisée en 1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les requérants mentionnés ci-dessus, tous résidents du Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

MEREDITH ET MEREDITH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à London, Ontario, 22 mars 1882.

40-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous l'autorité du dit acte et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie de colonisation des commis voyageurs d'Ontario-ouest" (limitée.)

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit pour la dite compagnie d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des corporations ou des particuliers ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres ; le droit d'acheter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, de vendre, louer,

affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres, avec le droit de les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles; le droit de prêter de l'argent et des secours aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et de vendre du bois de service; le droit d'élever, paître, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et la production des produits de ferme.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différents endroits dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Lind, de la ville de London, Ontario, marchand; Alfred Robinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand; Robert Cathcart Macfie, du même lieu, marchand; John Green du même lieu, marchand; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme; John Burnett Laing, du même lieu, marchand; George Sunby Birrill, du même lieu, marchand; William Henry Birrill, du même lieu, marchand; Bossom Ashford Mitchell, marchand; Moses Mazurett, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas Herbert Marsh, du même lieu, marchand; John Carrington Merritt, du même lieu, marchand; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand; George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand; James A'Kennedy, du même lieu, droguiste; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, du même lieu, marchand; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand; John Drinkwater Ivey, du même lieu, marchand; Alexander Johnston, du même lieu, marchand; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand, et Thomas Muir, du même lieu, fabricant.

Les requérants dont les noms suivent, tous de ceux ci-dessus nommés et résidant au Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :—

William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson, Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Masurett, John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin et John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER ET FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à London ce 22 mars 1882.

40-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l' "Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie du Rancho Stewart, à responsabilité limitée." (*The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited.*)

2. Les fins pour lesquelles l'incorporation est demandée sont les suivantes :—

D'acheter ou autrement acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver des terres et biens-fonds dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du Canada.

3. De développer les ressources des dites terres et biens-fonds en les défrichant, les égouttant, les améliorant, y construisant des maisons, et par des opérations minières, la culture, la fabrication des bois et autres moyens.

De mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'y

élever et trafiquer sur toutes espèces de bestiaux, moutons et leurs pro-luits, et d'y faire dans toutes ses branches la culture et l'élevage des bestiaux.

D'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les terres de la compagnie, et de les coloniser, et dans ce but d'aider aux immigrants et colons sur les terres de la compagnie au moyen d'octrois de terre, d'avances ou autres, et d'agir comme agents de tout gouvernement, corporation ou personne favorisant l'émigration au Canada.

D'acheter, acquérir, fabriquer et vendre toutes espèces de bois, marchandises et effets (à l'exception des vins et spiritueux et des boissons fermentées et enivrantes)

De construire, acquérir, naviguer et utiliser des bateaux à vapeur et autres, et de procurer et employer tous autres moyens nécessaires et convenables pour le transport des colons, immigrants, voyageurs, effets et marchandises, et pour conduire convenablement les opérations de la compagnie; et dans le but de donner un accès facile aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie, d'aider, au moyen de boni, don d'argent, octroi de terre ou autrement, à toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou de bateaux à vapeur ou autre moyen de transport par terre ou par eau.

D'acheter, prendre à bail, ou échanger, louer ou autrement acquérir des ranches, plaines à bestiaux et tous autres biens meubles et immeubles, et tous intérêts, droits et privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses opérations.

De construire, maintenir et changer toutes scieries, moulins à farine, bâtisses, quais, entrepôts et autres travaux nécessaires ou utiles aux opérations de la compagnie.

De vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, louer, hypothéquer, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de toute ou partie de la propriété de la compagnie, et de prendre et accepter des hypothèques et obligations sur les biens meubles ou immeubles ou toutes autres garanties quelconques (et portant intérêt ou autrement, selon que la compagnie le décidera) des acheteurs et autres débiteurs de la compagnie, et de vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toutes ou chacune de ces garanties.

De faire toute affaire ou transaction (du ressort de la compagnie,) en société, ou autrement avec d'autres personnes ou compagnies.

Et généralement de faire toutes autres choses utiles ou nécessaires au but que se propose d'atteindre la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario.

4. Le montant de son fonds social sera de cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille cinq cent, et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms au long, adresse et occupation de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : John Stewart, du township de Nepean, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, écuier; John Herron, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, marchand; Hugh MacLennan, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, expéditeur; Archibald Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat; McLeod Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat; Francis Henry Chrysler, du dit township de Nepean, avocat, et Joseph James Gormully, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, avocat.

Dont les dits Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart et Joseph James Gormully seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

STEWART, CHRYSLER ET GORMULLY,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 30 mars 1882.

40-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard

actionnaire dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est : "La Compagnie générale de colonisation et d'agriculture de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord (limité)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icellés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada, soit par achat, louage ou autrement du gouvernement du Canada, des gouvernements provinciaux, de la compagnie du chemin de fer du Pacifique ou de tout autre individu.

3. Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

4. Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres y compris le droit de construire sur icelles des maisons, moulins et établissements manufacturiers et en général de trafiquer des dites terres.

5. Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de n'importe quelle manière, y compris le droit d'acheter ou vendre du grain ou autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et d'aider autrement aux colons par le moyen de subventions, d'assurer le remboursement de ces prêts avec intérêt à des conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques.

6. Le droit de développer et encourager l'immigration, d'aider aux immigrants de toute façon qui pourra être jugée utile pour ouvrir et coloniser le dit pays et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

7. Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou de plusieurs lignes de chemins de fer, bateaux ou autres navires ou véhicules à travers les terres de la compagnie ; le droit d'ouvrir des routes, de faire et exploiter tels travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie.

8. Le droit de posséder, acheter, fabriquer et vendre n'importe quelle espèce de machines agricoles, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ou ailleurs, et à ces fins, de pouvoir emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ces dites fins.

9. Le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux et d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et des produits de ferme, y compris le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage ou autrement des enclos pour bestiaux ou pâturages spécialement adaptés à l'élevage et l'exploitation des troupeaux.

10. Le droit d'acquérir des terres à bois ou limites dans toute l'étendue du Canada par achat ou autrement, d'exploiter l'industrie de la production du bois ou le trafic d'icelui dans toutes leurs branches, y compris le droit de posséder, acheter, préparer, manufacturer, transporter et vendre toute espèce de matériaux pour constructions, articles en bois, machines agricoles, voitures, véhicules, etc. ; le droit de construire des bateaux, barges et navires, quais et bassins, d'exploiter des filatures de coton et de laine, des moulins à carder, des moulins à farine, des fonderies et des forges ; le droit d'acquérir et exploiter des carrières, terrains miniers et houillères, avec le droit d'acheter terrains et bâtiments, privilèges de moulins et pouvoirs d'eau, et de construire les bâtiments nécessaires à telles exploitations ; le droit de faire le trafic de gros et de détail ; le droit de construire et exploiter des routes, tramways, et canaux, de prendre des actions dans les compagnies de flottage de bois par les rivières, de plus le droit de posséder et louer des wagons sur les voies ferrées pour le transport des marchandises.

11. Le droit d'emprunter sur la garantie de ses propres débentures ou autrement, telles sommes

d'argent qui peuvent être nécessaires ou requises pour l'exploitation des affaires susdites, et cela soit avec garantie ou non ; le droit d'acheter et vendre, faire ou endosser des traites et billets promissaires ; le droit de placer avec hypothèque sur des immeubles dans le Canada ou sur les débentures d'une corporation municipale dans le dit Canada, ou sur les débentures d'une compagnie incorporée soit par un acte spécial ou par un acte général du Canada ou de l'une des provinces, une partie quelconque des profits réalisés dans ses opérations, dans le but de rembourser le capital ainsi engagé, avec le droit de faire toutes choses découlant des opérations ci-dessus décrites.

12. La compagnie aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la ville de Lindsay, comté de Victoria, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs, dans l'Ontario, Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

13. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

14. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Mossom Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria, et province d'Ontario, fabricant de bois ; Mossom Martin Boyd, de la même place, fabricant de bois ; John Macdonald, de la cité d'Albany, dans l'Etat de New-York, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, fabricant de bois ; Alexander Niven, du village de Haliburton, dans le comté provisoire d'Haliburton, arpenteur provincial ; William Thornton Cust Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria susdit, fabricant de bois ; et John Augustus Barron, de la ville de Lindsay, dans le dit comté de Victoria, solliciteur, qui tous seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

JOHN A. BARRON,

Soliciteur pour les requérants.

Lindsay, 29 mars 1882.

39-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de fabricants de bois du Lac LaPluie, à responsabilité limitée." (The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited.)

2. Le but de la compagnie projetée est d'acheter, posséder, vendre et louer du bois de construction, des coupes de bois et des biens-fonds de toute espèce, et la fabrication du bois en billots, espars, traverses, bois carré, bois de corde, bardeaux et bois de service de toute description, et de construire, louer et exploiter des scieries et moulins à farine, soit au moyen de la vapeur ou par pouvoir d'eau, selon que la compagnie le jugera à propos ; aussi, d'acheter, construire, louer et se servir du bateaux à vapeur, barges et navires, pour le transport du bois de service et de construction et de marchandise de toute sorte, ainsi que des voyageurs, et de construire ou louer tous quais, bassins et entrepôts nécessaires à cette fin ; aussi de construire et exploiter des tramways, chemins, canaux, dalles, digues et estacades sur les rivières, cours d'eau et ruisseaux nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$350,000, divisé en trois mille cinq cents actions de cent piastres chaque.

5. Les noms, adresses et occupations des requérants sont comme suit :—Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba, fabricant de bois ; James Robert Sutherland, du même lieu, fabricant de bois ; Henry Norland Rutan, de la même place, ingénieur civil ; Peter Johnson Brown, de la même place, entrepreneur ; William Buckingham, de la ville de Stratford,

Ontario, banquier; John Ross, du township de Grantham, comté de Lincoln, Ontario, entrepreneur, et Simon James Dawson, de Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, ingénieur civil.

6. Les premiers directeurs de la compagnie seront les dits Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross et Simon James Dawson, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,
Soliciteur des requérants.

Ottawa, 15 mars, 1882.

39-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte, constituant en corps politique les requérants et toute personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire de la compagnie, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie des Terres Fédérales (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont—

(1) Le droit d'acheter, louer, échanger ou acquérir d'une manière quelconque des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou les intérêts en icelles dans le Canada, y compris les provinces et territoires d'icelui; de négocier l'achat et la vente de résidences, propriétés de cité, ville ou village, propriétés rurales, baux, hypothèques, obligations et autres garanties, et en général le droit de faire toute opération de courtier d'agence ou à commission.

(2) Le droit d'améliorer telles propriétés en construisant dessus des bâtiments, clôtures, égoûts ou toute autre chose jugée utile par la dite compagnie pour ses utilité et avantage et pour en encourager l'établissement.

(3) Le droit de vendre, louer, échanger ou trafiquer d'une manière quelconque les propriétés mobilières ou immobilières acquises par la compagnie ou les intérêts en icelles, soit par versements soit à toute autre condition; le droit de prendre et détenir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat non payé, et en général de faire le trafic tant d'achat que de vente de telles propriétés de la manière et avec les mêmes pouvoirs qu'un simple particulier.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter de l'argent en donnant des garanties sur les propriétés de la dite compagnie ou sur partie d'icelles, y compris le droit de prélever des sommes d'argent sur le crédit de la compagnie par l'émission de débentures, bons ou autres garanties, et de donner des hypothèques ou autres garanties sur le tout ou partie des biens de la compagnie pour le remboursement en tout ou en partie, des sommes empruntées.

(5) Le droit de placer des sommes d'argent dans l'achat des fonds publics ou débentures du Royaume-Uni, des gouvernements canadien et américain, des gouvernements des différentes provinces canadiennes, des corporations municipales, des syndics ou commissaires, des compagnies incorporées dans la Grande-Bretagne, au Canada ou aux États-Unis, avec le droit d'acheter des obligations, des reçus de dépôts de n'importe quelle compagnie incorporée, avec de plus le droit de vendre et trafiquer les dites valeurs de même qu'un simple particulier.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cent mille piastres divisé en mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Hugh Scott, de la cité de Toronto, assureur, Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, marchand, Robert Barber, Toronto, marchand, John Fitzallen Ellis, Toronto, marchand, Thomas Walmsley, Toronto, assureur, William Frederick Carrier, Toronto, marchand, William Myddleton Hall, Toronto, avocat, James Scott Fullerton, Toronto, avocat.

6. Les huit premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie et tous sont des résidents du Canada.

HALL et FULLERTON.

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 16 mars 1882.

39-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d.) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachant requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie.

Le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de trois mille d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, Frederick Howcutt Maulson, commis voyageur, William Glover Hamilton Lowe, commis voyageur, John Allan, commis voyageur, John Brown Mather, commis voyageur, Samuel Trees, fabricant, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward John Mahoney, commis voyageur, Edward Carter, marchand, Frank Bennett Halliday, commis voyageur, Richard Rede Davis, commis voyageur, David A. Braid, commis voyageur, Joseph H. Brent, commis voyageur, James Haywood, commis voyageur, William John Thompson, commis voyageur, John Elgin Snider, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand, James Sproule Smith, Toronto, commis voyageur; James F. Egan, commis voyageur, John H. Stone, fabricant, Edwin A. Dalley, commis voyageur, George E. Hamilton, commis voyageur, William Prentice, commis voyageur, tous d'Hamilton.

Les personnes suivantes seront les premiers ou provisoires directeurs de la compagnie :—

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 16 mars 1882.

38-7

AVIS DIVERS.

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER CANADIEN DU PACIFIQUE.

AVIS.—La première assemblée annuelle des actionnaires de cette compagnie pour l'élection des directeurs et la dépêche générale des affaires, aura lieu mercredi le 10 mai prochain, au bureau principal de la compagnie, à Montréal, à midi.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,

Secrétaire

Montréal, 10 avril 1882.

42-4

BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée finale des actionnaires de cette banque aura lieu au No. 26, rue Saint-François Xavier, Montréal, à 1 heure p.m., le 22 mai prochain, pour recevoir le rapport final des liquidateurs et pour faire toutes autres choses qu'il est loisible aux actionnaires de faire à telle assemblée finale en vertu de l'acte intitulé "Acte pour autoriser la liquidation des affaires de la banque Métropolitaine."

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,

Secrétaire.

Montréal, 4 avril 1882.

41-7

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

LE premier mai prochain, et après, la Banque paiera à ses actionnaires un dividende de deux et demi par cent, pour le semestre finissant le 30 avril prochain.

Le livre des transports d'actions sera clos depuis le 16 jusqu'au 30 avril inclusivement.

L'assemblée annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu au bureau de la banque, samedi, le six mai prochain, à deux heures p.m.

Par ordre,

P. LAFRANCE,

Caissier.

Québec, le 22 mars 1882.

39-5

AVIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

AVIS est donné par les présentes que l'assemblée générale de la société du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien, se réunira le vingt-neuf avril prochain (29 avril 1882).

Toutes les actions de la société étant nominatives, il sera pourvu, par un deuxième avis qui paraîtra 15 jours au moins avant la date de l'assemblée, à la désignation de l'endroit où se tiendra l'assemblée générale.

L'administrateur délégué,
J. WURTELE.

Le secrétaire-général,

M. CHEVALIER.

Montréal, 22 février 1882.

35-9

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*Clerk of the Peace,
County of Ontario.*

The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz:—

OTTAWA, 3rd April, 1882.

WILLIAM ASHTON HOGG, of Collingwood, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Our Reign, chaptered nine and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick only, and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Halifax and Pictou, in Nova Scotia, and Saint John, in New Brunswick), in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for the purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council:

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the third day of April in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating the Port of St. Peters, in the Province of Nova Scotia, in Our Dominion of Canada, as a port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply, and declaring the limits of the said port to be an imaginary straight line drawn from Sutherland's Head to March Point in St. Peters Bay.

Now KNOW YE that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and Order in Council respectively, proclaim and declare that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick" and the Acts amending the same, shall hereafter apply to the Port of St. Peters, in the County of Richmond, in the Province of Nova Scotia.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Amiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRD day of APRIL, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secretary of State.

42-3

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the Thirty-seventh

year of Our Reign, chaptered thirty-four, and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island, amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Quebec and Montreal in the Province of Quebec, and Toronto in the Province of Ontario) in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for that purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council;

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the third day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating New Richmond, in the County of Bonaventure, in the Province of Quebec, as a Port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply, and defining the limits of the said Port as follows, viz: From Maria Cliff to River Caplin.

NOW KNOW YE, that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Acts and Order in Council respectively, Proclaim and Declare, that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island," and the Acts amending the same, shall henceforth apply to the Port of New Richmond, in the County of Bonaventure, in the Province of Quebec.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRD day of APRIL, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

42-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 20th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a contagious disease known as "Sheep Scab" affecting sheep prevails in the County of Laprairie and adjoining Counties in the Province of Quebec, and it is expedient to provide for the segregation and isolation, in as far as possible, of animals affected with such disease,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, and under the provisions of the Act 42 Victoria, chapter 23, and intituled "An Act to provide against infectious or contagious diseases affecting animals," has been pleased to order

and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations and Orders be enforced:—

1. It is the duty of every farmer, owner or breeder of, or dealer in sheep, on perceiving the appearance of the disease of "sheep scab" among any one of the animals owned by him or under his care, to give immediate notice to the Minister of Agriculture at Ottawa of the fact discovered by him, as required by section 2 of the said Act.

Negligence to comply with this obligation shall entail upon the owner of the said diseased sheep the penalty of not being entitled to, nor granted any compensation for such animals as may be slaughtered in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, and further that concealment of such disease shall subject such person on conviction thereof, to forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

2. If any person turn out, keep or graze any sheep knowing such animal to be infected with the disease of "sheep scab," or to have been exposed to infection or contagion therefrom, in or upon any forest, wood, moor, beach, marsh, common, waste land, open field, or other undivided or unenclosed land, such person shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

3. Any person bringing into any market or other place any animal known by him to be infected with the disease of "sheep scab" shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit and pay for every such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

4. Any person throwing or placing or causing to be thrown or placed into any river, stream, canal, navigable or other water, or into the sea within ten miles of the shore, the carcass of any sheep which has died of "sheep scab," or been slaughtered as having been so diseased shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

5. Any person who digs up or causes or allows to be dug up a carcass buried of a sheep having died or been suspected of having died, or been slaughtered, from the disease of "sheep scab," shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars.

6. In case any sheep affected with the disease of "sheep scab" be exposed or offered for sale, or be brought for such purpose into any market, fair or other open or public place where other animals are commonly exposed for sale, then any police or municipal officer or duly authorized inspector shall cause the same, together with any pens, hurdles, troughs, litter, hay, straw or other articles, to be forfeited, destroyed or otherwise disposed of in such manner as he may deem proper or as may be directed.

7. It shall be unlawful for any person to have in his possession or under his charge a sheep affected with the disease of "sheep scab," or causing it to be treated with some dressing, dipping or remedy for "sheep scab."

8. No sheep being affected with "sheep scab" or sheep which have been in contact with other sheep suffering from "sheep scab," or have been in any field, stable, cowshed or other premises in which "sheep scab" is found to exist, shall be allowed to be removed therefrom without a written order from an Inspector authorized by the Minister of Agriculture for that purpose.

9. All sheds, outhouses and places used by sheep affected by "sheep scab" must be thoroughly cleansed and disinfected by scrubbing with hot water and carbolic acid—one pound to four gallons—and afterwards white-washed with hot lime to which chloride of lime—one pound to a gallon—has been added, to a height of at least five feet from the ground or floor.

10. When found necessary an inspector shall order the slaughtering and burial of all badly affected sheep, and any person having in possession any sheep affected with "sheep scab" without treating such sheep by some dressing or dipping fluid shall be liable to such penalties as may be enacted under the provisions of the aforesaid Act.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

43-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55, and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the District of the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, established by Order in Council of the 6th June, 1874, for the purposes of the Act aforesaid, be and the same is hereby abolished.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55 and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend from the east side of Becsle River to the west side of Chicot River, on the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has further been pleased to appoint Mr. Edward Pope, keeper of the lighthouse at South West Point, on said Island, to be Receiver of Wreck for the District as above indicated.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55 and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend from the east side of Chicot River to the west side of Otter River, on the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has been further pleased to appoint Mr. William Carter, keeper of the lighthouse at

South Point, on said Island, Receiver of Wreck for the District above indicated.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55, and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend from the east side of Otter River easterly to Charleston Point, on the north side of the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has further been pleased to appoint Mr. Thomas Gagné, keeper of the lighthouse at East Point, on the said Island, Receiver of Wreck for the District above indicated.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55 and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend from Charleston Point on the north side westerly to west side of Becsle River, on the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has further been pleased to appoint Mr. Alfred Malouin, keeper of the lighthouse at West Point, on said Island, Receiver of Wreck for the District as above indicated.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 9th and 55th sections of the Act passed in

the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 40th year Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10 and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Midland, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs and a Warehousing Port under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of Penetanguishene.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

41-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON a report, dated 28th March, 1882, from the Honorable the Secretary of State, in the matter of the petition under "The Canada Temperance Act, 1878," of certain electors of the County of Inverness, in the Province of Nova Scotia, stating that the proceedings had by the Returning Officer appear to be conformable to the Act, and that the petition has been declared adopted by the electors of the said County,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Secretary of State, has been pleased to declare, and it is hereby declared, that the second part of "The Canada Temperance Act, 1878," shall be in force and take effect in the said County of Inverness, upon, from and after the day on which the annual or semi-annual licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors now in force in the said County will expire, provided such day be not less than ninety days from the day of the date hereof, and, if it be less, then on the like day in the following year.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

41-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 19th section of the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 31st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 60 and intituled "An Act for the regulation of fishing and protection of fisheries," His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulation of the Fishery Regulations for the Province of New Brunswick, approved by Order in Council of the 1st April, 1881, be and the same is hereby amended :—

Sturgeon Fishery, New Brunswick.

3. No sturgeon net shall be used until a license has been obtained from the Department of Marine and Fisheries, the fee for which shall be \$15.00 for the season.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

41-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the Act 41 Victoria, chapter 7, section 6,—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased

to order and it is hereby ordered, that the County of Simcoe, which has hitherto formed part of the Inland Revenue Division of Collingwood, be attached to the Division of Toronto, and that the County of Grey be and the same is hereby constituted a separate Division to be known as the Inland Revenue Division of "Owen Sound."

JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant Clerk, Privy Council.

41-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 3rd day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS importers of sulphuric and other acids for the manufacture of fertilizers frequently require to return the carboys and demi-johns in which such acids had been imported to the countries whence the same were imported, for the purpose of being refilled and returned or re-imported, His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on the first importation of such carboys or demi-johns containing acids for such uses and on payment of the duty provided by the tariff then in force upon the same, such carboys or demi-johns shall be stamped or branded in such manner as will secure their identification on any future importation of the same, and, under authority of the 2nd and 13th sub-sections of the 125th section of the "Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs, 1877," then, on any such subsequent importation, and on identification by the Collector or proper officer of Customs, the said carboys or demi-johns shall be, and they are hereby exempted from any further payment of duty, until otherwise provided by Order in Council.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

41-3

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of April, 1882, whereby the total capital stock of "The Grape Sugar Refining Company (Limited)" has been increased from one hundred thousand dollars to two hundred thousand dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 20th day of April, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

43-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of April 1882, incorporating Frederick Nichols, of the city of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, journalist; Thomas Cowan, of the Town of Galt, in the said Province, manufacturer; Thomas D. Wardlaw, of the same place, manufacturer; James S. Wardlaw, of the same place, manufacturer; Henry Bickford, of the town of Dundas, in the said province, manufacturer; Samuel G. Leonard, of the same place, manufacturer; James Young, of the city of Hamilton, in the said province, manufacturer, and Hamilton Young, of the same place, manufacturer, for the purpose of the printing and publishing of newspapers, books, pamphlets, periodicals and information for the promotion of manufacturing and commercial industries in Canada, by the name of the "Canadian Manufacturer Publishing Company," with a total capital stock

of five thousand dollars, divided into fifty shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twentieth day of April, 1882.

43-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of April, 1882, incorporating Simeon Jones, banker, Howard Douglas Troop, merchant, The Honorable Isaac Burpee, William Frederick Harrison, merchant, John Stewart, merchant, George McLeod, merchant; Thomas Furlong, merchant; Henry Raycroft Ranney, insurance agent, all of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, in the Dominion of Canada; The Honorable Abner Reid McClelan, Senator of Albert County, in the said Province of New Brunswick; and James Vaughan, of the Town of Liverpool, in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring, chartering, hiring, selling, leasing, repairing and operating, steam boats, sailing vessels, and other vessels of all kinds and of carrying on therewith the business of common carriers, forwarders, traders and the conveyance of mails, the transportation of passengers, merchandize and all such business as is usually carried on by Ocean steamers and sailing vessels between Canada, Great Britain and other countries, also tugs, barges and all other kinds of vessels used in harbors and navigable waters; to purchase, construct, acquire, lease, hire and own wharves and warehouses and other buildings, ships, piers, docks, dockyards, tramways and elevators, and to work the same, to establish shops and stores and vend articles of ships stores and merchandize therein as may be requisite and necessary for the carrying on of said business, with power to sell and dispose of or exchange for other property when not required for the purposes of the company; also power to make, draw, accept and endorse promissory notes, bills of exchange, drafts or bank cheques, requisite in the company's interests, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainments of the above objects,—by the name of the "New Brunswick Steamship Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one million dollars divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this twentieth day of April, 1882.

43-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued, under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of April, 1882, incorporating the Honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, one of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, Thomas Craig Fields, Gentleman, and George Simpson, merchant, both of the Parish of St. Andrews in the said Province of Quebec, James Muir, real estate agent, and George Bury, accountant, both of the said City of Montreal, for the purpose of the manufacturing and selling of drugs, medicines and medical specialties of all kinds and descriptions, throughout the Dominion of Canada, by the name of "The Medical Specialties Manufacturing Company," with a total capital stock of eight thousand dollars divided into eighty shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this nineteenth day of April, 1882.

43-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

Copy of Resolutions passed at a meeting of the Yale and New Westminster Pilotage Authority, held at Burrard Inlet, 14th May, 1879.

Resolved:

"That B. Springer be appointed Secretary of the Pilotage Authority for this District."

Resolved:

"That the Secretary be paid the sum of twenty-five dollars per month for his service."

(Signed)

J. A. RAYMUR,
Chairman.

Burrard Inlet, B.C.,
14th March, 1882.

PRIVY COUNCIL,
18th day of April, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolutions passed by the Yale and New Westminster Pilotage Authority on the 14th day of May 1879, were approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 17th day of April, 1882.

43-3 JOHN J. MCGEE,
Assist. Clerk, Privy Council.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following list of persons of nautical or engineering skill or experience to act as assessors in the Maritime Court of Ontario, has been framed by the Judge under the 10th section of "The Maritime Jurisdiction Act, 1877," and submitted for the approval of the Minister of Justice, and that such list has been approved by the Minister of Justice, namely:—

Toronto.

Captain Charles Perry,	Toronto.
do Frank Jackman,	do
do Solomon Sylvester,	do
do Joseph Kennedy,	do
do Samuel Crangle,	do

Cornwall.

Captain Alexander Farlinger,	Morrisburgh.
do Alexander J. Cameron,	Summerstown.
Engineer Oliver Gillespie,	Cornwall.
do James Prendergast,	do

Kingston.

Captain John Henry Scott,	Kingston.
do James Allen,	do
do William R. Taylor,	do
do William Lewis,	do
do Lewis Middleton,	do
Engineer John Hazlette,	do
do Robert Carrol,	do
do John McEwan,	do
do Joseph Taylor,	do

Picton.

Captain Elisha Briscoe Smith,	Picton.
do James Collier,	do
do Clarence James McCuaig,	do
Engineer William Robinson,	do
do James Millar,	Kingston.

Cobourg.

Captain Thomas Brokenshire,	Cobourg,
do George Wright,	Port Hope,
do John Ewart,	Cobourg,
do Thomas Jones,	Port Hope,
do Robert Colwell,	do
do John Philips,	do
Engineer William Polson,	Cobourg,
do Harrison Gates Taylor,	Port Hope,

St. Catherines.

Captain William McIlvain,	St. Catherines,
do James Levingston,	do
do Bernard King,	do
do Patrick Larkin,	do
do John Graham,	do
do James Murray,	do
do Thomas Harbottle,	Hamilton,
do Peter Lang,	do
Engineer F. Taylor,	St. Catherines,
do William Walsh,	do
do James McMaugh,	do
do Henry Zealand,	do

Simcoe.

Captain George F. Allen,	Port Dover,
do Alexander Shaw,	do
do John Hudson,	Port Rowan,
Engineer Frederick Spain,	do

Sandwich.

Captain William Caldwell,	Amherstburg,
do John Duncan,	do
do Shadrack Jenking,	Windsor,
Shipbuilder Henry Jenkins,	Sandwich East,
Engineer George Francomb,	Windsor.

Sarnia.

Captain John B. Symes,	Sarnia,
do Charles McGlashan,	do
do Edward Anderson,	do
Engineer Thomas Pettigrew,	do
do Robert Turner,	do
do Francis Blakie,	do

Goderich.

Captain William Cox,	Goderich,
do Alexander Murray McGregor,	do
Engineer John McCollum,	do

Owen Sound.

Captain Hugh Chisholm,	Meaford,
do William Tate Robertson,	Owen Sound,
Engineer Thomas Lee,	Southampton,
do T. W. Hugo,	Owen Sound.

Z. A. LASH,

Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada.

Dated 18th April, 1882. 43-1

THE SUPREME COURT OF CANADA.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE Supreme Court will hold an adjourned special session at the City of Ottawa, on Friday, 28th instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of giving judgments only.
By order of the Chief Justice.

ROBERT CASSELS,
Registrar.

Dated this 19th day of April, 1882. 43-1

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the 22nd Section of the Canadian Act, 36 Victoria, chap. 128, permission has been given to change the name of the steamer "Beauhar- nois" of Quebec, to that of "Quinté." This vessel has been extensively repaired.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine, &c.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 17th April, 1882. 43-3

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 3 of 1882.

CHANGE IN ST. PETER'S ISLAND LIGHT.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after the opening of navigation this year, the light established last year upon the most westerly point of St. Péter's Island, in Hillsborough Bay, on the west side of the entrance to Charlottetown Harbor, P.E.I., will show *fixed red* instead of fixed white as heretofore.
The change has been made to prevent confusion with Blockhouse Point and Point Prim lights.

Lat. N. 46° 7' 10"
Long. W. 63° 11' 40"

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 27th March, 1882. 42-3

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 4 of 1882.

LIGHT ON WEST END SABLE ISLAND
DISCONTINUED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Lighthouse Tower on the West End of Sable Island, off the Coast of Nova Scotia, has been undermined by the sea, and that in consequence it has been impos- sible to exhibit the light since the 12th February last.

Lat. N. 43° 57' 0"
Long. W. 60° 8' 0"

Every effort will be made to re-establish this important light at the earliest possible date, of which due notice will be given.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 4th April, 1882. 42-3

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Depart- ment to the night of the 31st March, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,915,459 17
Excise.....	450,719 61
Post Office.....	118,681 33
Public Works, including Railways.	231,520 03
Bill Stamps.....	6,591 74
Miscellaneous	132,074 35
	\$ 2,855,046 23
Revenue to 28th February, 1882.....	21,624,819 65
	\$24,479,865 88
Expenditure.....	\$1,042,749 45
do 28th February, 1882.....	16,956,817 25
	\$17,999,566 70

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st April, 1882.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST APRIL, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Armstrong .....	.....	Kings	N.S. John Miles.
Battery Hill .....	.....	Pictou	N.S. Peter A. Grant.
Belleisle .....	.....	Kings	N.S. William Kierstead.
Berryton	Leeds	Leeds, S.R.	O. James Berry.
Beulah	Sec. 4, Tp. 15, R. 26 W. ....	.....	M. G. H. Rowswell.
Bowesville	Gloucester	Russell	O. J. Gamble.
Cartwright	Sec. 18, Tp. 2, R. 14 W.	Marquette	M. T. S. Menary.
Chicot	St. Cuthbert	Berthier	Q. Thomas G. Chênevert.
Chignecto .....	.....	Cumberland	N.S. John Patrick.
Conns Mills .....	.....	Cumberland	N.S. Angus McPherson.
Corbyville	Thurlow	Hastings, E.R.	O. W. Bennett.
Dereham Centre	Dereham	Oxford, S.R.	O. Robert G. Bigham.
Derry West	Toronto	Peel	O. T. McCollum.
Fréchette	St. Nicholas	Lévis	Q. Nazaire Fréchette.
Glendale	Westminster	Middlesex, E.R.	O. A. Baughart.
Grattan .....	.....	Northumberland	N.B. P. Grattan.
Jessopville	Melancthon	Grey, S.R.	O. William Gray.
Keith .....	.....	Kings	N.B. B. A. Keith.
Lakeburn .....	.....	Westmoreland	N.B. F. Leblanc.
Locksley (re-opened)	Alice	Renfrew, N.R.	O. W. H. Sparling.
Mabou Harbour Mouth .....	.....	Inverness	N.S. Lewis McKeen.
Maguire	McGillivray	Middlesex, N.R.	O. Alexander Tod.
Mary's Point .....	.....	Albert	N.B. C. Foster.
Mill Settlement .....	.....	Sunbury	N.B. N. Hoyt.
Morcambe .....	.....	Kings	N.B. J. Fowler.
Mull River .....	.....	Inverness	N.S. James Beaton.
Newburn .....	.....	Lunenburg	N.S. Charles Joudry.
Parlee Settlement .....	.....	Kings	N.B. H. Parlee.
Power's Creek .....	.....	Victoria	N.B. P. O. Byram.
Salt Springs Station .....	.....	Cumberland	N.S. J. W. Black.
Scotch Village (re-opened) .....	.....	Hants	N.S. Henry S. Cochran.
St. Adolphe de Howard	Howard	Argentcuil	Q. James Demers.
St. Clair Siding	Tilbury West	Essex	O. James Reaume.
Starkville	Clarke	Durham, W.R.	O. A. Stark.
Trottier	Ste. Hélène de Chester	Arthabaska	Q. Antoine Lafleur.
Victoria Settlement .....	.....	Sunbury	N.B. Thomas Harper.
West Scotch Settlement .....	.....	Kings	N.B. D. McLaughlin.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Derry West

Daywood

Millville

Newport Point

Paquetville

NAME CHANGED.

Bulstrode, Co. Arthabaska, Q. to St. Valère de Bulstrode.

Chenier, Co. Arthabaska, Q. to St. Rémi de Tingwick.

Hopewell Corner, Co. Albert, N.B. to Albert.

New Germany, Co. Lunenburg, N.S. to Barss' Corners.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60			
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25			
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	36,381 92			
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00			
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00			
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77			

Fractional Notes.....	167,381 60	Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st March.....	1,899,461 92
Provincial "	78,382 92	Additional at Montreal on 3rd April.....	250,000 00
Montreal issue.....	6,772,152 00		
Toronto "	4,833,296 50		
Halifax "	1,773,365 50		
St. John "	663,781 75	Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,149,461 92
Victoria "	27,077 50		2,920,000 00
Total.....	\$14,315,437 77		5,069,461 92
		Guaranteed Debentures to be held under	
		Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
		10 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77	1,431,543 77
		Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
		15 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77	2,147,315 67
			\$3,578,859 44
		Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,490,602 48
		Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
		75 p.c. on \$14,315,437 77.....	10,736,578 33
		Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,263,421 67
		SUMMARY.	
		Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,490,602 48
		Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,263,421 67
		Total Excess.....	2,754,024 15

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31ST MARCH, 1882.

LIABILITIES.										
CAPITAL.										
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	256,962 41					5,793,624 49	180,000 00	85,462 61	6,316,049 51
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00						3,027,763 28	83,000 00	116,060 38	3,226,823 66

ASSETS.										
Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,500 00	600 00	2,590,301 13	1,586,258 04	831,120 88	180,000 00		*448,893 40	7,047,387 45	
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94		1,015,959 15	127,510 22	1,088,522 93	83,000 00	237,220 00	130,379 61	3,499,112 33	

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th April, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B)	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,933—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilton.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock	Fire and Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada Stock	Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333)	Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association.....	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.	\$50,000 cash	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B)	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,835 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.....	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000) \$48,667 Can. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200)	Fire and Life
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock	Guarantee and Accident.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont. The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London..... Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds	Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815)	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,832 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586)	Life.
The Phoenix Assurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000, U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,125 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600)	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life)	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B)	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218)	Fire.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066) ..	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512)....	Life.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B)	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915)	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident) ..	Life and Accident
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U. S. Bonds (B)	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930)	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.. ..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chie. Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal...	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st December, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 30th Nov., 1881.	Deposits for November, 1881.	Total.	Withdrawn, November, 1881.	Balance, 30th Dec., 1881.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	496,740 78	38,429 94	535,170 72	17,068 26	518,102 46
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg	366,329 25	113,363 61	479,692 86	91,021 33	388,671 53
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,321,597 76	65,691 00	1,387,288 76	41,948 54	1,345,340 22
Nanaimo	140,711 01	2,531 00	143,242 01	3,683 87	139,558 14
New Westminster.....	170,875 24	12,007 00	182,882 24	6,313 77	176,568 47
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst	122,597 63	8,697 00	131,294 63	4,826 46	126,468 17
Antigonish	30,434 36	3,951 00	34,385 36	977 00	33 408 36
Annapolis.....	115,704 09	9,121 00	124,825 09	5,233 63	119,591 46
Arichat	122,061 88	2,477 00	124,538 88	2,641 83	121,897 05
Acadia Mines	27,427 61	1,161 00	28,588 61	938 62	27,649 99
Baddeck.....	35,213 80	4,206 00	39,419 80	1,246 87	38,172 93
Bridgewater.....	19,248 29	2,067 00	21,315 29	617 95	20,697 34
Barrington.....	30,960 36	1,262 00	32,222 36	175 48	32,046 88
Digby.....	59,218 19	6,538 00	65,756 19	2,195 13	63,561 06
Guysboro'	51,589 16	5,000 00	56,589 16	10,897 21	45,691 95
Halifax	2,261,200 33	93,695 77	2,354,896 10	70,795 51	2,284,100 59
Kentville	84,663 60	10,229 81	94,893 41	1,936 73	92,956 68
Liverpool	109 260 83	4,143 00	113,403 83	7,698 71	105,705 12
Little Glace Bay.....	12 65	.....	12 65	12 32	33
Lingan	10,000 84	506 00	10,506 84	.....	10,506 84
Lunenburg	62,547 94	2,264 00	64,811 94	1,697 40	63,114 54
Maitland.....	43,557 50	848 00	44,405 50	1,354 66	43,050 84
New Glasgow.....	89,123 04	7,714 00	96,837 04	2,755 84	94,081 20
Parrsboro'	42,411 88	1,024 00	43,435 88	2,633 94	40,801 94
Port Hood.....	45,808 26	3,752 00	49,560 26	12 00	49,548 26
Pictou.....	37,895 87	3,552 00	41,447 87	1,109 75	40,338 12
Shelburne.....	31,205 58	1,587 00	32,792 58	994 00	31,798 58
Sydney.....	158,726 98	11,705 00	170,431 98	7,128 48	163,303 50
Sherbrooke.....	31,421 04	924 00	32,345 04	2,335 57	30,009 47
Truro	177,982 75	13,646 00	191,628 75	8,501 39	183,127 36
Wallace	7,841 50	1,132 00	8,973 50	1,031 00	7,942 50
Windsor.....	351,747 58	11,618 00	363,365 58	18,897 61	344,467 97
Weymouth	51,913 12	1,116 00	53,029 12	539 00	52,490 12
Yarmouth	279,566 35	21,151 00	300,517 35	7,220 21	293,297 04
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	61,769 94	2,315 00	64,084 94	1,805 14	62,279 80
Chatham	179,812 30	5,074 00	184,886 30	1,748 57	183,137 73
Dalhousie	140,583 96	7,303 00	147,886 96	928 59	146,958 37
Dorchester.....	16,103 81	560 00	16,663 81	.....	16,663 81
Fredericton.....	261,268 54	16,740 00	278,008 54	10,497 88	267,510 66
Hillboro'	19,561 17	1,456 00	21,017 17	696 34	20,320 83
Moncton.....	114,425 30	9,930 00	124,355 30	5,551 84	118,803 46
Newcastle	119,525 36	3,770 00	123,295 36	1,272 50	122,022 86
Richibucto.....	65,060 07	1,273 00	66,333 07	496 00	65,837 07
St. Andrews	192,100 20	11,973 00	204,073 20	1,993 86	202,079 34
St. John	1,563,513 08	55,319 00	1,618,832 08	36,573 86	1,582,258 22
Sussex.....	8,201 00	6,471 00	14,672 00	303 00	14,369 00
Woodstock.....	178,560 42	20,983 00	199,543 42	6,974 38	192,569 04
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	672,854 36	72,842 00	745,696 36	27,377 06	718,319 30
Total.....	10,580,736 56	683,119 13	11,263,855 69	422,659 19	10,841,196 50

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 10th April, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	8,818 00	1,862 37
Agricultural Implements.....		6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter.....	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,881 33
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" " U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	19,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States.....	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures.....	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	442,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 26th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British Columbia, for February, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	45,613 00	1,212 00	46,825 00
do Fisheries.....	290,549 00	2,301 00	292,850 00
do Forest.....	304,534 00	18,988 00	323,522 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,084,950 00	17,508 00	1,102,467 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,077,633 00	149,805 00	2,227,438 00
Manufactures	207,494 00	29,174 00	236,668 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	31,666 00	1,364 00	33,030 00
Totals.....	4,042,448 00	220,352 00	4,262,800 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Ttal.	4,042,448 00	220,352 00	4,262,800 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 28th March, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of February, 1882 Cr

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st Jan., 1882	\$8,190,037 64	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$319,369 53
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	540,411 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	3,300 92	Balance:—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,357,167 52
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	57,212 51
	8,733,749 56		8,414,380 03
			8,733,749 56

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 21st March, 1882.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000	\$4,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

Liabilities.	\$ cts.	Assets.	\$ cts.
Capital	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities	1,727 56	Short term	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	1,064,050 83
		Canada	\$93,249 81
		France	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months	171,555 73
		Office furniture and fixtures	389 51
		Other Assets	2,054 24
	4,851,117 92		2,787 16
			\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.
Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest..... Nil.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of February, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	229,448 97	.....
Malt Liquor.....	75 00	.....
Malt	34,837 28	.....
Tobacco	125,422 37	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	1,718 98	.....
Manufactures in Bond.	2,149 61	.....
Seizures	144 69	.....
Other Receipts	445 50	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....		394,242 40
Canals.....		.....
Slides and Booms		1,091 03
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c. ....		.....
Minor Public Works.....		240 60
Culling Timber.....		394 58
Inspection of Weights and Mea- sures		1,361 32
Inspection of Gas.....		205 00
Bill Stamps.....		14,255 75
Total		411,790 68

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, March 23rd, 1882.

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TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

- 1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"
- 2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
- 3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community;

or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWARD, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882. 39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects herein-after mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or otherwise; power to carry on farming and to develop the resources of the Company; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company, and to issue debentures secured upon the lands of the Company, or otherwise, for the same purposes; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessities for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandize so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$600,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 6,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, Warring Kennedy, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward Carter, merchant, James Haywood, commercial traveller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Samuel Trees, Toronto, manufacturer; Warring Kennedy, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 19th April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Dufferin and Battle River Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of

railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be two thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Thomas Anthony Maitland McCarthy, of the Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin, in the Province of Ontario, Judge; William Legh Walsh, Esquire, Thomas MacAdam, banker, Richard Thompson Haun, bank manager, James Henry, doctor of medicine, John Gilchrist, William Reid Kent, Thomas Stevenson, James Moore Skelton, and Jeremiah Skelton, all merchants, Thomas Stern Williamson and James King Decatur, both Gentlemen, all of the said Town of Orangeville; Robert Wilson, of the Township of Mono, in said County, Gentleman; John Anderson, Registrar of Arthur, in the County of Wellington, in said Province; Samuel Michael Henry, of Harriston, in the County of Wellington, in said Province, doctor of medicine; William Henry Hunter, of the Township of East Garafraxa, in said County of Dufferin, Gentleman; John Gillespie, farmer, of the Township of Amaranth, in said County of Dufferin; William Stubbs, veterinary surgeon, and Alexander Skelton, farmer, both of the Township of Caledon, in the County of Peel, in said Province; of whom the said James Henry, Thomas Stevenson, John Gilchrist, James Moore Skelton and Thomas MacAdam are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

McCARTHY & WALSH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Orangeville, 17th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate

and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario Trade Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals, as the Government's Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with any existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide, and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent, for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain a transfer thereof, or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(o) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; William Gillzen Reid, Hamilton, merchant; Robert Davies, Toronto, brewer; Archibald G. Hodge, Toronto, hotel-keeper; George T. Robinson, Toronto, merchant; Joshua S. Hamilton, Brantford, merchant; M. M. Nesbitt, Woodstock, merchant.

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto the 20th day of April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The Wentworth Land Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral, timber and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway from and through the lands of the company to some point or place or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, bridges and other works, which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto in any part of Canada.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell, and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep, pigs and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain transfer therefor, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Hamilton, Ontario, with branch offices at such other place or places as the business of the company may require.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

4. There are to be 1000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the address of each of the applicants that is to say: George Roach, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman, Robert Evans, of the same place, merchant, James Murray Lottridge, of the same place, manufacturer, Hugh Duncan Cameron, of the same place, banker, Hugh Murray, of the same place, merchant, Charles Robinson Smith, of the same place, merchant, Thomas Lawry, of the same place, merchant, Robert McKechnie, of the Town of Dundas, in the County of Wentworth, manufacturer, all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are resident in Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Hamilton, 18th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned:

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Nova Scotia Steel Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the making steel from scrap steel, scrap iron, and pig iron, the product to be manufactured into plow plates, spring steel, steel springs, &c.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one hundred and sixty and the value of each share one thousand dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and callings of each of the applicants are—

James D. McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Graham Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; James M. Carmichael, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John F. Stairs, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, manufacturer; Henry S. Poole, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, mining engi-

neer; George Forrest McKay, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; Andrew Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, accountant; Duncan C. Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, barrister; Angus Chisholm, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; James Eastwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, jeweller; William Stewart, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, contractor; George W. Underwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Robert S. McCurdy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Donald Grant, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; George McDougall, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert A. Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Heywood McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Adam C. Bell, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, druggist; James Roy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, trader; John Ross, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, farmer; Simon A. Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; John B. Burland (in trust), of Montreal, Province of Quebec, agent; John S. McLean, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; John A. Matheson, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; Thomas Bayne, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; James Farquhar, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Alexander Forrest, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Thomas A. Ritchie, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, Gentleman; Thomas Cummings, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, clergyman; Catherine Dickson, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, widow; Thomas Watson, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank manager; John McKeen, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank clerk; Howard Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Clarence Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Roderick McKenzie, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; John Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; William G. Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert P. Grant, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Senator; Daniel McDonald, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, collector of customs; William McDonald, of Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, medical doctor; Henry M. Jost, of Guysborough, in the County of Guysborough, merchant; Jonathan Hartley, of Pirate Cove, in the County of Guysborough, merchant.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 15th day of April, A.D. 1882. 43-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for a charter of incorporation by Letters Patent, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Edmonton and Saskatchewan Land Company of Canada (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation by the said company is sought are:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same,

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the city of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is four hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of the said company is to be four thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and callings of the said applicants are as follows:—George Gordon Dustan, of Woodside House, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Bain Scarth, of the city of Toronto, in the county of York, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; the Honorable Alexander Morris, of the said city of Toronto, Esquire; McLeod Stewart, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; Archibald Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; Joseph James Gormully, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; William Darley Bentley, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; the Honorable Jediaiah Slason Carvell, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, merchant and Senator; the Honorable Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the said city of Montreal, merchant and Senator; John Smith Maclean, of the city of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, merchant and President of the Bank of Nova Scotia; Jeremiah Harrison, of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; and John Leonard Harris, of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the said Province of New Brunswick, merchant.

7. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and are all residents of Canada.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Settlers Colonization Company (limited)."

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are :—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories ;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same ;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same ;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil ; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon ; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company ; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise ; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought ; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be three hundred thousand dollars in three thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows :—Thomas Lailey, of the city of Toronto, merchant ; John Stark, of the city of Toronto, broker ; John Dryden, of the village of Brooklyn, Esquire ; Humphrey F. Buchan, of the city of Toronto, doctor of medicine ; William Stewart, of the city of Toronto, doctor of Divinity ; James Watson, of the city of Toronto, Esquire ; Edward John Stobo, of the town of Peterboro, clergyman ; William Buck, of the city of Brantford, iron founder ; Charles Raymond, of the city of Guélf, manufacturer ; Archibald A. Cameron, of the city of Ottawa, clergyman ; George Booth, of the city of Toronto, manufacturer ; William Elliot, of the city of Toronto, merchant ; John Harvard Castle, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity ; William Muir, of the city of Toronto, clergyman ; William J. Copp, of the city of Hamilton, iron founder ; George Richardson, of the village of Colborne, clergyman ; Frederick Beyers, of the village of Carleton Place, iron founder.

The eleven first named are to be the provisional directors, and all reside in Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 20th April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice, for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the said company, a body politic and corporate for the purposes following, that is to say :—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought by the company are :

3. To acquire lands by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories or elsewhere, from the Dominion or any Provincial Government or any corporation or individuals ; to sell, rent, lease, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of the said lands ; to survey, colonize, settle, cultivate, improve and build upon the said lands ; to advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, with power to secure such advances, with interest, upon such terms and in such manner, by way of mortgage or otherwise as may be mutually agreed upon ; to erect and acquire or lease saw, grist or other mills ; to establish shops or stores on the said lands and to purchase and vend articles and produce of every description ; to build, acquire, own, charter, or lease, navigate and use steam and other vessels or boats for the purposes of the company ; to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam or other vessels for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company ; to build, construct and maintain all necessary bridges and wharves ; to breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock and to carry on, in all its branches, farming and stock raising ; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

4. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

5. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one million dollars.

6. The number of shares of the company is to be ten thousand ; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

7. The names in full, addresses, and callings of the said applicants are as follows : Alexander Manning, of the City of Toronto, capitalist ; Philip McKae, of the City of Montreal, contractor ; Charles James Campbell, of the City of Toronto, broker ; Peter McLaren, of the City of Ottawa, lumber merchant ; Dennis Ryan, of the City of St. Paul, farmer ; and John Proctor, of the City of Hamilton, merchant.

8. The following of whom are to be the provisional directors of the company : Alexander Manning, John Proctor and Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,

Solicitor for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877, by Clayton Slater, of the City of Brantford, Ontario, manufacturer ; Ignatius Cockshut, of the same place, Gentleman ; William Buck, of the same place, manufacturer ; James Slater, of the City of London, Ontario, maltster, and John Harris, of the said City of Brantford, manufacturer, for letters patent incorporating them as a company to be known as "The Craven Cotton Company (Limited)," for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing and selling cotton and other fabrics throughout the Dominion of Canada. The head office and chief place of business of the company is to be at the City of Brantford, Ontario,

The capital stock is to be two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars divided into two thousand two hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars each. The above named parties are to be the first directors of the said company.

HARDY, WILKES & JONES,
Solicitors for the applicants.
Brantford, 22nd March, 1882. 39-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by the name of "The London and North-West Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are :

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats, sailing vessels or barges from, through, or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, save and except spirituous liquors, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils ; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The City of London, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

5. There are to be 4000 (four thousand) shares, and each share is to be for the sum of \$25.00.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say : the Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, of the City of London, James Corcoran, of the Town of Stratford, merchant, James Joseph Foy, of the City of Toronto, barrister, Thomas Coffey, of the City of London, publisher, John Joseph Gibbons, of the same place, merchant, and John Joseph Blake, of the same place, barrister.

7. The said Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, James Corcoran, James Joseph Foy, Thomas Coffey, John Joseph Gibbons, and John Joseph Blake, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

PATTERSON & McHUGH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of April, 1882. 42-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Wellington and North Western Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are :

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba, and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Buying, acquiring, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interests in land and timber limits including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil ; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon ; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company ; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise ; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought ; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The City of Guelph is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$200,000.

4. There are to be 2,000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

5. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say :—William Bell, of the city of Guelph, in the

Province of Ontario, organ builder; Thomas Goldie, of the same place, miller; James Peebles, of the same place, secretary of the World Publishing Company; Alexander Watson Alexander, of the same place, secretary of the Bell Organ Company, and Henry Walter Metcalf, of the same place, organ builder, and that the four first named of said applicants who all reside in the said city of Guelph are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

GUTHRIE & WATT,
Solicitors for applicants.

Guelph, 13th April, 1882.

42-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for a charter of incorporation under the said Act to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Hamilton Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said land.

The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgage and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon land in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say: Valancey England Fuller, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, barrister at law; John Proctor, of the same place, merchant; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, of the same place, publisher; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough, railway manager; and Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, merchant; all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, 3rd of April, 1882.

41-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES' ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters

patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Eastern Townships Ranchie Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are breeding and rearing cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North-West Territories; buying, selling, trading and dealing in the same in said North-West Territories and elsewhere; acquiring, holding and improving property required therefor.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec.

3. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$100,000—one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The name in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Matthew Henry Cochrane, of the Township of Compton, Senator; William White, of the City of Sherbrooke, advocate; William Farwell, of said City of Sherbrooke, bank manager; Charles Carroll Colby, of the Village of Stanstead Plain, advocate; John McLary, of the Township of Compton, farmer, and Edward Towle Brooks, of the said City of Sherbrooke, advocate, all in and of the Province of Quebec, and all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BROOKS, CAMIRAND & HURD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Sherbrooke, 5th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's previous notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named as the applicants therefor, for a company under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Shell River Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought, are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving, and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration onto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Belleville or the Town of Trenton, both in the County of Hastings, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$500,000, divided into 20,000 shares of \$25 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants :—David Gilmour, lumber merchant, William Jeffs, grain merchant, George Henry Gordon, merchant, William Ford Baker, grain merchant, John Hendricks, yeoman, Anson Green Whittier, merchant, all of Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, printer and publisher, George Dean Dickson, barrister, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, barrister, Cornelius James Starling, contractor, all of Belleville; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, Charles Ashley, carriage maker, Stephen Allen Lazier, manufacturer, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, merchant, all of Foxboro; James Stalker Hamilton, yeoman, and Peter Rockwell Daly, yeoman, both of Halloway.

The first or provisional directors of the company are the aforesaid David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allan Lazier and Charles Ashley, all of whom are British subjects residing in Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Belleville, 4th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor in Council, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal, incorporating as a body corporate and politic the persons hereunder mentioned with all who may become shareholders in the said corporate body so to be created for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle and Touchwood Hills Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from any Government, corporation or individual, land or any interest therein in the Dominion of Canada, the survey, improvement, colonization, cultivation, settlement, sale, conveyance, mortgaging and leasing thereof, the building thereupon and otherwise dealing therewith.

The taking of mortgages or other securities in payment of said lands or other property of the company at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon with the purchasers, and the selling and assigning of such mortgages or other securities.

The advancing of money to and otherwise assisting settlers on or purchasers of lands and the securing of the re-payment of such advances and assistance with interest at such rates as may be mutually agreed upon by mortgage upon land or otherwise.

The granting of bonuses or other assistance to railways and other enterprises and works passing through or tending to open up or improve the lands of said company or to advance the interests thereof.

The encouragement, promotion and aid of immigration to the Dominion of Canada from Great Britain and foreign countries.

To erect or acquire and maintain and operate upon or in connection with said lands, saw and grist mills and manufactories and to sell and dispose of any of the said mills or manufactories and of the manufactures thereof, and to erect, maintain and operate tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, roads, streets, bridges and other works in connection with said lands for the benefit of said lands, or to otherwise promote the interests of said company.

The producing and buying and selling of live stock, grain and other products of the soil, and the buying and selling of personal property generally.

The power to borrow on the credit of the company or on the security of its property by mortgaging or otherwise, and to invest moneys, and generally such powers in addition to the above as may be useful or necessary to carry out the objects of the incorporation.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, with power to have branches and agencies at

other places in and out of Canada, but the first meeting of the provisional directors and of the shareholders may be held at any place in Canada upon which a majority of said directors shall decide, and subsequent meetings of the provisional and regular directors and of the shareholders shall be held whenever decided upon by said provisional or regular directors.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$300,000.

5. The number of shares is to be twelve thousand, and the amount of each share twenty-five dollars.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

James Murray, ship-owner, James Livingston, farmer, Charles Peters Camp, gardener, Hiram Blavill Hamill, mechanic, and William John Murray, master mariner, all of the City of St. Catharines, in the County of Lincoln and Province of Ontario, who are to be the provisional directors of the said company.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, April, 1882.

41-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor; for the incorporation of the applicants, and others who may become associated with them as a joint stock company under the name of "The Automatic Blind Awning Company of Canada."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the manufacturing, buying and selling fixtures and fastenings for windows, blinds and awnings; for purchasing and using or selling any letters patent of invention which may be of use to the company in connection therewith; for the purpose of buying and using or selling any other letters patent of invention as may be thought expedient by the directors of the company, and of manufacturing, buying and selling such other goods, ware and commodities as to the directors of said company may seem expedient.

The capital stock of the company is to be fifty thousand dollars. The number of shares is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of five dollars.

The City of Montreal is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—

Charles Edgar Kennedy, of Hatley, in the County of Stanstead, Province of Quebec, trader; Charles Carroll Colby, M.P., of Stanstead, in said County; Walter Moeecraft Tomlinson, of the City of Sherbrooke, in said Province, Esquire; Frederick F. Fairman, of the City of Montreal, in said Province, merchant; Robert Baker May, of said City of Montreal, printer; John Gilman Elder, of the town of Derby, in the State of Vermont, trader, and Stiles Frost of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, trader.

All the said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company.

CHAS. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Montreal, 30th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic

under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Battleford and Northwestern Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling the grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property and rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of said company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary for advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at Mono Mills, in the Electoral District of Cardwell, with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be two thousand five hundred, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:

Robert Lawrence, of Mono Mills, physician and surgeon, John Kelly, of the township of Adjala, farmer; Silas Huntingdon Foster, of the City of Toronto, merchant; Henry Bracken, of the township of Adjala, miller; Henry Allison, of the township of King, farmer; George Kidd, of Mono Mills, farmer, all in the Province of Ontario. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first provisional directors of the company.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,
For the applicants.

Dated at Mono Mills, 28th March, 1882. 41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council in accordance with the provisions of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Canadian Fruit Export Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(a.) To purchase and sell Canadian and foreign patents, whether now issued or to be issued hereafter, for saving or preserving fruits or vegetables and packing the same either for export or storage.

(b.) To manufacture fruit safes for houses and stores, and fruit cases for the transportation of fruit, and to sell said right to manufacture, to others either out rights or under a royalty.

(c) To purchase and sell fruit and vegetables of any kind and nature whatsoever, to export and import the same either from or into Canada, and to pack said fruit and vegetables in cases and sell the same in Canada or foreign markets.

(d) To acquire movable and immovable property, to lease and erect suitable buildings for the purposes of said business.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock of the company is fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00).

5. The number of shares is five hundred of the value of one hundred dollars per share.

6. The names in full, together with the address and calling of each of the applicants, are respectively as follows: George Albert Cochrane, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman; Francis Ernest Gilman, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate; Thomas Craig, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, cashier; Edward Kirk Greene, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, merchant; David Timothy Irish, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, agent; James Naismith Greenshields, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate; and Charles Henry Cordingley, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, distiller.

7. The first or provisional board of directors of the company are to be the aforesaid George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields and Charles Henry Cordingley, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED & GUERIN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 6th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that a pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from this publication, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada granting to the applicants hereinafter named a charter constituting them and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company sought to be incorporated is "The Anglo Canadian Ranch Company, limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation of the company is sought are the importing into and the breeding and raising of cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North West Territories and elsewhere within Canada; the trading and dealing in them or any of them or any of their products throughout the Dominion of Canada; the shipping of the same to foreign countries; the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, the selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with, all or any part of the property of the company and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, and Dominion of Canada.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in two hundred shares of five hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: James Craig, of the

Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, farmer; John Hodgins, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, barrister-at-law; Celestin Gagné, of the City of Ottawa, merchant; John Kemp, of the Township of Goulburn, in the said County of Carleton, farmer; Abraham Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, Assessment Commissioner; Joseph Eugène Dupuis, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Adolphus Christin, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Edwin Wood Clark, of the Township of Nepean, in the said County of Carleton, farmer, George Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, merchant; William Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, farmer; John McKinstry, of the said City of Ottawa, real estate agent; Richard Nesbitt, Bishop, of the said City of Ottawa, hotel keeper; Thomas Cameron Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Harmonic Gerald Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant, and Richard Craig, of the Village of Kempville, in the County of Grenville, merchant.

6. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

JOHN HODGINS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation, or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills,

grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand five hundred, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Stewart, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Herron, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Hugh MacLennan, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, forwarder; Archibald Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; McLeod Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; Francis Henry Chrysler, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law, and Joseph James Gormully, of the said City of Ottawa, barrister-at-law. Whereof the said Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart and Joseph James Gormully are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,

Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 30th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company, shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ontario and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Dominion of Canada from the Governments of Canada or of the Provinces, companies and private individuals.

(b) The settling, colonizing, surveying, laying out, and improving, draining, clearing, cultivating, building on and otherwise dealing with the same.

(c) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with land and all manner of interests in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting of settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payments of such advances with interest by way of mortgage or agreement or otherwise, the granting of loans or bonuses to enterprises for the opening up or improving of such lands; with power to borrow and invest money, to mortgage the lands of the company or any part thereof for the purposes aforesaid, or for any of the purposes of the company and all such other powers as are useful and necessary in promoting, aiding and encouraging immigration and the settlement and opening up of the country, and to advance the objects of the company.

3. The chief place of business is to be in the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$500,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be five thousand of the sum of \$100 each.

6. The names in full and addresses of the applicants are, John Bacon, Esquire, Silas James, P.L.S., Robert McPhail, merchant, Edmund Henry Duggan, barrister, Ogle Robert Peck, Esquire, John Austin Worrell, barrister, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, estate agent, John J. Cook, Esquire, and Matthew Walton, agent, all of the City of Toronto; Thomas Armstrong, of the Village of Yorkville, in the County of York, Doctor of Medicine, and Richard Shaw Wood, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman; of whom the said John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong and Richard Shaw Wood are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE & WORRELL,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the under-mentioned persons and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Bow River Ranch Company, Limited," for the purposes of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep, swine and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock farming, at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territories of the Dominion and elsewhere within Canada; with power to take, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise acquire land, ranches, cattle runs, and any rights or privileges which the company may deem necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business in selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company; also power to acquire or construct saw mills, grist mills, woolen mills or other industrial establishments, and manufacture lumber, flour and other products of those establishments; also, power to dig, excavate, mine, purchase and sell coal or other minerals which may be found in or on the lands of the company in any part of the Dominion; also, power to build wharves, and build or lease barges or steam craft and run the same on Bow River or its connecting waters.

The chief place of business of the company is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

The capital stock of the company to be forty thousand dollars, to be divided into four hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the applicants are Charles McMichael, Esquire, Archibald Young, Esquire, both of the city of Toronto; George Augustus Muttibury, of the city of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Alexander Begg, of Orillia, mill owner, and Alexander Gemmel, of the city of Toronto, merchant.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

McMICHAEL, HOSKIN & OGDEN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Thomas Beattie, merchant, George S. Birrell, merchant, and Charles B. Hunt, miller, Samuel Grigg, hotel keeper, William McGregor, physician, and Andrew McCormack, merchant, all of the City of London, Ontario, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is

"The London Colonization Company of Canada (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—to purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada, to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting on any terms or system that may be considered advisable, to stock the same lands and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce to work; convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral productions of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property, and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration unto the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada, and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal property for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the said proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$100,000, in 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The above mentioned applicants who are all residents of Canada are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

MEREDITH & MEREDITH,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 22nd March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The New Brunswick and North-West Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money in the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Simeon Jones, of the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, banker; John Livingston, of the same place, journalist; Charles Henry Fairweather, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Tuck, of the same place, barrister; Howard Douglas Troop, of the same place, shipowner; William Henry Thorne, of the same place, merchant; Ezekiel McLeod, Leigh Richmond Harrison, George Wheelock Burbidge and William Pugsley, the younger, of the same place, barristers; Alfred Bennington Sheraton, of the same place, merchant; Oliver Timson Stone, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; Robert Randolph Call, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, in the said Province; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, Kings County, in the said Province, mining engineer, and Edward Byron Winslow, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister, of whom the said Simeon Jones, John Livingston,

William Henry Tuck, Howard Douglas Troop and William Henry Thorne, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

HARRISON & BURBIDGE,
Solicitors for applicants.

Saint John, N.B., 17th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Western Ontario Commercial Travellers Colonization and Land Company" (limited).

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: William Lind, of the city of London, Ontario, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Robert Cathcart Macfie, of the same place, merchant; John Green, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, Gentleman; John Burnett Laing, of the same place, merchant; George Sunby Birrill, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Birrill, of the same place, merchant; Bossom Ashford Mitchell, of the same place, merchant; Moses Masurett, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Herbert Marsh, of the same place, merchant; John Carrington Merritt, of the same place, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; George Robinson, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; James A'Kennedy, of the same place, druggist; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, of the same place, merchant; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; John Drinkwater Ivey, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; Alexander Johnston, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant, and Thomas Muir, of the same place, manufacturer.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada:—William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson, Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Masurett,

John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin and John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER & FRASER,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, 22nd day of March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Birch Hills Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are :

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Govern-

ment, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

4. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say:—William B. Alley, Truro, Charles Annand, Halifax, Alexander Begg, Orillia, George B. Brooks, Toronto, Archibald Bremner, London, Josiah Blackburn, London, James Brown, Welland, Arthur C. Bertram, North Sydney, Malcolm G. Bremner, London, William Cuzner, Ottawa, Edward F. Clarke, Toronto, John Cameron, London, William Campbell, Toronto, John A. Cook, Petrolia, William Cameron, London, James Carrel, Quebec, John J. Crabbe, St. Marys, Edmund J. Duggan, Montreal, William J. Douglas, Toronto, Thos. W. Dyas, Toronto, George Darby, Toronto, John S. Dewar, London, Melvin D. Dawson, London, Walter S. Dingman, Strathroy, Albert Dennis, Halifax, Wm. J. Ewing, St. John, Edwin H. Fogarty, Cobourg, Aimé Gélinas, Montreal, Thomas P. Gorman, Montreal, Henry J. P. Good, Toronto, George F. Gurnett, Ingersoll, Henry Gorman, Sarnia, John M. Harris, Hamilton, George C. Holland, Ottawa, Andrew Holland, Ottawa, James P. Jaffray, Brantford, James Innes, Guelph, Louis P. Kribs, Barrie, Alphonse A. C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, John L. Livingstone, St. John, Alexander P. Lowry, Toronto, Lowery Brothers, Petrolia, Hugh M. Matthewson, Toronto, François R. Marceau, Montreal, Charles W. Mitchell, Ottawa, Charles A. Matthews, Toronto, Thomas D. S. Moore, Toronto, Geo. Thomas Moore, Liverpool, William C. Milner, Sackville, Thomas W. Michael, Aylmer, Wallace Maclean, Toronto, James I. McIntosh, Guelph, John McKillop, St. John, John Maclean, Toronto, Murdo Y. McLean, Seaforth, Joseph McLeod, Fredericton, Richard McElheran, London, James R. Narraway, St. John, Geo. C. Ohren, Montreal, Alexander F. Pirie, Toronto, Samuel E. Pettigrew, Toronto, Thos. H. Preston, Toronto, Robert A. Payne, St. John, Carroll Ryan, Ottawa, Thomas J. Richardson, Ottawa, Ephraim P. Roden, Toronto, C. Blackett Robinson, Toronto, George A. Simpson, Battleford, Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., Edward R. Smith, St. Johns, James L. Stewart, Chatham, Henry E. Smallpiece, Guelph, Wm. Templeman, Almonte, Arthur F. Wallis, Toronto, Isaac Watson, Compton, S. Frank Wilson, Toronto, Charles A. Wilson, Toronto, Richard White, Montreal, Thos. White, Montreal, Edward Willis, St. John, Wm. Watt, jr., Brantford, James M. Walker, Perth, Hiram Wier, Halifax, Edward Flood, Lindsay, Fred. Going, Toronto, Josiah J. Bell, Ficton, Henry C. Stovel, Winnipeg, John A. Mackenzie, Prescott, Frederick G. Neelin, Scaforth, Edward M. Farrel, Liverpool, John E. Gemmill, Selkirk West, Henry Hough, Cobourg, Frederick W. James, St. John, James A. S. Mott, St. John, John E. Collins, Toronto, Nicholas Flood Davin, Toronto, Thos. Galbraith, Toronto, Frederick J. Gissing, Goderich, Percy Hamilton, Halifax, Henry J. Hubertus, Ottawa, Wm. Magee, London, Henry C. Bell, Toronto, Alex. McCleneghan, Woodstock, James J. White, Ottawa, James Watt, Toronto, Thomas A. Spence, Winnipeg,

John F. Shaw, Toronto, Wm. Wesley, Barrie, Samuel Wesley, Barrie, George B. Bradley, Toronto, Geo. Johnson, Toronto, George R. Kingsmill, Ottawa, William Dennis, Halifax, Albert Horton, Toronto, Robert S. White, Montreal, George Eyvel, Toronto, Arch. McNee, Winnipeg, each and all of whom are journalists.

Of whom the said John L. Livingston, Arthur C. Bertram, Robert S. White, Albert Horton, and George Bradley Bradley, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 30th March, 1882.

40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic, under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the said Company shall be "The Federal Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(1) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real or personal property or any interest or estate therein in the Dominion of Canada, including the Provinces and Territories thereof, and to negotiate the purchase and sale of houses, city, town, village and farm property, leases, mortgages, stocks and other securities, and generally to transact any description of commission and agency business.

(2) To improve such property by building upon, fencing, draining or in any other way deemed advisable by the said company, for the use and enjoyment thereof or for encouraging settlement thereon.

(3) To sell, lease, exchange or in any other manner to dispose of all property, real and personal acquired by the company in any way or any interest therein on instalment or on any other terms, and to take, hold and have mortgages for unpaid purchase money with full power to sell, foreclose and dispose of such mortgages, and generally to deal both in the acquirement and disposition of such property in the same manner to the same extent, and with as ample and full powers as a private individual.

(4) To borrow money on the security of any property of the said company or any part thereof, and to raise money upon the credit of the company by the issue of debentures, bonds or other securities, and to grant mortgages, trust deeds or other deeds of security over all or any part of the company's assets for the repayment of all or any part of the money borrowed.

(5) To make investments in the purchase of public funds or debentures of the United Kingdom, Canadian or the United States Government, or the Government of any of the Canadian Provinces or of any municipal corporation, body of public trustees or commissioners, or in any incorporated company in Great Britain, Canada or the United States, and to purchase stocks, shares or deposit receipts of any incorporated company or companies, with full and absolute power to sell, dispose of and deal with the same to the same extent as a private individual.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Hugh Scott, City of Toronto, underwriter; Robert Barber, City of Toronto, merchant; John Fitzallen Ellis, City of Toronto,

merchant; Alexander Archibald Allan, City of Toronto, merchant; Thomas Walmsley, City of Toronto, underwriter; William Frederick Carrier, City of Toronto, merchant; William Myddleton Hall, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; James Scott Fullerton, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law.

6. The first eight of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

HALL & FULLERTON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th March, 1882.

39-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The British North American General Farming and Colonizing Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands or any interest in lands, in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, or elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada, by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion of Canada, the Provincial Governments, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company or any corporation or corporations, person or persons.

3. The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

4. The surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, farming, building upon, including mills and machinery, and otherwise dealing with the same.

5. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; and the right to sell and assign such mortgages.

6. To promote, aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

7. To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway, and of steamboats or other vessels or carriages to, from or through lands of the said company; to make roads and to aid, construct, build and operate such works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

8. To own, buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of farm implements, goods and chattels required by the company, or by any person or persons who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and all other powers necessary and incident thereto.

9. To breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock raising, including the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise of cattle ranches or lands specially adapted for grazing purposes, and the working of the same.

10. To acquire woodlands and timber limits within the Dominion, by purchase or otherwise, and to conduct the business of lumberers and timber merchants in all its branches and connections, including the right to own, purchase, prepare, manufacture, transport and sell all kinds of building material, wooden

ware, agricultural implements, wagons, carts, &c., to build vessels, ships, boats, docks and piers; to conduct the business of cotton, woollen, and carding mills, of flour and grist milling, of foundry, machine, and blacksmith shops, to acquire and work quarries, mineral and coal lands, and to purchase land and buildings, mill privileges and water powers, and to erect such buildings necessary to carry on such businesses; to conduct the business of a general wholesale and retail store; to make and work roads, tramways and channels of water and to subscribe for and take stocks in booming and river driving companies and associations, and to own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

11. To borrow on the security of their own debentures, or otherwise, such sum or sums of money as may be necessary, if required for the carrying on of the aforesaid businesses and that with or without security; to purchase and sell, make and endorse bills of exchange and promissory notes; to invest in the security of mortgages on real estate in the Dominion of Canada, or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation within the said Dominion, or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the said Dominion or of any of the Provinces therein, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said businesses for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested, and to do all other things whatsoever incidental to the aforesaid businesses.

12. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, with branches at Winnipeg or elsewhere in Ontario, Manitoba and the North West Territories.

13. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

14. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Mossom Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria, and Province of Ontario, lumber-manufacturer; Mossom Martin Boyd, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; John Macdonald, of the City of Albany, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, lumber merchant; Alexander Niven, of the Village of Haliburton, in the Provisional County of Haliburton, Provincial Land Surveyor; William Thornton Cust Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria aforesaid, lumber manufacturer; and John Augustus Barron, of the Town of Lindsay, in the said County of Victoria, solicitor, all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

JOHN A. BARRON,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Lindsay, 29th March, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company, (Limited)," for the purposes of acquiring, settling and conveying lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, of improving, cultivating, building upon and otherwise improving the same, of buying and selling grain and other products of the soil, of carrying on farming in all its branches, of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses and other stock, of buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing in lands and all manner of interest in lands, of advancing money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company or otherwise and securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon, and of carrying on trade as general manufacturers, merchants, millers and forwarders, and for establishing agencies in Canada or elsewhere for the purposes aforesaid, and for such purposes to

have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as may be necessary and incident thereto.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, Ontario, with branch offices at Winnipeg, Manitoba, and at Qu'Appelle Valley, N. W. T.

The capital stock of the said company is to be \$600,000, in six thousand shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are, William Robert Bell, of Brockville, province of Ontario, farmer; John Northwood, of the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the said town of Chatham, Gentleman; Robert Crawford, of the town of Brockville aforesaid, Gentleman; William Northwood, of the said town of Chatham, maltster; Francis Carmichael Bruce, of the city of Hamilton, seedsman; Thomas Caldwell Ellwood, of the city of Toronto, electrician; Edmund Burritt, of Easton's Corners in the township of Welford, farmer; William Ryan Thistle, of Ottawa, lumberman; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, of Milford, in the county of Brandon, Manitoba, miller; Charles Frederick Houghton, of the city of Winnipeg, Gentleman, and John Fisher Wood, of the said town of Brockville, barrister, of whom the six first named are to be provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are residents of Canada.

SALTER M. JARVIS,

Solicitor for applicants.

Chatham, Ont., March 24, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock companies Act of 1877, for Letters Patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created, a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited."

2. The objects for which incorporation is sought, are the purchasing, holding, selling and leasing timber, timber limits and real estate of every description and the manufacturing of timber into logs, spars, ties, square timber, cordwood, shingles and lumber of every description, and to erect, lease and operate saw-mills and flouring mills, either with steam or water power as may be requisite for the purposes of the company; also the purchasing, building, leasing or operating steamboats, barges and vessels, and the carrying thereon of lumber, timber, and merchandize of every description, as well as passengers, and the construction or leasing of all necessary wharves, docks and warehouses for the purpose thereof; also the building and operating of tramways, roads, canals, flumes, dams and booms upon the rivers, streams and creeks used for the purpose of the company.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Winnipeg in the Province of Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be \$350,000 divided into three thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and the addresses, and callings of the applicants are respectively as follows:—Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba, lumber manufacturer; James Robert Sutherland, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; Henry Norland Ruttan, of the same place, civil engineer; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor; William Buckingham, of the town of Stratford, Ontario, banker; John Ross, of the township of Grantham, county of Lincoln, Ontario, contractor, and Simon James Dawson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, civil engineer.

6. The first directors of the company are to be the said Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross and Simon James Dawson,

all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,
Solicitor for applicants.
Ottawa, 15th March, 1882. 38-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

KINGSTON & PEMBROKE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fifth call (10 p. c.) on the new issue of capital stock of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway will be payable on or before the 12th day of May, 1882, at the Office of the Company, in Kingston.
By order, -

43-4

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secretary Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between us the undersigned as brewers and maltsters under the name and style of O'Keefe & Co., in the city of Toronto, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

All debts due to or by the said firm are to be settled with and by the new firm of O'Keefe & Co., this day formed.

E. O'KEEFE,
G. M. HAWKE.

Witness,
A. SAMPSON.

Referring to the above, notice is hereby given that we, the undersigned, have this day entered into partnership as brewers and maltsters at the city of Toronto, under the name and style of "O'Keefe & Co.," and that we will continue the business of the former firm at the same premises.

E. O'KEEFE,
WIDMER HAWKE,
J. H. MEAD.

Witness,
A. SAMPSON.
3rd April 1882.

43-1

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875, AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the matter of The Mechanics Bank, a body corporate and politic, duly incorporated and having its head office in the City and District of Montreal, Insolvent.

A DIVIDEND sheet has been prepared open to objection until the ninth day of May next, after which dividend will be paid.

JAMES COURT,
Assignee.

Montreal, 21st April, 1882.

43-3

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by me, William Milner, of the Town of Strathroy, in the County of Middlesex and Province of Ontario, on Wednesday the seventeenth day of May, A.D. 1882, for an extension of the letters patent granted to me on the twenty-eighth day of January, A.D. 1869 and recorded twelfth day of February, A.D. 1869, of a new and useful improvement in wagon gearing, namely, Front Hounds with sway bar connected, and Back Hounds or Crotch, such improvements to be called "Front Hounds with sway bar connected, and Back Hounds or Crotch."

WILLIAM MILNER,
Patentee.

Strathroy, Ont., April 15, 1882.

43-5

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.—The first annual meeting of the shareholders of this company for the election of directors and the transaction of business generally, will be held on Wednesday, the 10th day of May next, at the principal office of the company in Montreal, at 12 o'clock, noon.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 10th April, 1882.

42-4

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a final meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at 26 St. François Xavier Street, Montreal, at one o'clock p.m., on the 22nd day of May next, to receive the final report of the liquidators and to do all other things which the said shareholders may do at such final meeting under the provisions of the Act intituled "An Act to authorize and provide for the winding up of the Metropolitan Bank."

By order of the liquidators,

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 4th April, 1882.

41-7

SAINT LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of this company, will be held at No. 5, Moorgate street, in the City of London, England, on Monday, the eighth day of May next, at the hour of twelve o'clock at noon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

ARCHER BAKER,
General Superintendent.

Ottawa, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent upon the capital stock of this institution has been this day declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Banking House, in this City, on and after Monday, the first day of May next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th April next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other purposes, will be held at the Banking House, in this City, at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 31st day of May next.

A resolution for an increase of the capital stock of the Bank, will be submitted to the shareholders by the directors at the annual meeting.

By order of the Board,

R. H. BETHUNE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

40-5

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY (OF CANADA.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the half-yearly ordinary general meeting of shareholders, is appointed to be held on Thursday, the 27th day of April 1882, at the Cannon Street Hotel, Cannon Street, London, England, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, for the purpose of submitting a report and general statement of accounts for the half-year ended on the 31st January last, and for the transaction of other business.

And notice is further given, that the books kept at

the office in Canada, for the registration of shares, will be closed on and from the 13th day of April to the day of meeting, both days inclusive, and transfers cannot be received between those dates.

By order,

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

No. 142, Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C., 20th March, 1882.

39-5

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

ON and after the first of May next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders, a dividend of two and half per cent. on the paid-up capital, for the six months ending on the 30th of April next.

The transfer book will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of April next inclusively.

The annual meeting of the shareholders will take place at the Banking House, Lower Town, on Saturday, the 6th of May next, at 2 o'clock p. m.

By order,

P. LAFRANCE,
Cashier.

Quebec, March 22nd, 1882.

39-5

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the general meeting of the Society of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien will be held the twenty-ninth day of April next (29th April, 1882).

All the shares of the Society being to order, it will be indicated by a second notice, to appear fifteen days at least prior to the date of said meeting, at what place it shall be held.

J. WURTELE,
Managing Director.

M. CHEVALIER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 22nd February, 1882.

35-9

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire la nomination suivante, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 3 avril 1882.

WILLIAM ASHTON HOGG, de Collingwood, dans la province d'Ontario, gentilhomme; Officier préposé au débarquement et examinateur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté,

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé en la session du Parlement du Canada tenue dans la trente-sixième année de Notre règne, chapitre neuvième et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick seulement, et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement, dans l'une ou l'autre de ces provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil (sauf seulement les ports d'Halifax et de Pictou, dans la Nouvelle-Ecosse, et le port de St.-Jean, dans le Nouveau-Brunswick.)

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du troisième jour d'avril dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant le port de St. Peters, dans le comté de Richmond, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, dans Notre Puissance du Canada, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements, et déclarant que les limites du dit port seront une ligne droite imaginaire tirée de Sutherland's Head à March Point, dans St. Peter's Bay.

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et un ordre en Conseil, nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au port de St. Peters, dans le comté de Richmond, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce TROISIÈME jour d'AVRIL, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

42-3

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé en la Session du Parlement du Canada tenue dans la trente-septième

année de Notre règne, chapitre trente-quatre et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement (sauf les ports de Québec et de Montréal dans la province de Québec, et de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario,) dans l'une ou l'autre des dites provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil ;

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du troisième jour d'avril, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant New Richmond, dans le comté de Bonaventure, dans la province de Québec, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements, et définissant les limites du dit Port comme suit, savoir : A partir de la falaise de Maria jusqu'à la Rivière Caplan.

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et un ordre en Conseil, Nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au Port de New Richmond, dans le comté de Bonaventure, dans la province de Québec.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITE d'OTTAWA, ce TROISIÈME jour d'AVRIL, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

42-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT.

Ottawa, jeudi, 20 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GENERAL
EN CONSEIL.

CONSIDERANT qu'une maladie contagieuse affectant les moutons et connue sous le nom de "gale des moutons", règne dans le comté de Laprairie et les comtés environnants, dans la province de Québec, et qu'il est à propos de pourvoir à la séparation et l'isolement, autant que possible, des animaux atteints de cette maladie,—il a plu à Son Excellence, sur la recommandation du ministre de l'agriculture, et sous l'autorité des dispositions de l'acte 42 Vict., chapitre 23, et intitulé "Acte pour mieux protéger les animaux contre les épizooties ou les maladies contagieuses qui les attaquent," ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que les règlements suivants soient mis en vigueur :—

1. Il sera du devoir de tout cultivateur, propriétaire, ou éleveur, ou marchand de moutons, dès qu'il verra se manifester des symptômes de la maladie appelée "la gale des moutons" parmi aucun des animaux qu'il possède ou qui sont confiés à ses soins, de donner immédiatement avis de ce fait au ministre de l'agriculture, à Ottawa, ainsi que prescrit par la section 2 du dit acte.

S'il néglige de se conformer à la présente prescription, le propriétaire des moutons malades comme susdit perdra tout droit à une indemnité et n'en recevra aucune dans le cas où ces animaux seraient abattus conformément aux dispositions du présent acte ; et, de plus, la dissimulation de l'existence de cette maladie rendra, sur conviction de ce fait, passible d'une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres la personne qui s'en sera rendue coupable.

Quiconque enverra aux champs, gardera ou fera paître des moutons, sachant que ces animaux sont infectés de la maladie appelée la "gale des moutons," ou ont été exposés à l'infection ou contagion de cette maladie, dans ou sur quelque forêt, bois, savanne, grève, marécage, commune, terrain vague, champ ouvert ou autre terrain non divisé ou non clos, sera, sur conviction, puni d'une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres.

3. Quiconque amènera sur un marché ou ailleurs un animal qu'il saura infecté de la "gale des moutons," encourra et paiera, pour chaque contravention dont il sera convaincu, une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres.

4. Toute personne qui jettera ou mettra ou fera jeter ou mettre dans une rivière, cours d'eau, canal, dans des eaux navigables ou autres, ou dans la mer à moins de dix milles du rivage, le corps d'un mouton mort de la "gale des moutons," ou qui aura été abattu parce qu'il était attaqué de cette maladie, encourra et paiera sur conviction de ce fait, une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres.

5. Toute personne qui déterrera, fera déterrer ou permettra que l'on déterre le cadavre enfoui d'un mouton mort ou supposé mort de la "gale des moutons," ou abattu à cause de cette maladie, encourra et paiera, sur conviction de ce fait, une amende n'excédant pas cent piastres.

6. Lorsqu'un mouton infecté de la "gale des moutons" sera exposé ou mis en vente, ou qu'on l'amènera dans ce but sur un marché, à une foire ou autre lieu ouvert ou public où l'on expose d'ordinaire des animaux en vente, alors tout agent de police, officier municipal ou inspecteur dûment autorisé fera confisquer et détruire cet animal ainsi que toutes enceintes, claies, auges, litières, foin, paille ou autres objets infectés, ou en fera disposer de telle manière que bon lui semblera ou qui pourra être ordonnée.

7. Nul ne pourra avoir en sa possession ou sous ses soins un mouton infecté de la "gale des moutons," ni le faire soigner d'aucune manière dans le but de le guérir de cette maladie.

8. Les moutons infectés de la "gale des moutons," ou les moutons qui se seront trouvés en contact avec d'autres moutons malades de la dite gale, ou qui auront été dans des champs, écuries, étables ou autres bâtiments dans lesquels l'existence de cette maladie aura été constatée, ne pourront pas être déplacés, sans un permis par écrit d'un inspecteur autorisé à cette fin par le ministre de l'agriculture.

9. Tous les hangars, dépendances et lieux occupés par des moutons infectés de la gale, devront être nettoyés et désinfectés à l'aide d'eau chaude et d'acide carbolique, (dont une livre par quatre gallons d'eau), et ensuite blanchis à la chaux vive dans laquelle sera mêlée du chlorure de chaux dans la proportion de une livre de chlorure pour chaque gallon d'eau, jusqu'à la hauteur d'au moins cinq pieds du sol ou plancher.

10. Lorsque la chose sera jugée nécessaire, un inspecteur ordonnera d'abattre et enfouir tous les animaux gravement infectés de la maladie ci-dessus, et toute personne ayant en sa possession des moutons infectés de la "gale des moutons" et qui ne les soignera pas de la manière ordonnée, sera passible des amendes qui pourront être infligées en vertu des dispositions de l'acte susdit.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Assist.-greffier, C. P.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que le district de l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe Saint-Laurent, établi par ordre en conseil le 6 juin 1874 pour les fins du susdit acte, soit et le dit district est par le présent aboli.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 18 2.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada, d'ordonner et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage, soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant du côté ouest de la rivière Chicot jusqu'au côté ouest de la rivière à la Loutre sur l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus, il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. William Carter, gardien du phare à la Pointe Sud, sur la dite île, percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant du côté est de la rivière à la Loutre vers l'est jusqu'à la Pointe Charleston, sur le côté nord de l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. Thomas Gagné, gardien du phare à la Pointe Est

sur la dite île, comme percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA,

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant du côté est de la rivière Beesie, jusqu'au côté ouest de la rivière Chicot, sur l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus, il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. Edward Pope, gardien du phare à la Pointe Sud-Ouest, sur la dite île, comme percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada, d'ordonner et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant de la Pointe Charleston sur le côté nord vers l'ouest jusqu'au côté ouest de la rivière Beesie, sur l'île d'Anticosti, dans le Golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus, il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. Alfred Malouin, gardien du phare sur la Pointe Ouest de la dite île, percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Lundi, 3 avril 1882.

PRESENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que les importateurs d'acide sulfurique et autres acides employés dans la fabrication des engrais sont tenus fréquemment de renvoyer les bonnes et dames-jeannes dans lesquelles ces acides ont été importés dans les pays d'où ces produits ont été importés, dans le but de les y faire emplir de nouveau

et les ré-importer,—il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que lors de la première importation de ces bonbonnes ou dames-jeannes contenant des acides pour l'usage dit ci-dessus, après l'acquittement des droits pourvus par le tarif alors en opération, telles bonbonnes et dames-jeannes seront étampées ou marquées d'une marque particulière de telle façon qu'on pourra les identifier lorsqu'elles seront ré-importées subséquemment, et, en vertu des sous-sections 2 et 13 de la section 125 de l'Acte de 1877 à l'effet d'amender et refondre les actes concernant les douanes," lors d'une ré-importation subséquente, après que le percepteur ou l'officier commis aux douanes les aura identifiées, les dites bonbonnes et dames-jeannes seront, et les dites bonbonnes et dames-jeannes sont par le présent exemptées du paiement subséquent de droits jusqu'à ce qu'il y soit autrement pourvu par un ordre en conseil.

41-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du conseil privé.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COUR SUPRÊME DU CANADA.

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.

LA Cour Suprême tiendra une session spéciale, ajournée, en la cité d'Ottawa, vendredi, le 28 courant, à 11 heures de l'avant-midi, dans le but de rendre des jugements.

Par ordre du juge en chef.

ROBERT CASSELS,
Greffier.

Daté ce 19 avril 1882.

43-1

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du troisième jour d'avril 1882, constituant en corps politique l'honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Puissance du Canada, l'un des savants conseillers en droit de la Reine, Thomas Craig Fields, gentilhomme, et George Simpson, marchand, tous deux de la paroisse de Saint-André, dans la dite province de Québec, James Muir, agent d'immeubles, et George Bury, comptable, tous deux de la dite cité de Montréal, dans le but de fabriquer et vendre des drogues, médecines et spécialités médicinales de toute sorte et

description dans la Puissance du Canada, sous le nom de "La Compagnie Manufacturière des Spécialités Médicinales," avec un fonds social de huit mille piastres, divisé en quatre-vingts parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce dix-neuvième jour d'avril 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

43-3

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité des clauses de la 22e section de l'acte du Canada 36 Vict., chap. 128, permission a été donnée de changer le nom du vapeur "Beauharnois," de Québec, en celui de "Quinte". Ce navire a éprouvé de grandes réparations.

WM. SMITH,

Député du ministre de la marine.

Département de la marine et des pêcheries,
Ottawa, 17 avril, 1882.

43-3

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 mars dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,915,459 17
Excise	450,719 61
Département des Postes.....	118,681 33
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	231,520 03
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	6,591 74
Divers	132,074 35
	<hr/>
	\$2,855,046 23
Revenu, 28 février 1882.....	21,624,819 65
	<hr/>
	\$24,479,865 88
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,042,749 45
do 28 février 1882.....	16,956,817 25
	<hr/>
	\$17,999,566 70

J. M. COURTNEY,

Député du Ministre des Finances.

Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er avril 1882:

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de février 1882. Ar
 Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 janv. 1882.....	\$8,190,037 64	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$319,369 53
Dépôts durant le mois	540,411 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	3,300 92		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,357,167 52
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	57,212 51
			8,414,380 03
	8,733,749 56		\$8,733,749 56

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
 Commis des statistiques.
 Département des Finances, Ottawa, 21 mars 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montr'l, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Montr'l; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...	Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 dépensures de municipalités; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771).....	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.	William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....	John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine".....	Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....	J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton.....	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000.....	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.	W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$30 en espèces.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)	J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....	Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu).....	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation".....	J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Contro l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,".....	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. Jean, N.B.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.	R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B).....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....	Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasins de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210).....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....	Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.	Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act. de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire,".....	W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe".....	Frederick Stancliffe, agent général, Montréal.....	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....	G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....	C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....	A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"	William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....	D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.	Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.	A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....	J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur les glaces.
			Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont- réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)..	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie,
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lidés-canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (génér.) Total \$515,515.....	
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.....	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en espèces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et \$20,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. d'Etat	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. d'Etat-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
		\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉS, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE RETONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVIRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernément, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

ETAT fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—					
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5.18.26			\$4,823,833 60		
Versements sur le capital—					
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.....			\$1,205,958 40		
Nombre des titres—					
Titres nominatifs			50,000		
Titres au porteur.....			Nil.		
<hr/>					
<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875	20	Capital social	4,823,833	60
Prêts hypothécaires :			Prêts différés	25,314	01
A long terme	674,716	33	Intérêt payé par anticipation.....	242	75
A court terme	389,334	50	Divers.....	1,727	56
	1,064,050	83			
Espèces en caisse et en banque :					
En Canada.....	93,249	81			
En France.....	78,305	92			
	171,555	73			
Arrérages de semestres.....		389 51			
Mobilier		2,054 24			
Divers		2,787 16			
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712	67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117	92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société..... Néant.

Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt..... Néant.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des Statistiques,
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR
LETTRES PATENTES.

AVIS Public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après mentionnées, constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La Compagnie des terres de Wentworth."

1. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir une ou des lisières de terre dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, en vue de les coloniser.

(b) Le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage, échange, donation, ou autrement, des gouvernements provincial ou fédéral, ou de toute autre corporation, ou personne, des terres ou des intérêts en icelles, ou des coupes de bois dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest ou en une partie quelconque du Canada; le droit de vendre, louer ou trafiquer toutes terres, coupes de bois, propriétés personnelles, droits et privilèges ainsi acquis, avec le droit de recevoir des hypothèques sur icelles pour le prix d'achat ou autre garantie, à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu, avec le droit de prendre une hypothèque pour le prix d'achat sur les terres, ou intérêts vendus ou autrement trafiqués, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques par n'importe quel acte écrit ou transport, le tout sujet aux conditions de garantie pour les sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(c) Le droit d'acheter, prendre à bail, échanger ou autrement acquérir n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ainsi que les droits et privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie de la Puissance,

(d) Le droit de développer les ressources minières, agricoles, forestières et autres des terres acquises en y élevant des constructions, y faisant des plantations, en les défrichant, cultivant et améliorant de toutes façons, avec le droit de trafiquer avec les gouverne-

ments au sujet des mines suivant qu'il est pourvu par les règlements du gouvernement.

(e) Le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les propriétés de la compagnie et de coloniser ces dernières, et pour ces fins prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou subventions de terre et protéger la compagnie suivant la loi.

(f) Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions de terres ou d'argent à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer sur les terres de la compagnie ou partant d'icelles et se rendant à quelque point ou place rapprochée d'une ligne de chemin de fer existant déjà ou y attenant, avec le droit de construire, exploiter et utiliser des lignes de télégraphe, tramways et canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins, ponts et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie.

(g) Le droit de manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie ;

(h) Et pour ces fins le droit d'avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre et trafiquer des propriétés personnelles et immobilières, avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou incidents dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ;

(i) Le droit de construire, maintenir et réparer les routes et ponts ordinaires ;

(j) Le droit de secourir les immigrants venant des pays étrangers ou d'une autre province aux fins de les induire à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

(k) Le droit d'agir comme agent pour n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour l'achat ou la vente des terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada.

(l) Le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de faire l'élevage, la vente et l'achat de toute espèce d'animaux, chevaux, moutons, cochons, bestiaux et leurs produits.

(m) Le droit de travailler, vendre, utiliser ou autrement trafiquer toute espèce de produits miniers de la compagnie.

(n) Le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, moulins à moudre ou autres moulins, bâtiments, machines et ustensiles, avec le droit de faire en général toutes autres choses qui pourraient aider à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins.

(o) Le droit de s'amalgamer avec n'importe quelle autre société de colonisation et de transférer les privilèges, actif et droits de la compagnie ou d'acquérir les privilèges, actif et droits de n'importe quelle autre compagnie, avec le droit d'obtenir un transport en conséquence ou de s'amalgamer à une autre compagnie.

2. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie sera la cité d'Hamilton, Ont., avec des succursales à tels autres endroits suivant que l'exigeront les affaires de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 1000, d'une valeur de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants, savoir :—

George Roach, de la cité d'Hamilton, gentilhomme ; Robert Evans, du même lieu, marchand ; James Murray Lottridge, du même lieu, manufacturier ; Hugh Duncan Cameron, du même lieu, banquier ; Hugh Murray, du même lieu, marchand ; Charles Robinson Smith, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas Lawry, du même lieu, marchand ; Robert McKechnie, de la ville de Dundas, dans le comté de Wentworth,

manufacturier ; tous devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie. Tous résident au Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Hamilton, 18 avril 1882. 43-1

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres des Cultivateurs des rivières Saskatchewan et aux Carottes, à responsabilité limitée," (The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company, limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être incorporée est le suivant :

3. Acquérir des terres par achat, bail, échange ou autrement dans la province du Manitoba et dans les Territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement fédéral ou des gouvernements provinciaux, ou de toute corporation ou individus ; de vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer des dites terres ; d'arpenter, coloniser, établir, cultiver, améliorer les dites terres, et y faire des constructions ; d'avancer des deniers et aider aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres, avec pouvoir de s'assurer du remboursement de ces avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle manière, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement qu'il sera convenu de part et d'autre ; de construire et acquérir ou louer des moulins à farine, scieries, et autres ; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres, et d'acheter et vendre des articles et produits de toutes sortes ; de construire, acquérir et employer des bateaux à vapeur et autres bateaux pour les fins de la compagnie ; d'aider au moyen de boni, dons d'argent, octrois de terres ou autrement, toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou bateaux à vapeur et autres afin de faciliter l'accès aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie ; de construire et entretenir tous ponts et quais nécessaires ; d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux, et de faire dans toutes ses branches, la culture, et l'élevage des bestiaux ; et généralement de faire toutes choses nécessaires ou tendant à atteindre le but susdit.

4. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario.

5. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

6. Le nombre de parts de la compagnie sera de dix mille ; le montant de chaque action sera de cent piastres.

7. Les nom, prénom, adresse et occupation des dits requérants sont :—Alexander Manning, de la cité de Toronto, capitaliste ; Philip McRae, de la cité de Montréal, entrepreneur ; Charles James Campbell, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; Peter McLaren, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de bois ; Dennis Ryan, de la cité de Saint-Paul, cultivateur, et John Proctor, de la cité de Hamilton, marchand.

8. Les personnes suivantes seront les directeurs provisoires de la compagnie : Alexander Manning, John Proctor, et Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Ottawa, 21 avril, 1882. 43-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à

Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie de colonisation des Colons" (limitée).

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la Province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus et les trafiquer de toute façon.

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir en général ces derniers soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, suivant quel aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions et d'aider autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises se rattachant à l'ouverture des dites terres, y compris les lignes de bateaux, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres entreprises qui peuvent être jugées utiles pour la réalisation des fins que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour avancer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toute façon et de tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et établir la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le principal siège des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto avec des succursales au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de trois cent mille piastres divisé en trois mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Thomas Lailey, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Stark, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; John Dryden, du village de Brooklin, écuyer ; Huniphey E. Buchan, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en médecine ; William Stewart, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; James Watson, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edward John Stobo, de la ville de Peterboro, membre du clergé ; William Buck, de la cité de Brantford, fondeur de fer ; Charles Raymond, de la cité de Guelph, manufacturier ; Archibald A. Cameron, de la cité d'Ottawa, membre du clergé ; George Booth, de la cité de Toronto, manufacturier ; William Elliot, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Harvard Castle, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; William Muir, de la cité de Toronto, membre du clergé ; William J. Copp, de la cité d'Hamilton, fondeur de fer, George Richardson, du village de Colborne, membre du clergé ; Frederick Beyers, du village de Carleton Place, fondeur de fer.

Les onze premiers seront directeurs provisoires, et ils résident tous en Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Toronto, 20 avril, 1882.

43-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2 Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont : —

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachant requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; le droit de faire des opérations d'agriculture et de développer les ressources de la compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie, et d'émettre des débentures garanties par les terres de la compagnie, ou autrement, pour les mêmes fins ; le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres, d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis ; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine ; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie ; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada ; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$600,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de 6,000 d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward Carter, James Haywood, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto ; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand ; dont les personnes suivantes seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :—William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 19 avril 1882.

43-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de colonisation de Wellington et du Nord-Ouest."

1. Les fins que se proposent la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus des bâtiments, et les hypothéquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit d'acheter, acquérir, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en trafiquer de toute façon les intérêts soit agricoles ou forestiers, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, prêter de l'argent et aider de toute façon aux colons, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt aux conditions dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre au moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu ; le droit d'aider soit par subventions ou autrement, à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à l'exécution de toutes les entreprises pouvant aider à l'établissement des dites terres, lignes de bateaux à vapeur, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles dans la réalisation des fins de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre des propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de cette dernière ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir, aider, et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays.

2. La cité de Guelph sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$200,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 2,000, chacune d'elle devant être de cent piastres.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—William Bell, de la cité de Guelph, dans la province d'Ontario, fabricant d'orgues ; Thomas Goldie, du même lieu, meunier ; James Peebles, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *World* ; Alexander Watson Alexander, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie des orgues de Bell, et Henry Walter Metcalf, du même lieu, fabricant d'orgues.

Les quatre premiers des dits requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents de la cité de Guelph, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

GUTHRIE ET WATT,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Guelph, 13 avril 1882.

42-6

VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnés :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de Colonisation des terres de Battleford et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer et, en général, trafiquer les dites terres de même que les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions et autres secours pour la construction et le maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et l'exécution de n'importe quelle autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres et jugée utile aux fins de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés mobilières ou immobilières et les droits en icelles requis par la compagnie pour l'avancement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins ; le droit de développer, encourager et secourir l'immigration avec le droit de secourir les immigrants de toute façon qui peut être utile au développement et à la colonisation de la contrée et à l'avancement des intérêts de la compagnie ou du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera à Mono Mills, dans le district électoral de Cardwell, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts de ce fonds social sera de deux mille cinq cent, et chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Robert Lawrence, de Mono Mills, médecin ; John Kelly, du township d'Adjala, cultivateur ; Silas Huntington Foster, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; Henry Bracken, du township d'Adjala, menuisier ; Henry Allison, du township de King, cultivateur ; George Kidd, de Mono Mills, cultivateur, tous de la province d'Ontario. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ci-dessus mentionnés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,

Pour les requérants.

Daté à Mono Mills, ce 23 mars 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de persiennes et auvents automatiques du Canada."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit pour elle de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des ornements, garnitures et fermoirs de fenêtres, persiennes et auvents ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser les brevets d'invention ou inventions qui peuvent servir à la compagnie dans ses opérations ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser n'importe quel brevet d'invention ou inventions qui pourraient être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie ; le droit de manufacturer, acheter et vendre telles autres marchandises et articles qui peuvent être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

Le nombre des parts sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cinq piastres.

La cité de Montréal sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Charles Edgar Kennedy, de Hatley, dans le comté de Stanstead, province de Québec, commerçant ; Charles Carroll Colby, M. P., de Stanstead, dans le dit comté ; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, de la ville de Sherbrooke, dans la dite province, écuyer ; Frederick F. Fairman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province, marchand, Robert Baker May, de la dite cité de Montréal, imprimeur ; John Gilman Elder, de la ville de Derby, dans l'Etat du Vermont, commerçant, et Stiles Frost, de la cité de Boston, dans l'Etat de Massachusetts, commerçant.

Tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

CHAS. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Montréal, 3 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné en conformité de l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée sera "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Rivière aux Ecaïlles."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—Le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans la Puissance du Canada ; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et d'en développer les ressources minières, agricoles ou autres ; le droit d'exploiter, vendre, donner, transporter, louer, hypothéquer et trafiquer

de n'importe quelle manière les dites propriétés, y compris le droit de prendre des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat ; le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques ; le droit d'aider et encourager l'émigration et la colonisation des terres qui pourraient être acquises, soit par des prêts ou subventions garanties d'une manière sur laquelle on se sera entendu ou de toute manière légale ; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de lignes de chemin de fer ou télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de la colonisation des terres de la compagnie ; le droit de construire des bâtiments, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de toute sorte ; le droit d'aider à la construction de ces travaux de toute façon légale et à telles conditions et avec telles garanties dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de fournir ses terres de bestiaux et de s'engager dans l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux ; le droit de s'occuper de la culture du blé et de l'industrie des produits de ferme ; le droit de fabriquer et exporter les dits grains et produits et de s'engager dans des opérations minières sur les dites propriétés, et avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être conférés à de semblables compagnies.

3. La cité de Belleville ou la ville de Trenton, l'un et l'autre dans le comté de Hastings, sera le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000 divisé en 20,000 actions de \$25 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

David Gilmour, marchand de bois, William Jeffs, marchand de grain, George Henry Gordon, marchand, William Ford Baker, marchand de grain ; John Hendricks, propriétaire rural, Anson Green Whittier, marchand, tous de Trenton ; James Coleman Jamieson, imprimeur et éditeur, George Dean Dickson, avocat, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, avocat, Cornelius James Starling, entrepreneur, tous de Belleville ; John White, fabricant, Roslin Charles Ashley, voiturier, Stephen Allen Lazier, fabricant, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, marchand, tous de Foxboro' ; James Stalker Hamilton, propriétaire rural, et Peter Rockwell Daly, propriétaire rural, tous deux d'Halloway.

Les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie sont les susdits David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allen Lazier et Charles Ashley, qui tous sont sujets britanniques et résident en Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Belleville, 4 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte en vertu du dit acte, constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées, qui sont les requérants, pour les fins ci-après énumérées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres de Hamilton" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

Le droit d'acheter et acquérir de toute façon des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou individus.

Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou trafiquer d'une façon quelconque les dites terres.

Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres et ériger dessus des constructions.

Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques créées sur icelles comme prix d'achat ou garanties à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'on les aura fixés de part et d'autre, avec le droit de retenir telles hypothèques données comme prix d'achat et de les transporter par un document soit écrit en entier ou en partie écrit et imprimé, sujet aux conditions faites pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles aux taux qui auront été convenus de part et d'autre.

Le droit de construire et réparer des routes ordinaires et ponts, assister les immigrants venant de pays étrangers et colons venant des autres provinces, avec le droit de les aider à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée est de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—

Valancey England Fuller, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans le comté de Wentworth, avocat; John Proctor, du même lieu, marchand; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, du même lieu, éditeur; George Albertus Cox, de la ville de Peterborough, dans le comté de Peterborough, gérant de chemin de fer, et Robert Jaffray, de la cité de Toronto, dans le comté de York, marchand, tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés, résidents du Canada, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 3 avril 1882.

41-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877 CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

AVIS est par le présent donné que durant le mois qui suivra la dernière insertion du présent avis les requérants ci-après nommés s'adresseront par pétition au gouverneur-général à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des Ranches des Cantons de l'Est" (limitée.)

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont:

Le droit d'élever des bestiaux, chevaux, mules, moutons et cochons dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

Le droit d'acheter, vendre et trafiquer les dits animaux dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs, y compris le droit d'acquérir, détenir et améliorer les propriétés requises à cette fin.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Sherbrooke, province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille, de cent piastres chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de de chacun des requérants: L'honorable Matthew Henry Cochrane, du township de Compton, sénateur; William White, de la ville de Sherbrooke, avocat; William Farwell, de la dite ville de Sherbrooke, gérant de banque; Charles Carroll Colby, du village de Stanstead, avocat; John McLary, du township de Compton, cultivateur, et Edward Towle Brooks, de la dite ville

de Sherbrooke, avocat, tous, de la province de Québec, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

BROOKS, CAMIRAND ET HURD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Sherbrooke, 5 avril 1882.

41-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné, sous l'autorité de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Canadienne pour l'exportation des fruits, à responsabilité limitée."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corporation sont:—

(a.) D'acheter et vendre des brevets d'invention canadiens ou étrangers, qui sont déjà émis ou qui le seront ci-après, pour conserver ou préserver les fruits ou légumes, et les emballer soit pour l'exportation soit pour l'emménagement.

(b.) De fabriquer des armoires ou garde-fruits pour les maisons et magasins, et des boîtes à fruit pour le transport des fruits, et de vendre ce dit droit de fabrication à d'autres, soit complètement et sans réserve soit en se réservant un droit régali.

(c.) D'acheter et vendre des fruits et légumes de toutes espèces et nature que ce soit, de les exporter du Canada ou de les y importer, et d'emballer les dits fruits et légumes dans des boîtes et les vendre en Canada ou à l'étranger.

(d.) D'acquérir des propriétés, mobilières et immobilières, et de construire les édifices nécessaires aux opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres (\$50,000.)

5. Le nombre de parts est de cinq cent, de la valeur de cent piastres chaque.

6. Les nom, prénom, occupation et adresse de chacun des requérants sont respectivement comme suit:—George Albert Cochrane, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gentilhomme; Francis Ernest Gilman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat; Thomas Craig, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, caissier; Edward Kirk Greene, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, marchand; David Timothy Irish, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, agent; James Naismith Greenshields, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat, et Charles Henry Cordingley, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, distillateur.

7. Les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie seront les susdits George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields, et Charles Henry Cordingley, qui tous sont sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED ET GUÉRIN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 6 avril 1882.

41-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps

politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Qu'Appelle et des Buttes de Tondre."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles en Canada, soit par achat ou autrement de tout gouvernement, corporation ou individu; le droit de les acheter, améliorer, coloniser, cultiver, vendre, céder, hypothéquer et louer, d'y construire des maisons et autrement en disposer.

De prendre des hypothèques et autres garanties en paiement des dites terres ou autre propriété de la compagnie à tels taux d'intérêt qui pourront être convenus de part et d'autre, et de vendre et transporter ces hypothèques ou autres garanties.

D'avancer des deniers aux colons ou acheteurs des terres, et les aider d'autre manière, et de prendre des sûretés pour le remboursement de ces créances et aide avec intérêt à tel taux d'intérêt qui pourra être convenu soit par hypothèques sur les terres ou autrement.

De donner des bonis ou autre aide aux chemins de fer et autres entreprises et travaux passant sur les terres de la dite compagnie, jugés utiles pour les ouvrir ou les améliorer, ou tendant à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie.

D'encourager, développer et aider l'immigration en Canada, de la Grande-Bretagne et de pays étrangers.

De construire, acquérir, maintenir et exploiter sur les dites terres et en rapport avec elles des scieries et des moulins à farine et manufactures, et de vendre et disposer de tout et chacun des dits moulins et manufactures et de leurs produits; et de construire, entretenir et exploiter des tramways, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, chemins, rues, ponts et autres travaux en rapport avec les dites terres, ou autrement favorisant les intérêts de la dite compagnie.

Produire, acheter et vendre des bestiaux sur pied, des grains et autres produits du sol, et de vendre et acheter des biens immobiliers en général.

Le pouvoir d'emprunter sur le crédit de la compagnie ou sur la garantie de ses propriétés, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement, et de faire des placements de deniers, et généralement tous autres pouvoirs qui seront utiles ou nécessaires aux fins que se propose la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, avec pouvoir d'établir des succursales et agences ailleurs dans et en dehors du Canada, mais la première assemblée des directeurs provisoires et des actionnaires pourra être tenue à tout endroit en Canada que la majorité des dits directeurs décidera, et les assemblées subséquentes des directeurs provisoires et des directeurs élus et des actionnaires auront lieu à l'endroit choisi par les dits directeurs provisoires ou directeurs élus.

4. Le montant du fonds social sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de douze mille, et le montant de chaque action sera de vingt-cinq piastres.

Les noms, prénoms, occupations et adresses de chacun des requérants sont comme suit: James Murray, propriétaire de navires, James Livingston, cultivateur, Charles Peters Camp, jardinier, Hiram Blavill Hamill, artisan, et William John Murray, maître marin, tous de la cité de Ste. Catherine, dans le comté de Lincoln, et province d'Ontario, lesquels seront les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

A. FERGUSON,
Solliciteur des requérants.
Daté à Ottawa, avril 1882. 41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par Thomas Beattie, marchand, George S. Birrell, marchand, Charles B. Hunt, meunier,

Samuel Grigg, hôtelier, William McGregor, médecin, et Andrew McCormack, marchand, tous de la cité de London, Ontario, à l'effet de les constituer eux et d'autres en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées.

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation London du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—le droit d'acheter ou acquérir de toute façon, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres au Canada, de développer les ressources d'icelles en y érigeant des constructions, en les défrichant, les asséchant, les cultivant suivant un système quelconque qui pourra sembler opportun; le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de pratiquer en général l'industrie de l'élevage d'animaux, moutons et leurs produits, d'exploiter, vendre, manufacturer les productions minières des terres de la compagnie, d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute sorte; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, machines, estacades, avec le droit de construire des tramways, canaux, chemins et autres entreprises donnant des moyens de transport ou facilitant le développement des propriétés de la compagnie; le droit de contribuer aux dépenses encourues par la construction, l'amélioration ou l'usage des dites entreprises; le droit d'encourager et développer l'immigration des autres pays vers le Canada, avec le droit d'aider aux immigrants dans la colonisation des terres du Canada; le droit d'agir comme agent pour un gouvernement quelconque, corporation ou individu, pour l'achat ou la vente de terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada, et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada; et pour ces différentes fins le droit de prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou donner des subventions de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des propriétés mobilières et immobilières pour les fins de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés, avec le droit en général de faire toutes choses qui sont de nature à promouvoir les fins de la dite compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$100,000, divisée en 1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les requérants mentionnés ci-dessus, tous résidents du Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

MEREDITH ET MEREDITH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à London, Ontario, 22 mars 1882. 40-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous l'autorité du dit acte et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir:—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie de colonisation des commis voyageurs d'Ontario-ouest" (limitée.)

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit pour la dite compagnie d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des corporations ou des particuliers; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; le droit d'acheter, de vendre, louer,

affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres, avec le droit de les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles; le droit de prêter de l'argent et des secours aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et de vendre du bois de service; le droit d'élever, paître, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et la production des produits de ferme.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différents endroits dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Lind, de la ville de London, Ontario, marchand; Alfred Robinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand; Robert Cathcart Macfie, du même lieu, marchand; John Green du même lieu, marchand; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme; John Burnett Laing, du même lieu, marchand; George Sunby Birrill, du même lieu, marchand; William Henry Birrill, du même lieu, marchand; Bosson Ashford Mitchell, marchand; Moses Mazurett, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas Herbert Marsh, du même lieu, marchand; John Carrington Merritt, du même lieu, marchand; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand; George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand; James A'Kennedy, du même lieu, droguiste; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, du même lieu, marchand; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand; John Drinkwater Ivey, du même lieu, marchand; Alexander Johnston, du même lieu, marchand; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand, et Thomas Muir, du même lieu, fabricant.

Les requérants dont les noms suivent, tous de ceux ci-dessus nommés et résidant au Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie: — William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson, Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Masurett, John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin et John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER ET FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à London ce 22 mars 1882.

40-6

A VIS publie est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877, qu'un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie du Rancho Stewart, à responsabilité limitée." (*The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited.*)

2. Les fins pour lesquelles l'incorporation est demandée sont les suivantes:—

D'acheter ou autrement acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver des terres et biens-fonds dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du Canada.

3. De développer les ressources des dites terres et biens-fonds en les défrichant, les égouttant, les améliorant, y construisant des maisons, et par des opérations minières, la culture, la fabrication des bois et autres moyens.

De mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'y

élever et trafiquer sur toutes espèces de bestiaux, moutons et leurs produits, et d'y faire dans toutes ses branches la culture et l'élevage des bestiaux.

D'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les terres de la compagnie, et de les coloniser, et dans ce but d'aider aux immigrants et colons sur les terres de la compagnie au moyen d'octrois de terre, d'avances ou autres, et d'agir comme agents de tout gouvernement, corporation ou personne favorisant l'émigration au Canada.

D'acheter, acquérir, fabriquer et vendre toutes espèces de bois, marchandises et effets (à l'exception des vins et spiritueux et des boissons fermentées et enivrantes)

De construire, acquérir, naviguer et utiliser des bateaux à vapeur et autres, et de procurer et employer tous autres moyens nécessaires et convenables pour le transport des colons, immigrants, voyageurs, effets et marchandises, et pour conduire convenablement les opérations de la compagnie; et dans le but de donner un accès facile aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie, d'aider, au moyen de boni, don d'argent, octroi de terre ou autrement, à toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou de bateaux à vapeur ou autre moyen de transport par terre ou par eau.

D'acheter, prendre à bail, ou échanger, louer ou autrement acquérir des ranches, plaines à bestiaux et tous autres biens meubles et immeubles, et tous intérêts, droits et privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses opérations.

De construire, maintenir et échanger toutes scieries, moulins à farine, bâtisses, quais, entrepôts et autres travaux nécessaires ou utiles aux opérations de la compagnie.

De vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, louer, hypothéquer, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de toute ou partie de la propriété de la compagnie, et de prendre et accepter des hypothèques et obligations sur les biens meubles ou immeubles ou toutes autres garanties quelconques (et portant intérêt ou autrement, selon que la compagnie le décidera) des acheteurs et autres débiteurs de la compagnie, et de vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toutes ou chacune de ces garanties.

De faire toute affaire ou transaction (du ressort de la compagnie,) en société, ou autrement avec d'autres personnes ou compagnies.

Et généralement de faire toutes autres choses utiles ou nécessaires au but que se propose d'atteindre la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario.

4. Le montant de son fonds social sera de cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille cinq cent, et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms au long, adresse et occupation de chacun des requérants sont comme suit: John Stewart, du township de Nepean, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, écuier; John Herron, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, marchand; Hugh MacLennan, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, expéditeur; Archibald Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat; McLeod Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat; Francis Henry Chrysler, du dit township de Nepean, avocat, et Joseph James Gormully, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, avocat.

Dont les dits Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart et Joseph James Gormully seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

STEWART, CHRYSLER ET GORMULLY,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 30 mars 1882.

40-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard

actionnaire dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est : "La Compagnie générale de colonisation et d'agriculture de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord (limité)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada, soit par achat, louage ou autrement du gouvernement du Canada, des gouvernements provinciaux, de la compagnie du chemin de fer du Pacifique ou de tout autre individu.

3. Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

4. Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres y compris le droit de construire sur icelles des maisons, moulins et établissements manufacturiers et en général de trafiquer des dites terres.

5. Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de n'importe quelle manière, y compris le droit d'acheter ou vendre du grain ou autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et d'aider autrement aux colons par le moyen de subventions, d'assurer le remboursement de ces prêts avec intérêt à des conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques.

6. Le droit de développer et encourager l'immigration, d'aider aux immigrants de toute façon qui pourra être jugée utile pour ouvrir et coloniser le dit pays et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

7. Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou de plusieurs lignes de chemins de fer, bateaux ou autres navires ou véhicules à travers les terres de la compagnie ; le droit d'ouvrir des routes, de faire et exploiter tels travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie.

8. Le droit de posséder, acheter, fabriquer et vendre n'importe quelle espèce de machines agricoles, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ou ailleurs, et à ces fins, de pouvoir emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ces dites fins.

9. Le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux et d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et des produits de ferme, y compris le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage ou autrement des enclos pour bestiaux ou pâturages spécialement adaptés à l'élevage et l'exploitation des troupeaux.

10. Le droit d'acquérir des terres à bois ou limites dans toute l'étendue du Canada par achat ou autrement, d'exploiter l'industrie de la production du bois ou le trafic d'icelui dans toutes leurs branches, y compris le droit de posséder, acheter, préparer, manufacturer, transporter et vendre toute espèce de matériaux pour constructions, articles en bois, machines agricoles, voitures, véhicules, etc. ; le droit de construire des bateaux, barges et navires, quais et bassins, d'exploiter des filatures de coton et de laine, des moulins à carder, des moulins à farine, des fonderies et des forges ; le droit d'acquérir et exploiter des carrières, terrains miniers et houillères, avec le droit d'acheter terrains et bâtiments, privilèges de moulins et pouvoirs d'eau, et de construire les bâtiments nécessaires à telles exploitations ; le droit de faire le trafic de gros et de détail ; le droit de construire et exploiter des routes, tramways, et canaux, de prendre des actions dans les compagnies de flottage de bois par les rivières, de plus le droit de posséder et louer des wagons sur les voies ferrées pour le transport des marchandises.

11. Le droit d'emprunter sur la garantie de ses propres débentures ou autrement, telles sommes

d'argent qui peuvent être nécessaires ou requises pour l'exploitation des affaires susdites, et cela soit avec garantie ou non ; le droit d'acheter et vendre, faire ou endosser des traites et billets promissoires ; le droit de placer avec hypothèque sur des immeubles dans le Canada ou sur les débentures d'une corporation municipale dans le dit Canada, ou sur les débentures d'une compagnie incorporée soit par un acte spécial ou par un acte général du Canada ou de l'une des provinces, une partie quelconque des profits réalisés dans ses opérations, dans le but de rembourser le capital ainsi engagé, avec le droit de faire toutes choses découlant des opérations ci-dessus décrites.

12. La compagnie aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la ville de Lindsay, comté de Victoria, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs, dans Ontario, Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

13. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

14. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Mossom Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria, et province d'Ontario, fabricant de bois ; Mossom Martin Boyd, de la même place, fabricant de bois ; John Macdonald, de la cité d'Albany, dans l'Etat de New-York, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, fabricant de bois ; Alexander Niven, du village de Haliburton, dans le comté provisoire d'Haliburton, arpenteur provincial ; William Thornton Cust Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria susdit, fabricant de bois ; et John Augustus Barron, de la ville de Lindsay, dans le dit comté de Victoria, solliciteur, qui tous seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

JOHN A. BARRON,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Lindsay, 29 mars 1882.

39-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de fabricants de bois du Lac LaPluie, à responsabilité limitée." (The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited.)

2. Le but de la compagnie projetée est d'acheter, posséder, vendre et louer du bois de construction, des coupes de bois et des biens-fonds de toute espèce, et la fabrication du bois en billots, espars, traverses, bois carré, bois de corde, bardeaux et bois de service de toute description, et de construire, louer et exploiter des scieries et moulins à farine, soit au moyen de la vapeur ou par pouvoir d'eau, selon que la compagnie le jugera à propos ; aussi, d'acheter, construire, louer et se servir du bateaux à vapeur, barges et navires, pour le transport du bois de service et de construction et de marchandise de toute sorte, ainsi que des voyageurs, et de construire ou louer tous quais, bassins et entrepôts nécessaires à cette fin ; aussi de construire et exploiter des tramways, chemins, canaux, dalles, digues et estacades sur les rivières, cours d'eau et ruisseaux nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$350,000, divisé en trois mille cinq cents actions de cent piastres chaque.

5. Les noms, adresses et occupations des requérants sont comme suit :—Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba, fabricant de bois ; James Robert Sutherland, du même lieu, fabricant de bois ; Henry Norland Ruttan, de la même place, ingénieur civil ; Peter Johnson Brown, de la même place, entrepreneur ; William Buckingham, de la ville de Stratford,

Ontario, banquier; John Ross, du township de Grantham, comté de Lincoln, Ontario, entrepreneur, et Simon James Dawson, de Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, ingénieur civil.

6. Les premiers directeurs de la compagnie seront les dits Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross et Simon James Dawson, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,
Soliciteur des requérants.

Ottawa, 15 mars, 1882.

39-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demanda sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte, constituant en corps politique les requérants et toute personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire de la compagnie, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie des Terres Fédérales (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont—

(1) Le droit d'acheter, louer, échanger ou acquérir d'une manière quelconque des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou les intérêts en icelles dans le Canada, y compris les provinces et territoires d'icelui; de négocier l'achat et la vente de résidences, propriétés de cité, ville ou village, propriétés rurales, baux, hypothèques, obligations et autres garanties, et en général le droit de faire toute opération de courtier d'agence ou à commission.

(2) Le droit d'améliorer telles propriétés en construisant dessus des bâtiments, clôtures, égouts ou toute autre chose jugée utile par la dite compagnie pour ses utilité et avantage et pour en encourager l'établissement.

(3) Le droit de vendre, louer, échanger ou trafiquer d'une manière quelconque les propriétés mobilières ou immobilières acquises par la compagnie ou les intérêts en icelles, soit par versements soit à toute autre condition; le droit de prendre et détenir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat non payé, et en général de faire le trafic tant d'achat que de vente de telles propriétés de la manière et avec les mêmes pouvoirs qu'un simple particulier.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter de l'argent en donnant des garanties sur les propriétés de la dite compagnie ou sur partie d'icelles, y compris le droit de prélever des sommes d'argent sur le crédit de la compagnie par l'émission de débentures, bons ou autres garanties, et de donner des hypothèques ou autres garanties sur le tout ou partie des biens de la compagnie pour le remboursement en tout ou en partie, des sommes empruntées.

(5) Le droit de placer des sommes d'argent dans l'achat des fonds publics ou débentures du Royaume-Uni, des gouvernements canadien et américain, des gouvernements des différentes provinces canadiennes, des corporations municipales, des syndics ou commissaires, des compagnies incorporées dans la Grande-Bretagne, au Canada ou aux États Unis, avec le droit d'acheter des obligations, des reçus de dépôts de n'importe quelle compagnie incorporée, avec de plus le droit de vendre et trafiquer les dites valeurs de même qu'un simple particulier.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cent mille piastres divisé en mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Hugh Scott, de la cité de Toronto, assureur, Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, marchand, Robert Barber, Toronto, marchand, John Fitzallen Ellis, Toronto, marchand, Thomas Walmsley, Toronto, assureur, William Frederick Carrier, Toronto, marchand, William Myddleton Hall, Toronto, avocat, James Scott Fullerton, Toronto, avocat.

6. Les huit premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie et tous sont des résidents du Canada.

HALL ET FULLERTON.

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 16 mars 1882.

39-6

AVIS DIVERS.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par M. William Milner, de la ville de Strathroy, dans le comté de Middlesex, province d'Ontario, mercredi le 17^e jour de mai A. D. 1882, pour une extension du brevet d'invention qui m'a été accordé le vingt-huit février A. D. 1869, pour une amélioration utile et nouvelle dans l'engrenage des wagons, savoir : Jottereaux de devant unis à une barre en balance, et jottereaux de derrière ou fourche; cette amélioration devant être appelée Jottereaux de devant unis à une barre en balance et Jottereaux de derrière ou fourche.

WILLIAM MILNER,
Brévetaire.

Strathroy, Ont., 15 avril 1882.

43-3

ACTE DE FAILLITE DE 1875 ET SES AMENDEMENTS.

Dans l'affaire de la Banque des Artisans, corps politique et dûment incorporé, ayant son bureau principal dans les cité et district de Montréal, faillie.

U NE feuille de dividende a été préparée sujette à objection jusqu'au neuvième jour de mai prochain, après quelle date le dividende sera payé.

JAMES COURT,
Syndic.

Montréal, 21 avril, 1882.

43-3

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER CANADIEN DU PACIFIQUE.

A VIS.—La première assemblée annuelle des actionnaires de cette compagnie pour l'élection des directeurs et la dépêche générale des affaires, aura lieu mercredi le 10 mai prochain, au bureau principal de la compagnie, à Montréal, à midi.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secrétaire.

Montréal, 10 avril 1882.

42-4

BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée finale des actionnaires de cette banque aura lieu au No. 26, rue Saint-François Xavier, Montréal, à 1 heure p.m., le 22 mai prochain, pour recevoir le rapport final des liquidateurs et pour faire toutes autres choses qu'il est loisible aux actionnaires de faire à telle assemblée finale en vertu de l'acte intitulé "Acte pour autoriser la liquidation des affaires de la banque Métropolitaine."

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secrétaire.

Montréal, 4 avril 1882.

41-7

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

L E premier mai prochain, et après, la Banque paiera à ses actionnaires un dividende de deux et demi par cent, pour le semestre finissant le 30 avril prochain.

Le livre des transports d'actions sera clos depuis le 16 jusqu'au 30 avril inclusivement.

L'assemblée annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu au

bureau de la banque, samedi, le six mai prochain, à deux heures p. m.

Par ordre,

P. LAFRANCE,

Caissier.

Québec, le 22 mars 1882.

39-5

A VIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. McGOUN,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

36-13

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

A VIS est donné par les présentes que l'assemblée générale de la société du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien, se réunira le vingt-neuf avril prochain (29 avril 1882).

Toutes les actions de la société étant nominatives, il sera pourvu, par un deuxième avis qui paraîtra 15 jours au moins avant la date de l'assemblée, à la désignation de l'endroit où se tiendra l'assemblée générale.

L'administrateur délégué,
J. WURTELE.

Le secrétaire-général,
M. CHEVALIER.

Montréal, 22 février 1882.

35-9

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 24th April, 1882.

JOHN JOSEPH MCGEE, Esquire, Assistant Clerk of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada; to be his Deputy for signing Letters Patent of Dominion and other lands.

17th April, 1882.

ARTHUR ROBERTS, of the Township of Hemmingford, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman; to be a Preventive Officer in Her Majesty's Customs.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Our Reign, chaptered nine and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour

Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick only, and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Halifax and Pictou, in Nova Scotia, and Saint John, in New Brunswick), in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for the purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council:

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the third day of April in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating the Port of St. Peters, in the Province of Nova Scotia, in Our Dominion of Canada, as a port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply, and declaring the limits of the said port to be an imaginary straight line drawn from Sutherland's Head to March Point in St. Peters Bay.

NOW KNOW YE that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and Order in Council respectively, proclaim and declare that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick" and the Acts amending the same, shall hereafter apply to the Port of St. Peters, in the County of Richmond, in the Province of Nova Scotia.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Amiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRD day of APRIL, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } **W**HEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the Thirty-seventh year of Our Reign, chaptered thirty-four, and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island, amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Quebec and Montreal in the Province of Quebec, and Toronto in the Province of Ontario) in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for that purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council;

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the third day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating New Richmond, in the County of Bonaventure, in the Province of Quebec, as a Port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply, and defining the limits of the said Port as follows, viz : From Maria Cliff to River Caplin.

Now Know YE, that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Acts and Order in Council respectively, Proclaim and Declare, that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island," and the Acts amending the same, shall henceforth apply to the Port of New Richmond, in the County of Bonaventure, in the Province of Quebec.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRD day of APRIL, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

42-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Monday, 24th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Section 5 of "The Fisheries Act" explosive materials are forbidden in the Whale fishery, and whereas it appears that improved explosives have been recently adopted which are not

liable to objection on account of the wasteful effects of the missiles formerly in use, against which the prohibition was levelled, and that these improvements are now adopted by American whalers frequenting the same waters as Canadian whalers,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 19th clause of "The Fisheries Act," has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following amending Regulation be, and the same is hereby amended, namely :—

"Section 5 of the Fisheries Act is suspended in so far as the same relates to the killing of Whales by "explosive instruments."

JOHN J. MCGEE.

Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

44-3

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 24th day of April, 1882.

I HEREBY certify that Rule 4 of the Rules for the Pilotage District of New London, Prince Edward Island, approved by Order in Council of the 2nd July 1878, has been amended by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council on this day the 24th day of April 1882, to read as follows :—

"The Rate of Pilotage for this District shall be as follows :—Four (4) cents per Register ton to beach, "two (2) cents per register ton additional for Rivers "below Bridges."

JOHN J. MCGEE,

Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

44-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 20th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a contagious disease known as "Sheep Scab" affecting sheep prevails in the County of Laprairie and adjoining Counties in the Province of Quebec, and it is expedient to provide for the segregation and isolation, in as far as possible, of animals affected with such disease,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, and under the provisions of the Act 42 Victoria, chapter 23, and intituled "An Act to provide against infectious or contagious diseases affecting animals," has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations and Orders be enforced :—

1. It is the duty of every farmer, owner or breeder of, or dealer in sheep, on perceiving the appearance of the disease of "sheep scab" among any one of the animals owned by him or under his care, to give immediate notice to the Minister of Agriculture at Ottawa of the fact discovered by him, as required by section 2 of the said Act.

Negligence to comply with this obligation shall entail upon the owner of the said diseased sheep the penalty of not being entitled to, nor granted any compensation for such animals as may be slaughtered in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, and further that concealment of such disease shall subject such person on conviction thereof, to forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

2. If any person turn out, keep or graze any sheep knowing such animal to be infected with the disease of "sheep scab," or to have been exposed to infection or contagion therefrom, in or upon any forest, wood, moor, beach, marsh, common, waste land, open field, or other undivided or unenclosed land, such person shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

3. Any person bringing into any market or other place any animal known by him to be infected with the disease of "sheep scab" shall, upon conviction

thereof, forfeit and pay for every such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

4. Any person throwing or placing or causing to be thrown or placed into any river, stream, canal, navigable or other water, or into the sea within ten miles of the shore, the carcass of any sheep which has died of "sheep scab," or been slaughtered as having been so diseased shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

5. Any person who digs up or causes or allows to be dug up a carcass buried of a sheep having died or been suspected of having died, or been slaughtered, from the disease of "sheep scab," shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars.

6. In case any sheep affected with the disease of "sheep scab" be exposed or offered for sale, or be brought for such purpose into any market, fair or other open or public place where other animals are commonly exposed for sale, then any police or municipal officer or duly authorized inspector shall cause the same, together with any pens, hurdles, troughs, litter, hay, straw or other articles, to be forfeited, destroyed or otherwise disposed of in such manner as he may deem proper or as may be directed.

7. It shall be unlawful for any person to have in his possession or under his charge a sheep affected with the disease of "sheep scab," without causing it to be treated with some dressing, dipping or remedy for "sheep scab."

8. No sheep being affected with "sheep scab" or sheep which have been in contact with other sheep suffering from "sheep scab," or have been in any field, stable, cowshed or other premises in which "sheep scab" is found to exist, shall be allowed to be removed therefrom without a written order from an Inspector authorized by the Minister of Agriculture for that purpose.

9. All sheds, outhouses and places used by sheep affected by "sheep scab" must be thoroughly cleansed and disinfected by scrubbing with hot water and carbolic acid—one pound to four gallons—and afterwards white-washed with hot lime to which chloride of lime—one pound to a gallon—has been added, to a height of at least five feet from the ground or floor.

10. When found necessary an inspector shall order the slaughtering and burial of all badly affected sheep, and any person having in possession any sheep affected with "sheep scab" without treating such sheep by some dressing or dipping fluid shall be liable to such penalties as may be enacted under the provisions of the aforesaid Act.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

43-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55, and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the District of the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, established by Order in Council of the 6th June, 1874, for the purposes of the Act aforesaid, be and the same is hereby abolished.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

42-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55 and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend from the east side of Becsle River to the west side of Chicot River, on the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has further been pleased to appoint Mr. Edward Pope, keeper of the lighthouse at South West Point, on said Island, to be Receiver of Wreck for the District as above indicated.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

42-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55 and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend from the east side of Chicot River to the west side of Otter River, on the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has been further pleased to appoint Mr. William Carter, keeper of the lighthouse at South Point, on said Island, Receiver of Wreck for the District above indicated.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

42-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55, and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend

from the east side of Otter River easterly to Charleston Point, on the north side of the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has further been pleased to appoint Mr. Thomas Gagné, keeper of the lighthouse at East Point, on the said Island, Receiver of Wreck for the District above indicated.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Saturday, 8th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 55 and intituled "An Act respecting Wreck and Salvage,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a Wreck and Salvage District be, and the same is hereby established, for the purposes of the said Act, to extend from Charleston Point on the north side westerly to west side of Beesie River, on the Island of Anticosti, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

His Excellency has further been pleased to appoint Mr. Alfred Malouin, keeper of the lighthouse at West Point, on said Island, Receiver of Wreck for the District as above indicated.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 28th April, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (8).

No. 1.

"A" BATTERY, ROYAL SCHOOL OF GUNNERY, QUEBEC.

Course of Infantry Instruction.

It is notified for general information that a "Short Course of Infantry Instruction" for 1st and 2nd Class Certificates will be formed at the Royal School of Gunnery, Quebec, on the same conditions as to pay, allowances, &c., authorized for Artillery. (*Vide* paragraphs 812, 814 of the Regulations and Orders, 1879.)

Not more than ten officers and twenty non-commissioned officers and men will be allowed to join.

Application for permission to join for officers, non-commissioned officers or men to be made through officers commanding corps, to the Commandant Royal School of Gunnery. (*Vide* paragraphs 775, 776, 777 of the Regulations and Orders, 1879.)

Provided a sufficient number of applications are received the course will commence on 8th May next, and will last for two months.

Officers, non-commissioned officers and men will be required to join on 6th May.

No. 2.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Kingston Field Battery of Artillery.

To be Captain:

1st Lieutenant John Wilmot, G.S., vice Henry Wilmot who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

1st Battalion Governor General's Foot Guards.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

Corporal John Hodgins, M.S.

10th Battalion "Royal Grenadiers."

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant Lionel Vernon Percival, V.B., vice William Twiname MacFarlane whose resignation is hereby accepted.

To be Paymaster:

Nicol Kingsmill, Esquire, M.S., vice Rupert Mearse Wells whose resignation is hereby accepted.

16th "Prince Edward" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 5 Company, Milford.

Captain and Brevet Major Alva Vandusen is hereby permitted to retire retaining his Brevet rank.

26th "Middlesex" Battalion of Light Infantry.

No. 6 Company, Park Hill.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Private Thomas Cunningham, vice Rufus L. Wilson whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 7 Company, Strathroy.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Ethelwolf Scatcherd, Gentleman, vice Arthur William Kent, left limits.

28th "Perth" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 1 Company, Stratford.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Colour Sergeant John Little Hotson, vice Cooke appointed Adjutant.

30th "Wellington" Battalion of Rifles.

No. 1 Company.

The Head Quarters of this Company are hereby transferred from "Douglas" to "Harriston."

No. 9 Company.

The Head Quarters of this Company are hereby transferred from "Hollen" to "Moorefield."

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant William Jamieson, vice Booth, promoted.

35th Battalion of Infantry, "Simcoe Foresters."

No. 6 Company.

The Head Quarters of this Company are hereby transferred from "Bradford" to "Ivy."

38th "Brant" Battalion, "Dufferin Rifles."

No. 6 Company, Brantford.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Richard Rowe Harris, Gentleman, vice Cunliffe resigned.

To be Surgeon:

Assistant Surgeon William T. Harris, vice James Winniett Digby whose resignation is hereby accepted.

41st "Brockville" Battalion of Infantry.

To be Major:

Captain David English Jackson, G.S.I., from No. 2 Company, vice Brevet Lieutenant Colonel William Wright who is hereby permitted to retire retaining his Brevet rank.

No. 1 Company, Brockville.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant Charles Percy Shepherd, vice Henry Harrison whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 2 Company, Gananoque.

To be Captain:

2nd Lieutenant George Marshall Cole, G.S.I., from the Adjutancy, vice Jackson, promoted.

43rd "Ottawa and Carleton" Battalion of Rifles.

This Battalion is hereby authorized to use the following Ornaments and Devices:—

Cross-belt:—A Lion's head, chain and whistle. The centre ornament to consist of a Maltese Cross having in each of its angles a Lion, in centre the regimental motto "*Advance*" in a double circle round the numeral **43**, the whole encircled by a wreath of Maple leaves surmounted by a Royal Crown, with the words "*Ottawa and Carleton Rifles*" on a scroll at foot.

Badge for Forage Cap:—The Maltese Cross forming the centre ornament of the cross-belt.

Ornament for Pouch:—A bugle suspended by a knotted ribbon with cord and tassels.

The Ornaments with Devices in silver for officers, bronze for non-commissioned officers and men.

BREVE.

To be Lieutenant Colonel, under the provisions of paragraph 90, of Regulations and Orders, 1879: Major William Wright, V.B., 41st Battalion; from 1st September, 1876.

To be Major, under the provisions of paragraph 90, of Regulations and Orders, 1879:—

Captain Alva Vandusen, M.S., No. 5 Company, 16th Battalion; from 14th February, 1878.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

2nd Lieutenant Philip Nairn Thompson, M.S., Governor General's Foot Guards; from 30th March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Narcisse Omer Côté, M.S., Governor General's Foot Guards; from 30th March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant George W. Grant, M.S., Governor General's Foot Guards; from 17th April, 1882.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

5th Provisional Regiment of Cavalry.

No. 2 Troop, Sherbrooke.

The services of 2nd Lieutenant William Read as an officer in the Active Militia are hereby dispensed with.

3rd Battalion "Victoria Rifles of Canada."

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant Henry Martyn Belcher, M.S., vice Story, resigned.

To be Adjutant, with rank of Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant Joseph Plimsoll Edwards, V.B., vice Sully, resigned.

Memo.—That portion of No. 3 of General Orders (25) 17th October, 1879, in which Lieutenant Alexander Anderson is promoted to be Captain, is hereby amended by substituting the date "17th May, 1879" for that of "10th April, 1879."

5th Battalion, "Royal Scots Fusiliers."

Erratum.—In No. 1 of General Orders (7) 14th April, 1882, read "Edmond A. C. Campbell," instead of "Edward A. C. Campbell."

60th "Missisquoi" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 5 Company, Stanbridge.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant William Henry Tucker, M.S., vice Bockus, promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

Corporal Arthur A. Lent, M.S., vice Tucker, promoted.

65th Battalion, "Mount Royal Rifles."

No. 4 Company, Montreal.

To be Captain, provisionally:

Alfred LaRocque, Gentleman, vice J. C. Robert, appointed Adjutant.

No. 6 Company, Montreal.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Joseph Giroux, V.B., vice Charles Calixte Rouillard, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

To be Adjutant:

Captain Joseph Cyrille Robert, V.B., from No. 4 Company, vice Lieutenant Tancrede Terroux, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

Kamouraska Provisional Battalion of Infantry.

To be Assistant Surgeon:

H. W. Blagdon, Esquire, M.L., vice Joseph Phidime Giguère, left limits.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

2nd Lieutenant Joseph Plimsoll Edwards, V.B., 3rd Battalion, from 4th April, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Henry Martyn Belcher, V.B., 3rd Battalion, from 4th April, 1882.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

66th Battalion "Princess Louise Fusiliers."

To be Captains:

Lieutenant Arthur Bremner Mitchell, M.S., vice Arthur Francklyn Salter, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

Lieutenant William Frederick DesBarres Bremner, M.S., vice Charles E. Putner, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

To be Lieutenants:

2nd Lieutenant Edward George Kenny, V.B., vice Mitchell, promoted.

2nd Lieutenant Arthur Welsford Spike, M.S., vice F. Bremner, promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

Arthur Francklyn Salter, M.S., from Retired List of Captains, vice Kenny, promoted.

No. 3.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

SCHOOLS OF MILITARY INSTRUCTION.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES.

2nd Lieutenant Philip N. Thompson, Gov. General's
Foot Guards.
do Narcisse Omer Côté, do
do George W. Grant, do
Paymaster John Waller de Courcy O'Grady, 43rd
Battalion.
Corporal Henry P. Chesley, Gov. Gen'l's Foot Guards.
do Henry H. Gray, do
do John Hodgins, do
do Harry Macdonell, do
do Henry Ross, do

BOARDS OF EXAMINERS.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATES.

Captain Frederick Toller, Governor General's Foot
Guards.
Lieutenant Gordon Baker, jr., 59th Battalion.
2nd Lieutenant Donald Cameron Forster Bliss, Ottawa
Field Battery.
do James C. Grace, 45th Battalion.
do William Henry Burrit, 56th do
do Arthur W. Ault, 59th do
Paymaster John Waller de Courcy O'Grady, 43rd
Battalion.
Arthur Percy Sherwood, Chief of Police,
Ottawa.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE.

2nd Lieutenant Joseph Plimsoll Edwards, 3rd Batt.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATE.

2nd Lieutenant Henry Martyn Belcher, 3rd Batt.

No. 4.

ASSOCIATIONS FOR DRILL IN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Three Rivers Seminary Drill Company.

To act as Captain :
Acting Lieutenant J. Ludger Tourigny, vice L. A.
Tourigny, left the Seminary.
To act as Lieutenant:
Edmond Mailhot, vice J. L. Tourigny, promoted.
To act as 2nd Lieutenant :
Louis P. Montour, vice E. E. Laurent, left the
Seminary.

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued
during the month of March, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	242,453 39	.....
Malt Liquor.....	.....	.....
Malt	43,186 20	.....
Tobacco	154,966 20	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	1,073 36	.....
Manufactures in Bond.....	2,338 01	.....
Seizures	35 20	.....
Other Receipts	1,764 34	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....	.....	445,816 80
Canals.....	.....	19 31
Slides and Booms.....	.....	.....
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c. ....	.....	549 75
Minor Public Works.....	.....	3,311 34
Culling Timber.....	.....	286 58
Inspection of Weights and Mea- sures .....	.....	2,101 86
Inspection of Gas.....	.....	249 75
Bill Stamps.....	.....	1,462 42
Total ... ..	.....	453,797 81

E. MIALL,
Assist. Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 27th April, 1882. 44-tt

NOTICE is hereby given that all Licenses for the transaction of the business of Insurance in this Dominion expired on the 31st March ultimo. Renewals of Licenses have been issued to the following Companies:
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N. Y., U. S.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association, St. John, N. B.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.
The Guarantee Company of North America.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company:
The London Assurance Corporation, England.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.

The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.

The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.

The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.

The Mutual Life Association of Canada.

The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London.

The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.

The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.

The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England.

The Quebec Fire Assurance Company.

The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.

The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.

The Royal Canadian Insurance Company.

The Royal Insurance Company.

The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company.

The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.

The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.

The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.

The Star Life Assurance Society of England.

The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.

The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company.

The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.

The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine.

The Western Assurance Company, Toronto.

The following Life Insurance Companies had ceased to transact *new business* in Canada at the time of the passing of *The Consolidated Insurance Act, 1877*, and are entitled under section 17 of that Act to transact all business connected with their *existing Policies*:

The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.

The Scottish Provident Institution.

The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company.

The United States Life Insurance Company.

The following Life Insurance Companies having given notice under the 17th Section of *The Consolidated Insurance Act, 1877*, that they would cease to transact *new business* in Canada on 31st March 1878, are entitled under this section cited to transact all business connected with *Policies* existing at that date:

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.

The Life Association of Scotland.

The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.

The New York Life Insurance Company.

The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, U. S.

The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.

The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.

The following Life Insurance Companies having given notice of their intention to avail themselves of the Proviso to section 7 of *The Consolidated Insurance Act, 1877*, that their *deposits* in the hands of *The Receiver General*, at 31st March, 1878, will be applied with respect to their *Policies* existing at that date, under the provisions of the Acts of 1868 and 1871:

The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.

The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.

The Royal Insurance Company.

The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.

The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.

The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.

The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
Superintendent.

Office of the Superintendent
of Insurance.

Ottawa, 29th April, 1882.

44-3

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE,
OTTAWA, 28th April, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a license for the transaction of business of life insurance in Canada has this day been issued to The Federal Life Assurance Company of Ontario; the head-office being established in the city of Hamilton, and David Dexter, Esquire, being the chief agent.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
Superintendent of Insurance.

44-tf

INLAND REVENUE OFFICE.

TORONTO, 21st April, 1882.

To all whom it may concern:—

WHEREAS S. H. B. Harris, a licensed Tobacco manufacturer, in the Inland Revenue Division of Toronto, has failed to comply with the provisions of the Inland Revenue Act of 1880, by neglecting to render semi-monthly returns as required by the said Act, his said license is therefore forfeited and the same become null and void.

W. C. STRATTON,
Collector.

44-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued, under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the seventeenth day of April, 1882, incorporating William Van Duzer Lawrence, merchant; Ebenezer Muir, agent; John Stephen Bates, cashier, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, and John Wyeth, merchant, and Frank H. Wyeth, merchant, both of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, one of the United States of America, for the purpose of the manufacturing, buying and selling drugs, chemicals, toilet articles and proprietary medicines, within the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "The Apothecaries Hall Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into one hundred shares of one thousand dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-eighth day of April, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

44-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the eighth day of April, 1882, incorporating Sir Hugh Allan, steamship owner, the Honorable Thomas Ryan, Senator, Andrew Allan, steamship owner, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Hugh McLennan, merchant, and Andrew Thomas Drummond, financial agent, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, and Arthur Wellington Ross, Member of the Provincial Parliament, and Charles Sinclair Drummond, both of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, in the said Dominion, for the purpose of the purchasing, leasing or otherwise acquiring of land or any interests therein in the Dominion of Canada, the holding, using, settling, cultivating, stocking with horses or cattle or otherwise improving the same, the erection of buildings thereon, the establishment of stores thereon, and the purchase and sale of articles of merchandize of every description (*excepting the purchase and sale of ale, wine, spirituous or fermented liquors, intoxicating drinks or intoxicants of any description*), the erection and acquirement, working and renting of saw mills and flour mills thereon; the taking of interests as shareholders in any corporation having in view the improvement of any of the said lands or the affording of access thereto; the construction, acquirement and use of steam and sailing vessels, tramways, canals, roads and other works of any description necessary or expedient as a means of access to or for the improvement of the said lands, the promotion of immigration to the said property, the selling, leasing, exchanging, mortgaging or otherwise dealing in the said lands or interests therein or the said personal property belonging to the said company; the assisting and the advancing of money to settlers and the taking, holding, selling or otherwise disposing of mortgages or other instruments intended to secure moneys so advanced or remaining due on lands sold; the issuing of bonds secured on the real and personal assets of the Company, the acting as agents of any Government, corporation or individual in the purchase or sale of lands and the settlement thereof and the promotion of immigration, and generally the accomplishment of all such purposes and works as are necessary or incidental to the attainment of the aforesaid objects,—by the name of the "Montreal and Western Land Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this twenty-fifth day of April 1882.

44-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of April, 1882, whereby the total capital stock of "The Grape Sugar Refining Company (Limited)" has been increased from one hundred thousand dollars to two hundred thousand dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 20th day of April, 1882.

43-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of April 1882, incorporating Frederick Nichols, of the city of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, journalist; Thomas Cowan, of the Town of Galt, in the said Province, manufacturer; Thomas D. Wardlaw, of the same place, manufacturer; James S. Wardlaw, of the same place, manufacturer; Henry Bickford, of the town of Dundas, in the said province, manufacturer;

Samuel G. Leonard, of the same place, manufacturer; James Young, of the city of Hamilton, in the said province, manufacturer, and Hamilton Young, of the same place, manufacturer, for the purpose of the printing and publishing of newspapers, books, pamphlets, periodicals and information for the promotion of manufacturing and commercial industries in Canada, by the name of the "Canadian Manufacturer Publishing Company," with a total capital stock of five thousand dollars, divided into fifty shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twentieth day of April, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of April, 1882, incorporating Simeon Jones, banker, Howard Douglas Troop, merchant, The Honorable Isaac Burpee, William Frederick Harrison, merchant, John Stewart, merchant, George McLeod, merchant; Thomas Furlong, merchant; Henry Raycroft Ranney, insurance agent, all of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, in the Dominion of Canada; The Honorable Abner Reid McClelan, Senator of Albert County, in the said Province of New Brunswick; and James Vaughan, of the Town of Liverpool, in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring, chartering, hiring, selling, leasing, repairing and operating, steam boats, sailing vessels, and other vessels of all kinds and of carrying on therewith the business of common carriers, forwarders, traders and the conveyance of mails, the transportation of passengers, merchandize and all such business as is usually carried on by Ocean steamers and sailing vessels between Canada, Great Britain and other countries, also tugs, barges and all other kinds of vessels used in harbors and navigable waters; to purchase, construct, acquire, lease, hire and own wharves and warehouses and other buildings, ships, piers, docks, dockyards, tramways and elevators, and to work the same, to establish shops and stores and vend articles of ships stores and merchandize therein as may be requisite and necessary for the carrying on of said business, with power to sell and dispose of or exchange for other property when not required for the purposes of the company; also power to make, draw, accept and endorse promissory notes, bills of exchange, drafts or bank cheques, requisite in the company's interests, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainments of the above objects,—by the name of the "New Brunswick Steamship Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one million dollars divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this twentieth day of April, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

43-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued, under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of April, 1882, incorporating the Honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, one of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, Thomas Craig Fields, Gentleman, and George Simpson, merchant, both of the Parish of St. Andrews in the said Province of Quebec, James Muir, real estate agent, and George Bury, accountant, both of the said City of Montreal, for the purpose of the manufacturing and selling of drugs, medicines and medical specialties of all kinds and descriptions, throughout the Domi-

nion of Canada, by the same of "The Medical Specialties Manufacturing Company," with a total capital stock of eight thousand dollars divided into eighty shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this nineteenth day of April, 1882.

43-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State:

Copy of Resolutions passed at a meeting of the Yale and New Westminster Pilotage Authority, held at Burrard Inlet, 14th May, 1879.

Resolved:

"That B. Springer be appointed Secretary of the Pilotage Authority for this District."

Resolved:

"That the Secretary be paid the sum of twenty-five dollars per month for his service."

(Signed) J. A. RAYMUR,
Chairman.

Burrard Inlet, B.C.,
14th March, 1882.

PRIVY COUNCIL,
18th day of April, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolutions passed by the Yale and New Westminster Pilotage Authority on the 14th day of May 1879, were approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 17th day of April, 1882.

43-3 JOHN J. MCGEE,
Assist. Clerk, Privy Council.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the 22nd Section of the Canadian Act, 36 Victoria, chap. 128, permission has been given to change the name of the steamer "Beauharnois" of Quebec, to that of "Quinté." This vessel has been extensively repaired.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine, &c.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 17th April, 1882. 43-3

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 3 of 1882.

CHANGE IN ST. PETER'S ISLAND LIGHT.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after the opening of navigation this year, the light established last year upon the most westerly point of St. Peter's Island, in Hillsborough Bay, on the west side of the entrance to Charlottetown

Harbor, P.E.I., will show *fixed red* instead of fixed white as heretofore.

The change has been made to prevent confusion with Blockhouse Point and Point Prim lights.

Lat. N. 46° 7' 10"
Long. W. 63° 11' 40"

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 27th March, 1882. 42-3

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 4 of 1882.

LIGHT ON WEST END SABLE ISLAND DISCONTINUED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Lighthouse Tower on the West End of Sable Island, off the Coast of Nova Scotia, has been undermined by the sea, and that in consequence it has been impossible to exhibit the light since the 12th February last.

Lat. N. 43° 57' 0"
Long. W. 60° 8' 0"

Every effort will be made to re-establish this important light at the earliest possible date, of which due notice will be given.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 4th April, 1882. 42-3

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st March, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,915,459 17
Excise.....	450,719 61
Post Office.....	118,681 33
Public Works, including Railways.	231,520 03
Bill Stamps	6,591 74
Miscellaneous	132,074 35
	<u>\$ 2,855,046 23</u>
Revenue to 28th February, 1882.....	21,624,819 65
	<u>\$24,479,865 88</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,042,749 45
do 28th February, 1882.....	16,956,817 25
	<u>\$17,999,566 70</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st April, 1882.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of March, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 28th February, 1882	\$8,414,380 03	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$469,693 50
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	612,249 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	4,826 12	Balance:—	
		At the credit of Depos- itors' Accounts.....	\$8,489,803 56
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	71,955 09
	9,031,455 15		8,561,758 65
			9,031,455 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 22nd April, 1882.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st January, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Dec., 1881.	Deposits for January, 1882.	Total.	Withdrawn, January, 1882.	Balance, 21st January, 1882.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	518,102 46	45,159 37	563,261 83	29,287 88	533,893 95
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	388,671 53	85,378 97	474,050 50	67,368 59	406,681 91
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,345,340 22	73,145 00	1,418,485 22	65,495 51	1,352,989 71
Nanaimo.....	139,558 14	5,657 00	145,215 14	4,325 29	140,889 85
New Westminster.....	176,568 47	15,253 00	191,821 47	10,066 29	181,763 04
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	126,468 17	5,757 00	132,225 17	4,863 00	127,362 17
Antigonish.....	33,408 36	9,955 00	43,363 36	507 00	42 856 36
Annapolis.....	119,591 46	9,141 42	128,732 88	2,781 11	125,951 77
Arichat.....	121,897 05	3,517 00	125,414 05	2,096 30	123,317 75
Acadia Mines.....	27,649 99	1,020 00	28,669 99	203 61	28,461 38
Baddeck.....	38,172 93	4,023 00	42,195 93	1,130 73	41,065 20
Bridgewater.....	20,697 34	1,931 00	22,628 34	517 46	22,110 88
Barrington.....	32,046 88	1,352 00	33,398 88	267 77	33,131 11
Digby.....	63,561 06	2,917 00	66,478 06	5,404 03	61,074 03
Guysboro'.....	45,691 95	3,958 00	49,649 95	512 00	49,137 95
Halifax.....	2,284,100 59	115,432 08	2,399,532 67	63,456 42	2,336,076 25
Kentville.....	92,956 68	12,983 00	105,944 68	3,627 04	102,317 64
Liverpool.....	105,705 12	6,024 00	111,729 12	705 00	111,024 12
Little Glace Bay.....	33	5 00	5 33	5 33	.....
Lingan.....	10,506 84	2,185 00	12,691 84	547 00	12,144 84
Lunenburg.....	63,114 54	11,124 00	74,238 54	2,347 62	71,890 92
Maitland.....	43,050 84	1,856 00	44,906 84	4,800 07	40,106 77
New Glasgow.....	94,081 20	5,602 00	99,683 20	2,577 96	97,105 24
Parrsboro'.....	40,801 94	972 00	41,773 94	2,156 00	39,617 94
Port Hood.....	49,548 26	3,468 00	53,016 26	4,111 00	48,905 26
Pictou.....	40,338 12	1,383 00	41,721 12	1,065 40	40,655 72
Shelburne.....	31,798 58	1,524 00	33,322 58	2,214 00	31,108 58
Sydney.....	163,303 50	6,371 00	169,674 50	3,730 64	165,943 86
Sherbrooke.....	30,009 47	834 00	30,843 47	10 00	30,833 47
Truro.....	183,127 36	13,900 50	197,027 86	6,400 00	190,627 86
Wallace.....	7,942 50	843 00	8,785 50	216 00	8,569 50
Windsor.....	344,467 97	18,919 00	363,386 97	6,395 15	356,991 82
Weymouth.....	52,490 12	1,400 00	53,890 12	2,024 47	51,865 65
Yarmouth.....	293,297 04	10,473 00	303,770 04	10,935 09	292,834 95
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	62,279 80	3,419 00	65,738 80	1,761 92	63,976 88
Chatham.....	183,137 73	4,754 00	187,891 73	2,994 79	184,896 94
Dalhousie.....	146,958 37	2,643 00	149,601 37	2,166 68	147,434 69
Dorchester.....	16,663 81	3,226 00	19,899 81	.....	19,899 81
Fredericton.....	267,510 66	15,981 00	283,491 66	3,245 61	280,246 05
Hillboro'.....	20,320 83	1,277 00	21,597 83	1,900 23	19,697 60
Moncton.....	118,803 46	8,614 00	127,417 46	4,851 45	122,566 01
Newcastle.....	122,022 86	1,691 00	123,713 86	2,180 36	121,533 50
Richibucto.....	65,837 07	303 00	66,140 07	919 67	65,220 40
St. Andrews.....	202,079 34	9,170 00	211,249 34	6,101 94	205,147 40
St. John.....	1,582,258 22	44,070 00	1,626,328 22	20,575 53	1,605,752 69
Sussex.....	14,369 00	4,707 88	19,076 88	294 00	18,782 88
Woodstock.....	192,569 04	10,374 00	202,943 04	3,953 07	198,989 97
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	718,319 30	63,285 00	781,604 30	20,972 04	760,632 26
Total.....	10,841,196 50	657,033 22	11,498,229 72	384,173 05	11,114,056 67

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 25th April, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST APRIL, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Armstrong .....	.....	Kings.....N.S.	John Miles.....
Battery Hill .....	.....	Pictou.....N.S.	Peter A. Grant.....
Belleisle .....	.....	Kings.....N.S.	William Kierstead.....
Berryton	Leeds	Leeds, S.R.....O.	James Berry.....
Beulah	Sec. 4, Tp. 15, R. 26 W.....	.....M.	G. H. Rowsell.....
Bowesville	Gloucester.....	Russell.....O.	J. Gamble.....
Cartwright	Sec. 18, Tp. 2, R. 14 W.....	Marquette.....M.	T. S. Menary.....
Chicot	St. Cuthbert	Berthier	Thomas G. Chênevert.....
Chignecto .....	.....	Cumberland.....N.S.	John Patrick.....
Conns Mills.....	.....	Cumberland.....N.S.	Angus McPherson.....
Corbyville.....	Thurlow	Hastings, E.R.....O.	W. Bennett.....
Dereham Centre.....	Dereham	Oxford, S.R.....O.	Robert G. Bigham.....
Derry West.....	Toronto	Peel.....O.	T. McCollum.....
Fréchette	St. Nicholas	Lévis	Nazaire Fréchette.....
Glendale.....	Westminster.....	Middlesex, E.R.....O.	A. Baughart.....
Grattan .....	.....	Northumberland.....N.B.	P. Grattan.....
Jessopville.....	Melancthon.....	Grey, S.R.....O.	William Gray.....
Keith .....	.....	Kings.....N.B.	B. A. Keith.....
Lakeburn .....	.....	Westmoreland.....N.B.	F. Leblanc.....
Locksley (re-opened).....	Alice	Renfrew, N.R.....O.	W. H. Sparling.....
Mabou Harbour Mouth .....	.....	Inverness	Lewis McKeen.....
Maguire	McGillivray	Middlesex, N.R.....O.	Alexander Tod.....
Mary's Point.....	.....	Albert	C. Foster.....
Mill Settlement .....	.....	Sunbury.....N.B.	N. Hoyt.....
Morcambe .....	.....	Kings.....N.B.	J. Fowler.....
Mull River .....	.....	Inverness.....N.S.	James Beaton.....
Newburn .....	.....	Lunenburg	Charles Joudry.....
Parlee Settlement.....	.....	Kings.....N.B.	H. Parlee.....
Power's Creek .....	.....	Victoria.....N.B.	P. O. Byram.....
Salt Springs Station .....	.....	Cumberland.....N.S.	J. W. Black.....
Scotch Village (re-opened) .....	.....	Hants.....N.S.	Henry S. Cochran.....
St. Adolphe de Howard.....	Howard.....	Argenteuil.....Q.	James Demers.....
St. Clair Siding.....	Tilbury West.....	Essex.....O.	James Reaume.....
Starkville	Clarke	Durham, W.R.....O.	A. Stark.....
Trottier	Ste. Hélène de Chester.....	Arthabaska.....Q.	Antoine Lafleur.....
Victoria Settlement.....	.....	Sunbury.....N.B.	Thomas Harper.....
West Scotch Settlement.....	.....	Kings.....N.B.	D. McLaughlin.....

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Derry West.....Co. Peel, O.
Daywood.....Co. Grey, N.R., O
Millville.....Co. Gloucester, N.B.
Newport Point.....Co. Gaspé, Q.
Paquetville.....Co. Gloucester, N.B.

NAME CHANGED.

Bulstrode, Co. Arthabaska, Q.....to St. Valère de Bulstrode.
Chenier, Co. Arthabaska, Q.....to St. Rémi de Tingwick.
Hopewell Corner, Co. Albert, N.B.....to Albert.
New Germany, Co. Lunenburg, N.S.....to Barss' Corners.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60			
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25			
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	56,381 92			
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00			
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00			
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77			
Fractional Notes.....	167,381 60					
Provincial "	78,382 92					
Montreal issue.....	6,772,152 00					
Toronto "	4,833,296 50					
Halifax "	1,773,365 50					
St. John "	663,781 75					
Victoria "	27,077 50					
Total.....	\$14,315,437 77					
Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st March..... 1,899,461 92						
Additional at Montreal on 3rd April..... 250,000 00						
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures 2,149,461 92						
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—						
10 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77 1,431,543 77						
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—						
15 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77 2,147,315 67 \$3,578,859 44						
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 1,490,602 48						
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13. 12,000,000 00						
75 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77..... 10,736,578 33						
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 1,263,421 67						
SUMMARY.						
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 1,490,602 48						
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 1,263,421 67						
Total Excess..... 2,754,024 15						

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 14th April, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES,

LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.		Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
		Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878 ; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.		
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds ; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds. ; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).	Accident.	
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock ; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures ; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.	
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.	
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.	Inland Marine.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire and Inland Marine.	
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900)	Life.	
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds	Fire and Inland Marine.	
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilton.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300)	Life.	
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Steam Boilers, &c.	Life and Accident.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Fire and Inland Marine.	Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire.	
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire and Life.	
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Life.	
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Life.	
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Life.	
The Confederation Life Association of Canada	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333)	Guarantee.	
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association.....	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.	\$50,000 cash.....	Fire.	
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B)	Fire.	
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.	
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures ; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds ; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210) ...	Guarantee.	
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.	
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.	
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.	
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.	
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.	
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's ; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200).....	Fire and Life	
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.	
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock	Guarantee and Accident.	
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	£21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.	
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.	
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.	
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life.	Plate Glass Insuranc.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Life.	
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.	
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.	
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A) ; \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.	

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586) ..	Life.
The Phoenix Life Assurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Apts Mont....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life)	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B)	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066) ..	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Life.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915).....	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Acciden
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1863 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court. The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims. The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME LE QUEBEC, ON THE 31ST MARCH, 1882.

CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 256,962 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,793,624 49	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 85,462 61	\$ cts. 6,316,049 51
City and District Savings Bank.....										
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,027,763 28	83,000 00	116,060 38	3,226,823 66

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.							
Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock.	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
\$ cts. 2,500 00	\$ cts. 1,407,714 00	\$ cts. 600 00	\$ cts. 2,590,301 13	\$ cts. 1,586,258 04	\$ cts. 831,120 88	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. *448,893 40	\$ cts. 7,047,387 45
95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	1,015,959 15	127,510 22	1,088,522 93	83,000 00	237,220 00	130,379 61	3,499,112 33
City and District Savings Bank.....									
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....									

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th April, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	8,818 00	1,862 37
Agricultural Implements	"	6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,881 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" " U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	250 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
Sparkling	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles	\$	442,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, exclusive of British
Columbia, for February, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	45,613 00	1,212 00	46,825 00
do Fisheries.....	290,549 00	2,301 00	292,850 00
do Forest.....	304,534 00	18,683 00	323,512 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,084,959 00	17,508 00	1,102,467 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,077,633 00	149,805 00	2,227,438 00
Manufactures	207,494 00	29,174 00	236,668 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	31,666 00	1,364 00	33,030 00
Totals.....	4,042,448 00	220,352 00	4,262,800 00
Coin and Bullion.....			
Grand Ttal.	4,042,448 00	220,352 00	4,262,800 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 28th March, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000.....	\$4,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock.....	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	<i>\$ cts.</i>	<i>Assets.</i>	<i>\$ cts.</i>
Capital.....	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities.....	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada.....	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months.....	389 51
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	2,054 24
		Other Assets	2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.
Extent and value of real property owned Nil.
Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest Nil.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify

from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882.

39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ottawa Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

(a) The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said lands.

(c) The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

(d) To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(e) To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:—Charles Magee, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Eli Lanford of the City of Hamilton, mer-

chant; Duncan McArthur, of the City of Winnipeg, banker; James Albert Manning Aikens, of the City of Winnipeg, barrister-at-law; the Honourable Corydon Parslow Brown, of the City of Winnipeg, Minister of Public Works; and the Honourable Donald MacInnes, of the City of Hamilton, Senator; all of whom are to be first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, this 24th day of April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," by the Honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, Senator; Robert Doull, M.P., of Pictou, Nova Scotia; John Alexander Mackenzie, of Sarnia, Ontario, barrister; Frank Egerton Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, miller; Hugh MacMahon, Q.C., of London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, of Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., immigration agent; William Pugsley, Jr., of the City of St. John, New Brunswick, barrister; Leigh Richmond Harrison, of the said City of St. John, barrister, and Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, also of the said City of St. John, barrister, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes herein-after mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To acquire lands and other property in the province of Manitoba, and the North-West Territory; to colonize, settle, improve and sell the said land and develop the resources thereof of every nature; to survey, divide up and build upon the same; to develop and work fisheries along the shores of Long Lake; to erect and establish stores on said property and to purchase and vend goods of every description; to buy, sell, grant, convey, lease, rent, mortgage and generally deal with lands and all manner of interests in lands; to advance money and assistance to settlers on land or goods purchased from the company and to secure the repayment of such advances, with such interest as may be agreed upon; to make, provide, give aid to and use roads, railways, tramways, telegraph lines, vessels, steamers, wharves and all other works and means of transport necessary upon the lands and waters of the company, or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company.

3. The principal place of business of said company will be in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of said company will be four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The several persons hereinbefore described will be the first provisional directors of said company.

MACKENZIE, GURD & KITTERMASTER,

Solicitors for applicants, Sarnia, Ont.

Dated 15th April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877" to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Dight, miller, John Fox, merchant, Francis Winnette Ball, bank manager, Bernard Stanley, merchant, William Stanley, miller, Lewis Cann, merchant, and Robert Fox, insurance agent, all of the village of Lucan, in the County of Middlesex and Province of Ontario; James Marr, of the Township of McGillivray, in said County, farmer; William Murdoch, of the Township of Adelaide, in said County, farmer; and Daniel Neil, of the Township of Biddulph, in said County, farmer.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The North Middlesex Colonization Company of Lucan, Canada."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

(6) To work all mines of coal, lignite, or other minerals that may be found upon the said lands.

3. The village of Lucan, in the Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one hundred thousand dollars divided into two thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company are the said above-named intended applicants:—Thomas Dight, John Fox, Francis Winnette Ball, Bernard Stanley, Robert Fox and James Marr.

STREET & BECHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, Ont., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The North West Land and Grazing Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company thereof as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3 The city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say :

Legh Richmond Harrison, of the city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, barrister-at-law ; John Livingston, of the said city and province, journalist ; Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, of Rockland, in the County of Westmoreland and Province aforesaid, quarry manager ; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, in the county of Kings, and province aforesaid, mining engineer ; William Pugsley, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman ; William Railnie, of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Gentleman ; Edward G. Scovil, of the Parish of Simonds, in the city and county of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, manufacturer ; of whom the said Legh Richmond Harrison, John Livingston, Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, Alfred Markham and William Pugsley are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. R. HARRISON,
Solicitor for applicants:

Saint John, N. B., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants, and others who may become associated with them as a joint stock company under the name of "The St. Lawrence Manufacturing Company."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are

the manufacturing, buying and selling fixtures and fastenings for windows, blinds and awnings ; for purchasing and using or selling any letters patent of invention which may be of use to the company in connection therewith ; for the purpose of buying and using or selling any other letters patent of invention as may be thought expedient by the directors of the company, and of manufacturing, buying and selling such other goods, ware and commodities as to the directors of said company may seem expedient.

The capital stock of the company is to be fifty thousand dollars. The number of shares is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of five dollars.

The City of Montreal is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows :—

Charles Edgar Kennedy, of Hatley, in the County of Stanstead, Province of Quebec, trader ; Charles Carroll Colby, M.P., of Stanstead, in said County ; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, of the City of Sherbrooke, in said Province, Esquire ; Frederick Fairman, of the City of Montreal, in said Province, merchant ; Robert Baker May, of said City of Montreal, printer ; John Gilman Elder, of the town of Derby, in the State of Vermont, trader, and Stiles Frost of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, trader.

All the said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company.

CHAS. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Montreal, 3rd April, 1882.

44-6

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Edmonton and Ontario Colonization and Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals ; the colonizing, settling and selling the said land ; the survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same ; the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil ; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands ; the advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon ; the erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber ; the breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 5,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are : Bosson Ashford Mitchell, of the City of London, merchant ; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant ; John William Little, of the same place, merchant ; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant ; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant ; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant ; Charles Richard-

son, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; William Lind, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Muir, of the same place, merchant; and George Robinson, of the same place, merchant.

The above named applicants, who are all residents of Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

FRASER & FRASER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 24th day of April, 1882.
44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects herein-after mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or otherwise; power to carry on farming and to develop the resources of the Company; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of the purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company, and to issue debentures secured upon the lands of the Company, or otherwise, for the same purposes; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessities for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandise so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$600,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 6,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, Warring Kennedy, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward Carter, merchant, James Haywood, commercial traveller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Samuel Trees, Toronto, manufacturer; Warring Kennedy, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 19th April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Dufferin and Battle River Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of

railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be two thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Thomas Anthony Maitland McCarthy, of the Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin, in the Province of Ontario, Judge; William Legh Walsh, Esquire, Thomas MacAdam, banker, Richard Thompson Haun, bank manager, James Henry, doctor of medicine, John Gilchrist, William Reid Kent, Thomas Stevenson, James Moore Skelton, and Jeremiah Skelton, all merchants, Thomas Stern Williamson and James King Decatur, both Gentlemen, all of the said Town of Orangeville; Robert Wilson, of the Township of Mono, in said County, Gentleman; John Anderson, Registrar of Arthur, in the County of Wellington, in said Province; Samuel Michael Henry, of Harriston, in the County of Wellington, in said Province, doctor of medicine; William Henry Hunter, of the Township of East Garafraxa, in said County of Dufferin, Gentleman; John Gillespie, farmer, of the Township of Amaranth, in said County of Dufferin; William Stubbs, veterinary surgeon, and Alexander Skelton, farmer, both of the Township of Caledon, in the County of Peel, in said Province; of whom the said James Henry, Thomas Stevenson, John Gilchrist, James Moore Skelton and Thomas MacAdam are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

McCARTHY & WALSH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Orangeville, 17th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate

and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario Trade Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals, as the Government's Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with any existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide, and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent, for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain a transfer thereof, or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(o) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; William Gillzean Reid, Hamilton, merchant; Robert Davies, Toronto, brewer; Archibald George Hodge, Toronto, hotel-keeper; George Thomas Robinson, Toronto, merchant; Joshua Smith Hamilton, Brantford, merchant; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, Woodstock, merchant.

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDOUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto the 20th day of April, 1882. 43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The Wentworth Land Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral, timber and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway from and through the lands of the company to some point or place or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, bridges and other works, which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto in any part of Canada.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell, and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep, pigs and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain transfer therefor, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Hamilton, Ontario, with branch offices at such other place or places as the business of the company may require.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

4. There are to be 1000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the address of each of the applicants that is to say: George Roach, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman, Robert Evans, of the same place, merchant, James Murray Lottridge, of the same place, manufacturer, Hugh Duncan Cameron, of the same place, banker, Hugh Murray, of the same place, merchant, Charles Robinson Smith, of the same place, merchant, Thomas Lawry, of the same place, merchant, Robert McKechnie, of the Town of Dundas, in the County of Wentworth, manufacturer, all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are resident in Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Hamilton, 18th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned:

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Nova Scotia Steel Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the making steel from scrap steel, scrap iron, and pig iron, the product to be manufactured into plow plates, spring steel, steel springs, &c.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one hundred and sixty and the value of each share one thousand dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and callings of each of the applicants are—

James D. McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Graham Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; James M. Carmichael, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John F. Stairs, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, manufacturer; Henry S. Poole, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, mining engi-

neer; George Forrest McKay, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; Andrew Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, accountant; Duncan C. Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, barrister; Angus Chisholm, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; James Eastwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, jeweller; William Stewart, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, contractor; George W. Underwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Robert S. McCurdy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Donald Grant, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; George McDougall, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert A. Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Heywood McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Adam C. Bell, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, druggist; James Roy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, trader; John Ross, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, farmer; Simon A. Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; John B. Burland (in trust), of Montreal, Province of Quebec, agent; John S. McLean, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; John A. Matheson, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; Thomas Bayne, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; James Farquhar, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Alexander Forrest, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Thomas A. Ritchie, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, Gentleman; Thomas Cummings, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, clergyman; Catherine Dickson, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, widow; Thomas Watson, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank manager; John McKeen, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank clerk; Howard Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Clarence Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Roderick McKenzie, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; John Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; William G. Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert P. Grant, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Senator; Daniel McDonald, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, collector of customs; William McDonald, of Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, medical doctor; Henry M. Jost, of Guysborough, in the County of Guysborough, merchant; Jonathan Hartley, of Pirate Cove, in the County of Guysborough, merchant.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 15th day of April, A.D. 1882. 43-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for a charter of incorporation by Letters Patent, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Edmonton and Saskatchewan Land Company of Canada (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation by the said company is sought are:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the city of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is four hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of the said company is to be four thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and callings of the said applicants are as follows:—George Gordon Dustan, of Woodside House, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Bain Scarth, of the city of Toronto, in the county of York, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; the Honorable Alexander Morris, of the said city of Toronto, Esquire; McLeod Stewart, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; Archibald Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; Joseph James Gormully, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; William Darley Bentley, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; the Honorable Jedediah Slason Carvell, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, merchant and Senator; the Honorable Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the said city of Montreal, merchant and Senator; John Smith Maclean, of the city of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, merchant and President of the Bank of Nova Scotia; Jeremiah Harrison, of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; and John Leonard Harris, of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the said Province of New Brunswick, merchant.

7. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and are all residents of Canada.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-G

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Settlers Colonization Company (limited)."

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be three hundred thousand dollars in three thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—Thomas Lailey, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Stark, of the city of Toronto, broker; John Dryden, of the village of Brooklin, Esquire; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, of the city of Toronto, doctor of medicine; William Stewart, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; James Watson, of the city of Toronto, Esquire; Edward John Stobo, of the town of Peterboro, clergyman; William Buck, of the city of Brantford, iron founder; Charles Raymond, of the city of Guelph, manufacturer; Archibald Alexander Cameron, of the city of Ottawa, clergyman; George Booth, of the city of Toronto, manufacturer; William Elliot, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Harvard Castle, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; William Muir, of the city of Toronto, clergyman; William Joseph Copp, of the city of Hamilton, iron founder; George Richardson, of the village of Colborne, clergyman; Frederick Beyers, of the village of Carleton Place, iron founder.

The eleven first named are to be the provisional directors, and all reside in Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 20th April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice, for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the said company, a body politic and corporate for the purposes following, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought by the company are:

3. To acquire lands by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories or elsewhere, from the Dominion or any Provincial Government or any corporation or individuals; to sell, rent, lease, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of the said lands; to survey, colonize, settle, cultivate, improve and build upon the said lands; to advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, with power to secure such advances, with interest, upon such terms and in such manner, by way of mortgage or otherwise as may be mutually agreed upon; to erect and acquire or lease saw, grist or other mills; to establish shops or stores on the said lands and to purchase and vend articles and produce of every description; to build, acquire, own, charter, or lease, navigate and use steam and other vessels or boats for the purposes of the company; to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam or other vessels for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company; to build, construct and maintain all necessary bridges and wharves; to breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock and to carry on, in all its branches, farming and stock raising; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

4. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

5. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one million dollars.

6. The number of shares of the company is to be ten thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

7. The names in full, addresses, and callings of the said applicants are as follows: Alexander Manning, of the City of Toronto, capitalist; Philip McRae, of the City of Montreal, contractor; Charles James Campbell, of the City of Toronto, broker; Peter McLaren, of the City of Ottawa, lumber merchant; Dennis Ryan, of the City of St. Paul, farmer; and John Proctor, of the City of Hamilton, merchant.

8. The following of whom are to be the provisional directors of the company: Alexander Manning, John Proctor and Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor in Council under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877, by Clayton Slater, of the City of Brantford, Ontario, manufacturer; Ignatius Cockshut, of the same place, Gentleman; William Buck, of the same place, manufacturer; James Slater, of the City of London, Ontario, maltster, and John Harris, of the said City of Brantford, manufacturer, for letters patent incorporating them as a company to be known as "The Craven Cotton Company (Limited)," for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing and selling cotton and other fabrics throughout the Dominion of Canada. The head office and chief place of business of the company is to be at the City of Brantford, Ontario.

The capital stock is to be two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars divided into two thousand two hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars each. The above named parties are to be the first directors of the said company.

HARDY, WILKES & JONES,
Solicitors for the applicants.
Brantford, 22nd March, 1882. 39-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by the name of "The London and North-West Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are :

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats, sailing vessels or barges from, through, or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, save and except spirituous liquors, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils ; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The City of London, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is \$100,000.00.

5. There are to be 4000 (four thousand) shares, and each share is to be for the sum of \$25.00.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say : the Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, of the City of London, James Corcoran, of the Town of Stratford, merchant, James Joseph Foy, of the City of Toronto, barrister, Thomas Coffey, of the City of London, publisher, John Joseph Gibbons, of the same place, merchant, and John Joseph Blake, of the same place, barrister.

7. The said Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, James Corcoran, James Joseph Foy, Thomas Coffey, John Joseph Gibbons, and John Joseph Blake, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

PATTERSON & McHUGH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of April, 1882. 42-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Wellington and North Western Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are :

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba, and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Buying, acquiring, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interests in land and timber limits including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil ; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon ; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company ; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise ; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought ; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The City of Guelph is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$200,000.

4. There are to be 2,000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

5. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say :—William Bell, of the city of Guelph, in the

Province of Ontario, organ builder ; Thomas Goldie, of the same place, miller ; James Peebles, of the same place, secretary of the World Publishing Company ; Alexander Watson Alexander, of the same place, secretary of the Bell Organ Company, and Henry Walter Metcalf, of the same place, organ builder, and that the four first named of said applicants who all reside in the said city of Guelph are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

GUTHRIE & WATT,
Solicitors for applicants.

Guelph, 13th April, 1882.

42-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for a charter of incorporation under the said Act to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Hamilton Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said land.

The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgage and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon land in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants ; that is to say : Valancey England Fuller, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, barrister at law ; John Proctor, of the same place, merchant ; Reginald Æneas Kennedy, of the same place, publisher ; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough, railway manager ; and Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, merchant ; all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, 3rd of April, 1882.

41-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES' ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters

patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Eastern Townships Ranche Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are breeding and rearing cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North-West Territories ; buying, selling, trading and dealing in the same in said North-West Territories and elsewhere ; acquiring, holding and improving property required therefor.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec.

3. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$100,000—one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The name in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows : Matthew Henry Cochrane, of the Township of Compton, Senator ; William White, of the City of Sherbrooke, advocate ; William Farwell, of said City of Sherbrooke, bank manager ; Charles Carroll Colby, of the Village of Stanstead Plain, advocate ; John McLary, of the Township of Compton, farmer, and Edward Towle Brooks, of the said City of Sherbrooke, advocate, all in and of the Province of Quebec, and all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BROOKS, CAMIRAND & HURD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Sherbrooke, 5th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's previous notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named as the applicants therefor, for a company under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Shell River Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought, are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving, and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration onto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means ; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Belleville or the Town of Trenton, both in the County of Hastings, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$500,000, divided into 20,000 shares of \$25 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants:—David Gilmour, lumber merchant, William Jeffs, grain merchant, George Henry Gordon, merchant, William Ford Baker, grain merchant, John Hendricks, yeoman, Anson Green Whittier, merchant, all of Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, printer and publisher, George Dean Dickson, barrister, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, barrister, Cornelius James Starling, contractor, all of Belleville; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, Charles Ashley, carriage maker, Stephen Allen Lazier, manufacturer, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, merchant, all of Foxboro; James Stalker Hamilton, yeoman, and Peter Rockwell Daly, yeoman, both of Halloway.

The first or provisional directors of the company are the aforesaid David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allan Lazier and Charles Ashley, all of whom are British subjects residing in Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Belleville, 4th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor in Council, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal, incorporating as a body corporate and politic the persons hereunder mentioned with all who may become shareholders in the said corporate body so to be created for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle and Touchwood Hills Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from any Government, corporation or individual, land or any interest therein in the Dominion of Canada, the survey, improvement, colonization, cultivation, settlement, sale, conveyance, mortgaging and leasing thereof, the building thereupon and otherwise dealing therewith.

The taking of mortgages or other securities in payment of said lands or other property of the company at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon with the purchasers, and the selling and assigning of such mortgages or other securities.

The advancing of money to and otherwise assisting settlers on or purchasers of lands and the securing of the re-payment of such advances and assistance with interest at such rates as may be mutually agreed upon by mortgage upon land or otherwise.

The granting of bonuses or other assistance to railways and other enterprises and works passing through or tending to open up or improve the lands of said company or to advance the interests thereof.

The encouragement, promotion and aid of immigration to the Dominion of Canada from Great Britain and foreign countries.

To erect or acquire and maintain and operate upon or in connection with said lands, saw and grist mills and manufactories and to sell and dispose of any of the said mills or manufactories and of the manufactures thereof, and to erect, maintain and operate tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, roads, streets, bridges and other works in connection with said lands for the benefit of said lands, or to otherwise promote the interests of said company.

The producing and buying and selling of live stock, grain and other products of the soil, and the buying and selling of personal property generally.

The power to borrow on the credit of the company or on the security of its property by mortgaging or otherwise, and to invest moneys, and generally such powers in addition to the above as may be useful or necessary to carry out the objects of the incorporation.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, with power to have branches and agencies at

other places in and out of Canada, but the first meeting of the provisional directors and of the shareholders may be held at any place in Canada upon which a majority of said directors shall decide, and subsequent meetings of the provisional and regular directors and of the shareholders shall be held wherever decided upon by said provisional or regular directors.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$300,000.

5. The number of shares is to be twelve thousand, and the amount of each share twenty-five dollars.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

James Murray, ship-owner, James Livingston, farmer, Charles Peters Camp, gardener, Hiram Blanvill Hamill, mechanic, and William John Murray, master mariner, all of the City of St. Catharines, in the County of Lincoln and Province of Ontario, who are to be the provisional directors of the said company.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Battleford and Northwestern Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling the grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property and rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of said company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary for advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at Mono Mills, in the Electoral District of Cardwell, with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be two thousand five hundred, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:

Robert Lawrence, of Mono Mills, physician and surgeon, John Kelly, of the township of Adjala, farmer; Silas Huntingdon Foster, of the City of Toronto, merchant; Henry Bracken, of the township of Adjala, miller; Henry Allison, of the township of King, farmer; George Kidd, of Mono Mills, farmer, all in the Province of Ontario. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first provisional directors of the company.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,
For the applicants.

Dated at Mono Mills, 23th March, 1882. 41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council in accordance with the provisions of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Canadian Fruit Export Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(a.) To purchase and sell Canadian and foreign patents, whether now issued or to be issued hereafter, for saving or preserving fruits or vegetables and packing the same either for export or storage.

(b.) To manufacture fruit safes for houses and stores, and fruit cases for the transportation of fruit, and to sell said right to manufacture, to others either out rights or under a royalty.

(c.) To purchase and sell fruit and vegetables of any kind and nature whatsoever, to export and import the same either from or into Canada, and to pack said fruit and vegetables in cases and sell the same in Canada or foreign markets.

(d.) To acquire movable and immovable property, to lease and erect suitable buildings for the purposes of said business.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock of the company is fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00).

5. The number of shares is five hundred of the value of one hundred dollars per share.

6. The names in full, together with the address and calling of each of the applicants, are respectively as follows: George Albert Cochrane, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman; Francis Ernest Gilman, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate; Thomas Craig, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, cashier; Edward Kirk Greene, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, merchant; David Timothy Irish, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, agent; James Naismith Greenshields, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate; and Charles Henry Cordingley, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, distiller.

7. The first or provisional board of directors of the company are to be the aforesaid George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields and Charles Henry Cordingley, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED & GUERIN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 6th April, 1882. 41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that a pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from this publication, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada

granting to the applicants hereinafter named a charter constituting them and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company sought to be incorporated is "The Anglo Canadian Ranch Company, limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation of the company is sought are the importing into and the breeding and raising of cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North West Territories and elsewhere within Canada; the trading and dealing in them or any of them or any of their products throughout the Dominion of Canada; the shipping of the same to foreign countries; the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, the selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with, all or any part of the property of the company and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, and Dominion of Canada.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in two hundred shares of five hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: James Craig, of the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, farmer; John Hodgins, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, barrister-at-law; Celestin Gagné, of the City of Ottawa, merchant; John Kemp, of the Township of Goulburn, in the said County of Carleton, farmer; Abraham Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, Assessment Commissioner; Joseph Eugène Dupuis, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Adolphus Christin, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Edwin Wood Clark, of the Township of Nepean, in the said County of Carleton, farmer; George Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, merchant; William Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, farmer; John McKinstry, of the said City of Ottawa, real estate agent; Richard Nesbitt, Bishop, of the said City of Ottawa, hotel keeper; Thomas Cameron Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Harmonic Gerald Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant, and Richard Craig, of the Village of Kempville, in the County of Grenville, merchant.

6. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

JOHN HODGINS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Ottawa, 31st March, 1882. 40-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand five hundred, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Stewart, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Herron, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Hugh MacLennan, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, forwarder; Archibald Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; McLeod Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; Francis Henry Chrysler, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law, and Joseph James Gormully, of the said City of Ottawa, barrister-at-law. Whereof the said Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart and Joseph James Gormully are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 30th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the provisions of "The

Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company, shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes herein-after mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ontario and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Dominion of Canada from the Governments of Canada or of the Provinces, companies and private individuals.

(b) The settling, colonizing, surveying, laying out, and improving, draining, clearing, cultivating, building on and otherwise dealing with the same.

(c) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with land and all manner of interests in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting of settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payments of such advances with interest by way of mortgage or agreement or otherwise, the granting of loans or bonuses to enterprises for the opening up or improving of such lands; with power to borrow and invest money, to mortgage the lands of the company or any part thereof for the purposes aforesaid, or for any of the purposes of the company, and all such other powers as are useful and necessary in promoting, aiding and encouraging immigration and the settlement and opening up of the country, and to advance the objects of the company.

3. The chief place of business is to be in the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$500,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be five thousand of the sum of \$100 each.

6. The names in full and addresses of the applicants are, John Bacon, Esquire, Silas James, P.L.S., Robert McPhail, merchant, Edmund Henry Duggan, barrister, Ogle Robert Peck, Esquire, John Austin Worrell, barrister, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, estate agent, John J. Cook, Esquire, and Matthew Walton, agent, all of the City of Toronto; Thomas Armstrong, of the Village of Yorkville, in the County of York, Doctor of Medicine, and Richard Shaw Wood, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman; of whom the said John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong and Richard Shaw Wood are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE & WORRELL,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the under-mentioned persons and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Bow River Ranch Company, Limited," for the purposes of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep, swine and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock farming, at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territories of the Dominion and elsewhere within Canada; with power to take, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise acquire land, ranches, cattle runs, and any rights or privileges which the company may deem necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business in selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company; also power to acquire or construct saw mills, grist mills, woolen mills or other industrial establishments, and manufacture lumber, flour and other products of those establishments; also, power to dig, excavate, mine, purchase and sell coal or other minerals which may

be found in or on the lands of the company in any part of the Dominion; also, power to build wharves, and build or lease barges or steam craft and run the same on Bow River or its connecting waters.

The chief place of business of the company is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

The capital stock of the company to be forty thousand dollars, to be divided into four hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the applicants are Charles McMichael, Esquire, Archibald Young, Esquire, both of the city of Toronto; George Augustus Muttibury, of the city of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Alexander Begg, of Orillia, mill owner, and Alexander Gemmel, of the city of Toronto, merchant.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

McMICHAEL, HOSKIN & OGDEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Thomas Beattie, merchant, George S. Birrell, merchant, and Charles B. Hunt, miller, Samuel Grigg, hotel keeper, William McGregor, physician, and Andrew McCormack, merchant, all of the City of London, Ontario, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The London Colonization Company of Canada (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—to purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada, to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting on any terms or system that may be considered advisable, to stock the same lands and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce to work; convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral productions of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property, and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration unto the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada, and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal property for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the said proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$100,000, in 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The above mentioned applicants who are all residents of Canada are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

MEREDITH & MEREDITH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 22nd March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The New Brunswick and North-West Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money in the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things

as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Simeon Jones, of the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, banker; John Livingston, of the same place, journalist; Charles Henry Fairweather, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Tuck, of the same place, barrister; Howard Douglas Troop, of the same place, shipowner; William Henry Thorne, of the same place, merchant; Ezekiel McLeod, Leigh Richmond Harrison, George Wheelock Burbidge and William Pugsley, the younger, of the same place, barristers; Alfred Bennington Sheraton, of the same place, merchant; Oliver Timson Stone, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; Robert Randolph Call, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, in the said Province; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, Kings County, in the said Province, mining engineer, and Edward Byron Winslow, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister, of whom the said Simeon Jones, John Livingston, William Henry Tuck, Howard Douglas Troop and William Henry Thorne, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

HARRISON & BURBIDGE,
Solicitors for applicants.

Saint John, N.B., 17th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Western Ontario Commercial Travellers Colonization and Land Company" (limited).

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling

of each of the applicants are: William Lind, of the city of London, Ontario, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Robert Cathcart Macfie, of the same place, merchant; John Green, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, Gentleman; John Burnett Laing, of the same place, merchant; George Sunby Birrill, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Birrill, of the same place, merchant; Bosom Ashford Mitchell, of the same place, merchant; Moses Masurett, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Herbert Marsh, of the same place, merchant; John Carrington Merritt, of the same place, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; George Robinson, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; James A'Kennedy, of the same place, druggist; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, of the same place, merchant; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; John Drinkwater Ivey, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; Alexander Johnston, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant, and Thomas Muir, of the same place, manufacturer.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada:—William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson, Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Masurett, John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin and John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER & FRASER,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, 22nd day of March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Birch Hills Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

4. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say:—William B. Alley, Truro, Charles Annand, Halifax, Alexander Begg, Orillia, George B. Brooks, Toronto, Archibald Bremner, London, Josiah Blackburn, London, James Brown, Welland, Arthur C. Bertram, North Sydney, Malcolm G. Bremner, London, William Cuzner, Ottawa, Edward F. Clarke, Toronto, John Cameron, London, William Campbell, Toronto, John A. Cook, Petrolia, William Cameron, London, James Carrel, Quebec, John J. Crabbe, St. Marys, Edmund J. Duggan, Montreal, William J. Douglas, Toronto, Thos. W. Dyas, Toronto, George Darby, Toronto, John S. Dewar, London, Melvin D. Dawson, London, Walter S. Dingman, Strathroy, Albert Dennis, Halifax, Wm. J. Ewing, St. John, Edwin H. Fogarty, Cobourg, Aimé Gélinas, Montreal, Thomas P. Gorman, Montreal, Henry J. P. Good, Toronto, George F. Gurnett, Ingersoll, Henry Gorman, Sarnia, John M. Harris, Hamilton, George C. Holland, Ottawa, Andrew Holland, Ottawa, James P. Jaffray, Brantford, James Innes, Guelph, Louis P. Kribs, Barrie, Alphonse A. C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, John L. Livingstone, St. John, Alexander P. Lowry, Toronto, Lowery Brothers, Petrolia, Hugh M. Matthewson, Toronto, François R. Marceau, Montreal, Charles W. Mitchell, Ottawa, Charles A. Matthews, Toronto, Thomas D. S. Moore, Toronto, Geo. Thomas Moore, Liver-

pool, William C. Milner, Sackville, Thomas W. Michael, Aylmer, Wallace Maclean, Toronto, James I. McIntosh, Guelph, John McKillop, St. John, John Maclean, Toronto, Murdo Y. McLean, Seaforth, Joseph McLod, Fredericton, Richard McElheran, London, James R. Narraway, St. John, Geo. C. Ohren, Montreal, Alexander F. Pirie, Toronto, Samuel E. Pettigrew, Toronto, Thos. H. Preston, Toronto, Robert A. Payne, St. John, Carroll Ryan, Ottawa, Thomas J. Richardson, Ottawa, Ephraim P. Roden, Toronto, C. Blackett Robinson, Toronto, George A. Simpson, Battleford, Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., Edward R. Smith, St. Johns, James L. Stewart, Chatham, Henry E. Smallpiece, Guelph, Wm. Templeman, Almonte, Arthur F. Wallis, Toronto, Isaac Watson, Compton, S. Frank Wilson, Toronto, Charles A. Wilson, Toronto, Richard White, Montreal, Thos. White, Montreal, Edward Willis, St. John, Wm. Watt, jr., Brantford, James M. Walker, Perth, Hiram Wier, Halifax, Edward Flood, Lindsay, Fred. Going, Toronto, Josiah J. Bell, Ficton, Henry C. Stovel, Winnipeg, John A. Mackenzie, Prescott, Frederick G. Neelin, Seaforth, Edward M. Farrel, Liverpool, John E. Gemmill, Selkirk West, Henry Hough, Cobourg, Frederick W. James, St. John, James A. S. Mott, St. John, John E. Collins, Toronto, Nicholas Flood Davin, Toronto, Thos. Galbraith, Toronto, Frederick J. Gissing, Goderich, Percy Hamilton, Halifax, Henry J. Hubertus, Ottawa, Wm. Magee, London, Henry C. Bell, Toronto, Alex. McCleneghan, Woodstock, James J. White, Ottawa, James Watt, Toronto, Thomas A. Spence, Winnipeg, John F. Shaw, Toronto, Wm. Wesley, Barrie, Samuel Wesley, Barrie, George B. Bradley, Toronto, Geo. Johnson, Toronto, George R. Kingsmill, Ottawa, William Dennis, Halifax, Albert Horton, Toronto, Robert S. White, Montreal, George Eyvel, Toronto, Arch. McNee, Winnipeg, each and all of whom are journalists.

Of whom the said John L. Livingston, Arthur C. Bertram, Robert S. White, Albert Horton, and George Bradley Bradley, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 30th March, 1882.

40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic, under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the said Company shall be "The Federal Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(1) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real or personal property or any interest or estate therein in the Dominion of Canada, including the Provinces and Territories thereof, and to negotiate the purchase and sale of houses, city, town, village and farm property, leases, mortgages, stocks and other securities, and generally to transact any description of commission and agency business.

(2) To improve such property by building upon, fencing, draining or in any other way deemed advisable by the said company, for the use and enjoyment thereof or for encouraging settlement thereon.

(3) To sell, lease, exchange or in any other manner to dispose of all property, real and personal acquired by the company in any way or any interest therein on instalment or on any other terms, and to take, hold and have mortgages for unpaid purchase money with full power to sell, foreclose and dispose of such mortgages, and generally to deal both in the acquire-

ment and disposition of such property in the same manner to the same extent, and with as ample and full powers as a private individual.

(4) To borrow money on the security of any property of the said company or any part thereof, and to raise money upon the credit of the company by the issue of debentures, bonds or other securities, and to grant mortgages, trust deeds or other deeds of security over all or any part of the company's assets for the repayment of all or any part of the money borrowed.

(5) To make investments in the purchase of public funds or debentures of the United Kingdom, Canadian or the United States Government, or the Government of any of the Canadian Provinces or of any municipal corporation, body of public trustees or commissioners, or in any incorporated company in Great Britain, Canada or the United States, and to purchase stocks, shares or deposit receipts of any incorporated company or companies, with full and absolute power to sell, dispose of and deal with the same to the same extent as a private individual.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Hugh Scott, City of Toronto, underwriter; Robert Barber, City of Toronto, merchant; John Fitzallen Ellis, City of Toronto, merchant; Alexander Archibald Allan, City of Toronto, merchant; Thomas Walmsley, City of Toronto, underwriter; William Frederick Carrier, City of Toronto, merchant; William Myddleton Hall, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law; James Scott Fullerton, City of Toronto, barrister-at-law.

6. The first eight of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

HALL & FULLERTON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 16th March, 1882. 39-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, granting a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the said company is "The British North American General Farming and Colonizing Company, (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands or any interest in lands, in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, or elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada, by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion of Canada, the Provincial Governments, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company or any corporation or corporations, person or persons.

3. The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

4. The surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, farming, building upon, including mills and machinery, and otherwise dealing with the same.

5. The selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; and the right to sell and assign such mortgages.

6. To promote, aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said

country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

7. To aid by way of bonus or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway, and of steamboats or other vessels or carriages to, from or through lands of the said company; to make roads and to aid, construct, build and operate such works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

8. To own, buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of farm implements, goods and chattels required by the company, or by any person or persons who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and all other powers necessary and incident thereto.

9. To breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock raising, including the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise of cattle ranches or lands specially adapted for grazing purposes, and the working of the same.

10. To acquire woodlands and timber limits within the Dominion, by purchase or otherwise, and to conduct the business of lumberers and timber merchants in all its branches and connections, including the right to own, purchase, prepare, manufacture, transport and sell all kinds of building material, wooden ware, agricultural implements, wagons, carts, &c., to build vessels, ships, boats, docks and piers; to conduct the business of cotton, woolen, and carding mills, of flour and grist milling, of foundry, machine, and blacksmith shops, to acquire and work quarries, mineral and coal lands, and to purchase land and buildings, mill privileges and water powers, and to erect such buildings necessary to carry on such businesses; to conduct the business of a general wholesale and retail store; to make and work roads, tramways and channels of water and to subscribe for and take stocks in booming and river driving companies and associations, and to own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

11. To borrow on the security of their own debentures, or otherwise, such sum or sums of money as may be necessary, if required for the carrying on of the aforesaid businesses and that with or without security; to purchase and sell, make and endorse bills of exchange and promissory notes; to invest in the security of mortgages on real estate in the Dominion of Canada, or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation within the said Dominion, or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the said Dominion or of any of the Provinces therein, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said businesses for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested, and to do all other things whatsoever incidental to the aforesaid businesses.

12. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, with branches at Winnipeg or elsewhere in Ontario, Manitoba and the North West Territories.

13. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

14. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Mossom Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria, and Province of Ontario, lumber-manufacturer; Mossom Martin Boyd, of the same place, lumber manufacturer; John Macdonald, of the City of Albany, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, lumber merchant; Alexander Niven, of the Village of Haliburton, in the Provisional County of Haliburton, Provincial Land Surveyor; William Thornton Cust Boyd, of the Village of Bobcaygeon, in the County of Victoria aforesaid, lumber manufacturer; and John Augustus Barron, of the Town of Lindsay, in the said County of Victoria, solicitor, all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

JOHN A. BARRON,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Lindsay, 29th March, 1882.

39-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company, (Limited)," for the purposes of acquiring, settling and conveying lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories, of improving, cultivating, building upon and otherwise improving the same, of buying and selling grain and other products of the soil, of carrying on farming in all its branches, of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses and other stock, of buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing in lands and all manner of interest in lands, of advancing money and assistance to settlers on lands purchased from the company or otherwise and securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon, and of carrying on trade as general manufacturers, merchants, millers and forwarders, and for establishing agencies in Canada or elsewhere for the purposes aforesaid, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as may be necessary and incident thereto.

The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, Ontario, with branch offices at Winnipeg, Manitoba, and at Qu'Appelle Valley, N. W. T.

The capital stock of the said company is to be \$600,000, in six thousand shares of \$100 each.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are, William Robert Bell, of Brockville, province of Ontario, farmer; John Northwood, of the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, farmer; Hermann Joseph Eberts, of the said town of Chatham, Gentleman; Robert Crawford, of the town of Brockville aforesaid, Gentleman; William Northwood, of the said town of Chatham, maltster; Francis Carmichael Bruce, of the city of Hamilton, seedsman; Thomas Caldwell Ellwood, of the city of Toronto, electrician; Edmund Burritt, of Easton's Corners in the township of Wolford, farmer; William Ryan Thistle, of Ottawa, lumberman; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, of Milford, in the county of Brandon, Manitoba, miller; Charles Frederick Houghton, of the city of Winnipeg, Gentleman, and John Fisher Wood, of the said town of Brockville, barrister, of whom the six first named are to be provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are residents of Canada.

SALTER M. JARVIS,
Solicitor for applicants.

Chatham, Ont., March 24, 1882.

39-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875, AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the matter of The Mechanics Bank, a body corporate and politic, and having its head office in the City and District of Montreal, Insolvent.

I THE undersigned, James Court, of the City of Montreal, Assignee in this matter, hereby give notice that I have made a call (being the fourth) of twenty per cent. upon the shareholders of the said Bank, both ordinary and preferential, on the amount of their double liability under sections 57, 58 and 59 of the Banking Act of 1871 (34 Vic., Cap. 5) said call being payable at my office, No. 22 St. John street, in the City of Montreal, on Thursday the first day of June next, 1882.

JAMES COURT,
Assignee.

Montreal, 28th April, 1882.

44-1

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.—A special general meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held on the twenty-second day of May next, at the office of the company, in Montreal, at twelve o'clock noon, to consider and confirm the deed of agreement for the purchase of the Western section of the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway, executed on the fourth day of March last, and passed by the Legislature of the Province of Quebec.

By order of the Board.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.

44-4

QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE. Is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Monday, the fifth day of June next.

The chair to be taken at three P.M.

By order of the Board.

J. STEVENSON,
Chairman.

Quebec, 27th April, 1882.

44-4

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND No. 52.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the seventeenth to the thirty-first day of May, both days included.

The annual general meeting of stockholders for the election of directors, will be held at the Banking House of the institution on Wednesday, the 21st of June next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

D. COULSON,
Cashier.

Bank of Toronto, 26th April, 1882.

44-5

LA BANQUE JACQUES-CARTIER.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank, in the City of Montreal, on and after the first day of June next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st day of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next, at one o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

A. DE MARTIGNY,
Cashier.

Montreal, 27th April, 1882.

44-5

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, upon

the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Thursday, the 1st June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th to the 31st May next, —both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next. The chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

G. HAGUE,
General Manager. 44-5

Montreal, 22nd April, 1882.

THE MARITIME BANK OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at their office, in the City of St. John, on Friday, the second day of June next, at noon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board of Directors,

ALFRED RAY,
Cashier.

Saint John, New Brunswick, 25th April, 1882. 44-5

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city and at its branches on and after Thursday the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 5th day of June next. The chair to be taken at one o'clock.

By order of the Board,

A. MACNIDER,
Assistant General Manager, 44-6
Montreal, 25th April, 1882.

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 22nd to the 31st May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

UBALDE GARAND,
Cashier. 44-5

Montreal, 27th April, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by me, William Milner, of the Town of Strathroy, in the County of Middlesex and Province of Ontario, on Wednesday the seventeenth day of May, A.D. 1882, for an extension of the letters patent granted to me on the twenty-eighth day of January, A.D. 1869 and recorded twelfth day of February, A.D. 1869, of a new and useful improvement in wagon gearing, namely, Front Hounds with sway bar connected, and Back Hounds or Crotch, such improvements to be called "Front Hounds with sway bar connected, and Back Hounds or Crotch."

WILLIAM MILNER,
Patentee. 43-3

Strathroy, Ont., April 15, 1882.

KINGSTON & PEMBROKE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fifth call (10 p. c.) on the new issue of capital stock of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway will be payable on or before the 12th day of May, 1882, at the Office of the Company, in Kingston.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secretary Treasurer.

43-4

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.—The first annual meeting of the shareholders of this company for the election of directors and the transaction of business generally, will be held on Wednesday, the 10th day of May next, at the principal office of the company in Montreal, at 12 o'clock, noon.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 10th April, 1882.

42-4

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a final meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at 26 St. François Xavier Street, Montreal, at one o'clock p.m., on the 22nd day of May next, to receive the final report of the liquidators and to do all other things which the said shareholders may do at such final meeting under the provisions of the Act intituled "An Act to authorize and provide for the winding up of the Metropolitan Bank."

By order of the liquidators,

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 4th April, 1882.

41-7

SAINT LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of this company, will be held at No. 5, Moorgate street, in the City of London, England, on Monday, the eighth day of May next, at the hour of twelve o'clock at noon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

ARCHER BAKER,
General Superintendent.

Ottawa, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-13

DOMINION BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent upon the capital stock of this institution has been this day declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Banking

House, in this City, on and after Monday, the first day of May next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th April next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other purposes, will be held at the Banking House, in this City, at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 31st day of May next.

A resolution for an increase of the capital stock of the Bank, will be submitted to the shareholders by the directors at the annual meeting.

By order of the Board,

R. H. BETHUNE,

Cashier.

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

40-5

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 24 avril 1882.

JOHN JOSEPH MCGEE, Ecuyer, assistant greffier du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada; Son Député pour signer les Lettres Patentes des Terres de la Puissance et les Lettres Patentes des autres terres.

17 avril 1882.

ARTHUR ROBERTS, du Township d'Hemmingford, dans la Province de Québec, gentilhomme; Officier dans les douanes de Sa Majesté pour prévenir la contrebande.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du ministre de la Justice, Canada.

ATTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé en la session du Parlement du Canada tenue dans la trente-sixième année de Notre règne, chapitre neuvième et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick seulement, et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement, dans l'une ou l'autre de ces provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil (sauf seulement les ports d'Halifax et de Pictou, dans la Nouvelle-

Ecosse, et le port de St.-Jean, dans le Nouveau Brunswick.)

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du troisième jour d'avril dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant le port de St. Peters, dans le comté de Richmond, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, dans Notre Puissance du Canada, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements, et déclarant que les limites du dit port seront une ligne droite imaginaire tirée de Sutherland's Head à March Point, dans St. Peter's Bay.

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et un ordre en Conseil, nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au port de St. Peters, dans le comté de Richmond, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce TROISIÈME jour d'AVRIL, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'État.

42-3

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. ATTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé en la Session du Parlement du Canada tenue dans la trente-septième année de Notre règne, chapitre trente-quatre et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement (sauf les ports de Québec et de Montréal dans la province de Québec, et de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario,) dans l'une ou l'autre des dites provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil ;

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du troisième jour d'avril, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant New Richmond, dans le comté de Bonaventure, dans la province de Québec, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements, et définissant les limites du dit Port comme suit, savoir : A partir de la falaise de Maria jusqu'à la Rivière Caplan.

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et un ordre en Conseil, Nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la

nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de Québec, d'Ontario, de la Colombie-Britannique et de l'Île du Prince-Edouard," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au Port de New Richmond, dans le comté de Bonaventure, dans la province de Québec.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITE d'OTTAWA, ce TROISIÈME jour d'AVRIL, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

42-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Lundi, 24 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

ATENDU que par la section 5 de l' "Acte concernant les pêcheries" il est défendu de faire usage de matières explosives dans la pêche à la baleine, et attendu qu'il semble maintenant qu'on a adopté récemment l'usage de matières explosives perfectionnées qui ne soulèvent plus d'objection à cause de leur effet destructeur, comme celles en usage jusque-là, contre lesquelles était dirigée la prohibition, et attendu de plus que l'usage de ces matières explosives perfectionnées est maintenant adopté par les baleiniers américains qui fréquentent les mêmes eaux que les baleiniers canadiens,—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, sur la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité de la clause 19 de l' "Acte concernant les pêcheries," d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que l'amendement suivant soit, et le dit amendement est par le présent, ajouté aux règlements, savoir : —

"La section 5 de l'Acte concernant les pêcheries est suspendue en autant que la dite section se rattache à la chasse de la baleine au moyen d'engins explosifs."

JOHN MCGEE,

44-3 Greffier par interim du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT.

Ottawa, jeudi, 20 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

CONSIDERANT qu'une maladie contagieuse affectant les moutons et connue sous le nom de "gale des moutons", règne dans le comté de Laprairie et les comtés environnants, dans la province de

Québec, et qu'il est à propos de pourvoir à la séparation et l'isolement, autant que possible, des animaux atteints de cette maladie,—il a plu à Son Excellence, sur la recommandation du ministre de l'agriculture, et sous l'autorité des dispositions de l'acte 42 Vict., chapitre 23, et intitulé "Acte pour mieux protéger les animaux contre les épizooties ou les maladies contagieuses qui les attaquent," ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que les règlements suivants soient mis en vigueur :—

1. Il sera du devoir de tout cultivateur, propriétaire, ou éleveur, ou marchand de moutons, dès qu'il verra se manifester des symptômes de la maladie appelée "la gale des moutons" parmi aucun des animaux qu'il possède ou qui sont confiés à ses soins, de donner immédiatement avis de ce fait au ministre de l'agriculture, à Ottawa, ainsi que prescrit par la section 2 du dit acte.

S'il néglige de se conformer à la présente prescription, le propriétaire des moutons malades comme susdit perdra tout droit à une indemnité et n'en recevra aucune dans le cas où ces animaux seraient abattus conformément aux dispositions du présent acte ; et, de plus, la dissimulation de l'existence de cette maladie rendra, sur conviction de ce fait, passible d'une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres la personne qui s'en sera rendue coupable.

Quiconque enverra aux champs, gardera ou fera paître des moutons, sachant que ces animaux sont infectés de la maladie appelée la "gale des moutons," ou ont été exposés à l'infection ou contagion de cette maladie, dans ou sur quelque forêt, bois, savanne, grève, marécage, commune, terrain vague, champ ouvert ou autre terrain non divisé ou non clos, sera, sur conviction, puni d'une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres.

3. Quiconque amènera sur un marché ou ailleurs un animal qu'il saura infecté de la "gale des moutons," encourra et paiera, pour chaque contravention dont il sera convaincu, une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres.

4. Toute personne qui jettera ou mettra ou fera jeter ou mettre dans une rivière, cours d'eau, canal, dans des eaux navigables ou autres, ou dans la mer à moins de dix milles du rivage, le corps d'un mouton mort de la "gale des moutons," ou qui aura été abattu parce qu'il était attaqué de cette maladie, encourra et paiera sur conviction de ce fait, une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres.

5. Toute personne qui déterrera, fera déterrer ou permettra que l'on déterre le cadavre enfoui d'un mouton mort ou supposé mort de la "gale des moutons," ou abattu à cause de cette maladie, encourra et paiera, sur conviction de ce fait, une amende n'excédant pas cent piastres.

6. Lorsqu'un mouton infecté de la "gale des moutons" sera exposé ou mis en vente, ou qu'on l'amènera dans ce but sur un marché, à une foire ou autre lieu ouvert ou public où l'on expose d'ordinaire des animaux en vente, alors tout agent de police, officier municipal ou inspecteur dûment autorisé fera confisquer et détruire cet animal ainsi que toutes encloses, claies, auges, litières, foin, paille ou autres objets infectés, ou en fera disposer de telle manière que bon lui semblera ou qui pourra être ordonnée.

7. Nul ne pourra avoir en sa possession ou sous ses soins un mouton infecté de la "gale des moutons," ni le faire soigner d'aucune manière dans le but de le guérir de cette maladie.

8. Les moutons infectés de la "gale des moutons," ou les moutons qui se seront trouvés en contact avec d'autres moutons malades de la dite gale, ou qui auront été dans des champs, écuries, étables ou autres bâtiments dans lesquels l'existence de cette maladie aura été constatée, ne pourront pas être déplacés, sans un permis par écrit d'un inspecteur autorisé à cette fin par le ministre de l'agriculture.

9. Tous les hangars, dépendances et lieux occupés par des moutons infectés de la gale, devront être nettoyés et désinfectés à l'aide d'eau chaude et d'acide carbolique, (dont une livre par quatre gallons d'eau), et ensuite blanchis à la chaux vive dans laquelle sera mêlée du chlorure de chaux dans la proportion de une livre de chlorure pour chaque gallon d'eau, jusqu'à la hauteur d'au moins cinq pieds du sol ou plancher.

10. Lorsque la chose sera jugée nécessaire, un inspecteur ordonnera d'abattre et enfouir tous les animaux gravement infectés de la maladie ci-dessus, et toute personne ayant en sa possession des moutons infectés de la "gale des moutons" et qui ne les soignera pas de la manière ordonnée, sera passible des amendes qui pourront être infligées en vertu des dispositions de l'acte susdit.

43-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assist.-greffier, C. P.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que le district de l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe Saint-Laurent, établi par ordre en conseil le 6 juin 1874 pour les fins du susdit acte, soit et le dit district est par le présent aboli.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 18 2

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada, d'ordonner et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage, soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant du côté ouest de la rivière Chicot jusqu'au côté ouest de la rivière à la Loutre sur l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus, il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. William Carter, gardien du phare à la Pointe Sud, sur la dite île, percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la trente-

sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant du côté est de la rivière à la Loutre vers l'est jusqu'à la Pointe Charleston, sur le côté nord de l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. Thomas Gagné, gardien du phare à la Pointe Est sur la dite île, comme percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA,

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, tenue en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant du côté est de la rivière Becsies, jusqu'au côté ouest de la rivière Chicot, sur l'île d'Anticosti, dans le golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus, il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. Edward Pope, gardien du phare à la Pointe Sud-Ouest, sur la dite île, comme percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Assistant-greffier du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Samedi, 8 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité des clauses de la section 4 de l'acte adopté durant la session du parlement du Canada, en la trente-sixième année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 55, et intitulé "Acte concernant les naufrage et sauvetage,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada, d'ordonner et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'un district de naufrage et sauvetage soit, et le dit district est par le présent établi pour les fins du dit acte, s'étendant de la Pointe Charleston sur le côté nord vers l'ouest jusqu'au côté ouest de la rivière Becsies, sur l'île d'Anticosti, dans le Golfe St. Laurent.

Au surplus, il a plu à Son Excellence de nommer M. Alfred Malouin, gardien du phare sur la Pointe Ouest de la dite île, percepteur des naufrages pour le district ci-haut indiqué.

42-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. greffier du Conseil Privé.

ORDRES GENERAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX,

OTTAWA, 28 avril 1882.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (8).

No. 1.

BATTERIE "A" ECOLE ROYALE D'ARTILLERIE, QUÉBEC.

Cours d'instruction d'infanterie.

On annonce pour l'information du public qu'un "cours abrégé d'instruction d'infanterie," pour certificats de 1ère et 2e classes, sera formé à l'école d'artillerie, Québec, aux mêmes conditions relativement à la solde et aux indemnités, etc., que celles autorisées pour l'artillerie. (Voir paragraphes 812 et 814 des règlements, 1879.)

Le nombre d'admissions sera limité à dix officiers et vingt sous-officiers ou soldats.

La demande d'admission des officiers, sous-officiers et soldats devra se faire par l'entremise des officiers commandants et adressée au commandant de l'école royale d'artillerie. (Voir paragraphes 775, 776 et 777 des règlements, 1879.)

S'il y a un nombre suffisant de demandes le cours commencera le 8 mai prochain et durera deux mois.

Les officiers, sous-officiers et soldats devront se rendre le 6 mai.

No. 2.

MILICE ACTIVE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

*5e régiment provisoire de cavalerie.**Compagnie No. 2, Sherbrooke.*

Le 2nd lieutenant William Read est par le présent remercié de ses services comme officier dans la milice active.

3e bataillon "Carabiniers Victoria du Canada."

Est nommé lieutenant :

2nd lieutenant Henry Martyn Belcher, E.M., vice Story, qui a donné sa démission.

Est nommé adjudant, avec le grade de lieutenant :

2nd lieutenant Joseph Plimsoll Edwards, B.V., vice Sully, qui a donné sa démission.

Memo.— Cette partie du No. 3 des ordres généraux (25) 17 octobre 1879, dans laquelle le lieutenant Alexander Anderson est nommé capitaine, est par le présent modifiée en substituant la date "17 mai 1879" à celle du "10 avril 1879."

5e bataillon "Royal Scots Fusiliers."

Erratum.— Dans le No. 1 des ordres généraux (7) 14 avril 1882, lisez "Edmond A. C. Campbell," au lieu de "Edward A. C. Campbell."

*60e bataillon d'infanterie "Missisquoi."**Compagnie No. 5, Stanbridge.*

Est nommé lieutenant :

2nd lieutenant William Henry Tucker, E.M., vice Bockus, promu.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant :

Caporal Arthur A. Lent, E.M., vice Tucker, promu.

*65e bataillon, "Carabiniers de Mont Royal."**Compagnie No. 4, Montréal.*

Est nommé capitaine, provisoirement :

Alfred LaRocque, gentilhomme, vice J. C. Robert, nommé adjudant.

Compagnie No. 6, Montréal.

Est nommé capitaine :

Lieutenant Joseph Giroux, B.V., vice Charles Calixte Rouillard, qui a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer et de conserver son grade.

Est nommé adjudant :

Capitaine Joseph Cyrille Robert, B.V., de la compagnie No. 4, vice Lieutenant Tancrède Terroux, qui a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer et de conserver son grade.

Bataillon provisoire d'infanterie de Kamouraska.

Est nommé aide-chirurgien :

H. W. Blagdon, écuyer, M.L., vice Joseph Phidime Giguère, laissé les limites.

GRADE CONFIRMÉ.

2nd lieutenant Joseph Plimsoll Edwards, V.B., 3e bataillon, à dater du 4 avril 1882.

2nd lieutenant Henry Martyn Belcher, B.V., 3e bataillon, à dater du 4 avril 1882.

No. 3.

CERTIFICATS ACCORDÉS.

BUREAU DES EXAMINATEURS.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

CERTIFICAT DE PREMIÈRE CLASSE.

2nd lieutenant Joseph Plimsoll Edwards, 3e bat.

CERTIFICAT DE DEUXIÈME CLASSE.

2nd lieutenant Henry Martyn Belcher, 3e bat.

No. 4.

ASSOCIATIONS D'EXERCICE DANS LES MAISONS D'ÉDUCATION.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

Compagnie d'exercice du séminaire de Trois-Rivières.

Agira comme capitaine :

Lieutenant intérimaire J. Ludger Tourigny, vice L. A. Tourigny, qui a laissé le séminaire.

Agira comme lieutenant :

Edmund Mailhot, vice J. L. Tourigny, promu.

Agira comme 2nd lieutenant :

Louis P. Montour, vice E. E. Laurent, qui a laissé le séminaire.

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjudant Général de Milice,
Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

AVIS public est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des dispositions de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du dix-septième jour d'avril 1882, constituant en corporation William Van Duzer Lawrence, marchand, Ebenezer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, caissier, tous de la

cit  de Montr al, dans la province de Qu bec, dans la Puissance du Canada, et John Wyeth, marchand, et Frank H. Wyeth, marchand, tous deux de Philadelphie, dans l'Etat de Pensylvanie, un des Etats-Unis d'Am rique, dans le but de fabriquer, acheter et vendre des drogues, produits chimiques, articles de toilette et m decines brevet es dans la Puissance du Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Compagnie des Apothicaires,   responsabilit  limit e" (The Apothecaries Hall Company, limited), avec un fonds social total de cent mille piastres, divis  en cent actions de mille piastres chacune.

Dat  au bureau du Secr taire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-huiti me jour d'avril 1882.

44-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secr taire d'Etat.

A VIS public est donn  par le pr sent qu'en vertu des dispositions de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," des lettres patentes ont  t   mises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du huiti me jour d'avril 1882, constituant en corporation Sir Hugh Allan, propri taire de navires   vapeur, l'honorable Thomas Ryan, s nateur, Andrew Allan, propri taire de navires   vapeur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Hugh McLennan, marchand, et Andrew Thomas Drummond, tous de la cit  de Montr al, dans la province de Qu bec, et Puissance du Canada, et Arthur Wellington Ross, membre de la l gislation provinciale, et Charles Sinclair Drummond, agent financier, tous deux de la cit  de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, dans la dite Puissance, dans le but suivant: l'achat, le louage et l'acquisition en g n ral de terres ou autres int r ts dans la Puissance du Canada; la possession, la colonisation, la culture des terres avec le droit d'y mettre des chevaux et autres animaux et de les am liorer de toute fa on; la construction de b timents sur les dites terres; l' tablissement de magasins sur les dites terres et l'achat et la vente de tous articles ou marchandises de toute description, (*  l'exception de l'achat et de la vente de la bi re, du vin, des spiritueux ou des liqueurs ferment es ou boissons enivrantes de toutes sortes;*) l' rection ou l'acquisition, l'exploitation et le louage de scieries et moulins   farine sur les dites terres; de prendre des int r ts comme actionnaires dans toute corporation ayant en vue l'am lioration des dites terres ou aucunes d'elles, et d'y faciliter l'acc s; la construction, l'acquisition et l'usage de lignes de vapeurs ou de voiliers, de tramways, canaux, chemins et autres entreprises de toute description n cessaires ou utiles comme moyen d'acc s aux ou d'am lioration des dites terres; le d veloppement de l'immigration sur les dites propri t s, la vente, le louage, l' change des dites terres et les int r ts en icelles ou les dits biens mobiliers appartenant   la dite compagnie, avec le droit de les hypoth quer et d'en disposer en g n ral; le droit de pr ter de l'argent aux colons et de prendre, poss der, vendre ou autrement disposer des hypoth ques consenties pour garantir les sommes pr t es ou restant dues sur les terres ainsi vendues; l' mission d'obligations garanties sur les biens mobiliers ou immobiliers de la compagnie; le droit d'agir comme agents de n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour l'achat ou la vente des terres et leur colonisation, et le d veloppement en g n ral de l'immigration; et toutes choses g n ralement n cessaires ou utiles   la r alisation des vues de la compagnie,—sous le nom de "Compagnie des terres de Montr al et de l'Ouest (  responsabilit  limit e)," avec un fonds social de cinq cent mille

piastres divis  en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Dat  au bureau du secr taire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-cinqui me jour d'avril 1882.

44-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secr taire d'Etat.

A VIS public est par le pr sent donn  qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies   fonds social, des lettres patentes ont  t   mises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du troisi me jour d'avril 1882, constituant en corps politique, l'honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, de la cit  de Montr al, dans la province de Qu bec, Puissance du Canada, l'un des savants conseillers en droit de la Reine, Thomas Craig Fields, gentilhomme, et George Simpson, marchand, tous deux de la paroisse de Saint-Andr , dans la dite province de Qu bec, James Muir, agent d'immeubles, et George Bury, comptable, tous deux de la dite cit  de Montr al, dans le but de fabriquer et vendre des drogues, m decines et sp cialit s m decinales de toute sorte et description dans la Puissance du Canada, sous le nom de "La Compagnie Manufacturi re des Sp cialit s M decinales," avec un fonds social de huit mille piastres, divis  en quatre-vingts parts de cent piastres chacune.

Dat  au bureau du Secr taire d'Etat du Canada, ce dix-neuvi me jour d'avril 1882.

43-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secr taire d'Etat.

A VIS est par le pr sent donn  qu'en conformit  des clauses de la 22  section de l'acte du Canada 36 Vict., chap. 128, permission a  t  donn e de changer le nom du vapeur "Beauharnois," de Qu bec, en celui de "Quinte". Ce navire a  prouv  de grandes r parations.

WM. SMITH,

D put  du ministre de la marine.

D partement de la marine et des p cheries,
Ottawa, 17 avril, 1882.

43-3

ETAT

Du Revenu et des D penses,   compte du Fonds Consolid  de la Puissance du Canada, d'apr s les  tats fournis au d partement des Finances   la nuit du 31 mars dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,915,459 17
Excise	450,719 61
D�partement des Postes.....	118,681 33
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	231,520 03
Timbres d'effets de commerce.....	6,591 74
Divers	132,074 35
	<hr/>
Revenu, 28 f�vrier 1882.....	\$2,855,046 23
	21,624,819 65
	<hr/>
	\$24,479,865 88
D�PENSES.....	\$1,042,749 45
do 28 f�vrier 1882.....	16,956,817 25
	<hr/>
	\$17,999,566 70

J. M. COURTNEY,

D put  du Ministre des Finances.

D partement des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er avril 1882.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr.

Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de mars 1882.

Av

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 28 février 1882.....	\$8,414,380 03	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$469,696 50
Dépôts durant le mois.....	612,249 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois.....	4,826 12		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,489,803 56
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	71,955 09
			8,561,758 65
	9,031,455 15		\$9,031,455 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 22 avril 1882.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....		
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....		Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montr'l, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Mont'l ; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 débiteures de municipalités ; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine".....		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briten" (limitée).....		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés \$54,000)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$30 en espèces	Garantie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stig. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation".....		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,".....		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St Jean, N.B.....	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux ; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal ; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasirages de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210).....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire".....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		Frederick Stancliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe".....		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	£10,000 stig., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	£11,000 stig. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	£21,000 stig., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
			\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont-réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)...	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$60,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi-paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso-lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.. ..	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en espèces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et \$20,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,950).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,615 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemen, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

Etat fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien."

Capital de la société—					
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5 18 26			\$4,823,833 60		
Versements sur le capital—					
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.....			\$1,205,958 40		
Nombre des titres—					
Titres nominatifs.....			50,000		
Titres au porteur.....			Nil.		
<hr/>					
<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social.....	3,617,875	20	Capital social	4,823,833	60
Prêts hypothécaires:			Prêts différés.....	25,314	01
A long terme..... 674,716 33			Intérêt payé par anticipation.....	242	75
A court terme..... 389,334 50			Divers.....	1,727	56
	1,064,050	83			
Espèces en caisse et en banque:					
En Canada..... 93,249 81					
En France..... 78,305 92					
	171,555	73			
Arrérages de semestres.....	389	51			
Mobilier	2,054	24			
Divers	2,787	16			
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712	67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117	92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société.....Néant.

Montant des obligations ou débiteures émises et taux de l'intérêt.....Néant.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des Statistiques,
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1892.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit.

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou

en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba,) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par l'honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, sénateur, d'Oshawa, Ontario; Robert Doull, M.P., de Pictou, Nouvelle-Ecosse; John Alexander Mackenzie, avocat, de Sarnia, Ontario; Frank Egerton Gibbs, meunier, d'Oshawa, Ontario; Hugh Macmahon, C.R., de London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, de Qu'Appelle, Territoire du Nord-Ouest, agent d'immigration; William Pugsle, jr., avocat, de la cité de Saint-Jean, Nouveau-Brunswick; Leigh Richmond Harrison, avocat, de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, et Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, avocat, également de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, à l'effet de constituer les personnes ci-dessus nommées et d'autres en un corps politique pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres de Qu'Appelle et du Lac Long" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont: le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest; le droit de coloniser, établir, améliorer et vendre les dites terres et en développer les ressources de toute nature; le droit d'arpenter et diviser les dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; le droit de développer et exploiter les pêcheries sur les rives du lac Long; le droit d'ériger et établir des magasins sur les dites propriétés, acheter et vendre

des marchandises de toute description; le droit d'acheter, vendre, accorder, transporter, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles; le droit de prêter de l'argent et donner des secours aux colons établis sur les terres, y compris le droit d'avancer des marchandises; le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit de construire des routes, chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe, vapeurs ou navires, quais et autres travaux et moyens de transport sur les terres et les eaux de la compagnie ou utiles pour l'amélioration des propriétés de la compagnie, y compris le droit d'accorder de l'aide à ces diverses entreprises et s'en servir.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de quatre cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quatre mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les différentes personnes ci-dessus décrites seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

MACKENZIE, GURD ET KITTERMASTER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants, Sarnia, Ont.

Daté ce 15 avril 1882.

44-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes:

(a) Le droit pour la compagnie d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement les trafiquer.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions.

(d) Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat, ou autre garantie à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'il aura été convenu, avec pouvoir de prendre sur les terres une garantie pour le prix d'achat, de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques et garanties, ou hypothéquer les dites terres au moyen d'un acte écrit ou en partie imprimé et en partie écrit, sujet à des conditions pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(e) Le droit de construire et réparer les routes ordinaires et ponts, secourir les immigrants venant d'autres pays et les colons partis d'une autre province, avec le droit d'aider les uns et les autres à s'établir sur des terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le montant projeté du capital-actions est de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts sera de deux mille, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants: Charles Magee, de la cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme; William Eli Lanford, de la cité d'Hamilton, marchand; Duncan McArthur, de la cité de Winnipeg, banquier; James Albert Manning Aikens, de la cité de Winnipeg, procureur en droit; l'honorable Corydon Parslow Brown, de la cité de

Winnipeg, ministre des travaux publics; et l'honorable Donald MacInnes, de la cité d'Hamilton, sénateur. Tous ceux ci-dessus nommés, devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie, résident au Canada.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 24 avril 1882.

44-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci après mentionnées et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie manufacturière du St. Laurent."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit pour elle de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des ornements, garnitures et fermoirs de fenêtres, persiennes et auvents; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser les brevets d'invention ou inventions qui peuvent servir à la compagnie dans ses opérations; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser n'importe quel brevet d'invention ou inventions qui pourraient être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie; le droit de manufacturer, acheter et vendre telles autres marchandises et articles qui peuvent être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

Le nombre des parts sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cinq piastres.

La cité de Montréal sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Charles Edgar Kennedy, de Hatley, dans le comté de Stanstead, province de Québec, commerçant; Charles Carroll Colby, M. P., de Stanstead, dans le dit comté; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, de la ville de Sherbrooke, dans la dite province, écuyer; Frédérick Fairman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province, marchand, Robert Baker May, de la dite cité de Montréal, imprimeur; John Gilman Elder, de la ville de Derby, dans l'Etat du Vermont, commerçant, et Stiles Frost, de la cité de Boston, dans l'Etat de Massachusetts, commerçant.

Tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

CHAS. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Montréal, 3 avril 1882.

44-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en Conseil, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada, à l'effet d'accorder une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après énumérées, savoir :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie des terres et de colonisation d'Edmonton et Ontario (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont: le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à ferme et hypothéquer les dites terres et en général trafiquer les intérêts d'icelles de toute façon; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la

compagnie et de secourir les dits colons; le droit de garantir les paiements des prêts faits avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une façon, soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service; le droit de construire, élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et de l'agriculture.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes places dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000 divisé en 5,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Bossum Ashford Mitchell, de la cité de London, marchand; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand; John William Little, du même lieu, marchand; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand; Charles Richardson, du même lieu, marchand; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand; Alfred Robinson, gentilhomme; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand; William Lind, du même lieu, marchand; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas Muir, du même lieu, marchand, et George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand.

Les requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents du Canada, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

FRASER ET FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, Ontario, 24 avril 1882.

44-6

AVIS Public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après mentionnées, constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La Compagnie des terres de Wentworth."

1. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir une ou des lisières de terre dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, en vue de les coloniser.

(b) Le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage, échange, donation, ou autrement, des gouvernements provincial ou fédéral, ou de toute autre corporation, ou personne, des terres ou des intérêts en icelles, ou des coupes de bois dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest ou en une partie quelconque du Canada; le droit de vendre, louer ou trafiquer toutes terres, coupes de bois, propriétés personnelles, droits et privilèges ainsi acquis, avec le droit de recevoir des hypothèques sur icelles pour le prix d'achat ou autre garantie, à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu, avec le droit de prendre une hypothèque pour le prix d'achat sur les terres, ou intérêts vendus ou autrement trafiqués, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques par n'importe quel acte écrit ou transport, le tout sujet aux conditions de garantie pour les sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(c) Le droit d'acheter, prendre à bail, échanger ou autrement acquérir n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ainsi que les droits et privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie de la Puissance.

(d) Le droit de développer les ressources minières, agricoles, forestières et autres des terres acquises en y élevant des constructions, y faisant des plantations, en les défrichant, cultivant et améliorant de toutes façons, avec le droit de trafiquer avec les gouverne-

ments au sujet des mines suivant qu'il est pourvu par les règlements du gouvernement.

(e) Le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les propriétés de la compagnie et de coloniser ces dernières, et pour ces fins prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou subventions de terre et protéger la compagnie suivant la loi.

(f) Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions de terres ou d'argent à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer sur les terres de la compagnie ou partant d'icelles et se rendant à quelque point ou place rapprochée d'une ligne de chemin de fer existant déjà ou y attenante, avec le droit de construire, exploiter et utiliser des lignes de télégraphe, tramways et canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins, ponts et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie.

(g) Le droit de manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie ;

(h) Et pour ces fins le droit d'avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre et trafiquer des propriétés personnelles et immobilières, avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou incidents dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ;

(i) Le droit de construire, maintenir et réparer les routes et ponts ordinaires ;

(j) Le droit de secourir les immigrants venant des pays étrangers ou d'une autre province aux fins de les induire à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

(k) Le droit d'agir comme agent pour n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour l'achat ou la vente des terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada.

(l) Le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de faire l'élevage, la vente et l'achat de toute espèce d'animaux, chevaux, moutons, cochons, bestiaux et leurs produits.

(m) Le droit de travailler, vendre, utiliser ou autrement trafiquer toute espèce de produits miniers de la compagnie.

(n) Le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, moulins à moudre ou autres moulins, bâtiments, machines et ustensiles, avec le droit de faire en général toutes autres choses qui pourraient aider à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins.

(o) Le droit de s'amalgamer avec n'importe quelle autre société de colonisation et de transférer les privilèges, actif et droits de la compagnie ou d'acquérir les privilèges, actif et droits de n'importe quelle autre compagnie, avec le droit d'obtenir un transport en conséquence ou de s'amalgamer à une autre compagnie.

2. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie sera la cité d'Hamilton, Ont., avec des succursales à tels autres endroits suivant que l'exigeront les affaires de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 1000, d'une valeur de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants, savoir :—

George Roach, de la cité d'Hamilton, gentilhomme ; Robert Evans, du même lieu, marchand ; James Murray Lottridge, du même lieu, manufacturier ; Hugh Duncan Cameron, du même lieu, banquier ; Hugh Murray, du même lieu, marchand ; Charles Robinson Smith, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas Lawry, du même lieu, marchand ; Robert McKechnie, de la ville de Dundas, dans le comté de Wentworth,

manufacturier ; tous devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie. Tous résident au Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Hamilton, 18 avril 1882. 43-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres des Cultivateurs des rivières Saskatchewan et aux Carottes, à responsabilité limitée," (The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company, limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être incorporée est le suivant :

• 3. Acquérir des terres par achat, bail, échange ou autrement dans la province du Manitoba et dans les Territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement fédéral ou des gouvernements provinciaux, ou de toute corporation ou individus ; de vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer des dites terres ; d'arpenter, coloniser, établir, cultiver, améliorer les dites terres, et y faire des constructions ; d'avancer des deniers et aider aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres, avec pouvoir de s'assurer du remboursement de ces avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle manière, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement qu'il sera convenu de part et d'autre ; de construire et acquérir ou louer des moulins à farine, scieries, et autres ; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres, et d'acheter et vendre des articles et produits de toutes sortes ; de construire, acquérir et employer des bateaux à vapeur et autres bateaux pour les fins de la compagnie ; d'aider au moyen de boni, dons d'argent, octrois de terres ou autrement, toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou bateaux à vapeur et autres afin de faciliter l'accès aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie ; de construire et entretenir tous ponts et quais nécessaires ; d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux, et de faire dans toutes ses branches, la culture, et l'élevage des bestiaux ; et généralement de faire toutes choses nécessaires ou tendant à atteindre le but susdit.

4. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario.

5. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

6. Le nombre de parts de la compagnie sera de dix mille ; le montant de chaque action sera de cent piastres.

7. Les nom, prénom, adresse et occupation des dits requérants sont :—Alexander Manning, de la cité de Toronto, capitaliste ; Philip McRae, de la cité de Montréal, entrepreneur ; Charles James Campbell, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; Peter McLaren, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de bois ; Dennis Ryan, de la cité de Saint-Paul, cultivateur, et John Proctor, de la cité de Hamilton, marchand.

8. Les personnes suivantes seront les directeurs provisoires de la compagnie : Alexander Manning, John Proctor, et Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Ottawa, 21 avril, 1882. 43-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à

Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie de colonisation des Colons" (limitée).

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la Province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus et les trafiquer de toute façon.

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir en général ces derniers soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, suivant quel aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions et d'aider autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises se rattachant à l'ouverture des dites terres, y compris les lignes de bateaux, télégraphie, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres entreprises qui peuvent être jugées utiles pour la réalisation des fins que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour avancer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toute façon et de tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et établir la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le principal siège des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto avec des succursales au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de trois cent mille piastres divisé en trois mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Thomas Lailey, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Stark, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; John Dryden, du village de Brooklin, écuyer ; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en médecine ; William Stewart, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; James Watson, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edward John Stobo, de la ville de Peterboro, membre du clergé ; William Buck, de la cité de Brantford, fondeur de fer ; Charles Raymond, de la cité de Guelph, manufacturier ; Archibald Alexander Cameron, de la cité d'Ottawa, membre du clergé ; George Booth, de la cité de Toronto, manufacturier ; William Elliot, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Harvard Castle, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; William Muir, de la cité de Toronto, membre du clergé ; William Joseph Copp, de la cité d'Hamilton, fondeur de fer, George Richardson, du village de Colborne, membre du clergé ; Frederick Beyers, du village de Carleton Place, fondeur de fer.

Les onze premiers seront directeurs provisoires, et ils résident tous en Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Toronto, 20 avril, 1882.

43-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d.) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphie, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachant requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; le droit de faire des opérations d'agriculture et de développer les ressources de la compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie, et d'émettre des débentures garanties par les terres de la compagnie, ou autrement, pour les mêmes fins ; le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres, d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis ; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine ; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie ; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada ; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$600,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de 6,000 d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward Carter, James Haywood, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto ; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand ; dont les personnes suivantes seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :—William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 19 avril 1882.

43-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de colonisation de Wellington et du Nord-Ouest."

1. Les fins que se proposent la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus des bâtiments, et les hypothéquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit d'acheter, acquérir, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en trafiquer de toute façon les intérêts soit agricoles ou forestiers, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, prêter de l'argent et aider de toute façon aux colons, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt aux conditions dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre au moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu ; le droit d'aider soit par subventions ou autrement, à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à l'exécution de toutes les entreprises pouvant aider à l'établissement des dites terres, lignes de bateaux à vapeur, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles dans la réalisation des fins de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre des propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de cette dernière ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir, aider, et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays.

2. La cité de Guelph sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$200,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 2,000, chacune d'elle devant être de cent piastres.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—William Bell, de la cité de Guelph, dans la province d'Ontario, fabricant d'orgues ; Thomas Goldie, du même lieu, meunier ; James Peebles, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *World* ; Alexander Watson Alexander, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie des orgues de Bell, et Henry Walter Metcalf, du même lieu, fabricant d'orgues.

Les quatre premiers des dits requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents de la cité de Guelph, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

GUTHRIE ET WATT,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Guelph, 13 avril 1882.

42-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnés :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de Colonisation des terres de Battleford et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer et, en général, trafiquer les dites terres de même que les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions et autres secours pour la construction et le maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et l'exécution de n'importe quelle autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres et jugée utile aux fins de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés mobilières ou immobilières et les droits en icelles requis par la compagnie pour l'avancement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins ; le droit de développer, encourager et secourir l'immigration avec le droit de secourir les immigrants de toute façon qui peut être utile au développement et à la colonisation de la contrée et à l'avancement des intérêts de la compagnie ou du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera à Mono Mills, dans le district électoral de Cardwell, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts de ce fonds social sera de deux mille cinq cent, et chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

de n'importe quelle manière les dites propriétés, y compris le droit de prendre des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat; le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques; le droit d'aider et encourager l'émigration et la colonisation des terres qui pourraient être acquises, soit par des prêts ou subventions garanties d'une manière sur laquelle on se sera entendu ou de toute manière légale; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de lignes de chemin de fer ou télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de la colonisation des terres de la compagnie; le droit de construire des bâtiments, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de toute sorte; le droit d'aider à la construction de ces travaux de toute façon légale et à telles conditions et avec telles garanties dont il aura été convenu; le droit de fournir ses terres de bestiaux et de s'engager dans l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux; le droit de s'occuper de la culture du blé et de l'industrie des produits de ferme; le droit de fabriquer et exporter les dits grains et produits et de s'engager dans des opérations minières sur les dites propriétés, et avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être conférés à de semblables compagnies.

3. La cité de Belleville ou la ville de Trenton, l'un et l'autre dans le comté de Hastings, sera le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000 divisé en 20,000 actions de \$25 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—

David Gilmour, marchand de bois, William Jeffs, marchand de grain, George Henry Gordon, marchand, William Ford Baker, marchand de grain; John Hendricks, propriétaire rural, Anson Green Whittier, marchand, tous de Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, imprimeur et éditeur, George Dean Dickson, avocat, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, avocat, Cornelius James Starling, entrepreneur, tous de Belleville; John White, fabricant, Roslin Charles Ashley, voiturier, Stephen Allen Lazier, fabricant, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, marchand, tous de Foxboro'; James Stalker Hamilton, propriétaire rural, et Peter Rockwell Daly, propriétaire rural, tous deux d'Halloway.

Les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie sont les susdits David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allen Lazier et Charles Ashley, qui tous sont sujets britanniques et résident en Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Belleville, 4 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte en vertu du dit acte, constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées, qui sont les requérants, pour les fins ci-après énumérées:

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres de Hamilton" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes:—

Le droit d'acheter et acquérir de toute façon des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou individus.

Robert Lawrence, de Mono Mills, médecin; John Kelly, du township d'Adjala, cultivateur; Silas Huntingdon Foster, de la cité de Toronto, marchand; Henry Bracken, du township d'Adjala, menuisier; Henry Allison, du township de King, cultivateur; George Kidd, de Mono Mills, cultivateur, tous de la province d'Ontario. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ci-dessus mentionnés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,

Pour les requérants.

Daté à Mono Mills, ce 23 mars 1882,

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée sera "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Rivière aux Ecailles."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont:—Le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans la Puissance du Canada; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et d'en développer les ressources minières, agricoles ou autres; le droit d'exploiter, vendre, donner, transporter, louer, hypothéquer et trafiquer

Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou trafiquer d'une façon quelconque les dites terres.

Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres et ériger dessus des constructions.

Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques créées sur icelles comme prix d'achat ou garanties à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'on les aura fixés de part et d'autre, avec le droit de retenir telles hypothèques données comme prix d'achat et de les transporter par un document soit écrit en entier ou en partie écrit et imprimé, sujet aux conditions faites pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles aux taux qui auront été convenus de part et d'autre.

Le droit de construire et réparer des routes ordinaires et ponts, assister les immigrants venant de pays étrangers et colons venant des autres provinces, avec le droit de les aider à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée est de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—

Valancey England Fuller, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans le comté de Wentworth, avocat; John Proctor, du même lieu, marchand; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, du même lieu, éditeur; George Albertus Cox, de la ville de Peterborough, dans le comté de Peterborough, gérant de chemin de fer, et Robert Jaffray, de la cité de Toronto, dans le comté de York, marchand, tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés, résidents du Canada, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 3 avril 1882.

41-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877 CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que durant le mois qui suivra la dernière insertion du présent avis les requérants ci-après nommés s'adresseront par

pétition au gouverneur-général à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des Ranches des Cantons de l'Est" (limitée.)

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit d'élever des bestiaux, chevaux, mules, moutons et cochons dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

Le droit d'acheter, vendre et trafiquer les dits animaux dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs, y compris le droit d'acquérir, détenir et améliorer les propriétés requises à cette fin.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Sherbrooke, province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille, de cent piastres chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de de chacun des requérants : L'honorable Matthew Henry Cochrane, du township de Compton, sénateur ; William White, de la ville de Sherbrooke, avocat ; William Farwell, de la dite ville de Sherbrooke, gérant de banque ; Charles Carroll Colby, du village de Stanstead, avocat ; John McLary, du township de Compton, cultivateur, et Edward Towle Brooks, de la dite ville de Sherbrooke, avocat, tous, de la province de Québec, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

BROOKS, CAMIRAND ET HURD,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Sherbrooke, 5 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné, sous l'autorité de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Canadienne pour l'exportation des fruits, à responsabilité limitée."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corporation sont :—

(a.) D'acheter et vendre des brevets d'invention canadiens ou étrangers, qui sont déjà émis ou qui le seront ci-après, pour conserver ou préserver les fruits ou légumes, et les emballer soit pour l'exportation soit pour l'emménagement.

(b) De fabriquer des armoires ou garde-fruits pour les maisons et magasins, et des boîtes à fruit pour le transport des fruits, et de vendre ce dit droit de fabrication à d'autres, soit complètement et sans réserve soit en se réservant un droit régalien.

(c) D'acheter et vendre des fruits et légumes de toutes espèces et nature que ce soit, de les exporter du Canada ou de les y importer, et d'emballer les dits fruits et légumes dans des boîtes et les vendre en Canada ou à l'étranger.

(d) D'acquérir des propriétés, mobilières et immobilières, et de construire les édifices nécessaires aux opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres (\$50,000.)

5. Le nombre de parts est de cinq cent, de la valeur de cent piastres chaque.

6. Les nom, prénom, occupation et adresse de

chacun des requérants sont respectivement comme suit :—George Albert Cochrane, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gentilhomme ; Francis Ernest Gilman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat ; Thomas Craig, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, caissier ; Edward Kirk Greene, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, marchand ; David Timothy Irish, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, agent ; James Naismith Greenshields, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat, et Charles Henry Cordingley, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, distillateur.

7. Les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie seront les susdits George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields, et Charles Henry Cordingley, qui tous sont sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED ET GUÉRIN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 6 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Qu'Appelle et des Buttes de Tondre."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles en Canada, soit par achat ou autrement de tout gouvernement, corporation ou individu ; le droit de les acheter, améliorer, coloniser, cultiver, vendre, céder, hypothéquer et louer, d'y construire des maisons et autrement en disposer.

De prendre des hypothèques et autres garanties en paiement des dites terres ou autre propriété de la compagnie à tels taux d'intérêt qui pourront être convenus de part et d'autre, et de vendre et transporter ces hypothèques ou autres garanties.

D'avancer des deniers aux colons ou acheteurs des terres, et les aider d'autre manière, et de prendre des sûretés pour le remboursement de ces créances et aide avec intérêt à tel taux d'intérêt qui pourra être convenu soit par hypothèques sur les terres ou autrement.

De donner des bonis ou autre aide aux chemins de fer et autres entreprises et travaux passant sur les terres de la dite compagnie, jugés utiles pour les ouvrir ou les améliorer, ou tendant à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie.

D'encourager, développer et aider l'immigration en Canada, de la Grande-Bretagne et de pays étrangers.

De construire, acquérir, maintenir et exploiter sur les dites terres et en rapport avec elles des scieries et des moulins à farine et manufactures, et de vendre et disposer de tout et chacun des dits moulins et manufactures et de leurs produits ; et de construire, entretenir et exploiter des tramways, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, chemins, rues, ponts et autres travaux en rapport avec les dites terres, ou autrement favorisant les intérêts de la dite compagnie.

Produire, acheter et vendre des bestiaux sur pied, des grains et autres produits du sol, et de vendre et acheter des biens immobiliers en général.

Le pouvoir d'emprunter sur le crédit de la compagnie ou sur la garantie de ses propriétés, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement, et de faire des placements de deniers, et généralement tous autres pouvoirs qui seront utiles ou nécessaires aux fins que se propose la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, avec pouvoir d'établir des succursales et agences ailleurs dans et en dehors du Canada, mais la première assemblée des directeurs provisoires et des actionnaires pourra être tenue à tout endroit en Canada que la majorité des dits directeurs décidera, et les assemblées subséquentes des directeurs provisoires et des directeurs élus et des actionnaires auront lieu à l'endroit choisi par les dits directeurs provisoires ou directeurs élus.

4. Le montant du fonds social sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de douze mille, et le montant de chaque action sera de vingt-cinq piastres.

Les noms, prénoms, occupations et adresses de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : James Murray, propriétaire de navires, James Livingston, cultivateur, Charles Peters Camp, jardinier, Hiram Blavill Hamill, artisan, et William John Murray, maître marin, tous de la cité de Ste. Catherine, dans le comté de Lincoln, et province d'Ontario, lesquels seront les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

A. FERGUSON,

Solliciteur des requérants.

Daté à Ottawa, avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par Thomas Beattie, marchand, George S. Birrell, marchand, Charles B. Hunt, meunier, Samuel Grigg, hôtelier, William McGregor, médecin, et Andrew McCormack, marchand, tous de la cité de London, Ontario, à l'effet de les constituer eux et d'autres en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées.

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation London du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes : — le droit d'acheter ou acquérir de toute façon, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres au Canada, de développer les ressources d'icelles en y érigeant des constructions, en les défrichant, les asséchant, les cultivant suivant un système quelconque qui pourra sembler opportun ; le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de pratiquer en général l'industrie de l'élevage d'animaux, moutons et leurs produits, d'exploiter, vendre, manufacturer les productions minières des terres de la compagnie, d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute sorte ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, machines, estacades, avec le droit de construire des tramways, canaux, chemins et autres entreprises donnant des moyens de transport ou facilitant le développement des propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit de contribuer aux dépenses encourues par la construction, l'amélioration ou l'usage des dites entreprises ; le droit d'encourager et développer l'immigration des autres pays vers le Canada, avec le droit d'aider aux immigrants dans la colonisation des terres du Canada ; le droit d'agir comme agent pour un gouvernement quelconque, corporation ou individu, pour l'achat ou la vente de terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada, et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada ; et pour ces différentes fins le droit de prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou donner des subventions de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des propriétés mobilières et immobilières pour les fins de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés, avec le droit en général de faire toutes choses qui sont de nature à promouvoir les fins de la dite compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$100,000, divisée en 1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5

5. Les requérants mentionnés ci-dessus, tous résidents du Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

MEREDITH ET MEREDITH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à London, Ontario, 22 mars 1882.

40-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous l'autorité du dit acte et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie de colonisation des commis voyageurs d'Ontario-ouest" (limitée.)

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit pour la dite compagnie d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des corporations ou des particuliers ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres ; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres, avec le droit de les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et des secours aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et de vendre du bois de service ; le droit d'élever, paître, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et la production des produits de ferme.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différents endroits dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Lind, de la ville de London, Ontario, marchand ; Alfred Robinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme ; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand ; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand ; Robert Cathcart Macfie, du même lieu, marchand ; John Green du même lieu, marchand ; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme ; John Burnett Laing, du même lieu, marchand ; George Sunby Birrill, du même lieu, marchand ; William Henry Birrill, du même lieu, marchand ; Bossom Ashford Mitchell, marchand ; Moses Mazurett, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas Herbert Marsh, du même lieu, marchand ; John Carrington Merritt, du même lieu, marchand ; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand ; George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand ; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand ; James A'Kennedy, du même lieu, droguiste ; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, du même lieu, marchand ; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand ; John Drinkwater Ivey, du même lieu, marchand ; Alexander Johnston, du même lieu, marchand ; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand, et Thomas Muir, du même lieu, fabricant.

Les requérants dont les noms suivent, tous de ceux ci-dessus nommés et résidant au Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :— William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson,

Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Masurett, John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederiek Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin et John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER et FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à London le 22 mars 1882.

40-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877, qu'un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie du Rancho Stewart, à responsabilité limitée." (*The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited.*)

2. Les fins pour lesquelles l'incorporation est demandée sont les suivantes :—

D'acheter ou autrement acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver des terres et biens-fonds dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du Canada.

3. De développer les ressources des dites terres et biens-fonds en les défrichant, les égouttant, les améliorant, y construisant des maisons, et par des opérations minières, la culture, la fabrication des bois et autres moyens.

De mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'y élever et trafiquer sur toutes espèces de bestiaux, moutons et leurs produits, et d'y faire dans toutes ses branches la culture et l'élevage des bestiaux.

D'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les terres de la compagnie, et de les coloniser, et dans ce but d'aider aux immigrants et colons sur les terres de la compagnie au moyen d'octrois de terre, d'avances ou autres, et d'agir comme agents de tout gouvernement, corporation ou personne favorisant l'émigration au Canada.

D'acheter, acquérir, fabriquer et vendre toutes espèces de bois, marchandises et effets (à l'exception des vins et spiritueux et des boissons fermentées et enivrantes)

De construire, acquérir, naviguer et utiliser des bateaux à vapeur et autres, et de procurer et employer tous autres moyens nécessaires et convenables pour le transport des colons, immigrants, voyageurs, effets et marchandises, et pour conduire convenablement les opérations de la compagnie ; et dans le but de donner un accès facile aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie, d'aider, au moyen de boni, don d'argent, octroi de terre ou autrement, à toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou de bateaux à vapeur ou autre moyen de transport par terre ou par eau.

D'acheter, prendre à bail, ou échanger, louer ou autrement acquérir des ranches, plaines à bestiaux et tous autres biens meubles et immeubles, et tous intérêts, droits et privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses opérations.

De construire, maintenir et changer toutes scieries, moulins à farine, bâtisses, quais, entrepôts et autres travaux nécessaires ou utiles aux opérations de la compagnie.

De vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, louer, hypothéquer, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de toute ou partie de la propriété de la compagnie, et de prendre et accepter des hypothèques et obligations sur les biens meubles ou immeubles ou toutes autres garanties quelconques (et portant intérêt ou autrement, selon que la compagnie le décidera) des acheteurs et autres débiteurs de la compagnie, et de vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toutes ou chacune de ces garanties.

De faire toute affaire ou transaction (du ressort de la compagnie,) en société, ou autrement avec d'autres personnes ou compagnies.

Et généralement de faire toutes autres choses utiles

ou nécessaires au but que se propose d'atteindre la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario.

4. Le montant de son fonds social sera de cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille cinq cent, et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms au long, adresse et occupation de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : John Stewart, du township de Nepean, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, écuier ; John Herron, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, marchand ; Hugh MacLennan, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, expéditeur ; Archibald Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat ; McLeod Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat ; Francis Henry Chrysler, du dit township de Nepean, avocat, et Joseph James Gormully, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, avocat.

Dont les dits Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart et Joseph James Gormully seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

STEWART, CHRYSLER et GORMULLY,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 30 mars 1882.

40-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est : "La Compagnie générale de colonisation et d'agriculture de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord (limité)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada, soit par achat, louage ou autrement du gouvernement du Canada, des gouvernements provinciaux, de la compagnie du chemin de fer du Pacifique ou de tout autre individu.

3. Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

4. Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres y compris le droit de construire sur icelles des maisons, moulins et établissements manufacturiers et en général de trafiquer des dites terres.

5. Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer les intérêts de n'importe quelle manière, y compris le droit d'acheter ou vendre du grain ou autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et d'aider autrement aux colons par le moyen de subventions, d'assurer le remboursement de ces prêts avec intérêt à des conditions et de telle façon par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques.

6. Le droit de développer et encourager l'immigration, d'aider aux immigrants de toute façon qui pourra être jugée utile pour ouvrir et coloniser le dit pays et développer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

7. Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou de plusieurs lignes de chemins de fer, bateaux ou autres navires ou véhicules à travers les terres de la compagnie ; le droit d'ouvrir des routes, de faire et exploiter tels travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation du but que se propose la compagnie.

8. Le droit de posséder, acheter, fabriquer et vendre n'importe quelle espèce de machines agricoles, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la

compagnie ou ailleurs, et à ces fins, de pouvoir emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou autrement en disposer avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou utiles à ces dites fins.

9. Le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux et d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage et des produits de ferme, y compris le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage ou autrement des enclos pour bestiaux ou pâturages spécialement adaptés à l'élevage et l'exploitation des troupeaux.

10. Le droit d'acquérir des terres à bois ou limites dans toute l'étendue du Canada par achat ou autrement, d'exploiter l'industrie de la production du bois ou le trafic d'icelui dans toutes leurs branches, y compris le droit de posséder, acheter, préparer, manufacturer, transporter et vendre toute espèce de matériaux pour constructions, articles en bois, machines agricoles, voitures, véhicules, etc.; le droit de construire des bateaux, barges et navires, quais et bassins, d'exploiter des filatures de coton et de laine, des moulins à carder, des moulins à farine, des forgeries et des forges; le droit d'acquérir et exploiter des carrières, terrains miniers et houillères, avec le droit d'acheter terrains et bâtiments, privilèges de moulins et pouvoirs d'eau, et de construire les bâtiments nécessaires à telles exploitations; le droit de faire le trafic de gros et de détail; le droit de construire et exploiter des routes, tramways, et canaux, de prendre des actions dans les compagnies de flottage de bois par les rivières, de plus le droit de posséder et louer des wagons sur les voies ferrées pour le transport des marchandises.

11. Le droit d'emprunter sur la garantie de ses propres débetures ou autrement, telles sommes d'argent qui peuvent être nécessaires ou requises pour l'exploitation des affaires susdites, et cela soit avec garantie ou non; le droit d'acheter et vendre, faire ou endosser des traites et billets promissoires; le droit de placer avec hypothèque sur des immeubles dans le Canada ou sur les débetures d'une corporation municipale dans le dit Canada, ou sur les débetures d'une compagnie incorporée soit par un acte spécial ou par un acte général du Canada ou de l'une des provinces, une partie quelconque des profits réalisés dans ses opérations, dans le but de rembourser le capital ainsi engagé, avec le droit de faire toutes choses découlant des opérations ci-dessus décrites.

12. La compagnie aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la ville de Lindsay, comté de Victoria, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs, dans Ontario, Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

13. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

14. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit: Mossom Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria, et province d'Ontario, fabricant de bois; Mossom Martin Boyd, de la même place, fabricant de bois; John Macdonald, de la cité d'Albany, dans l'Etat de New-York, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, fabricant de bois; Alexander Niven, du village de Haliburton, dans le comté provisoire d'Haliburton, arpenteur provincial; William Thornton Cust Boyd, du village de Bobcaygeon, dans le comté de Victoria susdit, fabricant de bois; et John Augustus Barron, de la ville de Lindsay, dans le dit comté de Victoria, solliciteur, qui tous seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

JOHN A. BARRON,
Soliciteur pour les requérants.

Lindsay, 29 mars 1882.

*39-6

naires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de fabricants de bois du Lac LaPluie, à responsabilité limitée." (The Rainy Lake Lumber Company, Limited.)

2. Le but de la compagnie projetée est d'acheter, posséder, vendre et louer du bois de construction, des coupes de bois et des biens-fonds de toute espèce, et la fabrication du bois en billots, espars, traverses, bois carré, bois de corde, bardeaux et bois de service de toute description, et de construire, louer et exploiter des scieries et moulins à farine, soit au moyen de la vapeur ou par pouvoir d'eau, selon que la compagnie le jugera à propos; aussi, d'acheter, construire, louer et se servir du bateaux à vapeur, barges et navires, pour le transport du bois de service et de construction et de marchandise de toute sorte, ainsi que des voyageurs, et de construire ou louer tous quais, bassins et entrepôts nécessaires à cette fin; aussi de construire et exploiter des tramways, chemins, canaux, dalles, digues et estacades sur les rivières, cours d'eau et ruisseaux nécessaires aux fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$350,000, divisé en trois mille cinq cents actions de cent piastres chaque.

5. Les noms, adresses et occupations des requérants sont comme suit:—Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba, fabricant de bois; James Robert Sutherland, du même lieu, fabricant de bois; Henry Norland Ruttan, de la même place, ingénieur civil; Peter Johnson Brown, de la même place, entrepreneur; William Buckingham, de la ville de Stratford, Ontario, banquier; John Ross, du township de Grantham, comté de Lincoln, Ontario, entrepreneur, et Simon James Dawson, de Prince Arthur's Landing, Ontario, ingénieur civil.

6. Les premiers directeurs de la compagnie seront les dits Hugh Sutherland, James Robert Sutherland, Henry Norland Ruttan, Peter Johnson Brown, William Buckingham, John Ross et Simon James Dawson, qui sont tous sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

FRANK M. MACDOUGALL,
Soliciteur des requérants.

Ottawa, 15 mars, 1882.

39-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demanda sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada accordant une charte, constituant en corps politique les requérants et toute personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire de la compagnie, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées.

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie des Terres Fédérales (limitée)."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont—

(1) Le droit d'acheter, louer, échanger ou acquérir d'une manière quelconque des propriétés mobilières ou immobilières ou les intérêts en icelles dans le Canada, y compris les provinces et territoires d'icelui; de négocier l'achat et la vente de résidences, propriétés de cité, ville ou village, propriétés rurales, baux, hypothèques, obligations et autres garanties, et en général le droit de faire toute opération de courtier d'agence ou à commission.

(2) Le droit d'améliorer telles propriétés en construisant dessus des bâtiments, clôtures, égoûts ou toute autre chose jugée utile par la dite compagnie pour ses utilité et avantage et pour en encourager l'établissement.

(3) Le droit de vendre, louer, échanger ou trafiquer d'une manière quelconque les propriétés mobilières ou immobilières acquises par la compagnie ou les intérêts en icelles, soit par versements soit à toute autre condition; le droit de prendre et détenir de;

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard action-

hypothèques pour le prix d'achat non payé, et en général de faire le trafic tant d'achat que de vente de telles propriétés de la manière et avec les mêmes pouvoirs qu'un simple particulier.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter de l'argent en donnant des garanties sur les propriétés de la dite compagnie ou sur partie d'icelles, y compris le droit de prélever des sommes d'argent sur le crédit de la compagnie par l'émission de débentures, bons ou autres garanties, et de donner des hypothèques ou autres garanties sur le tout ou partie des biens de la compagnie pour le remboursement en tout ou en partie, des sommes empruntées.

(5) Le droit de placer des sommes d'argent dans l'achat des fonds publics ou débentures du Royaume-Uni, des gouvernements canadien et américain, des gouvernements des différentes provinces canadiennes, des corporations municipales, des syndics ou commissaires, des compagnies incorporées dans la Grande-Bretagne, au Canada ou aux Etats Unis, avec le droit d'acheter des obligations, des reçus de dépôts de n'importe quelle compagnie incorporée, avec de plus le droit de vendre et trafiquer les dites valeurs de même qu'un simple particulier.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cent mille piastres divisé en mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Hugh Scott, de la cité de Toronto, assureur, Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, marchand, Robert Barber, Toronto, marchand, John Fitzallen Ellis, Toronto, marchand, Thomas Walmsley, Toronto, assureur, William Frederick Carrier, Toronto, marchand, William Myddleton Hall, Toronto, avocat, James Scott Fullerton, Toronto, avocat.

6. Les huit premiers des dits requérants seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie et tous sont des résidents du Canada.

HALL ET FULLERTON.

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 16 mars 1882.

39-6

AVIS DIVERS.

LA BANQUE JACQUES-CARTIER.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, et qu'il sera payable au bureau de la banque en la cité de Montréal, le et après le premier jour du mois de juin prochain. Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, mercredi, le vingt-unième jour de juin prochain, à une heure p.m.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. DE MARTIGNY,

Caissier.

Montréal, 27 avril, 1882.

44-5

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent a été déclaré sur le capital payé de cette institution pour le semestre courant, et sera payable au bureau de la banque, le et après jeudi, le premier juin prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 22 au 31 mai, ces deux jours inclus.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires, pour l'élection des directeurs et la transaction des affaires en général, aura lieu au bureau de la dite banque, à Montréal, mercredi, le vingt et un juin prochain, à midi.

Par ordre du bureau,

UBALDE GARAND,

Caissier.

44-5

BANQUE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de cinq pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville et à ses succursales le et après le jeudi, premier jour de juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, lundi le 5e jour de juin prochain. La séance sera ouverte à 1 heure.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. MACNIDER,

Assistant gérant général.

Montréal, 25 avril 1882.

44 6.

CHEMIN DE FER CANADIEN DU PACIFIQUE.

A VIS.—Une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de cette compagnie aura lieu le vingt-deuxième jour de mai prochain au bureau de la compagnie à Montréal, à midi, pour examiner et confirmer un acte d'arrangement pour l'achat de la section Ouest du chemin de fer Québec, Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental, exécuté le quatrième jour de mars dernier, et passé par la législature de la province de Québec.

Par ordre du bureau,

CHARLES DRINKWATER,

Secrétaire.

44-4

ACTE DE FAILLITE DE 1875 ET SES AMENDEMENTS.

Dans l'affaire de la banque des Artisans, corps politique, ayant son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Montréal, district de Montréal, faillie.

JE soussigné, James Court, de la cité de Montréal, syndic en cette affaire, donne avis par le présent que j'ai demandé un versement (le quatrième) de vingt pour cent, aux actionnaires de la dite banque tant ordinaires que préférentiels, sur le montant de leur double responsabilité sous l'autorité des sections 57, 58 et 59 de l'acte de 1871 concernant les banques (34 Vict., chap. 5) le dit versement étant payable à mon bureau, No 22, rue St-Jean, dans la cité de Montréal, jeudi la premier jour de juin prochain 1882.

JAMES COURT,

Syndic.

Montréal, 28 avril 1882.

44-1

BANQUE DE QUÉBEC.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, que tel dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville, le et après jeudi le premier jour de juin prochain.

Les livres de transport sont clos du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, lundi le cinquième jour de juin prochain.

Le président prendra le fauteuil à trois heures P. M.

Par ordre du bureau,

J. STEVENSON,

Caissier.

Québec, 27 avril 1882.

4

BANQUE DES MARCHANDS DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent pour le semestre courant, étant au taux de sept pour cent par année, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré et

que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque, en cette ville, le et après le jeudi, 1er juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 18 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, mercredi le 21 juin prochain.

La séance s'ouvrira à midi précis.

Par ordre du bureau,

G. HAGUE,

Gérant général.

Montréal, 22 avril, 1882.

44-5

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par M. William Milner, de la ville de Strathroy, dans le comté de Middlesex, province d'Ontario, mercredi le 17e jour de mai A. D. 1882, pour une extension du brevet d'invention qui m'a été accordé le vingt-huit février A. D. 1869, pour une amélioration utile et nouvelle dans l'engrenage des wagons, savoir : Jottereaux de devant unis à une barre en balance, et jottereaux de derrière ou fourche ; cette amélioration devant être appelée Jottereaux de devant unis à une barre en balance et Jottereaux de derrière ou fourche.

WILLIAM MILNER,

Brévetaire.

Strathroy, Ont., 15 avril 1882.

43-3

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER CANADIEN DU PACIFIQUE.

A VIS.—La première assemblée annuelle des actionnaires de cette compagnie pour l'élection des directeurs et la dépêche générale des affaires, aura lieu mercredi le 10 mai prochain, au bureau principal de la compagnie, à Montréal, à midi.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,

Secrétaire

Montréal, 10 avril 1882.

42 4

BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée finale des actionnaires de cette banque aura lieu au No. 26, rue Saint-François Xavier, Montréal, à 1 heure p.m., le 22 mai prochain, pour recevoir le rapport final des liquidateurs et pour faire toutes autres choses qu'il est loisible aux actionnaires de faire à telle assemblée finale en vertu de l'acte intitulé "Acte pour autoriser la liquidation des affaires de la banque Métropolitaine."

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,

Secrétaire.

Montréal, 4 avril 1882.

41-7

A VIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise

de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. MCGOUN,

Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

36-13

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Clerk of the Peace,
County of Ontario.

The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA:



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 28th April, 1882.

THE HONORABLE JOHN HAWKINS HAGARTY, Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench of the Province of Ontario; to be Administrator of the Government of the Province of Ontario, during the absence of the Honorable John Beverley Robinson, the Lieutenant-Governor of the said Province.

5th April, 1882.

CHARLES KEARNEY, of Florenceville, in the Province of New Brunswick, Gentleman; to be a Preventive Officer in Her Majesty's Customs.

17th April, 1882.

WILLIAM C. KINGSBERRY, of Rocham, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman; to be a Preventive Officer in Her Majesty's Customs.

DAVID JACKSON LOWREY, of the Township of Niagara, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs.

JOHN MCGIBBON, of Helena, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; to be a Sub-Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Wednesday, 3rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the provisions of the 48th and 49th sections of the Act passed in the 42nd year of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter 16, and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the laws relating to Weights and Measures,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that number four of the Regulations respecting the Inspection of Grain Testers, established by Order in Council of the 6th December 1881, be, and the same is hereby amended, and the following Regulation substituted in place thereof, viz:—

"4. It gives true indications of weight according to the purport of the figures and divisions marked on the beam."

Certified,

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

45-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Monday, 24th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Section 5 of "The Fisheries Act" explosive materials are forbidden in the Whale fishery, and whereas it appears that improved explosives have been recently adopted which are not liable to objection on account of the wasteful effects of the missiles formerly in use, against which the prohibition was levelled, and that these improvements are now adopted by American whalers frequenting the same waters as Canadian whalers,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 19th clause of "The Fisheries Act," has been pleased to order, and it is hereby

ordered, that the following amending Regulation be, and the same is hereby adopted, namely:—

“Section 5 of the Fisheries Act is suspended in so far as the same relates to the killing of Whales by “explosive instruments.”

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

44-3

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 24th day of April, 1882.

I HEREBY certify that Rule 4 of the Rules for the Pilotage District of New London, Prince Edward Island, approved by Order in Council of the 2nd July 1878, has been amended by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council on this day the 24th day of April 1882, to read as follows:—

“The Rate of Pilotage for this District shall be as follows:—Four (4) cents per Register ton to beach, “two (2) cents per register ton additional for Rivers “below Bridges.”

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

44-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 20th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a contagious disease known as “Sheep Scab” affecting sheep prevails in the County of Laprairie and adjoining Counties in the Province of Quebec, and it is expedient to provide for the segregation and isolation, in as far as possible, of animals affected with such disease,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, and under the provisions of the Act 42 Victoria, chapter 23, and intituled “An Act to provide against infectious or contagious diseases affecting animals,” has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations and Orders be enforced:—

1. It is the duty of every farmer, owner or breeder of, or dealer in sheep, on perceiving the appearance of the disease of “sheep scab” among any one of the animals owned by him or under his care, to give immediate notice to the Minister of Agriculture at Ottawa of the fact discovered by him, as required by section 2 of the said Act.

Negligence to comply with this obligation shall entail upon the owner of the said diseased sheep the penalty of not being entitled to, nor granted any compensation for such animals as may be slaughtered in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, and further that concealment of such disease shall subject such person on conviction thereof, to forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

2. If any person turn out, keep or graze any sheep knowing such animal to be infected with the disease of “sheep scab,” or to have been exposed to infection or contagion therefrom, in or upon any forest, wood, moor, beach, marsh, common, waste land, open field, or other undivided or unenclosed land, such person shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

3. Any person bringing into any market or other place any animal known by him to be infected with the disease of “sheep scab” shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit and pay for every such offence a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars.

4. Any person throwing or placing or causing to be thrown or placed into any river, stream, canal, navigable or other water, or into the sea within ten miles of the shore, the carcass of any sheep which has died

of “sheep scab,” or been slaughtered as having been so diseased shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars:

5. Any person who digs up or causes or allows to be dug up a carcass buried of a sheep having died or been suspected of having died, or been slaughtered, from the disease of “sheep scab,” shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars.

6. In case any sheep affected with the disease of “sheep scab” be exposed or offered for sale, or be brought for such purpose into any market, fair or other open or public place where other animals are commonly exposed for sale, then any police or municipal officer or duly authorized inspector shall cause the same, together with any pens, hurdles, troughs, litter, hay, straw or other articles, to be forfeited, destroyed or otherwise disposed of in such manner as he may deem proper or as may be directed.

7. It shall be unlawful for any person to have in his possession or under his charge a sheep affected with the disease of “sheep scab,” without causing it to be treated with some dressing, dipping or remedy for “sheep scab.”

8. No sheep being affected with “sheep scab” or sheep which have been in contact with other sheep suffering from “sheep scab,” or have been in any field, stable, cowshed or other premises in which “sheep scab” is found to exist, shall be allowed to be removed therefrom without a written order from an Inspector authorized by the Minister of Agriculture for that purpose.

9. All sheds, outhouses and places used by sheep affected by “sheep scab” must be thoroughly cleansed and disinfected by scrubbing with hot water and carbolic acid—one pound to four gallons—and afterwards white-washed with hot lime to which chloride of lime—one pound to a gallon—has been added, to a height of at least five feet from the ground or floor.

10. When found necessary an inspector shall order the slaughtering and burial of all badly affected sheep, and any person having in possession any sheep affected with “sheep scab” without treating such sheep by some dressing or dipping fluid shall be liable to such penalties as may be enacted under the provisions of the aforesaid Act.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Asst. Clerk, Privy Council.

43-3

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th April, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,656,761 93
Excise.....	417,789 32
Post Office.....	156,181 65
Public Works, including Railways.	266,659 50
Miscellaneous	194,721 77
	<u>\$ 2,692,114 17</u>
Revenue to 31st March, 1882.....	24,479,865 88
	<u>\$27,171,980 05</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,770,560 98
do 31st March, 1882.....	17,999,566 70
	<u>\$19,770,127 68</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st May, 1882.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 7 of 1882.

CHANGE IN PORT ST. JOHN LIGHT.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after the opening of navigation this year, the light on Port St. John wharf, Island of Orleans, River St. Lawrence below Quebec, will be changed from a revolving white to a *fixed white* light.

The illuminating apparatus will be catoptric.

Lat. N. 46° 55' 20"

Long. W. 70° 53' 30"

WM. SMITH,

Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 17th April, 1882.

45-3

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 1st day of May, 1882.

I HEREBY certify that Rule 12 of the Rules and Regulations for the government of Pilots for the Pilotage District of Louisburg, in the Province of Nova Scotia, approved by Order in Council on the 3rd day of June, 1881, has been amended by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council on this day, the 1st day of May, 1882, by having the pilotage dues on steamships to read as follows:—

	Tons.	Tons.	Inward.	Outward.
On steamships of	80 to	500	\$ 8 00	\$5 00
" "	500 "	1000	10 00	6 00
" "	1000 "	3000	12 00	8 00

JOHN J. McGEE,

Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

45-3

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the government of Pilots for the Pilotage District of Miramichi, in the Province of New-Brunswick, made by the Pilotage Authority of the said District under the "Pilotage Act of Canada."

That all Rules and Regulations heretofore made for the government of pilots or in relation to pilotage in the said District be, and the same are hereby repealed. And in lieu thereof:—

1. That the limits of the Pilotage District of Miramichi, shall be held to extend easterly as far as Entry Island, Magdalens; northerly, as far as Point Miscou, in the County of Gloucester, N. B., and southerly, as far as Kouchibouguac River, in the County of Kent, N. B.

2. Every person, now acting or holding a branch as a pilot for the Pilotage District of Miramichi, shall forthwith surrender the same to the said Pilotage Authority, and shall, if legally entitled thereto, receive a license for the said district.

3. Every person not already licensed as a pilot for the Pilotage District aforesaid must make application in writing to the Secretary, at the office of the Pilotage Authority, and be a resident of the County of Northumberland, of not less than twenty-one years of age, and shall have continuously served as an indentured apprentice (approved by the Pilotage Authority) under a licensed pilot for a term of not less than four years—three years of which shall be on board a licensed pilot boat, and the fourth year he shall accompany the pilot on board all ships or vessels in which such pilot shall be employed; shall also produce a certificate of good character while serving his apprenticeship from the pilot to whom he was indentured; and shall be examined by examiners appointed

for that purpose by the Pilotage Authority of the said district, and at that examination shall answer such questions and show such qualifications as will warrant them in giving him a certificate of his competency to perform all the duties of a pilot in the said district; and a license shall forthwith issue to such person on payment of the expenses of such examination and a fee of five dollars.

4. The rates of pilotage for the district of the ports or harbor of Miramichi shall be as follows:—

When inward bound, two dollars and twenty-five cents per foot, for every foot of water such ship shall draw at the time.

When outward bound, one dollar and seventy-five cents per foot, if drawing less than seventeen feet of water; and two dollars per foot if drawing seventeen feet or upwards.

For the removal of any ship or vessel, and seeing such ship or vessel properly secured and moored, the following rates, viz:—The sum of one dollar and fifty cents for vessels not exceeding 100 tons; the sum of two dollars for vessels over 100 tons and not exceeding 200 tons; the sum of three dollars for vessels over 200 tons and not exceeding 300 tons; and the sum of four dollars for all vessels over 300 tons, and where the distance of removal exceeds four miles fifty per cent additional shall be allowed on the above rates; and after the first of November in each year, any pilot taking out any ship or vessel shall be entitled to demand and receive the sum of four dollars in addition to above rates, provided that such pilot shall have taken such ship or vessel clear to sea, leave her without causing any unnecessary delay, and without the ship or vessel being obliged to land such pilot. And all the foregoing rates of pilotage shall be payable to and collected by the said Pilotage Authority.

5. If any such pilot shall, within the said Pilotage District offer his services to any inward bound ship or vessel liable to pay pilotage to the said Authority and be refused, no other licensed pilot being on board or having previously offered his services to such ship or vessel, such pilot so refused shall be entitled to demand and receive the same rate of pilotage as if he had been actually employed to pilot such vessel into any of the ports in the Harbor of Miramichi.

6. Every pilot shall make a report of every ship or vessel piloted by him to or from sea, on the forms furnished him, giving the name, rig, tonnage, nationality, draught of water; and when boarded, if inward, where from and to whom consigned; and, if outwards, name of shipper and where bound; also any services that have been rendered; to which report he shall, if possible, obtain the master's signature. He shall also report all vessels spoken by him which have refused to accept his services; and shall also report any casualty or accident that may have happened to any such vessel under his charge, or any other matter of importance connected with vessels coming under his observation; and shall also report when any of the buoys are not in their places, or any of the light-houses are not lighted at the proper time and kept lighted; or fog whistles not sounded in thick weather; which report shall be made without delay.

7. All boats to be licensed as pilot boats shall be decked, of not less than twenty tons register, and shall be surveyed, and, if satisfactory and recommended shall be licensed for a term not exceeding one year on payment of a license fee of ten dollars. All licensed pilot boats at the end of or immediately before the expiring of the above named year, shall again be surveyed, and, if found satisfactory to the Pilotage Authority shall have their licenses renewed for a term not exceeding one year, which survey and examination shall be continued from year to year on the payment for the first license of a fee of ten dollars, and for every renewal five dollars, provided the number of boats under license shall not exceed four,

8. Every licensed pilot boat shall have on board one or more life-boats to be used in conveying pilots to and from ships; and also one or more life-preservers for each pilot and apprentice belonging or attached to said licensed pilot boat.

9. All licensed pilot boats shall have conspicuous numbers on the sails; such numbers to be painted in black on each side of the fore and mainsails, in figures not less than three feet in length, such numbers to be the same as stated in the license for such boats.

10. Any licensed pilot boat that may at any time on examination by the Pilotage Authority be found in any way unfit for the service for which she is licensed, or not characterized in accordance with section 75 of Pilotage Act of 1873 and amendments thereto, shall have her license suspended until she is made and fitted out to the satisfaction of the Pilotage Authority; and the license so suspended shall, during such suspension, be lodged with the secretary of the Pilotage Authority.

11. Each pilot, before receiving his license, shall certify to the Pilotage Authority that he is the owner of at least two tons in one of the four licensed pilot-boats.

12. Each pilot shall take his regular turn in piloting vessels inwards or outwards, so that the work will be equally divided amongst the pilots; and it shall be the duty of every pilot to obey the orders of the person to be appointed, as hereinafter provided, for the purpose of arranging the turns or making such changes therein as he may deem necessary and expedient.

13. The pilots shall, at a meeting to be held on or before the first day of April in each year, by a majority of the pilots present at such meeting, appoint a suitable person out of their number, (such appointment to be subject to the approval of the Pilotage Authority), whose duty it shall be to decide upon and arrange the turns in which each pilot shall perform his duty and make any changes in said turns by substituting one pilot for another, as he may deem expedient; to receive all reports from the pilots, as provided in section 6 of these regulations; ascertain the exact amount due by each vessel for the services of any pilot; and forthwith forward the foregoing reports and information to the Secretary of the Pilotage Authority, with such further information as he may from time to time require; and for his services such person shall receive share and share alike with the other pilots of the net proceeds earned at the end of the season.

In case the pilots shall neglect to make said appointment or should any appointment by the pilots be disapproved, the Pilotage Authority shall appoint a suitable pilot to perform the foregoing services.

14. Every person wishing to become an indentured apprentice to a licensed pilot must make application on the proper form to the Secretary, and have the rudiments of an ordinary English education, and be of a good moral character and approved by the Pilotage Authority; and on such approval be indentured to a licensed pilot to serve for a term of not less than four years, as a pilot apprentice on board of a Miramichi licensed pilot boat, under the direction and control of his indentured master; the conditions to be contained in the indentures to be subject to the approval of the Pilotage Authority.

15. That after all apprentices who have been regularly indentured previous to the first day of February, A.D., 1882, shall have received their licenses, no more apprentices shall be licensed as pilots until the number of pilots is reduced to thirty

16. Every outward bound vessel shall be compelled to accept the services of the pilot assigned to him by the person appointed under section 13 of these

Regulations, unless the master, or owner, or agent of such vessel can show satisfactory grounds for refusal to any two of the Commissioners, in which case the person so appointed shall carry out the instructions of the said Commissioners.

17. In case of any dispute arising between pilots, masters of vessels and others, respecting pilotage, or for extra remuneration in a case of any extraordinary nature, the matter shall be referred to one or more of the Pilotage Commissioners nearest to the place of dispute, and his or their decision in the premises shall be final; and any licensed pilot who shall refuse or neglect to appear before the Commissioner or Commissioners after twenty-four hours' notice when his attendance shall be required on any occasion, or who shall give any unnecessary trouble or annoyance or detention to masters of vessels shall, for every such offence, be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars and also to suspension at the discretion of the Pilotage Authority as represented by a majority of the Commission; and the costs of summoning witnesses and the hearing of any matter in dispute, shall be paid by such party as the Commissioners may direct.

18. Any licensed pilot not complying with these Rules and Regulations, or evading the sense, intent or meaning or any or either of them, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars for the breach of such Rule or Regulation, with, in case of the continuing breach, a further penalty not exceeding four dollars for every twenty-four hours during which such breach continues; and shall be liable to have his license withdrawn or suspended at the discretion of the Pilotage Authority.

19. On proof on oath of the Pilotage Authority that any pilot licensed by them has been guilty of any improper conduct, drunkenness, or wilful neglect of duty, or that he is incapacitated by age or mental or bodily infirmity, said pilot shall be suspended or deprived of his license at the discretion of the Pilotage Authority.

20. That R. R. Call, one of the Commissioners of Pilots for said District is hereby appointed their secretary and treasurer, and as such secretary and treasurer he shall collect and receive all fees and earnings under these regulations; record the minutes, and keep a book for the entry of all licenses, fees, pilotage dues, fines, &c., received and of all sums paid to pilots and otherwise; and that he shall receive a salary per annum of 3 per cent on the gross receipts and earnings of the pilots—to be, with the other necessary expenses of management of the pilotage business of said District, deducted from the fees for licenses, pilotage dues, fines, &c., and that after deduction of said salary and necessary expenses the net earnings of the pilots shall be by said secretary and treasurer divided equally amongst the licensed pilots of said district.

PRIVY COUNCIL
Ottawa, 4th day of May, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Rules and Regulations for the government of Pilots for the Pilotage District of Miramichi, have been this day approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

45-3

NOTICE is hereby given that all Licenses for the transaction of the business of Insurance in this Dominion expired on the 31st March ultimo.

Renewals of Licenses have been issued to the following Companies:

The Accident Insurance Company of North America.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.

The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.
 The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N. Y., U. S.
 The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.
 The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.
 The Briton Life Association (Limited).
 The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.
 The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.
 The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.
 The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.
 The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).
 The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.
 The Confederation Life Association of Canada.
 The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association, St. John, N. B.
 The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.
 The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.
 The Guarantee Company of North America.
 The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.
 The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.
 The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.
 The Lancashire Insurance Company.
 The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.
 The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.
 The London Assurance Corporation, England.
 The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).
 The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.
 The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.
 The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.
 The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.
 The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.
 The Mutual Life Association of Canada.
 The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.
 The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.
 The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London.
 The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.
 The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.
 The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.
 The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England.
 The Quebec Fire Assurance Company.
 The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.
 The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.
 The Royal Canadian Insurance Company.
 The Royal Insurance Company.
 The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company.
 The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.
 The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.
 The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.
 The Star Life Assurance Society of England.
 The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.
 The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company.
 The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.
 The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine.
 The Western Assurance Company, Toronto.

The following Life Insurance Companies had ceased to transact *new business* in Canada at the time of the passing of *The Consolidated Insurance Act*, 1877, and are entitled under section 17 of that Act to transact all business connected with their *existing Policies* :

The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.
 The Scottish Provident Institution.
 The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company.
 The United States Life Insurance Company.

The following Life Insurance Companies having given notice under the 17th Section of *The Consolidated Insurance Act*, 1877, that they would cease to transact *new business* in Canada on 31st March 1878, are entitled under this section cited to transact all business connected with *Policies* existing at that date :

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.
 The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.
 The Life Association of Scotland.
 The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.
 The New York Life Insurance Company.
 The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, U. S.
 The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.
 The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.

The following Life Insurance Companies having given notice of their intention to avail themselves of the Proviso to section 7 of *The Consolidated Insurance Act*, 1877, their *deposits* in the hands of *The Receiver General*, at 31st March, 1878, will be applied with respect to their *Policies* existing at that date, under the provisions of the Acts of 1868 and 1871 :

The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.
 The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.
 The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.
 The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.
 The Royal Insurance Company.
 The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.
 The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.
 The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.
 The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.
 The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
 Superintendent.

Office of the Superintendent
 of Insurance.
 Ottawa, 29th April, 1882.

44-3

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE,
 OTTAWA, 28th April, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a license for the transaction of business of life insurance in Canada has this day been issued to The Federal Life Assurance Company of Ontario, the head-office being established in the city of Hamilton, and David Dexter, Esquire, being the chief agent.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,
 Superintendent of Insurance.

44-4f

INLAND REVENUE OFFICE.

Toronto, 21st April, 1882.

To all whom it may concern :—

WHEREAS S. H. B. Harris, a licensed Tobacco manufacturer, in the Inland Revenue Division of Toronto, has failed to comply with the provisions

of the Inland Revenue Act of 1830, by neglecting to render semi-monthly returns as required by the said Act, his said license is therefore forfeited and the same become null and void.

44-3

W. C. STRATTON,

Collector.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of March, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts	\$ cts.
Spirits	242,453 39	.....
Malt Liquor .....	.....	.....
Malt	43,186 20	.....
Tobacco	154,966 20	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	1,073 36	.....
Manufactures in Bond.....	2,338 01	.....
Seizures	35 30	.....
Other Receipts	1,764 34	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....	.....	445,816 80
Canals.....	.....	19 31
Slides and Booms .....	.....	.....
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c. ....	.....	549 75
Minor Public Works.....	.....	3,311 34
Culling Timber.....	.....	286 58
Inspection of Weights and Measures .....	.....	2,101 86
Inspection of Gas.....	.....	249 75
Bill Stamps.....	.....	1,462 42
Total ... ..	.....	453,797 81

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 27th April, 1882.

E. MIALL,

Assist. Commissioner.

44-tf

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued, under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the seventeenth day of April, 1882, incorporating William Van Duzer Lawrence, merchant; Ebenezer Muir, agent; John Stephen Bates, cashier, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, and John Wyeth, merchant, and Frank H. Wyeth, merchant, both of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, one of the United States of America, for the purpose of the manufacturing, buying and selling drugs, chemicals, toilet articles and proprietary medicines, within the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "The Apothecaries Hall Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into one hundred shares of one thousand dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-eighth day of April, 1882.

44-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the eighth day of April, 1882, incorporating Sir Hugh Allan, steamship owner, the Honorable Thomas Ryan, Senator, Andrew Allan, steamship owner, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Hugh McLennan, merchant, and Andrew Thomas Drummond, financial agent, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, and Arthur Wellington Ross, Member of the Provincial Parliament, and Charles Sinclair Drummond, both of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, in the said Dominion, for the purpose of the purchasing, leasing or otherwise

acquiring of land or any interests therein in the Dominion of Canada, the holding, using, settling, cultivating, stocking with horses or cattle or otherwise improving the same, the erection of buildings thereon, the establishment of stores thereon, and the purchase and sale of articles of merchandize of every description (*excepting the purchase and sale of ale, wine, spirituous or fermented liquors, intoxicating drinks or intoxicants of any description*), the erection and acquirement, working and renting of saw mills and flour mills thereon; the taking of interests as shareholders in any corporation having in view the improvement of any of the said lands or the affording of access thereto; the construction, acquirement and use of steam and sailing vessels, tramways, canals, roads and other works of any description necessary or expedient as a means of access to or for the improvement of the said lands, the promotion of immigration to the said property, the selling, leasing, exchanging, mortgaging or otherwise dealing in the said lands or interests therein or the said personal property belonging to the said company; the assisting and the advancing of money to settlers and the taking, holding, selling or otherwise disposing of mortgages or other instruments intended to secure moneys so advanced or remaining due on lands sold; the issuing of bonds secured on the real and personal assets of the Company, the acting as agents of any Government, corporation or individual in the purchase or sale of lands and the settlement thereof and the promotion of immigration, and generally the accomplishment of all such purposes and works as are necessary or incidental to the attainment of the aforesaid objects,—by the name of the "Montreal and Western Land Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this twenty-fifth day of April 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secretary of State.

44-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, supplementary letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 8th day of April, 1882, whereby the total capital stock of "The Grape Sugar Refining Company (Limited)" has been increased from one hundred thousand dollars to two hundred thousand dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 20th day of April, 1882.

43-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of April 1882, incorporating Frederick Nichols, of the city of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, journalist; Thomas Cowan, of the Town of Galt, in the said Province, manufacturer; Thomas D. Wardlaw, of the same place, manufacturer; James S. Wardlaw, of the same place, manufacturer; Henry Bickford, of the town of Dundas, in the said province, manufacturer; Samuel G. Leonard, of the same place, manufacturer; James Young, of the city of Hamilton, in the said province, manufacturer, and Hamilton Young, of the same place, manufacturer, for the purpose of the printing and publishing of newspapers, books, pamphlets, periodicals and information for the promotion of manufacturing and commercial industries in Canada, by the name of the "Canadian Manufacturer Publishing Company," with a total capital stock of five thousand dollars, divided into fifty shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twentieth day of April, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secretary of State.

43-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of April, 1882, incorporating Simeon Jones, banker, Howard Douglas Troop, merchant, The Honorable Isaac Burpee, William Frederick Harrison, merchant, John Stewart, merchant, George McLeod, merchant; Thomas Furlong, merchant; Henry Raycroft Ranney, insurance agent, all of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, in the Dominion of Canada; The Honorable Abner Reid McClelan, Senator of Albert County, in the said Province of New Brunswick; and James Vaughan, of the Town of Liverpool, in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, acquiring, chartering, hiring, selling, leasing, repairing and operating, steam boats, sailing vessels, and other vessels of all kinds and of carrying on therewith the business of common carriers, forwarders, traders and the conveyance of mails, the transportation of passengers, merchandize and all such business as is usually carried on by Ocean steamers and sailing vessels between Canada, Great Britain and other countries, also tugs, barges and all other kinds of vessels used in harbors and navigable waters; to purchase, construct, acquire, lease, hire and own wharves and warehouses and other buildings, ships, piers, docks, dockyards, tramways and elevators, and to work the same, to establish shops and stores and vend articles of ships stores and merchandize therein as may be requisite and necessary for the carrying on of said business, with power to sell and dispose of or exchange for other property when not required for the purposes of the company; also power to make, draw, accept and endorse promissory notes, bills of exchange, drafts or bank cheques, requisite in the company's interests, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainments of the above objects,—by the name of the "New Brunswick Steamship Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one million dollars divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada this twentieth day of April, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

43-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, letters patent have been issued, under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the third day of April, 1882, incorporating the Honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, one of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the law, Thomas Craig

Fields, Gentleman, and George Simpson, merchant, both of the Parish of St. Andrews in the said Province of Quebec, James Muir, real estate agent, and George Bury, accountant, both of the said City of Montreal, for the purpose of the manufacturing and selling of drugs, medicines and medical specialties of all kinds and descriptions, throughout the Dominion of Canada, by the name of "The Medical Specialties Manufacturing Company," with a total capital stock of eight thousand dollars divided into eighty shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this nineteenth day of April, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

43-3

Copy of Resolutions passed at a meeting of the Yale and New Westminster Pilotage Authority, held at Burrard Inlet, 14th May, 1879.

Resolved :

"That B. Springer be appointed Secretary of the Pilotage Authority for this District."

Resolved :

"That the Secretary be paid the sum of twenty-five dollars per month for his service."

(Signed)

J. A. RAYMUR,
Chairman.

Burrard Inlet, B.C.,
14th March, 1882.

PRIVY COUNCIL,
18th day of April, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolutions passed by the Yale and New Westminster Pilotage Authority on the 14th day of May 1879, were approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 17th day of April, 1882.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Assist. Clerk, Privy Council.

3-3

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the 22nd Section of the Canadian Act, 36 Victoria, chap. 128, permission has been given to change the name of the steamer "Beauharnois" of Quebec, to that of "Quinté." This vessel has been extensively repaired.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine, &c.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 17th April, 1882.

43-3

TARIFF of Tolls to be levied on Timber, Saw-logs, &c., passing through the Government Slides and Works upon the Ottawa and its tributaries.

Name of River.	Name of Slide or other Improvement.	Per Slide or Improvement.				Rate to clear to foot of Chaudiere.		Special Rates.
		Red Pine, White Pine or Hardwood.		Masts, Saw-lumber, or per crib.	Red Pine, White Pine or Hardwood.	Masts, Saw-lumber, or per crib.		
		Per Saw Log.	Per stick.				Per crib.	
Ottawa.....	For passing through—							
do.....	Slides at Roche Capitaine.....							Round, Flatted and Dimension Timber. Also Railway Ties.
do.....	do St. Joachim Rapids.....							
do.....	do Calumet and Mountain Rapids.....							
do.....	do Portage-du-Fort.....							
do.....	do Chats.....							
do.....	do Chaudiere.....							
do.....	Chenaux Boom.....							
do.....	Chaudiere Boom.....							
do.....	Carillon Dam.....							
Petewawa.....	Passing dams, piers and booms between Cedar Lake and Memo. Rapids.....							
do.....	Slide near Lake Traverse.....							Where no special rate is given for saw-logs passing through Government improvement the tolls for Slidage or Boomage are to be levied on sixty saw logs as equivalent to a crib of square timber.
do.....	Slides between Lake Traverse and Trout Lake.....							
do.....	Crooked Chute to River Ottawa.....							
do.....	Bois Dur to River Ottawa.....							
Madawaska.....	Ragged Chute and High Falls slide and improvements.....							
do.....	Improvements below High Falls to Arnprior.....							
do.....	Slide at Arnprior.....							
do.....	Retaining booms and piers in Chats Lake at mouth of River.....							
Dumoine.....	High Falls slide to River Ottawa.....							
do.....	Below High Falls (Lower Improvements).....							
Coulonge.....	Slide at High Falls.....							
Black River.....	Slides at Black River.....							
Gatineau.....	Booms.....							
								Eight Railway Ties to be charged as equivalent to one ordinary piece flattened timber at half rate of square timber.

I hereby certify that the foregoing revised Tariff of Tolls to be levied on Timber, Saw-logs, &c., passing through the Government Works and Slides upon the Ottawa River and its tributaries has been approved this day by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 3rd May, 1882.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, (exclusive of British Columbia,) for March, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mines.....	79,562 00	9,340 00	88,902 00
do - Fisheries.....	405,137 00	128 00	405,275 00
do Forest.....	375,259 00	55,855 00	431,114 00
Animals and their Produce.....	941,102 00	2,072 00	943,174 00
Agricultural Products.....	1,658,253 00	25,310 00	1,683,563 00
Manufactures	259,897 00	24,289 00	284,186 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	68,823 00	11,145 00	79,968 00
Totals.....	3,788,033 00	128,149 00	3,916,182 00
Coin and Bullion.....		59,067 00	59,067 00
Grand Total.....	3,788,033 00	187,216 00	3,975,249 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 5th May, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Dnty.
Acids.....	\$	\$ cts. 8,818 00	\$ cts. 1,862 37
Agricultural Implements	"	6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter.. ..	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" " U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	531 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 130,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	442,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 26th January, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of March, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 28th February, 1882	\$8,414,380 03	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$469,696 50 ²
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	612,249 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	4,826 12	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts..... ..	\$8,489,803 56
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	71,955 09
	9,031,455 15		8,561,758 65
			9,031,455 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 22nd April, 1882.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st January, 1881, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Dec., 1881.	Deposits for January, 1882.	Total.	Withdrawn, January, 1882.	Balance, 31st January, 1882.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	518,102 46	45,159 37	563,261 83	29,387 88	533,893 95
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	388,671 53	85,378 97	474,050 50	67,368 59	406,681 91
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,345,340 22	73,145 00	1,418,485 22	65,495 51	1,352,989 71
Nanaimo.....	139,558 14	5,657 00	145,215 14	4,325 29	140,890 85
New Westminster.....	176,568 47	15,253 00	191,821 47	10,066 29	181,768 04
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	126,468 17	5,757 00	132,225 17	4,863 00	127,362 17
Antigonish.....	33,408 36	9,955 00	43,363 36	507 00	42,856 36
Annapolis.....	119,591 46	9,141 42	128,732 88	2,781 11	125,951 77
Arichat.....	121,897 05	3,517 00	125,414 05	2,096 30	123,317 75
Acadia Mines.....	27,649 99	1,020 00	28,669 99	203 61	28,466 38
Baddeck.....	38,172 93	4,023 00	42,195 93	1,130 73	41,065 20
Bridgewater.....	20,697 34	1,931 00	22,628 34	517 46	22,110 88
Barrington.....	32,046 88	1,352 00	33,398 88	267 77	33,131 11
Digby.....	63,561 06	2,917 00	66,478 06	5,404 03	61,074 03
Guysboro'.....	45,691 95	3,958 00	49,649 95	512 00	49,137 95
Halifax.....	2,284,100 59	115,432 03	2,399,532 67	63,456 42	2,336,076 25
Kentville.....	92,956 63	12,983 00	105,944 63	3,627 04	102,317 64
Liverpool.....	105,705 12	6,024 00	111,729 12	705 00	111,024 12
Little Glace Bay.....	33	5 00	5 33	5 33	
Lingan.....	10,576 84	2,185 00	12,691 84	547 00	12,144 84
Lunenburg.....	63,114 54	11,124 00	74,238 54	2,347 62	71,890 92
Maitland.....	43,050 84	1,856 00	44,906 84	4,800 07	40,106 77
New Glasgow.....	94,081 20	5,602 00	99,683 20	2,577 96	97,105 24
Parrsboro'.....	40,801 94	972 00	41,773 94	2,156 00	39,617 94
Port Hood.....	49,548 26	3,468 00	53,016 26	4,111 00	48,905 26
Pictou.....	40,338 12	1,383 00	41,721 12	1,065 40	40,655 72
Shelburne.....	31,798 58	1,524 00	33,322 58	2,214 00	31,108 58
Sydney.....	163,303 50	6,371 00	169,674 50	3,730 64	165,943 86
Sherbrooke.....	30,009 47	834 00	30,843 47	10 00	30,833 47
Truro.....	183,127 36	13,900 50	197,027 86	6,400 00	190,627 86
Wallace.....	7,942 50	843 00	8,785 50	216 00	8,569 50
Windsor.....	344,467 97	18,919 00	363,386 97	6,395 15	356,991 82
Weymouth.....	52,490 12	1,400 00	53,890 12	2,024 47	51,865 65
Yarmouth.....	293,297 04	10,473 00	303,770 04	10,935 09	292,834 95
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	62,279 80	3,409 00	65,738 80	1,761 92	63,976 88
Chatham.....	183,137 73	4,754 00	187,891 73	2,994 79	184,896 94
Dalhousie.....	146,958 37	2,643 00	149,601 37	2,166 68	147,434 69
Dorchester.....	16,663 81	3,236 00	19,899 81		19,899 81
Fredericton.....	267,510 66	15,981 00	283,491 66	3,245 61	280,246 05
Hillboro'.....	20,320 83	1,277 00	21,597 83	1,900 23	19,697 60
Moncton.....	118,803 46	8,614 00	127,417 46	4,851 45	122,566 01
Newcastle.....	122,022 86	1,691 00	123,713 86	2,180 26	121,533 50
Richibucto.....	65,837 07	303 00	66,140 07	919 67	65,220 40
St. Andrews.....	202,079 34	9,170 00	211,249 34	6,101 94	205,147 40
St. John.....	1,582,258 22	44,070 00	1,626,328 22	20,575 53	1,605,752 69
Sussex.....	14,369 00	4,707 88	19,076 88	294 00	18,782 88
Woodstock.....	192,569 04	10,374 00	202,943 04	3,933 07	198,999 97
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	718,319 30	63,285 00	781,604 30	20,972 04	760,632 26
Total.....	10,841,195 50	657,033 22	11,498,229 72	384,173 05	11,114,056 67

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 25th April, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST APRIL, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Armstrong .....	.....	Kings	N.S. John Miles.
Battery Hill .....	.....	Pictou	N.S. Peter A. Grant.
Belleisle .....	.....	Kings	N.S. William Kierstead.
Berryton	Leeds	Leeds, S.R.	O. James Berry.
Beulah	Sec. 4, Tp. 15, R. 26 W. ....	.....	M. G. H. Rowswell.
Bowesville	Gloucester	Russell	O. J. Gamble.
Cartwright	Sec. 18, Tp. 2, R. 14 W.	Marquette	M. T. S. Menary.
Chicot	St. Cuthbert	Berthier	Q. Thomas G. Chênevert.
Chignecto .....	.....	Cumberland	N.S. John Patrick.
Conns Mills .....	.....	Cumberland	N.S. Angus McPherson.
Corbyville	Thurlow	Hastings, E.R.	O. W. Bennett.
Dereham Centre	Dereham	Oxford, S.R.	O. Robert G. Bigham.
Derry West	Toronto	Peel	O. T. McCollum.
Fréchette	St. Nicholas	Lévis	Q. Nazaire Fréchette.
Glendale	Westminster	Middlesex, E.R.	O. A. Baughart.
Grattan .....	.....	Northumberland	N.B. P. Grattan.
Jessopville	Melancthon	Grey, S.R.	O. William Gray.
Keith .....	.....	Kings	N.B. B. A. Keith.
Lakeburn .....	.....	Westmoreland	N.B. F. Leblanc.
Locksley (re-opened) ..	Alice	Renfrew, N.R.	O. W. H. Sparling.
Mabou Harbour Mouth .....	.....	Inverness	N.S. Lewis McKeen.
Maguire	McGillivray	Middlesex, N.R.	O. Alexander Tod.
Mary's Point .....	.....	Albert	N.B. C. Foster.
Mill Settlement .....	.....	Sunbury	N.B. N. Hoyt.
Morcambe .....	.....	Kings	N.B. J. Fowler.
Mull River .....	.....	Inverness	N.S. James Beaton.
Newburn .....	.....	Lunenburg	N.S. Charles Joudry.
Parlee Settlement .....	.....	Kings	N.B. H. Parlee.
Power's Creek .....	.....	Victoria	N.B. P. O. Byram.
Salt Springs Station .....	.....	Cumberland	N.S. J. W. Black.
Scotch Village (re-opened) .....	.....	Hants	N.S. Henry S. Ocllan.
St. Adolphe de Howard	Howard	Argenteuil	Q. James Demers.
St. Clair Siding	Tilbury West	Essex	O. James Reaume.
Starkville	Clarke	Durham, W.R.	O. A. Stark.
Trottier	Ste. Hélène de Chester	Arthabaska	Q. Antoine Lafleur.
Victoria Settlement .....	.....	Sunbury	N.B. Thomas Harper.
West Scotch Settlement .....	.....	Kings	N.B. D. McLaughlin.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Derry West Co. Peel, O. || Daywood | Co. Grey, N.R., O |
Millville	Co. Gloucester, N.B.
Newport Point	Co. Gaspé, Q.
Paquetville	Co. Gloucester, N.B.

NAME CHANGED.

Bulstrode, Co. Arthabaska, Q to St. Valère de Bulstrode. || Chenier, Co. Arthabaska, Q | to St. Rémi de Tingwick. |
| Hopewell Corner, Co. Albert, N.B. | to Albert. |
| New Germany, Co. Lunenburg, N.S. | to Barss' Corners. |

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Amount of Deposit.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).		Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).		Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.		Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....		Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....		Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)		Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....		Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....		Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash		Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock.		Fire and Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....		Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333).....		Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association.....	R. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.	\$50,000 cash.		Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B)		Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock		Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210).....		Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....		Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)		Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock		Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto..	\$100,000 Canada stock.....		Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock		Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200).....		Fire and Life.
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000		Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock.		Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock		Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)		Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. O. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....		Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds		Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....		Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....		Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto..	\$50,000 cash.....		Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)		Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, Eng'land.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Life.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915)	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Acciden
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Munlock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$150,515 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.	\$150,000 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company		\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court. The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims. The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. O'HERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60			
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25			
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	36,381 92			
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00			
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00			
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77			

Fractional Notes.....	167,381 60
Provincial ".....	78,382 92
Montreal issue.....	6,772,152 00
Toronto ".....	4,833,296 50
Halifax ".....	1,773,365 50
St. John ".....	663,781 75
Victoria ".....	27,077 50
Total.....	\$14,315,437 77

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st March.....	1,899,461 92
Additional at Montreal on 3rd April.....	250,000 00
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,149,461 92
	2,920,000 00
	5,069,461 92
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77	1,431,543 77
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77	2,147,315 67
	\$3,578,859 44
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,490,602 48
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,315,437 77.....	10,736,578 33
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,263,421 67
SUMMARY.	
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,490,602 48
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,263,421 67
Total Excess.....	2,754,024 15

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 14th April, 1882

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31st MARCH, 1882.

CAPITAL.			LIABILITIES.								
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 600,000 00	\$ cts. 256,962 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,793,624 49	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 83,462 61	\$ cts. 6,316,019 51
City and District Savings Bank.....											
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,027,763 28	83,000 00	116,060 38	3,226,823 66

ASSETS.

	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
City and District Savings Bank.....	\$ cts. 2,500 00	\$ cts. 1,407,714 00	\$ cts. 600 00	\$ cts. 2,590,301 13	\$ cts. 1,586,258 04	\$ cts. 831,120 88	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. *448,893 40	\$ cts. 7,047,387 45
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	1,015,959 15	127,510 22	1,088,522 93	83,000 00	237,220 00	130,379 61	3,499,112 33

• Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th April, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000.....	\$1,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock.....	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities.....	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada.....	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months.....	389 51
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	2,054 24
		Other Assets	2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.
Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest..... Nil.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether

they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882. 39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rawbone Gun and Manufacturing Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in fire-arms, ammunition, skates and sporting and sportsmen's requisites, and acquiring, disposing of and working patents relating thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be one hundred thousand dollars in one hundred shares of one thousand dollars each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Joseph Loxton Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Richard Hoskin, Gentleman, William George Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Orlando Dunn, general agent, William Case Adams, dentist, John Dunn, cattle dealer, Hamilton Kane, banker, and Henry Seton Strathy, banker, all of Toronto; George Dempsey Cushman, of the city of New York, in the State of New York, Gentleman; and Ebenezer Hooper, of the village of Boston, in the county of Norfolk, Ontario, Gentleman.

6. The said Joseph Loxton Rawbone, William George Rawbone, and Orlando Dunn are to be the first or provisional directors.

McCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Toronto, 4th May, 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned:

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Nova Scotia Steel Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the making steel from scrap steel, scrap iron, and pig iron, the product to be manufactured into plow plates, spring steel, steel springs, &c.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one hundred and sixty and the value of each share one thousand dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and callings of each of the applicants are—

James D. McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Graham Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; James Matheson Carmichael, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Fitz William Stairs, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, manufacturer; Henry Skeffington Poole, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, mining engineer; George Forrest McKay, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; Andrew Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, accountant; Duncan Cameron Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, barrister; Angus Chisholm, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; James Eastwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, jeweller; William Stewart, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, contractor; George William Underwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Robert Sprott McCurdy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Donald Grant, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; George McDougall, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Archibald Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Heywood McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Adam Carr Bell, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, druggist; James Roy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, trader; John Ross, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, farmer; Simon Albert Fraser, of New

Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; John Benjamin Burland (in trust), of Montreal, Province of Quebec, agent; John Smith McLean, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; John Alexander Matheson, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; Thomas Bayne, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; James Farquhar, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Alexander Forrest, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Thomas Andrew Ritchie, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, Gentleman; Thomas Cummings, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, clergyman; Catherine Dickson, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, widow; Thomas Watson, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank manager; John McKeen, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank clerk; Howard Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Clarence Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Roderick McKenzie, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; John Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; William Grant Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Patterson Grant, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Senator; Daniel McDonald, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, collector of customs; William McDonald, of Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, medical doctor; Henry Marshall Jost, of Guysborough, in the County of Guysborough, merchant; Jonathan Hartley, of Pirate Cove, in the County of Guysborough, merchant.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 1st day of May, A.D., 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company, as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The High Wood Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Thorburn, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Hoskin, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister-at-law; John Lang Blaikie, of the said City of Toronto, President of the Canada Landed Credit Company; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, broker; Alexander Gunn, M.P., of the City of Kingston, in the County of Frontenac, merchant; James Trow, M.P., of the Village of Shakespeare, in the county of Perth, in the said Province, Esquire, and McLeod Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire.

Whereof the said John Thorburn, James Trow, John Lang Blaikie and McLeod Stewart are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,

Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 5th May 1882.

45-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ottawa Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

(a) The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said lands.

(c) The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

(d) To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written,

subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(e) To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:— Charles Magee, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Eli Lanford of the City of Hamilton, merchant; Duncan McArthur, of the City of Winnipeg, banker; James Albert Manning Aikens, of the City of Winnipeg, barrister-at-law; the Honourable Corydon Parslow Brown, of the City of Winnipeg, Minister of Public Works; and the Honourable Donald MacInnes, of the City of Hamilton, Senator; all of whom are to be first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, this 24th day of April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," by the Honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, Senator; Robert Doull, M.P., of Pictou, Nova Scotia; John Alexander Mackenzie, of Sarnia, Ontario, barrister; Frank Egerton Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, miller; Hugh MacMahon, Q.C., of London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, of Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., immigration agent; William Pugsley, Jr., of the City of St. John, New Brunswick, barrister; Leigh Richmond Harrison, of the said City of St. John, barrister, and Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, also of the said City of St. John, barrister, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To acquire lands and other property in the province of Manitoba, and the North-West Territory; to colonize, settle, improve and sell the said land and develop the resources thereof of every nature; to survey, divide up and build upon the same; to develop and work fisheries along the shores of Long Lake; to erect and establish stores on said property and to purchase and vend goods of every description; to buy, sell, grant, convey, lease, rent, mortgage and generally deal with lands and all manner of interests in lands; to advance money and assistance to settlers on land or goods purchased from the company and to secure the repayment of such advances, with such interest as may be agreed upon; to make, provide, give aid to and use roads, railways, tramways, telegraph lines, vessels, steamers, wharves and all other works and means of transport necessary upon the lands and waters of the company, or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company.

3. The principal place of business of said company will be in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of said company will be four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The several persons hereinbefore described will be the first provisional directors of said company.

MACKENZIE, GURD & KITTERMASTER,

Solicitors for applicants, Sarnia, Ont.

Dated 15th April, 1882.

44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877" to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Dight, miller, John Fox, merchant, Francis Winnette Ball, bank manager, Bernard Stanley, merchant, William Stanley, miller, Lewis Cann, merchant, and Robert Fox, insurance agent, all of the village of Lucan, in the County of Middlesex and Province of Ontario; James Marr, of the Township of McGillivray, in said County, farmer; William Murdoch, of the Township of Adelaide, in said County, farmer; and Daniel Neil, of the Township of Biddulph, in said County, farmer.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The North Middlesex Colonization Company of Lucan, Canada."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

(6) To work all mines of coal, lignite, or other minerals that may be found upon the said lands.

3. The village of Lucan, in the Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one hundred thousand dollars divided into two thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company are the said above-named intended applicants:—Thomas Dight, John Fox, Francis Winnette Ball, Bernard Stanley, Robert Fox and James Marr.

STREET & BECHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, Ont., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The North West Land and Grazing Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or

otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company thereof as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:

Legh Richmond Harrison, of the city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, barrister-at-law; John Livingston, of the said city and province, journalist; Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, of Rockland, in the County of Westmoreland and Province aforesaid, quarry manager; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, in the county of Kings, and province aforesaid, mining engineer; William Fugsley, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; William Rairnie, of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Gentleman; Edward G. Scovil, of the Parish of Simonds, in the city and county of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, manufac-

turer; of whom the said Legh Richmond Harrison, John Livingston, Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, Alfred Markham and William Pugsley are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. R. HARRISON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Saint John, N. B., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants, and others who may become associated with them as a joint stock company under the name of "The St. Lawrence Manufacturing Company."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the manufacturing, buying and selling fixtures and fastenings for windows, blinds and awnings; for purchasing and using or selling any letters patent of invention which may be of use to the company in connection therewith; for the purpose of buying and using or selling any other letters patent of invention as may be thought expedient by the directors of the company, and of manufacturing, buying and selling such other goods, ware and commodities as to the directors of said company may seem expedient.

The capital stock of the company is to be fifty thousand dollars. The number of shares is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of five dollars.

The City of Montreal is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—

Charles Edgar Kennedy, of Hatley, in the County of Stanstead, Province of Quebec, trader; Charles Carroll Colby, M.P., of Stanstead, in said County; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, of the City of Sherbrooke, in said Province, Esquire; Frederick Fairman, of the City of Montreal, in said Province, merchant; Robert Baker May, of said City of Montreal, printer; John Gilman Elder, of the town of Derby, in the State of Vermont, trader, and Stiles Frost of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, trader.

All the said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company.

CHAS. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Montreal, 3rd April, 1882.

44-6

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Edmonton and Ontario Colonization and Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals; the colonizing, settling and selling the said land; the survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same; the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands; the advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of

mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; the erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber; the breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 5,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Bossom Ashford Mitchell, of the City of London, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; Charles Richardson, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; William Lind, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Muir, of the same place, merchant; and George Robinson, of the same place, merchant.

The above named applicants, who are all residents of Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

FRASER & FRASER,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 24th day of April, 1882.

44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or otherwise; power to carry on farming and to develop the resources of the Company; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of the purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company, and to issue debentures secured upon the lands of the Company

or otherwise, for the same purposes; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessities for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandise so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$600,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 6,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, Warring Kennedy, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward Carter, merchant, James Haywood, commercial traveller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Samuel Trees, Toronto, manufacturer; Warring Kennedy, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 19th April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Dufferin and Battle River Colonization Company, (Limited)."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be two thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Thomas Anthony Maitland McCarthy, of the Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin, in the Province of Ontario, Judge; William Legh Walsh, Esquire, Thomas MacAdam, banker, Richard Thompson Haun, bank manager, James Henry, doctor of medicine, John Gilchrist, William Reid Kent, Thomas Stevenson, James Moore Skelton, and Jeremiah Skelton, all merchants, Thomas Stern Williamson and James King Decatur, both Gentlemen, all of the said Town of Orangeville; Robert Wilson, of the Township of Mono, in said County, Gentleman; John Anderson, Registrar of Arthur, in the County of Wellington, in said Province; Samuel Michael Henry, of Harriston, in the County of Wellington, in said Province, doctor of medicine; William Henry Hunter, of the Township of East Garafraxa, in said County of Dufferin, Gentleman; John Gillespie, farmer, of the Township of Amaranth, in said County of Dufferin; William Stubbs, veterinary surgeon, and Alexander Skelton, farmer, both of the Township of

Caledon, in the County of Peel, in said Province; of whom the said James Henry, Thomas Stevenson, John Gilchrist, James Moore Skelton and Thomas MacAdam are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

McCARTHY & WALSH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Orangeville, 17th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario Trade Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals, as the Government's Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with any existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide, and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent, for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization

company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain a transfer thereof, or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(o) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; William Gillzean Reid, Hamilton, merchant; Robert Davies, Toronto, brewer; Archibald George Hodge, Toronto, hotel-keeper; George Thomas Robinson, Toronto, merchant; Joshua Smith Hamilton, Brantford, merchant; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, Woodstock, merchant.

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDOUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto the 20th day of April, 1882. 43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The Wentworth Land Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or pri-

privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral, timber and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway from and through the lands of the company to some point or place or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, bridges and other works, which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto in any part of Canada.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell, and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep, pigs and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain transfer therefor, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Hamilton, Ontario, with branch offices at such other place or places as the business of the company may require.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

4. There are to be 1000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the address of each of the applicants that is to say: George Roach, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman, Robert Evans, of the same place, merchant, James Murray Lottridge, of the same place, manufacturer, Hugh Duncan Cameron, of the same place, banker, Hugh Murray, of the same place, merchant, Charles Robinson Smith, of the same place, merchant, Thomas Lawry, of the same place, merchant, Robert McKechnie, of the Town of Dundas, in the County of Wentworth, manufacturer, all of whom are to be the

first or provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are resident in Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Hamilton, 18th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for a charter of incorporation by Letters Patent, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say: -

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Edmonton and Saskatchewan Land Company of Canada (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation by the said company is sought are:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the city of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is four hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of the said company is to be four thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and callings of the said applicants are as follows:—George Gordon Dustan, of Woodside House, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Bain Scarth, of the city of Toronto, in the county of York, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; the Honorable Alexander Morris, of the said city of Toronto, Esquire; McLeod Stewart, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; Archibald Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; Joseph James Gormully, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; William Darley Bentley, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; the Honorable Jedediah Slason Carvell, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, merchant and Senator; the Honorable Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the said city of Montreal, merchant and Senator; John Smith Maclean, of the city of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, merchant and President of the Bank of Nova Scotia; Jeremiah Harrison, of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; and John Leonard Harris, of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the said Province of New Brunswick, merchant.

7. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and are all residents of Canada.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Settlers Colonization Company (limited)."

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be three

hundred thousand dollars in three thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—Thomas Lailey, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Stark, of the city of Toronto, broker; John Dryden, of the village of Brooklin, Esquire; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, of the city of Toronto, doctor of medicine; William Stewart, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; James Watson, of the city of Toronto, Esquire; Edward John Stobo, of the town of Peterboro, clergyman; William Buck, of the city of Brantford, iron founder; Charles Raymond, of the city of Guelph, manufacturer; Archibald Alexander Cameron, of the city of Ottawa, clergyman; George Booth, of the city of Toronto, manufacturer; William Elliot, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Harvard Castle, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; William Muir, of the city of Toronto, clergyman; William Joseph Copp, of the city of Hamilton, iron founder; George Richardson, of the village of Colborne, clergyman; Frederick Beyers, of the village of Carleton Place, iron founder.

The eleven first named are to be the provisional directors, and all reside in Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 20th April, 1882.

43-7

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice, for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the said company, a body politic and corporate for the purposes following, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought by the company are:

3. To acquire lands by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories or elsewhere, from the Dominion or any Provincial Government or any corporation or individuals; to sell, rent, lease, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of the said lands; to survey, colonize, settle, cultivate, improve and build upon the said lands; to advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, with power to secure such advances, with interest, upon such terms and in such manner, by way of mortgage or otherwise as may be mutually agreed upon; to erect and acquire or lease saw, grist or other mills; to establish shops or stores on the said lands and to purchase and vend articles and produce of every description; to build, acquire, own, charter, or lease, navigate and use steam and other vessels or boats for the purposes of the company; to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam or other vessels for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company; to build, construct and maintain all necessary bridges and wharves; to breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock and to carry on, in all its branches, farming and stock raising; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

4. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

5. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one million dollars.

6. The number of shares of the company is to be ten thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

7. The names in full, addresses, and callings of the said applicants are as follows: Alexander Manning, of the City of Toronto, capitalist; Philip McKae, of the City of Montreal, contractor; Charles James

Campbell, of the City of Toronto, broker; Peter McLaren, of the City of Ottawa, lumber merchant; Dennis Ryan, of the City of St. Paul, farmer; and John Proctor, of the City of Hamilton, merchant.

8. The following of whom are to be the provisional directors of the company: Alexander Manning, John Proctor and Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,

Solicitor for the applicants.

Ottawa, 2nd April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by the name of "The London and North-West Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats, sailing vessels or barges from, through, or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, save and except spirituous liquors, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The City of London, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

5. There are to be 4000 (four thousand) shares, and each share is to be for the sum of \$25.00.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: the Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, of the City of London, James Corcoran, of the Town of Stratford, merchant, James Joseph Foy, of the City of Toronto, barrister, Thomas Coffey, of the City of London, publisher, John Joseph Gibbons, of the same place, merchant, and John Joseph Blake, of the same place, barrister.

7. The said Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, James Corcoran, James Joseph Foy, Thomas Coffey, John Joseph Gibbons, and John Joseph Blake, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

PATTERSON & McHUGH,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of April, 1882. 42-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Wellington and North Western Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba, and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Buying, acquiring, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interests in land and timber limits including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The City of Guelph is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$200,000.

4. There are to be 2,000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

5. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:—William Bell, of the city of Guelph, in the

Province of Ontario, organ builder; Thomas Goldie, of the same place, miller; James Peebles, of the same place, secretary of the World Publishing Company; Alexander Watson Alexander, of the same place, secretary of the Bell Organ Company, and Henry Walter Metcalf, of the same place, organ builder, and that the four first named of said applicants who all reside in the said city of Guelph are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

GUTHRIE & WATT,
Solicitors for applicants.

Guelph, 13th April, 1882.

42-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for a charter of incorporation under the said Act to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Hamilton Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said land.

The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgage and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon land in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say: Valancey England Fuller, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, barrister at law; John Proctor, of the same place, merchant; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, of the same place, publisher; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough, railway manager; and Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, merchant; all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, 3rd of April, 1882.

41-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES' ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters

patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Eastern Townships Rancho Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are breeding and rearing cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North-West Territories; buying, selling, trading and dealing in the same in said North-West Territories and elsewhere; acquiring, holding and improving property required therefor.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec.

3. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$100,000—one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The name in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Matthew Henry Cochrane, of the Township of Compton, Senator; William White, of the City of Sherbrooke, advocate; William Farwell, of said City of Sherbrooke, bank manager; Charles Carroll Colby, of the Village of Stanstead Plain, advocate; John McLary, of the Township of Compton, farmer, and Edward Towle Brooks, of the said City of Sherbrooke, advocate, all in and of the Province of Quebec, and all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BROOKS, CAMIRAND & HURD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Sherbrooke, 5th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's previous notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named as the applicants therefor, for a company under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Shell River Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought, are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving, and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration onto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Belleville or the Town of Trenton, both in the County of Hastings, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$300,000, divided into 6,000 shares of \$50 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants :—David Gilmour, lumber merchant, William Jeffs, grain merchant, George Henry Gordon, merchant, William Ford Baker, grain merchant, John Hendricks, yeoman, Anson Green Whittier, merchant, all of Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, printer and publisher, George Dean Dickson, barrister, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, barrister, Cornelius James Starling, contractor, all of Belleville; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, Charles Ashley, carriage maker, Stephen Allen Lazier, manufacturer, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, merchant, all of Foxboro; James Stalker Hamilton, yeoman, and Peter Rockwell Daly, yeoman, both of Halloway.

The first or provisional directors of the company are the aforesaid David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allan Lazier and Charles Ashley, all of whom are British subjects residing in Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Belleville, 4th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor in Council, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal, incorporating as a body corporate and politic the persons hereunder mentioned with all who may become shareholders in the said corporate body so to be created for the purposes hereinafter mentioned :—

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle and Touchwood Hills Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from any Government, corporation or individual, land or any interest therein in the Dominion of Canada, the survey, improvement, colonization, cultivation, settlement, sale, conveyance, mortgaging and leasing thereof, the building thereupon and otherwise dealing therewith.

The taking of mortgages or other securities in payment of said lands or other property of the company at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon with the purchasers, and the selling and assigning of such mortgages or other securities.

The advancing of money to and otherwise assisting settlers on or purchasers of lands and the securing of the re-payment of such advances and assistance with interest at such rates as may be mutually agreed upon by mortgage upon land or otherwise.

The granting of bonuses or other assistance to railways and other enterprises and works passing through or tending to open up or improve the lands of said company or to advance the interests thereof.

The encouragement, promotion and aid of immigration to the Dominion of Canada from Great Britain and foreign countries.

To erect or acquire and maintain and operate upon or in connection with said lands, saw and grist mills and manufactories and to sell and dispose of any of the said mills or manufactories and of the manufactures thereof, and to erect, maintain and operate tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, roads, streets, bridges and other works in connection with said lands for the benefit of said lands, or to otherwise promote the interests of said company.

The producing and buying and selling of live stock, grain and other products of the soil, and the buying and selling of personal property generally.

The power to borrow on the credit of the company or on the security of its property by mortgaging or otherwise, and to invest moneys, and generally such powers in addition to the above as may be useful or necessary to carry out the objects of the incorporation.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, with power to have branches and agencies at

other places in and out of Canada, but the first meeting of the provisional directors and of the shareholders may be held at any place in Canada upon which a majority of said directors shall decide, and subsequent meetings of the provisional and regular directors and of the shareholders shall be held wherever decided upon by said provisional or regular directors.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$300,000.

5. The number of shares is to be twelve thousand, and the amount of each share twenty-five dollars.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows :

James Murray, ship-owner, James Livingston, farmer, Charles Peters Camp, gardener, Hiram Blavill Hamill, mechanic, and William John Murray, master mariner, all of the City of St. Catherines, in the County of Lincoln and Province of Ontario, who are to be the provisional directors of the said company.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned :

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Battleford and Northwestern Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are :

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling the grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property and rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of said company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary for advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at Mono Mills, in the Electoral District of Cardwell, with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be two thousand five hundred, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows :

Robert Lawrence, of Mono Mills, physician and surgeon, John Kelly, of the township of Adjala, farmer; Silas Huntingdon Foster, of the City of Toronto, merchant; Henry Bracken, of the township of Adjala, miller; Henry Allison, of the township of King, farmer; George Kidd, of Mono Mills, farmer, all in the Province of Ontario. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first provisional directors of the company.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,
For the applicants.

Dated at Mono Mills, 28th March, 1882. 41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council in accordance with the provisions of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Canadian Fruit Export Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(a.) To purchase and sell Canadian and foreign patents, whether now issued or to be issued hereafter, for saving or preserving fruits or vegetables and packing the same either for export or storage.

(b.) To manufacture fruit safes for houses and stores, and fruit cases for the transportation of fruit, and to sell said right to manufacture, to others either out rights or under a royalty.

(c.) To purchase and sell fruit and vegetables of any kind and nature whatsoever, to export and import the same either from or into Canada, and to pack said fruit and vegetables in cases and sell the same in Canada or foreign markets.

(d.) To acquire movable and immovable property, to lease and erect suitable buildings for the purposes of said business.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock of the company is fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00).

5. The number of shares is five hundred of the value of one hundred dollars per share.

6. The names in full, together with the address and calling of each of the applicants, are respectively as follows: George Albert Cochrane, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman; Francis Ernest Gilman, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate; Thomas Craig, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, cashier; Edward Kirk Greene, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, merchant; David Timothy Irish, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, agent; James Naismith Greenshields, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate; and Charles Henry Cordingley, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, distiller.

7. The first or provisional board of directors of the company are to be the aforesaid George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields and Charles Henry Cordingley, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED & GUERIN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 6th April, 1882. 41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that a pursuant of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from this publication, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada

granting to the applicants hereinafter named a charter constituting them and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company sought to be incorporated is "The Anglo Canadian Ranch Company, limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation of the company is sought are the importing into and the breeding and raising of cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North West Territories and elsewhere within Canada; the trading and dealing in them or any of them or any of their products throughout the Dominion of Canada; the shipping of the same to foreign countries; the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, the selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with, all or any part of the property of the company and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, and Dominion of Canada.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred thousand dollars in two hundred shares of five hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full, addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: James Craig, of the Township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, farmer; John Hodgins, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, barrister-at-law; Celestin Gagné, of the City of Ottawa, merchant; John Kemp, of the Township of Goulburn, in the said County of Carleton, farmer; Abraham Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, Assessment Commissioner; Joseph Eugène Dupuis, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Adolphus Christin, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Edwin Wood Clark, of the Township of Nepean, in the said County of Carleton, farmer; George Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, merchant; William Pratt, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Charles Craig, of the said Township of North Gower, farmer; John McKinstry, of the said City of Ottawa, real estate agent; Richard Nesbitt, Bishop, of the said City of Ottawa, hotel keeper; Thomas Cameron Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Harmonic Gerald Bate, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant, and Richard Craig, of the Village of Kempville, in the County of Grenville, merchant.

6. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company, and are all residents of Canada.

JOHN HODGINS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Ottawa, 31st March, 1882. 40-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand five hundred, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Stewart, of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Herron, of the said City of Ottawa, merchant; Hugh MacLennan, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, forwarder; Archibald Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; McLeod Stewart, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; Francis Henry Chrysler, of the said Township of Nepean, barrister-at-law, and Joseph James Gormully, of the said City of Ottawa, barrister-at-law. Whereof the said Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart and Joseph James Gormully are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 30th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the provisions of "The

Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company, shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes herein-after mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ontario and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Dominion of Canada from the Governments of Canada or of the Provinces, companies and private individuals.

(b) The settling, colonizing, surveying, laying out, and improving, draining, clearing, cultivating, building on and otherwise dealing with the same.

(c) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with land and all manner of interests in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting of settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payments of such advances with interest by way of mortgage or agreement or otherwise, the granting of loans or bonuses to enterprises for the opening up or improving of such lands; with power to borrow and invest money, to mortgage the lands of the company or any part thereof for the purposes aforesaid, or for any of the purposes of the company, and all such other powers as are useful and necessary in promoting, aiding and encouraging immigration and the settlement and opening up of the country, and to advance the objects of the company.

3. The chief place of business is to be in the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$500,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be five thousand of the sum of \$100 each.

6. The names in full and addresses of the applicants are, John Bacon, Esquire, Silas James, P.L.S., Robert McPhail, merchant, Edmund Henry Duggan, barrister, Ogle Robert Peck, Esquire, John Austin Worrell, barrister, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, estate agent, John J. Cook, Esquire, and Matthew Walton, agent, all of the City of Toronto; Thomas Armstrong, of the Village of Yorkville, in the County of York, Doctor of Medicine, and Richard Shaw Wood, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman; of whom the said John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong and Richard Shaw Wood are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE & WORRELL,

Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th March, 1882.

40-7

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, for a charter creating the under-mentioned persons and such others as may become shareholders therein, a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Bow River Ranch Company, Limited," for the purposes of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep, swine and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock farming, at or in the Bow River Country, in the North West Territories of the Dominion and elsewhere within Canada; with power to take, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise acquire land, ranches, cattle runs, and any rights or privileges which the company may deem necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business in selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company; also power to acquire or construct saw mills, grist mills, woolen mills or other industrial establishments, and manufacture lumber, flour and other products of those establishments; also, power to dig, excavate, mine, purchase and sell coal or other minerals which may

be found in or on the lands of the company in any part of the Dominion; also, power to build wharves, and build or lease barges or steam craft and run the same on Bow River or its connecting waters.

The chief place of business of the company is to be in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

The capital stock of the company to be forty thousand dollars, to be divided into four hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

The names of the applicants are Charles McMichael, Esquire, Archibald Young, Esquire, both of the city of Toronto; George Augustus Muttibury, of the city of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Alexander Begg, of Orillia, mill owner, and Alexander Gemmel, of the city of Toronto, merchant.

The said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

McMICHAEL, HOSKIN & OGDEN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," by Thomas Beattie, merchant, George S. Birrell, merchant, and Charles B. Hunt, miller, Samuel Grigg, hotel keeper, William McGregor, physician, and Andrew McCormack, merchant, all of the City of London, Ontario, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes herein-after mentioned:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The London Colonization Company of Canada (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—to purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in Canada, to develop the resources of the same lands by building upon, clearing, draining and otherwise improving, farming and planting on any terms or system that may be considered advisable, to stock the same lands and to breed, grow and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce to work; convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mineral productions of the property of the company; to establish shops or stores on the said property, and to purchase and vend articles and goods of every description; to erect or acquire saw mills or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; to make, provide and use tramways, canals, roads and all other works and means of transport necessary or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company and to contribute to the expense of promoting, making and using the said works or any of them; to aid, encourage and promote immigration unto the property of the company, and to colonize the same, assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada, and with power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend or grant sums of money or make free grants of land; to purchase or otherwise acquire timber limits and real and personal property for the objects and purposes of the company, and to sell, lease, exchange, mortgage or otherwise deal with all or any of the real and personal property of the company, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The chief place of business of the said proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$100,000, in 1,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The above mentioned applicants who are all residents of Canada are to be first or provisional directors of the company.

MEREDITH & MEREDITH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 22nd March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The New Brunswick and North-West Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money in the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things

as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Simeon Jones, of the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, banker; John Livingston, of the same place, journalist; Charles Henry Fairweather, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Tuck, of the same place, barrister; Howard Douglas Troop, of the same place, shipowner; William Henry Thorne, of the same place, merchant; Ezekiel McLeod, Leigh Richmond Harrison, George Wheelock Burbidge and William Pugsley, the younger, of the same place, barristers; Alfred Bennington Sheraton, of the same place, merchant; Oliver Timson Stone, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; Robert Randolph Call, of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, in the said Province; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, Kings County, in the said Province, mining engineer, and Edward Byron Winslow, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister, of whom the said Simeon Jones, John Livingston, William Henry Tuck, Howard Douglas Troop and William Henry Thorne, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

HARRISON & BURBIDGE,
Solicitors for applicants.

Saint John, N.B., 17th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Western Ontario Commercial Travellers Colonization and Land Company" (limited).

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling

of each of the applicants are: William Lind, of the city of London, Ontario, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Robert Cathcart Macfie, of the same place, merchant; John Green, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, Gentleman; John Burnett Laing, of the same place, merchant; George Sunby Birrill, of the same place, merchant; William Henry Birrill, of the same place, merchant; Bosson Ashford Mitchell, of the same place, merchant; Moses Masurett, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Herbert Marsh, of the same place, merchant; John Carrington Merritt, of the same place, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; George Robinson, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; James A'Kennedy, of the same place, druggist; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, of the same place, merchant; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; John Drinkwater Ivey, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; Alexander Johnston, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant, and Thomas Muir, of the same place, manufacturer.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada:—William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson, Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moses Masurett, John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin and John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER & FRASER,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, 22nd day of March, 1882. 40-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Birch Hills Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$250,000.

4. There are to be 2,500 (twenty-five hundred) shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say:—William B. Alley, Truro, Charles Annand, Halifax, Alexander Begg, Orillia, George B. Brooks, Toronto, Archibald Bremner, London, Josiah Blackburn, London, James Brown, Welland, Arthur C. Bertram, North Sydney, Malcolm G. Bremner, London, William Cuzner, Ottawa, Edward F. Clarke, Toronto, John Cameron, London, William Campbell, Toronto, John A. Cook, Petrolia, William Cameron, London, James Carrel, Quebec, John J. Crabbe, St. Marys, Edmund J. Duggan, Montreal, William J. Douglas, Toronto, Thos. W. Dyas, Toronto, George Darby, Toronto, John S. Dewar, London, Melvin D. Dawson, London, Walter S. Dingman, Strathroy, Albert Dennis, Halifax, Wm. J. Ewing, St. John, Edwin H. Fogarty, Cobourg, Aimé Gélinas, Montreal, Thomas P. Gorman, Montreal, Henry J. P. Good, Toronto, George F. Gurnett, Ingersoll, Henry Gorman, Sarnia, John M. Harris, Hamilton, George C. Holland, Ottawa, Andrew Holland, Ottawa, James P. Jaffray, Brantford, James Innes, Guelph, Louis P. Kribs, Barrie, Alphonse A. C. LaRivière, St. Boniface, John L. Livingstone, St. John, Alexander P. Lowry, Toronto, Lowery Brothers, Petrolia, Hugh M. Matthewson, Toronto, François R. Marceau, Montreal, Charles W. Mitchell, Ottawa, Charles A. Matthews, Toronto, Thomas D. S. Moore, Toronto, Geo. Thomas Moore, Liver-

pool, William C. Milner, Sackville, Thomas W. Michael, Aylmer, Wallace Maclean, Toronto, James I. McIntosh, Guelph, John McKillop, St. John, John Maclean, Toronto, Murdo Y. McLean, Seaforth, Joseph McLeod, Fredericton, Richard McElheran, London, James R. Narraway, St. John, Geo. C. Ohren, Montreal, Alexander F. Pirie, Toronto, Samuel E. Pettigrew, Toronto, Thos. H. Preston, Toronto, Robert A. Payne, St. John, Carroll Ryan, Ottawa, Thomas J. Richardson, Ottawa, Ephraim P. Roden, Toronto, C. Blackett Robinson, Toronto, George A. Simpson, Battleford, Rufus Stephenson, Chatham, Ont., Edward R. Smith, St. Johns, James L. Stewart, Chatham, Henry E. Smallpiece, Guelph, Wm. Templeman, Almonte, Arthur F. Wallis, Toronto, Isaac Watson, Compton, S. Frank Wilson, Toronto, Charles A. Wilson, Toronto, Richard White, Montreal, Thos. White, Montreal, Edward Willis, St. John, Wm. Watt, jr., Brantford, James M. Walker, Perth, Hiram Wier, Halifax, Edward Flood, Lindsay, Fred. Going, Toronto, Josiah J. Bell, Ficton, Henry C. Stovel, Winnipeg, John A. Mackenzie, Prescott, Frederick G. Neelin, Seaforth, Edward M. Farrel, Liverpool, John E. Gemmill, Selkirk West, Henry Hough, Cobourg, Frederick W. James, St. John, James A. S. Mott, St. John, John E. Collins, Toronto, Nicholas Flood Davin, Toronto, Thos. Galbraith, Toronto, Frederick J. Gissing, Goderich, Percy Hamilton, Halifax, Henry J. Hubertus, Ottawa, Wm. Magee, London, Henry C. Bell, Toronto, Alex. McCleneghan, Woodstock, James J. White, Ottawa, James Watt, Toronto, Thomas A. Spence, Winnipeg, John F. Shaw, Toronto, Wm. Wesley, Barrie, Samuel Wesley, Barrie, George B. Bradley, Toronto, Geo. Johnson, Toronto, George R. Kingsmill, Ottawa, William Dennis, Halifax, Albert Horton, Toronto, Robert S. White, Montreal, George Eyvel, Toronto, Arch. McNee, Winnipeg, each and all of whom are journalists.

Of whom the said John L. Livingston, Arthur C. Bertram, Robert S. White, Albert Horton, and George Bradley Bradley, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BÉATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.
Toronto, 30th March, 1882. 40-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

DIVIDEND No. 12.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent, upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Thursday, the 1st day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from 16th to 31st May next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 29th April, 1882.

45-4

THE FEDERAL BANK.

DIVIDEND No. 15.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable on and after Thursday, the 1st day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of shareholders for the election of directors will be held at the Banking

House in this City, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next.

Chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

H. S. STRATHY,
Cashier.

The Federal Bank of Canada,
Toronto, April 26, 1882.

45-2

ONTARIO BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general Meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of directors for the ensuing year will be held at its Banking house in this City, on Tuesday, the twentieth day of June next.

The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

A dividend of six per cent. will be paid in June next, on the stock of the Bank as intended to be reduced by the special Act now before the Dominion Parliament, and a formal declaration of said dividend will be made so soon as said Act receives the Royal assent.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager,

Toronto, 23th April, 1882.

45-7

CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE annual general meeting of the Canada Southern Railway Company for the election of directors and other general purposes, will be held on Wednesday, the 7th day of June, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the Company's Head Office in the City of St. Thomas.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary C. S. Ry. Co.

April 29th, 1882.

44-4

NOTICE is hereby given under the provisions of sec. 10, sub-section 2, of the Copyright Act of 1875, that the undersigned G. B. Bemister, of Portage LaPrairie, in the Province of Manitoba, has duly registered an application in the office of the Minister of Agriculture for an Interim Copyright of a Map called "The Map of the town of Portage LaPrairie and Vicinity," and that a certificate of such registration was granted on the 2nd day of May, 1882.

G. B. BEMISTER,
By O'CONNOR & HOGG,
His Solicitors.

Ottawa, 3rd May, 1882.

45-1

NOTICE is hereby given that the adjourned annual meeting of the Mutual Life Association of Canada will be held at the offices of the Association, in the City of Hamilton, on Tuesday, the 6th day of June next, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

DAVID BURKE,
Manager.

Hamilton, 26th April, 1882.

45-1

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.—A special general meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held on the twenty-second day of May next, at the office of the company, in Montreal, at twelve o'clock noon, to consider and confirm the deed of agreement for the purchase of the Western section of the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway, executed on the

fourth day of March last, and passed by the Legislature of the Province of Quebec.

By order of the Board.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.

44-4

QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE. Is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Monday, the fifth day of June next.

The chair to be taken at three P.M.

By order of the Board.

J. STEVENSON,
Chairman.

Quebec, 27th April, 1882.

44-4

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND No. 52.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the seventeenth to the thirty-first day of May, both days included.

The annual general meeting of stockholders for the election of directors, will be held at the Banking House of the institution on Wednesday, the 21st of June next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

D. COULSON,
Cashier.

Bank of Toronto, 26th April, 1882.

44-5

LA BANQUE JACQUES-CARTIER.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank, in the City of Montreal, on and after the first day of June next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st day of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next, at one o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

A. DE MARTIGNY,
Cashier.

Montreal, 27th April, 1882.

44-5

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. par annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Thursday, the 1st June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th to the 31st May next,—both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next. The chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

G. HAGUE,
General Manager.

Montreal, 22nd April, 1882.

44-5

THE MARITIME BANK OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at their office, in the City of St. John, on Friday, the second day of June next, at noon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board of Directors,

ALFRED RAY,
Cashier.

Saint John, New Brunswick, 25th April, 1882. 44-5

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city and at its branches on and after Thursday the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 5th day of June next. The chair to be taken at one o'clock.

By order of the Board,

A. MACNIDER,
Assistant General Manager,
Montreal, 25th April, 1882. 44-6

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 22nd to the 31st May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

UBALDE GARAND,
Cashier.
Montreal, 27th April, 1882. 44-5

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by me, William Milner, of the Town of Strathroy, in the County of Middlesex and Province of Ontario, on Wednesday the seventeenth day of May, A.D. 1882, for an extension of the letters patent granted to me on the twenty-eighth day of January, A.D. 1869 and recorded twelfth day of February, A.D. 1869, of a new and useful improvement in wagon gearing, namely, Front Hounds with sway bar connected, and Back Hounds or Crotch, such improvements to be called "Front Hounds with sway bar connected, and Back Hounds or Crotch."

WILLIAM MILNER,
Patentee.

Strathroy, Ont., April 15, 1882. 43-3

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a final meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at 26 St. François Xavier Street, Montreal, at one o'clock p.m., on the 22nd day of May next, to receive the final report of the liquidators and to do all other things which the said shareholders may do at such final meeting under the provisions of the Act intituled "An Act to authorize and provide for the winding up of the Metropolitan Bank."

By order of the liquidators,

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 4th April, 1882. 41-7

KINGSTON & PEMBROKE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fifth call (10 p. c.) on the new issue of capital stock of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway will be payable on or before the 12th day of May, 1882, at the Office of the Company, in Kingston.

By order,

43-4

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secretary Treasurer.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.—The first annual meeting of the shareholders of this company for the election of directors and the transaction of business generally, will be held on Wednesday, the 10th day of May next, at the principal office of the company in Montreal, at 12 o'clock, noon.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 10th April, 1882.

42-4

SAINT LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of this company, will be held at No. 5, Moorgate street, in the City of London, England, on Monday, the eighth day of May next, at the hour of twelve o'clock at noon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

ARCHER BAKER,
General Superintendent.

Ottawa, 29th March, 1882.

40-6

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-13

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 23 avril 1882.

L'HONORABLE JOHN HAWKINS HAGARTY, juge-en-chef de la Cour du Banc de la Reine de la province d'Ontario; Administrateur du gouvernement de la

province d'Ontario, durant l'absence de l'honorable John Beverley Robinson, le lieutenant-gouverneur de la dite province.

5 avril 1882.

CHARLES KEARNEY, de Florenceville, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick, gentilhomme; Officier dans les douanes de Sa Majesté pour prévenir la contrebande.

17 avril 1882.

WILLIAM C. KINGSBERRY, de Rocham, dans la province de Québec, gentilhomme; Officier dans les douanes de Sa Majesté pour prévenir la contrebande.

DAVID JACKSON LOWRY, du township de Niagara, dans la province d'Ontario, gentilhomme; Officier préposé au débarquement et examinateur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

JOHN MCGIBBON, d'Helena, dans la province de Québec, écuyer; Sous-percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mercredi, 3 mai 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre du revenu de l'intérieur, et sous l'autorité des sections 48 et 49 de l'acte adopté en la 42^e année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 16 et intitulé "Acte pour amender et refondre les lois concernant les poids et mesures,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine, pour le Canada, d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que le numéro quatre des règlements concernant l'inspection des appareils à éprouver le grain, établis par un ordre en conseil du 6 décembre 1881, soit, et le dit numéro est par le présent, amendé, et le règlement suivant y est substitué, savoir :—

"4. Il donne le vrai poids, suivant qu'indiquent les chiffres et divisions marqués sur le fléau."

Certifié,

JOHN J. MCGEE,

45-3

Faisant les fonctions de greffier du C. P.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Lundi, 24 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

ATTENDU que par la section 5 de l' "Acte concernant les pêcheries" il est défendu de faire usage de matières explosives dans la pêche à la baleine, et attendu qu'il semble maintenant qu'on a adopté récemment l'usage de matières explosives perfectionnées qui ne soulèvent plus d'objection à cause de leur effet destructeur, comme celles en usage jusque-là, contre lesquelles était dirigée la prohibition, et attendu de plus que l'usage de ces matières explosives perfectionnées est maintenant adopté par les baleiniers américains qui fréquentent les mêmes eaux que les baleiniers canadiens,—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, sur la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité de la clause 19 de l' "Acte concernant les pêcheries," d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que l'amendement suivant soit, et le dit amendement est par le présent ajouté aux règlements, savoir :—

"La section 5 de l'Acte concernant les pêcheries est suspendue en autant que la dite section se rattache à la chasse de la baleine au moyen d'engins explosifs."

JOHN MCGEE,

44-3

Greffier par interim du Conseil Privé.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT.

Ottawa, jeudi, 20 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

CONSIDERANT qu'une maladie contagieuse affectant les moutons et connue sous le nom de "gale des moutons", règne dans le comté de Laprairie et les comtés environnants, dans la province de Québec, et qu'il est à propos de pourvoir à la séparation et l'isolement, autant que possible, des animaux atteints de cette maladie,—Il a plu à Son Excellence, sur la recommandation du ministre de l'agriculture, et sous l'autorité des dispositions de l'acte 42 Vict., chapitre 23, et intitulé "Acte pour mieux protéger les animaux contre les épizooties ou les maladies contagieuses qui les attaquent," ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné que les règlements suivants soient mis en vigueur :—

1. Il sera du devoir de tout cultivateur, propriétaire, ou éleveur, ou marchand de moutons, dès qu'il verra se manifester des symptômes de la maladie appelée "la gale des moutons" parmi aucun des animaux qu'il possède ou qui sont confiés à ses soins, de donner immédiatement avis de ce fait au ministre de l'agriculture, à Ottawa, ainsi que prescrit par la section 2 du dit acte.

S'il néglige de se conformer à la présente prescription, le propriétaire des moutons malades comme susdit perdra tout droit à une indemnité et n'en recevra aucune dans le cas où ces animaux seraient abattus conformément aux dispositions du présent acte; et, de plus, la dissimulation de l'existence de cette maladie rendra, sur conviction de ce fait, passible d'une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres la personne qui s'en sera rendue coupable.

2. Quiconque enverra aux champs, gardera ou fera paître des moutons, sachant que ces animaux sont infectés de la maladie appelée la "gale des moutons," ou ont été exposés à l'infection ou contagion de cette maladie, dans ou sur quelque forêt, bois, savanne, grève, marécage, commune, terrain vague, champ ouvert ou autre terrain non divisé ou non clos, sera, sur conviction, puni d'une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres.

3. Quiconque amènera sur un marché ou ailleurs un animal qu'il saura infecté de la "gale des moutons," encourra et paiera, pour chaque contravention dont il sera convaincu, une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres.

4. Toute personne qui jettera ou mettra ou fera jeter ou mettre dans une rivière, cours d'eau, canal, dans des eaux navigables ou autres, ou dans la mer à moins de dix milles du rivage, le corps d'un mouton mort de la "gale des moutons," ou qui aura été abattu parce qu'il était attaqué de cette maladie, encourra et paiera sur conviction de ce fait, une amende n'excédant pas deux cents piastres.

5. Toute personne qui déterrera, fera déterrer ou permettra que l'on déterre le cadavre enfoui d'un mouton mort ou supposé mort de la "gale des moutons," ou abattu à cause de cette maladie, encourra et paiera, sur conviction de ce fait, une amende n'excédant pas cent piastres.

6. Lorsqu'un mouton infecté de la "gale des moutons" sera exposé ou mis en vente, ou qu'on l'amènera

dans ce but sur un marché, à une foire ou autre lieu ouvert ou public où l'on expose d'ordinaire des animaux en vente, alors tout agent de police, officier municipal ou inspecteur dûment autorisé fera confisquer et détruire cet animal ainsi que toutes enceintes, claies, auges, litières, foin, paille ou autres objets infectés, ou en fera disposer de telle manière que bon lui semblera ou qui pourra être ordonnée.

7. Nul ne pourra avoir en sa possession ou sous ses soins un mouton infecté de la "gale des moutons," sans le faire soigner d'une manière ou d'une autre dans le but de le guérir de cette maladie.

8. Les moutons infectés de la "gale des moutons," ou les moutons qui se seront trouvés en contact avec d'autres moutons malades de la dite gale, ou qui auront été dans des champs, écuries, étables ou autres bâtiments dans lesquels l'existence de cette maladie aura été constatée, ne pourront pas être déplacés, sans un permis par écrit d'un inspecteur autorisé à cette fin par le ministre de l'agriculture.

9. Tous les hangars, dépendances et lieux occupés par des moutons infectés de la gale, devront être nettoyés et désinfectés à l'aide d'eau chaude et d'acide carbolique, (dont une livre par quatre gallons d'eau), et ensuite blanchis à la chaux vive dans laquelle sera mêlée du chlorure de chaux dans la proportion de une livre de chlorure pour chaque gallon d'eau, jusqu'à la hauteur d'au moins cinq pieds du sol ou plancher.

10. Lorsque la chose sera jugée nécessaire, un inspecteur ordonnera d'abattre et enfouir tous les animaux gravement infectés de la maladie ci-dessus, et toute personne ayant en sa possession des moutons infectés de la "gale des moutons" et qui ne les soignera pas de la manière ordonnée, sera passible des amendes qui pourront être infligées en vertu des dispositions de l'acte susdit.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Assist.-greffier, C. P.

43-3

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 30 avril dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,656,761 93
Excise	417,789 32
Département des Postes.....	156,181 65
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	266,659 50
Divers	194,721 77
	<hr/>
	\$2,692,114 17
Revenu, 31 mars 1882.....	24,479,865 88
	<hr/>
	\$27,171,980 05
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,770,560 98
do 31 mars 1882.....	17,999,566 70
	<hr/>
	\$19,770,127 68

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er mai 1882.

AVIS AUX MARINS.

No. 7 de 1882.

CHANGEMENT DANS LE PHARE DU PORT ST-JEAN.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'à dater de l'ouverture de la navigation, cette année, la lumière du phare sur le quai du port St-Jean, île

d'Orléans, fleuve St-Laurent en bas de Québec, sera changée de blanche tournante en une lumière *blanche fixe*.

L'appareil d'éclairage sera catoptrique.

Lat. N. 46° 55' 20"
Long. O. 70° 53' 30"

WM. SMITH,

Député du ministre de la marine et des pêcheries.
Département de la marine et des pêcheries.
Ottawa, 17 avril 1882.

45-3

AVIS public est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des dispositions de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du dix-septième jour d'avril 1882, constituant en corporation William Van Duzer Lawrence, marchand, Ebenezer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, caissier, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, dans la Puissance du Canada, et John Wyeth, marchand, et Frank H. Wyeth, marchand, tous deux de Philadelphie, dans l'Etat de Pensylvanie, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, dans le but de fabriquer, acheter et vendre des drogues, produits chimiques, articles de toilette et médecines brevetées dans la Puissance du Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Compagnie des Apothicaires, à responsabilité limitée" (The Apothecaries Hall Company, limited), avec un fonds social total de cent mille piastres, divisé en cent actions de mille piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-huitième jour d'avril 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

44-3

AVIS public est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des dispositions de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du huitième jour d'avril 1882, constituant en corporation Sir Hugh Allan, propriétaire de navires à vapeur, l'honorable Thomas Ryan, sénateur, Andrew Allan, propriétaire de navires à vapeur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Hugh McLennan, marchand, et Andrew Thomas Drummond, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et Puissance du Canada, et Arthur Wellington Ross, membre de la législature provinciale, et Charles Sinclair Drummond, agent financier, tous deux de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, dans la dite Puissance, dans le but suivant : l'achat, le louage et l'acquisition en général de terres ou autres intérêts dans la Puissance du Canada ; la possession, la colonisation, la culture des terres avec le droit d'y mettre des chevaux et autres animaux et de les améliorer de toute façon ; la construction de bâtiments sur les dites terres ; l'établissement de magasins sur les dites terres et l'achat et la vente de tous articles ou marchandises de toute description, (à l'exception de l'achat et de la vente de la bière, du vin, des spiritueux ou des liqueurs fermentées ou boissons enivrantes de toutes sortes ;) l'érection ou l'acquisition, l'exploitation et le louage de scieries et moulins à farine sur les dites terres ; de prendre des intérêts comme actionnaires dans toute corporation ayant en vue l'amélioration des dites terres ou aucunes d'elles, et d'y faciliter l'accès ; la construction, l'acquisition et l'usage de lignes de vapeurs ou de voiliers, de tramways, canaux, chemins et autres entreprises de toute description nécessaires ou utiles comme moyen d'accès aux ou d'amélioration des dites terres ; le développement de l'immigration sur les dites propriétés, la vente, le louage, l'échange des dites terres et les intérêts en icelles ou les dits biens mobiliers appartenant à la dite compagnie, avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer en général ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de prendre, posséder, vendre ou autrement disposer des hypothèques consenties pour garantir les sommes prêtées ou restant dues sur les terres ainsi ven-

dues ; l'émission d'obligations garanties sur les biens mobiliers ou immobiliers de la compagnie ; le droit d'agir comme agents de n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour l'achat ou la vente des terres et leur colonisation, et le développement en général de l'immigration ; et toutes choses généralement nécessaires ou utiles à la réalisation des vues de la compagnie,—sous le nom de "Compagnie des terres de Montréal et de l'Ouest (à responsabilité limitée)," avec un fonds social de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-cinquième jour d'avril 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

44-3

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du troisième jour d'avril 1882, constituant en corps politique l'honorable John Joseph Caldwell Abbott, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Puissance du Canada, l'un des savants conseillers en droit de la Reine, Thomas Craig Fields, gentilhomme, et

George Simpson, marchand, tous deux de la paroisse de Saint-André, dans la dite province de Québec, James Muir, agent d'immeubles, et George Bury, comptable, tous deux de la dite cité de Montréal, dans le but de fabriquer et vendre des drogues, médecines et spécialités médicinales de toute sorte et description dans la Puissance du Canada, sous le nom de "La Compagnie Manufacturière des Spécialités Médicinales," avec un fonds social de huit mille piastres, divisé en quatre-vingts parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce dix-neuvième jour d'avril 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

43-3

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité des clauses de la 22e section de l'acte du Canada 36 Vict., chap. 128, permission a été donnée de changer le nom du vapeur "Beauharnois," de Québec, en celui de "Quinte". Ce navire a éprouvé de grandes réparations.

WM. SMITH,

Député du ministre de la marine.

Département de la marine et des pêcheries,
Ottawa, 17 avril, 1882.

43-3

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montr'l, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Montr'l; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 débentures de municipalités; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée)		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc.; Sur la vie et cont. les accid.; Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal....	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal....	\$30 en espèces.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$21,000 sig. effets du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Contre l'incendie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,"		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. Jean, N.B.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Garantie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B) ..	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasins de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000) ..	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto ..	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal ..	£10,000 stg., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		C. O. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	£21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B ..	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.	Sur les glaces.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont-réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)...	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$60,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600)	Contre l'incendie,
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi-paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso-lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (génér.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossoise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossoise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.....	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.. ..	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en espèces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des États-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, K.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernment, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de mars 1882 Av
Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 28 février 1882.....	\$8,414,380 03	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$469,696 50
Dépôts durant le mois	612,249 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	4,826 12		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,489,803 56
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	71,955 09
			8,561,758 65
	9,031,455 15		\$9,031,455 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 22 avril 1882.

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

ETAT fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—			
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5.18.26		\$4,823,833	60
Versements sur le capital—			
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant... ..		\$1,205,958	40
Nombre des titres—			
Titres nominatifs.....		50,000	
Titres au porteur.....		Nil.	

<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875	20	Capital social	4,823,833	60
Prêts hypothécaires:			Prêts différés	25,314	01
A long terme	674,716	33	Intérêt payé par anticipation.....	242	75
A court terme	389,334	50	Divers.....	1,727	56
	1,064,050	83			
Espèces en caisse et en banque:					
En Canada.....	93,249	81			
En France.....	78,305	92			
	171,555	73			
Arrérages de semestres.....		389			
Mobilier	2,054	24			
Divers	2,787	16			
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712	67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117	92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société Néant.

Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt..... Néant.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des Statistiques,
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comté auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR
LETTRES PATENTES.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. La raison sociale que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a) Le droit d'acheter des terres, soit du gouvernement fédéral, soit des gouvernements provinciaux, de compagnies ou de simples individus.

(b) Le droit d'établir, coloniser, arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, assainir, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, bâtir dessus ou les trafiquer d'une manière quelconque.

(c) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail les dites terres et en général en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers de toute façon soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques, obligations ou autrement; le droit d'accorder des prêts ou subventions aux entreprises destinées à ouvrir ou améliorer les dites terres; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent, d'hypothéquer les terres de la compagnie ou partie d'icelles pour les fins susdites ou pour toute autre fin de la

compagnie, avec tous autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires pour le développement, l'aide et l'encouragement de l'immigration, la colonisation et l'établissement du pays ainsi que l'avancement des fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$500,000.

5. Le nombre des parts de ce fonds social sera de cinq mille, d'un montant de \$100 chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : John Bacon, écr., Silas James, Arp. P., Robert McPhail, marchand, Edmund Henry Duggan, avocat, Ogle Robert Peck, écr., John Austin Worrell, avocat, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, agent d'immeubles, John J. Cook, écr., et Matthew Walton, agent, tous de la cité de Toronto ; Thomas Armstrong, du village de Yorkville, dans le comté de York, docteur en médecine, et Richard Shaw Wood, de la cité de London, dans le comté de Middlesex, gentilhomme ; desquels les dits John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong et Richard Shaw Wood seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE et WORRELL,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 28 mars 1882.

45-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par l'honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, sénateur, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Robert Doull, M.P., de Pictou, Nouvelle-Ecosse ; John Alexander Mackenzie, avocat, de Sarnia, Ontario ; Frank Egerton Gibbs, meunier, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Hugh Macmahon, C.R., de London, Ontario ; Thomas Wesley Jackson, de Qu'Appelle, Territoire du Nord-Ouest, agent d'immigration ; William Pugsley, jr., avocat, de la cité de Saint-Jean, Nouveau-Brunswick ; Leigh Richmond Harrison, avocat, de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, et Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, avocat, également de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, à l'effet de constituer les personnes ci-dessus nommées et d'autres en un corps politique pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres de Qu'Appelle et du Lac Long" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest ; le droit de coloniser, établir, améliorer et vendre les dites terres et en développer les ressources de toute nature ; le droit d'arpenter et diviser les dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit de développer et exploiter les pêcheries sur les rives du lac Long ; le droit d'ériger et établir des magasins sur les dites propriétés, acheter et vendre d's marchandises de toute description ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, accorder, transporter, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et donner des secours aux colons établis sur les terres, y compris le droit d'avancer des marchandises ; le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit de construire des routes, chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe, vapeurs ou navires, quais et autres travaux et moyens de transport sur les terres et les eaux de la compagnie ou utiles pour l'amélioration des propriétés de la compa-

gnie, y compris le droit d'accorder de l'aide à ces diverses entreprises et s'en servir.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de quatre cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quatre mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les différentes personnes ci-dessus décrites seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

MACKENZIE, GURD et KITTERMMASTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants, Sarnia, Ont.
Da'é ce 15 avril 1882. 44-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :

(a) Le droit pour la compagnie d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement les trafiquer.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions.

(d) Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat, ou autre garantie à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'il aura été convenu, avec pouvoir de prendre sur les terres une garantie pour le prix d'achat, de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques et garanties, ou hypothéquer les dites terres au moyen d'un acte écrit ou en partie imprimé et en partie écrit, sujet à des conditions pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(e) Le droit de construire et réparer les routes ordinaires et ponts, secourir les immigrants venant d'autres pays et les colons partis d'une autre province, avec le droit d'aider les uns et les autres à s'établir sur des terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le montant projeté du capital-actions est de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts sera de deux mille, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : Charles Magee, de la cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme ; William Eli Lanford, de la cité d'Hamilton, marchand ; Duncan McArthur, de la cité de Winnipeg, banquier ; James Albert Manning Aikens, de la cité de Winnipeg, procureur en droit ; l'honorable Corydon Parslow Brown, de la cité de

Winnipeg, ministre des travaux publics; et l'honorable Donald MacInnes, de la cité d'Hamilton, sénateur. Tous ceux ci-dessus nommés, devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie, résident au Canada.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 24 avril 1882. 44-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie manufacturière du St. Laurent."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit pour elle de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des ornements, garnitures et fermoirs de fenêtres, persiennes et auvents; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser les brevets d'invention ou inventions qui peuvent servir à la compagnie dans ses opérations; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser n'importe quel brevet d'invention ou inventions qui pourraient être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie; le droit de manufacturer, acheter et vendre telles autres marchandises et articles qui peuvent être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

Le nombre des parts sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cinq piastres.

La cité de Montréal sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Charles Edgar Kennedy, de Hatley, dans le comté de Stanstead, province de Québec, commerçant; Charles Carroll Colby, M. P., de Stanstead, dans le dit comté; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, de la ville de Sherbrooke, dans la dite province, écuyer; Frederick Fairman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province, marchand; Robert Baker May, de la dite cité de Montréal, imprimeur; John Gilman Elder, de la ville de Derby, dans l'Etat du Vermont, commerçant, et Stiles Frost, de la cité de Boston, dans l'Etat de Massachusetts, commerçant.

Tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

CHAS. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Montréal, 3 avril 1882. 44-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en Conseil, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada, à l'effet d'accorder une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après énumérées, savoir :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie des terres et de colonisation d'Edmonton et Ontario (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont: le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à ferme et hypothéquer les dites terres et en général trafiquer les intérêts d'icelles de toute façon; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la

compagnie et de secourir les dits colons; le droit de garantir les paiements des prêts faits avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une façon, soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service; le droit de construire, élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et de l'agriculture.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes places dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000 divisé en 5,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Bossom Ashford Mitchell, de la cité de London, marchand; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand; John William Little, du même lieu, marchand; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand; Charles Richardson, du même lieu, marchand; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand; Alfred Robinson, gentilhomme; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand; William Lind, du même lieu, marchand; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas Muir, du même lieu, marchand, et George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand.

Les requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents du Canada, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

FRASER ET FRASER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, Ontario, 24 avril 1882. 44-6

AVIS Public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après mentionnées, constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La Compagnie des terres de Wentworth."

1. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir une ou des lisières de terre dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, en vue de les coloniser.

(b) Le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage, échange, donation, ou autrement, des gouvernements provincial ou fédéral, ou de toute autre corporation, ou personne, des terres ou des intérêts en icelles, ou des coupes de bois dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest ou en une partie quelconque du Canada; le droit de vendre, louer ou trafiquer toutes terres, coupes de bois, propriétés personnelles, droits et privilèges ainsi acquis, avec le droit de recevoir des hypothèques sur icelles pour le prix d'achat ou autre garantie, à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu, avec le droit de prendre une hypothèque pour le prix d'achat sur les terres, ou intérêts vendus ou autrement trafiqués, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques par n'importe quel acte écrit ou transport, le tout sujet aux conditions de garantie pour les sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(c) Le droit d'acheter, prendre à bail, échanger ou autrement acquérir n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ainsi que les droits et privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie de la Puissance.

(d) Le droit de développer les ressources minières, agricoles, forestières et autres des terres acquises en y élevant des constructions, y faisant des plantations, en les défrichant, cultivant et améliorant de toutes façons, avec le droit de trafiquer avec les gouverne-

ments au sujet des mines suivant qu'il est pourvu par les règlements du gouvernement.

(e) Le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les propriétés de la compagnie et de coloniser ces dernières, et pour ces fins prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou subventions de terre et protéger la compagnie suivant la loi.

(f) Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions de terres ou d'argent à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer sur les terres de la compagnie ou partant d'icelles et se rendant à quelque point ou place rapprochée d'une ligne de chemin de fer existant déjà ou y attendant, avec le droit de construire, exploiter et utiliser des lignes de télégraphe, tramways et canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins, ponts et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie.

(g) Le droit de manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie ;

(h) Et pour ces fins le droit d'avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre et trafiquer des propriétés personnelles et immobilières, avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou incidents dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ;

(i) Le droit de construire, maintenir et réparer les routes et ponts ordinaires ;

(j) Le droit de secourir les immigrants venant des pays étrangers ou d'une autre province aux fins de les induire à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

(k) Le droit d'agir comme agent pour n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour l'achat ou la vente des terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada.

(l) Le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de faire l'élevage, la vente et l'achat de toute espèce d'animaux, chevaux, moutons, cochons, bestiaux et leurs produits.

(m) Le droit de travailler, vendre, utiliser ou autrement trafiquer toute espèce de produits miniers de la compagnie.

(n) Le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, moulins à moudre ou autres moulins, bâtiments, machines et ustensiles, avec le droit de faire en général toutes autres choses qui pourraient aider à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins.

(o) Le droit de s'amalgamer avec n'importe quelle autre société de colonisation et de transférer les privilèges, actifs et droits de la compagnie ou d'acquérir les privilèges, actifs et droits de n'importe quelle autre compagnie, avec le droit d'obtenir un transport en conséquence ou de s'amalgamer à une autre compagnie.

2. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie sera la cité d'Hamilton, Ont., avec des succursales à tels autres endroits suivant que l'exigeront les affaires de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 1000, d'une valeur de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants, savoir :—

George Roach, de la cité d'Hamilton, gentilhomme ; Robert Evans, du même lieu, marchand ; James Murray Lottridge, du même lieu, manufacturier ; Hugh Duncan Cameron, du même lieu, banquier ; Hugh Murray, du même lieu, marchand ; Charles Robinson Smith, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas Lawry, du même lieu, marchand ; Robert McKechnie, de la ville de Dundas, dans le comté de Wentworth,

manufacturier ; tous devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie. Tous résident au Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.
Hamilton, 18 avril 1882. 43-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres des Cultivateurs des rivières Saskatchewan et aux Carottes, à responsabilité limitée," (The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company, limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être incorporée est le suivant :

3. Acquérir des terres par achat, bail, échange ou autrement dans la province du Manitoba et dans les Territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement fédéral ou des gouvernements provinciaux, ou de toute corporation ou individus ; de vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer des dites terres ; d'arpenter, coloniser, établir, cultiver, améliorer les dites terres, et y faire des constructions ; d'avancer des deniers et aider aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres, avec pouvoir de s'assurer du remboursement de ces avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle manière, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement qu'il sera convenu de part et d'autre ; de construire et acquérir ou louer des moulins à farine, scieries, et autres ; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres, et d'acheter et vendre des articles et produits de toutes sortes ; de construire, acquérir et employer des bateaux à vapeur et autres bateaux pour les fins de la compagnie ; d'aider au moyen de boni, dons d'argent, octrois de terres ou autrement, toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou bateaux à vapeur et autres afin de faciliter l'accès aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie ; de construire et entretenir tous ponts et quais nécessaires ; d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux, et de faire dans toutes ses branches, la culture, et l'élevage des bestiaux ; et généralement de faire toutes choses nécessaires ou tendant à atteindre le but susdit.

4. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario.

5. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

6. Le nombre de parts de la compagnie sera de dix mille ; le montant de chaque action sera de cent piastres.

7. Les nom, prénom, adresse et occupation des dits requérants sont :—Alexander Manning, de la cité de Toronto, capitaliste ; Philip McRae, de la cité de Montréal, entrepreneur ; Charles James Campbell, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; Peter McLaren, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de bois ; Dennis Ryan, de la cité de Saint-Paul, cultivateur, et John Proctor, de la cité de Hamilton, marchand.

8. Les personnes suivantes seront les directeurs provisoires de la compagnie : Alexander Manning, John Proctor, et Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 21 avril, 1882. 43-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à

Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie de colonisation des Colons" (limitée).

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la Province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus et les trafiquer de toute façon.

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir en général ces derniers soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, suivant quel aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions et d'aider autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises se rattachant à l'ouverture des dites terres, y compris les lignes de bateaux, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres entreprises qui peuvent être jugées utiles pour la réalisation des fins que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour avancer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toute façon et de tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et établir la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le principal siège des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto avec des succursales au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de trois cent mille piastres divisé en trois mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Thomas Lailey, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Stark, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; John Dryden, du village de Brooklin, écuyer ; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en médecine ; William Stewart, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; James Watson, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edward John Stobo, de la ville de Peterboro, membre du clergé ; William Buck, de la cité de Brantford, fondeur de fer ; Charles Raymond, de la cité de Guelph, manufacturier ; Archibald Alexander Cameron, de la cité d'Ottawa, membre du clergé ; George Booth, de la cité de Toronto, manufacturier ; William Elliot, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Harvard Castle, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; William Muir, de la cité de Toronto, membre du clergé ; William Joseph Copp, de la cité d'Hamilton, fondeur de fer, George Richardson, du village de Colborne, membre du clergé ; Frederick Beyers, du village de Carleton Place, fondeur de fer.

Les onze premiers seront directeurs provisoires, et ils résident tous en Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Toronto, 20 avril, 1882.

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d.) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attendant requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; le droit de faire des opérations d'agriculture et de développer les ressources de la compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie, et d'émettre des débentures garanties par les terres de la compagnie, ou autrement, pour les mêmes fins ; le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres, d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis ; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine ; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie ; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada ; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$600,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sear de 6,000 d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward Carter, James Haywood, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand; dont les personnes suivantes seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie:—William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 19 avril 1882.

43-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de colonisation de Wellington et du Nord-Ouest."

1. Les fins que se proposent la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus des bâtiments, et les hypothéquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit d'acheter, acquérir, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en trafiquer de toute façon les intérêts soit agricoles ou forestiers, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, prêter de l'argent et aider de toute façon aux colons, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt aux conditions dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre au moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu; le droit d'aider soit par subventions ou autrement, à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à l'exécution de toutes les entreprises pouvant aider à l'établissement des dites terres, lignes de bateaux à vapeur, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles dans la réalisation des fins de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre des propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de cette dernière ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit de promouvoir, aider, et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays.

2. La cité de Guelph sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$200,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 2,000, chacune d'elle devant être de cent piastres.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—William Bell, de la cité de Guelph, dans la province d'Ontario, fabricant d'orgues; Thomas Goldie, du même lieu, menuisier; James Peebles, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *World*; Alexander Watson Alexander, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie des orgues de Bell, et Henry Walter Metcalf, du même lieu, fabricant d'orgues.

Les quatre premiers des dits requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents de la cité de Guelph, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

GUTHRIE ET WATT,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Guelph, 13 avril 1882.

42 6

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnés:—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de Colonisation des terres de Battleford et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes:—

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer et, en général, trafiquer les dites terres de même que les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'accorder des subventions et autres secours pour la construction et le maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et l'exécution de n'importe quelle autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres et jugée utile aux fins de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés mobilières ou immobilières et les droits en icelles requis par la compagnie pour l'avancement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins; le droit de développer, encourager et secourir l'immigration avec le droit de secourir les immigrants de toute façon qui peut être utile au développement et à la colonisation de la contrée et à l'avancement des intérêts de la compagnie ou du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera à Mono Mills, dans le district électoral de Cardwell, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts de ce fonds social sera de deux mille cinq cent, et chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit:—

de n'importe quelle manière les dites propriétés, y compris le droit de prendre des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat; le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques; le droit d'aider et encourager l'émigration et la colonisation des terres qui pourraient être acquises, soit par des prêts ou subventions garanties d'une manière sur laquelle on se sera entendu ou de toute manière légale; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de lignes de chemin de fer ou télégraphique, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de la colonisation des terres de la compagnie; le droit de construire des bâtiments, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de toute sorte; le droit d'aider à la construction de ces travaux de toute façon légale et à telles conditions et avec telles garanties dont il aura été convenu; le droit de fournir ses terres de bestiaux et de s'engager dans l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux; le droit de s'occuper de la culture du blé et de l'industrie des produits de ferme; le droit de fabriquer et exporter les dits grains et produits et de s'engager dans des opérations minières sur les dites propriétés, et avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être conférés à de semblables compagnies.

3. La cité de Belleville ou la ville de Trenton, l'un et l'autre dans le comté de Hastings, sera le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$300,000 divisé en 6,000 actions de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—

David Gilmour, marchand de bois, William Jeffs, marchand de grain, George Henry Gordon, marchand, William Ford Baker, marchand de grain; John Hendricks, propriétaire rural, Anson Green Whittier, marchand, tous de Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, imprimeur et éditeur, George Dean Dickson, avocat, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, avocat, Cornelius James Starling, entrepreneur, tous de Belleville; John White, fabricant, Roslin Charles Ashley, voiturier, Stephen Allen Lazier, fabricant, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, marchand, tous de Foxboro; James Stalker Hamilton, propriétaire rural, et Peter Rockwell Daly, propriétaire rural, tous deux d'Halloway.

Les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie sont les susdits David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allen Lazier et Charles Ashley, qui tous sont sujets britanniques et résident en Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Belleville, 4 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte en vertu du dit acte, constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées, qui sont les requérants, pour les fins ci-après énumérées:

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres de Hamilton" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes:—

Le droit d'acheter et acquérir de toute façon des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou individus.

Robert Lawrence, de Mono Mills, médecin; John Kelly, du township d'Adjala, cultivateur; Silas Huntingdon Foster, de la cité de Toronto, marchand; Henry Bracken, du township d'Adjala, menuisier; Henry Allison, du township de King, cultivateur; George Kidd, de Mono Mills, cultivateur, tous de la province d'Ontario. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ci-dessus mentionnés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,

Pour les requérants.

Daté à Mono Mills, ce 28 mars 1882.

41-6

A VIS est par le présent donné en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée sera "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Rivière aux Ecaillés."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont:—Le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans la Puissance du Canada; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et d'en développer les ressources minières, agricoles ou autres; le droit d'exploiter, vendre, donner, transporter, louer, hypothéquer et trafiquer

Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou trafiquer d'une façon quelconque les dites terres.

Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres et ériger dessus des constructions.

Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques créées sur icelles comme prix d'achat ou garanties à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'on les aura fixés de part et d'autre, avec le droit de retenir telles hypothèques données comme prix d'achat et de les transporter par un document soit écrit en entier ou en partie écrit et imprimé, sujet aux conditions faites pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles aux taux qui auront été convenus de part et d'autre.

Le droit de construire et réparer des routes ordinaires et ponts, assister les immigrants venant de pays étrangers et colons venant des autres provinces, avec le droit de les aider à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée est de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—

Valancey England Fuller, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans le comté de Wentworth, avocat; John Proctor, du même lieu, marchand; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, du même lieu, éditeur; George Albertus Cox, de la ville de Peterborough, dans le comté de Peterborough, gérant de chemin de fer, et Robert Jaffray, de la cité de Toronto, dans le comté de York, marchand, tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés, résidents du Canada, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 3 avril 1882.

41-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877 CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que durant le mois qui suivra la dernière insertion du présent avis les requérants ci-après nommés s'adresseront par

pétition au gouverneur-général à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des Ranches des Cantons de l'Est" (limitée.)

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit d'élever des bestiaux, chevaux, mules, moutons et cochons dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

Le droit d'acheter, vendre et trafiquer les dits animaux dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs, y compris le droit d'acquérir, détenir et améliorer les propriétés requises à cette fin.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Sherbrooke, province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille, de cent piastres chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de de chacun des requérants : L'honorable Matthew Henry Cochrane, du township de Compton, sénateur ; William White, de la ville de Sherbrooke, avocat ; William Farwell, de la dite ville de Sherbrooke, gérant de banque ; Charles Carroll Colby, du village de Stanstead, avocat ; John McLary, du township de Compton, cultivateur, et Edward Towle Brooks, de la dite ville de Sherbrooke, avocat, tous, de la province de Québec, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

BROOKS, CAMIRAND ET HURD,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Sherbrooke, 5 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné, sous l'autorité de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Canadienne pour l'exportation des fruits, à responsabilité limitée."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corporation sont :—

(a.) D'acheter et vendre des brevets d'invention canadiens ou étrangers, qui sont déjà émis ou qui le seront ci-après, pour conserver ou préserver les fruits ou légumes, et les emballer soit pour l'exportation soit pour l'emmagasinage.

(b.) De fabriquer des armoires ou garde-fruits pour les maisons et magasins, et des boîtes à fruit pour le transport des fruits, et de vendre ce dit droit de fabrication à d'autres, soit complètement et sans réserve soit en se réservant un droit régalien.

(c.) D'acheter et vendre des fruits et légumes de toutes espèces et nature que ce soit, de les exporter du Canada ou de les y importer, et d'emballer les dits fruits et légumes dans des boîtes et les vendre en Canada ou à l'étranger.

(d.) D'acquérir des propriétés, mobilières et immobilières, et de construire les édifices nécessaires aux opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres (\$50,000.)

5. Le nombre de parts est de cinq cent, de la valeur de cent piastres chaque.

6. Les nom, prénom, occupation et adresse de

chacun des requérants sont respectivement comme suit :—George Albert Cochrane, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gentilhomme ; Francis Ernest Gilman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat ; Thomas Craig, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, caissier ; Edward Kirk Greene, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, marchand ; David Timothy Irish, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, agent ; James Naismith Greenshields, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat, et Charles Henry Cordingley, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, distillateur.

7. Les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie seront les susdits George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields, et Charles Henry Cordingley, qui tous sont sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED ET GUÉRIN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 6 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l'"Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Qu'Appelle et des Buttes de Tondre."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles en Canada, soit par achat ou autrement de tout gouvernement, corporation ou individu ; le droit de les acheter, améliorer, coloniser, cultiver, vendre, céder, hypothéquer et louer, d'y construire des maisons et autrement en disposer.

De prendre des hypothèques et autres garanties en paiement des dites terres ou autre propriété de la compagnie à tels taux d'intérêt qui pourront être convenus de part et d'autre, et de vendre et transporter ces hypothèques ou autres garanties.

D'avancer des deniers aux colons ou acheteurs des terres, et les aider d'autre manière, et de prendre des sûretés pour le remboursement de ces créances et aide avec intérêt à tel taux d'intérêt qui pourra être convenu soit par hypothèques sur les terres ou autrement.

De donner des bonis ou autre aide aux chemins de fer et autres entreprises et travaux passant sur les terres de la dite compagnie, jugés utiles pour les ouvrir ou les améliorer, ou tendant à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie.

D'encourager, développer et aider l'immigration en Canada, de la Grande-Bretagne et de pays étrangers.

De construire, acquérir, maintenir et exploiter sur les dites terres et en rapport avec elles des scieries et des moulins à farine et manufactures, et de vendre et disposer de tout et chacun des dits moulins et manufactures et de leurs produits ; et de construire, entretenir et exploiter des tramways, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, chemins, rues, ponts et autres travaux en rapport avec les dites terres, ou autrement favorisant les intérêts de la dite compagnie.

Produire, acheter et vendre des bestiaux sur pied, des grains et autres produits du sol, et de vendre et acheter des biens immobiliers en général.

Le pouvoir d'emprunter sur le crédit de la compagnie ou sur la garantie de ses propriétés, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement, et de faire des placements de deniers, et généralement tous autres pouvoirs qui seront utiles ou nécessaires aux fins que se propose la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, avec pouvoir d'établir des succursales et agences ailleurs dans et en dehors du Canada, mais la première assemblée des directeurs provisoires et des actionnaires pourra être tenue à tout endroit en Canada que la majorité des dits directeurs décidera, et les assemblées subséquentes des directeurs provisoires et des directeurs élus et des actionnaires auront lieu à l'endroit choisi par les dits directeurs provisoires ou directeurs élus.

4. Le montant du fonds social sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de douze mille, et le montant de chaque action sera de vingt-cinq piastres.

Les noms, prénoms, occupations et adresses de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : James Murray, propriétaire de navires, James Livingston, cultivateur, Charles Peters Camp, jardinier, Hiram Blavill Hamill, artisan, et William John Murray, maître marin, tous de la cité de Ste. Catherine, dans le comté de Lincoln, et province d'Ontario, lesquels seront les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

A. FERGUSON,

Solliciteur des requérants.

Daté à Ottawa, avril 1882.

41-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par Thomas Beattie, marchand, George S. Birrell, marchand, Charles B. Hunt, meunier, Samuel Grigg, hôtelier, William McGregor, médecin, et Andrew McCormack, marchand, tous de la cité de London, Ontario, à l'effet de les constituer eux et d'autres en corps politique pour les fins ci-après énumérées.

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation London du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes : —le droit d'acheter ou acquérir de toute façon, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les terres au Canada, de développer les ressources d'icelles en y érigeant des constructions, en les défrichant, les asséchant, les cultivant suivant un système quelconque qui pourra sembler opportun ; le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de pratiquer en général l'industrie de l'élevage d'animaux, moutons et leurs produits, d'exploiter, vendre, manufacturer les productions minières des terres de la compagnie, d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute sorte ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries ou autres moulins, machines, estacades, avec le droit de construire des tramways, canaux, chemins et autres entreprises donnant des moyens de transport ou facilitant le développement des propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit de contribuer aux dépenses encourues par la construction, l'amélioration ou l'usage des dites entreprises ; le droit d'encourager et développer l'immigration des autres pays vers le Canada, avec le droit d'aider aux immigrants dans la colonisation des terres du Canada ; le droit d'agir comme agent pour un gouvernement quelconque, corporation ou individu, pour l'achat ou la vente de terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada, et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada ; et pour ces différentes fins le droit de prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou donner des subventions de terres, d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des coupes de bois et des propriétés mobilières et immobilières pour les fins de la compagnie, et de vendre, louer, échanger, hypothéquer ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés, avec le droit en général de faire toutes choses qui sont de nature à promouvoir les fins de la dite compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$100,000, divisée en 1,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les requérants mentionnés ci-dessus, tous résidents du Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

MEREDITH ET MEREDITH,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à London, Ontario, 22 mars 1882.

40-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité du dit acte, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous l'autorité du dit acte et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie de colonisation des commis voyageurs d'Ontario-ouest" (limitée.)

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit pour la dite compagnie d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada, des corporations ou des particuliers ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres ; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer les dites terres, avec le droit de les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et des secours aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et de vendre du bois de service ; le droit d'élever, paître, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et la production des produits de ferme.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la ville de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différents endroits dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$1,000,000, divisé en 10,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualités de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Lind, de la ville de London, Ontario, marchand ; Alfred Robinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme ; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand ; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand ; Robert Cathcart Macfie, du même lieu, marchand ; John Green du même lieu, marchand ; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, gentilhomme ; John Burnett Laing, du même lieu, marchand ; George Sunby Birrell, du même lieu, marchand ; William Henry Birrell, du même lieu, marchand ; Bossom Ashford Mitchell, marchand ; Moses Mazurett, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas Herbert Marsh, du même lieu, marchand ; John Carrington Merritt, du même lieu, marchand ; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand ; George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand ; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand ; James A'Kennedy, du même lieu, droguiste ; Daniel Simmonds Perrin, du même lieu, marchand ; Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand ; John Drinkwater Ivey, du même lieu, marchand ; Alexander Johnston, du même lieu, marchand ; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand, et Thomas Muir, du même lieu, fabricant.

Les requérants dont les noms suivent, tous de ceux ci-dessus nommés et résidant au Canada, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :—William Lind, Henry Dawson Long, Alfred Robinson,

Joseph Atkinson, James Watson, George Robinson, Moscs Masurett, John Carrington Merritt, John Burnett Laing, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Robert Cathcart Macfie, Thomas McCormick, George Burns, Daniel Simmonds Perrin et John Drinkwater Ivey.

FRASER ET FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à London ce 22 mars 1882.

40-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877, qu'un mois après la dernière insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie du Rancho Stewart, à responsabilité limitée." (*The Stewart Ranch Company, Limited.*)

2. Les fins pour lesquelles l'incorporation est demandée sont les suivantes:—

D'acheter ou autrement acquérir, coloniser, améliorer et cultiver des terres et biens-fonds dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest du Canada

3. De développer les ressources des dites terres et biens-fonds en les défrichant, les égouttant, les améliorant, y construisant des maisons, et par des opérations minières, la culture, la fabrication des bois et autres moyens.

De mettre des animaux sur ces terres, et d'y élever et trafiquer sur toutes espèces de bestiaux, moutons et leurs produits, et d'y faire dans toutes ses branches la culture et l'élevage des bestiaux.

D'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les terres de la compagnie, et de les coloniser, et dans ce but d'aider aux immigrants et colons sur les terres de la compagnie au moyen d'octrois de terre, d'avances ou autres, et d'agir comme agents de tout gouvernement, corporation ou personne favorisant l'émigration au Canada.

D'acheter, acquérir, fabriquer et vendre toutes espèces de bois, marchandises et effets (à l'exception des vins et spiritueux et des boissons fermentées et enivrantes)

De construire, acquérir, naviguer et utiliser des bateaux à vapeur et autres, et de procurer et employer tous autres moyens nécessaires et convenables pour le transport des colons, immigrants, voyageurs, effets et marchandises, et pour conduire convenablement les opérations de la compagnie; et dans le but de donner un accès facile aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie, d'aider, au moyen de boni, don d'argent, octroi de terre ou autrement, à toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou de bateaux à vapeur ou autre moyen de transport par terre ou par eau.

D'acheter, prendre à bail, ou échanger, louer ou autrement acquérir des ranches, plaines à bestiaux et tous autres biens meubles et immeubles, et tous intérêts, droits et privilèges que la compagnie jugera nécessaires ou utiles aux fins de ses opérations.

De construire, maintenir et changer toutes scieries, moulins à farine, bâtisses, quais, entrepôts et autres travaux nécessaires ou utiles aux opérations de la compagnie.

De vendre, améliorer, gérer, développer, louer, hypothéquer, disposer ou autrement trafiquer de toute ou partie de la propriété de la compagnie, et de prendre et accepter des hypothèques et obligations sur les biens meubles ou immeubles ou toutes autres garanties quelconques (et portant intérêt ou autrement, selon que la compagnie le décidera) des acheteurs et autres débiteurs de la compagnie, et de vendre, céder ou autrement disposer de toutes ou chacune de ces garanties.

De faire toute affaire ou transaction (du ressort de la compagnie,) en société, ou autrement avec d'autres personnes ou compagnies.

Et généralement de faire toutes autres choses utiles

ou nécessaires au but que se propose d'atteindre la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario.

4. Le montant de son fonds social sera de cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille cinq cent, et le montant de chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms au long, adresse et occupation de chacun des requérants sont comme suit: John Stewart, du township de Nepean, dans le comté de Carleton, dans la province d'Ontario, écuyer; John Herron, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, marchand; Hugh MacLennan, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, expéditeur; Archibald Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat; McLeod Stewart, du dit township de Nepean, avocat; Francis Henry Chrysler, du dit township de Nepean, avocat, et Joseph James Gormully, de la dite cité d'Ottawa, avocat.

Dont les dits Hugh MacLennan, Archibald Stewart, McLeod Stewart et Joseph James Gormully seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

STEWART, CHRYSLER ET GORMULLY,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 30 mars 1882.

40-6

AVIS DIVERS.

AVIS est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de la section 10, sous-section 2 de l'acte de 1875 concernant les droits d'auteur, que le soussigné G. B. Bemister, du Portage La Prairie, dans la Province du Manitoba, a dûment enregistré une application au bureau du Ministre de l'Agriculture pour l'obtention d'un droit d'auteur par intérim concernant une carte appelée "La carte de la ville du Portage La Prairie et de ses environs," et qu'un certificat de tel enregistrement a été accordé le 2 mai 1882.

G. B. BEMISTER,
Par O'CONNOR ET HOGG,
Ses procureurs.

Ottawa, 3 mai 1882.

45-1

LA BANQUE JACQUES CARTIER.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, et qu'il sera payable au bureau de la banque en la cité de Montréal, le et après le premier jour du mois de juin prochain. Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, mercredi, le vingt-unième jour de juin prochain, à une heure p.m.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. DE MARTIGNY,
Caissier.

Montréal, 27 avril, 1882.

44-5

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent a été déclaré sur le capital payé de cette institution pour le semestre courant, et sera payable au bureau de la banque, le et après jeudi, le premier juin prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 22 au 31 mai, ces deux jours inclus.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires, pour l'élection des directeurs et la transaction des affaires en général, aura lieu au bureau de la dite banque, à Montréal, mercredi, le vingt et un juin prochain, à midi.

Par ordre du bureau,

UBALDE GARAND,
Caissier,

44-5

BANQUE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de cinq pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville et à ses succursales le et après le jeudi, premier jour de juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, lundi le 5e jour de juin prochain. La séance sera ouverte à 1 heure.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. MACNIDER,
Assistant gérant général.

Montréal, 25 avril 1882.

44 6

CHEMIN DE FER CANADIEN DU PACIFIQUE

A VIS.—Une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de cette compagnie aura lieu le vingt-deuxième jour de mai prochain au bureau de la compagnie à Montréal, à midi, pour examiner et confirmer un acte d'arrangement pour l'achat de la section Ouest du chemin de fer Québec, Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental, exécuté le quatrième jour de mars dernier, et passé par la législature de la province de Québec.

Par ordre du bureau,

CHARLES DRINKWATER.

44-4

Secrétaire.

BANQUE DE QUEBEC.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, que tel dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville, le et après le jeudi le premier jour de juin prochain.

Les livres de transport sont clos du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, lundi le cinquième jour de juin prochain.

Le président prendra le fauteuil à trois heures P. M.

Par ordre du bureau,

J. STEVENSON,
Caissier.

Québec, 27 avril 1882.

44-4

BANQUE DES MARCHANDS DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent pour le semestre courant, étant au taux de sept pour cent par année, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque, en cette ville, le et après le jeudi, 1er juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 18 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, mercredi le 21 juin prochain.

La séance s'ouvrira à midi précis.

Par ordre du bureau,

G. HAGUE,

Gérant général.

Montréal, 22 avril, 1882.

44.5

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par M. William Milner, de la ville de Strathroy, dans le comté de Middlesex, province d'Ontario, mercredi le 17e jour de mai A. D. 1882, pour une extension du brevet d'invention qui m'a été accordé le vingt-huit février A. D. 1869, pour une amélioration utile et nouvelle dans l'engrenage des wagons, savoir : Jottereaux de devant unis à une barre en balance, et jottereaux de derrière ou fourche ; cette amélioration devant être appelée Jottereaux de devant unis

à une barre en balance et Jottereaux de derrière ou fourche.

WILLIAM MILNER,
Brévetaire.

Strathroy, Ont., 15 avril 1882.

43-3

COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER CANADIEN DU PACIFIQUE.

A VIS.—La première assemblée annuelle des actionnaires de cette compagnie pour l'élection des directeurs et la dépêche générale des affaires, aura lieu mercredi le 10 mai prochain, au bureau principal de la compagnie, à Montréal, à midi.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,

Secrétaire.

Montréal, 10 avril 1882.

42-4

BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée finale des actionnaires de cette banque aura lieu au No. 26, rue Saint-François-Xavier, Montréal, à 1 heure p.m., le 22 mai prochain, pour recevoir le rapport final des liquidateurs et pour faire toutes autres choses qu'il est loisible aux actionnaires de faire à telle assemblée finale en vertu de l'acte intitulé "Acte pour autoriser la liquidation des affaires de la banque Métropolitaine."

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,

Secrétaire.

Montréal, 4 avril 1882.

41-7

A VIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

36-13

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointment, viz:—

OTTAWA, 3rd May, 1882.

PATRICK HANRAHAN, of Windsor, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher in Her Majesty's Customs.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, } WHEREAS it is, in
Deputy of the Minister of } and by the Act
Justice, Canada. } passed in the thirty-
second and thirty-third years of Our Reign, chaptered
twenty-four, and intituled "An Act for the better
preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public
Works," as amended by the Act passed in the thirty-
third year of Our Reign, chaptered twenty-eight, and
intituled "An Act to amend an Act for the better
preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public
Works," amongst other things in effect enacted,
that the Governor in Council may, as often as occa-
sion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and
after a day in such Proclamation named, the said Act
first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof

shall be in force in any place or places in Canada, in such Proclamation designated, within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any Railway, Canal or other Public Work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof should be in force;

And whereas it is in and by the said Acts further in effect enacted that the said Act first above mentioned or any such section or sections thereof shall, upon and after the day named in any such Proclamation as aforesaid, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation;

Now Know YE, that We do hereby under and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Acts and by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, proclaim and declare that upon, from and after the First day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, all the sections of the said first mentioned Act as so amended, excepting sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, shall be in force in the following localities, namely: all those portions of the Province of British Columbia in Our Dominion of Canada, lying within ten miles on each side of the located line of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Port Moody and Savona's Ferry including the line itself and extending for ten miles beyond either extremity thereof.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom those presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRD day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Wednesday, 3rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the provisions of the 48th and 49th sections of the Act passed in the 42nd year of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter 16, and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the laws relating to "Weights and Measures,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that number four of the Regulations respecting the Inspection of Grain Testers, established by Order in Council of the 6th December 1881, be, and the same is hereby amended, and the following Regulation substituted in place thereof, viz :—

"4. It gives true indications of weight according to the purport of the figures and divisions marked on the beam."

Certified,

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

45-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Monday, 24th day of April, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Section 5 of "The Fisheries Act" explosive materials are forbidden in the Whale fishery, and whereas it appears that improved explosives have been recently adopted which are not liable to objection on account of the wasteful effects of the missiles formerly in use, against which the prohibition was levelled, and that these improvements are now adopted by American whalers frequenting the same waters as Canadian whalers,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 19th clause of "The Fisheries Act," has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following amending Regulation be, and the same is hereby adopted, namely :—

"Section 5 of the Fisheries Act is suspended in so far as the same relates to the killing of Whales by 'explosive instruments.'"

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

44-3

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 24th day of April, 1882.

I HEREBY certify that Rule 4 of the Rules for the Pilotage District of New London, Prince Edward Island, approved by Order in Council of the 2nd July 1878, has been amended by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council on this day the 24th day of April 1882, to read as follows :—

"The Rate of Pilotage for this District shall be as follows :—Four (4) cents per Register ton to beach, "two (2) cents per register ton additional for Rivers "below Bridges."

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

44-3

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 12th May, 1882.

(GENERAL ORDERS (9).

No. 1.

"B" BATTERY, ROYAL SCHOOL OF GUNNERY, KINGSTON.

Course of Infantry Instruction.

It is notified for general information that a "Short Course of Infantry Instruction" for 1st and 2nd Class Certificates will be formed at the Royal School of Gunnery, Kingston, on the same conditions as to pay, allowances, &c., authorized for Artillery. (*Vide* paragraphs 812, 814 of the Regulations and Orders, 1879.)

Not more than ten officers and twenty non-commissioned officers and men will be allowed to join.

Application for permission to join for officers, non-commissioned officers or men to be made through officers commanding corps, to the Acting Commandant Royal School of Gunnery, Kingston. (*Vide* paragraphs 775, 776, 777 of the Regulations and Orders, 1879.)

Provided a sufficient number of applications are received the course will commence on 1st June next, and will last for two months.

Officers, non-commissioned officers and men will be required to join on 30th May.

No. 2.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Governor General's Body Guard for Ontario.

To be Quarter-Master :

Sergeant Joseph Loxton Rawbon, vice Andrew Thatcher Deacon whose resignation is hereby accepted.

*2nd Regiment of Cavalry.**No. 8 Troop, Welland.*

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :

James Alexander Gilchriese, Gentleman, vice Reuben House, left limits.

Memo.—2nd Lieutenant Hampden D. Willson having left limits his name is hereby removed from the list of Officers of the Active Militia.

1st Provisional Brigade of Field Artillery.

The resignation of Veterinary Surgeon Edward Alexander Andrew Grange is hereby accepted.

10th Battalion "Royal Grenadiers."

To be 2nd Lieutenants, provisionally :

Francis James Gosling, Gentleman, vice Percival, promoted.
Duncan Arthur Duntroon MacIntyre, Gentleman.

*12th Battalion of Infantry, "York Rangers."**No. 1 Company, Scarborough.*

To be Lieutenant :

2nd Lieutenant George Vennell, M.S., vice Woods, retired.

To be 2nd Lieutenant :

William K. McNaught, Gentleman, vice Vennell, promoted.

13th Battalion of Infantry.

To be 2nd Lieutenants, provisionally:

Edward Gibson Zealand, Gentleman, vice F. J. Gibson, promoted.

William John Coulson, Gentleman, vice Osborne, promoted.

George McLaren Brown, Gentleman, vice Boulton, transferred to and promoted in 7th Battalion.

14th Battalion "Princess of Wales' Own Rifles."

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Alexander Buntin, Junior, Gentleman, vice Wilkinson, promoted.

29th "Waterloo" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 1 Company, Conestogo.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Color Sergeant Simon Ratz, vice Samuel James Taylor whose resignation is hereby accepted.

38th "Brant" Battalion, "Dufferin Rifles."

No. 6 Company, Brantford.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

John Henry McLean, Gentleman, vice J. Sharpe.

40th "Northumberland" Battalion of Infantry.

Captain and Adjutant Charles M. Boswell is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank of Captain.

44th "Welland" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 5 Company, Welland.

To be Lieutenant:

Sergeant Lorenzo Clarke Raymond, M.S., vice Frank Crysler whose resignation is hereby accepted.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

1st Lieutenant John Davidson, G.S., No. 1 Battery, 1st Provisional Brigade Field Artillery, from 31st March, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Robert Leonard Baker, M.S., No. 4 Company, 20th Battalion, from 24th February, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant Melvin Day, G.S.I., No. 3 Company, 41st Battalion, from 31st March, 1882.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.*Montreal Brigade of Garrison Artillery.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Campbell Lane, Gentleman, vice Trotter, promoted.

To be Adjutant with rank of Captain in the Brigade and of Major in the Militia:

Thomas Atkinson, from Retired List of Majors, (formerly Sergeant, 4th Battalion H.M.'s 60th Rifles), vice Fletcher retired.

3rd Battalion "Victoria Rifles of Canada."

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Henry Martyn Belcher, V.B., vice Andrew Wilson Kinnear who is hereby permitted to retire with rank of Lieutenant.

Memo.—Lieutenant Henry S. Aspinwall Howe is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

5th Battalion "Royal Scots Fusiliers," Montreal.

To be Major:

Captain Frank Caverhill, V.B., vice Geddes retired.

Memo.—That portion of No. 1 of General Orders (7) 14th April, 1882, in which the resignation is accepted of Captain Robert Stanley Clark Bagg, is hereby amended by permitting Captain Bagg to retire retaining rank.

8th Battalion "Royal Rifles," Quebec.

Memo.—That portion of No. 2 of General Orders (11) 16th May, 1879, in which the resignation is accepted of Captain Horace Ross Sewell is hereby amended by, permitting Captain Sewell to retire retaining rank.

17th "Levis" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 4 Company, New Liverpool.

To be Captain:

2nd Lieutenant J. Victor Bégin, V.B., vice Captain and Brevet Major Alfred Lemieux who is hereby permitted to retire retaining his Brevet rank.

Memo.—Lieutenant Jules Guillot having left limits his name is hereby removed from the list of Officers of the Active Militia.

23rd "Beauce" Battalion of Infantry.

To be Surgeon:

Tancrède Fortier, Esq, M.D., vice Jules Taschereau whose resignation is hereby accepted.

53rd "Sherbrooke" Battalion of Infantry.

To be Majors:

William A. Morehouse, Esquire, V.B.

Robert Gilmour Leckie, Esquire, (provisionally.)

No. 1 Company, Sherbrooke.

To be Captain, provisionally:

Walter Blue, Esquire.

To be Lieutenant:

Stephen F. Twose, Gentleman, M.S.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

Henry Redfern Fraser, Gentleman, M.S.

No. 2 Company, Sherbrooke.

To be Captain, provisionally:

William Amherst Hale, Esquire.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Alfred Cecil Hale Bowen, Gentleman.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

William Morris, Gentleman, V.B.

No. 3 Company, Sherbrooke.

To be Captain, provisionally:

Samuel Brooks Sanborn, Esquire.

To be Lieutenant :

Captain Edward Buren Worthington, M.S., from
No. 4 Company.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

Richard Failie Morris, Gentleman.

To be Paymaster :

Henry Albert Odell, Esquire.

To be Quarter-Master :

William J. Hunt, Gentleman.

To be Adjutant, provisionally, with rank of Captain :

Arthur Norreys Worthington, Esquire, V.B. 2nd.

61st "Montmagny and L'Islet" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 4 Company, St. Jean Port Joli.

To be 2nd Lieutenant :

Fortunat Bernier, Gentleman, M.S., vice C. H.
Fournier.

81st "Portneuf" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 2 Company, St. Raymond.

The services of Lieutenant Jules Martel as an
Officer in the Active Militia are hereby dispensed
with.

No. 6 Company, St. Raymond.

To be Captain :

Lieutenant Cyprien Paré, M.S., vice Sifrois Martel
whose services as an Officer in the Active Militia
are hereby dispensed with.

Kamouraska Provisional Battalion of Infantry.

No. 4 Company, St. Denis.

To be Lieutenant :

2nd Lieutenant Eugène Rossignol, M.S., vice
Langlais, promoted.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Lieutenant Charles E. J. de Montigny, V.B., No. 1
Company, 85th Battalion; from 27th April, 1882.

Lieutenant Joseph Dunn, V.B., No. 5 Company, 85th
Battalion; from 27th April, 1882.

2nd Lieutenant J. Victor Begin, V.B., No. 4 Com-
pany, 17th Battalion; from 2nd May, 1882.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

74th Battalion of Infantry.

To be Major :

Captain Oliver Roswell Arnold, V.B., from the
Adjutancy, vice Wetmore retired.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

63rd "Halifax" Battalion of Rifles.

This Battalion has been authorized to use on the
Pouch belt of the Officers, a Badge and Motto (in
silver), of which the following is a description :—

An eight pointed Star (fluted). The Regimental
number **63** at upper point, with the words "Halifax
Rifles" on a ribbon attached. From the Regimental
number a Bugle suspended by cords and tassels.

In the circle of the Bugle a Maple Leaf bearing the
word "Canada."

Motto: "Cede Nullis" on a ribbon interlaced with
bow of bugle cord.

The whole surmounted with the "Royal Crown."

To be Lieutenant :

2nd Lieutenant John Bentinck Johnston, M.S., vice
Crane, promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant :

Sergeant Crawford James McKie, M.S., vice
Johnston, promoted.

69th "1st Annapolis" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 5 Company, Annapolis Royal.

Captain Charles Whitman is hereby permitted to
retire retaining rank.

Victoria Provisional Battalion of Infantry,
"Argyle Highlanders."

No. 2 Company, Middle River.

To be Lieutenant :

Sergeant Alexander McRae, M.S., vice John
Campbell, failed to qualify.

No. 5 Company, Sydney, Cape Breton.

To be Lieutenant :

Corporal John Donald McNeil, M.S., vice Hugh
McLeod, deceased.

To be 2nd Lieutenant :

Corporal Douglas Kendall Hill, M.S., vice Richard
John Molloy, failed to qualify.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Captain Henry Taylor Lawrence, V.B., No. 1 Com-
pany, 78th Battalion; from 27th April, 1882.

Lieutenant Edmund Alexander Cock, V.B., No. 1
Company, 78th Battalion; from 27th April, 1882.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

2nd Lieutenant Christopher F. Forrest, V.B.,
Winnipeg Infantry Company; from 20th April, 1882.

No. 3.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

ROYAL SCHOOLS OF GUNNERY.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

GUNNERY CERTIFICATES.

FIRST CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

1st Lieutenant John Davidson, No. 1 Battery 1st Pro-
visional Brigade Artillery

THIRD CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

Sergeant W. Crawford Smart, Durham Field Battery.
do James Taylor, Ottawa Field Battery.

FOURTH CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

Gunner Albert Davison "B" Battery, R.S.G.

Gunner and Driver R. T. Smythe, No. 1 Battery 1st Provisional Brigade Field Artillery.
do Thomas Hickey, Durham Field Battery.
do Charles Robertson, do
do H. Hynes, London Field Battery.
do G. Beebe, Toronto Field Battery.

INFANTRY CERTIFICATES.

FIRST CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

2nd Lieutenant M. L. Day, 41st Battalion.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

GUNNERY CERTIFICATES.

FIRST CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

2nd Lieutenant John A. Fages, 87th Battalion.
Paymaster L. D. Hudon, Temiscouata Provisional Battalion.

THIRD CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

Sergeant J. H. Kilburn, Woodstock Field Battery.
Gunner J. McEdwards, "A" Battery, R.S.G.

FOURTH CLASS "SHORT CLASS."

Sergeant J. Early, No. 3 Battery Quebec Garrison Artillery.
do T. McInenly, do

BOARDS OF EXAMINERS.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE.

Captain Alphonse D. Aubry, 85th Battalion.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES.

Lieutenant Charles E. J. de Montigny, 85th Battalion.
do Joseph Dunn, 85th do
2nd Lieutenant J. Victor Begin, 17th do

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES.

Captain H. T. Lawrence, 78th Battalion.
Lieutenant E. A. Cock, 78th do

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATE.

2nd Lieutenant Christopher F. Forrest, Winnipeg Infantry Company.

No. 4.

RESERVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Regimental Division of Glengarry.

Major Alexander Fraser is hereby permitted to retire with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, under the provisions of Section 32, 31st Vic., cap. 40.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Regimental Division of Northumberland.

Lieutenant-Colonel Adam Dickson Shirreff, is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 9 of 1882.

CHANGE IN INDIAN POINT LIGHT.

NOTICE is hereby given that, from the opening of navigation this year, a change has been made in the arrangement of the light established last year on the Shoal off Indian Point, Bedeque Bay, at the entrance to Summerside Harbor, Prince County, Prince Edward Island.

Lat. N. 46° 22' 40"
Long. W. 63° 48' 50"

The light formerly showed fixed red between the bearings N. N. E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. and N. E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E., and fixed white from all other points seaward, but it will now show fixed *white* between Sea Cow Head and the most southerly point of Miscouche Shoals, as well as into the harbor; and fixed *green* over Miscouche Shoals, or between the bearings E. by N. $\frac{1}{4}$ N. and E. S. E.

In entering the harbor from the North-westward vessels can stand in for the lighthouse as soon as the white light is opened, leaving it on the starboard side, after which the harbor buoys and the light on the railway wharf will guide. A vessel outside the light beating in or out of the harbor should come about immediately upon losing sight of the white light.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 24th April, 1882. 46-3

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th April, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,656,761 93
Excise.....	417,789 32
Post Office.....	156,181 65
Public Works, including Railways.	266,659 50
Miscellaneous	194,721 77
	<hr/>
Revenue to 31st March, 1882.....	\$ 2,692,114 17
	24,479,865 88
	<hr/>
	\$27,171,980 05
	<hr/>
Expenditure.....	\$1,770,560 98
do 31st March, 1882.....	17,999,566 70
	<hr/>
	\$19,770,127 68

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st May, 1882.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 7 of 1882.

CHANGE IN PORT ST. JOHN LIGHT.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after the opening of navigation this year, the light on Port St. John wharf, Island of Orleans, River St. Lawrence below Quebec, will be changed from a revolving white to a *fixed white* light.

The illuminating apparatus will be catoptric.

Lat. N. 46° 55' 20"
Long. W. 70° 53' 30"

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 17th April, 1882. 45-3

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 1st day of May, 1882.

I HEREBY certify that Rule 12 of the Rules and Regulations for the government of Pilots for the Pilotage District of Louisburg, in the Province of Nova Scotia, approved by Order in Council on the 3rd day of June, 1881, has been amended by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council on this day, the 1st day of May, 1882, by having the pilotage dues on steamships to read as follows:—

	Tons.	Tons.	Inward.	Outward.
On steamships of	80 to	500	\$ 8 00	\$5 00
" "	500 "	1000	10 00	6 00
" "	1000 "	3000	12 00	8 00

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council. 45-3

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the government of Pilots for the Pilotage District of Miramichi, in the Province of New-Brunswick, made by the Pilotage Authority of the said District under the "Pilotage Act of Canada."

That all Rules and Regulations heretofore made for the government of pilots or in relation to pilotage in the said District be, and the same are hereby repealed. And in lieu thereof:—

1. That the limits of the Pilotage District of Miramichi, shall be held to extend easterly as far as Entry Island, Magdalens; northerly, as far as Point Miscou, in the County of Gloucester, N. B., and southerly, as far as Kouchibouguac River, in the County of Kent, N. B.

2. Every person, now acting or holding a branch as a pilot for the Pilotage District of Miramichi, shall forthwith surrender the same to the said Pilotage Authority, and shall, if legally entitled thereto, receive a license for the said district.

3. Every person not already licensed as a pilot for the Pilotage District aforesaid must make application in writing to the Secretary, at the office of the Pilotage Authority, and be a resident of the County of Northumberland, of not less than twenty-one years of age, and shall have continuously served as an indentured apprentice (approved by the Pilotage Authority) under a licensed pilot for a term of not less than four years—three years of which shall be on board a licensed pilot boat, and the fourth year he shall accompany the pilot on board all ships or vessels in which such pilot shall be employed; shall also produce a certificate of good character while serving his apprenticeship from the pilot to whom he was indentured; and shall be examined by examiners appointed

for that purpose by the Pilotage Authority of the said district, and at that examination shall answer such questions and show such qualifications as will warrant them in giving him a certificate of his competency to perform all the duties of a pilot in the said district; and a license shall forthwith issue to such person on payment of the expenses of such examination and a fee of five dollars.

4. The rates of pilotage for the district of the ports or harbor of Miramichi shall be as follows:—

When inward bound, two dollars and twenty-five cents per foot, for every foot of water such ship shall draw at the time.

When outward bound, one dollar and seventy-five cents per foot, if drawing less than seventeen feet of water; and two dollars per foot if drawing seventeen feet or upwards.

For the removal of any ship or vessel, and seeing such ship or vessel properly secured and moored, the following rates, viz:—The sum of one dollar and fifty cents for vessels not exceeding 100 tons; the sum of two dollars for vessels over 100 tons and not exceeding 200 tons; the sum of three dollars for vessels over 200 tons and not exceeding 300 tons; and the sum of four dollars for all vessels over 300 tons, and where the distance of removal exceeds four miles fifty per cent additional shall be allowed on the above rates; and after the first of November in each year, any pilot taking out any ship or vessel shall be entitled to demand and receive the sum of four dollars in addition to above rates, provided that such pilot shall have taken such ship or vessel clear to sea, leave her without causing any unnecessary delay, and without the ship or vessel being obliged to land such pilot. And all the foregoing rates of pilotage shall be payable to and collected by the said Pilotage Authority.

5. If any such pilot shall, within the said Pilotage District offer his services to any inward bound ship or vessel liable to pay pilotage to the said Authority and be refused, no other licensed pilot being on board or having previously offered his services to such ship or vessel, such pilot so refused shall be entitled to demand and receive the same rate of pilotage as if he had been actually employed to pilot such vessel into any of the ports in the Harbor of Miramichi.

6. Every pilot shall make a report of every ship or vessel piloted by him to or from sea, on the forms furnished him, giving the name, rig, tonnage, nationality, draught of water; and when boarded, if inward, where from and to whom consigned; and, if outwards, name of shipper and where bound; also any services that have been rendered; to which report he shall, if possible, obtain the master's signature. He shall also report all vessels spoken by him which have refused to accept his services; and shall also report any casualty or accident that may have happened to any such vessel under his charge, or any other matter of importance connected with vessels coming under his observation; and shall also report when any of the buoys are not in their places, or any of the light-houses are not lighted at the proper time and kept lighted; or fog whistles not sounded in thick weather; which report shall be made without delay.

7. All boats to be licensed as pilot boats shall be decked, of not less than twenty tons register, and shall be surveyed, and, if satisfactory and recommended shall be licensed for a term not exceeding one year on payment of a license fee of ten dollars. All licensed pilot boats at the end of or immediately before the expiring of the above named year, shall again be surveyed, and, if found satisfactory to the Pilotage Authority shall have their licenses renewed for a term not exceeding one year, which survey and examination shall be continued from year to year on the payment for the first license of a fee of ten dollars, and for every renewal five dollars, provided the number of boats under license shall not exceed four

8. Every licensed pilot boat shall have on board one or more life-boats to be used in conveying pilots to and from ships; and also one or more life-preservers for each pilot and apprentice belonging or attached to said licensed pilot boat.

9. All licensed pilot boats shall have conspicuous numbers on the sails; such numbers to be painted in black on each side of the fore and mainsails, in figures not less than three feet in length, such numbers to be the same as stated in the license for such boats.

10. Any licensed pilot boat that may at any time on examination by the Pilotage Authority be found in any way unfit for the service for which she is licensed, or not characterized in accordance with section 75 of Pilotage Act of 1873 and amendments thereto, shall have her license suspended until she is made and fitted out to the satisfaction of the Pilotage Authority; and the license so suspended shall, during such suspension, be lodged with the secretary of the Pilotage Authority.

11. Each pilot, before receiving his license, shall certify to the Pilotage Authority that he is the owner of at least two tons in one of the four licensed pilot-boats.

12. Each pilot shall take his regular turn in piloting vessels inwards or outwards, so that the work will be equally divided amongst the pilots; and it shall be the duty of every pilot to obey the orders of the person to be appointed, as hereinafter provided, for the purpose of arranging the turns or making such changes therein as he may deem necessary and expedient.

13. The pilots shall, at a meeting to be held on or before the first day of April in each year, by a majority of the pilots present at such meeting, appoint a suitable person out of their number, (such appointment to be subject to the approval of the Pilotage Authority), whose duty it shall be to decide upon and arrange the turns in which each pilot shall perform his duty and make any changes in said turns by substituting one pilot for another, as he may deem expedient; to receive all reports from the pilots, as provided in section 6 of these regulations; ascertain the exact amount due by each vessel for the services of any pilot; and forthwith forward the foregoing reports and information to the Secretary of the Pilotage Authority, with such further information as he may from time to time require; and for his services such person shall receive share and share alike with the other pilots of the net proceeds earned at the end of the season.

In case the pilots shall neglect to make said appointment or should any appointment by the pilots be disapproved, the Pilotage Authority shall appoint a suitable pilot to perform the foregoing services.

14. Every person wishing to become an indentured apprentice to a licensed pilot must make application on the proper form to the Secretary, and have the rudiments of an ordinary English education, and be of a good moral character and approved by the Pilotage Authority; and on such approval be indentured to a licensed pilot to serve for a term of not less than four years, as a pilot apprentice on board of a Miramichi licensed pilot boat, under the direction and control of his indentured master; the conditions to be contained in the indentures to be subject to the approval of the Pilotage Authority.

15. That after all apprentices who have been regularly indentured previous to the first day of February, A.D., 1882, shall have received their licenses, no more apprentices shall be licensed as pilots until the number of pilots is reduced to thirty.

16. Every outward bound vessel shall be compelled to accept the services of the pilot assigned to him by the person appointed under section 13 of these

Regulations, unless the master, or owner, or agent of such vessel can show satisfactory grounds for refusal to any two of the Commissioners, in which case the person so appointed shall carry out the instructions of the said Commissioners.

17. In case of any dispute arising between pilots, masters of vessels and others, respecting pilotage, or for extra remuneration in a case of any extraordinary nature, the matter shall be referred to one or more of the Pilotage Commissioners nearest to the place of dispute, and his or their decision in the premises shall be final; and any licensed pilot who shall refuse or neglect to appear before the Commissioner or Commissioners after twenty-four hours' notice when his attendance shall be required on any occasion, or who shall give any unnecessary trouble or annoyance or detention to masters of vessels shall, for every such offence, be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars and also to suspension at the discretion of the Pilotage Authority as represented by a majority of the Commission; and the costs of summoning witnesses and the hearing of any matter in dispute, shall be paid by such party as the Commissioners may direct.

18. Any licensed pilot not complying with these Rules and Regulations, or evading the sense, intent or meaning or any or either of them, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars for the breach of such Rule or Regulation, with, in case of the continuing breach, a further penalty not exceeding four dollars for every twenty-four hours during which such breach continues; and shall be liable to have his license withdrawn or suspended at the discretion of the Pilotage Authority.

19. On proof on oath of the Pilotage Authority that any pilot licensed by them has been guilty of any improper conduct, drunkenness, or wilful neglect of duty, or that he is incapacitated by age or mental or bodily infirmity, said pilot shall be suspended or deprived of his license at the discretion of the Pilotage Authority.

20. That R. R. Call, one of the Commissioners of Pilots for said District is hereby appointed their secretary and treasurer, and as such secretary and treasurer he shall collect and receive all fees and earnings under these regulations; record the minutes, and keep a book for the entry of all licenses, fees, pilotage dues, fines, &c., received and of all sums paid to pilots and otherwise; and that he shall receive a salary per annum of 3 per cent on the gross receipts and earnings of the pilots—to be, with the other necessary expenses of management of the pilotage business of said District, deducted from the fees for licenses, pilotage dues, fines, &c., and that after deduction of said salary and necessary expenses the net earnings of the pilots shall be by said secretary and treasurer divided equally amongst the licensed pilots of said district.

PRIVY COUNCIL
Ottawa, 4th day of May, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Rules and Regulations for the government of Pilots for the Pilotage District of Miramichi, have been this day approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

NOTICE is hereby given that all Licenses for the transaction of the business of Insurance in this Dominion expired on the 31st March ultimo.

Renewals of Licenses have been issued to the following Companies:

The Accident Insurance Company of North America.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.

The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.

The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N. Y., U. S.

The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.

The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.

The Briton Life Association (Limited).

The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.

The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.

The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.

The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.

The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).

The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.

The Confederation Life Association of Canada.

The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association, St. John, N. B.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.

The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.

The Guarantee Company of North America.

The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.

The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.

The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.

The Lancashire Insurance Company.

The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.

The London Assurance Corporation, England.

The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).

The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.

The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.

The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.

The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.

The Mutual Life Association of Canada.

The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London.

The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.

The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.

The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England.

The Quebec Fire Assurance Company.

The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.

The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.

The Royal Canadian Insurance Company.

The Royal Insurance Company.

The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company.

The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.

The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.

The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.

The Star Life Assurance Society of England.

The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.

The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company.

The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.

The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine.

The Western Assurance Company, Toronto.

The following Life Insurance Companies had ceased to transact *new business* in Canada at the time of the passing of *The Consolidated Insurance Act, 1877*, and are entitled under section 17 of that Act to transact all business connected with their *existing Policies* :

The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.

The Scottish Provident Institution.

The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company.

The United States Life Insurance Company.

The following Life Insurance Companies having given notice under the 17th Section of *The Consolidated Insurance Act, 1877*, that they would cease to transact *new business* in Canada on 31st March 1878, are entitled under this section cited to transact all business connected with *Policies* existing at that date :

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.

The Life Association of Scotland.

The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.

The New York Life Insurance Company.

The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, U. S.

The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.

The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.

The following Life Insurance Companies having given notice of their intention to avail themselves of the Proviso to section 7 of *The Consolidated Insurance Act, 1877*, their *deposits* in the hands of *The Receiver General*, at 31st March, 1878, will be applied with respect to their *Policies* existing at that date, under the provisions of the Acts of 1868 and 1871 :

The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.

The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.

The Royal Insurance Company.

The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.

The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.

The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.

The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,

Superintendent.

Office of the Superintendent
of Insurance.

Ottawa, 29th April, 1882.

44-3

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE,
OTTAWA, 28th April, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a license for the transaction of business of life insurance in Canada has this day been issued to The Federal Life Assurance Company of Ontario, the head-office being established in the city of Hamilton, and David Dexter, Esquire, being the chief agent.

J. B. CHERRIMAN,

Superintendent of Insurance.

44-3

INLAND REVENUE OFFICE.

Toronto, 21st April, 1882.

To all whom it may concern :—

WHEREAS S. H. B. Harris, a licensed Tobacco manufacturer, in the Inland Revenue Division of Toronto, has failed to comply with the provisions

of the Inland Revenue Act of 1880, by neglecting to render semi-monthly returns as required by the said Act, his said license is therefore forfeited and the same become null and void.

W. C. STRATTON,
Collector.

44-3

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of March, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	242,453 39	.....
Malt Liquor .....	.....	.....
Malt	43,186 20	.....
Tobacco	154,966 20	.....
Petroleum Inspection	1,073 36	.....
Manufactures in Bond	2,338 01	.....
Seizures	35 20	.....
Other Receipts	1,764 34	.....
Total Excise Revenue .....	.....	445,816 80
Canals .....	.....	19 31
Slides and Booms .....	.....	.....
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c. ....	.....	549 75
Minor Public Works .....	.....	3,311 34
Culling Timber .....	.....	286 58
Inspection of Weights and Measures .....	.....	2,101 86
Inspection of Gas .....	.....	249 75
Bill Stamps .....	.....	1,462 42
Total .....	.....	453,797 81

E. MIALI,
Assist. Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 27th April, 1882.

44-tf

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued, under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the seventeenth day of April, 1882, incorporating William Van Duzer Lawrence, merchant; Ebenezer Muir, agent; John Stephen Bates, cashier, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, and John Wyeth, merchant, and Frank H. Wyeth, merchant, both of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, one of the United States of America, for the purpose of the manufacturing, buying and selling drugs, chemicals, toilet articles and proprietary medicines, within the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "The Apothecaries Hall Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one

hundred thousand dollars, divided into one hundred shares of one thousand dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-eighth day of April, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

44-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the eighth day of April, 1882, incorporating Sir Hugh Allan, steamship owner, the Honorable Thomas Ryan, Senator, Andrew Allan, steamship owner, George Alexander Drummond, merchant, Hugh McLennan, merchant, and Andrew Thomas Drummond, financial agent, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, and Arthur Wellington Ross, Member of the Provincial Parliament, and Charles Sinclair Drummond, both of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, in the said Dominion, for the purpose of the purchasing, leasing or otherwise acquiring of land or any interests therein in the Dominion of Canada, the holding, using, settling, cultivating, stocking with horses or cattle or otherwise improving the same, the erection of buildings thereon, the establishment of stores thereon, and the purchase and sale of articles of merchandize of every description (*excepting the purchase and sale of ale, wine, spirituous or fermented liquors, intoxicating drinks or intoxicants of any description*), the erection and acquirement, working and renting of saw mills and flour mills thereon; the taking of interests as shareholders in any corporation having in view the improvement of any of the said lands or the affording of access thereto; the construction, acquirement and use of steam and sailing vessels, tramways, canals, roads and other works of any description necessary or expedient as a means of access to or for the improvement of the said lands, the promotion of immigration to the said property, the selling, leasing, exchanging, mortgaging or otherwise dealing in the said lands or interests therein or the said personal property belonging to the said company; the assisting and the advancing of money to settlers and the taking, holding, selling or otherwise disposing of mortgages or other instruments intended to secure moneys so advanced or remaining due on lands sold; the issuing of bonds secured on the real and personal assets of the Company, the acting as agents of any Government, corporation or individual in the purchase or sale of lands and the settlement thereof and the promotion of immigration, and generally the accomplishment of all such purposes and works as are necessary or incidental to the attainment of the aforesaid objects,—by the name of the "Montreal and Western Land Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this twenty-fifth day of April 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

44 3

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,263 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60	168,227 35		
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25	5,620,094 75		
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	56,381 92	30,812 06		
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00	664,525 00		
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00	7,907,500 00		
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77	14,391,159 16		

Fractional Notes.....	168,227 35	Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on	
Provincial "	67,347 06	the 30th April.....	2,330,862 55
Montreal issue.....	6,889,145 50	Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
Toronto "	4,828,332 00		5,250,862 55
Halifax "	1,760,552 00	Guaranteed Debentures to be held under	
St. John "	653,487 75	Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
Victoria "	24,067 50	10 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16	1,439,115 91
Total.....	\$14,391,159 16	Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
		15 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16	2,158,673 86
		Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,653,072 78
		Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
		75 p.c. on \$14,391,159 16.....	10,793,369 25
		Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,206,630 75
		SUMMARY.	
		Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,653,072 78
		Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,206,630 75
		Total Excess.....	2,859,703 53

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th May, 1882.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 30TH APRIL, 1882.

LIABILITIES.											
CAPITAL.											
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 600,000 00	\$ cts. 254,456 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,770,841 17	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 93,203 73	\$ cts. 6,298,501 31
City and District Savings Bank.....											
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00	250,000 00						3,009,107 87	83,000 00	121,183 90	3,213,291 77

	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or char- ity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incor- poration.	Other Assets.	Total Asset ² .
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,500 00	1,395,386 50	600 00	2,587,002 62	1,619,484 95	814,872 45	180,000 00		*437,966 24	7,037,812 76
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	1,008,459 15	127,430 22	1,081,116 43	83,000 00	237,220 00	131,831 22	3,485,580 44

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th May, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 28th February, 1882, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Jan., 1882.	Deposits for February, 1882.	Total.	Withdrawn, February, 1882.	Balance, 28th February, 1882.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	533,873 95	32,105 26	565,979 21	29,888 92	536,090 29
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	406,681 91	76,251 98	482,933 89	66,704 12	416,229 77
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,352,989 71	39,663 00	1,392,652 71	58,241 27	1,334,416 44
Nanaimo.....	140,889 85	3,514 00	144,403 85	4,677 59	139,726 26
New Westminster.....	181,755 18	8,602 00	190,357 18	3,528 32	186,828 86
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	127,362 17	6,320 00	133,682 17	3,069 00	130,613 17
Antigonish.....	42,856 36	1,004 00	43,860 36	1,266 13	42,594 23
Annapolis.....	125,951 77	4,835 00	130,786 77	3,661 37	127,125 40
Arichat.....	123,317 75	566 00	123,883 75	634 26	123,249 49
Acadia Mines.....	28,461 38	383 00	28,849 38	443 80	28,405 58
Baddeck.....	41,065 20	1,456 00	42,521 20	189 00	42,332 20
Bridgewater.....	22,110 88	2,651 00	24,761 88	337 00	24,424 88
Barrington.....	33,131 11	1,050 00	34,181 11	447 00	33,734 11
Digby.....	61,074 03	1,697 00	62,771 03	2,422 55	60,348 48
Guysboro'.....	49,137 95	942 00	50,079 95	290 10	49,789 85
Halifax.....	2,336,076 25	81,774 74	2,417,850 99	55,154 62	2,362,696 37
Kentville.....	102,317 64	6,883 00	109,205 64	1,433 19	107,772 45
Liverpool.....	111,024 12	3,997 00	115,021 12	1,392 25	113,628 87
Lingan.....	12,144 84	259 00	12,403 84	.....	12,403 84
Lunenburg.....	71,890 92	15,361 00	87,251 92	642 07	86,609 85
Maitland.....	40,106 77	6,232 00	46,338 77	340 40	45,998 37
New Glasgow.....	97,105 24	3,389 00	100,494 24	1,440 86	99,053 38
Parrsboro'.....	39,617 94	5 00	39,622 94	210 00	39,412 94
Port Hood.....	48,905 26	1,863 00	50,768 26	127 00	50,641 26
Pictou.....	40,655 72	1,375 00	42,030 72	319 00	41,711 72
Shelburne.....	31,108 58	3,608 00	34,716 58	250 93	34,465 65
Sydney.....	165,943 86	2,035 00	167,978 86	2,225 00	165,753 86
Sherbrooke.....	30,833 47	115 00	30,948 47	615 00	30,333 47
Truro.....	190,627 86	12,781 00	203,408 86	3,303 74	200,103 12
Wallace.....	8,569 50	452 50	9,022 00	472 50	8,549 50
Windsor.....	356,991 82	6,732 00	363,723 82	6,116 62	357,607 20
Weymouth.....	51,865 65	536 00	52,451 65	482 84	51,968 81
Yarmouth.....	292,834 95	14,972 00	307,806 95	2,154 96	305,651 99
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	63,976 88	1,703 00	65,679 88	746 33	64,933 55
Chatham.....	184,896 94	4,140 00	189,036 94	2,523 48	186,513 46
Dalhousie.....	147,434 69	8,709 00	156,143 69	2,173 36	153,970 33
Dorchester.....	19,899 81	2,700 00	22,599 81	2,500 00	20,099 81
Fredericton.....	280,246 05	17,158 00	297,404 05	4,252 64	293,151 41
Hillboro'.....	19,697 60	1,113 00	20,810 60	289 83	20,520 77
Moncton.....	122,566 01	8,024 00	130,590 01	5,418 87	125,171 14
Newcastle.....	121,533 50	2,912 00	124,445 50	1,933 78	122,511 72
Richibucto.....	65,220 40	228 00	65,448 40	1,275 00	64,173 40
St. Andrews.....	205,147 40	1,388 00	206,535 40	1,681 92	204,853 48
St. John.....	1,605,752 69	36,664 00	1,642,416 69	19,242 35	1,623,174 34
Sussex.....	18,782 88	8,392 00	27,174 88	145 00	27,029 88
Woodstock.....	198,989 97	13,319 00	212,308 97	2,384 27	209,924 70
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	760,632 26	39,107 00	799,739 26	35,181 87	764,557 39
Total.....	11,114,056 67	489,032 48	11,603,089 15	332,232 11	11,270,857 04

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 9th May, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

GENERAL ABSTRACT

SHOWING the average amount of the Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of British Columbia, within the Province of British Columbia and its Dependencies, taken from the several Weekly Statements, for the quarter ending 31st March, 1882.

Prepared and submitted to the Finance Department in conformity with the Local Banking Act of 1864

Liabilities.	\$ cts.	Assets.	\$ cts.
Notes in circulation.....	469,052 00	Legal Tender Coin in Gold and Silver.....	249,488 77
Balances due to other Banks and Branches..	29,480 59	Gold Bullion.....	6,550 18
Deposits not bearing interest ... \$909,081 52		Landed and other Property.....	26,214 03
Deposits bearing interest..... .. 94,360 52		Balances due from other Banks and Branches, situate within the Province.....\$ 6,607 39	
	1,003,442 04	Balances due from other Banks and Branches, situate without the Province..... 734,471 34	741,078 73
		All debts due to the Bank within the Province, including Notes, Bills of Exchange, and all Stock and Funded Debts of every description, excepting Notes, Bills and Balances due from other Banks and Branches 732,894 54	
		Do without the Province... 15,141 60	
			748,036 14
Total amount of Liabilities... ..	1,501,974 63	Total amount of Assets.....	1,771,367 85

Amount of Capital Stock paid up at close of the Quarter ending 31st March, 1882... .. \$1,730,000 00
Rate of last Dividend declared to the Shareholders..... 6 per cent. per annum.
Amount of last Dividend declared..... 51,900 00
Amount of Reserve Profit at the time of declaring said Dividend..... 195,120 00

WM. C. WARD,
Manager,

CHS. S. JONES,
Accountant.
46-3

Victoria, B.C., 21st day of April, 1882.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 10th May, 1882.

TARIFF of Tolls to be levied on Timber, Saw-logs, &c., passing through the Government Slides and Works upon the Ottawa and its tributaries.

Name of River.	Name of Slide or other Improvement.	Per Slide or Improvement.				Rate to clear to foot of Chaudiere.		Round, Flatted and Dimension Timber. — Also Railway Ties.	Special Rates.
		Red Pine, White Pine or Hardwood.		Masts, Staves or per crib.	Red Pine, White Pine or Hardwood.	Masts, Staves or per crib.			
		Per Saw Log.	Per stick.				Per crib.		
Ottawa.....	For passing through—								Where no special rate is given for saw-logs passing through Government improvements the tolls for Slidage or Boomage are to be levied on sixty saw logs as equivalent to a crib of square timber.
do.....	Slides at Roche Capitaine.....								
do.....	do St. Joachim Rapids.....								
do.....	do Calumet and Mountain Rapids.....								
do.....	do Portage-du-Fort.....								
do.....	do Chats.....								
do.....	do Chaudière.....								
do.....	Chenaux Boom.....								
do.....	Chaudière Boom.....								
do.....	Carillon Dam.....								
Petawawa.....	Passing dams, piers and booms between Cedar Lake and Memo. Rapids.....								Dumoine Lower Improvements excepted.
do.....	Slide near Lake Traverse.....								
do.....	Slides between Lake Traverse and Trout Lake.....								
do.....	Crooked Chute to River Ottawa.....								
do.....	Bois Dur to River Ottawa.....								
Madawaska.....	Ragged Chute and High Falls slide and improvements.....								
do.....	Improvements below High Falls to Arnprior.....								
do.....	Slide at Arnprior.....								
do.....	Retaining booms and piers in Chats Lake at mouth of River.....								
Dumoine.....	High Falls slide to River Ottawa.....								
do.....	Below High Falls (Lower Improvements).....								Eight Railway Ties to be charged as equivalent to one ordinary piece flatted timber at half rate of square timber.
Coulange.....	Slide at High Falls.....								
Black River.....	Slides at Black River.....								
Gatineau.....	Booms.....								

I hereby certify that the foregoing revised Tariff of Tolls to be levied on Timber, Saw-logs, &c., passing through the Government Works and Slides upon the Ottawa River and its tributaries has been approved this day by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 3rd May, 1882.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, (exclusive of British Columbia,) for March, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	79,562 00	9,340 00	88,902 00
do Fisheries.....	405,137 00	138 00	405,275 00
do Forest.....	375,259 00	55,855 00	431,114 00
Animals and their Produce.....	941,102 00	2,072 00	943,174 00
Agricultural Products.....	1,658,253 00	25,310 00	1,683,563 00
Manufactures	259,897 00	24,289 00	284,186 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	68,823 00	11,145 00	79,968 00
Totals.....	3,788,033 00	128,149 00	3,916,182 00
Coin and Bullion.....		59,067 00	59,067 00
Grand Ttal.	3,788,033 00	187,216 00	3,975,249 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 5th May, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs,

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada (exclusive of British Columbia) and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st December, 1881.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	8,818 00	1,862 37
Agricultural Implements	"	6,828 00	1,740 35
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals. 11,077	6,122 00	1,570 18
Animals.....	\$	6,693 00	1,338 60
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	112,136 00	18,675 78
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	24,802 00	6,406 20
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 262,373	164,424 00	21,392 20
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 17,495	63,313 00	6,888 83
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	17,531 00	5,884 36
Candles.....	Lbs. 12,875	1,746 00	421 05
Chicory.....	" 17,655	817 00	706 04
Coal of all kinds and Coke	Tons. 96,638	373,826 00	53,278 07
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 56,629	7,291 00	1,187 23
" " U. States.....	" 29,508	4,608 00	1,115 99
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	15,366 00	2,154 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	3,735 00	534 80
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	427,257 00	96,195 07
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	58,532 00	13,286 73
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	49,591 00	13,746 00
Fancy Goods.....	"	53,837 00	11,660 09
Fish.....	"	2,106 00	430 83
Fruit, Dried.....	"	179,647 00	43,575 06
" green, &c.....	"	35,417 00	6,754 53
Furs.....	"	33,276 00	6,025 35
Glass and Glassware.....	"	71,464 00	17,674 70
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	5,093 00	1,797 25
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	49,417 00	12,354 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,610	9,443 00	1,896 60
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	756,990 00	160,966 80
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	111,705 00	27,404 63
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	5,597 00	965 42
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	127,599 00	27,957 25
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	10,389 00	1,969 88
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	29,207 00	7,188 09
Musical Instruments.....	"	43,049 00	11,967 50
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 353,551	47,549 00	25,458 69
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 43,132	20,669 00	4,571 18
Paints and Colors.....	\$	18,135 00	3,047 15
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	81,534 00	19,278 84
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,221 00	368 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,988,344	164,994 00	20,877 00
Butter.....	" 711	187 00	28 44
Cheese.....	" 8,773	2,031 00	260 19
Lard.....	" 139,664	15,185 00	2,613 08
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	6,567 00	1,284 97
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 53,400	290 00	52 08
Seeds.....	\$	13,860 00	2,126 30
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	106,633 00	29,888 80
Soap of all kinds.....	" 28,434	3,811 00	1,207 77
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	12,307 00	2,598 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 32,280	2,132 00	645 60
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 84,422	84,181 00	116,499 25
Wines, other than Sparkling	" 41,146	36,166 00	26,033 04
" Sparkling	Doz. 1,520	12,281 00	7,023 30
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 379,495	16,218 00	9,471 25
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,485,053	158,609 00	80,470 92
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 15,943,537	200,433 00	89,847 61
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 140,270	5,213 00	2,446 69
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 611,726	20,175 00	8,346 47
" Glucose and Syrups.....	" 68,071	2,858 00	1,359 05
" Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 60,146	14,254 00	3,780 50
" Molasses not for refining.....	" 270,342	68,896 00	10,548 55
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 644,078	129,269 00	28,422 73
" United States	" 157,197	28,115 00	10,140 93
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 17,365	24,449 00	13,530 57
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	91,910 00	23,713 16
Woollen manufactures	"	278,242 00	75,407 75
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 2,201	882 00	66 03
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	442,569 00	99,593 75
Total Dutiable Goods		\$4,989,497 00	\$1,309,981 27
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		146,441 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,621,618 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 6,757,556 00	\$1,309,981 27

STATEMENT OF BA

NAME OF BANK. — NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CAPITAL.				
	Capital Authorized. — Capital autorisé.	Capital Subscribed. — Capital souscrit.	Capital Paid Up — Capital ve		
Union Bank.....	52,224 81	122,571 00	97,808 11	86,083 99	18,601 93
†Consolidated Bank of Canada.....					
Total Quebec.....	4,081,877 94	5,720,469 55	2,390,412 32	1,286,568 38	12,382,421 76
Total Ontario.....					
Total Ontario and Quebec.....					
NOVA SCOTIA.					
Bank of Yarmouth.....	26,648 54	30,188 00	6,337 99	71,827 17	26,443 53
Bank of Nova Scotia.....	128,171 02	251,406 50	146,271 32	243,060 71	45,462 77
Exchange Bank of Yarmouth.....	13,553 96	11,460 00	1,513 00	15,522 58	7,212 16
(I) Merchants Bank of Halifax.....					
People's Bank of Halifax.....	78,199 98	79,911 00	16,312 83	24,955 29	75,771 64
Union Bank of Halifax.....	40,132 11	64,140 00	27,564 08	62,015 46	30,108 98
†Bank of Liverpool.....					
Pictou Bank.....	28,349 25	31,014 00	12,851 75	8,451 85	186 04
Halifax Banking Company.....	19,869 84	38,046 00	19,073 00	21,730 01	6,161 29
Commercial Bank of Windsor.....	14,888 47	14,337 76	4,483 98	21,787 88	15,337 41
Total Nova Scotia.....					
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.					
*Bank of Prince Edward Island.....					
Union Bank.....					
*Merchants Bank P. E. Island.....					
NEW BRUNSWICK					
Bank of New Brunswick.....	87,391 82	86,800 00	52,791 00	169,711 05	94,811 78
Maritime B. of the Dominion of Canada	13,450 58	71,447 00	19,057 73	8,402 01	11,581 84
*People's Bank.....					
St. Stephen's Bank.....	37,304 00		43,472 15	30,763 27	67,138 24
Total New Brunswick.....	138,146 40	157,747 00	115,320 88	208,876 33	173,531 86
BRITISH COLUMBIA.					
*Bank of British Columbia.....					

Total Ontario and Quebec.....					
" Nova Scotia.....	138,146 40	157,747 00	115,320 88	208,876 33	173,531 86
" New Brunswick.....					
Grand Total.....					

*At present not obliged to make returns.

† Mechanics' Bank suspended

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th May, 1882.

STATEMENT OF BANKS ACTING UNDER CHARTER, for the month ending 30th April, 1882, according to the Returns furnished by them to the Department of Finance.

NAME OF BANK. — NOM DE LA BANQUE.	CAPITAL.			Notes in Circulation.	Dominion Government Deposits Payable on Demand.	Dominion Government Deposits payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Deposits held as Security for execution of Dominion Government contracts and for Insurance Companies.	Provincial Government Deposits Payable on demand.	Provincial Overpayment Deposits Payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Other Deposits Payable on Demand.	Other Deposits Payable after notice, or on a fixed day.	Loans from or Deposits made by other Banks in Canada secured.	Loans from or Deposits made by other Banks in Canada unsecured.	Due to other Banks in Canada.	Due to Agencies of Bank or to other Banks or Agencies in foreign countries.	Due to Agencies of Bank, or to other Banks or Agencies in United Kingdom.	Liabilities not included under foregoing heads.	Total Liabilities.
	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subscribed.	Capital Paid Up.															
	Capital autorisé.	Capital souscrit.	Capital versé.															
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Bank of Toronto	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,293,307 00	57,145 22	3,243 00	2,061,118 44	1,433,033 04	129,164 61	11,217 95	10,945 24	189,898 16	189,898 16	189,898 16	189,898 16	189,898 16	189,898 16	189,898 16
Bank of Hamilton	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	723,713 00	35,136 54	10,600 00	535,277 91	354,081 74	35,349 10	35,349 10	35,349 10	35,349 10	35,349 10	35,349 10	35,349 10	35,349 10	35,349 10	35,349 10
Canadian Bank of Commerce	6,000,000 00	6,000,000 00	6,000,000 00	3,619,739 00	77,907 84	600,000 00	5,705,593 39	4,000,000 00	4,000,000 00	4,000,000 00	4,000,000 00	4,000,000 00	4,000,000 00	4,000,000 00	4,000,000 00	4,000,000 00	4,000,000 00	4,000,000 00
Dominion Bank	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	3,098,491 00	38,061 98	3,000 00	2,152,657 75	2,651,788 93	2,651,788 93	2,651,788 93	2,651,788 93	2,651,788 93	2,651,788 93	2,651,788 93	2,651,788 93	2,651,788 93	2,651,788 93	2,651,788 93
Ontario Bank	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	998,417 00	87,087 51	63,180 00	921,746 29	921,746 29	921,746 29	921,746 29	921,746 29	921,746 29	921,746 29	921,746 29	921,746 29	921,746 29	921,746 29	921,746 29
St. Lawrence Bank	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	1,137,493 00	38,061 98	49,332 91	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21	1,216,611 21
Federal Bank	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	585,915 00	80,037 02	50,000 00	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01	1,063,566 01
Bank of Ottawa	1,500,000 00	1,500,000 00	1,500,000 00	1,484,082 00	33,450 00	72,161 00	1,533 51	1,533 51	1,533 51	1,533 51	1,533 51	1,533 51	1,533 51	1,533 51	1,533 51	1,533 51	1,533 51	1,533 51
Bank of Montreal	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	742,700 00	614,370 00	18,643 80	299,768 31	299,768 31	299,768 31	299,768 31	299,768 31	299,768 31	299,768 31	299,768 31	299,768 31	299,768 31	299,768 31	299,768 31
(1) Imperial Bank of Canada																		
Total, Ontario																		
QUEBEC.																		
Bank of Montreal	12,000,000 00	12,000,000 00	11,999,200 00	5,086,340 00	2,951,755 58	3,000,000 00	489,838 49	91,913 67	91,913 67	91,913 67	91,913 67	91,913 67	91,913 67	91,913 67	91,913 67	91,913 67	91,913 67	91,913 67
Bank of Quebec	4,800,000 00	4,800,000 00	4,800,000 00	1,032,863 00	6,223 00	18,083 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00	5,350,700 00
Banque du Peuple	1,600,000 00	1,600,000 00	1,600,000 00	190,171 00	4,186 47	1,850 00	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08	1,115,737 08
Banque Jacques-Cartier	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	865,007 00	5,575 81	105,200 00	1,167 15	1,167 15	1,167 15	1,167 15	1,167 15	1,167 15	1,167 15	1,167 15	1,167 15	1,167 15	1,167 15	1,167 15
Nationale	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	461,468 00	33,727 11	10,000 00	59,434 00	59,434 00	59,434 00	59,434 00	59,434 00	59,434 00	59,434 00	59,434 00	59,434 00	59,434 00	59,434 00	59,434 00
Banque Ville-Marie	600,000 00	600,000 00	600,000 00	454,240 00	38,124 00	25,000 00	11,697 75	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00
Banque de St. Jean	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	549,000 00	21,536 00	15,400 00	17,630 62	17,630 62	17,630 62	17,630 62	17,630 62	17,630 62	17,630 62	17,630 62	17,630 62	17,630 62	17,630 62	17,630 62
Banque de St. Jean	504,600 00	504,600 00	504,600 00	247,690 00	239,719 00	39,727 22	270,514 19	270,514 19	270,514 19	270,514 19	270,514 19	270,514 19	270,514 19	270,514 19	270,514 19	270,514 19	270,514 19	270,514 19
La Banque d' Hochelaga	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	665,315 00	25,610 61	200 00	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58	1,477,076 58
Eastern Townships Bank	1,600,000 00	1,600,000 00	1,600,000 00	1,473,650 00	923,717 00	80,282 00	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90	1,133,760 90
Nelson's Bank	600,000 00	600,000 00	600,000 00	433,729 00	29,821 19	63,000 00	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28	1,865,705 28
Merchants' Bank of Canada	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,832,266 00	100,200 00	45,000 00	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15	4,862,224 15
Quebec Bank	8,000,000 00	8,000,000 00	8,000,000 00	6,798,267 00	6,998,896 00	4,101,120 00	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81	2,618,611 81
Union Bank of Lower Canada	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	875,432 50	55,511 80	300,000 00	68,297 05	68,297 05	68,297 05	68,297 05	68,297 05	68,297 05	68,297 05	68,297 05	68,297 05	68,297 05	68,297 05	68,297 05
Consolidated Bank of Canada	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	831,892 00	1,093 29	100,000 00	99,803 08	99,803 08	99,803 08	99,803 08	99,803 08	99,803 08	99,803 08	99,803 08	99,803 08	99,803 08	99,803 08	99,803 08
Total, Quebec	39,466,666 00	37,474,333 00	36,684,232 51	17,861,779 50	4,604,071 82	4,102,716 87	678,871 19	253,647 52	111,157 15	26,140,284 52	21,254,993 55	1,208,478 72	1,097,085 05	72,303 61	934,870 86	145,983 97	78,375,859 13	78,375,859 13
Total, Ontario and Quebec																		
NOVA SCOTIA.																		
Bank of Yarmouth	400,000 00	400,000 00	383,010 00	90,079 83	114,822 21	100,000 00	91,488 30	115,315 94	40,000 00	188 56	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88
Bank of Nova Scotia	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	951,175 59	325,001 53	100,000 00	53,357 91	1,662,052 07	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88	47,915 88
Exchange Bank of Yarmouth	400,000 00	400,000 00	280,024 00	33,481 58			17,191 90	35,075 00										
(1) Merchants' Bank of Halifax	800,000 00	800,000 00	600,000 00	176,899 68	19,349 23		52,061 61	183,937 42										
People's Bank of Halifax	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	600,000 00	130,487 04	26,517 29		105,551 56	405,198 28										
Union Bank of Halifax	500,000 00	500,000 00	260,000 00	126,599 00			302,938 57	302,938 57										
Bank of Liverpool	500,000 00	500,000 00	500,000 00	194,108 74			34,958 12	34,958 12										
Pictou Bank	500,000 00	500,000 00	260,000 00	55,111 25														
Halifax Banking Company	500,000 00	500,000 00	260,000 00	55,111 25														
Commercial Bank of Windsor	500,000 00	500,000 00	260,000 00	55,111 25														
Total, Nova Scotia																		
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.																		
*Bank of Prince Edward Island																		
*Merchants' Bank, P.E.I.																		
NEW BRUNSWICK.																		
Bank of New Brunswick	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	1,000,000 00	567,079 00	171,376 00		613,453 39	945,290 57	30,383 81	3,233,100 77	3,233,100 77	3,233,100 77	3,233,100 77	3,233,100 77	3,233,100 77	3,233,100 77	3,233,100 77	3,233,100 77
Maritime Bank of the Dominion of Canada	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,738,740 30	229,067 00	42,371 78		147,879 41	333,003 78	4,988 58	4,988 58	4,988 58	4,988 58	4,988 58	4,988 58	4,988 58	4,988 58	4,988 58	4,988 58
*People's Bank	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	6,179 24			92,093 36	92,093 36	2,728 42	2,728 42	2,728 42	2,728 42	2,728 42	2,728 42	2,728 42	2,728 42	2,728 42	2,728 42
St. Stephen's Bank	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	244,073 00			51,524 00	51,524 00	35,372 39	35,372 39	35,372 39	35,372 39	35,372 39	35,372 39	35,372 39	35,372 39	35,372 39	35,372 39
Total, New Brunswick	3,200,000 00	1,938,000 00	1,922,740 30	1,040,720 00	274,533 02													
BRITISH COLUMBIA.																		
Bank of British Columbia																		
RECAPITULATION.																		
Total, Ontario and Quebec																		
Total, Nova Scotia																		
Total, New Brunswick	3,200,000 00	1,938,000 00	1,922,740 30	1,040,720 00	274,533 02		51,524 00	755,386 19		1,278,294 35				35,372 39	2,728 42	507 00	3,435,065 37	3,435,065 37
Grand Total																		

RECAPITULATION

[illegible]

* At present not obliged to make returns.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th May, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of March, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 28th February, 1882	\$8,414,380 03	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$469,696 50
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	612,249 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	4,826 12	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts..... ..	\$8,489,803 56
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	71,955 09
	9,031,455 15		8,561,758 65
			9,031,455 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Deba. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Bugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilton	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Buildi. and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Life and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock	Fire and Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333)	Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.	\$50,000 cash.	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B)	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000) \$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Life.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stancilife, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Fire and Life
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,530 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200)	Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$93,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock	Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York	A. J. Pell, Montreal	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815)	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586)	Life.
The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000 U. S. bonds	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$50,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600)	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p.c. stock (Life)	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B)	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218)	Fire.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066)	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512)	Life.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B)	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$100,343 Canada stock	Life and Acciden
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915)	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident) ..	Life and Accident
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S. Bonds (B)	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930)	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1863 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$150,515 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.	\$150,000 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company		\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.
The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1st APRIL, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Armstrong .....	.....	Kings	John Miles.
Battery Hill .....	.....	Pictou	Peter A. Grant.
Belleisle .....	.....	Kings	William Kierstead.
Berryton	Leeds	Leeds, S.R.	James Berry.
Beulah	Sec. 4, Tp. 15, R. 26 W. ....	.....	G. H. Rowswell.
Bowesville	Gloucester	Russell	J. Gamble.
Cartwright	Sec. 18, Tp. 2, R. 14 W.	Marquette	T. S. Menary.
Chicot	St. Cuthbert	Berthier	Thomas G. Chênevert.
Chignecto .....	.....	Cumberland	John Patrick.
Couns Mills .....	.....	Cumberland	Angus McPherson.
Corbyville	Thurlow	Hastings, E.R.	W. Bennett.
Dereham Centre	Dereham	Oxford, S.R.	Robert G. Bigham.
Derry West	Toronto	Peel	T. McCollum.
Fréchette	St. Nicholas	Lévis	Nazaire Fréchette.
Glendale	Westminster	Middlesex, E.R.	A. Paughart.
Grattan .....	.....	Northumberland	P. Grattan.
Jessopville	Melancthon	Grey, S.R.	William Gray.
Keith .....	.....	Kings	B. A. Keith.
Lakeburn .....	.....	Westmoreland	F. Leblanc.
Locksley (re-opened)	Alice	Renfrew, N.R.	W. H. Sparling.
Mabou Harbour Mouth .....	.....	Inverness	Lewis McKeen.
Maguire	McGillivray	Middlesex, N.R.	Alexander Tod.
Mary's Point .....	.....	Albert	C. Foster.
Mill Settlement .....	.....	Sunbury	N. Hoyt.
Morcambe .....	.....	Kings	J. Fowler.
Mull River .....	.....	Inverness	James Beaton.
Newburn .....	.....	Lunenburg	Charles Joudry.
Parlee Settlement .....	.....	Kings	H. Parlee.
Power's Creek .....	.....	Victoria	P. O. Byram.
Salt Springs Station .....	.....	Cumberland	J. W. Black.
Scotch Village (re-opened) .....	.....	Hants	Henry S. Cochran.
St. Adolphe de Howard	Howard	Argenteuil	James Demers.
St. Clair Siding	Tilbury West	Essex	James Reaume.
Starkville	Clarke	Durham, W.R.	A. Stark.
Trottier	Ste. Hélène de Chester	Arthabaska	Antoine Lafleur.
Victoria Settlement .....	.....	Sunbury	Thomas Harper.
West Scotch Settlement .....	.....	Kings	D. McLaughlin.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Derry West Co. Peel, O. || Daywood | Co. Grey, N.R., O |
Millville	Co. Gloucester, N.B.
Newport Point	Co. Gaspé, Q.
Paquetville	Co. Gloucester, N.B.

NAME CHANGED.

Bulstrode, Co. Arthabaska, Q. to St. Valère de Bulstrode. || Chenier, Co. Arthabaska, Q. | to St. Rémi de Tingwick. |
| Hopewell Corner, Co. Albert, N.B. | to Albert. |
| New Germany, Co. Lunenburg, N.S. | to Barss' Corners. |

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000	\$1,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital.....	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities.....	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada.....	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months.....	171,555 73
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	389 51
		Other Assets	2,054 24
			2,787 16
	4,851,117 92		\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.
Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest..... Nil.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of

Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LeMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882. 39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY
LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey and real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 12th May, 1882.

46-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Bell, of the Town of Wingham, in the county of Huron, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, ex-Reeve of Wingham; John Kaine, of the Township of Howick, in said County, banker, ex-Warden of the County of Huron; Henry William Christian Meyer, of the said Town of Wingham, barrister-at-law, Reeve of Wingham; James Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, grain merchant, ex-Reeve of Howick; Henry Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, merchant; John Sanderson, of the village of Wroxeter, in the said County, merchant; Isaac Francis Toms, of the Town of Goderich, in the said County, Junior Judge; John Somerville Tennant, of the village of Lucknow, physician; Benjamin Willson, of the said Town of Wingham, private banker, ex-Mayor of Wingham, and Robert Webster, of the Township of Ashfield, in said County, farmer, Reeve of said Township of Ashfield.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The County of Huron North West Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory, in the Province of Manitoba, or elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills, and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

3. The Town of Wingham, in the County of Huron, and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company, is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into fifteen hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional directors of the company are the said above mentioned intended applicants, Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins and Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER & DICKINSON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Wingham, Ont., 8th May, 1882.

47-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Foresters Colonization Society of Canada (limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the City of London, merchant; John Taylor, of the City of London, barrister at law; Oronhyatekha, of the City of London, physician; John Stewart Dewar, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Towe, of the City of London, insurance agent; Thomas Peel, of the City of London, merchant; Alexander Greig Fenwick, of the City of London, physician; Melville DeBlois Dawson, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Stephenson Crummer, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman; William Henry Street, of the City of London, physician; Peter Toll, of the Town of London East, builder; Edmund Botterell, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Duff, of the City of London, manufacturer; William Maurice Moore, of the City of London, real estate agent; John Alonzo Nelles, of the City of London, insurance agent; Henry Crotty, of the City of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Richard Maxwell McElheran, of the City of London, journalist; John Parker Thomas, of the City of Belleville, barrister at law; Theophilus Stanfield, of the City of London, agent; Robert Moore, of the town of Simcoe, manufacturer; Alexander Sutherland Murray, of the City of London, jeweller; Archibald McPherson, of the City of London, merchant; Robert James Halle, of the Town of Chatham, insurance agent; Walter Scott Williams, of the Town of Napanee, barrister at law; Benjamin Watson Greer, of the City of London, painter; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, of the City of London, physician; Thomas Glass Davey, of the City of London, news agent, G.W.R.; William Nelson Yerex, of the City of London, Principal of London Commercial College; Alexander Henry, of the Town of Napanee, President of Napanee and Tamworth Railway; Alexander McCleneghan, of the Town of Woodstock, postmaster; John Richard Flock, of the City of London, physician; Samuel Payne, of the City of London, physician; George McBroom, of the City of London, merchant; George Charwood Jolly, of the Town of London West, Gentleman.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada: Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville DeBlois Dawson, Edward Stephenson Crummer, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edward Botterell, William Duff and William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, 8th May 1882.

46 6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's previous

notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named as the applicants therefor, for a company under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Shell River Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought, are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving, and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration onto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Belleville or the Town of Trenton, both in the County of Hastings, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$300,000, divided into 6,000 shares of \$50 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants:—David Gilmour, lumber merchant, William Jeffs, grain merchant, George Henry Gordon, merchant, William Ford Baker, grain merchant, John Hendricks, yeoman, Anson Green Whittier, merchant, all of Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, printer and publisher, George Dean Dickson, barrister, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, barrister, Cornelius James Starling, contractor, all of Belleville; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, Charles Ashley, carriage maker, Stephen Allen Lazier, manufacturer, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, merchant, all of Foxboro; James Stalker Hamilton, yeoman, and Peter Rockwell Daly, yeoman, both of Halloway.

The first or provisional directors of the company are the aforesaid David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allan Lazier and Charles Ashley, all of whom are British subjects residing in Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Belleville, 4th April, 1882.

46-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rawbone Gun and Manufacturing Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in fire-arms, ammunition, skates and sporting and sportsmen's requisites, and acquiring, disposing of and working patents relating thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be one hundred thousand dollars in one hundred shares of one thousand dollars each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Joseph Loxton Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Richard Hoskin, Gentleman, William George Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Orlando Dunn, general agent, William Case Adams, dentist, John Dunn, cattle dealer, Hamilton Kane, banker, and Henry Seton Strathy, banker, all of Toronto; George Dempsey Cushman, of the city of New York, in the State of New York, Gentleman; and Ebenezer Hooper, of the village of Boston, in the county of Norfolk, Ontario, Gentleman.

6. The said Joseph Loxton Rawbone, William George Rawbone, and Orlando Dunn are to be the first or provisional directors.

McCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Toronto, 4th May, 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned:

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Nova Scotia Steel Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the making steel from scrap steel, scrap iron, and pig iron, the product to be manufactured into plow plates, spring steel, steel springs, &c.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one hundred and sixty and the value of each share one thousand dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and callings of each of the applicants are—

James D. McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Graham Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; James Matheson Carmichael, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Fitz William Stairs, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, manufacturer; Henry Skeffington Poole, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, mining engineer; George Forrest McKay, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; Andrew Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, accountant; Duncan Cameron Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, barrister; Angus Chisholm, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; James Eastwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, jeweller; William Stewart, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, contractor; George William Underwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Robert Sprott McCurdy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Donald Grant, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; George McDougall, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Archibald Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Heywood McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Adam Carr Bell, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, druggist; James Roy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, trader; John Ross, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, farmer; Simon Albert Fraser, of New

Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; John Benjamin Burland (in trust), of Montreal, Province of Quebec, agent; John Smith McLean, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; John Alexander Matheson, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; Thomas Bayne, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; James Farquhar, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Alexander Forrest, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Thomas Andrew Ritchie, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, Gentleman; Thomas Cummings, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, clergyman; Catherine Dickson, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, widow; Thomas Watson, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank manager; John McKeen, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank clerk; Howard Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Clarence Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Roderick McKenzie, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; John Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; William Grant Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Patterson Grant, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Senator; Daniel McDonald, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, collector of customs; William McDonald, of Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, medical doctor; Henry Marshall Jost, of Guysborough, in the County of Guysborough, merchant; Jonathan Hartley, of Pirate Cove, in the County of Guysborough, merchant.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 1st day of May, A.D., 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company, as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The High Wood Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Thorburn, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Hoskin, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister-at-law; John Lang Blaikie, of the said City of Toronto, President of the Canada Landed Credit Company; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, broker; Alexander Gunn, M.P., of the City of Kingston, in the County of Frontenac, merchant; James Trow, M.P., of the Village of Shakespeare, in the county of Perth, in the said Province, Esquire, and McLeod Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire.

Whereof the said John Thorburn, James Trow, John Lang Blaikie and McLeod Stewart are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 5th May 1882.

45-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ottawa Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

(a) The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said lands.

(c) The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

(d) To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written,

subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(e) To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:— Charles Magee, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Eli Lanford of the City of Hamilton, merchant; Duncan McArthur, of the City of Winnipeg, banker; James Albert Manning Aikens, of the City of Winnipeg, barrister-at-law; the Honourable Corydon Parslow Brown, of the City of Winnipeg, Minister of Public Works; and the Honourable Donald MacInnes, of the City of Hamilton, Senator; all of whom are to be first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, this 24th day of April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," by the Honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, Senator; Robert Doull, M.P., of Pictou, Nova Scotia; John Alexander Mackenzie, of Sarnia, Ontario, barrister; Frank Egerton Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, miller; Hugh MacMahon, Q.C., of London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, of Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., immigration agent; William Pugsley, Jr., of the City of St. John, New Brunswick, barrister; Leigh Richmond Harrison, of the said City of St. John, barrister, and Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, also of the said City of St. John, barrister, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To acquire lands and other property in the province of Manitoba, and the North-West Territory; to colonize, settle, improve and sell the said land and develop the resources thereof of every nature; to survey, divide up and build upon the same; to develop and work fisheries along the shores of Long Lake; to erect and establish stores on said property and to purchase and vend goods of every description; to buy, sell, grant, convey, lease, rent, mortgage and generally deal with lands and all manner of interests in lands; to advance money and assistance to settlers on land or goods purchased from the company and to secure the repayment of such advances, with such interest as may be agreed upon; to make, provide, give aid to and use roads, railways, tramways, telegraph lines, vessels, steamers, wharves and all other works and means of transport necessary upon the lands and waters of the company, or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company.

3. The principal place of business of said company will be in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of said company will be four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The several persons hereinbefore described will be the first provisional directors of said company.

MACKENZIE, GURD & KITTERMASTER,

Solicitors for applicants, Sarnia, Ont.

Dated 15th April, 1882.

44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877" to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Dight, miller, John Fox, merchant, Francis Winnette Ball, bank manager, Bernard Stanley, merchant, William Stanley, miller, Lewis Cann, merchant, and Robert Fox, insurance agent, all of the village of Lucan, in the County of Middlesex and Province of Ontario; James Marr, of the Township of McGillivray, in said County, farmer; William Murdoch, of the Township of Adelaide, in said County, farmer; and Daniel Neil, of the Township of Biddulph, in said County, farmer.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The North Middlesex Colonization Company of Lucan, Canada."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

(6) To work all mines of coal, lignite, or other minerals that may be found upon the said lands.

3. The village of Lucan, in the Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one hundred thousand dollars divided into two thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company are the said above-named intended applicants:—Thomas Dight, John Fox, Francis Winnette Ball, Bernard Stanley, Robert Fox and James Marr.

STREET & BECHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, Ont., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The North West Land and Grazing Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or

otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company thereof as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:

Legh Richmond Harrison, of the city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, barrister-at-law; John Livingston, of the said city and province, journalist; Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, of Rockland, in the County of Westmoreland and Province aforesaid, quarry manager; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, in the county of Kings, and province aforesaid, mining engineer; William Pugsley, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; William Rainie, of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Gentleman; Edward G. Scovil, of the Parish of Simonds, in the city and county of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, manufac-

turer; of whom the said Legh Richmond Harrison, John Livingston, Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, Alfred Markham and William Pugsley are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. R. HARRISON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Saint John, N. B., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants, and others who may become associated with them as a joint stock company under the name of "The St. Lawrence Manufacturing Company."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the manufacturing, buying and selling fixtures and fastenings for windows, blinds and awnings; for purchasing and using or selling any letters patent of invention which may be of use to the company in connection therewith; for the purpose of buying and using or selling any other letters patent of invention as may be thought expedient by the directors of the company, and of manufacturing, buying and selling such other goods, ware and commodities as to the directors of said company may seem expedient.

The capital stock of the company is to be fifty thousand dollars. The number of shares is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of five dollars.

The City of Montreal is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—

Charles Edgar Kennedy, of Hatley, in the County of Stanstead, Province of Quebec, trader; Charles Carroll Colby, M.P., of Stanstead, in said County; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, of the City of Sherbrooke, in said Province, Esquire; Frederick Fairman, of the City of Montreal, in said Province, merchant; Robert Baker May, of said City of Montreal, printer; John Gilman Elder, of the town of Derby, in the State of Vermont, trader, and Stiles Frost of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, trader.

All the said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company.

CHAS. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Montreal, 3rd April, 1882.

44-6

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Edmonton and Ontario Colonization and Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals; the colonizing, settling and selling the said land; the survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same; the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands; the advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of

mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; the erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber; the breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 5,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Bosson Ashford Mitchell, of the City of London, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; Charles Richardson, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; William Lind, of the same place, merchant; George Burnes, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Muir, of the same place, merchant; and George Robinson, of the same place, merchant.

The above named applicants, who are all residents of Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

FRASER & FRASER,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 24th day of April, 1882.

44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or otherwise; power to carry on farming and to develop the resources of the Company; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of the purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company, and to issue debentures secured upon the lands of the Company

or otherwise, for the same purposes; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessities for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandise so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$600,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 6,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, Warring Kennedy, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward Carter, merchant, James Haywood, commercial traveller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Samuel Trees, Toronto, manufacturer; Warring Kennedy, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 19th April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Dufferin and Battle River Colonization Company, (Limited)."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be two thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Thomas Anthony Maitland McCarthy, of the Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin, in the Province of Ontario, Judge; William Legh Walsh, Esquire, Thomas MacAdam, banker, Richard Thompson Haun, bank manager, James Henry, doctor of medicine, John Gilchrist, William Reid Kent, Thomas Stevenson, James Moore Skelton, and Jeremiah Skelton, all merchants, Thomas Stern Williamson and James King Decatur, both Gentlemen, all of the said Town of Orangeville; Robert Wilson, of the Township of Mono, in said County, Gentleman; John Anderson, Registrar of Arthur, in the County of Wellington, in said Province; Samuel Michael Henry, of Harriston, in the County of Wellington, in said Province, doctor of medicine; William Henry Hunter, of the Township of East Garafraxa, in said County of Dufferin, Gentleman; John Gillespie, farmer, of the Township of Amaranth, in said County of Dufferin; William Stubbs, veterinary surgeon, and Alexander Skelton, farmer, both of the Township of

Caledon, in the County of Peel, in said Province; of whom the said James Henry, Thomas Stevenson, John Gilchrist, James Moore Skelton and Thomas MacAdam are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

McCARTHY & WALSH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Orangeville, 17th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario Trade Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals, as the Government's Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with any existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide, and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent, for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization

company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain a transfer thereof, or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(o) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; William Gillzean Reid, Hamilton, merchant; Robert Davies, Toronto, brewer; Archibald George Hodge, Toronto, hotel-keeper; George Thomas Robinson, Toronto, merchant; Joshua Smith Hamilton, Brantford, merchant; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, Woodstock, merchant.

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDOUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto the 20th day of April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The Wentworth Land Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or pri-

privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral, timber and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway from and through the lands of the company to some point or place or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, bridges and other works, which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto in any part of Canada.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell, and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep, pigs and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain transfer therefor, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Hamilton, Ontario, with branch offices at such other place or places as the business of the company may require.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

4. There are to be 1000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the address of each of the applicants that is to say: George Roach, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman, Robert Evans, of the same place, merchant, James Murray Lottridge, of the same place, manufacturer, Hugh Duncan Cameron, of the same place, banker, Hugh Murray, of the same place, merchant, Charles Robinson Smith, of the same place, merchant, Thomas Lawry, of the same place, merchant, Robert McKechnie, of the Town of Dundas, in the County of Wentworth, manufacturer, all of whom are to be the

first or provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are resident in Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Hamilton, 18th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for a charter of incorporation by Letters Patent, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Edmonton and Saskatchewan Land Company of Canada (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation by the said company is sought are:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the city of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is four hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of the said company is to be four thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and callings of the said applicants are as follows:—George Gordon Dustan, of Woodside House, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Bain Scarth, of the city of Toronto, in the county of York, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; the Honorable Alexander Morris, of the said city of Toronto, Esquire; McLeod Stewart, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; Archibald Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; Joseph James Gormully, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; William Darley Bentley, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; the Honorable Jedediah Slason Carvell, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, merchant and Senator; the Honorable Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the said city of Montreal, merchant and Senator; John Smith Maclean, of the city of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, merchant and President of the Bank of Nova Scotia; Jeremiah Harrison, of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; and John Leonard Harris, of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the said Province of New Brunswick, merchant.

7. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and are all residents of Canada.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Settlers Colonization Company (limited)."

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be three

hundred thousand dollars in three thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—Thomas Lailey, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Stark, of the city of Toronto, broker; John Dryden, of the village of Brooklin, Esquire; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, of the city of Toronto, doctor of medicine; William Stewart, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; James Watson, of the city of Toronto, Esquire; Edward John Stobo, of the town of Peterboro, clergyman; William Buck, of the city of Brantford, iron founder; Charles Raymond, of the city of Guelph, manufacturer; Archibald Alexander Cameron, of the city of Ottawa, clergyman; George Booth, of the city of Toronto, manufacturer; William Elliot, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Harvard Castle, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; William Muir, of the city of Toronto, clergyman; William Joseph Copp, of the city of Hamilton, iron founder; George Richardson, of the village of Colborne, clergyman; Frederick Beyers, of the village of Carleton Place, iron founder.

The eleven first named are to be the provisional directors, and all reside in Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 20th April, 1882.

43-7

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice, for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the said company, a body politic and corporate for the purposes following, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought by the company are:

3. To acquire lands by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories or elsewhere, from the Dominion or any Provincial Government or any corporation or individuals; to sell, rent, lease, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of the said lands; to survey, colonize, settle, cultivate, improve and build upon the said lands; to advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, with power to secure such advances, with interest, upon such terms and in such manner, by way of mortgage or otherwise as may be mutually agreed upon; to erect and acquire or lease saw, grist or other mills; to establish shops or stores on the said lands and to purchase and vend articles and produce of every description; to build, acquire, own, charter, or lease, navigate and use steam and other vessels or boats for the purposes of the company; to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam or other vessels for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company; to build, construct and maintain all necessary bridges and wharves; to breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock and to carry on, in all its branches, farming and stock raising; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

4. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

5. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one million dollars.

6. The number of shares of the company is to be ten thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

7. The names in full, addresses, and callings of the said applicants are as follows: Alexander Manning, of the City of Toronto, capitalist; Philip McKae, of the City of Montreal, contractor; Charles James

Campbell, of the City of Toronto, broker; Peter McLaren, of the City of Ottawa, lumber merchant; Dennis Ryan, of the City of St. Paul, farmer; and John Proctor, of the City of Hamilton, merchant.

8. The following of whom are to be the provisional directors of the company: Alexander Manning, John Proctor and Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by the name of "The London and North-West Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats, sailing vessels or barges from, through, or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, save and except spirituous liquors, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The City of London, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

5. There are to be 4000 (four thousand) shares, and each share is to be for the sum of \$25.00.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: the Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, of the City of London, James Corcoran, of the Town of Stratford, merchant, James Joseph Foy, of the City of Toronto, barrister, Thomas Coffey, of the City of London, publisher, John Joseph Gibbons, of the same place, merchant, and John Joseph Blake, of the same place, barrister.

7. The said Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, James Corcoran, James Joseph Foy, Thomas Coffey, John Joseph Gibbons, and John Joseph Blake, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

PATTERSON & McHUGH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of April, 1882. 42-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Wellington and North Western Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba, and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Buying, acquiring, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interests in land and timber limits including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The City of Guelph is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$200,000.

4. There are to be 2,000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

5. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:—William Bell, of the city of Guelph, in the

Province of Ontario, organ builder; Thomas Goldie, of the same place, miller; James Peebles, of the same place, secretary of the World Publishing Company; Alexander Watson Alexander, of the same place, secretary of the Bell Organ Company, and Henry Walter Metcalf, of the same place, organ builder, and that the four first named of said applicants who all reside in the said city of Guelph are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

GUTHRIE & WATT,
Solicitors for applicants.

Guelph, 13th April, 1882.

42-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for a charter of incorporation under the said Act to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Hamilton Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said land.

The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgage and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon land in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants; that is to say: Valancey England Fuller, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, barrister at law; John Proctor, of the same place, merchant; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, of the same place, publisher; George Albertus Cox, of the Town of Peterborough, in the County of Peterborough, railway manager; and Robert Jaffray, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, merchant; all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, 3rd of April, 1882.

41-6

CANADA JOINT STOCK COMPANIES' ACT, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, the applicants hereinafter named and described will petition the Governor General for the issue of letters

patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter and constituting them and such other persons as may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created, a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Eastern Townships Ranche Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are breeding and rearing cattle, horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North-West Territories; buying, selling, trading and dealing in the same in said North-West Territories and elsewhere; acquiring, holding and improving property required therefor.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Sherbrooke, in the Province of Quebec.

3. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$100,000—one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

6. The name in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: Matthew Henry Cochrane, of the Township of Compton, Senator; William White, of the City of Sherbrooke, advocate; William Farwell, of said City of Sherbrooke, bank manager; Charles Carroll Colby, of the Village of Stanstead Plain, advocate; John McLary, of the Township of Compton, farmer, and Edward Towle Brooks, of the said City of Sherbrooke, advocate, all in and of the Province of Quebec, and all of whom are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

BROOKS, CAMIRAND & HURD,
Solicitors for applicants.

Sherbrooke, 5th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, to His Excellency the Governor in Council, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal, incorporating as a body corporate and politic the persons hereunder mentioned with all who may become shareholders in the said corporate body so to be created for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle and Touchwood Hills Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from any Government, corporation or individual, land or any interest therein in the Dominion of Canada, the survey, improvement, colonization, cultivation, settlement, sale, conveyance, mortgaging and leasing thereof, the building thereupon and otherwise dealing therewith.

The taking of mortgages or other securities in payment of said lands or other property of the company at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon with the purchasers, and the selling and assigning of such mortgages or other securities.

The advancing of money to and otherwise assisting settlers on or purchasers of lands and the securing of the re-payment of such advances and assistance with interest at such rates as may be mutually agreed upon by mortgage upon land or otherwise.

The granting of bonuses or other assistance to railways and other enterprises and works passing through or tending to open up or improve the lands of said company or to advance the interests thereof.

The encouragement, promotion and aid of immigration to the Dominion of Canada from Great Britain and foreign countries.

To erect or acquire and maintain and operate upon or in connection with said lands, saw and grist mills and manufactories and to sell and dispose of any of the said mills or manufactories and of the manufactures thereof, and to erect, maintain and operate tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, roads, streets, bridges and other works in connection with said lands for the benefit of said lands, or to otherwise promote the interests of said company.

The producing and buying and selling of live stock,

grain and other products of the soil, and the buying and selling of personal property generally.

The power to borrow on the credit of the company or on the security of its property by mortgaging or otherwise, and to invest moneys, and generally such powers in addition to the above as may be useful or necessary to carry out the objects of the incorporation.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, with power to have branches and agencies at other places in and out of Canada, but the first meeting of the provisional directors and of the shareholders may be held at any place in Canada upon which a majority of said directors shall decide, and subsequent meetings of the provisional and regular directors and of the shareholders shall be held wherever decided upon by said provisional or regular directors.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is \$300,000.

5. The number of shares is to be twelve thousand, and the amount of each share twenty-five dollars.

The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

James Murray, ship-owner, James Livingston, farmer, Charles Peters Camp, gardener, Hiram Blanvill Hamill, mechanic, and William John Murray, master mariner, all of the City of St. Catharines, in the County of Lincoln and Province of Ontario, who are to be the provisional directors of the said company.

A. FERGUSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Battleford and Northwestern Lands Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling the grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property and rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of said company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary for advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration, and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at Mono Mills, in the Electoral

District of Cardwell, with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be two thousand five hundred, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:

Robert Lawrence, of Mono Mills, physician and surgeon, John Kelly, of the township of Adjala, farmer; Silas Huntingdon Foster, of the City of Toronto, merchant; Henry Bracken, of the township of Adjala, miller; Henry Allison, of the township of King, farmer; George Kidd, of Mono Mills, farmer, all in the Province of Ontario. And the said applicants whose names are so mentioned are to be the first provisional directors of the company.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,

For the applicants.

Dated at Mono Mills, 28th March, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council in accordance with the provisions of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Canadian Fruit Export Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are—

(a.) To purchase and sell Canadian and foreign patents, whether now issued or to be issued hereafter, for saving or preserving fruits or vegetables and packing the same either for export or storage.

(b.) To manufacture fruit safes for houses and stores, and fruit cases for the transportation of fruit, and to sell said right to manufacture, to others either out rights or under a royalty.

(c) To purchase and sell fruit and vegetables of any kind and nature whatsoever, to export and import the same either from or into Canada, and to pack said fruit and vegetables in cases and sell the same in Canada or foreign markets.

(d) To acquire movable and immovable property, to lease and erect suitable buildings for the purposes of said business.

3. The chief place of business of the company is the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The amount of the capital stock of the company is fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00).

5. The number of shares is five hundred of the value of one hundred dollars per share.

6. The names in full, together with the address and calling of each of the applicants, are respectively as follows: George Albert Cochrane, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Gentleman; Francis Ernest Gilman, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate; Thomas Craig, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, cashier; Edward Kirk Greene, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, merchant; David Timothy Irish, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, agent; James Naismith Greenshields, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, advocate; and Charles Henry Cordingley, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, distiller.

7. The first or provisional board of directors of the company are to be the aforesaid George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields and Charles Henry Cordingley, all of whom are subjects of Her Majesty and reside in Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED & GUERIN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 6th April, 1882.

41-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in accordance with the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, granting a charter whereby the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders of the company, shall be constituted a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ontario and North West Land Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Dominion of Canada from the Governments of Canada or of the Provinces, companies and private individuals.

(b) The settling, colonizing, surveying, laying out, and improving, draining, clearing, cultivating, building on and otherwise dealing with the same.

(c) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with land and all manner of interests in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting of settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payments of such advances with interest by way of mortgage or agreement or otherwise, the granting of loans or bonuses to enterprises for the opening up or improving of such lands; with power to borrow and invest money, to mortgage the lands of the company or any part thereof for the purposes aforesaid, or for any of the purposes of the company, and all such other powers as are useful and necessary in promoting, aiding and encouraging immigration and the settlement and opening up of the country, and to advance the objects of the company.

3. The chief place of business is to be in the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$500,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be five thousand of the sum of \$100 each.

6. The names in full and addresses of the applicants are, John Bacon, Esquire, Silas James, P.L.S., Robert McPhail, merchant, Edmund Henry Duggan, barrister, Ogle Robert Peck, Esquire, John Austin Worrell, barrister, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, estate agent, John J. Cook, Esquire, and Matthew Walton, agent, all of the City of Toronto; Thomas Armstrong, of the Village of Yorkville, in the County of York, Doctor of Medicine, and Richard Shaw Wood, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman; of whom the said John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong and Richard Shaw Wood are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE & WORRELL,
Solicitors for applicants.

Toronto, 28th March, 1882. 40-7

MISCELLANEOUS.

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, it is the intention of the liquidators to distribute among the shareholders of the Bank, any balance then remaining unclaimed with all interest accrued thereon of the amount reserved as a provision for the payment of the ordinary indebtedness and unredeemed circulation of the Bank, remaining unpaid when the last dividend payable to the shareholders is declared in accordance with the provisions of the Act 40 Vic., chap. 56.

By order of the Liquidators.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 13th May, 1882. 46-4

NOTICE is hereby given that a general meeting of the shareholders of The Canada Car and Manufacturing Company is hereby called to be held at 9 Victoria Street, (Room E), in the City of Toronto, on the 30th day of May inst., at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, to receive the final report of the President, who has been liquidating the affairs of the company, and to pass a resolution confirming (if approved of) what the said liquidator has done in connection with the winding up of the affairs of the company, and to discharge him from all duties or trusts assumed by him in connection therewith; also for the transaction of any other business affecting the winding up of the said company which may be brought forward.

A. H. CAMPBELL,
President.

Toronto, 8th May, 1882. 46-1

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, as merchants, in the town of Kincardine, in the County of Bruce, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due by the late firm of Bissett & Martin are to be paid by George Bissett. All debts due the late firm are to be paid to James Martin.

GEO. BISSETT,
JAS. MARTIN.

Witness,

JAMES McK. STEWART.

Dated this 8th day of April, A.D., 1882. 46-2

BANK OF OTTAWA.

DIVIDEND No. 12.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent, upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Thursday, the 1st day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from 16th to 31st May next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 29th April, 1882. 45-4

THE FEDERAL BANK.

DIVIDEND No. 15.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable on and after Thursday, the 1st day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of shareholders for the election of directors will be held at the Banking House in this City, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next.

Chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

H. S. STRATHY,
Cashier.

The Federal Bank of Canada,
Toronto, April 26, 1882. 45-2

ONTARIO BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general Meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of directors for the ensuing year will

be held at its Banking house in this City, on Tuesday, the twentieth day of June next.

The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

A dividend of six per cent. will be paid in June next, on the stock of the Bank as intended to be reduced by the special Act now before the Dominion Parliament, and a formal declaration of said dividend will be made so soon as said Act receives the Royal assent.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager,
45-7

Toronto, 28th April, 1882.

CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE annual general meeting of the Canada Southern Railway Company for the election of directors and other general purposes, will be held on Wednesday, the 7th day of June, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the Company's Head Office in the City of St. Thomas.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Secretary C. S. Ry. Co.
45-2

April 29th, 1882.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.—A special general meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held on the twenty-second day of May next, at the office of the company, in Montreal, at twelve o'clock noon, to consider and confirm the deed of agreement for the purchase of the Western section of the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway, executed on the fourth day of March last, and passed by the Legislature of the Province of Quebec.

By order of the Board.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.

44-4

QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE. Is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Monday, the fifth day of June next.

The chair to be taken at three P.M.

By order of the Board.

J. STEVENSON,
Chairman.

Quebec, 27th April, 1882.

44-4

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND No. 52.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the seventeenth to the thirty-first day of May, both days included.

The annual general meeting of stockholders for the election of directors, will be held at the Banking House of the institution on Wednesday, the 21st of June next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

D. COULSON,
Cashier.

Bank of Toronto, 26th April, 1882.

44-5

LA BANQUE JACQUES-CARTIER.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank, in the City of Montreal, on and after the first day of June next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st day of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next, at one o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

A. DE MARTIGNY,
Cashier.

Montreal, 27th April, 1882.

44-5

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. par annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Thursday, the 1st June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th to the 31st May next,—both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next. The chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

G. HAGUE,
General Manager.
44-5

Montreal, 22nd April, 1882.

THE MARITIME BANK OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at their office, in the City of St. John, on Friday, the second day of June next, at noon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board of Directors,

ALFRED RAY,
Cashier.

Saint John, New Brunswick, 25th April, 1882. 44-5

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city and at its branches on and after Thursday the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 5th day of June next. The chair to be taken at one o'clock.

By order of the Board,

A. MACNIDER,
Assistant General Manager,
Montreal, 25th April, 1882. 44-6

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 22nd to the 31st May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders

will be held at the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

UBALDE GARAND,
Cashier.

Montreal, 27th April, 1882.

44-5

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a final meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at 26 St. François Xavier Street, Montreal, at one o'clock p.m., on the 22nd day of May next, to receive the final report of the liquidators and to do all other things which the said shareholders may do at such final meeting under the provisions of the Act intituled "An Act to authorize and provide for the winding up of the Metropolitan Bank."

By order of the liquidators,

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,

Secretary.

Montreal, 4th April, 1882.

41-7

KINGSTON & PEMBROKE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the fifth call (10 p. c.) on the new issue of capital stock of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway will be payable on or before the 12th day of May, 1882, at the Office of the Company, in Kingston.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secretary Treasurer.

43-4

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. MCGOUN,

Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-13

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire la nomination suivante, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 3 mai 1882.

PATRICK HANRAHAN, de Windsor, dans la province d'Ontario, gentilhomme; Officier préposé au débarquement et examinateur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

PROCLAMATIONS.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } CONSIDÉRANT que par l'acte passé dans les trente-deuxième et trente-troisième années de notre règne, chapitre 24, et intitulé "Acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," tel qu'amendé par l'acte passé dans la trente-troisième année de notre règne, chapitre vingt-huit, et intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," il est entre autres choses décrété, que le Gouverneur en Conseil pourra aussi souvent qu'il le jugera nécessaire déclarer par proclamation, que, le et après le dit jour y mentionné, le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, ou tout article ou articles d'icelui, sera en vigueur dans tout endroit ou endroits au Canada y désigné dans les limites ou dans le voisinage duquel tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique sera en voie d'exécution, ou tels endroits qui sont dans le voisinage de tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique comme susdit, dans les limites duquel il croit qu'il est nécessaire que le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné ou tout article ou articles d'icelui soit en vigueur;

Et attendu que par et en vertu des dits actes il est en outre statué que le dit acte en premier lieu cité ou tout article ou articles d'icelui sera mis en vigueur, le ou après le jour mentionné dans telle proclamation, dans les endroits désignés dans telle proclamation;

SACHEZ MAINTENANT que par et en vertu de l'autorité que nous confèrent ces dits actes, et par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, Nous proclamons, ordonnons et déclarons que, le et après le premier jour de juin, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, tous les articles du dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, tel qu'amendé, excepté les articles deux, trois, quatre, cinq, six, sept, huit, neuf et dix, seront mis en vigueur dans les localités suivantes, savoir : dans toutes ces parties de la province de la Colombie Britannique, dans notre Puissance du Canada, situées dans une circonscription de dix milles de chaque côté de la ligne localisée du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique entre le Port Moody et Savona's Ferry y comprenant la ligne elle-même et s'étendant sur une distance de dix milles au-delà de chaque extrémité d'icelle.

De ce qui précède Nos fœux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller Sir JOHN-DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce TROISIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

46-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mercredi, 3 mai 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre du revenu de l'intérieur, et sous l'autorité des sections 48 et 49 de l'acte adopté en la 42e année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 16 et intitulé "Acte pour amender et refondre les lois concernant les poids et mesures,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine, pour le Canada, d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que le numéro quatre des règlements concernant l'inspection des appareils à éprouver le grain, établis par un ordre en conseil du 6 décembre 1881, soit, et le dit numéro est par le présent, amendé, et le règlement suivant y est substitué, savoir :—

"4. Il donne le vrai poids, suivant qu'indiquent les chiffres et divisions marqués sur le fléau."

Certifié,

JOHN J. MCGEE,

45-3

Faisant les fonctions de greffier du C. P.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Lundi, 24 avril 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

ATENDU que par la section 5 de l' "Acte concernant les pêcheries" il est défendu de faire usage de matières explosives dans la pêche à la baleine, et attendu qu'il semble maintenant qu'on a adopté récemment l'usage de matières explosives perfectionnées qui ne soulèvent plus d'objection à cause de leur effet destructeur, comme celles en usage jusque-là, contre lesquelles était dirigée la prohibition, et attendu de plus que l'usage de ces matières explosives perfectionnées est maintenant adopté par les baleiniers américains qui fréquentent les mêmes eaux que les baleiniers canadiens,—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, sur la recommandation de l'honorable ministre de la marine et des pêcheries, et sous l'autorité de la clause 19 de l' "Acte concernant les pêcheries," d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que l'amendement suivant soit, et le dit amendement est par le présent ajouté aux règlements, savoir :—

"La section 5 de l'Acte concernant les pêcheries est suspendue en autant que la dite section se rattache à la chasse de la baleine au moyen d'engins explosifs."

JOHN MCGEE,

44-3

Greffier par interim du Conseil Privé.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX,

OTTAWA, 12 mai 1882.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (9).

No. 2.

MILICE ACTIVE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

Brigade d'artillerie de place de Montréal.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

Campbell Lane, gentilhomme, vice Trotter, promu.

Est nommé adjudant avec le grade de capitaine dans la brigade et celui de major dans la milice :

Thomas Atkinson, de la liste des majors en retraite, (ci-devant sergent au 4e bataillon du 60e carabiniers de S.M.), vice Fletcher qui s'est retiré.

3e bataillon, "Carabiniers Victoria du Canada."

Est nommé capitaine :

Lieutenant Henry Martyn Belcher, B.V., vice Andrew Wilson Kinnear a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer avec le grade de lieutenant.

Memo.—Lieutenant Henry S. Aspinwall Howe, a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer en conservant son grade.

5e bataillon "Royal Scots Fusiliers," Montréal.

Est nommé major :

Capitaine Frank Caverhill, B.V., vice Geddes, qui s'est retiré.

Memo.—Cette partie du No. 1 des ordres généraux (7) 14 avril 1882, dans laquelle la démission du capitaine Robert Stanley Clark Bagg est acceptée, est par le présent modifiée en permettant au capitaine Bagg de se retirer en conservant son grade.

8e bataillon, "Carabiniers royaux," Québec.

Memo.—Cette partie du No. 2 des ordres généraux (11) 16 mai, 1879, dans laquelle la démission du capitaine Horace Ross Sewell est acceptée, est par le présent modifiée en permettant au capitaine Sewell de se retirer en conservant son grade.

17e bataillon d'infanterie, "Lévis."

Compagnie No. 4 New Liverpool.

Est nommé capitaine :

2nd lieutenant J. Victor Begin, B.V., vice capitaine et major titulaire Alfred Lemieux qui a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer en conservant son grade.

Memo.—Le lieutenant Jules Guillot ayant laissé les limites son nom est, par le présent, retranché du cadre de la milice active.

23e bataillon d'infanterie, "Beauce."

Est nommé chirurgien :

Tancrède Fortier, écr., M.D., vice Jules Taschereau dont la démission est par le présent acceptée.

53e bataillon d'infanterie, "Sherbrooke."

Sont nommés majors :

William A. Morehouse, écuyer, B.V.

Robert Gilmour Leckie, écuyer, (provisoirement.)

Compagnie No. 1, Sherbrooke.

Est nommé capitaine, provisoirement :

Walter Blue, écuyer.

Est nommé lieutenant :

Stephen F. Twose, gentilhomme, E.M.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant :

Henry Redfern Fraser, gentilhomme, M.S.

Compagnie No. 2, Sherbrooke.

Est nommé capitaine, provisoirement :

William Amherst Hale, écuyer.

Est nommé lieutenant, provisoirement :

Alfred Cecil Hale Bowen, gentilhomme.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant :

William Morris, gentilhomme, B.V.

Compagnie No. 3, Sherbrooke.

Est nommé capitaine, provisoirement :

Samuel Brooks Sanborn, écuyer.

Est nommé lieutenant :

Capitaine Edward Buren Worthington, E.M., de la compagnie No. 4.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant, provisoirement :

Richard Failie Morris, gentilhomme.

Est nommé payeur :

Henry Albert Odell, écuyer.

Est nommé quartier-maître :

William J. Hunt, gentilhomme.

Est nommé adjudant, provisoirement, avec le grade de capitaine :

Arthur Norreys Worthington, B.V. 2nd.

61e bataillon d'infanterie "Montmagny et l'Islet."

Compagnie No. 4, St. Jean Port Joli.

Est nommé 2nd lieutenant :

Fortunat Bernier, gentilhomme, E.M., vice C. H. Fournier.

81e bataillon d'infanterie "Portneuf."

Compagnie No. 2, St. Raymond.

Le lieutenant Jules Martel est par le présent remercié de ses services comme officier dans la milice active.

Compagnie No. 6, St. Raymond.

Est nommé capitaine :

Lieutenant Cyprien Paré, E.M., vice Sifrois Martel qui est par le présent remercié de ses services comme officier dans la milice active.

Bataillon d'infanterie provisoire de Kamouraska.

Compagnie No. 4, St. Denis.

Est nommé lieutenant :

2nd lieutenant Eugène Rossignol, E.M., vice Langlais, promu.

GRADE CONFIRMÉ.

Lieutenant Charles E. J. de Montigny, B.V., compagnie No. 1, 85e bataillon ; à dater du 27 avril 1882.

Lieutenant Joseph Dunn, B.V., compagnie No. 5, 85e bataillon ; à dater du 27 avril 1882.

2nd lieutenant J. Victor Begin, B.V., compagnie No. 4, 17e bataillon ; à dater du 2 mai 1882.

No. 3.

CERTIFICATS ACCORDÉS.

ÉCOLES ROYALES D'ARTILLERIE.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

CERTIFICATS D'ARTILLERIE.

PREMIÈRE CLASSE "COURS ABRÉGÉ."

2nd Lieutenant John A. Fages, 87e bataillon.

Payeur L. D. Hudon, bataillon provisoire de Témiscouata.

TROISIÈME CLASSE "COURS ABRÉGÉ."

Sergent J. H. Kilburn, batterie de campagne de Woodstock.

Canonnier J. McEdwards, batterie "A" E.R.d'A.

QUATRIÈME CLASSE "COURS ABRÉGÉ."

Sergent J. Early, batterie No. 3, artillerie de place de Québec.

do T. McInenly, do do

BUREAU DES EXAMINATEURS.

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

CERTIFICAT DE PREMIÈRE CLASSE.

Capitaine Alphonse D. Aubry, 85e bataillon.

CERTIFICATS DE DEUXIÈME CLASSE.

Lieutenant Charles E. J. de Montigny, 85e bataillon.

do Joseph Dunn

do

2nd lieutenant J. Victor Begin,

17e bataillon.

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjudant Général de Milice,
Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

ÉTAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 30 avril dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,656,761 93
Excise	417,789 32
Département des Postes.....	156,181 65
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	266,659 50
Divers	194,721 77
	<hr/>
	\$2,692,114 17
Revenu, 31 mars 1882.....	24,479,865 88
	<hr/>
	\$27,171,980 05
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,770,560 98
do 31 mars 1882.....	17,999,566 70
	<hr/>
	\$19,770,127 68

J. M. COURTNEY,

Député du Ministre des Finances.

Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er mai 1882.

AVIS AUX MARINS.

No. 7 de 1882.

CHANGEMENT DANS LE PHARE DU PORT ST-JEAN.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'à dater de l'ouverture de la navigation, cette année, la lumière du phare sur le quai du port St-Jean, île d'Orléans, fleuve St-Laurent en bas de Québec, sera changée de blanche tournante en une lumière *blanche fixe*.

L'appareil d'éclairage sera catoptrique.

Lat. N. 46° 55' 20"

Long. O. 70° 53' 30"

WM. SMITH,

Député du ministre de la marine et des pêcheries.
Département de la marine et des pêcheries.
Ottawa, 17 avril 1882.

45-3

AVIS public est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des dispositions de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du dix-septième jour d'avril 1882, constituant en corporation

William Van Duzer Lawrence, marchand, Ebenezer Muir, agent, John Stephen Bates, caissier, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, dans la Puissance du Canada, et John Wyeth, marchand, et Frank H. Wyeth, marchand, tous deux de Philadelphie, dans l'Etat de Pensylvanie, un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, dans le but de fabriquer, acheter et vendre des drogues, produits chimiques, articles de toilette et médecines brevetées dans la Puissance du Canada et ailleurs, sous le nom de "Compagnie des Apothicaires, à responsabilité limitée" (The Apothecaries Hall Company, limited), avec un fonds social total de cent mille piastres, divisé en cent actions de mille piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du Secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-huitième jour d'avril 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

44-3

A VIS public est donné par le présent qu'en vertu des dispositions de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du huitième jour d'avril 1882, constituant en corporation Sir Hugh Allan, propriétaire de navires à vapeur, l'honorable Thomas Ryan, sénateur, Andrew Allan, propriétaire de navires à vapeur, George Alexander Drummond, marchand, Hugh McLennan, marchand, et Andrew Thomas Drummond, tous de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, et Puissance du Canada, et Arthur Wellington Ross, membre de la législature provinciale, et Charles Sinclair Drummond, agent financier, tous deux de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, dans la dite Puissance, dans le but suivant : l'achat, le louage et l'acquisition en général de terres ou autres intérêts dans la Puissance du Canada ; la possession, la colonisation, la culture des terres avec le droit d'y mettre des chevaux et autres animaux et de les

améliorer de toute façon ; la construction de bâtiments sur les dites terres ; l'établissement de magasins sur les dites terres et l'achat et la vente de tous articles ou marchandises de toute description, (à l'exception de l'achat et de la vente de la bière, du vin, des spiritueux ou des liqueurs fermentées ou boissons enivrantes de toutes sortes ;) l'érection ou l'acquisition, l'exploitation et le louage de scieries et moulins à farine sur les dites terres, de prendre des intérêts comme actionnaires dans toute corporation ayant en vue l'amélioration des dites terres ou aucunes d'elles, et d'y faciliter l'accès ; la construction, l'acquisition et l'usage de lignes de vapeurs ou de voiliers, de tramways, canaux, chemins et autres entreprises de toute description nécessaires ou utiles comme moyen d'accès aux ou d'amélioration des dites terres ; le développement de l'immigration sur les dites propriétés, la vente, le louage, l'échange des dites terres et les intérêts en icelles ou les dits biens mobiliers appartenant à la dite compagnie, avec le droit de les hypothéquer et d'en disposer en général ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de prendre, posséder, vendre ou autrement disposer des hypothèques consenties pour garantir les sommes prêtées ou restant dues sur les terres ainsi vendues ; l'émission d'obligations garanties sur les biens mobiliers ou immobiliers de la compagnie ; le droit d'agir comme agents de n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour l'achat ou la vente des terres et leur colonisation, et le développement en général de l'immigration ; et toutes choses généralement nécessaires ou utiles à la réalisation des vues de la compagnie,—sous le nom de "Compagnie des terres de Montréal et de l'Ouest (à responsabilité limitée)," avec un fonds social de cinq cent mille piastres divisé en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-cinquième jour d'avril 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

44-3

TARIF des droits à être prélevés sur le bois de charpente, billes, etc., passant par les glissoires et autres ouvrages du gouvernement sur l'Ottawa et ses tributaires.

Nom de la rivière.	Nom de la glissoire ou autre amélioration.	Par glissoire ou amélioration.				Taux pour se rendre au pied des Chaudières.		Bois de charpente, rond, plat et de dimension. — Egalement traverses de chemins de fer.	Taux spéciaux.					
		Pin rouge, pin blanc ou bois dur.		Mats, planches ou radeau.		Pin rouge, pin blanc, ou bois dur.				Mats, planches ou radeau.				
		Par bille.	Par pièce de bois	Par radeau.	Par Mats, planches ou radeau.	Par radeau.	Par Mats, planches ou radeau.							
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.							
Ottawa..... do do do do do	Pour passer par les— Glissoires à la Roche Capitaine..... do du rapide des Joachims..... do des rapides de Calumet et de la Montagne..... do du Portage-du-Fort..... do des Chats..... do des Chaudières..... Estacades des Chenaux.....	..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... 1 00 1 00 1 00 0 50 1 00 1 00 1 00	..... ..... 1 50 1 50 0 75 1 50 1 50 1 50	..... 1 50 3 50 2 50 1 75 1 50 1 00 1 50	..... 4 50 3 50 2 25 2 00 2 00 1 50 1 50	Le bois de charpente rond, plat et de dimension excédant quinze pouces de diamètre moyen devant être chargés comme bois de construction ; ceux n'excédant pas quinze pouces de diamètre devant être chargés la moitié du taux imposé sur le bois carré sur toutes les travaux par où ils passent.	La où il n'y a pas de taux spécial pour les billes passant par les améliorations du gouvernement, les droits de péage pour les glissoires ou les estacades seront perçus sur soixante billes, comme étant l'équivalent d'un radeau de bois carré.
	Petewawa do do do do do	Estacades des Chaudières..... Digue de Carillon..... Passant par les digues, caissons et estacades entre le lac des Cèdres et les rapides de Memo..... Glissoire près du lac Traverse..... Glissoires entre le lac Traverse et le lac à la Truite..... Chûte Croche à la rivière Ottawa..... Bois Dur à la rivière Ottawa..... Glissoire et améliorations de la Chûte Raboteuse et des Grandes Chutes..... Améliorations en bas des Grandes Chûtes jusqu'à Arnprior..... Glissoire à Arnprior..... Estacades et caissons dans le lac des Chats à l'embouchure de la Rivière. Glissoire des Grandes Chûtes à la rivière Ottawa..... En bas des Grandes Chûtes (améliorations situées plus bas)..... Glissoire aux Grandes Chûtes..... Glissoires à la Rivière Noire..... Estacades..... 0 02 0 01 0 01 0 03 0 75 0 75 1 00 1 75 1 25 2 00 0 50 0 50 0 25 0 15 0 75 1 50 1 00 0 06 1 00 1 00 2 50 0 75 0 75 2 00 1 50 1 50	Les améliorations inférieures de la rivière Dumoine exceptées.			
		Madawaska..... do do do do do	do do do do do do	Huit traverses de chemin de fer devant être chargées comme équivalent une pièce ordinaire de bois plat à la moitié du taux imposé sur le bois carré.	
			Dumoine..... do Coulonge..... Rivière Noire..... Gatineau.....	do do do do do

Je certifie que le présent tarif des droits de péage à être prélevés sur le bois de charpente, billes, etc., passant par les travaux et glissoires du gouvernement sur la rivière Ottawa et ses tributaires, a été approuvé ce jour par Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil.

BUREAU DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ,
OTTAWA, 3 mai 1882

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Faisant les fonctions de greffier du Conseil Privé.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr.

Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de mars 1882.

A v

Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 28 février 1882.....	\$8,414,380 03	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$469,696 50
Dépôts durant le mois	612,249 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	4,826 12		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,489,803 56
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	71,955 09
			8,561,758 65
	9,031,455 15		\$9,031,455 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 22 avril 1882.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montréal, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Montréal; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 débentures de municipalités; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p.c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine".....		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briten" (limitée).....		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p.c.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto...	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Sur la vie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,"		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. Jean, N.B.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B) ..	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasinages de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210).....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire".....		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	£10,000 stg., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie); \$3,000 5 p.c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p.c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.	Sur les glaces.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont-réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)...	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi-paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso-lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre.....	J. Cassie Hutton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie.
La compaignie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada.	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal.	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal..	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en espèces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect.	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des États-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemen, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

ETAT fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—			
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5 18.26			\$4,823,833 60
Versements sur le capital—			
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.....			\$1,205,958 40
Nombre des titres—			
Titres nominatifs.....			50,000
Titres au porteur.....			Nil.

<i>Actif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.	<i>Passif de la société.</i>	\$	cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social.....	3,617,875	20	Capital social.....	4,823,833	60
Prêts hypothécaires:			Prêts différés.....	25,314	01
A long terme..... 674,716 33			Intérêt payé par anticipation.....	242	75
A court terme..... 389,334 50			Divers.....	1,727	56
	1,064,050	83			
Espèces en caisse et en banque:					
En Canada..... 93,249 81					
En France..... 78,305 92					
	171,555	73			
Arrérages de semestres.....		389 51			
Mobilier.....		2,054 24			
Divers.....		2,787 16			
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712	67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117	92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.

Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société.....Néant.

Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt.....Néant.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances,

N. S. GARLAND,
Commiss des Statistiques,
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas, la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé

ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR
LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur, et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipegoosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits, et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élévateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissoires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ingersoll, 12 mai 1882.

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AVIS est par le présent donné que les soussignés, un mois après la première publication du présent avis, s'adresseront par requête à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil pour obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées : Thomas Bell, de la ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron, province d'Ontario, fabricant, ex-préfet de Wingham ; John Kaine, du township de Howick, dans le dit comté, banquier, ex-préfet du comté de Huron ; Henry William Christian Meyer, de la dite ville de Wingham, avocat, préfet de Wingham ; James Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand de grain, ex-préfet de Howick ; Henry Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand ; John Sanderson, du village de Wroxeter, dans le dit comté, marchand ; Isaac Francis Toms, de la ville de Goderich, dans le dit comté, juge puisné ; John Somerville, du village de Lucknow, médecin ; Benjamin Wilson, de la dite ville de Wingham, courtier privé, ex-maire de Wingham, et Robert Webster, du township d'Ashfield, dans le dit comté, cultivateur, préfet du dit township d'Ashfield.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie de colonisation du comté de Huron et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit de louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement en disposer.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter, prêter et avancer des sommes d'argent sur les dites terres et de secourir les colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des dites sommes avec intérêt.

(5) Le droit d'ériger et acquérir des moulins à farine et scieries, avec le droit de fabriquer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, biens mobiliers et effets requis par la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait acheter des terres de la compagnie ou s'établir dessus.

3. La ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron et province d'Ontario, sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

4. Le montant du capital-actions de la compagnie est de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie sont les requérants ci-dessus nommés, savoir : Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins et Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER et DICKINSON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Wingham, Ont., 7 mai, 1852.

46-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Société de colonisation des Forestiers du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—Le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou particuliers ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre

les dites terres, le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail et hypothéquer les dites terres avec le droit de les trafiquer en général de n'importe quelle façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de les secourir, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt et à telles conditions et de telles manières qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service ; le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire dans toutes ses branches d'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes localités dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$500,000 divisé en 10,000 parts de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, de la Cité de London, marchand ; John Taylor, de la Cité de London, avocat ; Oronhyatekha, de la Cité de London, médecin ; John Stewart Dewar, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Towe, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Thomas Peel, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Alexander Greig Fenwick, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Melville DeBlois Dawson, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Stevenson Crumner, de la Cité de Hamilton, gentilhomme ; William Henry Street, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Peter Toll, de la Ville de London Est, constructeur ; Edmund Botterell, de la Cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme ; William Duff, de la Cité de London, fabricant ; William Maurice Moore, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; John Alonzo Nelles, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Henry Crotty, de la Cité de Winnipeg, agent d'immeubles ; Richard Maxwell McElheran, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; John Parker Thomas, de la Cité de Belleville, avocat ; Theophilus Stanfield, de la Cité de London, agent ; Robert Moore, de la Ville de Simcoe, fabricant ; Alexander Sutherland Murray, de la Cité de London, orfèvre ; Archibald McPherson, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Robert James Halle, de la Ville de Chathan, agent d'assurance ; Walter Scott Williams, de la Ville de Napanee, avocat ; Benjamin Watson Greer, de la Cité de London, peintre ; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Thomas Glass Davey, de la Cité de London, agent de journaux, G.W.B. William Nelson Yerex, de la Cité de London, Principal du Collège Commerciale de London ; Alexander Henry, de la Ville de Napanee, Président de chemin de fer Napanee et Tramworth ; Alexander McCleneghan, de la Ville de Woodstock, maître de poste ; John Richard Flock, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Samuel Payne, de la Cité de London, médecin ; George McBroom, de la de London, marchand ; George Charwood Jolly, de la Ville de London Ouest, gentilhomme ;

Ceux d'entre les requérants ci-dessus nommés dont les noms suivent, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada :

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville de Blois Dawson, Edward Stevenson Crumner, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edward Botterell, William Duff et William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN et TAYLOR,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, 8 mai 1882.

46-6

AVIS est par le présent donné en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du*

Canada, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée sera "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Rivière aux Ecailles."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—Le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans la Puissance du Canada ; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et d'en développer les ressources minières, agricoles ou autres ; le droit d'exploiter, vendre, donner, transporter, louer, hypothéquer et trafiquer de n'importe quelle manière les dites propriétés, y compris le droit de prendre des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat ; le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques ; le droit d'aider et encourager l'émigration et la colonisation des terres qui pourraient être acquises, soit par des prêts ou subventions garanties d'une manière sur laquelle on se sera entendu ou de toute manière légale ; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de lignes de chemin de fer ou télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de la colonisation des terres de la compagnie ; le droit de construire des bâtiments, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de toute sorte ; le droit d'aider à la construction de ces travaux de toute façon légale et à telles conditions et avec telles garanties dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de fournir ses terres de bestiaux et de s'engager dans l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux ; le droit de s'occuper de la culture du blé et de l'industrie des produits de ferme ; le droit de fabriquer et exporter les dits grains et produits et de s'engager dans des opérations minières sur les dites propriétés, et avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être conférés à de semblables compagnies.

3. La cité de Belleville ou la ville de Trenton, l'un et l'autre dans le comté de Hastings, sera le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$300,000 divisé en 6,000 actions de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

David Gilmour, marchand de bois, William Jeffs, marchand de grain, George Henry Gordon, marchand, William Ford Baker, marchand de grain ; John Hendricks, propriétaire rural, Anson Green Whittier, marchand, tous de Trenton ; James Coleman Jamieson, imprimeur et éditeur, George Dean Dickson, avocat, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, avocat, Cornelius James Starling, entrepreneur, tous de Belleville ; John White, fabricant, Roslin Charles Ashley, voiturier, Stephen Allen Lazier, fabricant, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, marchand, tous de Foxboro' ; James Stalker Hamilton, propriétaire rural, et Peter Rockwell Daly, propriétaire rural, tous deux d'Halloway.

Les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie sont les susdits David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allen Lazier et Charles Ashley, qui tous sont sujets britanniques et résident en Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Belleville, 4 avril 1882.

46-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps

politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. La raison sociale que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a) Le droit d'acheter des terres, soit du gouvernement fédéral, soit des gouvernements provinciaux, de compagnies ou de simples individus.

(b) Le droit d'établir, coloniser, arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, assainir, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, bâtir dessus ou les trafiquer d'une manière quelconque.

(c) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail les dites terres et en général en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers de toute façon soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques, obligations ou autrement ; le droit d'accorder des prêts ou subventions aux entreprises destinées à ouvrir ou améliorer les dites terres ; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent, d'hypothéquer les terres de la compagnie ou partie d'icelles pour les fins susdites ou pour toute autre fin de la compagnie, avec tous autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires pour le développement, l'aide et l'encouragement de l'immigration, la colonisation et l'établissement du pays ainsi que l'avancement des fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$500,000.

5. Le nombre des parts de ce fonds social sera de cinq mille, d'un montant de \$100 chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : John Bacon, écr., Silas James, Arp. P., Robert McPhail, marchand, Edmund Henry Duggan, avocat, Ogle Robert Peck, écr., John Austin Worrell, avocat, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, agent d'immeubles, John J. Cook, écr., et Matthew Walton, agent, tous de la cité de Toronto ; Thomas Armstrong, du village de Yorkville, dans le comté de York, docteur en médecine, et Richard Shaw Wood, de la cité de London, dans le comté de Middlesex, gentilhomme ; desquels les dits John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong et Richard Shaw Wood seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE et WORRELL,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 28 mars 1882.

45-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par l'honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, sénateur, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Robert Doull, M.P., de Pictou, Nouvelle-Ecosse ; John Alexander Mackenzie, avocat, de Sarnia, Ontario ; Frank Egerton Gibbs, meunier, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Hugh Macmahon, C.R., de London, Ontario ; Thomas Wesley Jackson, de Qu'Appelle, Territoire du Nord-Ouest, agent d'immigration ; William Pugsley, jr., avocat, de la cité de Saint-Jean, Nouveau-Brunswick ; Leigh Richmond Harrison, avocat, de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, et

Gilbert Raddan Pugeley, avocat, également de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, à l'effet de constituer les personnes ci-dessus nommées et d'autres en un corps politique pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres de Qu'Appelle et du Lac Long" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest ; le droit de coloniser, établir, améliorer et vendre les dites terres et en développer les ressources de toute nature ; le droit d'arpenter et diviser les dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit de développer et exploiter les pêcheries sur les rives du lac Long ; le droit d'ériger et établir des magasins sur les dites propriétés, acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute description ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, accorder, transporter, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et donner des secours aux colons établis sur les terres, y compris le droit d'avancer des marchandises ; le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit de construire des routes, chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe, vapeurs ou navires, quais et autres travaux et moyens de transport sur les terres et les eaux de la compagnie ou utiles pour l'amélioration des propriétés de la compagnie, y compris le droit d'accorder de l'aide à ces diverses entreprises et s'en servir.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de quatre cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quatre mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les différentes personnes ci-dessus décrites seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

MACKENZIE, GURD ET KITTERMASTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants, Sarnia, Ont.
Daté ce 15 avril 1882. 44-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :

(a) Le droit pour la compagnie d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement les trafiquer.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions.

(d) Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat, ou autre garantie à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'il aura été convenu, avec pouvoir de prendre sur les terres une garantie pour le prix d'achat, de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques et garanties, ou hypothéquer les dites terres au moyen d'un acte écrit ou en partie imprimé et en partie écrit, sujet à des conditions pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(e) Le droit de construire et réparer les routes ordinaires et ponts, secourir les immigrants venant d'autres pays et les colons partis d'une autre province, avec le droit d'aider les uns et les autres à s'établir sur des terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le montant projeté du capital-actions est de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts sera de deux mille, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : Charles Magee, de la cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme ; William Eli Lanford, de la cité d'Hamilton, marchand ; Duncan McArthur, de la cité de Winnipeg, banquier ; James Albert Manning Aikens, de la cité de Winnipeg, procureur en droit ; l'honorable Corydon Parslow Brown, de la cité de Winnipeg, ministre des travaux publics ; et l'honorable Donald MacInnes, de la cité d'Hamilton, sénateur. Tous ceux ci-dessus nommés, devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie, résident au Canada.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 24 avril 1882.

44-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie manufacturière du St. Laurent."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit pour elle de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des ornements, garnitures et fermetures de fenêtres, persiennes et auvents ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser les brevets d'invention ou inventions qui peuvent servir à la compagnie dans ses opérations ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser n'importe quel brevet d'invention ou inventions qui pourraient être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie ; le droit de manufacturer, acheter et vendre telles autres marchandises et articles qui peuvent être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

Le nombre des parts sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cinq piastres.

La cité de Montréal sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

Voici les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Charles Edgar Kennedy, de Hatley, dans le comté de Stanstead, province de Québec, commerçant ; Charles Carroll Colby, M. P., de Stanstead, dans le dit comté ; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, de la ville de Sherbrooke, dans la dite province, écuyer ; Frederick Fairman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province, marchand, Robert Baker May, de la dite cité de Montréal, imprimeur ; John Gilman Elder, de la ville de Derby, dans l'Etat du Vermont, commerçant,

et Stiles Frost, de la cité de Boston, dans l'Etat de Massachusetts, commerçant.

Tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

CHAS. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Montréal, 3 avril 1882.

44-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada, à l'effet d'accorder une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après énumérées, savoir :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie des terres et de colonisation d'Edmonton et Ontario (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres ; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à ferme et hypothéquer les dites terres et en général trafiquer les intérêts d'icelles de toute façon ; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et de secourir les dits colons ; le droit de garantir les paiements des prêts faits avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une façon, soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service ; le droit de construire, élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et de l'agriculture.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes places dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000 divisé en 5,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Bosom Ashford Mitchell, de la cité de London, marchand ; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand ; John William Little, du même lieu, marchand ; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand ; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand ; Charles Richardson, du même lieu, marchand ; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand ; Alfred Robinson, gentilhomme ; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand ; William Lind, du même lieu, marchand ; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand ; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas Muir, du même lieu, marchand, et George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand.

Les requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents du Canada, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

FRASER ET FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, Ontario, 24 avril 1882.

44-6

AVIS Public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après mentionnées, constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir

actionnaires de la compagnie, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La Compagnie des terres de Wentworth."

1. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir une ou des lisières de terre dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, en vue de les coloniser.

(b) Le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage, échange, donation, ou autrement, des gouvernements provincial ou fédéral, ou de toute autre corporation, ou personne, des terres ou des intérêts en icelles, ou des coupes de bois dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest ou en une partie quelconque du Canada ; le droit de vendre, louer ou trafiquer toutes terres, coupes de bois, propriétés personnelles, droits et privilèges ainsi acquis, avec le droit de recevoir des hypothèques sur icelles pour le prix d'achat ou autre garantie, à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu, avec le droit de prendre une hypothèque pour le prix d'achat sur les terres, ou intérêts vendus ou autrement trafiqués, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques par n'importe quel acte écrit ou transport, le tout sujet aux conditions de garantie pour les sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(c) Le droit d'acheter, prendre à bail, échanger ou autrement acquérir n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ainsi que les droits et privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie de la Puissance.

(d) Le droit de développer les ressources minières, agricoles, forestières et autres des terres acquises en y élevant des constructions, y faisant des plantations, en les défrichant, cultivant et améliorant de toutes façons, avec le droit de trafiquer avec les gouvernements au sujet des mines suivant qu'il est pourvu par les règlements du gouvernement.

(e) Le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les propriétés de la compagnie et de coloniser ces dernières, et pour ces fins prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou subventions de terre et protéger la compagnie suivant la loi.

(f) Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions de terres ou d'argent à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer sur les terres de la compagnie ou partant d'icelles et se rendant à quelque point ou place rapprochée d'une ligne de chemin de fer existant déjà ou y attenant, avec le droit de construire, exploiter et utiliser des lignes de télégraphe, tramways et canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins, ponts et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie.

(g) Le droit de manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie ;

(h) Et pour ces fins le droit d'avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre et trafiquer des propriétés personnelles et immobilières, avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou incidents dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ;

(i) Le droit de construire, maintenir et réparer les routes et ponts ordinaires ;

(j) Le droit de secourir les immigrants venant des pays étrangers ou d'une autre province aux fins de les induire à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

(k) Le droit d'agir comme agent pour n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour l'achat ou la vente des terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada.

(l) Le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de faire l'élevage, la vente et l'achat de toute espèce d'animaux, chevaux, moutons, cochons, bestiaux et leurs produits.

(m) Le droit de travailler, vendre, utiliser ou autrement trafiquer toute espèce de produits miniers de la compagnie.

(n) Le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, moulins à moudre ou autres moulins, bâtiments, machines et ustensiles, avec le droit de faire en général toutes autres choses qui pourraient aider à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins.

(o) Le droit de s'amalgamer avec n'importe quelle autre société de colonisation et de transférer les privilèges, actif et droits de la compagnie ou d'acquérir les privilèges, actif et droits de n'importe quelle autre compagnie, avec le droit d'obtenir un transport en conséquence ou de s'amalgamer à une autre compagnie.

2. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie sera la cité d'Hamilton, Ont., avec des succursales à tels autres endroits suivant que l'exigeront les affaires de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 1000, d'une valeur de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants, savoir :—

George Roach, de la cité d'Hamilton, gentilhomme ; Robert Evans, du même lieu, marchand ; James Murray Lottridge, du même lieu, manufacturier ; Hugh Duncan Cameron, du même lieu, banquier ; Hugh Murray, du même lieu, marchand ; Charles Robinson Smith, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas Lawry, du même lieu, marchand ; Robert McKeechie, de la ville de Dundas, dans le comté de Wentworth, manufacturier ; tous devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie. Tous résident au Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Hamilton, 18 avril 1882.

43-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres des Cultivateurs des rivières Saskatchewan et aux Carottes, à responsabilité limitée," (The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company, limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être incorporée est le suivant :

3. Acquérir des terres par achat, bail, échange ou autrement dans la province du Manitoba et dans les Territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement fédéral ou des gouvernements provinciaux, ou de toute corporation ou individus ; de vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer des dites terres ; d'arpenter, coloniser, établir, cultiver, améliorer les dites terres, et y faire des constructions ; d'avancer des deniers et aider aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres, avec pouvoir de s'assurer du remboursement de ces avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle manière, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement qu'il sera convenu de part et d'autre ; de construire et acquérir ou louer des moulins à farine, scieries, et autres ; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres, et d'acheter et vendre des articles et produits de toutes sortes ; de construire, acquérir et employer des bateaux à vapeur et autres bateaux pour les fins de la compagnie ; d'aider au moyen de bons, dons d'argent, octrois de terres ou autrement, toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou bateaux à vapeur et autres afin de faciliter l'accès aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie ; de construire et

entretenir tous ponts et quais nécessaires ; d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux, et de faire dans toutes ses branches, la culture, et l'élevage des bestiaux ; et généralement de faire toutes choses nécessaires ou tendant à atteindre le but susdit.

4. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario.

5. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

6. Le nombre de parts de la compagnie sera de dix mille ; le montant de chaque action sera de cent piastres.

7. Les nom, prénom, adresse et occupation des dits requérants sont :—Alexander Manning, de la cité de Toronto, capitaliste ; Philip McRae, de la cité de Montréal, entrepreneur ; Charles James Campbell, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; Peter McLaren, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de bois ; Dennis Ryan, de la cité de Saint-Paul, cultivateur, et John Proctor, de la cité de Hamilton, marchand.

8. Les personnes suivantes seront les directeurs provisoires de la compagnie : Alexander Manning, John Proctor, et Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 21 avril, 1882.

43-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie de colonisation des Colons" (limitée).

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la Province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus et les trafiquer de toute façon.

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir en général ces derniers soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, suivant quel aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions et d'aider autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises se rattachant à l'ouverture des dites terres, y compris les lignes de bateaux, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres entreprises qui peuvent être jugées utiles pour la réalisation des fins que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour avancer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toute façon et de tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et

établir la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le principal siège des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto avec des succursales au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de trois cent mille piastres divisé en trois mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Thomas Lailey, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Stark, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; John Dryden, du village de Brooklin, écuyer ; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en médecine ; William Stewart, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; James Watson, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edward John Stobo, de la ville de Peterboro, membre du clergé ; William Buck, de la cité de Brantford, fondeur de fer ; Charles Raymond, de la cité de Guclph, manufacturier ; Archibald Alexander Cameron, de la cité d'Ottawa, membre du clergé ; George Booth, de la cité de Toronto, manufacturier ; William Elliot, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Harvard Castle, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; William Muir, de la cité de Toronto, membre du clergé ; William Joseph Copp, de la cité d'Hamilton, fondeur de fer, George Richardson, du village de Colborne, membre du clergé ; Frederick Beyers, du village de Carleton Place, fondeur de fer.

Les onze premiers seront directeurs provisoires, et ils résident tous en Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Toronto, 20 avril, 1882.

43-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d.) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; le droit de faire des opérations d'agriculture et de développer les ressources de la

compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie, et d'émettre des débentures garanties par les terres de la compagnie, ou autrement, pour les mêmes fins ; le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres, d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis ; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine ; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie ; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada ; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$600,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de 6,000 d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward Carter, James Haywood, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto ; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand ; dont les personnes suivantes seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :—William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 19 avril 1882.

43-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de colonisation de Wellington et du Nord-Ouest."

1. Les fins que se proposent la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus des bâtiments, et les hypothéquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit d'acheter, acquérir, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en

trafiquer de toute façon les intérêts soit agricoles ou forestiers, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, prêter de l'argent et aider de toute façon aux colons, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt aux conditions dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre au moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu ; le droit d'aider soit par subventions ou autrement, à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à l'exécution de toutes les entreprises pouvant aider à l'établissement des dites terres, lignes de bateaux à vapeur, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles dans la réalisation des fins de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre des propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de cette dernière ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir, aider, et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays.

2. La cité de Guelph sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$200,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 2,000, chacune d'elle devant être de cent piastres.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—William Bell, de la cité de Guelph, dans la province d'Ontario, fabricant d'orgues ; Thomas Goldie, du même lieu, meunier ; James Peebles, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *World* ; Alexander Watson Alexander, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie des orgues de Bell, et Henry Walter Metcalf, du même lieu, fabricant d'orgues.

Les quatre premiers des dits requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents de la cité de Guelph, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

GUTHRIE ET WATT,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Guelph, 13 avril 1882.

42-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnés :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de Colonisation des terres de Battleford et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit de vendre, louer, affermer, hypothéquer et, en général, trafiquer les dites terres de même que les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autre-

ment, avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions et autres secours pour la construction et le maintien de chemins de fer à travers les dites terres et l'exécution de n'importe quelle autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres et jugée utile aux fins de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés mobilières ou immobilières et les droits en icelles requis par la compagnie pour l'avancement de ses intérêts ou de ceux des colons établis sur les terres ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins ; le droit de développer, encourager et secourir l'immigration avec le droit de secourir les immigrants de toute façon qui peut être utile au développement et à la colonisation de la contrée et à l'avancement des intérêts de la compagnie ou du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera à Mono Mills, dans le district électoral de Cardwell, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts de ce fonds social sera de deux mille cinq cent, et chaque part sera de cent piastres.

6. Les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :—

Robert Lawrence, de Mono Mills, médecin ; John Kelly, du township d'Adjala, cultivateur ; Silas Huntingdon Foster, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; Henry Bracken, du township d'Adjala, meunier ; Henry Allison, du township de King, cultivateur ; George Kidd, de Mono Mills, cultivateur, tous de la province d'Ontario. Et les dits requérants dont les noms sont ci-dessus mentionnés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

ROBERT LAWRENCE,

Pour les requérants.

Daté à Mono Mills, ce 28 mars 1882.

41-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte en vertu du dit acte, constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées, qui sont les requérants, pour les fins ci-après énumérées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres de Hamilton" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

Le droit d'acheter et acquérir de toute façon des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou individus.

Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou trafiquer d'une façon quelconque les dites terres.

Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres et ériger dessus des constructions.

Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques créées sur icelles comme prix d'achat ou garanties à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'on les aura fixés de part et d'autre, avec le droit de retenir telles hypothèques données comme prix d'achat et de les transporter par un document soit écrit en entier ou en partie écrit et imprimé, sujet aux conditions faites pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles aux taux qui auront été convenus de part et d'autre.

Le droit de construire et réparer des routes ordinaires et ponts, assister les immigrants venant de pays étrangers et colons venant des autres provinces,

avec le droit de les aider à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée est de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille et le montant de chacune d'elles sera de cent piastres.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

Valancey England Fuller, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans le comté de Wentworth, avocat; John Proctor, du même lieu, marchand; Reginald Aeneas Kennedy, du même lieu, éditeur; George Albertus Cox, de la ville de Peterborough, dans le comté de Peterborough, gérant de chemin de fer, et Robert Jaffray, de la cité de Toronto, dans le comté de York, marchand, tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés, résidents du Canada, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 3 avril 1882.

41-6

ACTE DU CANADA DE 1877 CONCERNANT LES COMPAGNIES A FONDS SOCIAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné que durant le mois qui suivra la dernière insertion du présent avis les requérants ci après nommés s'adresseront par pétition au gouverneur-général à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie des Ranches des Cantons de l'Est" (limitée.)

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit d'élever des bestiaux, chevaux, mules, moutons et cochons dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

Le droit d'acheter, vendre et trafiquer les dits animaux dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs, y compris le droit d'acquérir, détenir et améliorer les propriétés requises à cette fin.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera dans la ville de Sherbrooke, province de Québec.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de cent mille piastres.

5. Le nombre de parts sera de mille, de cent piastres chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de de chacun des requérants : L'honorable Matthew Henry Cochrane, du township de Compton, sénateur; William White, de la ville de Sherbrooke, avocat; William Farwell, de la dite ville de Sherbrooke, gérant de banque; Charles Carroll Colby, du village de Stanstead, avocat; John McLary, du township de Compton, cultivateur, et Edward Towle Brooks, de la dite ville de Sherbrooke, avocat, tous, de la province de Québec, devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

BROOKS, CAMIRAND ET HURD,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Sherbrooke, 5 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné, sous l'autorité de "l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient

plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie Canadienne pour l'exportation des fruits, à responsabilité limitée."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corporation sont :—

(a.) D'acheter et vendre des brevets d'invention canadiens ou étrangers, qui sont déjà émis ou qui le seront ci-après, pour conserver ou préserver les fruits ou légumes, et les emballer soit pour l'exportation soit pour l'emmagasinage.

(b.) De fabriquer des armoires ou garde fruits pour les maisons et magasins, et des boîtes à fruit pour le transport des fruits, et de vendre ce dit droit de fabrication à d'autres, soit complètement et sans réserve soit en se réservant un droit régalien.

(c.) D'acheter et vendre des fruits et légumes de toutes espèces et nature que ce soit, de les exporter du Canada ou de les y importer, et d'emballer les dits fruits et légumes dans des boîtes et les vendre en Canada ou à l'étranger.

(d.) D'acquérir des propriétés, mobilières et immobilières, et de construire les édifices nécessaires aux opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres (\$50,000.)

5. Le nombre de parts est de cinq cent, de la valeur de cent piastres chaque.

6. Les nom, prénom, occupation et adresse de chacun des requérants sont respectivement comme suit :—George Albert Cochrane, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, gentilhomme; Francis Ernest Gilman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat; Thomas Craig, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, caissier; Edward Kirk Greene, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, marchand; David Timothy Irish, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, agent; James Naismith Greenshields, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, avocat, et Charles Henry Cordingley, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, distillateur.

7. Les premiers ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie seront les susdits George Albert Cochrane, Frank Ernest Gilman, Thomas Craig, Edward Kirk Greene, David Timothy Irish, James Naismith Greenshields, et Charles Henry Cordingley, qui tous sont sujets de Sa Majesté et résident en Canada.

GREENSHIELDS, BUSTEED ET GUÉRIN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 6 avril 1882.

41-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil, en vertu du dit acte, pour l'obtention de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient plus tard devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie projetée, en corps politique et incorporé sous l'autorité du dit acte, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Qu'Appelle et des Buttes de Tondre."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts quelconques en icelles en Canada, soit par achat ou autrement de tout gouvernement, corporation ou individu; le droit de les acheter, améliorer, coloniser, cultiver, vendre, céder, hypothéquer et louer, d'y construire des maisons et autrement en disposer.

De prendre des hypothèques et autres garanties en paiement des dites terres ou autre propriété de la compagnie à tels taux d'intérêt qui pourront être con-

venus de part et d'autre, et de vendre et transporter ces hypothèques ou autres garanties.

D'avancer des deniers aux colons ou acheteurs des terres, et les aider d'autre manière, et de prendre des sûretés pour le remboursement de ces créances et aide avec intérêt à tel taux d'intérêt qui pourra être convenu soit par hypothèques sur les terres ou autrement.

De donner des bois ou autre aide aux chemins de fer et autres entreprises et travaux passant sur les terres de la dite compagnie, jugés utiles pour les ouvrir ou les améliorer, ou tendant à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie.

D'encourager, développer et aider l'immigration en Canada, de la Grande-Bretagne et de pays étrangers.

De construire, acquérir, maintenir et exploiter sur les dites terres et en rapport avec elles des scieries et des moulins à farine et manufactures, et de vendre et disposer de tout et chacun des dits moulins et manufactures et de leurs produits; et de construire, entretenir et exploiter des tramways, lignes télégraphiques, canaux, réservoirs, chemins, rues, ponts et autres travaux en rapport avec les dites terres, ou autrement favorisant les intérêts de la dite compagnie.

Produire, acheter et vendre des bestiaux sur pied, des grains et autres produits du sol, et de vendre et acheter des biens immobiliers en général.

Le pouvoir d'emprunter sur le crédit de la compagnie ou sur la garantie de ses propriétés, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement, et de faire des placements de deniers, et généralement tous autres pouvoirs qui seront utiles ou nécessaires aux fins que se propose la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des affaires de la dite compagnie sera en la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, avec pouvoir d'établir des succursales et agences ailleurs dans et en dehors du Canada, mais la première assemblée des directeurs provisoires et des actionnaires pourra être tenue à tout endroit en Canada que la majorité des dits directeurs décidera, et les assemblées subséquentes des directeurs provisoires et des directeurs élus et des actionnaires auront lieu à l'endroit choisi par les dits directeurs provisoires ou directeurs élus.

4. Le montant du fonds social sera de \$300,000.

5. Le nombre des actions sera de douze mille, et le montant de chaque action sera de vingt-cinq piastres.

Les noms, prénoms, occupations et adresses de chacun des requérants sont comme suit: James Murray, propriétaire de navires, James Livingston, cultivateur, Charles Peters Camp, jardinier, Hiram Blavill Hamill, artisan, et William John Murray, maître marin, tous de la cité de Ste. Catherine, dans le comté de Lincoln, et province d'Ontario, lesquels seront les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

A FERGUSON,

Solliciteur des requérants.

Daté à Ottawa, avril 1882.

41-6

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

A VIS est par le présent donné, qu'un mois après la première publication de cet avis, c'est l'intention des liquidateurs de distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la banque toute balance qui n'aura pas été réclamée jusque là, avec tout intérêt accru dessus, du montant réservé pour le paiement des dettes ordinaires et des billets de banque en circulation et n'ayant pas été payés quand sera déclaré le dernier dividende aux actionnaires, en conformité de l'Acte 40 Vict., chap. 56.

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,

Secrétaire.

Montréal 13 mai 1882.

46-4

A VIS est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de la section 10, sous-section 2 de l'acte de 1875 concernant les droits d'auteur, que le

5

soussigné G. B. Bemister, du Portage La Prairie, dans la Province du Manitoba, a dûment enregistré une application au bureau du Ministre de l'Agriculture pour l'obtention d'un droit d'auteur par intérim concernant une carte appelée "La carte de la ville du Portage La Prairie et de ses environs," et qu'un certificat de tel enregistrement a été accordé le 2 mai 1882.

G. B. BEMISTER,
Par O'CONNOR ET HOGG,
Ses procureurs.

Ottawa, 3 mai 1882.

45-1

LA BANQUE JACQUES-CARTIER.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, et qu'il sera payable au bureau de la banque en la cité de Montréal, le et après le premier jour du mois de juin prochain. Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, mercredi, le vingt-unième jour de juin prochain, à une heure p.m.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. DE MARTIGNY,
Caissier.

Montréal, 27 avril, 1882.

44-5

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent a été déclaré sur le capital payé de cette institution pour le semestre courant, et sera payable au bureau de la banque, le et après jeudi, le premier juin prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 22 au 31 mai, ces deux jours inclus.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires, pour l'élection des directeurs et la transaction des affaires en général, aura lieu au bureau de la dite banque, à Montréal, mercredi, le vingt et un juin prochain, à midi.

Par ordre du bureau,

UBALDE GARAND,
Caissier.

44-5

BANQUE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de cinq pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville et à ses succursales le et après le jeudi, premier jour de juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, lundi le 5e jour de juin prochain. La séance sera ouverte à 1 heure.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. MACNIDER,
Assistant gérant général

Montréal, 25 avril 1882.

44 6

CHEMIN DE FER CANADIEN DU PACIFIQUE.

A VIS.—Une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de cette compagnie aura lieu le vingt-deuxième jour de mai prochain au bureau de la compagnie à Montréal, à midi, pour examiner et confirmer un acte d'arrangement pour l'achat de la section Ouest du chemin de fer Québec, Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental, exécuté le quatrième jour de mars dernier, et passé par la législature de la province de Québec.

Par ordre du bureau,

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secrétaire.

44-4

BANQUE DE QUEBEC.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, que tel dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville, le et après jeudi le premier jour de juin prochain.

Les livres de transport sont clos du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, lundi le cinquième jour de juin prochain.

Le président prendra le fauteuil à trois heures P. M.

Par ordre du bureau,

J. STEVENSON,

Caissier.

44-4

Québec, 27 avril 1882.

BANQUE DES MARCHANDS DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent pour le semestre courant, étant au taux de sept pour cent par année, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque, en cette ville, le et après le jeudi, 1er juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 18 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, mercredi le 21 juin prochain.

La séance s'ouvrira à midi précis.

Par ordre du bureau,

G. HAGUE,

Gérant général.

44-5

Montréal, 22 avril, 1882.

BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée finale des actionnaires de cette banque aura lieu au No. 26, rue Saint-François-Xavier, Montréal, à 1 heure p.m., le 22 mai prochain, pour recevoir le rapport final des liquidateurs et pour faire toutes autres choses qu'il est loisible aux actionnaires de faire à telle assemblée finale en vertu de l'acte intitulé "Acte pour autoriser la liquidation des affaires de la banque Métropolitaine."

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,

Secrétaire.

41-7

Montréal, 4 avril 1882.

A VIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. McGOON,

Secrétaire-trésorier.

36-13

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



CHAMBER OF THE SENATE.

OTTAWA, Wednesday, 17th May, 1882.

This day at Five o'clock p.m. His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL proceeded in state to the Chamber of the Senate, in the Parliament Buildings, and took his seat upon the Throne. The Members of the Senate being assembled, His Excellency was pleased to command the attendance of the House of Commons, and that House being present, the following Bills were assented to, in Her Majesty's name, by His Excellency the Governor General, viz:—

- An Act respecting the Canada Southern Railway Company, and the Erie and Niagara Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Manitoba Bank.
- An Act to incorporate The St. Lawrence Marine Insurance Company of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate the North Western Bank.
- An Act respecting The Niagara Grand Island Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Lake Superior and James' Bay Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Ottawa and Arnprior Junction Railway Company.
- An Act respecting the Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.
- An Act to incorporate the Sault Ste. Marie Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Saskatchewan and Peace River Railway Company.
- An Act to authorize and provide for the winding up of the Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company.
- An Act to further amend the Act incorporating the Mutual Life Association of Canada and to change the name thereof to "The Life Association of Canada."

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



CHAMBRE DU SÉNAT.

OTTAWA, mercredi, 17 mai 1882.

Aujourd'hui, à cinq heures P. M., SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR-GÉNÉRAL s'est rendue, avec le cérémonial ordinaire, à la Chambre du Sénat, dans l'édifice du Parlement, et a pris son siège sur le Trône. Les Membres du Sénat étant assemblés, il a plu à Son Excellence d'y faire requérir la présence de la Chambre des Communes, et cette Chambre s'y étant rendue, les Bills suivants ont été sanctionnés au nom de Sa Majesté par Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général, savoir :

- Acte concernant la compagnie du chemin de fer du Sud du Canada et la compagnie du chemin de fer d'Erie et Niagara.
- Acte pour incorporer la Banque du Manitoba.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie d'Assurance Maritime Saint-Laurent du Canada.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Banque du Nord-Ouest.
- Acte concernant la Compagnie du Pont de la Grande Ile de Niagara.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la "Compagnie du chemin de fer du Lac Supérieur à la Baie de James."
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la Compagnie du chemin de fer de Jonction d'Ottawa et Arnprior.
- Acte concernant la Compagnie d'Assurance Mutuelle sur la Vie, de Montréal, dite du Soleil.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du Pont du Sault-Sainte-Marie.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du chemin de fer des rivières Saskatchewan et de la Paix.
- Acte à l'effet d'autoriser et prescrire la liquidation des affaires de la Compagnie d'assurance de la Puissance contre l'incendie et les dangers de la navigation.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender de nouveau l'acte constitutif de l'Association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie du Canada, et de changer son nom en celui d'Association sur la Vie, du Canada.

- An Act to revive and amend the charter of the Chartered Bank of London and North America, and to change the name thereof to "The Chartered Bank of London and Winnipeg."
- An Act to incorporate the Nova Scotia Steamship Company (Limited.)
- An Act to amend and consolidate as amended the several Acts relating to the British America Assurance Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Planters Bank of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Saskatchewan and for other purposes connected therewith.
- An Act respecting the New York and Ontario Furnace Company.
- An Act respecting the Portage, Westbourne and North Western Railway Company.
- An Act concerning marriage with a deceased wife's sister.
- An Act to amend the Acts relating to the Great Western Railway Company.
- An Act to empower the Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company to wind up their affairs, and to relinquish their charter and to provide for the dissolution of the said Company.
- An Act to amend and extend the Act to empower the Stadacona Fire and Life Insurance Company to relinquish their charter, and to provide for the winding up of their affairs.
- An Act to incorporate the Tecumseh Insurance Company of Canada.
- An Act respecting the Exchange Bank of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia.
- An Act to amend the Act incorporating the North American Mutual Life Insurance Company, and to change the name thereof to the "North American Life Assurance Company."
- An Act to amend the Act incorporating "The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association" and to change the name of the said company to "The Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company of Canada."
- An Act to reduce the capital stock of the Ontario Bank and to change the nominal value of the shares thereof, and for other purposes.
- An Act to incorporate the Western Bank of Canada.
- An Act relating to the Canada Southern Bridge Company.
- An Act to amend the Act to incorporate the South Saskatchewan Valley Railway Company.
- An Act further to amend the Act incorporating the Souris and Rocky Mountains Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Ocean Mutual Marine Insurance Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Edison Electric Light Company of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate The Quebec Timber Company (Limited).
- An Act to incorporate The Lake Athabaska and Hudson Bay Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Thomson and Houston's Electric Light Company of Canada.
- An Act to make further provision for the improvement of the River St. Lawrence between Montreal and Quebec.
- An Act to authorize the Canada Co-operative Supply Association, limited, to issue preference stock.
- An Act to grant certain powers to the "C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company" and to change the name thereof to the "Williams Manufacturing Company."
- An Act to incorporate the Sisters of Charity of the North West Territories.
- An Act to amend the charter of the Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company.
- Acte pour remettre en vigueur et amender l'acte de la Banque Chartée de Londres et de l'Amérique du Nord et changer son nom en celui de "La Banque Chartée de Londres et de Winnipeg."
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie de Steamers de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, (à responsabilité limitée).
- Acte à l'effet d'amender et refondre tels qu'amendés les différents actes concernant la Compagnie d'Assurance de l'Amérique Britannique.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Banque des Planteurs du Canada.
- Acte pour incorporer le Synode du diocèse de la Saskatchewan et pour d'autres fins s'y rattachant.
- Acte concernant la Compagnie des Hauts Fourneaux de New-York et Ontario.
- Acte concernant la Compagnie du chemin de fer du Portage, de Westbourne et du Nord-Ouest.
- Acte concernant le mariage avec la sœur de la femme défunte.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender les actes relatifs à la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand-Occidental.
- Acte à l'effet d'autoriser la compagnie d'Assurance Agricole d'Ottawa à liquider ses affaires, à renoncer à sa charte et à pourvoir à sa dissolution.
- Acte pour amender et amplifier "l'Acte pour autoriser la Compagnie d'Assurance de Stadacona contre le feu et sur la vie à renoncer à sa charte et établir un mode de liquider ses affaires."
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie d'Assurance Tecumseh du Canada.
- Acte concernant la Banque d'Echange de Yarmouth, Nouvelle-Ecosse.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte incorporant la Compagnie d'Assurance Mutuelle de l'Amérique du Nord, sur la Vie, et de changer son nom en celui de "Compagnie d'Assurance de l'Amérique du Nord, sur la Vie."
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte qui incorpore "l'Association d'assurance canadienne des personnes qui font usage de la vapeur," et de changer le nom de la dite compagnie en celui de "Compagnie canadienne d'inspection et d'assurance des chaudières à vapeur."
- Acte à l'effet de réduire le capital social de la Banque d'Ontario, de changer la valeur nominale de ses actions, et pour d'autres fins.
- Acte pour incorporer la Banque de l'Ouest du Canada.
- Acte concernant la Compagnie du Pont du Sud du Canada.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte pour incorporer la Compagnie du chemin de fer de la Vallée de la Saskatchewan-Sud.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender de nouveau l'acte constitutif de la Compagnie du chemin de fer de la Souris aux Montagnes-Rocheuses.
- Acte pour constituer en corporation la Compagnie d'Assurance Mutuelle Maritime l'Océan.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la "Compagnie Edison d'Eclairage Electrique du Canada."
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie des Bois de Quebec (à responsabilité limitée.)
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du chemin de fer du Lac Athabaskaw à la Baie d'Hudson.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la "Compagnie Mutuelle de Télégraphe du Canada."
- Acte concernant la Compagnie Thomson et Houston d'Eclairage Electrique du Canada.
- Acte à l'effet de pourvoir davantage à l'amélioration du fleuve Saint-Laurent entre Montréal et Québec.
- Acte à l'effet d'autoriser l'Association Coopérative du Canada (à responsabilité limitée) à émettre des actions-priorité.
- Acte à l'effet d'accorder certains pouvoirs à la "Compagnie Manufacturière C. W. Williams," et de changer son nom en celui de "Compagnie Manufacturière Williams."
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation les Sœurs de Charité des Territoires du Nord-Ouest.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender la charte de la compagnie dite "The Fellowes' Medical Manufacturing Company."

- An Act further to amend the Acts to provide for the improvement and management of the Harbour of Quebec.
- An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company, and to authorize the said Company to erect a bridge over the River Ottawa.
- An Act respecting the Commercial Travellers Association of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate the Montreal and Central Canada Railway Company.
- An Act to exempt vessels employed in fishing from the payment of duties for the relief of sick and distressed mariners.
- An Act to incorporate the St. John's Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Winnipeg and Springfield Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Richelieu Bridge Company.
- An Act to provide for the improvement and management of the Harbour of Three Rivers.
- An Act to amend the Act thirty-fifth Victoria, chapter forty-two, respecting the appointment of a Harbour Master for the Port of Halifax.
- An Act to authorize the construction, on certain conditions, of the Canadian Pacific Railway through some Pass other than the Yellow Head Pass.
- An Act for amending the Acts relating to The Trust and Loan Company of Canada and for enlarging the powers of the said Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Royal Canadian Academy of Arts.
- An Act respecting a certain agreement between the Canadian Securities Company and the Liquidators of the Consolidated Bank of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate the Niagara Peninsula Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Ottawa, Waddington and New York Railway and Bridge Company.
- An Act to amend the Act of the late Province of Canada intituled: "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, and the Acts amending the same.
- An Act to amend the Act of the late Province of Canada, intituled: "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers, Widows and Orphans Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto.
- An Act to extend and amend the Acts relating to the Canada Landed Credit Company.
- An Act to amend The General Port Wardens' Act, 1874.
- An Act to make further provision respecting the incorporation of a Company to establish a Marine Telegraph between the Pacific coast of Canada and Asia.
- An Act further to amend the Act respecting the Trinity House and Harbour Commissioners of Montreal.
- An Act to amend the Act fortieth Victoria, chapter thirty, intituled: "An Act to make provision against the improper use of fire-arms.
- An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Militia and Defence of the Dominion of Canada.
- An Act respecting fugitive offenders in Canada from other parts of Her Majesty's Dominion.
- An Act to amend and further to continue in force for a limited time the Act Forty-third Victoria, chapter Thirty-six.
- An Act respecting the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.
- An Act respecting Bridges over navigable waters, constructed under the authority of Provincial Acts.
- An Act to amend An Act to amend and consolidate as amended the several enactments respecting the North-West Mounted Police Force.
- An Act respecting County Court Judges.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender de nouveau les actes concernant l'amélioration et l'administration du havre de Québec.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte incorporant la Compagnie du chemin de fer de Jonction de Pontiac au Pacifique, et d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa.
- Acte concernant l'Association des Commis Voyageurs du Canada.
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la compagnie du chemin de fer de Montréal au Canada central.
- Acte à l'effet d'exempter les navires employés à la pêche du paiement des droits pour le secours des marins malades et dans la détresse.
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la Compagnie du Pont de Saint-Jean.
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la Compagnie du Pont de Winnipeg à Springfield.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du Pont du Richelieu.
- Acte à l'effet de pourvoir à l'amélioration et à l'administration du havre de Trois-Rivières.
- Acte pour modifier l'Acte trente-cinq Victoria, chapitre quarante-deux, concernant la nomination d'un maître de havre pour le port d'Halifax.
- Acte autorisant, à certaines conditions, la construction du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique par une passe autre que celle de la Tête-Jaune.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender les actes concernant la "Compagnie de Dépôt et de Prêt du Canada," et d'accroître les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie.
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation l'Académie royale-canadienne des Arts.
- Acte concernant une certaine convention entre la Compagnie de Sûretés Canadiennes et les liquidateurs de la Banque Consolidée du Canada.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du Pont de la Péninsule de Niagara.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie de chemin de fer et de ponts d'Ottawa, Waddington et New-York.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte de la ci-devant province du Canada, intitulé "Acte pour incorporer le bureau d'administration des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et les actes qui l'amendent.
- Acte pour amender l'acte de la ci-devant province du Canada, intitulé: "Acte pour incorporer les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du synode de l'Eglise presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements.
- Acte à l'effet d'étendre et amender les actes relatifs à la Compagnie de Crédit Foncier du Canada.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'"Acte général des gardiens de port, 1874."
- Acte à l'effet d'établir de nouvelles dispositions au sujet de l'incorporation d'une compagnie pour établir un télégraphe sous marin entre la côte canadienne du Pacifique et l'Asie.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender de nouveau l'acte concernant la Maison de la Trinité et les Commissaires du Havre de Montréal.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte quarante Victoria, chapitre trente, intitulé: "Acte pour établir des dispositions contre l'usage abusif des armes à feu."
- Acte à l'effet d'amender les actes concernant la milice et la défense du Canada.
- Acte concernant les criminels ou délinquants d'une autre possession de Sa Majesté qui se réfugient en Canada.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender et de proroger de nouveau pour un certain temps l'acte quarante-trois Victoria, chapitre trente-six.
- Acte concernant la Compagnie du Pont et Tunnel de chemin de fer de la rivière Sainte-Claire.
- Acte concernant les ponts établis en vertu d'actes provinciaux sur des eaux navigables.
- Acte pour amender "l'Acte à l'effet d'amender et refondre telles qu'amendées les diverses dispositions concernant le corps de police à cheval du Nord-Ouest."
- Acte concernant les juges des cours de comté.

- An Act to incorporate the Ontario Pacific Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Calais and St. Stephen Railway Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company.
- An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston.
- An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company.
- An Act to incorporate the International Construction Company (Limited).
- An Act to incorporate the Great Eastern Railway Company.
- An Act to provide for the allowance of drawback on certain articles manufactured in Canada, for use in the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway.
- An Act respecting the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway.
- An Act respecting the sale of Railway Passenger Tickets.
- An Act respecting the Harbour and River Police of the Province of Quebec.
- An Act to incorporate the Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company (Limited).
- An Act to incorporate the Great America and European and Short Line Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Qu'Appelle Land Company (Limited).
- An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Bell Telephone Company of Canada.
- An Act to amend the Act forty-second Victoria, chapter forty, intituled "An Act to amend The Maritime Jurisdiction Act, 1877," and to make further provision for the recovery of the wages of seamen employed on vessels navigating the inland waters of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate the "Canada Provident Association."
- An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts relating to the office of Port Warden for the Harbour of Montreal.
- An Act to amend the Act of the present Session, intituled "An Act to reduce the capital stock of the Ontario Bank and to change the nominal value of the shares thereof, and for other purposes."
- An Act respecting the Civil Service of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate The McClary Manufacturing Company.
- An Act to further amend the law respecting Building Societies and Loan and Savings Companies carrying on business in the Province of Ontario.
- An Act to repeal certain provisions of the General Inspection Act, 1874.
- An Act further to amend "The Pilotage Act, 1873," and the other Acts therein mentioned.
- An Act to provide for the free transmission of the Canadian newspapers by mail within the Dominion.
- An Act to remove certain doubts as to the effect of "The North-West Territories Act, 1880," and to amend the same.
- An Act to further amend "The Seamen's Act, 1873."
- An Act to make further provisions respecting Light Houses, Buoys and Beacons.
- An Act to correct certain errors in the French version at "The Dominion Lands Act" and "The Dominion Lands Act, 1879."
- An Act to amend the Act respecting the Harbour of North Sydney, in Nova Scotia.
- An Act to provide for building certain Branch Lines of Railway from points on the Intercolonial Railway and Prince Edward Island Railway respectively.
- An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the inspection of Steamboats and the examination and licensing of Engineers employed on them.
- An Act to readjust the Representation in the House of Commons, and for other purposes.
- An Act for increasing during a certain time, the yearly subsidy to the Province of Manitoba.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du chemin de fer du Pacifique d'Ontario.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du Pont de chemin de fer de Calais à St-Stephens.
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la Compagnie du chemin de fer Central de Rapid-City.
- Acte concernant le Collège de la Reine à Kingston.
- Acte à l'effet de refondre et amender les actes concernant la Compagnie du Télégraphe de Montréal.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie Internationale de Construction (à responsabilité limitée).
- Acte pour constituer en corporation la Compagnie de chemin de fer Grand Oriental.
- Acte à l'effet d'autoriser un drawback sur certains articles fabriqués en Canada pour être employés à la construction du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique.
- Acte concernant le chemin de fer de Québec, Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental.
- Acte concernant la vente des billets de chemins de fer.
- Acte concernant la police de port et de rivière de la province de Québec.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du chemin de fer de transport maritime de Chignectou (à responsabilité limitée.)
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la Compagnie du chemin de fer de la Grande Ligne directe américaine-européenne.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie de terres de la Qu'Appelle (à responsabilité limitée.)
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constitutif de la Compagnie Canadienne de Téléphone Bell.
- Acte à l'effet de modifier l'acte quarante-deux Victoria, chapitre quarante, intitulé "*Acte pour amender l'acte de Jurisdiction Maritime, 1877,*" et d'établir de nouvelles dispositions pour le recouvrement des gages des matelots employés sur les navires naviguant sur les eaux intérieures du Canada.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer l'Association de Secours Mutuels du Canada.
- Acte pour amender et refondre les actes relatifs à la charge de gardien de port du havre de Montréal.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte de la présente session intitulé : "Acte à l'effet de réduire le capital social de la banque d'Ontario et de changer la valeur nominale de ses actions et pour d'autres fins."
- Acte concernant le service civil du Canada.
- Acte pour incorporer la compagnie manufacturière McClary.
- Acte ayant pour objet d'amender la législation concernant les sociétés de construction et les compagnies de prêt et d'épargne qui opèrent dans la province d'Ontario.
- Acte abrogeant certaines dispositions de l'acte d'inspection général, 1874.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender de nouveau l'acte du pilotage, 1873, et les autres actes y mentionnés.
- Acte pour pourvoir à la transmission gratuite des journaux canadiens par la malle dans les limites du Canada.
- Acte ayant pour objet de lever certains doutes touchant l'effet de "*l'Acte des territoires du Nord-Ouest, (1880)*" et d'amender cette loi.
- Acte pour amender de nouveau l'acte concernant les matelots (1873).
- Acte portant de nouvelles dispositions concernant les phares, bouées et balises.
- Acte pour corriger certaines erreurs dans la version française de "*l'Acte des Terres de la Puissance,*" et de "*l'Acte des Terres Fédérales, (1879).*"
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte concernant le port de Sydney-Nord, dans la Nouvelle-Ecosse.
- Acte à l'effet de pourvoir à l'établissement de certaines voies ferrées s'embranchant sur le chemin de fer Intercolonial et sur le chemin de fer de l'Île du Prince-Edouard, respectivement.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender et refondre les actes concernant l'inspection des bateaux à vapeur et l'examen et la commission des mécaniciens qui y sont employés.
- Acte à l'effet de répartir de nouveau la représentation dans la Chambre des Communes, et pour d'autres fins.

An Act relating to the Harbour of Saint John, in the Province of New-Brunswick.

An Act to encourage the construction of Dry Docks by granting assistance on certain conditions to Companies constructing them.

An Act further to continue in force for a limited time "The better Prevention of Crime Act, 1878."

An Act to amend "The Extradition Act, 1877."

An Act declaratory of the meaning of the word Telegraph in certain cases.

An Act further to amend the several Acts imposing Duties of Customs now in force.

An Act to further amend "*The Indian Act*, 1880."

An Act to fix and provide for the payment of the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Ontario and of certain Judges and County Judges in Manitoba and New Brunswick.

An Act to provide for the granting of subsidies for the construction of certain lines of Railway therein mentioned.

An Act to increase the amount placed at the disposal of the Governor in Council by the Act 34 Victoria, chapter 8, for paying off claims on the Bank of Upper Canada.

An Act respecting the Windsor Branch of the Intercolonial Railway.

An Act to authorize an annual grant for the development of the Sea Fisheries and the encouraging of the building of Fishing Vessels.

Then the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons addressed His Excellency the Governor General as follows :

"MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

"In the name of the Commons, I present to Your Excellency a Bill intituled :—

"An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money required for defraying certain expenses of the Public Service, for the financial years ending respectively the 30th June, 1882, and the 30th June, 1883, and for other purposes relating to the Public service."

to which I humbly request Your Excellency's assent." To this Bill the Royal assent was signified in the following words :

"In Her Majesty's name, His Excellency the Governor General thanks Her Loyal subjects, accepts their benevolence, and assents to this Bill."

After which His Excellency the Governor General was pleased to closed the FOURTH SESSION of the FOURTH PARLIAMENT of the DOMINION with the following

SPEECH :

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate :

Gentlemen of the House of Commons :

I desire to convey to you my best thanks for the earnestness and assiduity which you have shown in the performance of your Parliamentary duties, and I am glad to believe that on returning to your homes you will find the country everywhere enjoying a large measure of prosperity.

The Civil Service Act will, I trust, be productive of the best results. It will improve the organization and add to the usefulness of that service, already so efficient.

Acte à l'effet d'augmenter, pendant un certain temps, la subvention annuelle de la province du Manitoba. Acte concernant le havre de Saint-Jean, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick.

Acte pour encourager la construction de bassins de radoub en accordant des subventions sous certaines conditions aux compagnies qui construiront de ces bassins.

Acte amendement "l'Acte d'extradition (1877)."

Acte à l'effet de proroger de nouveau pour un certain temps l' "Acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes 1878)"

Acte portant déclaration du sens du mot "télégraphe" en certains cas.

Acte pour amender de nouveau l'Acte relatif aux *Sauvages* (1880.)

Acte à l'effet de modifier de nouveau les différents actes imposant des droits de douane actuellement en vigueur.

Acte portant fixation et pourvoyant au paiement des traitements des juges de la Cour suprême de judicature d'Ontario et de certains juges et juges de cours de comté du Manitoba et du Nouveau-Brunswick.

Acte autorisant le paiement de subventions pour la construction de certaines lignes de chemin de fer y mentionnées.

Acte à l'effet d'augmenter la somme placée à la disposition du Gouverneur en conseil par l'Acte 34 Victoria, chapitre 8, pour payer les créanciers de la Banque du Haut Canada.

Acte concernant l'embranchement de Windsor du chemin de fer Intercolonial.

Acte autorisant un octroi annuel pour le développement des pêches maritimes et l'encouragement de la construction des navires de pêche.

Alors l'Honorable Orateur de la Chambre des Communes a adressé la parole à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général comme suit :

"QU'IL PLAISE A VOTRE EXCELLENCE :

"Au nom des Communes, je présente à Votre Excellence un bill intitulé :

"Acte pour accorder à Sa Majesté certaines sommes d'argent nécessaires pour subvenir à certaines dépenses du service public, pour les années fiscales expirant respectivement le 30 juin 1882, et le 30 juin 1883, et pour d'autres objets se rattachant au service public ;"

que je prie humblement Votre Excellence de sanctionner."

A ce bill la sanction royale a été donnée dans les termes suivants :

"Au nom de Sa Majesté, Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général remercie ses loyaux sujets, accepte leur bienveillance et sanctionne ce bill."

Après quoi, il a plu à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général de clore la QUATRIÈME SESSION du QUATRIÈME PARLEMENT de la PUISSANCE par le discours suivant :

DISCOURS.

Honorables Messieurs du Sénat :

Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes :

Je désire vous remercier sincèrement du zèle et de l'assiduité que vous avez mis à remplir vos devoirs parlementaires, et je suis heureux de croire qu'à votre retour dans vos foyers, vous trouverez, partout, le pays jouissant d'une grande prospérité.

L'Acte du service civil produira, j'en ai l'espoir, les meilleurs résultats, en améliorant l'organisation et le fonctionnement de ce service qui fonctionne déjà d'une manière si satisfaisante.

The measures relating to the extradition of fugitive offenders, to the winding up of insolvent Banks, Insurance Companies and Trading Corporations, and for amending the Criminal Law, are all of an important nature.

The appropriation in aid of Railway enterprise will tend greatly to open up vast tracts of fertile country hitherto almost inaccessible to the settler.

The annual grant for the encouragement of the sea fisheries and the improvement of the condition of the fishermen will be of great value to that important branch of the national industries.

The removal of the duties on tea and coffee will lessen the cost of those important articles of food to the people, and the repeal of the Stamp tax on Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes will be appreciated by the commercial community as a relief from an irksome burden, while the transmission of newspapers and periodicals free from postage will be accepted as a boon by the whole country.

Our manufacturers already in a prosperous condition will be further aided by the abolition of the duties on metals and other raw materials used in their several productions.

It is satisfactory to know that the buoyant state of the revenue will permit these reductions, amounting to about a million and a quarter of dollars, to be made without inconvenience.

During the recess my Ministers will continue their efforts to secure favourable commercial arrangements with France and Spain. In these endeavours the High Commissioner will receive the same hearty support from Her Majesty's Government and the Imperial Diplomacy as has already been given to him.

Such support must greatly strengthen Canada in any negotiations entered into for the improvement of her trade with Foreign Countries.

It has been the more readily accorded that Her Majesty's Government rely on no preference being given by Canada against the Trade or Products of the Mother Country.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons :

I thank you in Her Majesty's name for the supplies you have granted, which will be expended with all due attention to economy.

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate :

Gentlemen of the House of Commons :

I heartily congratulate you on the rapid and successful development of our manufacturing, agricultural and other industries.

I am, however, advised that their progress would have been still greater were it not that capitalists hesitate to embark their means in undertakings which would be injured, if not destroyed, by a change in the Trade and Fiscal Policy adopted by you in

Les Actes relatifs à l'extradition des criminels ou délinquants qui se réfugient en Canada, à la liquidation des affaires des banques, compagnies d'assurances et corporations de commerce en état d'insolvabilité, et l'acte amendant l'acte concernant l'administration de la justice criminelle, sont autant de mesures d'une nature importante.

Le crédit voté pour subventionner des entreprises de chemins de fer, contribuera grandement à ouvrir de vastes régions fertiles, jusqu'à présent inaccessibles aux colons.

Le crédit annuel affecté à l'encouragement des pêcheries maritimes et à l'amélioration de la position des pêcheurs sera de grande valeur pour cette branche importante des industries nationales.

L'abolition des droits sur le thé et le café réduira, pour la population, le prix de ces importantes denrées alimentaires ; l'abolition du droit de timbre sur les lettres de change et les billets promissoires sera appréciée par le commerce qu'elle soulagera d'un fardeau pénible, et la transmission des journaux et revues, francs de port, sera accueillie comme un bienfait par tout le pays.

Nos manufactures, déjà prospères, bénéficieront encore de l'abolition des droits sur les métaux et autres matières premières employées dans certaines fabrications.

Il est satisfaisant de constater que l'heureux état du revenu permettra d'opérer, sans inconvénient, ces réductions qui représentent annuellement un million et un quart de piastres.

Durant les vacances du parlement, mes ministres continueront leurs efforts pour arriver à des conventions commerciales avantageuses avec la France et l'Espagne. Dans ces démarches, le Haut Commissaire aura encore l'appui cordial du gouvernement de Sa Majesté et de la diplomatie impériale, appui que déjà on lui a prêté si volontiers.

Cet appui devra grandement fortifier le Canada dans toutes les négociations qui pourront être entamées en vue d'améliorer ses relations commerciales avec les pays étrangers.

Cet appui a été accordé d'autant plus volontiers que le gouvernement de Sa Majesté a confiance que le Canada n'établira point de distinction préjudiciable au commerce et aux produits de la mère-patrie.

Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes,

Au nom de Sa Majesté, je vous remercie des subsides que vous avez accordés et qui seront dépensés en ayant pleinement égard à l'économie.

Honorables Messieurs du Sénat,

Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes,

Je vous félicite cordialement de l'heureux et rapide développement de nos industries manufacturières, agricoles et autres.

On m'avise, néanmoins, que leur développement eût été encore plus considérable, si les capitalistes n'eussent pas hésité à engager leurs ressources dans des entreprises auxquelles un changement dans la politique commerciale et fiscale par vous adoptée en 1879, serait nuisible, s'il ne les ruinait pas.

1879. In order therefore to give the people, without further delay, an opportunity of expressing their deliberate opinion on this policy, and at the same time to bring into operation the measure for the readjustment of the representation in the House of Commons it is my intention to cause this Parliament to be dissolved at an early day.

The SPEAKER of the Senate then said :—

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate and Gentlemen of the House of Commons :

It is HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S will and pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued until Monday, the 26th day of June next to be here held, and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued until Monday, the 26th day of June next.

En conséquence, afin de donner sans délai au peuple une occasion d'exprimer son opinion formelle sur cette politique et, en même temps, de mettre en opération la mesure à l'effet de répartir de nouveau la représentation, dans la Chambre des Communes, c'est mon intention de dissoudre ce parlement à une date prochaine.

L'ORATEUR du Sénat alors dit :—

Honorables Messieurs du Sénat et Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes :

C'est le plaisir de SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR-GÉNÉRAL, que ce parlement soit prorogé jusqu'à lundi, le vingt-sixième jour de juin prochain, pour être tenu en ce lieu, et ce Parlement est, en conséquence, prorogé jusqu'à lundi, le vingt-sixième jour de juin prochain.



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DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 3rd May, 1882.

SAMUEL CRAWFORD, of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher and Clerk in Her Majesty's Customs.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

JOHN JOSEPH MCGEE, Esquire, Acting Clerk of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada; to be his Deputy for signing Warrants of Election, Proclamations, and all Writs for the Election of Members of the House of Commons under the provisions of the Dominion Election Act of 1874 and its amendments, whether the Governor General be absent or not.

19th May, 1882.

JOHN JOSEPH MCGEE, Esquire, Acting Clerk of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada; to be his Deputy with the power and for the purpose of signing Letters Patent of Incorporation under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877, whether the Governor General be absent or not.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to all whom it may concern—

GREETING :

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice and consent of Our Privy Council for Canada, to DISSOLVE the present Parliament of Canada, which stands prorogued to the TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next;

Now KNOW YE, that We do for that end publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby DISSOLVE the said Parliament of Canada accordingly: and the Senators and the Members of the House of Commons are discharged from their meeting and attendance on the said TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING.

WHEREAS We are desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament; We do make known Our Royal Will and Pleasure to call a Parliament, and do further declare that by the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, We have, this day, given Orders for issuing Our Writs in due form, for calling a Parliament in Our said Dominion, which Writs are to bear date on the EIGHTEENTH day of MAY instant, and to be returnable on the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. McGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING :

KNOW YE, that We, being desirous and resolved as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, summon and call together the House of Commons in and for Our said Dominion, to meet at Our City of Ottawa, in Our said Dominion, on MONDAY, the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next, then and there to have conference and treaty with the Great Men and Senate of Our said Dominion.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. McGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the thirty-second and thirty-third years of Our Reign, chaptered twenty-four, and intituled "An Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works," as amended by the Act passed in the thirty-third year of Our Reign, chaptered twenty-eight, and intituled "An Act to amend an Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day in such Proclamation named, the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof shall be in force in any place or places in Canada, in such Proclamation designated, within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any Railway, Canal or other Public Work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof should be in force;

And whereas it is in and by the said Acts further in effect enacted that the said Act first above mentioned or any such section or sections thereof shall, upon and after the day named in any such Proclamation as aforesaid, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation;

Now KNOW YE, that We do hereby under and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Acts and by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, proclaim and declare that upon, from and after the First day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, all the sections of the said first mentioned Act as so amended, excepting sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, shall be in force in the following localities, namely: all those portions of the Province of British Columbia in Our Dominion of Canada, lying within ten miles on each side of the located line of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Port Moody and Savona's Ferry including the line itself and extending for ten miles beyond either extremity thereof.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom those presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRD day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State

CHAMBER OF THE SENATE.

OTTAWA, Wednesday, 17th May, 1882.

This day at Five o'clock p.m. His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL proceeded in state to the Chamber of the Senate, in the Parliament Buildings, and took his seat upon the Throne. The Members of the Senate being assembled, His Excellency was pleased to command the attendance of the House of Commons, and that House being present, the following Bills were assented to, in Her Majesty's name, by His Excellency the Governor General, viz:—

- An Act to readjust the Representation in the House of Commons, and for other purposes.
- An Act respecting the Civil Service of Canada.
- An Act for increasing during a certain time, the yearly subsidy to the Province of Manitoba.
- An Act further to amend the several Acts imposing Duties of Customs now in force.
- An Act to provide for the allowance of drawback on certain articles manufactured in Canada, for use in the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway.
- An Act to amend the Inland Revenue Act, 1880.
- An Act to provide for the free transmission of the Canadian newspapers by mail within the Dominion.
- An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Militia and Defence of the Dominion of Canada.
- An Act to fix and provide for the payment of the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Ontario and of certain Judges and County Judges in Manitoba and New Brunswick.
- An Act respecting County Court Judges.
- An Act to increase the amount placed at the disposal of the Governor in Council by the Act 34 Victoria, chapter 8, for paying off claims on the Bank of Upper Canada.
- An Act to provide for the granting of subsidies for the construction of certain lines of Railway therein mentioned.
- An Act to provide for building certain Branch Lines of Railway from points on the Intercolonial Railway and Prince Edward Island Railway respectively.
- An Act respecting the Windsor Branch of the Intercolonial Railway.
- An Act to encourage the construction of Dry Docks by granting assistance on certain conditions to Companies constructing them.
- An Act to authorize an annual grant for the development of the Sea Fisheries and the encouraging of the building of Fishing Vessels.
- An Act to exempt vessels employed in fishing from the payment of duties for the relief of sick and distressed mariners.
- An Act to amend "The Extradition Act, 1877."
- An Act respecting fugitive offenders in Canada from other parts of Her Majesty's Dominion.
- An Act to further amend "The Patent Act of 1872."
- An Act respecting Insolvent Banks, Insurance Companies and Trading Corporations.
- An Act to further amend the law respecting Building Societies and Loan and Savings Companies carrying on business in the Province of Ontario.
- An Act to repeal certain provisions of the General Inspection Act, 1874.
- An Act further to amend the Petroleum Inspection Act, 1880.
- An Act to correct certain errors in the French version at "The Dominion Lands Act" and "The Dominion Lands Act, 1879."
- An Act to remove certain doubts as to the effect of "The North-West Territories Act, 1880," and to amend the same.
- An Act to amend An Act to amend and consolidate as amended the several enactments respecting the North-West Mounted Police Force.
- An Act to further amend "The Indian Act, 1880."
- An Act to amend and further to continue in force for a limited time the Act Forty-third Victoria, chapter Thirty-six.
- An Act further to amend "The Pilotage Act, 1873," and the other Acts therein mentioned.
- An Act to further amend "The Seamen's Act, 1873."
- An Act to amend the Act forty-second Victoria, chapter forty, intituled "An Act to amend The Maritime Jurisdiction Act, 1877," and to make further provision for the recovery of the wages of

seamen employed on vessels navigating the inland waters of Canada.

- An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the inspection of Steamboats and the examination and licensing of Engineers employed on them.
- An Act to make further provisions respecting Light Houses, Buoys and Beacons.
- An Act respecting Bridges over navigable waters, constructed under the authority of Provincial Acts.
- An Act further to continue in force for a limited time "The better Prevention of Crime Act, 1878."
- An Act to amend the Act fortieth Victoria, chapter thirty, intituled: "An Act to make provision against the improper use of fire-arms."
- An Act declaratory of the meaning of the word Telegraph in certain cases.
- An Act respecting the sale of Railway Passenger Tickets.
- An Act concerning marriage with a deceased wife's sister.
- An Act further to amend the Act respecting the Trinity House and Harbour Commissioners of Montreal.
- An Act to make further provision for the improvement of the River St. Lawrence between Montreal and Quebec.
- An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts relating to the office of Port Warden for the Harbour of Montreal.
- An Act to amend The General Port Wardens' Act, 1874.
- An Act further to amend the Acts to provide for the improvement and management of the Harbour of Quebec.
- An Act respecting the Harbour and River Police of the Province of Quebec.
- An Act to amend the Act thirty-fifth Victoria, chapter forty-two, respecting the appointment of a Harbour Master for the Port of Halifax.
- An Act to amend the Act respecting the Harbour of North Sydney, in Nova Scotia.
- An Act relating to the Harbour of Saint John, in the Province of New-Brunswick.
- An Act to provide for the improvement and management of the Harbour of Three Rivers.
- An Act to authorize the construction, on certain conditions, of the Canadian Pacific Railway through some Pass other than the Yellow Head Pass.
- An Act to make further provision respecting the incorporation of a Company to establish a Marine Telegraph between the Pacific coast of Canada and Asia.
- An Act to provide for the granting of a Subsidy to the Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company (limited).
- An Act to reduce the capital stock of the Ontario Bank and to change the nominal value of the shares thereof, and for other purposes.
- An Act to amend the Act of the present Session, intituled "An Act to reduce the capital stock of the Ontario Bank and to change the nominal value of the shares thereof, and for other purposes."
- An Act to revive and amend the charter of the Chartered Bank of London and North America, and to change the name thereof to "The Chartered Bank of London and Winnipeg."
- An Act respecting the Exchange Bank of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia.
- An Act to incorporate the Manitoba Bank.
- An Act to incorporate the North Western Bank.
- An Act to incorporate the Planters Bank of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate the Western Bank of Canada.
- An Act respecting a certain agreement between the Canadian Securities Company and the Liquidators of the Consolidated Bank of Canada.
- An Act to amend the Acts relating to the Great Western Railway Company.
- An Act respecting the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway.
- An Act respecting the Canada Southern Railway Company, and the Erie and Niagara Railway Company.
- An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway Company, and to authorize the said Company to erect a bridge over the River Ottawa.

- An Act respecting the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Great Eastern Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Montreal and Central Canada Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Great America and European and Short Line Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Ottawa and Arnprior Junction Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Calais and St. Stephen Railway Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company (Limited).
- An Act to incorporate the Ottawa, Waddington and New York Railway and Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Ontario Pacific Railway Company.
- An Act further to amend the Act incorporating the Souris and Rocky Mountains Railway Company.
- An Act respecting the Portage, Westbourne and North Western Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Saskatchewan and Peace River Railway Company.
- An Act to amend the Act to incorporate the South Saskatchewan Valley Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate The Lake Athabaska and Hudson Bay Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Lake Superior and James' Bay Railway Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Rapid City Central Railway Company.
- An Act respecting The Niagara Grand Island Bridge Company.
- An Act relating to the Canada Southern Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Niagara Peninsula Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Sault Ste. Marie Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the St. John's Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Richelieu Bridge Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Winnipeg and Springfield Bridge Company.
- An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts relating to the Montreal Telegraph Company.
- An Act to incorporate the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company.
- An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Bell Telephone Company of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate the Edison Electric Light Company of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate the Thomson and Houston's Electric Light Company of Canada.
- An Act to amend the Act incorporating the North American Mutual Life Insurance Company, and to change the name thereof to the "North American Life Assurance Company."
- An Act to amend and consolidate as amended the several Acts relating to the British America Assurance Company.
- An Act respecting the Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.
- An Act to amend and extend the Act to empower the Stadacona Fire and Life Insurance Company to relinquish their charter, and to provide for the winding up of their affairs.
- An Act to amend the Act incorporating "The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association" and to change the name of the said company to "The Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company of Canada."
- An Act to incorporate the Ocean Mutual Marine Insurance Company.
- An Act to incorporate The St. Lawrence Marine Insurance Company of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate the Tecumseh Insurance Company of Canada.
- An Act to further amend the Act incorporating the Mutual Life Association of Canada and to change the name thereof to "The Life Association of Canada."
- An Act to incorporate the "Canada Provident Association."
- An Act to empower the Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company to wind up their affairs, and to relinquish their charter and to provide for the dissolution of the said Company.
- An Act to authorize and provide for the winding up of the Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company.
- An Act to extend and amend the Acts relating to the Canada Landed Credit Company.
- An Act for amending the Acts relating to The Trust and Loan Company of Canada and for enlarging the powers of the said Company.
- An Act to authorize the Canada Co-operative Supply Association, limited, to issue preference stock.
- An Act respecting the New York and Ontario Furnace Company.
- An Act to incorporate the International Construction Company (Limited).
- An Act to incorporate the Nova Scotia Steamship Company (Limited).
- An Act to incorporate The McClary Manufacturing Company.
- An Act to amend the charter of the Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company.
- An Act to grant certain powers to the "C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company" and to change the name thereof to the "Williams Manufacturing Company."
- An Act to incorporate The Quebec Timber Company (Limited).
- An Act respecting the Commercial Travellers Association of Canada.
- An Act to incorporate the Qu'Appelle Land Company (Limited).
- An Act to incorporate the Royal Canadian Academy of Arts.
- An Act respecting Queen's College at Kingston.
- An Act to amend the Act of the late Province of Canada intituled: "An Act to incorporate the Board for the management of the Temporalities Fund of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, and the Acts amending the same."
- An Act to amend the Act of the late Province of Canada, intituled: "An Act to incorporate the Managers of the Ministers, Widows and Orphans Fund of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland," and amendments thereto.
- An Act to incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Saskatchewan and for other purposes connected therewith.
- An Act to incorporate the Sisters of Charity of the North West Territories.
- Then the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons addressed His Excellency the Governor General as follows:
- "MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,
- "The Commons of Canada have voted the Supplies required to enable the Government to defray the expenses of the Public Service.
- "In the name of the Commons, I present to Your Excellency a Bill intituled:—
- "An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money required for defraying certain expenses of the Public Service, for the financial years ending respectively the 30th June, 1882, and the 30th June, 1883, and for other purposes relating to the Public service."
- to which I humbly request Your Excellency's assent."
- To this Bill the Royal assent was signified in the following words:
- "In Her Majesty's name, His Excellency the Governor General thanks Her Loyal subjects, accepts their benevolence, and assents to this Bill."
- After which His Excellency the Governor General was pleased to closed the FOURTH SESSION of the FOURTH PARLIAMENT of the DOMINION with the following
- SPEECH:
- Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate:*
Gentlemen of the House of Commons:
- I desire to convey to you my best thanks for the earnestness and assiduity which you have shown in

the performance of your Parliamentary duties, and I am glad to believe that on returning to your homes you will find the country everywhere enjoying a large measure of prosperity.

The Civil Service Act will, I trust, be productive of the best results. It will improve the organization and add to the usefulness of that service, already so efficient.

The measures relating to the extradition of fugitive offenders, to the winding up of insolvent Banks, Insurance Companies and Trading Corporations, and for amending the Criminal Law, are all of an important nature.

The appropriation in aid of Railway enterprise will tend greatly to open up vast tracts of fertile country hitherto almost inaccessible to the settler.

The annual grant for the encouragement of the sea fisheries and the improvement of the condition of the fishermen will be of great value to that important branch of the national industries.

The removal of the duties on tea and coffee will lessen the cost of those important articles of food to the people, and the repeal of the Stamp tax on Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes will be appreciated by the commercial community as a relief from an irksome burden, while the transmission of newspapers and periodicals free from postage will be accepted as a boon by the whole country.

Our manufacturers already in a prosperous condition will be further aided by the abolition of the duties on metals and other raw materials used in their several productions.

It is satisfactory to know that the buoyant state of the revenue will permit these reductions, amounting to about a million and a quarter of dollars, to be made without inconvenience.

During the recess my Ministers will continue their efforts to secure favourable commercial arrangements with France and Spain. In these endeavours the High Commissioner will receive the same hearty support from Her Majesty's Government and the Imperial Diplomacy as has already been given to him.

Such support must greatly strengthen Canada in any negotiations entered into for the improvement of her trade with Foreign Countries.

It has been the more readily accorded that Her Majesty's Government rely on no preference being given by Canada against the Trade or Products of the Mother Country.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons :

I thank you in Her Majesty's name for the supplies you have granted, which will be expended with all due attention to economy.

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate :

Gentlemen of the House of Commons :

I heartily congratulate you on the rapid and successful development of our manufacturing, agricultural and other industries.

I am, however, advised that their progress would have been still greater were it not that capitalists hesitate to embark their means in undertakings which would be injured, if not destroyed, by a change in the Trade and Fiscal Policy adopted by you in 1879. In order therefore to give the people, without further delay, an opportunity of expressing their deliberate opinion on this policy, and at the same time to bring into operation the measure for the readjustment of the representation in the House of Commons it is my intention to cause this Parliament to be dissolved at an early day.

The SPEAKER of the Senate then said :—

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate and Gentlemen of the House of Commons :

It is HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S will and pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued until Monday, the 26th day of June next to be here held, and thus Parliament is accordingly prorogued until Monday, the 26th day of June next.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, 19th day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the Imperial Merchant Shipping Act of 1854, and of the Act 36 Vic., cap. 128, His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Port of Desoronto, in the Bay of Quinté, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted a Port of Registry for the registration of ships and subsequent transactions.

His Excellency has been further pleased to appoint the Collector of Customs for the time being at the Port of Desoronto to be the Registrar of Shipping at that port.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council

47-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, 19th day of May, 1882.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Victoria, chapter 9, intituled : "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick," and the Act 38 Victoria, chapter 30, amending the same, His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the limits of the Port of Musquodoboit, in the County of Halifax, Province of Nova Scotia, be defined to be from Jeddore Head to Petiswick Head, as a Port to which the provisions of the Acts referred to shall apply.

His Excellency has been further pleased to appoint Mr. David Williams, of Musquodoboit, Harbour Master for the said port, his salary not to exceed one hundred dollars of the fees to be collected by him from vessels entering that port in any calendar year.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, P. C.

47-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Wednesday, 3rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the provisions of the 48th and 49th sections of the Act passed in the 42nd year of Her Majesty's Reign, Chapter 16, and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the laws relating to Weights and Measures,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that number four of the Regulations respecting the Inspection of Grain Testers, established by Order in Council of the 6th December 1881, be, and the same is hereby amended,

and the following Regulation substituted in place thereof, viz :—

"4. It gives true indications of weight according to the purport of the figures and divisions marked on the beam."

Certified,

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

45-3

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the third day of May, 1882, incorporating Thomas Allen Stevens, William Pearce Turner, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Joseph Seymour Fallows and John Elliott, all of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, manufacturers; Henry Taylor, of the same place, broker; Charles Murray, of the same place, banker; Benjamin Cronyn, of the same place, barrister, and John Labatt, of the same place, brewer, for the purpose of carrying on a general brass and iron foundry business and manufacturing agricultural, electrical and other machines and appliances, and engines of every description, and of dealing in such machines, appliances and engines and in all kinds of brass and other metal goods, by the name of "The Stevens, Turner and Burns Foundry and General Manufacturing Company, limited," with a total capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of fifty dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this nineteenth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

47-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the third day of May, 1882, incorporating Alexander G. Ramsay, General Manager of the Canada Life Insurance Company, William Hendrie, Esquire, and Adam Brown, Esquire, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; John Dunlop, of the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, in the said Province, Esquire; James Crowther, Esquire; James Scott, merchant, William Mulock, Esquire, Edmund Boyd Osler, Esquire, and Robert H. Bethune, Cashier of the Dominion Bank, all of the City of Toronto, in the said Province, for the purpose of acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories, the colonizing, settling and selling lands, the surveying and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon lands, the buying and selling of grain and the products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and dealing generally with lands and all manner of interest in lands, the advance of money to assist settlers and the securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner, by way of mortgage or agreement, as may be mutually agreed upon, the erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber, the breeding, raising, buying and selling of cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising, by the name of "The Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company," with a total capital stock of one million dollars, divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this Nineteenth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

47-3

OFFICE OF DOMINION LANDS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

OTTAWA, CANADA, 19th May, 1882.

IN the matter of the recent examinations by the Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors,

It is hereby publicly notified :—

1. The several gentlemen named as follows, that is to say: Jeremiah Gallagher, P. L. S., of Quebec; Joseph I. Dufresne, P. L. S., of St. Thomas de Montmagny; Jean M. A. Demers, P. L. S., of Levis; Charles F. Leclerc, P. L. S., of St. Jean Port Joli; Joseph W. D'Amours, P. L. S., of Trois Pistoles; Joseph E. Sirois, P. L. S., of Ste. Anne Lapocatière; George A. Mountain, P. L. S., of Quebec; Joseph F. Richard, P. L. S., of Ste. Anne Lapocatière, and Alfred J. Brabazon, of Portage du Fort, have passed the examination prescribed by Sections 91 and 95 of the Dominion Lands Act (1879), and pursuant thereto have been commissioned as Dominion Land Surveyors.

2. John J. Collins, of Nepean, Ontario, Fred. P. Burt, of Brockville, Ont., and John A. Gallagher, of Quebec, having respectively passed the preliminary examination required by Section 85 of the Act mentioned, were severally granted certificates entitling them to become articled pupils.

By Order,

ROBERT LANG,

47-1

Secretary to the Board of Exrs. for D.L.S.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th April, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,656,761 93
Excise.....	417,789 32
Post Office.....	156,181 65
Public Works, including Railways.	266,659 50
Miscellaneous	194,721 77
	<u>\$ 2,692,114 17</u>
Revenue to 31st March, 1882.....	24,479,865 88
	<u>\$27,171,980 05</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,770,560 98
do 31st March, 1882.....	17,999,566 70
	<u>\$19,770,127 68</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st May, 1882.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 9 of 1882.

CHANGE IN INDIAN POINT LIGHT.

NOTICE is hereby given that, from the opening of navigation this year, a change has been made in the arrangement of the light established last year on the Shoal off Indian Point, Bedeque Bay, at the entrance to Summerside Harbor, Prince County, Prince Edward Island.

Lat. N. 46° 22' 40"
Long. W. 63° 48' 50"

The light formerly showed fixed red between the bearings N. N. E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. and N. E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E., and fixed white from all other points seaward, but it will now show

fixed *white* between Sea Cow Head and the most southerly point of Miscouche Shoals, as well as into the harbor; and fixed *green* over Miscouche Shoals, or between the bearings E. by N. $\frac{1}{4}$ N. and E. S. E.

In entering the harbor from the North-westward vessels can stand in for the lighthouse as soon as the white light is opened, leaving it on the starboard side, after which the harbor buoys and the light on the railway wharf will guide. A vessel outside the light beating in or out of the harbor should come about immediately upon losing sight of the white light.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 24th April, 1882.

46-3

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 7 of 1882.

CHANGE IN PORT ST. JOHN LIGHT.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after the opening of navigation this year, the light on Port St. John wharf, Island of Orleans, River St. Lawrence below Quebec, will be changed from a revolving white to a *fixed white* light.

The illuminating apparatus will be catoptric.

Lat. N. 46° 55' 20"
Long. W. 70° 53' 30"

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 17th April, 1882.

45-3

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE.

OTTAWA, 1st day of May, 1882.

I HEREBY certify that Rule 12 of the Rules and Regulations for the government of Pilots for the Pilotage District of Louisburg, in the Province of Nova Scotia, approved by Order in Council on the 3rd day of June, 1881, has been amended by Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council on this day, the 1st day of May, 1882, by having the pilotage dues on steamships to read as follows:—

	Tons.	Tons.	Inward.	Outward.
On steamships of	80 to	500	\$ 8 00	\$5 00
" "	500 "	1000	10 00	6 00
" "	1000 "	3000	12 00	8 00

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

45 3

RULES AND REGULATIONS

For the government of Pilots for the Pilotage District of Miramichi, in the Province of New-Brunswick, made by the Pilotage Authority of the said District under the "Pilotage Act of Canada."

That all Rules and Regulations heretofore made for the government of pilots or in relation to pilotage in the said District be, and the same are hereby repealed. And in lieu thereof:—

1. That the limits of the Pilotage District of Miramichi, shall be held to extend easterly as far as Entry Island, Magdalens; northerly, as far as Point Miscou, in the County of Gloucester, N. B., and southerly, as far as Kouchibouguac River, in the County of Kent, N. B.

2. Every person, now acting or holding a branch as a pilot for the Pilotage District of Miramichi, shall forthwith surrender the same to the said Pilotage

Authority, and shall, if legally entitled thereto, receive a license for the said district.

3. Every person not already licensed as a pilot for the Pilotage District aforesaid must make application in writing to the Secretary, at the office of the Pilotage Authority, and be a resident of the County of Northumberland, of not less than twenty-one years of age, and shall have continuously served as an indentured apprentice (approved by the Pilotage Authority) under a licensed pilot for a term of not less than four years—three years of which shall be on board a licensed pilot boat, and the fourth year he shall accompany the pilot on board all ships or vessels in which such pilot shall be employed; shall also produce a certificate of good character while serving his apprenticeship from the pilot to whom he was indentured; and shall be examined by examiners appointed for that purpose by the Pilotage Authority of the said district, and at that examination shall answer such questions and show such qualifications as will warrant them in giving him a certificate of his competency to perform all the duties of a pilot in the said district; and a license shall forthwith issue to such person on payment of the expenses of such examination and a fee of five dollars.

4. The rates of pilotage for the district of the ports or harbor of Miramichi shall be as follows:—

When inward bound, two dollars and twenty-five cents per foot, for every foot of water such ship shall draw at the time.

When outward bound, one dollar and seventy-five cents per foot, if drawing less than seventeen feet of water; and two dollars per foot if drawing seventeen feet or upwards.

For the removal of any ship or vessel, and seeing such ship or vessel properly secured and moored, the following rates, viz:—The sum of one dollar and fifty cents for vessels not exceeding 100 tons; the sum of two dollars for vessels over 100 tons and not exceeding 200 tons; the sum of three dollars for vessels over 200 tons and not exceeding 300 tons; and the sum of four dollars for all vessels over 300 tons, and where the distance of removal exceeds four miles fifty per cent additional shall be allowed on the above rates; and after the first of November in each year, any pilot taking out any ship or vessel shall be entitled to demand and receive the sum of four dollars in addition to above rates, provided that such pilot shall have taken such ship or vessel clear to sea, leave her without causing any unnecessary delay, and without the ship or vessel being obliged to land such pilot. And all the foregoing rates of pilotage shall be payable to and collected by the said Pilotage Authority.

5. If any such pilot shall, within the said Pilotage District offer his services to any inward bound ship or vessel liable to pay pilotage to the said Authority and be refused, no other licensed pilot being on board or having previously offered his services to such ship or vessel, such pilot so refused shall be entitled to demand and receive the same rate of pilotage as if he had been actually employed to pilot such vessel into any of the ports in the Harbor of Miramichi.

6. Every pilot shall make a report of every ship or vessel piloted by him to or from sea, on the forms furnished him, giving the name, rig, tonnage, nationality, draught of water; and when boarded, if inward, where from and to whom consigned; and, if outwards, name of shipper and where bound; also any services that have been rendered; to which report he shall, if possible, obtain the master's signature. He shall also report all vessels spoken by him which have refused to accept his services; and shall also report any casualty or accident that may have happened to any such vessel under his charge, or any other matter of importance connected with vessels coming under his observation; and shall also report when any of the buoys are not in their places, or any of the light-

houses are not lighted at the proper time and kept lighted; or fog whistles not sounded in thick weather; which report shall be made without delay.

7. All boats to be licensed as pilot boats shall be decked, of not less than twenty tons register, and shall be surveyed, and, if satisfactory and recommended shall be licensed for a term not exceeding one year on payment of a license fee of ten dollars. All licensed pilot boats at the end of or immediately before the expiring of the above named year, shall again be surveyed, and, if found satisfactory to the Pilotage Authority shall have their licenses renewed for a term not exceeding one year, which survey and examination shall be continued from year to year on the payment for the first license of a fee of ten dollars, and for every renewal five dollars, provided the number of boats under license shall not exceed four.

8. Every licensed pilot boat shall have on board one or more life-boats to be used in conveying pilots to and from ships; and also one or more life-preservers for each pilot and apprentice belonging or attached to said licensed pilot boat.

9. All licensed pilot boats shall have conspicuous numbers on the sails; such numbers to be painted in black on each side of the fore and mainsails, in figures not less than three feet in length, such numbers to be the same as stated in the license for such boats.

10. Any licensed pilot boat that may at any time on examination by the Pilotage Authority be found in any way unfit for the service for which she is licensed, or not characterized in accordance with section 75 of Pilotage Act of 1873 and amendments thereto, shall have her license suspended until she is made and fitted out to the satisfaction of the Pilotage Authority; and the license so suspended shall, during such suspension, be lodged with the secretary of the Pilotage Authority.

11. Each pilot, before receiving his license, shall certify to the Pilotage Authority that he is the owner of at least two tons in one of the four licensed pilot-boats.

12. Each pilot shall take his regular turn in piloting vessels inwards or outwards, so that the work will be equally divided amongst the pilots; and it shall be the duty of every pilot to obey the orders of the person to be appointed, as hereinafter provided, for the purpose of arranging the turns or making such changes therein as he may deem necessary and expedient.

13. The pilots shall, at a meeting to be held on or before the first day of April in each year, by a majority of the pilots present at such meeting, appoint a suitable person out of their number, (such appointment to be subject to the approval of the Pilotage Authority), whose duty it shall be to decide upon and arrange the turns in which each pilot shall perform his duty and make any changes in said turns by substituting one pilot for another, as he may deem expedient; to receive all reports from the pilots, as provided in section 6 of these regulations; ascertain the exact amount due by each vessel for the services of any pilot; and forthwith forward the foregoing reports and information to the Secretary of the Pilotage Authority, with such further information as he may from time to time require; and for his services such person shall receive share and share alike with the other pilots of the net proceeds earned at the end of the season.

In case the pilots shall neglect to make said appointment or should any appointment by the pilots be disapproved, the Pilotage Authority shall appoint a suitable pilot to perform the foregoing services.

14. Every person wishing to become an indentured apprentice to a licensed pilot must make application on the proper form to the Secretary, and have the rudiments of an ordinary English education, and be of a good moral character and approved by the Pilotage Authority; and on such approval be indentured to a licensed pilot to serve for a term of not less than four years, as a pilot apprentice on board of a Mira-

Michi licensed pilot boat, under the direction and control of his indentured master; the conditions to be contained in the indentures to be subject to the approval of the Pilotage Authority.

15. That after all apprentices who have been regularly indentured previous to the first day of February, A.D., 1882, shall have received their licenses, no more apprentices shall be licensed as pilots until the number of pilots is reduced to thirty.

16. Every outward bound vessel shall be compelled to accept the services of the pilot assigned to him by the person appointed under section 13 of these Regulations, unless the master, or owner, or agent of such vessel can show satisfactory grounds for refusal to any two of the Commissioners, in which case the person so appointed shall carry out the instructions of the said Commissioners.

17. In case of any dispute arising between pilots, masters of vessels and others, respecting pilotage, or for extra remuneration in a case of any extraordinary nature, the matter shall be referred to one or more of the Pilotage Commissioners nearest to the place of dispute, and his or their decision in the premises shall be final; and any licensed pilot who shall refuse or neglect to appear before the Commissioner or Commissioners after twenty-four hours' notice when his attendance shall be required on any occasion, or who shall give any unnecessary trouble or annoyance or detention to masters of vessels shall, for every such offence, be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars and also to suspension at the discretion of the Pilotage Authority as represented by a majority of the Commission; and the costs of summoning witnesses and the hearing of any matter in dispute, shall be paid by such party as the Commissioners may direct.

18. Any licensed pilot not complying with these Rules and Regulations, or evading the sense, intent or meaning or any or either of them, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars for the breach of such Rule or Regulation, with, in case of the continuing breach, a further penalty not exceeding four dollars for every twenty-four hours during which such breach continues; and shall be liable to have his license withdrawn or suspended at the discretion of the Pilotage Authority.

19. On proof on oath of the Pilotage Authority that any pilot licensed by them has been guilty of any improper conduct, drunkenness, or wilful neglect of duty, or that he is incapacitated by age or mental or bodily infirmity, said pilot shall be suspended or deprived of his license at the discretion of the Pilotage Authority.

20. That R. R. Call, one of the Commissioners of Pilots for said District is hereby appointed their secretary and treasurer, and as such secretary and treasurer he shall collect and receive all fees and earnings under these regulations; record the minutes, and keep a book for the entry of all licenses, fees, pilotage dues, fines, &c., received and of all sums paid to pilots and otherwise; and that he shall receive a salary per annum of 3 per cent on the gross receipts and earnings of the pilots—to be, with the other necessary expenses of management of the pilotage business of said District, deducted from the fees for licenses, pilotage dues, fines, &c., and that after deduction of said salary and necessary expenses the net earnings of the pilots shall be by said secretary and treasurer divided equally amongst the licensed pilots of said district.

PRIVY COUNCIL
Ottawa, 4th day of May, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Rules and Regulations for the government of Pilots for the Pilotage District of Miramichi, have been this day approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST MAY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Algoma Mills.....	.....	Algoma	O. James Townley.
Avonry	Sombra.....	Bothwell	O. Peter Knight.
Bardolph	Adolphustown.....	Lennox.....	O. H. B. Seeley.
Barrie Island	Barrie	Algoma	O. Peter Archdekin.
Becher (re-opened)	Sombra.....	Bothwell	O. Henry Roebuck.
Carholme.....	Walsingham	Norfolk, S.R.....	O. James Smith.
Chance Harbour.....	.....	Pictou	N.S. Daniel Cameron.
Clappison	Flamborough East.....	Wentworth, N.R	O. H. Clappison.
Courtice.....	Darlington	Durham, W.R	O. C. W. Lent.
Dennistown.....	.....	Inverness.....	N.S. John Gillies.
Dog Creek (re-opened).....	.....	Cariboo Lilloet.....	B.C. W. H. Wright.
Dracon.....	Garafraxa	Wellington, C.R.....	O. John Young.
Kings Wharf	Emily	Victoria, S.R.....	O. James C. Leary.
Lac à la Tortue.....	Notre Dame de Mont Carmel	Champlain	Q. Joseph Brunelle.
Lakeport	Haldimand	Northumberland, E.R.....	O. H. J. Matthews.
Lourdes	Somerset	Mégantic.....	Q. George Nadeau.
Lidcote.....	Chatham.....	Kent.....	O. D. D. Purdy.
Newcombe .....	.....	Lunenburg.....	N.S. James Newcombe.
Riverdale Junction.....	Caledon	Cardwell.....	O. James Graham.
St. Cyprien	Hocquart.....	Témiscouata.....	Q. Grégoire Dallaire.
Shippigan Island.....	.....	Gloucester	N.B. Jacques Godin.
Ullswater (re-opened).....	Watt	Muskoka	O. George Bunn.
Wilbur .....	.....	Westmoreland.....	N.B. Nathan E. Wilbur.
Wilsonville	Townsend	Norfolk, N.R	O. Peter L. Hays.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Basswood..... Co. Welland, O.
Newport Point..... Co. Gaspé, Q.

NAMES CHANGED.

Close Mills, Co. Lennox, O.....to Chambers.
Kerry, Co. Prescott, O.....to St. Alfred de Prescott.

SUB OFFICE MADE A REGULAR POST OFFICE.

St. Féréol..... Co. Montmorency, Q.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st January, 1882.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	1,302 00	254 93
Agricultural Implements	"	2,513 00	641 30
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals. 7,287	4,082 00	1,083 57
Animals.....	\$	1,304 00	260 80
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	79,026 00	13,646 04
Brass and manufactures of	"	22,413 00	5,771 70
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds	Bush. 483,991	422,877 00	57,629 63
Flour and Meal	Brls. 14,146	61,768 00	6,065 11
Rice and all other Breadstuffs	\$	9,887 00	3,494 38
Candles.....	Lbs. 16,791	2,342 00	571 05
Chicory.....	" 3,905	2,303 00	868 86
Coal of all kinds and Coke	Tons. 86,133	332,289 00	47,828 27
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.	Lbs. 58,350	7,614 00	1,203 22
" " U. States.....	" 9,853	1,638 00	382 53
Copper and manufactures of	\$	10,465 00	1,342 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	2,410 00	381 95
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	1,252,009 00	283,697 19
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	41,325 00	9,467 86
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	26,228 00	7,312 50
Fancy Goods.....	"	201,276 00	42,334 61
Fish.....	"	5,336 00	1,058 04
Fruit, Dried.....	"	57,981 00	14,051 81
" green, &c.....	"	26,572 00	5,220 88
Furs.....	"	31,540 00	4,746 55
Glass and Glassware.....	"	53,757 00	13,334 23
Gunpowder and explosive substances	"	2,649 00	793 95
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	159,061 00	39,765 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,114	8,504 00	1,866 84
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	838,880 00	176,792 21
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	38,022 00	9,110 25
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	18,392 00	2,348 89
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	131,586 00	28,102 94
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	9,350 00	1,732 13
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	37,916 00	8,073 92
Musical Instruments.....	"	35,536 00	10,002 25
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 291,508	38,481 00	20,988 06
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 37,152	19,042 00	4,234 80
Paints and Colors.....	\$	17,735 00	3,024 24
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	87,852 00	21,457 66
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,036 00	310 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,722,327	139,548 00	17,921 88
Butter.....	" 572	126 00	22 88
Cheese.....	" 3,020	529 00	90 61
Lard.....	" 128,979	14,727 00	2,579 58
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	5,054 00	799 52
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 21,385	182 00	25 69
Seeds.....	\$	21,742 00	3,269 35
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	315,138 00	92,654 65
Soap of all kinds.....	"	2,416 00	617 98
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	6,189 00	1,281 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 28,479	1,857 00	569 58
Spirits of all kinds	Gals. 66,722	56,764 00	74,825 09
Wines, other than Sparkling	" 20,912	18,750 00	13,201 60
" Sparkling	Doz. 978	6,711 00	4,074 05
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 167,378	6,862 00	4,075 48
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,823,257	172,947 00	88,058 84
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 2,968,276	105,718 00	46,556 79
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 36,219	1,194 00	535 26
" Melado, &c., &c.....	"		
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 74,407	3,119 00	1,479 62
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 17,460	5,587 00	1,396 75
Molasses not for refining.....	" 108,757	34,032 00	5,334 60
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 292,736	60,064 00	13,210 54
" United States	" 105,348	18,862 00	6,793 00
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 14,001	19,085 00	10,435 63
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	79,327 00	19,769 51
Woollen manufactures	"	668,572 00	176,875 57
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 1,553	632 00	46 59
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	545,150 00	123,812 41
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$6,418,213 00	\$1,561,705 83
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		4,939 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,298,967 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 7,722,119 00	\$1,561,705 83

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, (exclusive of British Columbia,) for March, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	79,562 00	9,310 00	88,902 00
do Fisheries.....	405,137 00	138 00	405,275 00
do Forest.....	375,259 00	55,835 00	431,114 00
Animals and their Produce.....	941,102 00	2,072 00	943,174 00
Agricultural Products.....	1,658,253 00	25,310 00	1,683,563 00
Manufactures.....	259,897 00	24,289 00	284,186 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	68,823 00	11,145 00	79,968 00
Totals.....	3,788,033 00	128,149 00	3,916,182 00
Coin and Bullion.....		59,067 00	59,067 00
Grand Total.....	3,788,033 00	187,216 00	3,975,249 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 5th May, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60	168,227 35		
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25	5,620,094 75		
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	56,381 92	30,812 06		
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00	664,525 00		
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00	7,907,500 00		
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77	14,391,159 16		

Fractional Notes.....	168,227 35
Provincial ".....	67,347 06
Montreal issue.....	6,889,145 50
Toronto ".....	4,828,332 00
Halifax ".....	1,760,552 00
St. John ".....	653,487 75
Victoria ".....	24,067 50
Total.....	\$14,391,159 16

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 30th April.....	2,330,862 55
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,250,862 55

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16	1,439,115 91

Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16	2,158,673 86
	\$3,597,789 77

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,653,072 78
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Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16.....	10,793,389 25

Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,206,630 75
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SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,653,072 78
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,206,630 75

Total Excess.....	2,859,703 53
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J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th May, 1882.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME LE QUEBEC, ON THE 30TH APRIL, 1882.

1881

CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,000,000 00	254,456 41					5,770,841 17	180,000 00	93,203 73	6,298,501 31
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00						3,009,107 87	83,000 00	121,183 90	3,213,291 77

ASSETS.									
Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Asset ^g .
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,500 00	1,395,386 50	600 00	2,587,002 62	1,619,484 95	180,000 00		*437,966 24	7,037,812 76
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48		1,008,459 15	127,430 22	83,000 00	237,220 00	131,834 22	3,485,580 44

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th May, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 28th February, 1882, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st Jan., 1882.	Deposits for February, 1882.	Total.	Withdrawn, February, 1882.	Balance, 28th February, 1882.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	533,873 95	32,105 26	565,979 21	29,888 92	536,090 29
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg	406,681 91	76,251 93	482,933 89	66,704 12	416,229 77
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,352,989 71	39,663 00	1,392,657 71	53,241 27	1,334,416 44
Nanaimo.....	140,889 85	3,514 00	144,403 85	4,677 59	139,726 26
New Westminster.....	181,755 18	8,602 00	190,357 18	3,528 32	186,828 86
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst	127,362 17	6,320 00	133,682 17	3,069 00	130,613 17
Antigonish	42,856 36	1,004 00	43,860 36	1,266 13	42,594 23
Annapolis.....	125,951 77	4,835 00	130,786 77	3,661 37	127,125 40
Arichat	123,317 75	566 00	123,883 75	634 26	123,249 49
Acadia Mines	28,461 38	383 00	28,849 38	443 80	28,405 58
Baddeck.....	41,065 20	1,456 00	42,521 20	189 00	42,332 20
Bridgewater	22,110 88	2,651 00	24,761 88	337 00	24,424 88
Barrington.....	33,131 11	1,050 00	34,181 11	447 00	33,734 11
Digby.....	61,074 03	1,697 00	62,771 03	2,422 55	60,348 48
Guysboro'.....	49,137 95	942 00	50,079 95	290 10	49,789 85
Halifax.....	2,336,076 25	81,774 74	2,417,850 99	55,154 62	2,362,696 37
Kentville.....	102,317 64	6,883 00	109,205 64	1,433 19	107,772 45
Liverpool	111,024 12	3,997 00	115,021 12	1,392 25	113,628 87
Lingan	12,144 84	259 00	12,403 84		12,403 84
Lunenburg	71,890 92	15,361 00	87,251 92	642 07	86,609 85
Maitland	40,106 77	6,232 00	46,338 77	340 40	45,998 37
New Glasgow	97,105 24	3,389 00	100,494 24	1,440 86	99,053 38
Parrsboro'.....	39,617 94	5 00	39,622 94	210 00	39,412 94
Port Hood	48,905 26	1,863 00	50,768 26	127 00	50,641 26
Pictou.....	40,655 72	1,375 00	42,030 72	319 09	41,711 72
Shelburne	31,108 58	3,603 00	34,716 58	250 93	34,465 65
Sydney.....	165,943 86	2,035 00	167,978 86	2,225 00	165,753 86
Sherbrooke.....	30,833 47	115 00	30,948 47	615 00	30,333 47
Truro.....	190,627 86	12,781 00	203,408 86	3,305 74	200,103 12
Wallace.....	8,569 50	452 50	9,022 00	472 50	8,549 50
Windsor.....	356,991 82	6,732 00	363,723 82	6,116 61	357,607 20
Weymouth	51,865 65	586 00	52,451 65	482 84	51,968 81
Yarmouth	292,834 95	14,972 00	307,806 95	2,154 96	305,651 99
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst	63,976 88	1,703 00	65,679 88	746 33	64,933 55
Chatham.....	184,896 94	4,140 00	189,036 94	2,523 48	186,513 46
Dalhousie	147,434 69	8,709 00	156,143 69	2,173 36	153,970 33
Dorchester.....	19,899 81	2,700 00	22,599 81	2,500 00	20,099 81
Fredericton.....	280,246 05	17,158 00	297,404 05	4,252 64	293,151 41
Hillboro'.....	19,697 60	1,113 00	20,810 60	289 83	20,520 77
Moncton.....	122,566 01	8,024 00	130,590 01	5,418 87	125,171 14
Newcastle.....	121,533 50	2,912 00	124,445 50	1,933 78	122,511 72
Richibucto.....	65,220 40	228 00	65,448 40	1,275 00	64,173 40
St. Andrews	205,147 40	1,388 00	206,535 40	1,681 92	204,853 48
St. John.....	1,605,752 69	36,664 00	1,642,416 69	13,242 35	1,629,174 34
Sussex.....	18,782 88	8,392 00	27,174 88	145 00	27,029 88
Woodstock.....	198,989 97	13,319 00	212,308 97	2,384 27	209,924 70
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	760,632 26	39,107 00	799,739 26	35,181 87	764,557 39
Total	11,114,056 67	489,632 48	11,603,689 15	332,232 11	11,270,857 04

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 9th May, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

1883

GENERAL ABSTRACT

SHOWING the average amount of the Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of British Columbia, within the Province of British Columbia and its Dependencies, taken from the several Weekly Statements, for the quarter ending 31st March, 1882.

Prepared and submitted to the Finance Department in conformity with the Local Banking Act of 1864

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts
Notes in circulation.....	49,052 00	Legal Tender Coin in Gold and Silver.....	249,488 77
Balances due to other Banks and Branches..	29,480 59	Gold Bullion.....	6,550 18
Deposits not bearing interest ... \$909,081 52		Landed and other Property.....	26,214 03
Deposits bearing interest..... .. 94,360 52		Balances due from other Banks	
	1,003,442 04	and Branches, situate within	
		the Province.....\$ 6,607 39	
		Balances due from other Banks	
		and Branches, situate without	
		the Province..... 734,471 34	
			741,078 73
		All debts due to the Bank with-	
		in the Province, including	
		Notes, Bills of Exchange, and	
		all Stock and Funded Debts	
		of every description, except-	
		ing Notes, Bills and Balances	
		due from other Banks and	
		Branches 732,894 54	
		Do without the Province... 15,141 60	
			748,036 14
Total amount of Liabilities... ..	1,501,974 63	Total amount of Assets.....	1,771,367 85

Amount of Capital Stock paid up at close of the Quarter ending 31st March, 1882... .. \$1,730,000 00
Rate of last Dividend declared to the Shareholders..... 6 per cent. per annum.
Amount of last Dividend declared..... 51,900 00
Amount of Reserve Profit at the time of declaring said Dividend..... 195,120 00

WM. C. WARD,
Manager,

CHS. S. JONES,
Accountant.
46-3

Victoria, B.C., 21st day of April, 1882

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 10th May, 1882.

TARIFF of Tolls to be levied on Timber, Saw-logs, &c., passing through the Government Slides and Works upon the Ottawa and its tributaries.

Name of River.	Name of Slide or other Improvement.	Per Slide or Improvement.				Rate to clear to foot of Chaudiere.			Round, Flatted and Dimension Timber. — Also Railway Ties.	Special Rates.
		Per Saw Log.	Red Pine, White Pine or Hardwood.		Masts, Staves or Sawn Lumber, per crib.	Red Pine, White Pine or Hardwood.	Masts, Staves or Sawn Lumber, per crib.			
			Per stick.	Per crib.						
								\$ cts.			$ cts.
Ottawa.....	For passing through—									Where no special rate is given for saw-logs passing through Government improvement the tolls for Slidage or Boomage are to be levied on sixty saw logs as equivalent to a crib of square timber.
do.....	Slides at Roche Capitaine.....									
do.....	do St. Joachim Rapids.....									
do.....	do Calumet and Mountain Rapids.....									
do.....	do Portage-du-Fort.....									
do.....	do Chats.....									
do.....	do Chaudière.....									
do.....	Chenaux Boom.....									
do.....	Chaudière Boom.....									
do.....	Carillon Dam.....									
Petawawa.....	Passing dams, piers and booms between Cedar Lake and Memo. Rapids.....									
do.....	Slide near Lake Traverse.....									
do.....	Slides between Lake Traverse and Trout Lake.....									
do.....	Crooked Chute to River Ottawa.....									
do.....	Bois Dur to River Ottawa.....									
Madawaska.....	Ragged Chute and High Falls slide and improvements.....									
do.....	Improvements below High Falls to Arnprior.....									
do.....	Slide at Arnprior.....									
do.....	Retaining booms and piers in Chats Lake at mouth of River.....									
Dumoine.....	High Falls slide to River Ottawa.....									
do.....	Below High Falls (Lower Improvements).....									
Coulouge.....	Slide at High Falls.....									
Black River.....	Slides at Black River.....									
Gatineau.....	Booms.....									
										Dumoine Lower Improvements excepted.
		</								

I hereby certify that the foregoing revised Tariff of Tolls to be levied on Timber, Saw-logs, &c., passing through the Government Works and Slides upon the Ottawa River and its tributaries has been approved this day by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 3rd May, 1882.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

1885

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of March, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 28th February, 1882	\$8,414,380 03	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$469,696 50
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	612,249		
Interest allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	4,826 12	Balance:—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,489,803 56
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	71,955 09
	9,031,455 15		8,561,758 65
			9,031,455 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 22nd April, 1882

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$338.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A); \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$57,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,300)..... \$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,960 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Buildi'g and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Steam Boilers, &c.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333)..... \$50,000 cash.....	Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210).....	Fire.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Guarantee.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000) \$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto..	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.. ...	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200).....	Fire and Life
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock	Guarantee and Accident.
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock	Fire.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool....	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto..	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....			
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....			

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's.....	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Assurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont... ..	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal		
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....		\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto... ..	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto... ..	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915).....	Life and Acciden
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court. The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims. The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Frcs. 25,000,000.....	\$4,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock.....	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital.....	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital.....	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term.....	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities.....	1,727 56	Short term.....	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada.....	\$93,249 81
		France.....	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months.....	171,555 73
		Office furniture and fixtures.....	389 51
		Other Assets	2,054 24
	4,851,117 92		2,787 16
			\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned..... Nil.
Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest..... Nil.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of March, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	242,453 39	
Malt Liquor.....		
Malt	43,186 20	
Tobacco	154,966 20	
Petroleum Inspection.....	1,073 36	
Manufactures in Bond.....	2,338 01	
Seizures	35 30	
Other Receipts	1,764 34	
Total Excise Revenue.....		445,816 80
Canals.....		19 31
Slides and Booms		
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.....		549 75
Minor Public Works.....		3,311 34
Culling Timber.....		286 58
Inspection of Weights and Measures		2,101 86
Inspection of Gas.....		249 75
Bill Stamps.....		1,462 42
Total		453,797 81

E. MIALL,
Assist. Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 27th April, 1882. 44—tf

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

- 1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"
- 2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
- 3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as

below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing cor-

porations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading; and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882. 39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY
LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council after the expiration of one month from the first publication thereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body and politic corporate under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Prince Albert Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration unto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the province of Ontario, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$400,000, divided into 4,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants, viz:—William Sharples, merchant, Thomas McGrevey, contractor, both of the city of Quebec, in the province of Quebec; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, barrister at law, Philip Robblin Palmer, insurance agent, and James Coleman Jamieson, publisher, all of the city of Belleville, in the province of Ontario; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, in said province of Ontario; Hugh Sutherland, lumber merchant, and James Albert Manning Aikens, barrister at law, the last two of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba; David Gilmour, lumber merchant, and William Jeffs, grain merchant, the last two of the town of Trenton, in said province of Ontario; and Duncan Charles Plumb, of

the town of Niagara, in said province of Ontario.

The first or provisional directors are the aforesaid William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGrevey, Philip Roblin Palmer and Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, all of whom are British subjects.

FORBES & HILTON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Trenton, 15th May, 1882.

47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic, under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Standard Homestead Company of Canada."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are:—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon, granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—James Moffat, of the City of London, a lieutenant colonel of Militia; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, of the City of Toronto, one of Her Majesty's Counsel; Andrew S. Irving, of the City of Toronto, manager Toronto News Co.; W. Barclay McMurrich, mayor of City of Toronto, barrister at law; Alexander Gemmel, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Sanderson Percy, of the City of Toronto, wholesale paint and oil merchant; Bernard Saunders, of the City of Toronto, merchant tailor; Andrew J. Somerville, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Richard J. Hovenden, of the City of Toronto, fresco painter; William Robins, of the City of Toronto, accountant; Samuel Davison, of the City of Toronto, commission merchant; William Roaf, of the City of Toronto,

barrister at law; Peter B. Ball, of the City of Toronto, agent; Edward R. C. Clarkson, of the City of Toronto, accountant and official assignee; Christopher W. Bunting, of the City of Toronto, managing director Mail Printing Company; George Birrell, of the City of London, merchant; Robert Lewis, of the City of London, Esquire; Charles F. Goodhue, of the City of London, Esquire; Isaac Waterman, of the City of London, manufacturer; Robert McIntosh, of Rapid City, Manitoba, doctor of medicine; Daniel Spry, of the Town of Barrie, P.O. inspector, and Henry Bickford, of the Town of Dundas, manufacturer. The said James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrich, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden and William Robins are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 18th May, A.D., 1882.

47-6

NOTICE.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal to grant a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company by the name of "The German Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property or any interest therein from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or from any body corporate or any person or persons, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money to assist immigrants.

(e) To aid by way of bonuses in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising on any lands acquired or to be acquired by said company.

(i) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j) To erect, build and construct saw mills, grist mills, woollen mills and manufactories of every description on the lands of the company.

(k) And for such powers to have all necessary powers of borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto, but nothing herein contained shall constitute the company a loan company.

The town of Walkerton or the city of Toronto to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$100,000. There are to be 1,000 shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: the following residing in the town of Berlin, in the Province of Ontario, Hugo Kranz, merchant, and Frederick Snyder, tinsmith; James Dunlop Gemmill, of the city of Montreal, Esquire; Alexander Shaw, of the town of Walkerton, Q. C.; Robert Porteous, of the village of Paisley, banker; George Randall, of the town of Waterloo, Gentleman, and John Charles Brennan, of the city of Ottawa, merchant; and the said Hugo Kranz, Frederick Snyder, James Dunlop Gemmill, Alexander Shaw, Robert Porteous, George Randall John Charles Brennan are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

SHAW & ROBERTSON, of Walkerton,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Walkerton, 16th May, 1882. 47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey and real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 12th May, 1882. 46-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Bell, of the Town of Wingham, in the county of Huron, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, ex-Reeve of Wingham; John Kaine, of the Township of Howick, in said County, banker, ex-Warden of the County of Huron; Henry William Christian Meyer, of the said Town of Wingham, barrister-at-law, Reeve of Wingham; James Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, grain merchant, ex-Reeve of Howick; Henry Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, merchant; John Sanderson, of the village of Wroxeter, in the said County, merchant; Isaac Francis Toms, of the Town of Goderich, in the said County, Junior Judge; John Somerville Tennant, of the village of Lucknow, physician; Benjamin Willson, of the said Town of Wingham, private banker, ex-Mayor of Wingham, and Robert Webster, of the Township of Ashfield, in said County, farmer, Reeve of said Township of Ashfield.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The County of Huron North West Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory, in the Province of Manitoba, or elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills, and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

3. The Town of Wingham, in the County of Huron, and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company, is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into fifteen hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional directors of the company are the said above mentioned intended applicants, Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins and Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER & DICKINSON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Wingham, Ont., 8th May, 1882. 46-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Foresters Colonization Society of Canada (limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the City of London, merchant; John Taylor, of the City of London, barrister at law; Oronhyatekha, of the City of London, physician; John Stewart Dewar, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Towe, of the City of London, insurance agent; Thomas Peel, of the City of London, merchant; Alexander Greig Fenwick, of the City of London, physician; Melville DeBlois Dawson, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Stephenson Crummer, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman; William Henry Street, of the City of London, physician; Peter Toll, of the Town of London East, builder; Edmund Botterell, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Duff, of the City of London, manufacturer; William Maurice Moore, of the City of London, real estate agent; John Alonzo Nelles, of the City of London, insurance agent; Henry Crotty, of the City of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Richard Maxwell McEllican, of the City of London, journalist; John Parker Thomas, of the City of Belleville, barrister at law; Theophilus Stanfield, of the City of London, agent; Robert Moore, of the town of Simcoe, manufacturer; Alexander Sutherland Murray, of the City of London, jeweller; Archibald McPherson, of the City of London, merchant; Robert James Halle, of the Town of Chatham, insurance agent; Walter Scott Williams, of the Town of Napanee, barrister at law; Benjamin Watson Greer, of the City of London, painter; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, of the City of London, physician; Thomas Glass Davey, of the City of London, news agent, G.W.R.; William Nelson Yerex, of the City of London, Principal of London Commercial College; Alexander Henry, of the Town of Napanee, President of Napanee and Tamworth Railway; Alexander McCleneghan, of the Town of Woodstock, postmaster; John Richard Flock, of the City of London, physician; Samuel Payne, of the City of London, physician; George McBroom, of the City of London, merchant; George Charlwood Jolly, of the Town of London West, Gentleman.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada: Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville DeBlois Dawson, Edward Stephenson Crummer, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edmund Botterell, William Duff and William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, 8th May 1882.

46 6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's previous

notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named as the applicants therefor, for a company under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Shell River Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought, are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving, and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration onto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Belleville or the Town of Trenton, both in the County of Hastings, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$300,000, divided into 6,000 shares of \$50 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants:—David Gilmour, lumber merchant, William Jeffs, grain merchant, George Henry Gordon, merchant, William Ford Baker, grain merchant, John Hendricks, yeoman, Anson Green Whittier, merchant, all of Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, printer and publisher, George Dean Dickson, barrister, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, barrister, Cornelius James Starling, contractor, all of Belleville; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, Charles Ashley, carriage maker, Stephen Allen Lazier, manufacturer, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, merchant, all of Foxboro; James Stalker Hamilton, yeoman, and Peter Rockwell Daly, yeoman, both of Halloway.

The first or provisional directors of the company are the aforesaid David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allan Lazier and Charles Ashley, all of whom are British subjects residing in Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Belleville, 4th April, 1882.

46-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rawbone Gun and Manufacturing Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in fire-arms, ammunition, skates and sporting and sportsmen's requisites, and acquiring, disposing of and working patents relating thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be one hundred thousand dollars in one hundred shares of one thousand dollars each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Joseph Loxton Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Richard Hoskin, Gentleman, William George Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Orlando Dunn, general agent, William Case Adams, dentist, John Dunn, cattle dealer, Hamilton Kane, banker, and Henry Seton Strathy, banker, all of Toronto; George Dempsey Cushman, of the city of New York, in the State of New York, Gentleman; and Ebenezer Hooper, of the village of Boston, in the county of Norfolk, Ontario, Gentleman.

6. The said Joseph Loxton Rawbone, William George Rawbone, and Orlando Dunn are to be the first or provisional directors.

MCCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB & CREELMAN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Toronto, 4th May, 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned:

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Nova Scotia Steel Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the making steel from scrap steel, scrap iron, and pig iron, the product to be manufactured into plow plates, spring steel, steel springs, &c.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one hundred and sixty and the value of each share one thousand dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and callings of each of the applicants are—

James D. McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Graham Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; James Matheson Carmichael, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Fitz William Stairs, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, manufacturer; Henry Skeffington Poole, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, mining engineer; George Forrest McKay, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; Andrew Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, accountant; Duncan Cameron Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, barrister; Angus Chisholm, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; James Eastwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, jeweller; William Stewart, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, contractor; George William Underwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Robert Sprott McCurdy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Donald Grant, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; George McDougall, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Archibald Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Heywood McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Adam Carr Bell, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, druggist; James Roy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, trader; John Ross, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, farmer; Simon Albert Fraser, of New

Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; John Benjamin Burland (in trust), of Montreal, Province of Quebec, agent; John Smith McLean, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; John Alexander Matheson, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; Thomas Bayne, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; James Farquhar, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Alexander Forrest, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Thomas Andrew Ritchie, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, Gentleman; Thomas Cummings, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, clergyman; Catherine Dickson, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, widow; Thomas Watson, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank manager; John McKeen, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank clerk; Howard Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Clarence Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Roderick McKenzie, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; John Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; William Grant Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Patterson Grant, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Senator; Daniel McDonald, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, collector of customs; William McDonald, of Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, medical doctor; Henry Marshall Jost, of Guysborough, in the County of Guysborough, merchant; Jonathan Hartley, of Pirate Cove, in the County of Guysborough, merchant.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 1st day of May, A.D., 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company, as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The High Wood Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Thorburn, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Hoskin, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister-at-law; John Lang Blaikie, of the said City of Toronto, President of the Canada Landed Credit Company; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, broker; Alexander Gunn, M.P., of the City of Kingston, in the County of Frontenac, merchant; James Trow, M.P., of the Village of Shakespeare, in the county of Perth, in the said Province, Esquire, and McLeod Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire.

Whereof the said John Thorburn, James Trow, John Lang Blaikie and McLeod Stewart are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 5th May 1882.

45-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ottawa Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

(a) The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said lands.

(c) The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

(d) To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written,

subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(e) To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:—

Charles Magee, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Eli Lanford of the City of Hamilton, merchant; Duncan McArthur, of the City of Winnipeg, banker; James Albert Manning Aikens, of the City of Winnipeg, barrister-at-law; the Honourable Corydon Parslow Brown, of the City of Winnipeg, Minister of Public Works; and the Honourable Donald MacInnes, of the City of Hamilton, Senator; all of whom are to be first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, this 24th day of April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," by the Honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, Senator; Robert Doull, M.P., of Pictou, Nova Scotia; John Alexander Mackenzie, of Sarnia, Ontario, barrister; Frank Egerton Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, miller; Hugh MacMahon, Q.C., of London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, of Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., immigration agent; William Pugsley, Jr., of the City of St. John, New Brunswick, barrister; Leigh Richmond Harrison, of the said City of St. John, barrister, and Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, also of the said City of St. John, barrister, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes herein-after mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To acquire lands and other property in the province of Manitoba, and the North-West Territory; to colonize, settle, improve and sell the said land and develop the resources thereof of every nature; to survey, divide up and build upon the same; to develop and work fisheries along the shores of Long Lake; to erect and establish stores on said property and to purchase and vend goods of every description; to buy, sell, grant, convey, lease, rent, mortgage and generally deal with lands and all manner of interests in lands; to advance money and assistance to settlers on land or goods purchased from the company and to secure the repayment of such advances, with such interest as may be agreed upon; to make, provide, give aid to and use roads, railways, tramways, telegraph lines, vessels, steamers, wharves and all other works and means of transport necessary upon the lands and waters of the company, or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company.

3. The principal place of business of said company will be in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of said company will be four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The several persons hereinbefore described will be the first provisional directors of said company.

MACKENZIE, GURD & KITTERMASTER,
Solicitors for applicants, Sarnia, Ont.
Dated 15th April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877" to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Dight, miller, John Fox, merchant, Francis Winnette Ball, bank manager, Bernard Stanley, merchant, William Stanley, miller, Lewis Cann, merchant, and Robert Fox, insurance agent, all of the village of Lucan, in the County of Middlesex and Province of Ontario; James Marr, of the Township of McGillivray, in said County, farmer; William Murdoch, of the Township of Adelaide, in said County, farmer; and Daniel Neil, of the Township of Biddulph, in said County, farmer.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The North Middlesex Colonization Company of Lucan, Canada."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

(6) To work all mines of coal, lignite, or other minerals that may be found upon the said lands.

3. The village of Lucan, in the Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one hundred thousand dollars divided into two thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company are the said above-named intended applicants:—Thomas Dight, John Fox, Francis Winnette Ball, Bernard Stanley, Robert Fox and James Marr.

STREET & BECHER,

Solicitors for applicants.

London, Ont., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The North West Land and Grazing Company"

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or

otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company thereof as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3 The city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:

Legh Richmond Harrison, of the city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, barrister-at-law; John Livingston, of the said city and province, journalist; Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, of Rockland, in the County of Westmoreland and Province aforesaid, quarry manager; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, in the county of Kings, and province aforesaid, mining engineer; William Pugsley, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; William Rairnie, of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Gentleman; Edward G. Scovil, of the Parish of Simonds, in the city and county of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, manufac-

turer; of whom the said Legh Richmond Harrison, John Livingston, Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, Alfred Markham and William Pugsley are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. R. HARRISON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Saint John, N. B., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants, and others who may become associated with them as a joint stock company under the name of "The St. Lawrence Manufacturing Company."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the manufacturing, buying and selling fixtures and fastenings for windows, blinds and awnings; for purchasing and using or selling any letters patent of invention which may be of use to the company in connection therewith; for the purpose of buying and using or selling any other letters patent of invention as may be thought expedient by the directors of the company, and of manufacturing, buying and selling such other goods, ware and commodities as to the directors of said company may seem expedient.

The capital stock of the company is to be fifty thousand dollars. The number of shares is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of five dollars.

The City of Montreal is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—

Charles Edgar Kennedy, of Hatley, in the County of Stanstead, Province of Quebec, trader; Charles Carroll Colby, M.P., of Stanstead, in said County; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, of the City of Sherbrooke, in said Province, Esquire; Frederick Fairman, of the City of Montreal, in said Province, merchant; Robert Baker May, of said City of Montreal, printer; John Gilman Elder, of the town of Derby, in the State of Vermont, trader, and Stiles Frost of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, trader.

All the said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company.

CHAS. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Montreal, 3rd April, 1882.

44-6

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Edmonton and Ontario Colonization and Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals; the colonizing, settling and selling the said land; the survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same; the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging, and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands; the advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of

mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; the erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber; the breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 5,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Bossom Ashford Mitchell, of the City of London, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; Charles Richardson, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; William Lind, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Muir, of the same place, merchant; and George Robinson, of the same place, merchant.

The above named applicants, who are all residents of Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

FRASER & FRASER,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 24th day of April, 1882.

44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or otherwise; power to carry on farming and to develop the resources of the Company; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of the purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company, and to issue debentures secured upon the lands of the Company

or otherwise, for the same purposes; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessities for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandise so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$600,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 6,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, Warring Kennedy, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward Carter, merchant, James Haywood, commercial traveller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Samuel Trees, Toronto, manufacturer; Warring Kennedy, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 19th April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Dufferin and Battle River Colonization Company, (Limited)."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be two thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollar

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Thomas Anthony Maitland McCarthy, of the Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin, in the Province of Ontario, Judge; William Legh Walsh, Esquire, Thomas MacAdam, banker, Richard Thompson Haun, bank manager, James Henry, doctor of medicine, John Gilchrist, William Reid Kent, Thomas Stevenson, James Moore Skelton, and Jeremiah Skelton, all merchants, Thomas Stern Williamson and James King Decatur, both Gentlemen, all of the said Town of Orangeville; Robert Wilson, of the Township of Mono, in said County, Gentleman; John Anderson, Registrar of Arthur, in the County of Wellington, in said Province; Samuel Michael Henry, of Harriston, in the County of Wellington, in said Province, doctor of medicine; William Henry Hunter, of the Township of East Garafraxa, in said County of Dufferin, Gentleman; John Gillespie, farmer, of the Township of Amaranth, in said County of Dufferin; William Stubbs, veterinary surgeon, and Alexander Skelton, farmer, both of the Township of

Caledon, in the County of Peel, in said Province; of whom the said James Henry, Thomas Stevenson, John Gilchrist, James Moore Skelton and Thomas MacAdam are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

McCARTHY & WALSH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Orangeville, 17th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario Trade Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals, as the Government's Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with any existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide, and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent, for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization

company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain a transfer thereof, or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(o) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; William Gillzean Reid, Hamilton, merchant; Robert Davies, Toronto, brewer; Archibald George Hodge, Toronto, hotel-keeper; George Thomas Robinson, Toronto, merchant; Joshua Smith Hamilton, Brantford, merchant; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, Woodstock, merchant.

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDOUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto the 20th day of April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The Wentworth Land Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or pri-

privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral, timber and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway from and through the lands of the company to some point or place or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, bridges and other works, which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto in any part of Canada.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell, and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep, pigs and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain transfer therefor, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Hamilton, Ontario, with branch offices at such other place or places as the business of the company may require.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

4. There are to be 1000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the address of each of the applicants that is to say: George Roach, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman, Robert Evans, of the same place, merchant, James Murray Lottridge, of the same place, manufacturer, Hugh Duncan Cameron, of the same place, banker, Hugh Murray, of the same place, merchant, Charles Robinson Smith, of the same place, merchant, Thomas Lawry, of the same place, merchant, Robert McKechnie, of the Town of Dundas, in the County of Wentworth, manufacturer, all of whom are to be the

first or provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are resident in Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Hamilton, 18th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for a charter of incorporation by Letters Patent, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Edmonton and Saskatchewan Land Company of Canada (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation by the said company is sought are:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the city of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is four hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of the said company is to be four thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and callings of the said applicants are as follows:—George Gordon Dustan, of Woodside House, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Bain Scarth, of the city of Toronto, in the county of York, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; the Honorable Alexander Morris, of the said city of Toronto, Esquire; McLeod Stewart, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; Archibald Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; Joseph James Gormully, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; William Darley Bentley, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; the Honorable Jedediah Slason Carvell, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, merchant and Senator; the Honorable Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the said city of Montreal, merchant and Senator; John Smith Maclean, of the city of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, merchant and President of the Bank of Nova Scotia; Jeremiah Harrison, of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; and John Leonard Harris, of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the said Province of New Brunswick, merchant.

7. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and are all residents of Canada.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Settlers Colonization Company (limited)."

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be three

3

hundred thousand dollars in three thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—Thomas Lailey, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Stark, of the city of Toronto, broker; John Dryden, of the village of Brooklin, Esquire; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, of the city of Toronto, doctor of medicine; William Stewart, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; James Watson, of the city of Toronto, Esquire; Edward John Stobo, of the town of Peterboro, clergyman; William Buck, of the city of Brantford, iron founder; Charles Raymond, of the city of Guelph, manufacturer; Archibald Alexander Cameron, of the city of Ottawa, clergyman; George Booth, of the city of Toronto, manufacturer; William Elliot, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Harvard Castle, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; William Muir, of the city of Toronto, clergyman; William Joseph Copp, of the city of Hamilton, iron founder; George Richardson, of the village of Colborne, clergyman; Frederick Beyers, of the village of Carleton Place, iron founder.

The eleven first named are to be the provisional directors, and all reside in Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 20th April, 1882.

43-7

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice, for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the said company, a body politic and corporate for the purposes following, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought by the company are:

3. To acquire lands by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories or elsewhere, from the Dominion or any Provincial Government or any corporation or individuals; to sell, rent, lease, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of the said lands; to survey, colonize, settle, cultivate, improve and build upon the said lands; to advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, with power to secure such advances, with interest, upon such terms and in such manner, by way of mortgage or otherwise as may be mutually agreed upon; to erect and acquire or lease saw, grist or other mills; to establish shops or stores on the said lands and to purchase and vend articles and produce of every description; to build, acquire, own, charter, or lease, navigate and use steam and other vessels or boats for the purposes of the company; to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam or other vessels for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company; to build, construct and maintain all necessary bridges and wharves; to breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock and to carry on, in all its branches, farming and stock raising; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

4. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

5. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one million dollars.

6. The number of shares of the company is to be ten thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

7. The names in full, addresses, and callings of the said applicants are as follows: Alexander Manning, of the City of Toronto, capitalist; Philip McRae, of the City of Montreal, contractor; Charles James

Campbell, of the City of Toronto, broker; Peter McLaren, of the City of Ottawa, lumber merchant; Dennis Ryan, of the City of St. Paul, farmer; and John Proctor, of the City of Hamilton, merchant.

8. The following of whom are to be the provisional directors of the company: Alexander Manning, John Proctor and Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company in and by the name of "The London and North-West Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats, sailing vessels or barges from, through, or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, save and except spirituous liquors, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain transfer thereof, or amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The City of London, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

5. There are to be 4000 (four thousand) shares, and each share is to be for the sum of \$25.00.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: the Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, of the City of London, James Corcoran, of the Town of Stratford, merchant, James Joseph Foy, of the City of Toronto, barrister, Thomas Coffey, of the City of London, publisher, John Joseph Gibbons, of the same place, merchant, and John Joseph Blake, of the same place, barrister.

7. The said Right Reverend John Walsh, D.D., Bishop of London, James Corcoran, James Joseph Foy, Thomas Coffey, John Joseph Gibbons, and John Joseph Blake, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

PATTERSON & McHUGH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of April, 1882. 42-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Wellington and North Western Colonization Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba, and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Buying, acquiring, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interests in land and timber limits including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The City of Guelph is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$200,000.

4. There are to be 2,000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

5. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:—William Bell, of the city of Guelph, in the

Province of Ontario, organ builder; Thomas Goldie, of the same place, miller; James Peebles, of the same place, secretary of the World Publishing Company; Alexander Watson Alexander, of the same place, secretary of the Bell Organ Company, and Henry Walter Metcalf, of the same place, organ builder, and that the four first named of said applicants who all reside in the said city of Guelph are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

GUTHRIE & WATT,
Solicitors for applicants.

Guelph, 13th April, 1882.

42-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the Rainy River Improvement Company.

W.M. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the British Canadian Cable and Telegraph Company for the purpose of laying a cable from a point in Scotland to Greenland, thence by the Hudson Bay to Winnipeg; with the right to extend telegraph lines along any railroad or post road in Manitoba or the North West Territories of Canada.

W.M. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the sixth call (5 p.c.) on the new issue of capital stock of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway will be payable on or before the 12th day of June, 1882, at the office of the company, in Kingston.

By order,
GEO. OSBORNE,
Secty. Treas.

Kingston, 11th May, 1882.

47-4

NORTHERN, NORTH WESTERN AND SAULT STE. MARIE RAILWAY.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the proprietors of this company will be held at the Queen's Hotel, in the City of Toronto, on Wednesday, the 7th day of June next, at 12 o'clock, noon, to elect directors for the ensuing year, and for other purposes.

The stock and transfer books will remain closed from Friday, the 2nd, to Wednesday, the 7th proximo.

By order of the Board,

ADAM BROWN,
President.

Toronto, 17th May, 1882.

47-3

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a general meeting of the shareholders of the Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company who have paid in full all calls made by the Directors will be held at the company's offices in the City of Hamilton on Thursday, the 1st day of June, A.D., 1882, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing from among their number three Liquidators who shall be substituted for the directors of the company.

By order,
F. R. DESPARD,
Secretary.

Hamilton, 18th May, 1882.

47-1

ONTARIO BANK.

DIVIDEND No. 49.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of six per cent. to the first of June next, upon the capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Saturday, the 17th day of June.

The transfer books will be closed from the 3rd to the 17th of June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of stockholders for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank,
Toronto, 18th May, 1882.

47-5

THE NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY OF CANADA (LIMITED).

NOTICE is hereby given that by a resolution passed at a meeting of the shareholders of the above company held on the 17th day of May, 1882, the directors of the above company were authorized to apply for letters patent to be incorporated under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," and notice is hereby given that after the expiration of one month after the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* an application will be made on behalf of the above company to His Excellency the Governor in Council for letters patent to incorporate the said company under the said Act.

By order,

ANDREW RUTHERFORD,
Manager.

Dated at Toronto, this 18th day of May, 1882.

47-6

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, it is the intention of the liquidators to distribute among the shareholders of the Bank, any balance then remaining unclaimed with all interest accrued thereon of the amount reserved as a provision for the payment of the ordinary indebtedness and unredeemed circulation of the Bank, remaining unpaid when the last dividend payable to the shareholders is declared in accordance with the provisions of the Act 40 Vic., chap. 56.

By order of the Liquidators.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 13th May, 1882.

46-4

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, as merchants, in the town of Kincardine, in the County of Bruce, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due by the late firm of Bissett & Martin are to be paid by George Bissett. All debts due the late firm are to be paid to James Martin.

GEO. BISSETT,
JAS. MARTIN.

Witness,

JAMES McK. STEWART.

Dated this 8th day of April, A.D., 1882.

46-2

BANK OF OTTAWA.

DIVIDEND No. 12.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent, upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Thursday, the 1st day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from 16th to 31st May next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 29th April, 1882.

45-4

THE FEDERAL BANK.

DIVIDEND No. 15.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable on and after Thursday, the 1st day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of shareholders for the election of directors will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next.

Chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

H. S. STRATHY,
Cashier.

The Federal Bank of Canada,
Toronto, April 26, 1882.

45-4

ONTARIO BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general Meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of directors for the ensuing year will be held at its Banking house in this City, on Tuesday the twentieth day of June next.

The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

A dividend of six per cent. will be paid in June next, on the stock of the Bank as intended to be reduced by the special Act now before the Dominion Parliament, and a formal declaration of said dividend will be made so soon as said Act receives the Royal assent.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager,

Toronto, 28th April, 1882.

45-7

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE.—A special general meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held on the twenty-second day of May next, at the office of the company, in Montreal, at twelve o'clock noon, to consider and confirm the deed of agreement for the purchase of the Western section of the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway, executed on the fourth day of March last, and passed by the Legislature of the Province of Quebec.

By order of the Board.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.

44-4

QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE. Is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared

for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Monday, the fifth day of June next.

The chair to be taken at three P.M.

By order of the Board.

J. STEVENSON,
Chairman.

Quebec, 27th April, 1882.

44-4

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND No. 52.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the seventeenth to the thirty-first day of May, both days included.

The annual general meeting of stockholders for the election of directors, will be held at the Banking House of the institution on Wednesday, the 21st of June next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

D. COULSON,
Cashier.

Bank of Toronto, 26th April, 1882.

44-5

LA BANQUE JACQUES-CARTIER.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank, in the City of Montreal, on and after the first day of June next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st day of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next, at one o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

A. DE MARTIGNY,
Cashier.

Montreal, 27th April, 1882.

44-5

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Thursday, the 1st June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th to the 31st May next,—both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next. The chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

G. HAGUE,
General Manager.

Montreal, 22nd April, 1882.

41-5

THE MARITIME BANK OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at their office, in the City of St. John, on

Friday, the second day of June next, at noon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board of Directors,

ALFRED RAY,
Cashier.

Saint John, New Brunswick, 25th April, 1882. 44-5

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city and at its branches on and after Thursday the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 5th day of June next. The chair to be taken at one o'clock.

By order of the Board,

A. MACNIDER,
Assistant General Manager,

Montreal, 25th April, 1882.

44-6

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 22nd to the 31st May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

UBALDE GARAND,
Cashier.

Montreal, 27th April, 1882.

44-5

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a final meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at 26 St. François Xavier Street, Montreal, at one o'clock p.m., on the 22nd day of May next, to receive the final report of the liquidators and to do all other things which the said shareholders may do at such final meeting under the provisions of the Act intituled "An Act to authorize and provide for the winding up of the Metropolitan Bank."

By order of the liquidators,

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 4th April, 1882.

41-7

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 1st March, 1882.

36-13

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 3 mai 1882.

SAMUEL CRAWFORD, d'Halifax, dans la Province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, gentilhomme; Officier préposé au débarquement, examinateur et commis dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

JOHN JOSEPH MCGEE, écuyer, greffier par *interim* du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada; Son Député pour signer les Mandats d'élection, les Proclamations et les Brefs pour l'élection des membres de la Chambre des Communes en vertu des dispositions de l'Acte des élections fédérales, 1874, et ses amendements, que le Gouverneur Général soit absent ou non.

19 mai 1882.

JOHN JOSEPH MCGEE, écuyer, greffier par *interim* du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada; Son Député avec le pouvoir et dans le but de signer les lettres patentes d'incorporation, émises en vertu de "l'Acte des Compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," que le Gouverneur Général soit absent ou non.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.

—SALUT:

ATTENDU que par et de l'avis et du consentement de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous avons jugé à propos de DISSOUDRE le présent parlement du Canada, qui se trouve prorogé au VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

SACHEZ MAINTENANT, qu'à cette fin Nous publions Notre présente Proclamation Royale, et par icelle DISSOLVONS en conséquence le dit Parlement du Canada, et les Sénateurs et les Membres de la Chambre des Communes sont en conséquence exemptés de s'assembler et d'être présents le dit VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND

CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier du Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui les présentes parviendront—SALUT.

ATTENDU que c'est notre désir et détermination de rencontrer aussitôt que faire se pourra, Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous faisons connaître par les présentes Notre volonté et Plaisir Royal de convoquer un Parlement, et Nous déclarons de plus que, de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, NOUS AVONS CE JOUR donné des Ordres pour l'émanation de Nos Writs en due forme pour convoquer un Parlement dans Notre dite Puissance, lesquels Writs seront en date du DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI courant et retournables le SEPTIÈME jour d'AOUT prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. McGEE, Député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront—SALUT :

SACHEZ que, désirant et ayant résolu, aussitôt que faire se pourra, de rencontrer Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, par ces présentes convoquons la Chambre des Communes dans et pour Notre dite Puissance, et la sommons de se réunir en Notre cité d'Ottawa, en Notre dite Puissance, LUNDI, le SEPT-

IÈME jour d'AOUT prochain, pour là et alors conférer et traiter avec les Grands Hommes et le Sénat de Notre dite Puissance.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. McGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de LORNE), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } CONSIDÉRANT que par l'acte passé dans les trente-deuxième et trente-troisième années de notre règne, chapitre 24, et intitulé "Acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," tel qu'amendé par l'acte passé dans la trente-troisième année de notre règne, chapitre vingt-huit, et intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," il est entre autres choses décrété, que le Gouverneur en Conseil pourra aussi souvent qu'il le jugera nécessaire déclarer par proclamation, que, le et après le dit jour y mentionné, le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, ou tout article ou articles d'icelui, sera en vigueur dans tout endroit ou endroits au Canada y désigné dans les limites ou dans le voisinage duquel tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique sera en voie d'exécution, ou tels endroits qui sont dans le voisinage de tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique comme susdit, dans les limites duquel il croit qu'il est nécessaire que le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné ou tout article ou articles d'icelui soit en vigueur ;

Et attendu que par et en vertu des dits actes il est en outre statué que le dit acte en premier lieu cité ou tout article ou articles d'icelui sera mis en vigueur, le ou après le jour mentionné dans telle proclamation, dans les endroits désignés dans telle proclamation ;

SACHEZ MAINTENANT que par et en vertu de l'autorité que nous confèrent ces dits actes, et par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, Nous proclamons, ordonnons et déclarons que, le et après le premier jour de juin, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, tous les articles du dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, tel qu'amendé, excepté les articles deux, trois, quatre, cinq, six, sept, huit, neuf et dix, seront mis en vigueur dans les localités suivantes, savoir : dans toutes ces parties de la province de la Colombie Britannique, dans notre Puissance du Canada, situées dans une circonscription de dix milles de chaque côté de la ligne localisée du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique entre le Port Moody et Savona's Ferry y comprenant la ligne

elle-même et s'étendant sur une distance de dix milles au-delà de chaque extrémité d'icelle.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce TROISIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

46-3

CHAMBRE DU SÉNAT.

OTTAWA, mercredi, 17 mai 1882.

Aujourd'hui, à cinq heures P. M., SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR-GÉNÉRAL s'est rendue, avec le cérémonial ordinaire, à la Chambre du Sénat, dans l'édifice du Parlement, et a pris son siège sur le Trône. Les Membres du Sénat étant assemblés, il a plu à Son Excellence d'y faire requérir la présence de la Chambre des Communes, et cette Chambre s'y étant rendue, les Bills suivants ont été sanctionnés au nom de Sa Majesté par Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général, savoir :

Acte concernant la compagnie du chemin de fer du Sud du Canada et la compagnie du chemin de fer d'Erié et Niagara.

Acte pour incorporer la Banque du Manitoba.

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie d'Assurance Maritime Saint-Laurent du Canada.

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Banque du Nord-Ouest.

Acte concernant la Compagnie du Pont de la Grande Ile de Niagara.

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la "Compagnie du chemin de fer du Lac Supérieur à la Baie de James."

Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la Compagnie du chemin de fer de Jonction d'Ottawa et Arnprior.

Acte concernant la Compagnie d'Assurance Mutuelle sur la Vie, de Montréal, dite du Soleil.

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du Pont du Sault-Sainte-Marie.

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du chemin de fer des rivières Saskatchewan et de la Paix.

Acte à l'effet d'autoriser et prescrire la liquidation des affaires de la Compagnie d'assurance de la Puissance contre l'incendie et les dangers de la navigation.

Acte à l'effet d'amender de nouveau l'acte constitutif de l'Association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie du Canada, et de changer son nom en celui d'Association sur la Vie, du Canada.

Acte pour remettre en vigueur et amender l'acte de la Banque Chartée de Londres et de l'Amérique du Nord et changer son nom en celui de "La Banque Chartée de Londres et de Winnipeg."

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie de Steamers de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, (à responsabilité limitée).

Acte à l'effet d'amender et refondre tels qu'amendés les différents actes concernant la Compagnie d'Assurance de l'Amérique Britannique.

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Banque des Planteurs du Canada.

Acte pour incorporer le Synode du diocèse de la Saskatchewan et pour d'autres fins s'y rattachant.

Acte concernant la Compagnie des Hauts Fourneaux de New-York et Ontario.

Acte concernant la Compagnie du chemin de fer du Portage, de Westbourne et du Nord-Ouest.

Acte concernant le mariage avec la sœur de la femme défunte.

Acte à l'effet d'amender les actes relatifs à la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand-Occidental.

Acte à l'effet d'autoriser la compagnie d'Assurance Agricole d'Ottawa à liquider ses affaires, à renoncer à sa charte et à pourvoir à sa dissolution.

Acte pour amender et amplifier "l'Acte pour autoriser la Compagnie d'Assurance de Stadacona contre le feu et sur la vie à renoncer à sa charte et établir un mode de liquider ses affaires."

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie d'Assurance Tecumseh du Canada.

Acte concernant la Banque d'Echange de Yarmouth, Nouvelle-Ecosse.

Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte incorporant la Compagnie d'Assurance Mutuelle de l'Amérique du Nord, sur la Vie, et de changer son nom en celui de "Compagnie d'Assurance de l'Amérique du Nord, sur la Vie."

Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte qui incorpore "l'Association d'assurance canadienne des personnes qui font usage de la vapeur," et de changer le nom de la dite compagnie en celui de "Compagnie canadienne d'inspection et d'assurance des chaudières à vapeur."

Acte à l'effet de réduire le capital social de la Banque d'Ontario, de changer la valeur nominale de ses actions, et pour d'autres fins.

Acte pour incorporer la Banque de l'Ouest du Canada.

Acte concernant la Compagnie du Pont du Sud du Canada.

Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte pour incorporer la Compagnie du chemin de fer de la Vallée de la Saskatchewan-Sud.

Acte à l'effet d'amender de nouveau l'acte constitutif de la Compagnie du chemin de fer de la Souris aux Montagnes-Rocheuses.

Acte pour constituer en corporation la Compagnie d'Assurance Mutuelle Maritime l'Océan.

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la "Compagnie Edison d'Eclairage Electrique du Canada."

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie des Bois de Quebec (à responsabilité limitée.)

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du chemin de fer du Lac Athabaskaw à la Baie d'Hudson.

Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la "Compagnie Mutuelle de Télégraphe du Canada."

Acte concernant la Compagnie Thomson et Houston d'Eclairage Electrique du Canada.

Acte à l'effet de pourvoir davantage à l'amélioration du fleuve Saint-Laurent entre Montréal et Québec.

Acte à l'effet d'autoriser l'Association Coopérative du Canada (à responsabilité limitée) à émettre des actions-priorité.

Acte à l'effet d'accorder certains pouvoirs à la "Compagnie Manufacturière C. W. Williams," et de changer son nom en celui de "Compagnie Manufacturière Williams."

Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation les Sœurs de Charité des Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

Acte à l'effet d'amender la charte de la compagnie dite "The Fellowes' Medical Manufacturing Company."

Acte à l'effet d'amender de nouveau les actes concernant l'amélioration et l'administration du havre de Québec.

Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte incorporant la Compagnie du chemin de fer de Jonction de Pontiac au Pacifique, et d'autoriser la dite compagnie à construire un pont sur la rivière Ottawa.

Acte concernant l'Association des Commis Voyageurs du Canada.

Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la compagnie du chemin de fer de Montréal au Canada central.

Acte à l'effet d'exempter les navires employés à la pêche du paiement des droits pour le secours des marins malades et dans la détresse.

Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la Compagnie du Pont de Saint-Jean.

Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la Compagnie du Pont de Winnipeg à Springfield.

- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du Pont du Richelieu.
- Acte à l'effet de pourvoir à l'amélioration et à l'administration du havre de Trois-Rivières.
- Acte pour modifier l'Acte trente-cinq Victoria, chapitre quarante-deux, concernant la nomination d'un maître de havre pour le port d'Halifax.
- Acte autorisant, à certaines conditions, la construction du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique par une passe autre que celle de la Tête-Jaune.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender les actes concernant la "Compagnie de Dépôt et de Piét du Canada," et d'accroître les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie.
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation l'Académie royale-canadienne des Arts.
- Acte concernant une certaine convention entre la Compagnie de Sûretés Canadiennes et les liquidateurs de la Banque Consolidée du Canada.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du Pont de la Péninsule de Niagara.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie de chemin de fer et de ponts d'Ottawa, Waddington et New-York.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte de la ci-devant province du Canada, intitulé "Acte pour incorporer le bureau d'administration des biens temporels de l'Eglise Presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et les actes qui l'amendent.
- Acte pour amender l'acte de la ci-devant province du Canada, intitulé : "Acte pour incorporer les administrateurs du fonds des veuves et orphelins des ministres du synode de l'Eglise presbytérienne du Canada en rapport avec l'Eglise d'Ecosse," et ses amendements.
- Acte à l'effet d'étendre et amender les actes relatifs à la Compagnie de Crédit Foncier du Canada.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l' "Acte général des gardiens de port, 1874."
- Acte à l'effet d'établir de nouvelles dispositions au sujet de l'incorporation d'une compagnie pour établir un télégraphe sous-marin entre la côte canadienne du Pacifique et l'Asie.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender de nouveau l'acte concernant la Maison de la Trinité et les Commissaires du Havre de Montréal.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte quarante Victoria, chapitre trente, intitulé : "Acte pour établir des dispositions contre l'usage abusif des armes à feu."
- Acte à l'effet d'amender les actes concernant la milice et la défense du Canada.
- Acte concernant les criminels ou délinquants d'une autre possession de Sa Majesté qui se réfugient en Canada.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender et de proroger de nouveau pour un certain temps l'acte quarante-trois Victoria, chapitre trente-six.
- Acte concernant la Compagnie du Pont et Tunnel de chemin de fer de la rivière Sainte-Claire.
- Acte concernant les ponts établis en vertu d'actes provinciaux sur des eaux navigables.
- Acte pour amender "l'Acte à l'effet d'amender et refondre telles qu'amendées les diverses dispositions concernant le corps de police à cheval du Nord-Ouest."
- Acte concernant les juges des cours de comté.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du chemin de fer du Pacifique d'Ontario.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du Pont de chemin de fer de Calais à St-Stephens.
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la Compagnie du chemin de fer Central de Rapid-City.
- Acte concernant le Collège de la Reine à Kingston.
- Acte à l'effet de refondre et amender les actes concernant la Compagnie du Télégraphe de Montréal.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie Internationale de Construction (à responsabilité limitée).
- Acte pour constituer en corporation la Compagnie de chemin de fer Grand Oriental.
- Acte à l'effet d'autoriser un drawback sur certains articles fabriqués en Canada pour être employés à la construction du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique.
- Acte concernant le chemin de fer de Québec, Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental.
- Acte concernant la vente des billets de chemins de fer.
- Acte concernant la police de port et de rivière de la province de Québec.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie du chemin de fer de transport maritime de Clignectou (à responsabilité limitée.)
- Acte à l'effet de constituer en corporation la Compagnie du chemin de fer de la Grande Ligne directe américaine-européenne.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer la Compagnie de terres de la Qu'Appelle (à responsabilité limitée.)
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte constitutif de la Compagnie Canadienne de Téléphone Bell.
- Acte à l'effet de modifier l'acte quarante-deux Victoria, chapitre quarante, intitulé "Acte pour amender l'acte de Jurisdiction Maritime, 1877," et d'établir de nouvelles dispositions pour le recouvrement des gages des matelots employés sur les navires naviguant sur les eaux intérieures du Canada.
- Acte à l'effet d'incorporer l'Association de Secours Mutuels du Canada.
- Acte pour amender et refondre les actes relatifs à la charge de gardien de port du havre de Montréal.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte de la présente session intitulé : "Acte à l'effet de réduire le capital social de la banque d'Ontario et de changer la valeur nominale de ses actions et pour d'autres fins."
- Acte concernant le service civil du Canada.
- Acte pour incorporer la compagnie manufacturière McClary.
- Acte ayant pour objet d'amender la législation concernant les sociétés de construction et les compagnies de prêt et d'épargne qui opèrent dans la province d'Ontario.
- Acte abrogeant certaines dispositions de l'acte d'inspection général, 1874.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender de nouveau l'acte du pilotage, 1873, et les autres actes y mentionnés.
- Acte pour pourvoir à la transmission gratuite des journaux canadiens par la malle dans les limites du Canada.
- Acte ayant pour objet de lever certains doutes touchant l'effet de "l'Acte des territoires du Nord-Ouest, (1880)" et d'amender cette loi.
- Acte pour amender de nouveau l'acte concernant les matelots (1873).
- Acte portant de nouvelles dispositions concernant les phares, bouées et balises.
- Acte pour corriger certaines erreurs dans la version française de "l'Acte des Terres de la Puissance," et de "l'Acte des Terres Fédérales, (1879)."
- Acte à l'effet d'amender l'acte concernant le port de Sydney-Nord, dans la Nouvelle-Ecosse.
- Acte à l'effet de pourvoir à l'établissement de certaines voies ferrées s'embranchant sur le chemin de fer Intercolonial et sur le chemin de fer de l'Île du Prince-Edouard, respectivement.
- Acte à l'effet d'amender et refondre les actes concernant l'inspection des bateaux à vapeur et l'examen et la commission des mécaniciens qui y sont employés.
- Acte à l'effet de répartir de nouveau la représentation dans la Chambre des Communes, et pour d'autres fins.
- Acte à l'effet d'augmenter, pendant un certain temps, la subvention annuelle de la province du Manitoba.
- Acte concernant le havre de Saint-Jean, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick.
- Acte pour encourager la construction de bassins de radoub en accordant des subventions sous certaines conditions aux compagnies qui construiront de ces bassins.
- Acte amendant "l'Acte d'extradition (1877)."
- Acte à l'effet de proroger de nouveau pour un certain temps l' "Acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes (1878)"
- Acte portant déclaration du sens du mot "télégraphe" en certains cas.
- Acte pour amender de nouveau l'Acte relatif aux Sauvages (1880.)
- Acte à l'effet de modifier de nouveau les différents actes imposant des droits de douane actuellement en vigueur.

Acte portant fixation et pourvoyant au paiement des traitements des juges de la Cour suprême de judicature d'Ontario et de certains juges et juges de cours de comté du Manitoba et du Nouveau-Brunswick.

Acte autorisant le paiement de subventions pour la construction de certaines lignes de chemin de fer y mentionnées.

Acte à l'effet d'augmenter la somme placée à la disposition du Gouverneur en conseil par l'Acte 34 Victoria, chapitre 8, pour payer les créanciers de la Banque du Haut Canada.

Acte concernant l'embranchement de Windsor du chemin de fer Intercolonial.

Acte autorisant un octroi annuel pour le développement des pêches maritimes et l'encouragement de la construction des navires de pêche.

Acte pour amender de nouveau l'acte des brevets de 1872.

Acte relatif aux banques, compagnies d'assurance et corporations de commerce en état d'insolvabilité.

Acte à l'effet d'accorder une subvention à la compagnie du chemin de fer de transport maritime de Chignectou (à responsabilité limitée).

Acte pour amender de nouveau l'acte d'inspection du pétrole, 1880.

Acte pour amender l'acte du revenu de l'intérieur, 1880.

Alors l'Honorable Orateur de la Chambre des Communes a adressé la parole à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général comme suit :

"QU'IL PLAISE A VOTRE EXCELLENCE :

"Les Communes du Canada ont voté les subsides nécessaires pour permettre au gouvernement de faire face aux dépenses du service public.

"Au nom des Communes, je présente à Votre Excellence un bill intitulé :

"Acte pour accorder à Sa Majesté certaines sommes d'argent nécessaires pour subvenir à certaines dépenses du service public, pour les années fiscales expirant respectivement le 30 juin 1882, et le 30 juin 1883, et pour d'autres objets se rattachant au service public ;"

que je prie humblement] Votre Excellence de sanctionner."

A ce bill la sanction royale a été donnée dans les termes suivants :

"Au nom de Sa Majesté, Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général remercie ses loyaux sujets, accepte leur bienveillance et sanctionne ce bill."

Après quoi, il a plu à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général de clore la QUATRIÈME SESSION du QUATRIÈME PARLEMENT de la PUISSANCE par le discours suivant :

DISCOURS.

Honorables Messieurs du Sénat :

Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes :

Je désire vous remercier sincèrement du zèle et de l'assiduité que vous avez mis à remplir vos devoirs parlementaires, et je suis heureux de croire qu'à votre retour dans vos foyers, vous trouverez, partout, le pays jouissant d'une grande prospérité.

L'Acte du service civil produira, j'en ai l'espoir, les meilleurs résultats, en améliorant l'organisation et le fonctionnement de ce service qui fonctionne déjà d'une manière si satisfaisante.

Les Actes relatifs à l'extradition des criminels ou délinquants qui se réfugient en Canada, à la liquidation des affaires des banques, compagnies d'assurances et corporations de commerce en état d'insolvabilité, et l'acte amendant l'acte concernant l'administration de la justice criminelle, sont autant de mesures d'une nature importante.

Le crédit voté pour subventionner des entreprises de chemins de fer, contribuera grandement à ouvrir de vastes régions fertiles, jusqu'à présent inaccessibles aux colons.

Le crédit annuel affecté à l'encouragement des pêcheries maritimes et à l'amélioration de la position des pêcheurs sera de grande valeur pour cette branche importante des industries nationales.

L'abolition des droits sur le thé et le café réduira, pour la population, le prix de ces importantes denrées

alimentaires ; l'abolition du droit de timbre sur les lettres de change et les billets promissoires sera appréciée par le commerce qu'elle soulagera d'un fardeau pénible, et la transmission des journaux et revues, francs de port, sera accueillie comme un bienfait par tout le pays.

Nos manufactures, déjà prospères, bénéficieront encore de l'abolition des droits sur les métaux et autres matières premières employées dans certaines fabrications.

Il est satisfaisant de constater que l'heureux état du revenu permettra d'opérer, sans inconvénient, ces réductions qui représentent annuellement un million et un quart de piastres.

Durant les vacances du parlement, mes ministres continueront leurs efforts pour arriver à des conventions commerciales avantageuses avec la France et l'Espagne. Dans ces démarches, le Haut Commissaire aura encore l'appui cordial du gouvernement de Sa Majesté et de la diplomatie impériale, appui que déjà on lui a prêté si volontiers.

Cet appui devra grandement fortifier le Canada dans toutes les négociations qui pourront être entamées en vue d'améliorer ses relations commerciales avec les pays étrangers.

Cet appui a été accordé d'autant plus volontiers que le gouvernement de Sa Majesté a confiance que le Canada n'établira point de distinction préjudiciable au commerce et aux produits de la mère-patrie.

Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes,

Au nom de Sa Majesté, je vous remercie des subsides que vous avez accordés et qui seront dépensés en ayant pleinement égard à l'économie.

Honorables Messieurs du Sénat,

Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes,

Je vous félicite cordialement de l'heureux et rapide développement de nos industries manufacturières, agricoles et autres.

On m'avise, néanmoins, que leur développement eût été encore plus considérable, si les capitalistes n'eussent pas hésité à engager leurs ressources dans des entreprises auxquelles un changement dans la politique commerciale et fiscale par vous adoptée en 1879, serait nuisible, s'il ne les ruinait pas.

En conséquence, afin de donner sans délai au peuple une occasion d'exprimer son opinion formelle sur cette politique et, en même temps, de mettre en opération la mesure à l'effet de répartir de nouveau la représentation, dans la Chambre des Communes, c'est mon intention de dissoudre ce parlement à une date prochaine.

L'ORATEUR du Sénat alors dit :—

Honorables Messieurs du Sénat et Messieurs de la Chambre des Communes :

C'est le plaisir de SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR-GÉNÉRAL, que ce parlement soit prorogé jusqu'à lundi, le vingt-sixième jour de juin prochain, pour être tenu en ce lieu, et ce Parlement est, en conséquence, prorogé jusqu'à lundi, le vingt-sixième jour de juin prochain.

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mercredi, 3 mai 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

UR la recommandation de l'honorable ministre du revenu de l'intérieur, et sous l'autorité des sections 48 et 49 de l'acte adopté en la 42^e année du règne de Sa Majesté, chap. 16 et intitulé "Acte pour amender et refondre les lois concernant les poids et mesures,"—

Il a plu à Son Excellence, par et de l'avis du Conseil Privé de la Reine, pour le Canada, d'ordonner, et

il est par le présent ordonné, que le numéro quatre des règlements concernant l'inspection des appareils à éprouver le grain, établis par un ordre en conseil du 6 décembre 1881, soit, et le dit numéro est par le présent, amendé, et le règlement suivant y est substitué, savoir :—

"4. Il donne le vrai poids, suivant qu'indiquent les chiffres et divisions marqués sur le fléau."

Certifié,

JOHN J. McGEE,

45-3

Faisant les fonctions de greffier du C. P.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social" des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada en date du troisième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique Alexander G. Ramsay, gérant général de la Compagnie d'Assurance sur la vie du Canada, William Hendrie, écuyer et Adam Brown, écuyer, tous de la cité de Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario dans la Puissance du Canada; John Dunlop, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford dans la dite province; James Crowther, écuyer, James Scott, marchand, William Mulock, écuyer, Edmund Boyd Osler, écuyer et Robert H. Bethune, caissier de la Banque Dominion, tous de la cité de Toronto dans la dite province, dans le but d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, coloniser, ouvrir et vendre des terres, les arpenter et établir, les améliorer, cultiver et construire dessus, acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, acheter, vendre louer, affermer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer et en général trafiquer les dites terres de toute façon ainsi que les intérêts en icelles, le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent et secourir les colons, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des prêts ainsi faits avec intérêts à des conditions et de telle façon, soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou obligation, suivant qu'il aura été convenu; le droit de construire ou acquérir des scieries, manufacturer et vendre du bois de service, le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, y compris le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux, sous le nom de "La compagnie des Terres d'Ontario et Qu'Appelle," avec un capital total de un million de piastres, divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce dix-neuvième jour de mai 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

47-3

Secrétaire d'Etat.

BUREAU DES TERRES FÉDÉRALES.

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTÉRIEUR,

OTTAWA, CANADA, 19 mai 1882.

AL'EGARD des examens récemment faits par le bureau d'examinateurs des arpenteurs fédéraux, avis public est par le présent donné que—

1. Les messieurs dont les noms suivent, savoir: Jeremiah Gallagher, A. P., de Québec; Joseph J. Dufresne, A. P., de Saint-Thomas de Montmagny; Jean M. A. Demers, A. P., de Lévis; Charles F. Leclerc, A. P., de Saint-Jean Port Joli; Joseph M. D'Amour, A. P., de Trois-Pistoles; Joseph E. Sirois,

A. P., de Sainte-Anne Lapocatière; George A. Mountain, A. P., de Québec; Joseph F. Richard, A. P., de Sainte-Anne Lapocatière, et Alfred J. Brabazon, de Portage du Fort, ont subi l'examen prescrit par les sections 91 et 95 de l'acte de 1879, concernant les terres fédérales, et, en conséquence, ont reçu leurs commissions comme arpenteurs de la Puissance.

2. John J. Collins, de Napean, Ont., Fred. P. Burt, de Brockville, Ont., et John A. Gallagher, de Québec, ayant respectivement subi l'examen préliminaire prescrit par la section 85 de l'acte ci-dessus mentionné, ont reçu des certificats les admettant à l'étude.

Par ordre,

ROBERT LANG,

Secrétaire du bureau des examinateurs des arpenteurs fédéraux.

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ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 30 avril dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,656,761 93
Excise	417,789 32
Département des Postes.....	156,181 65
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	266,659 50
Divers	194,721 77
	<u>\$2,692,114 17</u>
Revenu, 31 mars 1882.....	24,479,865 88
	<u>\$27,171,980 05</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$1,770,560 98
do 31 mars 1882.....	17,999,566 70
	<u>\$19,770,127 68</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,

Député du Ministre des Finances

Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er mai 1882.

AVIS AUX MARINS.

No. 7 de 1882.

CHANGEMENT DANS LE PHARE DU PORT
ST-JEAN.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'à dater de l'ouverture de la navigation, cette année, la lumière du phare sur le quai du port St-Jean, île d'Orléans, fleuve St-Laurent en bas de Québec, sera changée de blanche tournante en une lumière *blanche fixe*.

L'appareil d'éclairage sera catoptrique.

Lat. N. 46° 55' 20"

Long. O. 70° 53' 30"

WM. SMITH,

Député du ministre de la marine et des pêcheries.
Département de la marine et des pêcheries.
Ottawa, 17 avril 1882.

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1911

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Lr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de mars 1882 Av
Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 28 février 1882.....	\$8,411,350 03	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$469,696 50
Dépôts durant le mois	612,249 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	4,826 12		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,489,803 56
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	71,955 09
	9,031,455 15		8,561,758 65
			\$9,031,455 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 22 avril 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Mont'li, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Mont'li; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$828.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 débentures de municipalités; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Bault, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée)		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrie, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$20 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$21,000 sig. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St Jean, N.B.	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B) ..	Sur la vie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasins de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$338.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210)	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act. de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal...	£10,000 stg., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		A. T. McCorr, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£11,000 sig. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	£21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		A. J. Pell, Montréal ..	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les places.
		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American".....	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile".....	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont-réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)..	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000, actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi-paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso-lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre.....	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (génér.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.....	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada.	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie; dite "Standard," Ecosse.. ..	W. M. Ramsay, gerant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal.	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en espèces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect.	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et \$20,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES. EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.-U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemenent, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. K. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances

TARIF des droits à être prélevés sur le bois de charpente, billes, etc., passant par les glissoires et autres ouvrages du gouvernement sur l'Ottawa et ses tributaire

Nom de la rivière.	Nom de la glissoire ou autre amélioration.	Par glissoire ou amélioration.				Taux pour se rendre au pied des Chaudières.		Bois de charpente, rond, plat et de dimension. — Egalement traverses de chemins de fer.	Taux spéciaux.	
		Pin rouge, pin blanc ou bois dur.		Mats, planches ou bois scié, par radeau.	Pin rouge, pin blanc, ou bois dur.	Mats, planches ou bois scié, par radeau.				
		Par bille.	Par pièce de bois				Par radeau.			
Ottawa..... do..... do..... do..... do..... do.....	Pour passer par les— Glissoires à la Roche Capitaine..... do du rapide des Joachims..... do des rapides de Calumet et de la Montagne..... do du Portage-du-Fort..... do des Chats..... do des Chaudières..... Estacades des Chenaux.....	Là où il n'y a pas de taux spécial pour les billes passant par les améliorations du gouvernement, les droits de péage pour les glissoires ou les estacades seront perçus sur soixante billes, comme étant l'équivalent d'un radeau de bois carré.	Les améliorations inférieures de la rivière Dumoine exceptées.
	Petewawa..... do									

Je certifie que le présent tarif des droits de péage à être prélevés sur le bois de charpente, billes, etc., passant par les travaux et glissoires du gouvernement sur la rivière Ottawa et ses tributaires, a été approuvé ce jour par Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil.

BUREAU DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ,
OTTAWA, 3 mai 1882

JOHN J. McGEE,
Faisant les fonctions de greffier du Conseil Privé.

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

ÉTAT fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—			
Frans 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5.18.26			\$4,823,833 60
Versements sur le capital—			
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.....			\$1,205,958 40
Nombre des titres—			
Titres nominatifs.....			50,000
Titres au porteur.....			Nil.

Actif de la société.	\$	cts.	Passif de la société.	\$	cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875	20	Capital social	4,823,833	60
Prêts hypothécaires:			Prêts différés	25,314	01
A long terme	674,716	33	Intérêt payé par anticipation.....	242	75
A court terme	389,334	50	Divers	1,727	56
	1,064,050	83			
Espèces en caisse et en banque:					
En Canada.....	93,249	81			
En France.....	78,305	92			
	171,555	73			
Arrérages de semestres.....		389 51			
Mobilier		2,054 24			
Divers		2,787 16			
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712	67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117	92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.
 Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société..... Néant.
 Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt..... Néant.

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Député du Ministre des Finances,

N. S. GARLAND,
 Commis des Statistiques,
 Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal

anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas, la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le

reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Britannique Canadienne de câble et de télégraphe, dans le but de jeter un câble d'un point en Ecosse au Groënland, de là par la baie d'Hudson à Winnipeg; avec le droit de construire des lignes télégraphiques le long de n'importe quel chemin de fer ou route postale dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière à la Pluie.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son

Excellence le gouverneur en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation de Prince Albert."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba, les Territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans le Canada; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et en développer les ressources agricoles, minières ou autres; le droit de vendre, concéder, transporter, louer, hypothéquer, exploiter ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés ou les intérêts en icelles; le droit de prendre des hypothèques ou autres garanties pour le prix d'achat en tout ou en partie, avec le droit de vendre et céder ces hypothèques, aider et encourager l'immigration et la colonisation des dites terres, soit par des prêts ou subventions garantis suivant qu'il aura été convenu ou par tout autre moyen; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subvention ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou plusieurs lignes de chemin de fer, télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis, soit par la compagnie, soit par toute personne établie sur les terres de la dite compagnie; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de colonisation de la dite compagnie; le droit de construire des maisons, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de tout genre, avec le droit d'aider à la construction d'iceux de toute manière légale et à des conditions et avec des garanties dont il aura été convenu; le droit de placer des bestiaux sur les terres de la compagnie et d'exercer l'industrie de l'élevage du bétail dans toutes ses branches; le droit de récolter du grain et autres produits de ferme; le droit de manufacturer ou exporter les dits produits; le droit de faire des opérations minières sur les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit de faire tout ce qui est permis aux compagnies de même nature.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$400,000 divisé en 4,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les noms, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants:—William Sharples, marchand; Thomas McGreevey, entrepreneur, tous deux de la cité de Québec, dans la province de Québec; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, avocat; Philip Roblin Palmer, agent d'assurance, et James Coleman Jamieson, éditeur, tous de la cité de Belleville, dans la province d'Ontario; John White, fabricant, de Roslin, dans la dite province d'Ontario; Hugh Sutherland, marchand de bois, et James Albert Manning Aikens, avocat, ces deux derniers de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba; David Gilmour, marchand de bois, et William Jeffs, marchand de grain, tous deux de la ville de Trenton, dans la dite province d'Ontario, et Duncan Charles Plumb, de la ville de Niagara, dans la dite province d'Ontario.

Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie sont les dits William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGreevy, Philip Roblin Palmer et Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, tous étant sujets britanniques.

FORBES ET HILTON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Trenton, 15 mai 1882.

47-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que, conformément à l'« Acte des compagnies à fonds social, du Canada, 1877, » et après l'expiration d'un mois au moins, à compter de la publication des présentes dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes scellées du grand sceau, accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant ainsi que tous autres qui pourront devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique et incorporé sous le nom et pour les fins et objets ci-après mentionnés, savoir : —

1. Le nom de corporation projeté de la compagnie sera « La compagnie d'établissements (homestead) Standard du Canada. »

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation sont les suivantes :

(a) Acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Coloniser, établir et vendre ces terres.

(c) Arpenter, tracer, améliorer, défricher et cultiver ces terres ; y faire des constructions et autrement s'en occuper.

(d) Vendre, affermer, louer, hypothéquer ces terres et généralement s'occuper de toute espèce d'intérêts dans ces terrains, y compris l'achat et la vente du grain et autres produits du sol ; avancer de l'argent aux colons et autrement les aider au moyen de bonis ou de toute autre manière, et assurer le remboursement de ces avances avec les intérêts, à telles conditions et de telle manière dont il pourra être convenu, au moyen d'hypothèque ou de convention ; accorder des bonis ou autrement aider à la construction et l'entretien de voies ferrées traversant les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute entreprise ayant pour but d'ouvrir ces terres, y compris les bateaux à vapeur, les lignes de télégraphe, les canaux, les réservoirs, les aqueducs, les chemins, les rues et autres travaux qui pourront être jugés propres à favoriser les fins de la compagnie ; acheter et vendre toute espèce de biens mobiliers ou droits sur ces biens dont la compagnie pourra avoir besoin pour favoriser ses propres intérêts ou ceux des colons établis sur ces terres ; le pouvoir d'emprunter et faire des placements d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs utiles et nécessaires pour favoriser les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation ; le pouvoir de favoriser, aider et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toutes les manières et par tous les moyens désirables dans le but d'ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée, et promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie ainsi que ceux du Canada en général.

3. Le principal siège d'affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto et elle aura des bureaux dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le capital social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre d'actions du dit capital sera de dix mille, et chaque action sera pour un montant de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms au long ainsi que l'adresse et la profession des dits requérants : James Moffat, de la cité de London, lieutenant-colonel de milice ; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, de la cité de Toronto, conseil de la Reine ; Andrew S. Irving, de la cité de Toronto, directeur de la compagnie de publication de Toronto ; W. Barclay McMurrick, maire de la cité de Toronto, avocat ; Alexander Gemmel, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros ; Sanderson Percy, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de peinture et d'huile en gros ; Bernard Saunders, de la cité de Toronto, marchand-tailleur ; Andrew J. Somerville, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros ; Richard J. Hovenden, de la cité de Toronto, peintre décorateur ; William Robins, de la cité de Toronto, comptable ; Samuel Davison, de la

cité de Toronto, marchand à commission ; William Roaf, de la cité de Toronto, avocat ; Peter B. Ball, de la cité de Toronto, agent ; Edward R. C. Clarkson, de la cité de Toronto, comptable et syndic officiel ; Christopher W. Bunting, de la cité de Toronto, directeur-gérant de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *Mail*, George Birrell, de la cité de London, marchand ; Robert Lewis, de la cité de London, écuyer ; Charles F. Goodhue, de la cité de London, écuyer ; Isaac Waterman, de la cité de London, manufacturier, Robert McIntosh, de Rapid City, Manitoba, docteur en médecine ; Daniel Spry, de la ville de Barrie, inspecteur des postes, et Henry Bickford, de la ville de Dundas, manufacturier.

Les dits James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrick, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden et William Robins seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH, Pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto, le 18 mai A.D. 1882.

47-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois ; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur ; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur ; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur, et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de « La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée). »

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipegosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent ;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux ; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits, et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élevateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissoires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS, Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ingersoll, 12 mai 1882.

46-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que les soussignés, un mois après la première publication du présent avis, s'adresseront par requête à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil pour obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées : Thomas Bell, de la ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron, province d'Ontario, fabricant, ex-préfet de Wingham ; John Kaine, du township de Howick, dans le dit comté, banquier, ex-préfet du comté de Huron ; Henry William Christian Meyer, de la dite ville de Wingham, avocat, préfet de Wingham ; James Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand de grain, ex-préfet de Howick ; Henry Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand ; John Sanderson, du village de Wroxeter, dans le dit comté, marchand ; Isaac Francis Toms, de la ville de Goderich, dans le dit comté, juge puisné ; John Somerville, du village de Lucknow, médecin ; Benjamin Wilson, de la dite ville de Wingham, courtier privé, ex-maire de Wingham, et Robert Webster, du township d'Ashfield, dans le dit comté, cultivateur, préfet du dit township d'Ashfield.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie de colonisation du comté de Huron et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes : —

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit de louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement en disposer.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter, prêter et avancer des sommes d'argent sur les dites terres et de secourir les colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des dites sommes avec intérêt.

(5) Le droit d'ériger et acquérir des moulins à farine et scieries, avec le droit de fabriquer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, biens mobiliers et effets requis par la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait acheter des terres de la compagnie ou s'établir dessus.

3. La ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron et province d'Ontario, sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

4. Le montant du capital-actions de la compagnie est de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie sont les requérants ci-dessus nommés, savoir : Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins et Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER et DICKINSON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Wingham, Ont., 7 mai, 1882.

46 6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Société de colonisation des Forestiers du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont : — Le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou particuliers ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre

les dites terres, le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail et hypothéquer les dites terres avec le droit de les trafiquer en général de n'importe quelle façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de les secourir, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt et à telles conditions et de telles manières qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service ; le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire dans toutes ses branches d'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes localités dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$500,000 divisé en 10,000 parts de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : —

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, de la Cité de London, marchand ; John Taylor, de la Cité de London, avocat ; Oronhyatekha, de la Cité de London, médecin ; John Stewart Dewar, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Towe, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Thomas Peel, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Alexander Greig Fenwick, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Melville DeBlois Dawson, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Stevenson Crumner, de la Cité de Hamilton, gentilhomme ; William Henry Street, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Peter Toll, de la Ville de London Est, constructeur ; Edmund Botterell, de la Cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme ; William Duff, de la Cité de London, fabricant ; William Maurice Moore, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; John Alonzo Nelles, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Henry Crotty, de la Cité de Winnipeg, agent d'immeubles ; Richard Maxwell McElheran, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; John Parker Thomas, de la Cité de Belleville, avocat ; Theophilus Stanfield, de la Cité de London, agent ; Robert Moore, de la Ville de Simcoe, fabricant ; Alexander Sutherland Murray, de la Cité de London, orfèvre ; Archibald McPherson, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Robert James Halle, de la Ville de Chathan, agent d'assurance ; Walter Scott Williams, de la Ville de Napanee, avocat ; Benjamin Watson Greer, de la Cité de London, peintre ; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Thomas Glass Davey, de la Cité de London, agent de journaux, G.W.B. William Nelson Yerex, de la Cité de London, Principal du Collège Commerciale de London ; Alexander Henry, de la Ville de Napanee, Président de chemin de fer Napanee et Tramworth ; Alexander McCleneghan, de la Ville de Woodstock, maître de poste ; John Richard Flock, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Samuel Payne, de la Cité de London, médecin ; George McBroom, de la de London, marchand ; George Charlwood Jolly, de la Ville de London Ouest, gentilhomme ;

Ceux d'entre les requérants ci-dessus nommés dont les noms suivent, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada :

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville de Blois Dawson, Edward Stevenson Crumner, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edward Botterell, William Duff et William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN et TAYLOR,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, 8 mai 1882.

46-6

AVIS est par le présent donné en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du*

Canada, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée sera "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Rivière aux Ecaïlles."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—Le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans la Puissance du Canada; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et d'en développer les ressources minières, agricoles ou autres; le droit d'exploiter, vendre, donner, transporter, louer, hypothéquer et trafiquer de n'importe quelle manière les dites propriétés, y compris le droit de prendre des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat; le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques; le droit d'aider et encourager l'émigration et la colonisation des terres qui pourraient être acquises, soit par des prêts ou subventions garanties d'une manière sur laquelle on se sera entendu ou de toute manière légale; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de lignes de chemin de fer ou télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de la colonisation des terres de la compagnie; le droit de construire des bâtiments, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de toute sorte; le droit d'aider à la construction de ces travaux de toute façon légale et à telles conditions et avec telles garanties dont il aura été convenu; le droit de fournir ses terres de bestiaux et de s'engager dans l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux; le droit de s'occuper de la culture du blé et de l'industrie des produits de ferme; le droit de fabriquer et exporter les dits grains et produits et de s'engager dans des opérations minières sur les dites propriétés, et avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être conférés à de semblables compagnies.

3. La cité de Belleville ou la ville de Trenton, l'un et l'autre dans le comté de Hastings, sera le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$300,000 divisé en 6,000 actions de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

David Gilmour, marchand de bois, William Jeffs, marchand de grain, George Henry Gordon, marchand, William Ford Baker, marchand de grain; John Hendricks, propriétaire rural, Anson Green Whittier, marchand, tous de Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, imprimeur et éditeur, George Dean Dickson, avocat, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, avocat, Cornelius James Starling, entrepreneur, tous de Belleville; John White, fabricant, Roslin Charles Ashley, voiturier, Stephen Allen Lazier, fabricant, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, marchand, tous de Foxboro'; James Stalker Hamilton, propriétaire rural, et Peter Rockwell Daly, propriétaire rural, tous deux d'Halloway.

Les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie sont les susdits David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allen Lazier et Charles Ashley, qui tous sont sujets britanniques et résident en Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Belleville, 4 avril 1882.

46-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps

politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. La raison sociale que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario, et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a) Le droit d'acheter des terres, soit du gouvernement fédéral, soit des gouvernements provinciaux, de compagnies ou de simples individus.

(b) Le droit d'établir, coloniser, arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, assainir, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, bâtir dessus ou les trafiquer d'une manière quelconque.

(c) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail les dites terres et en général en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers de toute façon soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques, obligations ou autrement; le droit d'accorder des prêts ou subventions aux entreprises destinées à ouvrir ou améliorer les dites terres; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent, d'hypothéquer les terres de la compagnie ou partie d'icelles pour les fins susdites ou pour toute autre fin de la compagnie, avec tous autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires pour le développement, l'aide et l'encouragement de l'immigration, la colonisation et l'établissement du pays ainsi que l'avancement des fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$500,000.

5. Le nombre des parts de ce fonds social sera de cinq mille, d'un montant de \$100 chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : John Bacon, écr., Silas James, Arp. P., Robert McPhail, marchand, Edmund Henry Duggan, avocat, Ogle Robert Peck, écr., John Austin Worrell, avocat, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, agent d'immeubles, John J. Cook, écr., et Matthew Walton, agent, tous de la cité de Toronto; Thomas Armstrong, du village de Yorkville, dans le comté de York, docteur en médecine, et Richard Shaw Wood, de la cité de London, dans le comté de Middlesex, gentilhomme; desquels les dits John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong et Richard Shaw Wood seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE et WORRELL,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 28 mars 1882.

45-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par l'honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, sénateur, d'Oshawa, Ontario; Robert Doull, M.P., de Pictou, Nouvelle-Ecosse; John Alexander Mackenzie, avocat, de Sarnia, Ontario; Frank Egerton Gibbs, meunier, d'Oshawa, Ontario; Hugh Macmahon, C.R., de London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, de Qu'Appelle, Territoire du Nord-Ouest, agent d'immigration; William Pugsley, jr., avocat, de la cité de Saint-Jean, Nouveau-Brunswick; Leigh Richmond Harrison, avocat, de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, et

Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, avocat, également de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, à l'effet de constituer les personnes ci-dessus nommées et d'autres en un corps politique pour les fins ci après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres de Qu'Appelle et du Lac Long" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest ; le droit de coloniser, établir, améliorer et vendre les dites terres et en développer les ressources de toute nature ; le droit d'arpenter et diviser les dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit de développer et exploiter les pêcheries sur les rives du lac Long ; le droit d'ériger et établir des magasins sur les dites propriétés, acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute description ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, accorder, transporter, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et donner des secours aux colons établis sur les terres, y compris le droit d'avancer des marchandises ; le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit de construire des routes, chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe, vapeurs ou navires, quais et autres travaux et moyens de transport sur les terres et les eaux de la compagnie ou utiles pour l'amélioration des propriétés de la compagnie, y compris le droit d'accorder de l'aide à ces diverses entreprises et s'en servir.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de quatre cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quatre mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les différentes personnes ci-dessus décrites seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

MACKENZIE, GURD ET KITTERMASTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants, Sarnia, Ont.

Daté ce 15 avril 1882. 44-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :

(a) Le droit pour la compagnie d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement les trafiquer.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions.

(d) Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat, ou autre garantie à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'il aura été convenu, avec pouvoir de prendre sur les terres une garantie pour le prix d'achat, de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques et garanties, ou hypothéquer les dites terres au moyen d'un acte écrit ou en partie imprimé et en partie écrit, sujet à des conditions pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(e) Le droit de construire et réparer les routes ordinaires et ponts, secourir les immigrants venant d'autres pays et les colons partis d'une autre province, avec le droit d'aider les uns et les autres à s'établir sur des terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le montant projeté du capital-actions est de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts sera de deux mille, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : Charles Magee, de la cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme ; William Eli Lanford, de la cité d'Hamilton, marchand ; Duncan McArthur, de la cité de Winnipeg, banquier ; James Albert Manning Aikens, de la cité de Winnipeg, procureur en droit ; l'honorable Corydon Parslow Brown, de la cité de Winnipeg, ministre des travaux publics ; et l'honorable Donald MacInnes, de la cité d'Hamilton, sénateur. Tous ceux ci-dessus nommés, devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie, résident au Canada.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 24 avril 1882. 44-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie manufacturière du St. Laurent."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit pour elle de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des ornements, garnitures et fermoirs de fenêtres, persiennes et auvents ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser les brevets d'invention ou inventions qui peuvent servir à la compagnie dans ses opérations ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser n'importe quel brevet d'invention ou inventions qui pourraient être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie ; le droit de manufacturer, acheter et vendre telles autres marchandises et articles qui peuvent être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

Le nombre des parts sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cinq piastres.

La cité de Montréal sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

Voici les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Charles Edgar Kennedy, de Hatley, dans le comté de Stanstead, province de Québec, commerçant ; Charles Carroll Colby, M. P., de Stanstead, dans le dit comté ; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, de la ville de Sherbrooke, dans la dite province, écuier ; Frédérick Fairman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province, marchand, Robert Baker May, de la dite cité de Montréal, imprimeur ; John Gilman Elder, de la ville de Derby, dans l'Etat du Vermont, commerçant,

et Stiles Frost, de la cité de Boston, dans l'Etat de Massachusetts, commerçant.

Tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

CHAS. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Montréal, 3 avril 1882.

44-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada, à l'effet d'accorder une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après énumérées, savoir :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est 'La compagnie des terres et de colonisation d'Edmonton et Ontario (limitée).'

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont: le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à ferme et hypothéquer les dites terres et en général trafiquer les intérêts d'icelles de toute façon; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et de secourir les dits colons; le droit de garantir les paiements des prêts faits avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une façon, soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service; le droit de construire, élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et de l'agriculture.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes places dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000 divisé en 5,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Bossom Ashford Mitchell, de la cité de London, marchand; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand; John William Little, du même lieu, marchand; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand; Charles Richardson, du même lieu, marchand; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand; Alfred Robinson, gentilhomme; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand; William Lind, du même lieu, marchand; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas Muir, du même lieu, marchand, et George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand.

Les requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents du Canada, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

FRASER ET FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, Ontario, 24 avril 1882.

44-6

AVIS Public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après mentionnées, constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir

actionnaires de la compagnie, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La Compagnie des terres de Wentworth."

1. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir une ou des lisières de terre dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, en vue de les coloniser.

(b) Le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage, échange, donation, ou autrement, des gouvernements provincial ou fédéral, ou de toute autre corporation, ou personne, des terres ou des intérêts en icelles, ou des coupes de bois dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest ou en une partie quelconque du Canada; le droit de vendre, louer ou trafiquer toutes terres, coupes de bois, propriétés personnelles, droits et privilèges ainsi acquis, avec le droit de recevoir des hypothèques sur icelles pour le prix d'achat ou autre garantie, à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu, avec le droit de prendre une hypothèque pour le prix d'achat sur les terres, ou intérêts vendus ou autrement trafiqués, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques par n'importe quel acte écrit ou transport, le tout sujet aux conditions de garantie pour les sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(c) Le droit d'acheter, prendre à bail, échanger ou autrement acquérir n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ainsi que les droits et privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie de la Puissance,

(d) Le droit de développer les ressources minières, agricoles, forestières et autres des terres acquises en y élevant des constructions, y faisant des plantations, en les défrichant, cultivant et améliorant de toutes façons, avec le droit de trafiquer avec les gouvernements au sujet des mines suivant qu'il est pourvu par les règlements du gouvernement.

(e) Le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les propriétés de la compagnie et de coloniser ces dernières, et pour ces fins prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou subventions de terre et protéger la compagnie suivant la loi.

(f) Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions de terres ou d'argent à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer sur les terres de la compagnie ou partant d'icelles et se rendant à quelque point ou place rapprochée d'une ligne de chemin de fer existant déjà ou y attenant, avec le droit de construire, exploiter et utiliser des lignes de télégraphe, tramways et canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins, ponts et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie.

(g) Le droit de manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie;

(h) Et pour ces fins le droit d'avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre et trafiquer des propriétés personnelles et immobilières, avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou incidents dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada;

(i) Le droit de construire, maintenir et réparer les routes et ponts ordinaires;

(j) Le droit de secourir les immigrants venant des pays étrangers ou d'une autre province aux fins de les induire à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

(k) Le droit d'agir comme agent pour n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour l'achat ou la vente des terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada.

(l) Le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de faire l'élevage, la vente et l'achat de toute espèce d'animaux, chevaux, moutons, cochons, bestiaux et leurs produits.

(m) Le droit de travailler, vendre, utiliser ou autrement trafiquer toute espèce de produits miniers de la compagnie.

(n) Le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, moulins à moudre ou autres moulins, bâtiments, machines et ustensiles, avec le droit de faire en général toutes autres choses qui pourraient aider à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins.

(o) Le droit de s'amalgamer avec n'importe quelle autre société de colonisation et de transférer les privilèges, actif et droits de la compagnie ou d'acquérir les privilèges, actif et droits de n'importe quelle autre compagnie, avec le droit d'obtenir un transport en conséquence ou de s'amalgamer à une autre compagnie.

2. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie sera la cité d'Hamilton, Ont., avec des succursales à tels autres endroits suivant que l'exigeront les affaires de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 1000, d'une valeur de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants, savoir :—

George Roach, de la cité d'Hamilton, gentilhomme ; Robert Evans, du même lieu, marchand ; James Murray Lottridge, du même lieu, manufacturier ; Hugh Duncan Cameron, du même lieu, banquier ; Hugh Murray, du même lieu, marchand ; Charles Robinson Smith, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas Lawry, du même lieu, marchand ; Robert McKechnie, de la ville de Dundas, dans le comté de Wentworth, manufacturier ; tous devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie. Tous résident au Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Hamilton, 18 avril 1882.

43-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l'Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres des Cultivateurs des rivières Saskatchewan et aux Carottes, à responsabilité limitée," (The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company, limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être incorporée est le suivant :

3. Acquérir des terres par achat, bail, échange ou autrement dans la province du Manitoba et dans les Territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement fédéral ou des gouvernements provinciaux, ou de toute corporation ou individus ; de vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer des dites terres ; d'arpenter, coloniser, établir, cultiver, améliorer les dites terres, et y faire des constructions ; d'avancer des deniers et aider aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres, avec pouvoir de s'assurer du remboursement de ces avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle manière, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement qu'il lui sera convenu de part et d'autre ; de construire et acquérir ou louer des moulins à farine, scieries, et autres ; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres, et d'acheter et vendre des articles et produits de toutes sortes ; de construire, acquérir et employer des bateaux à vapeur et autres bateaux pour les fins de la compagnie ; d'aider au moyen de boni, dons d'argent, octrois de terres ou autrement, toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou bateaux à vapeur et autres afin de faciliter l'accès aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie ; de construire et

entretenir tous ponts et quais nécessaires ; d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux, et de faire dans toutes ses branches, la culture, et l'élevage des bestiaux ; et généralement de faire toutes choses nécessaires ou tendant à atteindre le but susdit.

4. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario.

5. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

6. Le nombre de parts de la compagnie sera de dix mille ; le montant de chaque action sera de cent piastres.

7. Les nom, prénom, adresse et occupation des dits requérants sont :—Alexander Manning, de la cité de Toronto, capitaliste ; Philip McRae, de la cité de Montréal, entrepreneur ; Charles James Campbell, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; Peter McLaren, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de bois ; Dennis Ryan, de la cité de Saint-Paul, cultivateur, et John Proctor, de la cité de Hamilton, marchand.

8. Les personnes suivantes seront les directeurs provisoires de la compagnie : Alexander Manning, John Proctor, et Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 21 avril, 1882.

43-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie de colonisation des Colons" (limitée).

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la Province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus et les trafiquer de toute façon.

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir en général ces derniers soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, suivant quel aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions et d'aider autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises se rattachant à l'ouverture des dites terres, y compris les lignes de bateaux, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres entreprises qui peuvent être jugées utiles pour la réalisation des fins que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour avancer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de prouver et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toute façon et de tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et

établir la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le principal siège des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto avec des succursales au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de trois cent mille piastres divisé en trois mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Thomas Lailey, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Stark, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; John Dryden, du village de Brooklin, écuyer ; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en médecine ; William Stewart, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; James Watson, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edward John Stobo, de la ville de Peterboro, membre du clergé ; William Buck, de la cité de Brantford, fondeur de fer ; Charles Raymond, de la cité de Guelph, manufacturier ; Archibald Alexander Cameron, de la cité d'Ottawa, membre du clergé ; George Booth, de la cité de Toronto, manufacturier ; William Elliot, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Harvard Castle, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; William Muir, de la cité de Toronto, membre du clergé ; William Joseph Copp, de la cité d'Hamilton, fondeur de fer ; George Richardson, du village de Colborne, membre du clergé ; Frederick Beyers, du village de Carleton Place, fondeur de fer.

Les onze premiers seront directeurs provisoires, et ils résident tous en Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Toronto, 20 avril, 1882.

43-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d.) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphie, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; le droit de faire des opérations d'agriculture et de développer les ressources de la

compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie, et d'émettre des débentures garanties par les terres de la compagnie, ou autrement, pour les mêmes fins ; le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres, d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis ; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine ; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie ; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada ; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$600,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de 6,000 d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward Carter, James Haywood, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto ; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand ; dont les personnes suivantes seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :—William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 19 avril 1882.

43-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur général en conseil un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie de colonisation de Wellington et du Nord-Ouest."

1. Les fins que se proposent la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, ouvrir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus des bâtiments, et les hypothéquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit d'acheter, acquérir, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en

trafiquer de toute façon les intérêts soit agricoles ou forestiers, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, prêter de l'argent et aider de toute façon aux colons, soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt aux conditions dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre au moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations suivant qu'il aura été convenu; le droit d'aider soit par subventions ou autrement, à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à l'exécution de toutes les entreprises pouvant aider à l'établissement des dites terres, lignes de bateaux à vapeur, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles dans la réalisation des fins de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre des propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour développer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de cette dernière ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit de promouvoir, aider, et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du pays.

2. La cité de Guelph sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$200,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 2,000, chacune d'elle devant être de cent piastres.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—William Bell, de la cité de Guelph, dans la province d'Ontario, fabricant d'orgues; Thomas Goldie, du même lieu, meunier; James Peebles, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *World*; Alexander Watson Alexander, du même lieu, secrétaire de la compagnie des orgues de Bell, et Henry Walter Metcalf, du même lieu, fabricant d'orgues.

Les quatre premiers des dits requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents de la cité de Guelph, seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

GUTHRIE ET WATT,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Guelph, 13 avril 1882.

42 6

AVIS DIVERS.

BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

AVIS est par le présent donné, qu'un mois après la première publication de cet avis, c'est l'intention des liquidateurs de distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la banque toute balance qui n'aura pas été réclamée jusque là, avec tout intérêt accru dessus, du montant réservé pour le paiement des dettes ordinaires et des billets de banque en circulation et n'ayant pas été payés quand sera déclaré le dernier dividende aux actionnaires, en conformité de l'Acte 40 Vict., chap. 56.

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secrétaire.

Montréal 13 mai 1882.

46-4

LA BANQUE JACQUES-CARTIER.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, et qu'il sera payable au bureau de la banque en la cité de Montréal, le et après le premier jour du mois de juin prochain. Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, mercredi, le vingt-unième jour de juin prochain, à une heure p.m.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. DE MARTIGNY,

Caissier.

Montréal, 27 avril, 1882.

44-5

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent a été déclaré sur le capital payé de cette institution pour le semestre courant, et sera payable au bureau de la banque, le et après jeudi, le premier juin prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 22 au 31 mai, ces deux jours inclus.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires, pour l'élection des directeurs et la transaction des affaires en général, aura lieu au bureau de la dite banque, à Montréal, mercredi, le vingt et un juin prochain, à midi.

Par ordre du bureau,

UBALDE GARAND,

Caissier.

44-5

BANQUE DE MONTRÉAL.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de cinq pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville et à ses succursales le et après le jeudi, premier jour de juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, lundi le 5^e jour de juin prochain. La séance sera ouverte à 1 heure.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. MACNIDER,

Assistant gérant général.

Montréal, 25 avril 1882.

44 6

CHEMIN DE FER CANADIEN DU PACIFIQUE.

AVIS.—Une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de cette compagnie aura lieu le vingt-deuxième jour de mai prochain au bureau de la compagnie à Montréal, à midi, pour examiner et confirmer un acte d'arrangement pour l'achat de la section Ouest du chemin de fer Québec, Montréal, Ottawa et Occidental, exécuté le quatrième jour de mars dernier, et passé par la législature de la province de Québec.

Par ordre du bureau,

CHARLES DRINKWATER,

Secrétaire.

44-4

BANQUE DE QUEBEC.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, que tel dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville, le et après jeudi le premier jour de juin prochain.

Les livres de transport sont clos du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, lundi le cinquième jour de juin prochain.

Le président prendra le fauteuil à trois heures P. M.

Par ordre du bureau,

J. STEVENSON,

Caissier.

Québec, 27 avril 1882.

44-4

BANQUE DES MARCHANDS DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent pour le semestre courant, étant au taux de sept pour cent par année, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque, en cette ville, le et après le jeudi, 1er juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 18 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, mercredi le 21 juin prochain.

La séance s'ouvrira à midi précis.

Par ordre du bureau,

G. HAGUE,

Gérant général.

Montréal, 22 avril, 1882.

44-5

BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée finale des actionnaires de cette banque aura lieu au No. 26, rue Saint-François Xavier, Montréal, à 1 heure p.m., le 22 mai prochain, pour recevoir le rapport final des liquidateurs et pour faire toutes autres choses qu'il est loisible aux actionnaires de faire à telle assemblée finale en vertu de l'acte intitulé "Acte pour autoriser la liquidation des affaires de la banque Métropolitaine."

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,

Secrétaire.

Montréal, 4 avril 1882.

41-7

A VIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. McGOJUN,

Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

36-13

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA. SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 23rd May, 1882.

THE HONORABLE JOHN CARLING, of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario; to be a Member of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada.

JOHN COSTIGAN, of Grand Falls, in the Province of New Brunswick, Esquire; to be a Member of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada.

THE HONORABLE JOHN CARLING; to be Postmaster General for the Dominion of Canada, *vice* the Honorable John O'Connor.

THE HONORABLE JOHN COSTIGAN; to be Minister of Inland Revenue, *vice* the Honorable James C. Aikins.

23rd May, 1882.

GEORGE A. DREW, Esquire, of Osgoode Hall, one of Her Majesty's Counsel for Ontario; to be Judge of the County Court for the County of Wellington, in the Province of Ontario, *vice* Judge Macdonald, deceased.

THE HONORABLE GEORGE ANTHONY WALKER, of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, one of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the law; to be one of the Puisné Judges of the Supreme Court of the said Province, *vice* Mr. Justice Alexander Rocke Robertson, deceased.

20th May, 1882.

JOHN JOSEPH MCGEE, Esquire, Acting Clerk of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, to be Clerk of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, *vice* Joseph Olivier Côté, Esquire, deceased.

23rd May, 1882.

GEORGE WHEELLOCK BURBIDGE, Esquire, of the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Barrister at law; to be Deputy of the Minister of Justice and Solicitor for Indian Affairs, *vice* Z. A. Lash, Esquire, resigned.

20th May, 1882.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to authorize—

JOHN JOSEPH MCGEE, Esquire, Clerk of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, to administer to all and to every person or persons who shall hold any office or place of trust or profit under the Government of Canada, within the Dominion of Canada, the Oath of Office together with such other Oath or Oaths as may be from time to time prescribed by any law or Statutes in that behalf made and provided.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to all whom it may concern—

GREETING :

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice and consent of Our Privy Council for Canada, to DISSOLVE the present Parliament of

Canada, which stands prorogued to the TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next;

Now Know YE, that We do for that end publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby DIS-SOLVE the said Parliament of Canada accordingly: and the Senators and the Members of the House of Commons are discharged from their meeting and attendance on the said TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING.

WHEREAS We are desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament; We do make known Our Royal Will and Pleasure to call a Parliament, and do further declare that by the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, We have, this day, given Orders for issuing Our Writs in due form, for calling a Parliament in Our said Dominion, which Writs are to bear date on the EIGHTEENTH day of MAY instant, and to be returnable on the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

KNOW YE, that We, being desirous and resolved as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in

Parliament, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, summon and call together the House of Commons in and for Our said Dominion, to meet at Our City of Ottawa, in Our said Dominion, on MONDAY, the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next, then and there to have conference and treaty with the Great Men and Senate of Our said Dominion.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the thirty-second and thirty-third years of Our Reign, chaptered twenty-four, and intituled "An Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works," as amended by the Act passed in the thirty-third year of Our Reign, chaptered twenty-eight, and intituled "An Act to amend an Act for the better preservation of the peace in the vicinity of Public Works," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day in such Proclamation named, the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof shall be in force in any place or places in Canada, in such Proclamation designated, within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any Railway, Canal or other Public Work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act first above mentioned or any section or sections thereof should be in force;

And whereas it is in and by the said Acts further in effect enacted that the said Act first above mentioned or any such section or sections thereof shall, upon and after the day named in any such Proclamation as aforesaid, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation;

Now Know YE, that We do hereby under and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Acts and by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, proclaim and declare that upon, from and after the First day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, all the sections of the said first mentioned Act as so amended, excepting sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, shall be in force in the following localities, namely: all those portions of the Province of British Columbia in Our Dominion of Canada, lying within ten miles on each side of the located line of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Port Moody

and Savona's Ferry including the line itself and extending for ten miles beyond either extremity thereof.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom those presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this THIRD day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State

46-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

CERTIFIED COPY of a Report of a Committee of the Honorable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 23rd May, 1882.

ON a report dated 17th-May 1882, from the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, submitting that by the provisions of the 18th section of the Pilotage Act 36 Vic. chap. 54, sub-section 8, it is determined that the rates of pilotage for and below the Harbor of Quebec set forth in tables 1 and 2 of schedule A, to the Act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada passed in the 12th year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter 114, intituled "An Act to consolidate the laws relative to the powers and duties of the Trinity House of Quebec and for other purposes" shall not be altered for three years after the going into force of the Act 36 Vic. chap. 54, nor unless the share of the net income of the Corporation of Pilots annually accruing to each member of the corporation acting and practising as a pilot for and below the Harbor of Quebec has been less than six hundred dollars (\$600), on an average of three years previous.

The Minister states that it has been represented to him that the net income of each pilot for the past three years has fallen below six hundred dollars (\$600.)

That measures have been taken by the passage of a Bill through Parliament to reduce the number of pilots so as to allow to the reduced number the specified sum of \$600, or a greater sum, but inasmuch as a year at least must elapse before such reduction in the number of pilots can be made, the Minister recommends that the accompanying by-law passed by the Harbor Commissioners of Quebec at a meeting held on the 3rd instant, repealing the existing rates of pilotage and increasing the rates be approved, such by-law to have effect and the increased rates to continue in force only during the season of navigation in the year 1882.

The committee concur in the foregoing report of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries and advise that the rule submitted be approved accordingly.

JOHN J. MCGEE.

Quebec Harbour Commission.

AT a weekly meeting of the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, held in their office, in the Lower Town of the City of Quebec, being their usual place of sitting, on Wednesday, the third day of the month of May, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, at which meeting were present the following named Commissioners, viz:—

P. V. Valin, Esquire, Chairman,
The Honorable Thomas McGreevy,
James Patton, Esquire,
William Rae, Esquire,
Ferdinand Hamel, Esquire,
R. R. Dobell, Esquire,
Julien Chabot, Esquire, and

Laurent Goudbout, Esquire, President of the Corporation of Pilots, for and below the Harbour of Quebec, forming a quorum of the said Harbour Commissioners, the following By-law to increase the rates of pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec, was read for the first time, and at a subsequent weekly meeting of the said Quebec Harbour Commissioners, held at the same place, on Wednesday, the tenth day of the said month of May, in the same year, at which were present the following named Commissioners, forming also a quorum, viz:—

P. V. Valin, Esquire, Chairman,
James Patton, Esquire,
Ferdinand Hamel, Esquire,
Julien Chabot, Esquire,
William Rae, Esquire,
R. R. Dobell, Esquire, and

Laurent Goudbout, Esquire, President of the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec, the said following By-law was read for the second and last time, and adopted, having been published since its first reading, twice in the English language in the *Morning Chronicle* and twice in the French language in *Le Canadien*, both papers published at Quebec.

Quebec Harbour Commission.

BY-LAW to increase the Rates of Pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec.

WHEREAS the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec having terminated a period of three years, as mentioned in the 18th section of "The Pilotage Act of 1873," and having declared in and by their petition addressed the twenty-first day of the month of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty, to the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, wherein they pray for an increased rate of pilotage, that the share of the net income of the said Corporation of Pilots, annually accruing to each member of the said Corporation acting and practising as a pilot for and below the Harbour of Quebec, has been less than six hundred dollars (\$600) on an average of the said three years previous, the said Quebec Harbour Commissioners enact as follows:

1. The rates of pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec set forth in tables I and II of Schedule A to the Act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada, passed in the 12th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chapter 114, intituled "An Act to consolidate the laws relating to the powers and duties of the Trinity House of Quebec and for other purposes," are hereby repealed.

2. For the future the rates of pilotage payable to the pilots belonging to the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec, and acting and practising as such pilots, shall be as follows:

TABLE I.

RATES OF PILOTAGE FOR THE HARBOUR OF QUEBEC AND BELOW.

FOR EACH FOOT OF DRAUGHT OF WATER.

From	To	From the 1st May to the 10th Nov.	From the 10th Nov. to the 19th Nov.	From the 19th Nov. to the 1st March.	From the 1st March to the 1st May.
Bic Island or any other place below the anchorage of Brandy Pots off Harc Island..	Anchorage or mooring ground in the Basin or Harbor of Quebec.	\$3 87	\$4 95	\$6 02	\$4 41
The anchorage ground at the Brandy Pots off Harc Island or any place above the said anchorage ground and below St. Roch's Point	do do	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.
St. Roch's Point or any place above this Point and below the Pointe aux Pins, on Crane Island.....	do do	$\frac{1}{8}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{8}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{8}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{8}$ do
Pointe aux Pins, on Crane Is- land, or any place below St. Patrick's Hole.....	do do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do
The anchorage or mooring ground in the Basin or Harbor of Quebec.....	Bic Island or the place where the Pilot shall be discharged in the river below Quebec.....	\$3 40	\$4 46	\$5 54	\$3 93

TABLE II.

RATES of Pilotage for the Harbour of Quebec and below.

From	To	
		\$ cts.
Any wharf in the Harbour of Quebec between Pointe-à- Carcy, below, and the West End of the Allan's Wharf above, both inclusive.....	Any other Wharf within said limits.....	2 50
Any place in the Harbour of Quebec not being a Wharf within the above mentioned limits.....	Any other place in the said Harbour not being a Wharf within the said limits.	5 00

Pilots taking charge of vessels at Patrick's Hole or above it shall be entitled to more than the sum allowed in the Table II for piloting vessels from one part of the Harbour to another.

P. V. VALIN,
Chairman.

A. H. VERRET,
Secretary Treasurer.

The Honorable the Acting Minister of
Marine and Fisheries.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada held in the 40th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10 and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Berlin, Province of Ontario, now an Out-port of Customs under the Port of Guelph, be, and the same is hereby erected as an independent Port of Entry and Warehousing Port to take effect from the 1st of July next.

48-3

JOHN J. MCGEE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 65, and intituled "An Act for the better protection of navigable streams and rivers,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the stream called "Beaver Creek", in the Township of Waterloo, in the County of Waterloo, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby exempted from the operation of the said Act.

48-3

JOHN J. MCGEE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the Act 42 Victoria, chapter 16, intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the laws relating to Weights and Measures,"—His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Regulations for the Inspection of Weights and Measures adopted by Order in Council of the 14th of August 1879 be, and the same are hereby amended by the addition after section "D", of the following additional section:—

DD. Weighing machines known as "Hydrostatic Balances," being such as are commonly used for determining the weight of coals delivered at the pit mouth, may be verified for use for such purposes and also for weighing coals as delivered from vessels and barges, provided they give true indications within one two hundredth part of the load.

48-3

JOHN J. MCGEE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 1st section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 37th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 45 and intituled "An Act to make better provision, extending to the whole Dominion of Canada respecting the inspection of certain staple articles of Canadian produce,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the County of Restigouche, in the Province of New Brunswick, be and the same is hereby constituted an Inspection Division for the purposes of the said Act.

48-3

JOHN J. MCGEE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 25th May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a disease affecting Neat Cattle prevails in the County of Pictou, Nova Scotia, and parts of the adjoining County or Counties, it is expedient to provide for the segregation and isolation in as far as possible of animals affected with such disease, and also to declare the places where such diseased animals are found, as infected places,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, and under the provisions of the Act 42 Victoria, chapter 23, and intituled "An Act to provide against infectious or contagious diseases affecting animals," has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations and Orders be enforced:—

1. A Veterinary Inspector duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture shall visit the places in the said localities where such diseased animals are found, and all farms or places on which such animals are found, shall be declared infected places, within the meaning of the Act aforesaid;

2. No person whatever, except an Inspector or Officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture, shall remove any cattle from any of such farms or infected places, and then only for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the said Act, under a penalty not exceeding two hundred dollars;

3. An Inspector or Officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture may make a selection of a place or places within the limits of an infected district, for the purpose of isolating and segregating such animals as may be diseased or supposed to be diseased or which may have been exposed to disease, and order the removal of such animals to such selected places;

4. An Inspector or Officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture, under the provisions of Section 14 of the Act aforesaid, may order any animal to be slaughtered which is found affected by infectious or contagious disease, a compensation to the amount of one third of the value of such animal before it became affected and ordered to be slaughtered, to be paid to the owner thereof, but such compensation not in any case to exceed twenty dollars. In all other cases the compensation to be two-thirds of the value of the animal ordered to be slaughtered, but not in any case to exceed forty dollars. The value of such animals to be in all cases established by an officer duly appointed for that purpose by the

Minister of Agriculture, but no compensation whatever will be allowed in any cases where attempts have been made to fraudulent concealment of the existence of the disease or in any cases where the animals have been removed from infected places contrary to the provisions of the Act aforesaid and particularly the first seven sections thereof.

5. And further a Veterinary Inspector or other officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture, to be empowered to carry out generally the provisions of the Act aforesaid.

48-3 JOHN J. McGEE,

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, 19th day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the Imperial Merchant Shipping Act of 1854, and of the Act 36 Vic., cap. 128, His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Port of Desoronto, in the Bay of Quinté, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted a Port of Registry for the registration of ships and subsequent transactions.

His Excellency has been further pleased to appoint the Collector of Customs for the time being at the Port of Desoronto to be the Registrar of Shipping at that port.

47-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, 19th day of May, 1882.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Victoria, chapter 9, intituled : " An Act to provide for the appointment of " Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces " of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick," and the Act 38 Victoria, chapter 30, amending the same, His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the limits of the Port of Musquodoboit, in the County of Halifax, Province of Nova Scotia, be defined to be from Jeddore Head to Petiswick Head, as a Port to which the provisions of the Acts referred to shall apply.

His Excellency has been further pleased to appoint Mr. David Williams, of Musquodoboit, Harbour Master for the said port, his salary not to exceed one hundred dollars of the fees to be collected by him from vessels entering that port in any calendar year.

47-3 JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, P. C.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 26th May, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 23rd instant, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that there may be paid

to the proprietor of any leather dressing establishment, in Canada, a drawback equal to five per cent. ad valorem, on the value on which duty has been paid on " Goat skins, tanned", but not further dressed, waxed, glazed or dyed, imported into Canada for the purpose of being finished, upon satisfactory proof that such " Goat " skins have been finished at such establishment by being so dressed, waxed, glazed or dyed, and under such further regulations and restrictions as the Honorable the Minister of Customs may deem necessary.

By command,
J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

48-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 26th May, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 23rd instant, and under the authority vested in him by sec. 11 of 44th Victoria, chap. 11, has been pleased to order and direct that the following article be placed on the free list, subject to such regulations as may be laid down by this Department, viz :

" Foot Grease," the refuse of the cotton seed after the oil is pressed out.

By command,
J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

48-3

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued
during the month of April, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	266,178 93	.....
Malt Liquor.....	50 00	.....
Malt	37,283 02	.....
Tobacco	154,278 63	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	966 75	.....
Manufactures in Bond.	3,117 23	.....
Seizures	1,809 80	.....
Other Receipts	515 00	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....		464,199 41
Canals.....		4,862 97
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.		1,887 00
Minor Public Works.....		287 38
Culling Timber.....		821 31
Inspection of Weights and Measures		2,881 87
Inspection of Gas.....		255 00
Bill Stamps		131 69
Total		475,326 63

E. MIALL,
Assist. Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 26th May, 1882.

48-tf

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the " Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877", letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twelfth day of May, 1882, incorporating Nathaniel Clarke Wallace, of the Village of Woodbridge, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, merchant, a member of the House of Commons of Canada; Silas James, provincial land surveyor; James Armstrong, student-at-law; John Jeremiah Cook, merchant; Alexander Gilbert Lightbourne, accountant; Elgin Schoff,

barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the said Province; James Duncan, of Emery, in the said Province, farmer; John Duncan, of Richmond Hill in said Province, farmer, and Robert Nathaniel Taylor, of Elder Mills, in the said Province, farmer; for the purpose of the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same.

The advance of money to assist settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayments for such advances and on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railways and of steamboats or other vessels or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all the necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incidental thereto,—by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company," with a total capital stock of three hundred thousand dollars divided into three thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-sixth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

43-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of May, 1882, incorporating Henry Stark Howland, banker, William Rees Brock, merchant, John Ginty, contractor, John Gillespie, merchant, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in our Dominion of Canada; George A. Mettlebury, real estate agent, and Jeffrey Hall Brock, real estate agent, both of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, in our said Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of (a) the acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories. (b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same. (c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same. (d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging, and generally dealing with lands, and all manner of interests in land including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting; settlers by way of bonus, or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus for the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and for aiding all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights

therein required by said company to advance the interests of said company or of settlers upon the said lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,—by the name of "The Dominion Lands Colonization Company," with a total capital stock of one million dollars divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-sixth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

48-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the eleventh of May, 1882, incorporating Edward Gurney, the younger, manufacturer, John Edward Rose, barrister at law, and Alexander Sutherland, Doctor of Divinity, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; Dennis Moore, of the City of Hamilton, in the said Province, manufacturer, Richard Brown, of said City of Toronto, merchant, William Glass, of the City of London, in said Province, Sheriff, William Briggs, Clergyman, Henry E. Clarke, manufacturer, Daniel McLean, merchant, Edward Hartly Dewar, Doctor of Divinity, John Thomas Moore, accountant, John Jacob Withrow, manufacturer, Samuel John Hunter, Clergyman, Charles Douglas Warren, merchant, all of the City of Toronto; Leonard Garty, of the City of London aforesaid, Clergyman, and Robert Warren, of the Town of Niagara, in said Province, yeoman, for the purpose of—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba, and the North West Territories.

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same.

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus for the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works that may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interests of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers or are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country, and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,—by the name of "The Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Company, Limited," with a total capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of May, 1882.

48-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the third day of May, 1882, incorporating Thomas Allen Stevens, William Pearce Turner, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Joseph Seymour Fallows and John Elliott, all of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, manufacturers; Henry Taylor, of the same place, broker; Charles Murray, of the same place, banker; Benjamin Cronyn, of the same place, barrister, and John Labatt, of the same place, brewer, for the purpose of carrying on a general brass and iron foundry business and manufacturing agricultural, electrical and other machines and appliances, and engines of every description, and of dealing in such machines, appliances and engines and in all kinds of brass and other metal goods, by the name of "The Stevens, Turner and Burns Foundry and General Manufacturing Company, limited," with a total capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of fifty dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this nineteenth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

47-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the third day of May, 1882, incorporating Alexander G. Ramsay, General Manager of the Canada Life Insurance Company, William Hendrie, Esquire, and Adam Brown, Esquire, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; John Dunlop, of the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, in the said Province, Esquire; James Crowther, Esquire; James Scott, merchant, William Mulock, Esquire, Edmund Boyd Osler, Esquire, and Robert H. Bethune, Cashier of the Dominion Bank, all of the City of Toronto, in the said Province, for the purpose of acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories, the colonizing, settling and selling lands, the surveying and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon lands, the buying and selling of grain and the products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and dealing generally with lands and all manner of interest in lands, the advance of money to assist settlers and the securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner, by way of mortgage or agreement, as may be mutually agreed upon, the erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber, the breeding, raising, buying and selling of cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising, by the name of "The Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company," with a total capital stock of one million dollars, divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this Nineteenth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

47-3

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 30th April, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,656,761 93
Excise.....	417,789 32
Post Office.....	156,181 65
Public Works, including Railways.....	266,659 50
Miscellaneous	194,721 77
	<u>\$ 2,692,114 17</u>
Revenue to 31st March, 1882.....	24,479,865 88
	<u>\$27,171,980 05</u>
Expenditure.....	\$1,770,560 98
do 31st March, 1882.....	17,999,566 70
	<u>\$19,770,127 68</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st May, 1882.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 9 of 1882.

CHANGE IN INDIAN POINT LIGHT.

NOTICE is hereby given that, from the opening of navigation this year, a change has been made in the arrangement of the light established last year on the Shoal off Indian Point, Bedeque Bay, at the entrance to Summerside Harbor, Prince County, Prince Edward Island.

Lat. N. 46° 22' 40"
Long. W. 63° 48' 50"

The light formerly showed fixed red between the bearings N. N. E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. and N. E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E., and fixed white from all other points seaward, but it will now show fixed *white* between Sea Cow Head and the most southerly point of Miscouche Shoals, as well as into the harbor; and fixed *green* over Miscouche Shoals, or between the bearings E. by N. $\frac{1}{4}$ N. and E. S. E.

In entering the harbor from the North-westward vessels can stand in for the lighthouse as soon as the white light is opened, leaving it on the starboard side, after which the harbor buoys and the light on the railway wharf will guide. A vessel outside the light beating in or out of the harbor should come about immediately upon losing sight of the white light.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 24th April, 1882.

46-3

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of April, 1882 Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st March, 1882	\$8,561,758 65	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$396,104 03
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	558,379 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	4,465 50	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,661,851 80
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	63,594 32
	9,124,553 15		8,728,449 12
			9,124,553 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 22nd May, 1882

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 31st March, 1882, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 28th February, 1882.	Deposits for March, 1882.	Total.	Withdrawn, March, 1882.	Balance, 31st March, 1882.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	536,090 29	42,597 05	578,687 34	29,791 51	548,895 83
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	416,229 77	79,115 00	495,344 77	57,716 77	437,628 00
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,331,116 44	70,196 00	1,401,312 44	76,167 82	1,325,144 62
Nanaimo.....	139,126 26	6,821 00	145,947 26	7,385 93	138,561 33
New Westminster.....	183,828 86	11,427 00	195,255 86	10,826 79	184,429 07
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	130,613 17	15,248 00	145,861 17	3,963 88	141,897 29
Antigonish.....	42,591 23	2,286 00	44,877 23	1,551 75	43,325 48
Annapolis.....	127,125 40	7,818 20	134,943 60	5,924 33	129,019 27
Arichat.....	123,249 49	2,238 00	125,487 49	1,238 83	124,248 66
Acadia Mines.....	28,405 58	1,811 00	30,216 58	121 33	30,095 25
Baddeck.....	42,332 20	3,179 00	45,511 20	2,603 37	42,907 83
Bridgewater.....	21,424 88	4,026 00	25,450 88	359 00	25,091 88
Barrington.....	33,734 11	2,916 00	36,650 11	479 59	36,170 52
Digby.....	60,348 48	7,633 00	67,981 48	3,748 77	64,232 71
Guysboro'.....	49,789 85	1,604 00	51,393 85	3,274 66	48,119 19
Halifax.....	2,362,696 37	90,672 22	2,453,368 59	61,554 86	2,391,813 73
Kentville.....	107,772 45	9,957 00	117,729 45	3,758 00	113,971 45
Liverpool.....	113,623 87	4,117 00	117,740 87	3,819 38	113,921 49
Lingan.....	12,403 84	288 00	12,691 84	300 00	12,391 84
Lunenburg.....	86,639 85	10,503 00	97,142 85	1,980 81	95,162 04
Maitland.....	45,993 37	2,819 00	48,812 37	2,091 39	46,720 98
New Glasgow.....	93,953 38	5,755 00	99,708 38	2,282 69	97,425 69
Parrsboro'.....	39,412 91	1,543 00	40,955 91	686 00	40,269 91
Port Hood.....	50,611 26	904 00	51,515 26	3,255 20	48,260 06
Pictou.....	41,711 72	735 00	42,446 72	914 23	41,532 49
Shelburne.....	34,465 65	1,067 00	35,532 65	241 00	35,291 65
Sydney.....	165,753 86	5,292 00	171,045 86	3,363 83	167,682 03
Sherbrooke.....	20,333 47	2,106 00	22,439 47	135 17	22,304 30
Truro.....	200,103 12	11,510 00	211,613 12	11,940 77	199,672 35
Wallace.....	8,549 50	952 00	9,501 50	510 00	8,991 50
Windsor.....	357,607 20	18,790 00	376,397 20	11,025 45	365,371 75
Weymouth.....	51,968 81	1,096 00	53,064 81	1,257 00	51,807 81
Yarmouth.....	305,651 90	28,181 00	333,832 90	10,146 19	323,686 80
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	64,933 55	1,396 00	66,329 55	889 31	65,440 24
Chatham.....	186,513 46	2,560 00	189,073 46	2,295 33	186,778 13
Dalhousie.....	153,970 33	2,438 00	156,408 33	951 00	155,457 33
Dorchester.....	20,099 81	3,712 74	23,812 55	.....	23,812 55
Fredericton.....	293,151 41	10,194 00	303,345 41	12,202 68	291,142 73
Hillboro'.....	20,520 77	883 00	21,403 77	182 84	21,220 93
Moncton.....	125,171 14	7,635 00	132,806 14	6,183 61	126,622 53
Newcastle.....	122,511 72	1,461 00	123,972 72	1,479 90	122,492 82
Richibucto.....	61,173 40	2,665 00	63,838 40	315 27	63,523 13
St. Andrews.....	201,853 48	3,604 00	205,457 48	3,851 35	201,606 13
St. John.....	1,623,174 34	44,917 00	1,668,091 34	29,774 21	1,638,317 13
Sussex.....	27,029 88	4,161 71	31,191 59	4,712 00	26,479 59
Woodstock.....	209,924 70	17,298 00	227,222 70	10,331 05	216,891 65
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	764,557 39	81,912 00	846,469 39	40,053 50	806,415 89
Total.....	11,270,857 04	610,099 92	11,880,956 96	440,996 35	11,440,960 61

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 20th May, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST MAY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Algoma Mills .....	.....	Algoma	O. James Townley.
Avonry	Sombra	Bothwell	O. Peter Knight.
Bardolpb	Adolphustown	Lennox	O. H. B. Seeley.
Barrie Island	Barrie	Algoma	O. Peter Archdekin.
Becher (re-opened)	Sombra	Bothwell	O. Henry Roebuck.
Carholme	Walsingham	Norfolk, S.R.	O. James Smith.
Chance Harbour .....	.....	Pictou	N.S. Daniel Cameron.
Clappison	Flamborough East	Wentworth, N.R.	O. H. Clappison.
Courtice	Darlington	Durham, W.R.	O. C. W. Lent.
Dennistown .....	.....	Inverness	N.S. John Gillies.
Dog Creek (re-opened) .....	.....	Cariboo Lilloet	B.C. W. H. Wright.
Dracon	Garafraxa	Wellington, C.R.	O. John Young.
Kings Wharf	Emily	Victoria, S.R.	O. James C. Leary.
Lac à la Tortue	Notre Dame de Mont Carmel	Champlain	Q. Joseph Brunelle.
Lakeport	Haldimand	Northumberland, E.R.	O. H. J. Matthews.
Lourdes	Somerset	Mégantic	Q. George Nadeau.
Lidcote	Chatham	Kent	O. D. D. Purdy.
Newcombe .....	.....	Lunenburg	N.S. James Newcombe.
Riverdale Junction	Caledon	Cardwell	O. James Graham.
St. Cyprien	Hocquart	Témiscouata	Q. Grégoire Dallaire.
Shippigan Island .....	.....	Gloucester	N.B. Jacques Godin.
Ullswater (re-opened)	Watt	Muskoka	O. George Sunn.
Wilbur .....	.....	Westmoreland	N.B. Nathan E. Wilbur.
Wilsonville	Townsend	Norfolk, N.R.	O. Peter L. Hays.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Basswood, Co. Welland, O.
Newport Point, Co. Gaspé, Q.

NAMES CHANGED.

Close Mills, Co. Lennox, O. to Chambers.
Kerry, Co. Prescott, O. to St. Alfred de Prescott.

SUB OFFICE MADE A REGULAR POST OFFICE.

St. Féréol, Co. Montmorency, Q.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in
the Dominion of Canada and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st
January, 1882.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Agricultural Implements.....	"	1,302 00	254 91
Ale, Beer and Porter.....	Gals.	2,503 00	641 30
Animals.....	\$	4,082 00	1,086 57
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	1,304 00	260 80
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	79,026 00	13,646 04
Breadstuffs, viz :—	"	22,413 00	5,771 70
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush.	422,877 00	57,629 63
Flour and Meal.....	Brls.	61,768 00	6,065 11
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	9,887 00	3,494 38
Candles.....	Lbs.	2,342 00	571 05
Chicory.....	"	3,905	868 86
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons.	86,133	332,289 00
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs.	7,614 00	47,828 27
" " U. States.....	"	58,350	1,202 22
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	9,853	382 53
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	10,465 00	1,342 30
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	2,410 00	381 95
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	1,252,009 00	283,697 19
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	41,325 00	9,467 86
Fancy Goods.....	"	26,228 00	7,312 50
Fish.....	"	201,276 00	42,334 61
Fruit, Dried.....	"	5,336 00	1,058 04
" green, &c.....	"	57,981 00	14,051 81
Furs.....	"	26,572 00	5,220 88
Glass and Glassware.....	"	31,540 00	4,746 55
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	55,757 00	13,334 23
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	2,649 00	793 95
Hops.....	Lbs.	159,061 00	39,765 25
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	31,114	1,866 84
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	838,880 00	176,792 21
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	38,022 00	9,110 25
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	18,392 00	2,348 89
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	131,586 00	23,102 94
Malt.....	Lbs.	9,350 00	1,732 13
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$		
Musical Instruments.....	"	37,916 00	8,073 92
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals.	35,536 00	10,002 25
" all other, N.E.S.....	"	38,481 00	20,988 06
Paints and Colors.....	\$	19,042 00	4,234 80
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	17,735 00	3,024 24
Perfumery, &c.....	"	87,852 00	21,457 66
Provisions, viz :	"	1,036 00	310 80
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs.	139,548 00	17,921 88
Butter.....	"	126 00	22 88
Cheese.....	"	529 00	90 61
Lard.....	"	14,727 00	2,579 58
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	5,054 00	792 52
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs.	182 00	25 69
Seeds.....	\$	21,742 00	3,269 35
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	315,138 00	92,654 65
Soap of all kinds.....	"	2,416 00	617 98
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	6,189 00	1,281 45
Starch.....	Lbs.	1,857 00	569 58
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals.	56,764 00	74,825 09
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	"	18,750 00	13,201 60
Sparkling.....	Doz.	6,711 00	4,074 05
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs.	6,862 00	4,075 48
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	"	172,947 00	88,058 84
" below No. 9, D.S.....	"	105,718 00	46,556 79
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	"	1,194 00	585 26
" Melado, &c., &c.....	"		
Glucose and Syrups.....	"	74,407	1,479 62
Molasses for refining.....	Gals.	3,119 00	1,396 75
Molasses not for refining.....	"	5,587 00	5,334 60
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs.	34,032 00	13,210 54
" United States.....	"	292,736	6,793 00
Tobacco and Cigars.....	"	105,348	10,435 63
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	14,001	19,769 51
Woollen manufactures.....	"	79,327 00	176,875 57
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs.	60,064 00	46 59
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	18,862 00	123,812 41
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$6,418,213 00	\$1,561,705 83
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		4,939 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,298,967 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 7,722,119 00	\$1,561,705 83

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MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, (exclusive of British Columbia,) for March, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total,
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	79,562 00	9,340 00	88,902 00
do Fisheries.....	405,137 00	138 00	405,275 00
do Forest.....	375,259 00	55,855 00	431,114 00
Animals and their Produce.....	941,102 00	2,072 00	943,174 00
Agricultural Products.....	1,658,253 00	25,310 00	1,683,563 00
Manufactures	259,897 00	24,289 00	284,186 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	68,823 00	11,145 00	79,968 00
Totals.....	3,788,033 00	128,149 00	3,916,182 00
Coin and Bullion.....		59,067 00	59,067 00
Grand Ttal.	3,788,033 00	187,216 00	3,975,249 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 5th May, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Amount of Deposit.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).		Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).		Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.		Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)		Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds		Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilton.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)		Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....		Steam Boilers, &c.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)		Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash		Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock		Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....		Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$83,705 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333)		Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association.....	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.	\$50,000 cash.		Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B)		Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock		Life.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210)		Fire.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....		Guarantee.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)		Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock		Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....		Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock		Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200).....		Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000		Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. Canada Stock		Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	\$21,000 stg., Canada Stock		Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)		Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....		Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds		Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....		Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815)		Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....		Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdonnell & Davidson, General Agents, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)		Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's.....	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Montl.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p.c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto...	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Life.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B)	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto...	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life and Acciden
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915)	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life.
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1863 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal...	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance

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CIRCULATION AND SPECIE

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45

	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60	168,227 35		
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25	5,620,094 75		
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	56,381 92	30,812 06		
\$50 & \$100.....	686,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00	634,525 00		
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00	7,907,500 00		
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77	14,391,159 16		

Fractional Notes.....	168,227 35
Provincial ".....	67,347 06
Montreal issue.....	6,889,145 50
Toronto ".....	4,828,332 00
Halifax ".....	1,760,552 00
St. John ".....	653,487 75
Victoria ".....	24,067 50
Total.....	\$14,391,159 16

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 30th April.....	2,330,862 55
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures.....	2,920,000 00
	5,250,862 55
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16	1,439,115 91
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16	2,158,673 86
	\$3,597,789 77
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,653,072 78
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16.....	10,793,369 25
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,206,630 75
SUMMARY.	
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,653,072 78
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,206,630 75
Total Excess.....	2,859,703 53

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE
D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 30TH APRIL, 1882.

CAPITAL.		LIABILITIES.								Total Liabilities.
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	
	\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 600,000 00	\$ cts. 251,456 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,770,841 17	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 93,203 73	\$ cts. 6,293,501 31
City and District Savings Bank.....	1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,009,107 87	83,000 00	121,183 90	3,213,291 77
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....										

ASSETS.

	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Asset ^s .
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
City and District Savings Bank.....	2,500 00	1,395,386 50	600 00	2,587,002 62	1,619,484 95	814,872 45	180,000 00	.....	*437,966 24	7,037,812 76
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	1,008,459 15	127,430 22	1,081,116 43	83,000 00	237,220 00	131,831 22	3,485,580 44

* Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th May, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

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GENERAL ABSTRACT

Showing the average amount of the Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of British Columbia, within the Province of British Columbia and its Dependencies, taken from the several Weekly Statements, for the quarter ending 31st March, 1882.

Prepared and submitted to the Finance Department in conformity with the Local Banking Act of 1861

Liabilities.	\$ cts.	Assets.	\$ cts.
Notes in circulation.....	469,052 00	Legal Tender Coin in Gold and Silver.....	249,488 77
Balances due to other Banks and Branches..	29,480 59	Gold Bullion.....	6,550 18
Deposits not bearing interest ... \$939,081 52		Landed and other Property.....	26,214 03
Deposits bearing interest..... .. 94,360 52		Balances due from other Banks	
	1,003,442 01	and Branches, situate within	
		the Province.....\$ 6,607 39	
		Balances due from other Banks	
		and Branches, situate without	
		the Province..... 734,471 34	
			741,078 73
		All debts due to the Bank with-	
		in the Province, including	
		Notes, Bills of Exchange, and	
		all Stock and Funded Debts	
		of every description, except-	
		ing Notes, Bills and Balances	
		due from other Banks and	
		Branches 732,894 54	
		Do without the Province... 15,141 60	
			748,036 14
Total amount of Liabilities... ..	1,501,974 63	Total amount of Assets.....	1,771,367 85

Amount of Capital Stock paid up at close of the Quarter ending 31st March, 1882... .. \$1,730,000 00
Rate of last Dividend declared to the Shareholders..... 6 per cent. per annum.
Amount of last Dividend declared..... 51,900 00
Amount of Reserve Profit at the time of declaring said Dividend..... 195,120 00

WM. C. WARD,
Manager,

CHS. S. JONES,
Accountant.
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Victoria, B.C., 21st day of April, 1882.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 10th May, 1882.

TARIFF of Tolls to be levied on Timber, Saw-logs, &c., passing through the Government Slides and Works upon the Ottawa and its tributaries.

Name of River.	Name of Slide or other Improvement.	Per Slide or Improvement.				Rate to clear to foot of Chaudiere.		Round, Flatted and Dimension Timber. Also Railway Ties.	Special Rates.
		Red Pine, White Pine or Hardwood.				Red Pine, White Pine or Hardwood. Per crib.	Masts, Staves or Saw Lumber, per crib.		
		Per Saw Log.	Per stick.	Per crib.	Masts, Staves or Saw Lumber, per crib.				
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		
	For passing through—								
Ottawa.....	Slides at Roche Capitaine.....	.....	.....	1 00	.....	1 50	.....		Where no special rate is given for saw-logs passing through Government improvement the tolls for Slidagc or Boom-agearc to be levied on sixty saw logs as equivalent to a crib of square timber.
do.....	do St. Joachim Rapids.....	.....	.....	1 00	1 50	3 50	4 50		
do.....	do Calumet and Mountain Rapids...	.....	.....	1 00	1 50	2 50	3 50		
do.....	do Portage-du-Fort.....	.....	.....	0 50	0 75	1 75	2 25		
do.....	do Chats.....	.....	.....	1 00	1 50	1 50	2 00		
do.....	do Chaudiere.....	.....	.....	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 50		
do.....	Chenaux Boom.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
do.....	Chaudiere Boom.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
do.....	Carillon Dam.....	.....	.....	0 02	.....	.....	.....
Petawawa.....	Passing dams, piers and booms between Cedar Lake and Memo. Rapids.....	.....	.....	0 01	1 00	.....	.....
do.....	Slide near Lake Traverse.....	.....	.....	0 01	1 00	.....	.....
do.....	Slides between Lake Traverse and Trout Lake.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
do.....	Crooked Chute to River Ottawa.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 25	.....	
do.....	Bois Dur to River Ottawa.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 75	.....	
Madawaska.....	Ragged Chute and High Falls slide and improvements.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 50	4 50		
do.....	Improvements below High Falls to Arnprior.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 00	2 50		
do.....	Slide at Arnprior.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0 50	0 75		
do.....	Retaining booms and piers in Chats Lake at mouth of River.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0 50	0 75		
Dumoine.....	High Falls slide to River Ottawa.....	.....	.....	0 01	.....	0 25	.....	
do.....	Below High Falls (Lower Improvements).....	.....	.....	0 01½	0 15	.....	.....
Coulouge.....	Slide at High Falls.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0 75	.....	
Black River.....	Slides at Black River.....	.....	.....	0 02	.....	1 50	2 00		
Gatineau.....	Booms.....	.....	.....	0 02	0 06	1 00	1 50		

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,
Ottawa, 3rd May, 1882.

I hereby certify that the foregoing revised Tariff of Tolls to be levied on Timber, Saw-logs, &c., passing through the Government Works and Slides upon the Ottawa River and its tributaries has been approved this day by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

JOHN J. MCGEE.
Acting Clerk, Privy Council.

CRÉDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien on the 31st day of December, 1881, as required under 44th Vic., Cap. 58, Sec. 17, Statutes Dominion of Canada.

Capital—Fracs. 25,000,000	\$1,823,833 60
Amount paid on Stock	\$1,205,958 40
Number of Shares	50,000

<i>Liabilities.</i>	\$ cts.	<i>Assets.</i>	\$ cts.
Capital	4,823,833 60	Amount of unpaid Capital	3,617,875 20
Amount Loaned	25,314 01	Amount Loaned on Mortgages—	
Interest	242 75	Long term	\$674,716 33
Other Liabilities	1,727 56	Short term	389,334 50
		Cash in Banks—	
		Canada	\$93,249 81
		France	78,305 92
		Arrears 6 months	171,555 73
		Office furniture and fixtures	89 51
		Other Assets	2,054 24
	4,851,117 92		2,787 16
			\$4,858,712 67

Average rate of interest :—Six per cent. per annum, except on a sum of \$1,320 bearing 7 per cent.

Extent and value of real property owned

Amount of bonds or debentures issued and rate of interest

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics,
Finance Dept., Ottawa, 25th Feb., 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words. each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or

for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English

or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the Rainy River Improvement Company.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the British Canadian Cable and Telegraph Company for the purpose of laying a cable from a point in Scotland to Greenland, thence by the Hudson Bay to Winnipeg; with the right to extend telegraph lines along any railroad or post road in Manitoba or the North West Territories of Canada.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882.

39-27

**APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY
LETTERS PATENT.**

THE NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY OF
CANADA (LIMITED).

NOTICE is hereby given that by a resolution passed at a meeting of the shareholders of the above company held on the 17th day of May, 1882, the

directors of the above company were authorized to apply for letters patent to be incorporated under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," and notice is hereby given that after the expiration of one month after the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* an application will be made on behalf of the above company to His Excellency the Governor in Council for letters patent to incorporate the said company under the said Act.

By order,

ANDREW RUTHERFORD,
Manager.

Dated at Toronto, this 18th day of May, 1882. 47-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council after the expiration of one month from the first publication thereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body and politic corporate under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Prince Albert Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration unto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the province of Ontario, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$400,000, divided into 4,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants, viz:—William Sharples, merchant, Thomas McGrevey, contractor, both of the city of Quebec, in the province of Quebec; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, barrister at law, Philip Robblin Palmer, insurance agent, and James Coleman Jamieson, publisher, all of the city of Belleville, in the province of Ontario; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, in said province of Ontario; Hugh Sutherland, lumber merchant, and James Albert Manning Aikens, barrister at law, the last two of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba; David Gilmour, lumber merchant, and William Jeffs, grain merchant, the last two of the town of Trenton, in said province of Ontario; and Duncan Charles Plumb, of

the town of Niagara, in said province of Ontario. The first or provisional directors are the aforesaid William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGrevey, Philip Roblin Palmer and Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, all of whom are British subjects.

FORBES & HILTON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Trenton, 15th May, 1882.

47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic, under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Standard Homestead Company of Canada."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are:—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon, granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—James Moffat, of the City of London, a lieutenant colonel of Militia; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, of the City of Toronto, one of Her Majesty's Counsel; Andrew S. Irving, of the City of Toronto, manager Toronto News Co.; W. Barclay McMurrich, mayor of City of Toronto, barrister at law; Alexander Gemmel, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Sanderson Percy, of the City of Toronto, wholesale paint and oil merchant; Bernard Saunders, of the City of Toronto, merchant tailor; Andrew J. Somerville, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Richard J. Hovenden, of the City of Toronto, fresco painter; William Robins, of the City of Toronto, accountant; Samuel Davison, of the City of Toronto, commission merchant; William Roaf, of the City of Toronto,

barrister at law; Peter B. Ball, of the City of Toronto, agent; Edward R. C. Clarkson, of the City of Toronto, accountant and official assignee; Christopher W. Bunting, of the City of Toronto, managing director Mail Printing Company; George Birrell, of the City of London, merchant; Robert Lewis, of the City of London, Esquire; Charles F. Goodhue, of the City of London, Esquire; Isaac Waterman, of the City of London, manufacturer; Robert McIntosh, of Rapid City, Manitoba, doctor of medicine; Daniel Spry, of the Town of Barrie, P.O. inspector, and Henry Bickford, of the Town of Dundas, manufacturer. The said James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrich, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden and William Robins are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 18th May, A.D., 1882.

47-6

NOTICE.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal to grant a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company by the name of "The German Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property or any interest therein from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or from any body corporate or any person or persons, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money to assist immigrants.

(e) To aid by way of bonuses in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising on any lands acquired or to be acquired by said company.

(i) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j) To erect, build and construct saw mills, grist mills, woollen mills and manufactories of every description on the lands of the company.

(k) And for such powers to have all necessary powers of borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto, but nothing herein contained shall constitute the company a loan company.

The town of Walkerton or the city of Toronto to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$100,000. There are to be 1,000 shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: the following residing in the town of Berlin, in the Province of Ontario, Hugo Kranz, merchant, and Frederick Snyder, tinsmith; James Dunlop Gemmill, of the city of Montreal, Esquire; Alexander Shaw, of the town of Walkerton, Q. C.; Robert Porteous, of the village of Paisley, banker; George Randall, of the town of Waterloo, Gentleman, and John Charles Brennan, of the city of Ottawa, merchant; and the said Hugo Kranz, Frederick Snyder, James Dunlop Gemmill, Alexander Shaw, Robert Porteous, George Randall John Charles Brennan are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

SHAW & ROBERTSON, of Walkerton,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Walkerton, 16th May, 1882. 47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey and real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 12th May, 1882. 46-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Bell, of the Town of Wingham, in the county of Huron, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, ex-Reeve of Wingham; John Kaine, of the Township of Howick, in said County, banker, ex-Warden of the County of Huron; Henry William Christian Meyer, of the said Town of Wingham, barrister-at-law, Reeve of Wingham; James Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, grain merchant, ex-Reeve of Howick; Henry Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, merchant; John Sanderson, of the village of Wroxeter, in the said County, merchant; Isaac Francis Toms, of the Town of Goderich, in the said County, Junior Judge; John Somerville Tennant, of the village of Lucknow, physician; Benjamin Willson, of the said Town of Wingham, private banker, ex-Mayor of Wingham, and Robert Webster, of the Township of Ashfield, in said County, farmer, Reeve of said Township of Ashfield.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The County of Huron North West Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory, in the Province of Manitoba, or elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills, and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

3. The Town of Wingham, in the County of Huron, and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company, is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into fifteen hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional directors of the company are the said above mentioned intended applicants, Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins and Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER & DICKINSON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Wingham, Ont., 8th May, 1882.

46-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Foresters Colonization Society of Canada (limited)." 2.

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the City of London, merchant; John Taylor, of the City of London, barrister at law; Oronhyatekha, of the City of London, physician; John Stewart Dewar, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Towe, of the City of London, insurance agent; Thomas Peel, of the City of London, merchant; Alexander Greig Fenwick, of the City of London, physician; Melville DeBlois Dawson, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Stevenson Crummer, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman; William Henry Street, of the City of London, physician; Peter Toll, of the Town of London East, builder; Edmund Botterell, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Duff, of the City of London, manufacturer; William Maurice Moore, of the City of London, real estate agent; John Alonzo Nelles, of the City of London, insurance agent; Henry Crotty, of the City of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Richard Maxwell McElheran, of the City of London, journalist; John Parker Thomas, of the City of Belleville, barrister at law; Theophilus Stanfield, of the City of London, agent; Robert Moore, of the town of Simcoe, manufacturer; Alexander Sutherland Murray, of the City of London, jeweller; Archibald McPherson, of the City of London, merchant; Robert James Halle, of the Town of Chatham, insurance agent; Walter Scott Williams, of the Town of Napanee, barrister at law; Benjamin Watson Greer, of the City of London, painter; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, of the City of London, physician; Thomas Glass Davey, of the City of London, news agent, G.W.R.; William Nelson Yerex, of the City of London, Principal of London Commercial College; Alexander Henry, of the Town of Napanee, President of Napanee and Tamworth Railway; Alexander McCleneghin, of the Town of Woodstock, postmaster; John Richard Flock, of the City of London, physician; Samuel Payne, of the City of London, physician; George McBroom, of the City of London, merchant; George Charlwood Jolly, of the Town of London West, Gentleman.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada: Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville DeBlois Dawson, Edward Stephenson Crummer, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edward Botterell, William Duff and William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, 8th May 1882.

46 6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's previous

notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named as the applicants therefor, for a company under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Shell River Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought, are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving, and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration onto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Belleville or the Town of Trenton, both in the County of Hastings, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$300,000, divided into 6,000 shares of \$50 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants:—David Gilmour, lumber merchant, William Jeffs, grain merchant, George Henry Gordon, merchant, William Ford Baker, grain merchant, John Hendricks, yeoman, Anson Green Whittier, merchant, all of Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, printer and publisher, George Dean Dickson, barrister, Eddison Baldwin Fraleek, barrister, Cornelius James Starling, contractor, all of Belleville; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, Charles Ashley, carriage maker, Stephen Allen Lazier, manufacturer, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, merchant, all of Foxboro; James Stalker Hamilton, yeoman, and Peter Rockwell Daly, yeoman, both of Halloway.

The first or provisional directors of the company are the aforesaid David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allan Lazier and Charles Ashley, all of whom are British subjects residing in Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Belleville, 4th April, 1882.

46-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rawbone Gun and Manufacturing Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in fire-arms, ammunition, skates and sporting and sportsmen's requisites, and acquiring, disposing of and working patents relating thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be one hundred thousand dollars in one hundred shares of one thousand dollars each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Joseph Loxton Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Richard Hoskin, Gentleman, William George Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Orlando Dunn, general agent, William Case Adams, dentist, John Dunn, cattle dealer, Hamilton Kane, banker, and Henry Seton Smyth, banker, all of Toronto; George Dempsey Cushman, of the city of New York, in the State of New York, Gentleman; and Ebenezer Hooper, of the village of Boston, in the county of Norfolk, Ontario, Gentleman.

6. The said Joseph Loxton Rawbone, William George Rawbone, and Orlando Dunn are to be the first or provisional directors.

MCCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Toronto, 4th May, 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned:

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Nova Scotia Steel Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the making steel from scrap steel, scrap iron, and pig iron, the product to be manufactured into plow plates, spring steel, steel springs, &c.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one hundred and sixty and the value of each share one thousand dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and callings of each of the applicants are—

James D. McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Graham Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; James Matheson Carmichael, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Fitz William Stairs, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, manufacturer; Henry Skeffington Poole, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, mining engineer; George Forrest McKay, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; Andrew Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, accountant; Duncan Cameron Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, barrister; Angus Chisholm, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; James Eastwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, jeweller; William Stewart, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, contractor; George William Underwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Robert Spratt McCurdy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Donald Grant, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; George McDougall, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Archibald Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Heywood McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Adam Carr Bell, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, druggist; James Roy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, trader; John Ross, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, farmer; Simon Albert Fraser, of New

Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; John Benjamin Burland (in trust), of Montreal, Province of Quebec, agent; John Smith McLean, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; John Alexander Matheson, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; Thomas Bayne, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; James Farquhar, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Alexander Forrest, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Thomas Andrew Ritchie, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, Gentleman; Thomas Cummings, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, clergyman; Catherine Dickson, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, widow; Thomas Watson, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank manager; John McKeen, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank clerk; Howard Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Clarence Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Roderick McKenzie, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; John Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; William Grant Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Patterson Grant, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Senator; Daniel McDonald, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, collector of customs; William McDonald, of Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, medical doctor; Henry Marshall Jost, of Guysborough, in the County of Guysborough, merchant; Jonathan Hartley, of Pirate Cove, in the County of Guysborough, merchant.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 1st day of May, A.D., 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company, as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The High Wood Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Thorburn, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Hoskin, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister-at-law; John Lang Blaikie, of the said City of Toronto, President of the Canada Landed Credit Company; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, broker; Alexander Gunn, M.P., of the City of Kingston, in the County of Frontenac, merchant; James Trow, M.P., of the Village of Shakespeare, in the county of Perth, in the said Province, Esquire, and McLeod Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire.

Whereof the said John Thorburn, James Trow, John Lang Blaikie and McLeod Stewart are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 5th May 1882. 45-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ottawa Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

(a) The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said lands.

(c) The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

(d) To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written,

subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(e) To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:— Charles Magee, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Eli Lanford of the City of Hamilton, merchant; Duncan McArthur, of the City of Winnipeg, banker; James Albert Manning Aikens, of the City of Winnipeg, barrister-at-law; the Honourable Corydon Parslow Brown, of the City of Winnipeg, Minister of Public Works; and the Honourable Donald MacInnes, of the City of Hamilton, Senator; all of whom are to be first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, this 24th day of April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," by the Honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, Senator; Robert Doull, M.P., of Pictou, Nova Scotia; John Alexander Mackenzie, of Sarnia, Ontario, barrister; Frank Egerton Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, miller; Hugh MacMahon, Q.C., of London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, of Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., immigration agent; William Pugsley, Jr., of the City of St. John, New Brunswick, barrister; Leigh Richmond Harrison, of the said City of St. John, barrister, and Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, also of the said City of St. John, barrister, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To acquire lands and other property in the province of Manitoba, and the North-West Territory; to colonize, settle, improve and sell the said land and develop the resources thereof of every nature; to survey, divide up and build upon the same; to develop and work fisheries along the shores of Long Lake; to erect and establish stores on said property and to purchase and vend goods of every description; to buy, sell, grant, convey, lease, rent, mortgage and generally deal with lands and all manner of interests in lands; to advance money and assistance to settlers on land or goods purchased from the company and to secure the repayment of such advances, with such interest as may be agreed upon; to make, provide, give aid to and use roads, railways, tramways, telegraph lines, vessels, steamers, wharves and all other works and means of transport necessary upon the lands and waters of the company, or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company.

3. The principal place of business of said company will be in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of said company will be four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The several persons hereinbefore described will be the first provisional directors of said company.

MACKENZIE, GURD & KITTERMASTER,

Solicitors for applicants, Sarnia, Ont.

Dated 15th April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877" to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Dight, miller, John Fox, merchant, Francis Winnette Ball, bank manager, Bernard Stanley, merchant, William Stanley, miller, Lewis Cann, merchant, and Robert Fox, insurance agent, all of the village of Lucan, in the County of Middlesex and Province of Ontario; James Marr, of the Township of McGillivray, in said County, farmer; William Murdoch, of the Township of Adelaide, in said County, farmer; and Daniel Neil, of the Township of Biddulph, in said County, farmer.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The North Middlesex Colonization Company of Lucan, Canada."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

(6) To work all mines of coal, lignite, or other minerals that may be found upon the said lands.

3. The village of Lucan, in the Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one hundred thousand dollars divided into two thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company are the said above-named intended applicants:—Thomas Dight, John Fox, Francis Winnette Ball, Bernard Stanley, Robert Fox and James Marr.

STREET & BECHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, Ont., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The North West Land and Grazing Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or

otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company thereof as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:

Legh Richmond Harrison, of the city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, barrister-at-law; John Livingston, of the said city and province, journalist; Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, of Rockland, in the County of Westmoreland and Province aforesaid, quarry manager; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, in the county of Kings, and province aforesaid, mining engineer; William Fugsley, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman; William Rairnie, of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Gentleman; Edward G. Scovil, of the Parish of Simonds, in the city and county of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, manufac-

turer; of whom the said Legh Richmond Harrison, John Livingston, Thomas Morrison-Mackelvie, Alfred Markham and William Pugsley are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. R. HARRISON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Saint John, N. B., April 25, 1882. 44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants, and others who may become associated with them as a joint stock company under the name of "The St. Lawrence Manufacturing Company."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the manufacturing, buying and selling fixtures and fastenings for windows, blinds and awnings; for purchasing and using or selling any letters patent or invention which may be of use to the company in connection therewith; for the purpose of buying and using or selling any other letters patent of invention as may be thought expedient by the directors of the company, and of manufacturing, buying and selling such other goods, ware and commodities as to the directors of said company may seem expedient.

The capital stock of the company is to be fifty thousand dollars. The number of shares is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of five dollars.

The City of Montreal is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—

Charles Edgar Kennedy, of Hatley, in the County of Stanstead, Province of Quebec, trader; Charles Carroll Colby, M.P., of Stanstead, in said County; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, of the City of Sherbrooke, in said Province, Esquire; Frederick Fairman, of the City of Montreal, in said Province, merchant; Robert Baker May, of said City of Montreal, printer; John Gilman Elder, of the town of Derby, in the State of Vermont, trader, and Stiles Frost of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, trader.

All the said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company.

CHAS. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Montreal, 3rd April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Edmonton and Ontario Colonization and Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals; the colonizing, settling and selling the said land; the survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same; the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging; and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands; the advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of

mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; the erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber; the breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 5,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Bosson Ashford Mitchell, of the City of London, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; Charles Richardson, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; William Lind, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Muir, of the same place, merchant; and George Robinson, of the same place, merchant.

The above named applicants, who are all residents of Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

FRASER & FRASER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 24th day of April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the Company or otherwise; power to carry on farming and to develop the resources of the Company; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of the purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the Company, and to issue debentures secured upon the lands of the Company

or otherwise, for the same purposes; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands; to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessaries for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandise so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$600,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 6,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Samuel Treas, manufacturer, Warring Kennedy, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward Carter, merchant, James Haywood, commercial traveller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Samuel Treas, Toronto, manufacturer; Warring Kennedy, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 19th April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders, as a company in and by the name of "The Dufferin and Battle River Colonization Company, (Limited)."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be two thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollar

6. The following are the name, in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: Thomas Anthony Maitland McCarthy, of the Town of Orangeville, in the County of Dufferin, in the Province of Ontario, Judge; William Legh Walsh, Esquire, Thomas MacAdam, banker, Richard Thompson Haun, bank manager, James Henry, doctor of medicine, John Gilchrist, William Reid Kent, Thomas Stevenson, James Moore Skelton, and Jeremiah Skelton, all merchants, Thomas Stern Williamson and James King Decatur, both Gentlemen, all of the said Town of Orangeville; Robert Wilson, of the Township of Mono, in said County, Gentleman; John Anderson, Registrar of Arthur, in the County of Wellington, in said Province; Samuel Michael Henry, of Harriston, in the County of Wellington, in said Province, doctor of medicine; William Henry Hunter, of the Township of East Garafraxa, in said County of Dufferin, Gentleman; John Gillespie, farmer, of the Township of Amaranth, in said County of Dufferin; William Stubbs, veterinary surgeon, and Alexander Skelton, farmer, both of the Township of

Caledon, in the County of Peel, in said Province; of whom the said James Henry, Thomas Stevenson, John Gilchrist, James Moore Skelton and Thomas MacAdam are to be the first or provisional board of directors.

McCARTHY & WALSH,
Solicitors for applicants.

Orangeville, 17th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette* for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario Trade Colonization Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion of Canada, with a view to colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals, as the Government's Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with any existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide, and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent, for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization

company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company, and to obtain a transfer thereof, or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(o) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; William Gillzean Reid, Hamilton, merchant; Robert Davies, Toronto, brewer; Archibald George Hodge, Toronto, hotel-keeper; George Thomas Robinson, Toronto, merchant; Joshua Smith Hamilton, Brantford, merchant; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, Woodstock, merchant.

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDOUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto the 20th day of April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The Wentworth Land Company."

1. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North-West Territory of the Dominion with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North-West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada, the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or pri-

privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral, timber and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government Regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway from and through the lands of the company to some point or place or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, bridges and other works, which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing monies, selling and disposing of real and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto in any part of Canada.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow, and to buy, sell, and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep, pigs and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(o) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain transfer therefor, or amalgamate the same with this company.

2. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Hamilton, Ontario, with branch offices at such other place or places as the business of the company may require.

3. The capital stock of the said company is to be \$100,000.00.

4. There are to be 1000 shares, each share is to be for the sum of \$100.00.

5. The following are the names in full and the address of each of the applicants that is to say: George Roach, of the City of Hamilton. Gentleman, Robert Evans, of the same place, merchant, James Murray Lottridge, of the same place, manufacturer, Hugh Duncan Cameron, of the same place, baker, Hugh Murray, of the same place, merchant, Charles Robinson Smith, of the same place, merchant, Thomas Lawry, of the same place, merchant, Robert McKechnie, of the Town of Dundas, in the County of Wentworth, manufacturer, all of whom are to be the

first or provisional directors of the company, and all of whom are resident in Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Hamilton, 18th April, 1882.

43-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for a charter of incorporation by Letters Patent, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Edmonton and Saskatchewan Land Company of Canada (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation by the said company is sought are:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors).

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the city of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the said company is four hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares of the said company is to be four thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full, addresses and callings of the said applicants are as follows:—George Gordon Dustan, of Woodside House, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Bain Searth, of the city of Toronto, in the county of York, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; the Honorable Alexander Morris, of the said city of Toronto, Esquire; McLeod Stewart, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; Archibald Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; Joseph James Gormully, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire; William Darley Bentley, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; the Honorable Jedediah Slason Carvell, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, merchant and Senator; the Honorable Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the said city of Montreal, merchant and Senator; John Smith Maclean, of the city of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, merchant and President of the Bank of Nova Scotia; Jeremiah Harrison, of the city of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, merchant; and John Leonard Harris, of Moncton, in the County of Westmoreland, in the said Province of New Brunswick, merchant.

7. The first nine of the said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the company, and are all residents of Canada.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Settlers Colonization Company (limited)."

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be three

3

hundred thousand dollars in three thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—Thomas Lailey, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Stark, of the city of Toronto, broker; John Dryden, of the village of Brooklin, Esquire; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, of the city of Toronto, doctor of medicine; William Stewart, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; James Watson, of the city of Toronto, Esquire; Edward John Stobo, of the town of Peterboro, clergyman; William Buck, of the city of Brantford, iron founder; Charles Raymond, of the city of Guelph, manufacturer; Archibald Alexander Cameron, of the city of Ottawa, clergyman; George Booth, of the city of Toronto, manufacturer; William Elliot, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Harvard Castle, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; William Muir, of the city of Toronto, clergyman; William Joseph Copp, of the city of Hamilton, iron founder; George Richardson, of the village of Colborne, clergyman; Frederick Beyers, of the village of Carleton Place, iron founder.

The eleven first named are to be the provisional directors, and all reside in Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 20th April, 1882.

43-7

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice, for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the said company, a body politic and corporate for the purposes following, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought by the company are:

3. To acquire lands by purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories or elsewhere, from the Dominion or any Provincial Government or any corporation or individuals; to sell, rent, lease, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of the said lands; to survey, colonize, settle, cultivate, improve and build upon the said lands; to advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, with power to secure such advances, with interest, upon such terms and in such manner, by way of mortgage or otherwise as may be mutually agreed upon; to erect and acquire or lease saw, grist or other mills; to establish shops or stores on the said lands and to purchase and vend articles and produce of every description; to build, acquire, own, charter, or lease, navigate and use steam and other vessels or boats for the purposes of the company; to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam or other vessels for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company; to build, construct and maintain all necessary bridges and wharves; to breed, raise, buy, and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock and to carry on, in all its branches, farming and stock raising; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

4. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

5. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one million dollars.

6. The number of shares of the company is to be ten thousand; the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

7. The names in full, addresses, and callings of the said applicants are as follows: Alexander Manning, of the City of Toronto, capitalist; Philip McRae, of the City of Montreal, contractor; Charles James

Campbell, of the City of Toronto, broker; Peter McLaren, of the City of Ottawa, lumber merchant; Dennis Ryan, of the City of St. Paul, farmer; and John Proctor, of the City of Hamilton, merchant.

8. The following of whom are to be the provisional directors of the company: Alexander Manning, John Proctor and Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solicitor for the applicants.

Ottawa, 21st April, 1882.

43-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY (OF CANADA).

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E. C., on Thursday the twenty-ninth day of June next, at one o'clock, P. M. precisely, for the purpose of considering an agreement between the directors of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada and the directors of The Grand Trunk Railway Company, having for its object the consolidation of the undertakings of the two companies into one undertaking under the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 16 Vict., cap. 39, intituled: "An Act to empower any railway company whose railway forms part of the main trunk line of railway throughout this Province to unite with any other such company or to purchase the property and rights of any such company and to repeal certain Acts therein mentioned incorporating railway companies," and under the powers conferred by the several Acts amending or extending that Act, and for the purpose of either ratifying or disallowing such agreement in manner required by those Acts or one of them, by such agreement and in accordance with the provisions of the before mentioned Acts the following among other objects are proposed to be effected as from the first July, 1882.

1. The consolidation of the undertakings of the two existing companies into one undertaking under a single company.

2. The taking over by the single companies of the liabilities of the two existing companies but without prejudice to the rights of creditors and other persons having claims against the undertaking or portions of the undertaking of each of the two existing companies.

3. The retainer of the stock of each of the two existing companies as a separate distinct class of stock under the titles of Great Western stock, representing the existing stock of the Great Western Company, and Grand Trunk stock representing the existing stock of the Grand Trunk Company.

4. The division of the net profits of the consolidated undertaking after payment of interest on borrowed capital, rents of leased lines, and all other outgoings between the two classes of stocks as follows, namely, 30 per cent to Great Western stock and 70 per cent to Grand Trunk stock.

5. But if the 30 per cent. appropriated to Great Western stock is in any year insufficient to pay five per cent. per annum on the preference portion, and three per cent. per annum on the ordinary portion of that stock, then the deficiency to be made good out of the 70 per cent, appropriated to Grand Trunk stock, and all sums paid to make good such deficiency to be recouped out of any surplus remaining in any subsequent year, of the 30 per cent. after discharging interest at the before mentioned rates on the Great Western stock.

6. One third, as nearly as may be, of the directors of the consolidated undertaking to be qualified by holding Great Western stock and the other two thirds by holding Grand Trunk stock.

7. The making all proper arrangements consequent on the consolidation in manner above proposed of the

two undertakings, and for preserving the rights of the holders of each class of stock, regulating the number and time and mode of election and qualification of Directors, the voting powers and all other matters required to be provided for in relation to the affairs of the two existing companies, and the rights of the stockholders and shareholders therein, or in the consolidated undertaking, or otherwise arising out of the consolidation, including the appointment of Trustees to receive and distribute moneys applicable to the Great Western Stock.

By order,

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

No. 142, Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C.

25th May, 1882.

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THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E. C., on Thursday the twenty-ninth day of June next, at one o'clock p.m. precisely, for the purpose of considering an agreement between the directors of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada and the directors of the Great Western Railway Company having for its object the consolidation of the undertakings of the two companies into one undertaking under the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 16 Vict. cap. 39 intituled "An Act to empower any railway company " whose railway forms part of the main trunk line " of railway throughout this Province to unite with " any other such company or to purchase the property " and rights of any such company and to repeal " certain Acts therein mentioned incorporating railway companies," and under the powers conferred by the several Acts amending or extending that Act and for the purpose of either ratifying or disallowing such agreement in manner required by those Acts or one of them, by such agreement and in accordance with the provisions of the before mentioned Acts, the following among other objects are proposed to be effected as from the first July, 1882.

1. The consolidation of the undertakings of the two existing companies into one undertaking under a single company.

2. The taking over by the single company of the liabilities of the two existing companies but without prejudice to the rights of creditors and other persons having claims against the undertaking or portions of the undertaking of each of the two existing companies.

3. The retainer of the stock of each of the two existing companies as a separate distinct class of stock under the titles of Great Western Stock, representing the existing stock of the Great Western Company, and Grand Trunk stock representing the existing stock of the Grand Trunk Company.

4. The division of the net profits of the consolidated undertaking after payment of interest on borrowed capital, rents of leased lines, and all other outgoings between the two classes of stocks as follows, namely, 30 per cent. to Great Western stock and 70 per cent. to Grand Trunk stock.

5. But if the 30 per cent. appropriated to Great Western stock is in any year insufficient to pay five per cent. per annum on the preference portion, and three per cent. per annum on the ordinary portion of that stock, then the deficiency to be made good out of the 70 per cent. appropriated to Grand Trunk stock, and all sums paid to make good such deficiency to be recouped out of any surplus remaining in any subsequent year, of the 30 per cent. after discharging interest at the before mentioned rates on the Great Western stock.

6. One third, as nearly as may be of the directors of the consolidated undertaking to be qualified by

holding Great Western stock and the other two thirds by holding Grand Trunk stock.

7. The making all proper arrangements consequent on the consolidation in manner above proposed of the two undertakings, and for preseeing the rights of the holders of each class of stock, regulating the number and time and mode of election and qualification of directors, the voting powers and all other matters required to be provided for in relation to the affairs of the two existing companies, and the rights of the stockholders and shareholders therein, or in the consolidated undertaking or otherwise arising out of the consolidation, including the appointment of Trustees to receive and distribute moneys applicable to Great Western Stock.

By order,

H. W. TYLER,
President.
J. B. RENTON,
Secretary.

Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C.
25th May, 1882.

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THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

DIVIDEND No. 30.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. upon the capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Monday, the 3rd day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th of June to the 2nd day of July, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Banking House, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 11th day of July next.

The chair will be taking at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

W. N. ANDERSON,
General Manager.
Toronto, 23rd May, 1882.

48-5

BANQUE DE SAINT-JEAN.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the office of this bank, in St. John's, on and after Monday, the third day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 19th to the 30th June next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

PH. BAUDOUIN,
Cashier.
St. John, 22nd May, 1882.

48-5

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of five per cent. per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Monday, the 3rd July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of June next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. E. BRAIS,
Cashier.
Montreal, 25th May, 1882.

48-5

NOTICE is hereby given by the Stadacona Fire and Life Insurance Company (in liquidation), in pursuance of the statute of the Dominion Parliament passed the 17th day of May, 1882, intituled, "An Act to amend and extend the Act to empower the Stadacona Fire and Life Insurance Company to relinquish their charter and to provide for the mode of winding up their affairs"—that it is enacted as follows:—

1. Every person, company, body corporate or creditor whatsoever, having or claiming to have any claim or demand against the company, which is denied, not admitted or not recognised by it, shall be bound to proceed for the recovery thereof in some court of competent jurisdiction within one year from and after the passing of this Act; and in default of so doing within such delay, such person, company, body corporate or creditor shall be for ever deprived of the right of making such claim or demand.

2. Notwithstanding anything contained in section eight of the Act above cited, creditors who are unknown, have disappeared, are unrepresented or are not to be found, and who have not, either personally or by attorney, preferred their claim to the company, either for dividend or otherwise, within the aforesaid term of one year, shall be held to have abandoned the same, and to have renounced their right to any future dividend, and the final liquidation of the affairs of the company shall be proceeded with as though such persons or such claims had never existed.

Notice is also given that a first dividend has been declared by the liquidators on the 15th December, 1880.

CH. A. ERN. GAGNON,
A. LETELLIER,
J. M. BERNIER, Pst.,
Liquidators.

Quebec, 20th May, 1882.

48-2

THE KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the sixth call (5 p.c.) on the new issue of capital stock of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway will be payable on or before the 12th day of June, 1882, at the office of the company, in Kingston.

By order,
GEO. OSBORNE,
Secty. Treas.

Kingston, 11th May, 1882.

47-4

NORTHERN, NORTH WESTERN AND SAULT STE. MARIE RAILWAY.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the proprietors of this company will be held at the Queen's Hotel, in the City of Toronto, on Wednesday, the 7th day of June next, at 12 o'clock, noon, to elect directors for the ensuing year, and for other purposes.

The stock and transfer books will remain closed from Friday, the 2nd, to Wednesday, the 7th proximo.

By order of the Board,

ADAM BROWN,
President.
Toronto, 17th May, 1882.

47-3

ONTARIO BANK

DIVIDEND No. 49.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of six per cent. to the first of June next, upon the capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and

its branches, on and after Saturday, the 17th day of June.

The transfer books will be closed from the 3rd to the 17th of June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of stockholders for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank,
Toronto, 18th May, 1882.

47-5

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, it is the intention of the liquidators to distribute among the shareholders of the Bank, any balance then remaining unclaimed with all interest accrued thereon of the amount reserved as a provision for the payment of the ordinary indebtedness and unredeemed circulation of the Bank, remaining unpaid when the last dividend payable to the shareholders is declared in accordance with the provisions of the Act 40 Vic., chap. 56.

By order of the Liquidators.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 13th May, 1882.

46-4

BANK OF OTTAWA.

DIVIDEND No. 12.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent, upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Thursday, the 1st day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from 16th to 31st May next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

GEO. BURN,
Cashier.

Bank of Ottawa,
Ottawa, 29th April, 1882.

45-4

THE FEDERAL BANK.

DIVIDEND No. 15.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable on and after Thursday, the 1st day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of shareholders for the election of directors will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next.

Chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

H. S. STRATHY,
Cashier.

The Federal Bank of Canada,
Toronto, April 26, 1882.

45-4

ONTARIO BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general Meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of directors for the ensuing year will

be held at its Banking house in this City, on Tuesday the twentieth day of June next.

The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

A dividend of six per cent. will be paid in June next, on the stock of the Bank as intended to be reduced by the special Act now before the Dominion Parliament, and a formal declaration of said dividend will be made so soon as said Act receives the Royal assent.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Toronto, 23th April, 1882.

45-7

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND No. 52.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the seventeenth to the thirty-first day of May, both days included.

The annual general meeting of stockholders for the election of directors, will be held at the Banking House of the institution on Wednesday, the 21st of June next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

D. COULSON,
Cashier.

Bank of Toronto, 26th April, 1882.

44-5

LA BANQUE JACQUES-CARTIER.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank, in the City of Montreal, on and after the first day of June next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st day of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next, at one o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board,

A. DE MARTIGNY,
Cashier.

Montreal, 27th April, 1882.

44-5

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Thursday, the 1st June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th to the 31st May next,—both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next. The chair to be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

G. HAGUE,
General Manager.

Montreal, 22nd April, 1882.

44-5

THE MARITIME BANK OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Bank will be held at their office, in the City of St. John, on Friday, the second day of June next, at noon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board of Directors,

ALFRED RAY,
Cashier.

Saint John, New Brunswick, 25th April, 1882. 44-5

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city and at its branches on and after Thursday the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 5th day of June next. The chair to be taken at one o'clock.

By order of the Board,

A. MACNIDER,
Assistant General Manager,
Montreal, 25th April, 1882. 44-6

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one-half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 22nd to the 31st May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board.

UBALDE GARAND,
Cashier.
Montreal, 27th April, 1882. 44-5

NOTICE.—The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada will apply to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, on the first day of June next, for the release of its securities, being a special deposit of thirty thousand dollars in cash, held by the said Government in connection with the guarantee business of the said company; and all persons in Canada holding policies of guarantee issued by the said company, and now in force, are hereby required to file any opposition they may desire to make to the said release, with the Minister of Finance, on or before the said last mentioned day.

By order of the Board,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Montreal, 1st March, 1882. 36-13

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 23 mai 1882.

L'HONORABLE JOHN CARLING, de la Cité de London, dans la province d'Ontario; Membre du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada.

JOHN COSTIGAN, de Grand Falls, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick, écuyer; Membre du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada.

L'HONORABLE JOHN CARLING; Maître-Général des Postes pour la Puissance du Canada, *vice* l'Honorable John O'Connor.

L'HONORABLE JOHN COSTIGAN; Ministre du Revenu de l'Intérieur, *vice* l'Honorable James C. Aikins.

23 mai 1882.

GEORGE A. DREW, écuyer, d'Osgoode Hall, Conseil de la Reine pour Ontario; Juge de la Cour de Comté pour le comté de Wellington, dans la province d'Ontario, *vice* le Juge Macdonald, décédé.

L'HONORABLE GEORGE ANTHONY WALKER, de Victoria, dans la Province de la Colombie-Britannique, Conseil de la Reine; un des Juges Puisnés de la Cour Suprême de la dite province, *vice* M. le Juge Alexander Rocke Robertson, décédé.

20 mai 1882.

JOHN JOSEPH MCGEE, écuyer, Greffier par *interim* du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada; Greffier du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada, *vice* Joseph Olivier Côté, écuyer, décédé.

23 mai 1882.

GEORGE WHEELOCK BURBIDGE, écuyer, de la cité de Saint-Jean, dans la province du Nouveau-Brunswick, avocat; Député du ministre de la Justice et Solliciteur pour les Affaires des Sauvages, *vice* Z. A. Lash, écuyer, démissionnaire.

20 mai 1882.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL d'autoriser—JOHN JOSEPH MCGEE, écuyer, Greffier du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada, à faire prêter à toutes les personnes qui seront nommées à des emplois par le gouvernement du Canada, dans la Puissance du Canada, le serment d'office, ainsi que tous autres serments qui pourront à l'avenir être prescrits par une loi à cet effet.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-
Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur
de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la
Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour
servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre
dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.

—SALUT:

ATTENDU que par et de l'avis et du consente-
ment de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada,
Nous avons jugé à propos de DISSOUDRE le présent
parlement du Canada, qui se trouve prorogé au
VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

SACHEZ MAINTENANT, qu'à cette fin Nous publions
Notre présente Proclamation Royale, et par icelle
DISSOLVONS en conséquence le dit Parlement du
Canada, et les Sénateurs et les Membres de la Cham-
bre des Communes sont en conséquence exemptés de
s'assembler et d'être présents le dit VINGT-SIXIÈME
jour de JUIN prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos pré-
sentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait appo-
ser le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN
J. McGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-
Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND
CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis
de Lorne), Chevalier du Très-Ancien et Très-
Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-
Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-
Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du
Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre
CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de
MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit
cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la
quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-
Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur
de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui les présentes parviendront—SALUT.

ATTENDU que c'est notre désir et détermination
de rencontrer aussitôt que faire se pourra,
Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et
d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous faisons con-
naître par les présentes Notre volonté et Plaisir
Royal de convoquer un Parlement, et Nous déclarons
de plus que, de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé pour le
Canada, Nous AVONS CE JOUR donné des Ordres pour
l'émanation de Nos Writs en due forme pour convo-
quer un Parlement dans Notre dite Puissance, les-
quels Writs seront en date du DIX-HUITIÈME jour
de MAI courant et retournables le SEPTIÈME jour
d'AOUT prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos pré-
sentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait appo-
ser le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN
J. McGEE, Député de Notre Très-Fidèle et
Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS
SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé
le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre
Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon,
Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-
Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George,
Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral
en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ
d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI,
dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit
cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la
quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-
Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur
de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront—SALUT:

SACHEZ que, désirant et ayant résolu, aussitôt que
faire se pourra, de rencontrer Notre Peuple de
Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en
Parlement, Nous, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil
Privé du Canada, par ces présentes convoquons la
Chambre des Communes dans et pour Notre dite
Puissance, et la sommons de se réunir en Notre cité
d'Ottawa, en Notre dite Puissance, LUNDI, le SEPT-

IÈME jour d'AOUT prochain, pour là et alors con-
férer et traiter avec les Grands Hommes et le Sénat
de Notre dite Puissance.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos
présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait
apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN,
JOHN J. McGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle
et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS
SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé
le Marquis de LORNE), Chevalier Commandeur
de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du
Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre
Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-
Georges, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et
Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ
d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI,
dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent
quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la qua-
rante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-
Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur
de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles
pourront concerner,—SALUT:

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, } **C**ONSIDÉRANT que par
Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } l'acte passé dans les
trente-deuxième et trente-
troisième années de notre règne, chapitre 24, et inti-
tulé "Acte concernant le maintien plus effectif de la
paix dans le voisinage des travaux publics," tel qu'a-
mendé par l'acte passé dans la trente-troisième année
de notre règne, chapitre vingt-huit, et intitulé "Acte
pour amender l'acte concernant le maintien plus
effectif de la paix dans le voisinage des travaux
publics," il est entre autres choses décrété, que le
Gouverneur en Conseil pourra aussi souvent qu'il
le jugera nécessaire déclarer par proclamation, que,
le et après le dit jour y mentionné, le dit acte en

premier lieu mentionné, ou tout article ou articles d'icelui, sera en vigueur dans tout endroit ou endroits au Canada y désigné dans les limites ou dans le voisinage duquel tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique sera en voie d'exécution, ou tels endroits qui sont dans le voisinage de tout chemin de fer, canal ou autre construction publique comme susdit, dans les limites duquel il croit qu'il est nécessaire que le dit acte en premier lieu mentionné ou tout article ou articles d'icelui soit en vigueur ;

Et attendu que par et en vertu des dits actes il est en outre statué que le dit acte en premier lieu cité ou tout article ou articles d'icelui sera mis en vigueur, le ou après le jour mentionné dans telle proclamation, dans les endroits désignés dans telle proclamation ;

SACHEZ MAINTENANT que par et en vertu de l'autorité que nous confèrent ces dits actes, et par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, Nous proclamons, ordonnons et déclarons que, le et après le premier jour de juin, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, tous les articles du dit acte en premier lieu mentionné, tel qu'amendé, excepté les articles deux, trois, quatre, cinq, six, sept, huit, neuf et dix, seront mis en vigueur dans les localités suivantes, savoir : dans toutes ces parties de la province de la Colombie Britannique, dans notre Puissance du Canada, situées dans une circonscription de dix milles de chaque côté de la ligne localisée du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique entre le Port Moody et Savona's Ferry y comprenant la ligne elle-même et s'étendant sur une distance de dix milles au-delà de chaque extrémité d'icelle.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce TROISIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

46-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

COPIE certifiée d'un rapport du comité de l'Honorable Conseil Privé, approuvé par Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil le 23 mai 1882.

SUR un rapport daté du 17 mai 1882, fait par le ministre de la Marine et des Pêcheries et observant qu'en vertu de la 18e section de l'Acte concernant le Pilotage, 36 Vict., chap. 54, sous-section 8, il est réglé que les taux de pilotage pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui marqués dans les tableaux 1 et 2 de la cédula "A" de l'Acte de la législature de la province du Canada, adopté dans la 12e année du règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 114, intitulé: "Acte pour refondre les lois se rapportant aux pouvoirs et devoirs de la Maison de Trinité de Québec, et pour autres fins," ne seront pas changées durant les trois années qui suivront la mise en force de l'Acte 36 Vict., chap. 54, et ne le seront non plus à moins que la part du revenu net de la Corporation des Pilotes échéant chaque année à chacun des membres de la corporation agissant et pratiquant comme pilote pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui ait été moindre

que six cents piastres (\$600) en moyenne pour les trois années précédentes.

Le ministre déclare qu'il lui a été représenté que le revenu net de chaque pilote durant les trois dernières années a été de moins que six cents piastres (\$600).

Que des mesures ont été prises par l'adoption d'un bill au parlement pour réduire le nombre des pilotes de manière à obtenir au nombre réduit des pilotes la somme spécifiée de \$600 ou une plus forte, mais comme une année au moins doit s'écouler avant que telle réduction dans le nombre des pilotes puisse être effectuée, le ministre recommande que le règlement ci-joint, adopté par les Commissaires du Havre de Québec à une assemblée tenue le 3 courant, rappelant les taux actuels de pilotage et les augmentant, soit approuvé, tel règlement devant avoir effet et les taux augmentés devant demeurer en force durant la saison de navigation de l'année 1882.

Le comité concourt dans le rapport du ministre de la marine et des pêcheries et conseille en conséquence l'adoption du règlement déposé.

JOHN J. McGEE.

Commission du Havre de Québec.

A UNE assemblée hebdomadaire des Commissaires du Havre de Québec, tenue à leur bureau dans la basse-ville de la cité de Québec, lieu ordinaire de leurs réunions, mercredi, le troisième jour du mois de mai, en l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, à laquelle assemblée étaient présents les commissaires suivants, savoir :

P. V. Valin, écr., président,
L'honorable Thomas McGreevy,
James Patton, écr.,
William Rae, écr.,
Ferdinand Hamel, écr.,
R. R. Dobell, écr.,
Julien Chabot, écr., et

Laurent Goudbout, écr., président de la Corporation des Pilotes pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, formant un quorum des dits Commissaires du Havre, le règlement suivant à l'effet d'augmenter les taux de pilotage pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, a été lu pour la première fois, et à une assemblée hebdomadaire subséquente des dits Commissaires du Havre de Québec, tenue au même lieu, mercredi, le dixième jour du mois de mai de la même année, à laquelle étaient présents les Commissaires suivants, formant aussi un quorum, savoir :

P. V. Valin, écr., président,
James Patton, écr.,
Ferdinand Hamel, écr.,
Julien Chabot, écr.,
William Rae, écr.,
R. R. Dobell, écr., et

Laurent Goudbout, écr., président de la Corporation des Pilotes pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, le dit règlement suivant a été lu pour la seconde et dernière fois et adopté, ayant été publié depuis sa première lecture deux fois en langue anglaise dans le *Morning Chronicle*, et deux fois en langue française dans le *Canadien*. Ces deux journaux étant publiés à Québec.

Commission du Havre de Québec.

RÈGLEMENT pour augmenter les taux du pilotage pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui.

ATTENDU que la Corporation des Pilotes pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui ayant terminé une période de trois ans, tel que mentionné dans la 18e section de "l'Acte de 1873 concernant le Pilotage," a déclaré dans sa pétition adressée aux Commissaires du Havre de Québec, le vingt et unième jour du mois de février en l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt, dans laquelle elle demande que le taux du pilotage soit augmenté, que la part des revenus nets de la dite Corporation des Pilotes échéant

annuellement à chaque membre de la dite Corporation agissant et faisant le service comme pilote pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui a été moindre que six cents piastres (\$600) en moyenne durant les trois années précédemment écoulées, les dits Commissaires du Havre de Québec statuent comme suit :

1. Les taux du pilotage pour le havre de Québec et au-dessous fixés dans les tableaux I et II de la cédula A annexée à l'acte de la Législature de la ci-devant province du Canada passé dans la 12e année du Règne

de Sa Majesté, chapitre 114, intitulé : "Acte pour refondre les lois et ordonnances relatives aux pouvoirs et aux devoirs de la Corporation de la Maison de la Trinité de Québec et pour d'autres fins," sont par le présent abrogés.

2. A l'avenir les taux de pilotage payables aux Pilotes appartenant à la Corporation des Pilotes pour le havre de Québec et au-dessous, agissant et faisant le service comme tels pilotes, seront com ne suit :

TABLEAU I.

TAUX DE PILOTAGE POUR LE HAVRE DE QUÉBEC ET AU-DESSOUS.

POUR CHAQUE PIED DE TIRANT D'EAU.					
De	A	Du 1er de mai au 10 de novembre.	Du 10 de novembre au 19 de novembre.	Du 19 de novembre au 1er de mars.	Du 1er de mars au 1er de mai.
L'Ile du Bic ou toute autre place en bas du mouillage du Pot-à-l'Eau-de-Vie jusqu'à l'Ile-aux-Lièvres.....	Poste à mouillage dans le bassin ou havre de Québec.....	\$3 87	\$4 95	\$6 02	\$4 41
Le mouillage du Pot-à-l'Eau-de-Vie en amont de l'Ile-aux-Lièvres, ou toute autre place au-dessus du dit mouillage en aval de la Pointe St-Roch.....	do do	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.
La Pointe St-Roch ou toute autre place au-dessus de cette Pointe ou au-dessous de la Pointe-aux-Pins, sur l'Ile-aux-Grues.....	do do	$\frac{1}{8}$ do	$\frac{1}{8}$ do	$\frac{1}{8}$ do	$\frac{1}{8}$ do
La Pointe-aux-Pins, sur l'Ile-aux-Grues ou toute autre place en bas du Trou-de-St-Patrice.	do do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do
Poste à mouillage dans le bassin ou havre de Québec.....	L'Ile-du-Bic ou le lieu où le pilote sera déchargé, sur la rivière, au-dessous de Québec.....	\$3 40	\$4 46	\$5 54	\$3 93

TABLEAU II.

TAUX de pilotage pour le havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui.

De	A	
Tout quai dans le havre de Québec depuis la Pointe-à-Carey, en bas, et l'extrémité ouest du quai Allan, en haut, ces deux quais inclus.....	Tous autres quais en dedans des dites limites..	\$ 2 50
Toute place dans le havre de Québec n'étant pas en dedans des limites mentionnées ci-dessus.....	Toute autre place dans le dit havre n'étant pas un quai en dedans des dites limites.....	5 00

Les pilotes prenant charge d'un navire au Trou de St. Patrice ou au-dessus n'auront pas droit à plus que le montant alloué dans le tableau II pour le pilotage de vaisseaux d'une place à l'autre dans le havre.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mardi, 23 mai 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation du ministre du revenu de l'intérieur et en vertu de l'acte, 42 Victoria, chap. 16, intitulé "Acte à l'effet d'amender et "refondre les lois concernant les poids et mesures," il a plu à Son Excellence sur l'avis du Conseil Privé de Sa Majesté pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que les règlements concernant l'inspection des poids et mesures adoptés par un ordre en conseil du 14 août 1879 soient et les dits règlements sont par le présent amendés par l'addition après la section "D" de la section suivante :

DD. Les appareils à peser, connus sous le nom de "balances hydrostatiques," semblables à ceux communément employés pour déterminer la pesanteur du charbon livré à l'orifice du puits, peuvent être vérifiées pour semblable usage et de plus pour peser le charbon livré des barges et navires, pourvu qu'ils indiquent à un deux-centièmes près la pesanteur de la charge.

48-3

JOHN J. MCGEE.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

ETAT, sujet à révision, des revenus de l'intérieur accrus pendant le mois d'avril 1882.

Source de revenu	—	Montant.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spiritueux	266,178 93	.....
Liqueur de malt	50 00	.....
Malt	37,283 02	.....
Tabac	154,278 68	.....
Inspection du pétrole	966 75	.....
Fabrications en entrepôt	3,117 23	.....
Saisies	1,809 80	.....
Autres recettes	515 00	.....
Total, revenu de l'accise		464,199 41
Canaux		4,862 97
Pouvoirs d'eau et autres loyers		1,887 00
Travaux publics secondaires		287 38
Inspection et mesurage du bois		821 31
Inspection des poids et mesures		2,831 87
Inspection du gaz		255 00
Timbres d'effets de commerce		131 69
Total		475,326 63

E. MIALL,

Sous-commissaire.

Ministère du revenu de l'intérieur,
Ottawa, 26 mai 1882.

48-1f

MINISTÈRE DES DOUANES.

Ottawa, 26 mai 1882.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général, par un ordre en conseil en date du 23 courant, d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'il pourra être payé au propriétaire de tout établissement pour la préparation du cuir en Canada, un drawback égal à cinq pour cent ad valorem sur la valeur d'après laquelle un droit a été payé sur les "peaux de chèvre, tannées," mais non autrement préparées, cirées, vernies ou teintées, importées en Canada dans le but d'être finies, sur preuve satisfaisante que ces peaux de chèvre ont été finies à cet établissement en y étant ainsi préparées, cirées, vernies ou teintées, et sujet à tels autres

règlements et restrictions que l'honorable ministre des douanes pourra juger nécessaires.

Par ordre,

48 3

J. JOHNSON,
Commissaire des douanes.

MINISTÈRE DES DOUANES.

Ottawa, 26 mai 1882.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général, par un ordre en conseil en date du 23 courant, et en vertu de l'autorité qui lui est conférée par la section 11 de 44 Victoria, chap. 11, d'ordonner que l'article ci-dessous soit mis sur la liste des articles exempts de droits, sujet à tels règlements qui pourront être adoptés par ce département, savoir :

"Graisse, dite 'Foot Grease,'" étant le résidu de la graine de cotonnier, après que l'huile en a été extraite.

Par ordre,

48-3

J. JOHNSON,
Commissaire des douanes.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les "compagnies à fonds social" des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du douzième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique, Nathaniel Clark Wallace, du village de Woodbridge, dans le comté de York, province d'Ontario, Canada, marchand, membre de la Chambre des Communes du Canada; Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, John Jeremiah Cook, marchand, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, comptable, Elgin Schoff, avocat, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la dite province d'Ontario; James Dunkin, d'Emery, dans la dite province, cultivateur, John Duncan, de Richmond Hill, dans la dite province, cultivateur, et Robert Nathaniel Taylor, de Elder Mills, dans la dite province, cultivateur,—dans le but d'acquérir par achat ou autrement, soit du gouvernement fédéral, des gouvernements provinciaux, ou de toute autre corporation ou individu, des terres ou intérêts en icelles, dans le Canada; de coloniser, vendre et ouvrir les dites terres; d'arpenter, ouvrir, cultiver, améliorer les dites terres, et construire dessus; de prêter de l'argent aux colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des emprunts ainsi faits à des conditions dont il aura été convenu, soit au moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations; d'acheter, prendre, louer, échanger ou autrement acquérir toute propriété immobilière et tout droit ou privilège nécessaire ou qui pourra convenir à la dite compagnie dans toute partie de la Puissance du Canada, et de vendre, louer, hypothéquer et autrement disposer de ces choses; d'aider, encourager et favoriser l'émigration et la colonisation dans et sur les terres de la compagnie et d'établir ces terres, et, pour les fins susdites, de prêter et octroyer toutes sommes de deniers; d'aider au moyen de bonis à la construction et à l'entretien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer et de bateaux à vapeur ou autres bateaux ou voitures, à partir ou au travers des terres de la compagnie, ainsi que d'aider à construire, bâtir et exploiter tels autres ouvrages que l'on pourra juger propres à favoriser les fins de la compagnie; d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de biens et effets nécessaires à la compagnie ou à toute personne qui pourra s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ou ailleurs, et, dans ce but, d'avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre des biens, meubles et immeubles, et autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou dont elle pourra avoir besoin,—sous le nom de "La compagnie de colonisation des cultivateurs de York," avoir un capital social de trois cent mille piastres divisé en trois mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-sixième jour de mai 1882.

48-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 12 mai 1882, constituant en corps politique Henry Stark Howland, banquier; William Rees Brock, marchand; John Ginty, entrepreneur; John Gillespie, marchand, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, dans le dit Canada; George A. Muttelbury, agent d'immeubles, et Jeffrey Hall Brock, agent d'immeubles, tous deux de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, dit Canada, dans le but de—

(a) Acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord Ouest;

(b) Coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres;

(c) Arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, les trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon, de même que construire dessus;

(d) Vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et secourir ces derniers par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances avec intérêt et aux conditions dont il aura été convenu soit par voie d'hypothèque ou obligations; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour la construction et le maintien de chemins de fer sur les dites terres, avec le droit d'aider à toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de navires, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, rues et autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées propres à faire atteindre à la compagnie l'objet qu'elle a en vue; le droit d'acheter et vendre des propriétés personnelles ou les droits en icelles, requises dans l'intérêt de la dite compagnie ou de celui des colons établis sur les terres de cette dernière ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent, avec tels autres droits qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la dite compagnie pour l'objet qu'elle a en vue en demandant à être constituée en corps politique; le droit d'aider et encourager l'immigration et assister les immigrants de toute façon qui pourrait être jugée désirable pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite région et promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada,—sous le nom de "La compagnie de colonisation des terres de la Puissance," avec un capital total de un million de piastres divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat pour le Canada, ce vingt-sixième jour de mai 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

48-3

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada en date du onzième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique Edward Gurney junior, fabricant, John Edward Rose, avocat et Alexander Sutherland, docteur en théologie, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, Canada; Dennis Moore, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans la dite province, fabricant, Richard Brown, de la dite cité de Toronto, marchand, William Glass, de la cité de London, dite province, shérif; William Briggs, membre du clergé, Henry E. Clarke, fabricant, Daniel McLean, marchand, Edward Hartley Dewart, docteur en théologie, John Thomas Moore, comptable, John Jacob Withrow, fabricant, Samuel John Hunter, membre du clergé, Charles Douglas Warren, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Toronto; Leonard Garty, de la dite cité de London, membre du clergé, et Robert Warren, de la ville de Niagara, dans la dite province, franc-tenancier, dans le but:—

1. D'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

2. De coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

3. D'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher et cultiver les dites terres avec le droit de construire dessus.

4. De vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer et en général trafiquer les dites terres ainsi que les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, prêter de l'argent et en général secourir les colons soit par voie de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de ces prêts avec intérêt et à des conditions dont il aura été convenu soit par hypothèque ou obligation, accorder des subventions pour aider à la construction et à l'entretien de lignes de chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi que de toutes les entreprises de nature à ouvrir ces terres, telles que lignes de bateaux à vapeur, télégraphes, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, rues, routes et autres entreprises de nature à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre des biens mobiliers ou droits en iceux requis par la compagnie, pour favoriser ses intérêts, ou par les colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent, avec tout autre pouvoir utile ou nécessaire à la compagnie dans l'objet qu'elle a en vue; le droit d'aider et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens propres à ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite région, à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie du Canada en général, sous le nom de "La compagnie limitée de Terres et de Homestead de la Saskatchewan," avec un capital social de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-sixième jour de mai 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

48-3

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social" des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada en date du troisième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique Alexander G. Ramsay, gérant général de la Compagnie d'Assurance sur la vie du Canada, William Hendrie, écuyer et Adam Brown, écuyer, tous de la cité de Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario dans la Puissance du Canada; John Dunlop, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford dans la dite province; James Crowther, écuyer, James Scott, marchand, William Mulock, écuyer, Edmund Boyd Osler, écuyer et Robert H. Bethune, caissier de la Banque Dominion, tous de la cité de Toronto dans la dite province, dans le but d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, coloniser, ouvrir et vendre des terres, les arpenter et établir, les améliorer, cultiver et construire dessus, acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, acheter, vendre louer, affermer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer et en général trafiquer les dites terres de toute façon ainsi que les intérêts en icelles, le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent et secourir les colons, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des prêts ainsi faits avec intérêts à des conditions et de telle façon, soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou obligation, suivant qu'il aura été convenu; le droit de construire ou acquérir des scieries, manufacturer et vendre du bois de service, le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, y compris le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux, sous le nom de "La compagnie des Terres d'Ontario et Qu'Appelle," avec un capital total de un million de piastres, divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce dix-neuvième jour de mai 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

47-3

1969

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois d'avril 1882. A .
Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 mars 1882.....	\$8,561,758 65	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$396,101 03
Dépôts durant le mois	558,329 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	4,465 50		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,664,851 80
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	63,594 32
	9,124,553 15		8,728,449 12
			\$9,124,553 15

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 22 mai 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montr'l, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Montr'l; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 débentures de municipalités; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U. et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée)		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stig. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fgs. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,937, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Sur la vie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,"		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. Jean, N.B.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B) ..	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasinages de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210)	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000) ..	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	£10,000 stig., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£11,000 stig. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£21,000 stig., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont- réal.....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont- réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal.....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens. \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont- réal.....	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens \$60,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....		
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	
	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.....	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512) \$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal..	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemenent, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

TARIF des droits à être prélevés sur le bois de charpente, billes, etc., passant par les glissoires et autres ouvrages du gouvernement sur l'Ottawa et ses tributaire

Nom de la rivière.	Nom de la glissoire ou autre amélioration.	Par glissoire ou amélioration.				Taux pour se rendre au pied des Chaudières.		Bois de charpente, rond, plat et de dimension. — Egalement traverses de chemins de fer.	Taux spéciaux.
		Pin rouge, pin blanc ou bois dur.		Mats, planches ou radeau.	Pin rouge, pin blanc, ou bois dur.	Mats, planches ou radeau.			
		Par bille.	Par pièce de bois				Par radeau.		
		\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Ottawa.....	Pour passer par les—								
do	Glissoires à la Roche Capitaine.....			1 00	.....	1 50	.....		Là où il n'y a pas de
do	do du rapide des Joachims.....			1 00	.....	3 50	.....	4 50	taux spécial pour les
do	do des rapides de Calumet et de la Montagne.....			1 00	.....	2 50	.....	3 50	billes passant par les
do	do du Portage-du-Fort.....			0 50	.....	1 75	.....	2 25	améliorations du
do	do des Chats			1 00	.....	1 50	.....	2 00	gouvernement, les
do	do des Chaudières.....	ld.		1 00	.....	1 00	.....	1 50	droits de péage pour
do	Estacades des Chenaux.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ et, moins $\frac{1}{8}$ aux proprié- taires des cie- ries.....	0 06		.....		.....		les glissoires ou les
do	Estacades des Chaudières.....	do			.....		.....		estacades seront per- çus sur soixante
do	Digue de Carillon.....	0 02		0 75	1 00		.....		billes, comme étant
Petewawa	Passant par les digues, eaissons et estacades entre le lac des Cèdres et les rapides de Memo			0 75	1 00		.....		l'équivalent d'un ra- deau de bois carré.
do	Glissoire près du lac Traverse.....	0 01		0 75	1 00		.....		Les améliorations infé- rieures de la rivière
do	Glissoires entre le lac Traverse et le lac à la Truite.....	0 01	0 03		.....		.....		Dumoine exceptées.
do	Chûte Groche à la rivière Ottawa.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ du taux respectif des radeaux.....		1 00	.....		.....
do	Bois Dur à la rivière Ottawa.....			1 75	.....	4 25	.....	
Madawaska.....	Glissoire et améliorations de la Chûte Rabotense et des Grandes Chutes.			1 25	.....	3 75	.....	
do	Améliorations en bas des Grandes Chûtes jusqu'à Arnprior.....	0 03 $\frac{1}{2}$		2 00	2 50	3 50	4 50		
do	Glissoire à Arnprior.....	0 01 $\frac{1}{4}$		0 50	0 75	2 00	2 50		
do	Estacades et eaissons dans le lac des Chats à l'embouchure de la Rivière.			0 50	0 75	1 75	2 25		
Dumoine.....	Glissoire des Grandes Chûtes à la rivière Ottawa.....	0 01		0 25	.....	0 40	.....	
do	En bas des Grandes Chûtes (améliorations situées plus bas).	0 01 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 15		.....		.....		Huit traverses de chemin de fer
Coulonge.....	Glissoire aux Grandes Chûtes.....			0 75	.....		.....		devant être chargées, comme
Rivière Noire.....	Glissoires à la Rivière Noire.....	0 02		1 50	2 00		.....		équivalant une pièce ordinaire
Gatineau.....	Estacades.....	0 02	0 06	1 00	1 50		.....		de bois plat à la moitié du
									taux imposé sur le bois carré.

Je certifie que le présent tarif des droits de péage à être prélevés sur le bois de charpente, billes, etc., passant par les travaux et glissoires du gouvernement sur la rivière Ottawa et ses tributaires, a été approuvé ce jour par Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil.

BUREAU DU CONSEIL PRIVÉ,
OTTAWA, 3 mai 1882

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Faisant les fonctions de greffier du Conseil Privé.

CR DIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.

ETAT fait en double par le Crédit Foncier Franco-Canadien au ministre des Finances du Canada, pour l'exercice de l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-un, conformément à la section 17 de l'acte 44 Victoria, chapitre 58, intitulé: "Acte pour augmenter et étendre les pouvoirs du C. édit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Capital de la société—			
Francs 25,000,000, égal à fr. 5 18.26		\$4,823,833	60
Versements sur le capital—			
Vingt-cinq pour cent, donnant.....		\$1,205,958	40
Nombre des titres—			
Titres nominatifs.....		50,000	
Titres au porteur.....		Nil.	

Actif de la société.	\$	cts.	Passif de la société.	\$	cts.
Actionnaires—montant non réalisé du capital social	3,617,875	20	Capital social.....	4,823,833	60
Prêts hypothécaires:			Prêts différés.....	25,314	01
A long terme..... 674,716 33			Intérêt payé par anticipation	242	75
A court terme..... 389,334 50			Divers.....	1,727	56
	1,064,050	83			
Espèces en caisse et en banque:					
En Canada..... 93,249 81					
En France..... 78,305 92					
	171,555	73			
Arrérages de semestres.....		389 51			
Mobilier		2,054 24			
Divers		2,787 16			
Total de l'actif.....	4,858,712	67	Total du passif.....	4,851,117	92

Taux moyen de l'intérêt:—Six pour cent par an, sauf sur une créance, achetée, de \$1,320, qui rend 7 pour cent.
 Etendue et valeur des biens-fonds possédés par la société Néant.
 Montant des obligations ou débetures émises et taux de l'intérêt Néant.

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Député du Ministre des Finances,

N. S. GARLAND,
 Commis des Statistiques,
 Département des Finances, Ottawa, 25 février 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba:

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal

anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces:

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas, la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le

reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé — le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba,) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Britannique Canadienne de câble et de télégraphe, dans le but de jeter un câble d'un point en Ecosse au Groënland, de là par la baie d'Hudson à Winnipeg; avec le droit de construire des lignes télégraphiques le long de n'importe quel chemin de fer ou route postale dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière à la Pluie.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite au Sénat

Excellence le gouverneur en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées : —

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation de Prince Albert."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba, les Territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans le Canada; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et en développer les ressources agricoles, minières ou autres; le droit de vendre, concéder, transporter, louer, hypothéquer, exploiter ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés ou les intérêts en icelles; le droit de prendre des hypothèques ou autres garanties pour le prix d'achat en tout ou en partie, avec le droit de vendre et céder ces hypothèques, aider et encourager l'immigration et la colonisation des dites terres, soit par des prêts ou subventions garantis suivant qu'il aura été convenu ou par tout autre moyen; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subvention ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou plusieurs lignes de chemin de fer, télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis, soit par la compagnie, soit par toute personne établie sur les terres de la dite compagnie; le droit d'emprunter et prêter des sommes d'argent pour les fins de colonisation de la dite compagnie; le droit de construire des maisons, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de tout genre, avec le droit d'aider à la construction d'iceux de toute manière légale et à des conditions et avec des garanties dont il aura été convenu; le droit de placer des bestiaux sur les terres de la compagnie et d'exercer l'industrie de l'élevage du bétail dans toutes ses branches; le droit de récolter du grain et autres produits de ferme; le droit de manufacturer ou exporter les dits produits; le droit de faire des opérations minières sur les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit de faire tout ce qui est permis aux compagnies de même nature.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$400,000 divisé en 4,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les noms, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants : — William Sharples, marchand; Thomas McGreevey, entrepreneur, tous deux de la cité de Québec, dans la province de Québec; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, avocat; Philip Roblin Palmer, agent d'assurance, et James Coleman Jamieson, éditeur, tous de la cité de Belleville, dans la province d'Ontario; John White, fabricant, de Roslin, dans la dite province d'Ontario; Hugh Sutherland, marchand de bois, et James Albert Manning Aikens, avocat, ces deux derniers de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba; David Gilnour, marchand de bois, et William Jeffs, marchand de grain, tous deux de la ville de Trenton, dans la dite province d'Ontario, et Duncan Charles Plumb, de la ville de Niagara, dans la dite province d'Ontario.

Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie sont les dits William Sharples, David Gilnour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGreevey, Philip Roblin Palmer et Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, tous étant sujets britanniques.

FORBES ET HILTON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Trenton, 15 mai 1882.

47-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que, conformément à l' "Acte des compagnies à fonds social, du Canada, 1877," et après l'expiration d'un mois au moins, à compter de la publication des présentes dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes scellées du grand sceau, accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant ainsi que tous autres qui pourront devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique et incorporé sous le nom et pour les fins et objets ci-après mentionnés, savoir: --

1. Le nom de corporation projeté de la compagnie sera "La compagnie d'établissements (homestead) Standard du Canada."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation sont les suivantes:

(a) Acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Coloniser, établir et vendre ces terres.

(c) Arpenter, tracer, améliorer, défricher et cultiver ces terres; y faire des constructions et autrement s'en occuper.

(d) Vendre, affermer, louer, hypothéquer ces terres et généralement s'occuper de toute espèce d'intérêts dans ces terrains, y compris l'achat et la vente du grain et autres produits du sol; avancer de l'argent aux colons et autrement les aider au moyen de bonis ou de toute autre manière, et assurer le remboursement de ces avances avec les intérêts, à telles conditions et de telle manière dont il pourra être convenu, au moyen d'hypothèque ou de convention; accorder des bonis ou autrement aider à la construction et l'entretien de voies ferrées traversant les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute entreprise ayant pour but d'ouvrir ces terres, y compris les bateaux à vapeur, les lignes de télégraphe, les canaux, les réservoirs, les aqueducs, les chemins, les rues et autres travaux qui pourront être jugés propres à favoriser les fins de la compagnie; acheter et vendre toute espèce de biens mobiliers ou droits sur ces biens dont la compagnie pourra avoir besoin pour favoriser ses propres intérêts ou ceux des colons établis sur ces terres; le pouvoir d'emprunter et faire des placements d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs utiles et nécessaires pour favoriser les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation; le pouvoir de favoriser, aider et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toutes les manières et par tous les moyens désirables dans le but d'ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée, et promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie ainsi que ceux du Canada en général.

3. Le principal siège d'affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto et elle aura des bureaux dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le capital social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre d'actions du dit capital sera de dix mille, et chaque action sera pour un montant de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms au long ainsi que l'adresse et la profession des dits requérants: James Moffat, de la cité de London, lieutenant-colonel de milice; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, de la cité de Toronto, conseil de la Reine; Andrew S. Irving, de la cité de Toronto, directeur de la compagnie de publication de Toronto; W. Barclay McMurrick, maire de la cité de Toronto, avocat; Alexander Gemmel, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros; Sanderson Percy, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de peinture et d'huile en gros; Bernard Saunders, de la cité de Toronto, marchand-tailleur; Andrew J. Somerville, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros; Richard J. Hovenden, de la cité de Toronto, peintre décorateur; William Robins, de la cité de Toronto, comptable; Samuel Davison, de la

cité de Toronto, marchand à commission; William Roaf, de la cité de Toronto, avocat; Peter B. Ball, de la cité de Toronto, agent; Edward R. C. Clarkson, de la cité de Toronto, comptable et syndic officiel; Christopher W. Bunting, de la cité de Toronto, directeur-gérant de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *Mail*; George Birrell, de la cité de London, marchand; Robert Lewis, de la cité de London, écuyer; Charles F. Goodhue, de la cité de London, écuyer; Isaac Waterman, de la cité de London, manufacturier; Robert McIntosh, de Rapid City, Manitoba, docteur en médecine; Daniel Spry, de la ville de Barrie, inspecteur des postes, et Henry Bickford, de la ville de Dundas, manufacturier.

Les dits James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrick, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden et William Robins seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,
Pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto, le 18 mai A.D. 1882.

47-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur, et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipigoosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits, et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élévateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissaires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ingersoll, 12 mai 1882.

46-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que les soussignés, un mois après la première publication du présent avis, s'adresseront par requête à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil pour obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées : Thomas Bell, de la ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron, province d'Ontario, fabricant, ex-préfet de Wingham ; John Kaine, du township de Howick, dans le dit comté, banquier, ex-préfet du comté de Huron ; Henry William Christian Meyer, de la dite ville de Wingham, avocat, préfet de Wingham ; James Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand de grain, ex-préfet de Howick ; Henry Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand ; John Sanderson, du village de Wroxeter, dans le dit comté, marchand ; Isaac Francis Toms, de la ville de Goderich, dans le dit comté, juge puisné ; John Somerville, du village de Lucknow, médecin ; Benjamin Wilson, de la dite ville de Wingham, courtier privé, ex-maire de Wingham, et Robert Webster, du township d'Ashfield, dans le dit comté, cultivateur, préfet du dit township d'Ashfield.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie de colonisation du comté de Huron et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes : —

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit de louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement en disposer.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter, prêter et avancer des sommes d'argent sur les dites terres et de secourir les colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des dites sommes avec intérêt.

(5) Le droit d'ériger et acquérir des moulins à farine et scieries, avec le droit de fabriquer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, biens mobiliers et effets requis par la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait acheter des terres de la compagnie ou s'établir dessus.

3. La ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron et province d'Ontario, sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

4. Le montant du capital-actions de la compagnie est de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie sont les requérants ci-dessus nommés, savoir : Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins et Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER et DICKINSON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Wingham, Ont., 7 mai, 1882.

46 6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Société de colonisation des Forestiers du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont : — Le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou particuliers ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre

les dites terres, le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail et hypothéquer les dites terres avec le droit de les trafiquer en général de n'importe quelle façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de les secourir, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt et à telles conditions et de telles manières qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service ; le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire dans toutes ses branches d'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes localités dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$500,000 divisé en 10,000 parts de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : —

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, de la Cité de London, marchand ; John Taylor, de la Cité de London, avocat ; Oronhyatekha, de la Cité de London, médecin ; John Stewart Dewar, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Towe, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Thomas Peel, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Alexander Greig Fenwick, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Melville DeBlois Dawson, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Stevenson Crumner, de la Cité de Hamilton, gentilhomme ; William Henry Street, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Peter Toll, de la Ville de London Est, constructeur ; Edmund Botterell, de la Cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme ; William Duff, de la Cité de London, fabricant ; William Maurice Moore, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; John Alonzo Nelles, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Henry Crotty, de la Cité de Winnipeg, agent d'immeubles ; Richard Maxwell McElheran, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; John Parker Thomas, de la Cité de Belleville, avocat ; Theophilus Stanfield, de la Cité de London, agent ; Robert Moore, de la Ville de Simcoe, fabricant ; Alexander Sutherland Murray, de la Cité de London, orfèvre ; Archibald McPherson, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Robert James Halle, de la Ville de Chathan, agent d'assurance ; Walter Scott Williams, de la Ville de Napance, avocat ; Benjamin Watson Greer, de la Cité de London, peintre ; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Thomas Glass Davey, de la Cité de London, agent de journaux, G.W.B. William Nelson Yerex, de la Cité de London, Principal du Collège Commerciale de London ; Alexander Henry, de la Ville de Napanee, Président de chemin de fer Napanee et Tramworth ; Alexander McCleneghan, de la Ville de Woodstock, maître de poste ; John Richard Flock, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Samuel Payne, de la Cité de London, médecin ; George McBroom, de la de London, marchand ; George Charlwood Jolly, de la Ville de London Ouest, gentilhomme ;

Ceux d'entre les requérants ci-dessus nommés dont les noms suivent, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada :

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville de Blois Dawson, Edward Stevenson Crumner, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edward Botterell, William Duff et William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN et TAYLOR,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, 8 mai 1882.

46-6

AVIS est par le présent donné en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du*

anada, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée sera "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Rivière aux Ecailles."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont:—Le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans la Puissance du Canada; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et d'en développer les ressources minières, agricoles ou autres; le droit d'exploiter, vendre, donner, transporter, louer, hypothéquer et trafiquer de n'importe quelle manière les dites propriétés, y compris le droit de prendre des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat; le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques; le droit d'aider et encourager l'émigration et la colonisation des terres qui pourraient être acquises, soit par des prêts ou subventions garanties d'une manière sur laquelle on se sera entendu ou de toute manière légale; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de lignes de chemin de fer ou télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de la colonisation des terres de la compagnie; le droit de construire des bâtiments, résidences, moulins à moulin, scieries et manufactures de toute sorte; le droit d'aider à la construction de ces travaux de toute façon légale et à telles conditions et avec telles garanties dont il aura été convenu; le droit de fournir ses terres de bestiaux et de s'engager dans l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux; le droit de s'occuper de la culture du blé et de l'industrie des produits de ferme; le droit de fabriquer et exporter les dits grains et produits et de s'engager dans des opérations minières sur les dites propriétés, et avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être conférés à de semblables compagnies.

3. La cité de Belleville ou la ville de Trenton, l'un et l'autre dans le comté de Hastings, sera le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$300,000 divisé en 6,000 actions de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—

David Gilmour, marchand de bois, William Jeffs, marchand de grain, George Henry Gordon, marchand, William Ford Baker, marchand de grain; John Hendricks, propriétaire rural, Anson Green Whittier, marchand, tous de Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, imprimeur et éditeur, George Dean Dickson, avocat, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, avocat, Cornelius James Starling, entrepreneur, tous de Belleville; John White, fabricant, Roslin Charles Ashley, voiturier, Stephen Allen Lazier, fabricant, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, marchand, tous de Foxboro'; James Stalker Hamilton, propriétaire rural, et Peter Rockwell Daly, propriétaire rural, tous deux d'Halloway.

Les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie sont les susdits David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allen Lazier et Charles Ashley, qui tous sont sujets britanniques et résident en Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Belleville, 4 avril 1882.

46-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps

politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:—

1. La raison sociale que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont:—

(a) Le droit d'acheter des terres, soit du gouvernement fédéral, soit des gouvernements provinciaux, de compagnies ou de simples individus.

(b) Le droit d'établir, coloniser, arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, assainir, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, bâtir dessus ou les trafiquer d'une manière quelconque.

(c) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail les dites terres et en général en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers de toute façon soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques, obligations ou autrement; le droit d'accorder des prêts ou subventions aux entreprises destinées à ouvrir ou améliorer les dites terres; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent, d'hypothéquer les terres de la compagnie ou partie d'icelles pour les fins susdites ou pour toute autre fin de la compagnie, avec tous autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires pour le développement, l'aide et l'encouragement de l'immigration, la colonisation et l'établissement du pays ainsi que l'avancement des fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$500,000.

5. Le nombre des parts de ce fonds social sera de cinq mille, d'un montant de \$100 chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants: John Bacon, écr., Silas James, Arp. P., Robert McPhail, marchand, Edmund Henry Duggan, avocat, Ogle Robert Peck, écr., John Austin Worrell, avocat, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, agent d'immeubles, John J. Cook, écr., et Matthew Walton, agent, tous de la cité de Toronto; Thomas Armstrong, du village de Yorkville, dans le comté de York, docteur en médecine, et Richard Shaw Wood, de la cité de London, dans le comté de Middlesex, gentilhomme; desquels les dits John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong et Richard Shaw Wood seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE et WORRELL,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 28 mars 1882.

45-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par l'honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, sénéateur, d'Oshawa, Ontario; Robert Doull, M.P., de Pictou, Nouvelle-Ecosse; John Alexander Mackenzie, avocat, de Sarnia, Ontario; Frank Egerton Gibbs, meunier, d'Oshawa, Ontario; Hugh Macmahon, C.R., de London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, de Qu'Appelle, Territoire du Nord-Ouest, agent d'immigration; William Pugsley, jr., avocat, de la cité de Saint-Jean, Nouveau-Brunswick; Leigh Richmond Harrison, avocat, de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, et

Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, avocat, également de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, à l'effet de constituer les personnes ci-dessus nommées et d'autres en un corps politique pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres de Q'Appelle et du Lac Long" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest ; le droit de coloniser, établir, améliorer et vendre les dites terres et en développer les ressources de toute nature ; le droit d'arpenter et diviser les dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit de développer et exploiter les pêcheries sur les rives du lac Long ; le droit d'ériger et établir des magasins sur les dites propriétés, acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute description ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, accorder, transporter, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et donner des secours aux colons établis sur les terres, y compris le droit d'avancer des marchandises ; le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit de construire des routes, chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe, vapeurs ou navires, quais et autres travaux et moyens de transport sur les terres et les eaux de la compagnie ou utiles pour l'amélioration des propriétés de la compagnie, y compris le droit d'accorder de l'aide à ces diverses entreprises et s'en servir.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de quatre cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quatre mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les différentes personnes ci-dessus décrites seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

MACKENZIE, GURD ET KITTERMASTER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants, Sarnia, Ont.

Daté ce 15 avril 1882. 44-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :

(a) Le droit pour la compagnie d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement les trafiquer.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions.

(d) Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat, ou autre garantie à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'il aura été convenu, avec pouvoir de prendre sur les terres une garantie pour le prix d'achat, de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques et garanties, ou hypothéquer les dites terres au moyen d'un acte écrit ou en partie imprimé et en partie écrit, sujet à des conditions pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(e) Le droit de construire et réparer les routes ordinaires et ponts, secourir les immigrants venant d'autres pays et les colons partis d'une autre province, avec le droit d'aider les uns et les autres à s'établir sur des terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le montant projeté du capital-actions est de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts sera de deux mille, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : Charles Magee, de la cité d'Ottawa, gentleman ; William Eli Lanford, de la cité d'Hamilton, marchand ; Duncan McArthur, de la cité de Winnipeg, banquier ; James Albert Manning Aikens, de la cité de Winnipeg, procureur en droit ; l'honorable Corydon Parslow Brown, de la cité de Winnipeg, ministre des travaux publics ; et l'honorable Donald MacInnes, de la cité d'Hamilton, sénateur. Tous ceux ci-dessus nommés, devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie, résident au Canada.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 24 avril 1882.

44-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie manufacturière du St. Laurent."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit pour elle de manifester, acheter et vendre des ornements, garnitures et termoirs de fenêtres, persiennes et auvents ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser les brevets d'invention ou inventions qui peuvent servir à la compagnie dans ses opérations ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser n'importe quel brevet d'invention ou inventions qui pourraient être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie ; le droit de manifester, acheter et vendre telles autres marchandises et articles qui peuvent être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

Le nombre des parts sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cinq piastres.

La cité de Montréal sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

Voici les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Charles Edgar Kennedy, de Hatley, dans le comté de Stanstead, province de Québec, commerçant ; Charles Carroll Colby, M. P., de Stanstead, dans le dit comté ; Walter Morcroft Tomlinson, de la ville de Sherbrooke, dans la dite province, écuyer ; Frederick Fairman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province, marchand, Robert Baker May, de la dite cité de Montréal, imprimeur ; John Gilman Elder, de la ville de Derby, dans l'Etat du Vermont, commerçant,

et Stiles Frost, de la cité de Boston, dans l'Etat de Massachusetts, commerçant.

Tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

CHAS. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Montréal, 3 avril 1882.

44-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada, à l'effet d'accorder une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après énumérées, savoir :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie des terres et de colonisation d'Edmonton et Ontario (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres ; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à ferme et hypothéquer les dites terres et en général trafiquer les intérêts d'icelles de toute façon ; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et de secourir les dits colons ; le droit de garantir les paiements des prêts faits avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une façon, soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service ; le droit de construire, élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et de l'agriculture.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes places dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000 divisé en 5,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Bossum Ashford Mitchell, de la cité de London, marchand ; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand ; John William Little, du même lieu, marchand ; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand ; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand ; Charles Richardson, du même lieu, marchand ; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand ; Alfred Robinson, gentilhomme ; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand ; William Lind, du même lieu, marchand ; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand ; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas Muir, du même lieu, marchand, et George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand.

Les requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents du Canada, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

FRASER ET FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, Ontario, 24 avril 1882.

44-6

A VIS Public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir l'émission de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, accordant une charte aux personnes ci-après mentionnées, constituant les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir

actionnaires de la compagnie, en un corps politique sous le nom de "La Compagnie des terres de Wentworth."

1. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir une ou des lisières de terre dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest, en vue de les coloniser.

(b) Le droit d'acquérir par achat, louage, échange, donation, ou autrement, des gouvernements provincial ou fédéral, ou de toute autre corporation, ou personne, des terres ou des intérêts en icelles, ou des coupes de bois dans les dits territoires du Nord-Ouest ou en une partie quelconque du Canada ; le droit de vendre, louer ou trafiquer toutes terres, coupes de bois, propriétés personnelles, droits et privilèges ainsi acquis, avec le droit de recevoir des hypothèques sur icelles pour le prix d'achat ou autre garantie, à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu, avec le droit de prendre une hypothèque pour le prix d'achat sur les terres, ou intérêts vendus ou autrement trafiqués, avec le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques par n'importe quel acte écrit ou transport, le tout sujet aux conditions de garantie pour les sommes d'argent prêtées sur icelles à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(c) Le droit d'acheter, prendre à bail, échanger ou autrement acquérir n'importe quelle propriété personnelle ainsi que les droits et privilèges nécessaires ou utiles à la compagnie dans n'importe quelle partie de la Puissance,

(d) Le droit de développer les ressources minières, agricoles, forestières et autres des terres acquises en y élevant des constructions, y faisant des plantations, en les défrichant, cultivant et améliorant de toutes façons, avec le droit de trafiquer avec les gouvernements au sujet des mines suivant qu'il est pourvu par les règlements du gouvernement.

(e) Le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration sur les propriétés de la compagnie et de coloniser ces dernières, et pour ces fins prêter et accorder des sommes d'argent ou subventions de terre et protéger la compagnie suivant la loi.

(f) Le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions de terres ou d'argent à la construction et au maintien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer sur les terres de la compagnie ou partant d'icelles et se rendant à quelque point ou place rapprochée d'une ligne de chemin de fer existant déjà ou y attenante, avec le droit de construire, exploiter et utiliser des lignes de télégraphe, tramways et canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins, ponts et autres travaux qui peuvent être jugés utiles à la réalisation des fins de la compagnie.

(g) Le droit de manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis par la compagnie ou par toute autre personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les propriétés de la compagnie ;

(h) Et pour ces fins le droit d'avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre et trafiquer des propriétés personnelles et immobilières, avec tous autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou incidents dans n'importe quelle partie du Canada ;

(i) Le droit de construire, maintenir et réparer les routes et ponts ordinaires ;

(j) Le droit de secourir les immigrants venant des pays étrangers ou d'une autre province aux fins de les induire à s'établir sur les terres du Canada.

(k) Le droit d'agir comme agent pour n'importe quel gouvernement, corporation ou individu pour l'achat ou la vente des terres ou hypothèques sur les terres du Canada et pour le développement de l'immigration vers le Canada.

(l) Le droit de pourvoir les dites terres de bestiaux et de faire l'élevage, la vente et l'achat de toute espèce d'animaux, chevaux, moutons, cochons, bestiaux et leurs produits.

(m) Le droit de travailler, vendre, utiliser ou autrement trafiquer toute espèce de produits miniers de la compagnie.

(n) Le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, moulins à moudre ou autres moulins, bâtiments, machines et ustensiles, avec le droit de faire en général toutes autres choses qui pourraient aider à la compagnie dans la réalisation de ses fins.

(o) Le droit de s'amalgamer avec n'importe quelle autre société de colonisation et de transférer les privilèges, actif et droits de la compagnie ou d'acquérir les privilèges, actif et droits de n'importe quelle autre compagnie, avec le droit d'obtenir un transport en conséquence ou de s'amalgamer à une autre compagnie.

2. La principale place d'affaires de la compagnie sera la cité d'Hamilton, Ont., avec des succursales à tels autres endroits suivant que l'exigeront les affaires de la compagnie.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$100,000.

4. Le nombre des parts sera de 1000, d'une valeur de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants, savoir :—

George Roach, de la cité d'Hamilton, gentilhomme ; Robert Evans, du même lieu, marchand ; James Murray Lottridge, du même lieu, manufacturier ; Hugh Duncan Cameron, du même lieu, banquier ; Hugh Murray, du même lieu, marchand ; Charles Robinson Smith, du même lieu, marchand ; Thomas Lawry, du même lieu, marchand ; Robert McKechnie, de la ville de Dundas, dans le comté de Wentworth, manufacturier ; tous devant être les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie. Tous résident au Canada.

A. D. CAMERON,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Hamilton, 18 avril 1882. 43-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que sous l'autorité de l' "Acte des compagnies par actions en Canada, 1877," un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, pour l'obtention d'une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie devant être créée sous l'autorité du dit acte pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Compagnie des terres des Cultivateurs des rivières Saskatchewan et aux Carottes, à responsabilité limitée," (The Saskatchewan and Carrott River Farmers' Land Company, limited).

2. Le but que se propose la compagnie en demandant d'être incorporée est le suivant :

3. Acquérir des terres par achat, bail, échange ou autrement dans la province du Manitoba et dans les Territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs, du gouvernement fédéral ou des gouvernements provinciaux, ou de toute corporation ou individus ; de vendre, louer, hypothéquer ou autrement disposer des dites terres ; d'arpenter, coloniser, établir, cultiver, améliorer les dites terres, et y faire des constructions ; d'avancer des deniers et aider aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres, avec pouvoir de s'assurer du remboursement de ces avances avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle manière, au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement qu'il sera convenu de part et d'autre ; de construire et acquérir ou louer des moulins à farine, scieries, et autres ; d'établir des boutiques ou magasins sur les dites terres, et d'acheter et vendre des articles et produits de toutes sortes ; de construire, acquérir et employer des bateaux à vapeur et autres bateaux pour les fins de la compagnie ; d'aider au moyen de boni, dons d'argent, octrois de terres ou autrement, toute ligne ou lignes de chemin de fer ou bateaux à vapeur et autres afin de faciliter l'accès aux terres et autre propriété de la compagnie ; de construire et

entretenir tous ponts et quais nécessaires ; d'élever, acheter et vendre des chevaux, bestiaux, moutons et autres animaux, et de faire dans toutes ses branches, la culture, et l'élevage des bestiaux ; et généralement de faire toutes choses nécessaires ou tendant à atteindre le but susdit.

4. Le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie sera en la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario.

5. Le montant du fonds social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

6. Le nombre de parts de la compagnie sera de dix mille ; le montant de chaque action sera de cent piastres.

7. Les nom, prénom, adresse et occupation des dits requérants sont :—Alexander Manning, de la cité de Toronto, capitaliste ; Philip McRae, de la cité de Montréal, entrepreneur ; Charles James Campbell, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; Peter McLaren, de la cité d'Ottawa, marchand de bois ; Dennis Ryan, de la cité de Saint-Paul, cultivateur, et John Proctor, de la cité de Hamilton, marchand.

8. Les personnes suivantes seront les directeurs provisoires de la compagnie : Alexander Manning, John Proctor, et Charles J. Campbell.

J. STEWART TUPPER,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Ottawa, 21 avril, 1882.

43-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom de la dite compagnie sera "La Compagnie de colonisation des Colons" (limitée).

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la Province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, construire dessus et les trafiquer de toute façon.

(4) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir en général ces derniers soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement avec le droit de garantir le paiement de telles avances avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une manière, soit par voie d'hypothèque ou obligation, suivant quel aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'accorder des subventions et d'aider autrement à la construction et au maintien de chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi qu'à toutes les entreprises se rattachant à l'ouverture des dites terres, y compris les lignes de bateaux, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, chemins et autres entreprises qui peuvent être jugées utiles pour la réalisation des fins que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre n'importe quelles propriétés personnelles ou droits en icelles requis par la dite compagnie pour avancer les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires à l'avancement des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit de promouvoir et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toute façon et de tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et

établir la dite contrée et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le principal siège des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto avec des succursales au Manitoba et dans les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de trois cent mille piastres divisé en trois mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

4. Les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants sont comme suit : Thomas Lailey, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Stark, de la cité de Toronto, courtier ; John Dryden, du village de Brooklin, écuyer ; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en médecine ; William Stewart, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; James Watson, de la cité de Toronto, écuyer ; Edward John Stobo, de la ville de Peterboro, membre du clergé ; William Buck, de la cité de Brantford, fondeur de fer ; Charles Raymond, de la cité de Guelph, manufacturier ; Archibald Alexander Cameron, de la cité d'Ottawa, membre du clergé ; George Booth, de la cité de Toronto, manufacturier ; William Elliot, de la cité de Toronto, marchand ; John Harvard Castle, de la cité de Toronto, docteur en théologie ; William Muir, de la cité de Toronto, membre du clergé ; William Joseph Copp, de la cité d'Hamilton, fondeur de fer, George Richardson, du village de Colborne, membre du clergé ; Frederick Beyers, du village de Carleton Place, fondeur de fer.

Les onze premiers seront directeurs provisoires, et ils résident tous en Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Toronto, 20 avril, 1882.

43-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2 Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont : —

(a.) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b.) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c.) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d.) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; le droit de faire des opérations d'agriculture et de développer les ressources de la

compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique ; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie, et d'émettre des débiteures garanties par les terres de la compagnie, ou autrement, pour les mêmes fins ; le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres, d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis ; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine ; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie ; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada ; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$600,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de 6,000 d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward Carter, James Haywood, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto ; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand ; dont les personnes suivantes seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :— William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 19 avril 1882.

43-6

AVIS DIVERS.

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER GRAND TRONC DU CANADA.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Tronc du Canada aura lieu au City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, Londres, E.C., jeudi, le vingt-neuvième jour de juin prochain, à une heure p.m. précise, dans le but de prendre en considération un arrangement entre les directeurs de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Tronc du Canada, et les directeurs de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Occidental, ayant pour objet l'amalgamation des entreprises des deux compagnies en une seule, en vertu des pouvoirs conférés par l'acte du Conseil législatif et de l'Assemblée législative de la province du Canada, 16 Victoria, chap. 39, intitulé : "Acte pour autoriser toute compagnie de chemin de fer dont le chemin forme partie de l'artère principale de chemin

de fer dans cette province de se fusionner avec toute telle autre compagnie, ou d'acheter la propriété et les droits de toute telle autre compagnie, et d'abroger certains actes y mentionnés, incorporant des compagnies de chemin de fer," et en vertu des pouvoirs conférés par les divers actes, modifiant ou amplifiant cet acte; et dans le but soit de ratifier ou de désavouer cet arrangement tel que voulu par ces actes ou aucun d'eux, par cet arrangement, et en conformité des dispositions des actes ci-dessus mentionnés les objets suivants entre autres sont proposés d'être effectués à compter du 1er juillet 1882:

1. L'amalgamation des entreprises des deux compagnies actuelles en une seule entreprise sous le contrôle d'une seule compagnie.

2. Que l'une des compagnies prenne à son compte les obligations des deux compagnies actuelles, mais sans préjudice des droits des créanciers ou d'autres personnes ayant des réclamations contre l'entreprise ou parties de l'entreprise de chacune des deux compagnies actuelles.

3. Le maintien des effets de chacune des deux compagnies actuelles comme classe séparée et distincte d'effets sous le titre Effets du Grand Occidental, représentant les effets de la compagnie du Grand Occidental, et Effets du Grand-Tronc, représentant les effets actuels de la compagnie du Grand-Tronc.

4. La division des profits nets de l'entreprise amalgamée, après avoir payé l'intérêt sur le capital emprunté, le loyer des lignes afferénées, et toutes autres dépenses, entre les deux catégories d'effets comme suit, savoir: 30 pour cent aux effets du Grand Occidental et 70 pour cent aux effets du Grand-Tronc.

5. Mais si les 30 pour cent attribués aux effets du Grand Occidental se trouvent en aucune année insuffisants pour payer cinq pour cent par année sur la partie privilégiée, et trois pour cent par année sur la partie ordinaire des actions, alors la différence sera égalisée à même les 70 pour cent attribués aux actions du Grand-Tronc, et toute somme payée pour égaliser cette différence sera remboursée à même tout surplus qui pourrait rester dans une année subséquente sur les 30 pour cent après paiement de l'intérêt aux taux plus haut mentionnés sur les actions du Grand Occidental.

6. Autant que possible un tiers des directeurs de l'entreprise amalgamée devront être porteurs d'effets du Grand Occidental, et les autres deux tiers être porteurs d'effets du Grand Tronc.

7. En faisant tout arrangement convenable découlant de l'amalgamation des deux entreprises en la manière proposée plus haut, et pour garantir les droits des porteurs de chaque catégorie d'actions, le règlement du nombre, du temps et du mode d'élection et de qualification des directeurs, les pouvoirs de voter et toutes autres choses qu'il est nécessaire de régler relativement aux affaires des deux compagnies actuelles, et les droits des porteurs de bons et actionnaires de ces compagnies, ou de l'entreprise amalgamée, ou provenant de l'amalgamation y compris la nomination de fidéicommissaires pour recevoir et distribuer les deniers applicables aux effets du Grand Occidental.

Par ordre,

H. W. TYLER,
Président.
J. B. RENTON,
Secrétaire.

Dashwood House,

9, New Broad Street,
Londres, E. C.

25 mai 1882.

48-1f

BANQUE DE SAINT-JEAN.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois pour cent sur le capital payé de cette banque a été déclaré pour les six mois courants, et sera payable au bureau de cette banque, à Saint-Jean, le et après lundi le trois juillet prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 19 au 30 juin prochain, ces deux jours compris.

Par ordre des directeurs,

PH. BAUDOUIN,

Caissier.

Saint-Jean, 22 mai 1882.

48-4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent, pour le semestre courant, étant au taux de cinq pour cent par année, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de Banque en cette ville, le et après lundi, le troisième jour de juillet prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 16 au 30 juin prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du bureau.

J. E. BRAIS,

Caissier.

Montréal, 25 mai 1882.

48-5

A VIS est donné par le présent par la compagnie d'assurance de Stadacona contre le feu et sur la vie (en liquidation) que conformément au statut du parlement fédéral passé le 17e jour de mai 1882, intitulé "Acte pour amender et amplifier l'Acte pour autoriser la Compagnie d'Assurance de Stadacona contre le feu et sur la vie à renoncer à sa charte et établir un mode de liquider ses affaires," il est statué comme suit:

1. Toutes personnes, compagnies, corps incorporés, ou créanciers quelconques, ayant ou prétendant avoir des droits ou réclamations contre la compagnie, déniés par elle ou non admis, ou non reconnus, seront tenus de les faire valoir en justice en s'adressant aux tribunaux compétents, dans le délai d'un an à compter de la passation du présent acte, et à défaut de ce faire dans le dit délai, ils seront pour toujours foreclos du droit de le faire.

2. Nonobstant la huitième section du susdit acte, les créanciers inconnus, disparus, ou non représentés, ou non trouvés, qui n'auront point fait par eux-mêmes ou par procureur leur réclamation à la compagnie, soit pour dividende, soit pour autre chose, dans le susdit délai d'un an, seront considérés comme l'ayant abandonnée et ayant renoncé à tout dividende futur, et il sera procédé à la liquidation finale des affaires de la compagnie comme si telles personnes ou telle réclamation n'eussent jamais existé

Avis est aussi donné qu'un premier dividende a été déclaré par les liquidateurs le 15 décembre 1880.

CH. A. ERN. GAGNON,

A. LETELLIER,

J. M. BERNIER, ptre.

Liquidateurs.

Québec, 20 mai 1882.

48-2

BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

A VIS est par le présent donné, qu'un mois après la première publication de cet avis, c'est l'intention des liquidateurs de distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la banque toute balance qui n'aura pas été réclamée jusque là, avec tout intérêt accru dessus, du montant réservé pour le paiement des dettes ordinaires et des billets de banque en circulation et n'ayant pas été payés quand sera déclaré le dernier dividende aux actionnaires, en conformité de l'Acte 40 Vict., chap. 56.

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,

Secrétaire.

Montréal 13 mai 1882.

46-4

LA BANQUE JACQUES-CARTIER.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, et qu'il sera payable au bureau de la banque en la cité de Montréal, le et après le premier jour du mois de juin prochain. Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, mercredi, le vingt-unième jour de juin prochain, à une heure p.m.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. DE MARTIGNY,
Caissier. 44-5

Montréal, 27 avril, 1882.

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent a été déclaré sur le capital payé de cette institution pour le semestre courant, et sera payable au bureau de la banque, le et après jeudi, le premier juin prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 22 au 31 mai, ces deux jours inclus.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires, pour l'élection des directeurs et la transaction des affaires en général, aura lieu au bureau de la dite banque, à Montréal, mercredi, le vingt et un juin prochain, à midi.

Par ordre du bureau,

UBALDE GARAND,
Caissier.

44-5

BANQUE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de cinq pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville et à ses succursales le et après le jeudi, premier jour de juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, lundi le 5e jour de juin prochain. La séance sera ouverte à 1 heure.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. MACNIDER,
Assistant gérant général. 44-6

Montréal, 25 avril 1882.

BANQUE DES MARCHANDS DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois et demi pour cent pour le semestre courant, étant au taux de sept pour cent par année, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque, en cette ville, le et après le jeudi, 1er juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 18 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, mercredi le 21 juin prochain.

La séance s'ouvrira à midi précis.

Par ordre du bureau,

G. HAGUE,
Gérant général.

Montréal, 22 avril, 1882.

44-5

A VIS.—La Compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens du Canada s'adressera au gouvernement du Canada le 1er juin prochain pour obtenir la remise de ses garanties, consistant en un dépôt spécial de trente mille piastres en argent, et détenues par le gouvernement en rapport avec les affaires de garantie de la compagnie. Toute personne au Canada ayant des polices de garantie émises par la dite compagnie et actuellement en force, est par le présent requise de produire l'opposition qu'elle peut désirer faire à la dite remise, telle opposition devant être déposée au ministère des finances le ou avant le jour ci-dessus mentionné.

Par ordre du bureau,

ARCH. MCGOUN,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

Montréal, 1er mars 1882.

36-13

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 23rd May, 1882.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL ADAM PEEBLES, Police Magistrate of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba; to be a Commissioner under the ninth section of the Act 41 Vic., chap. 17, with power to grant at his discretion a license or licenses to have and carry arms within the City of Winnipeg, and to revoke, from time to time, any license so granted by him.

ANDREW CHARLES ELLIOTT, Esquire, of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia; to be a Commissioner under the Act 32-33 Vic., chap. 24, as amended by the Act 33 Vic., chap. 28, and for the purposes thereof.

JOSEPH M. CURRIER, Esquire, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario; to be Postmaster of the City of Ottawa.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected

to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to all whom it may concern—

GREETING :

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice and consent of Our Privy Council for Canada, to DISSOLVE the present Parliament of Canada, which stands prorogued to the TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next;

Now KNOW YE, that We do for that end publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby DISSOLVE the said Parliament of Canada accordingly: and the Senators and the Members of the House of Commons are discharged from their meeting and attendance on the said TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING.

WHEREAS We are desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament; We do make known Our Royal Will and Pleasure to call a Parliament, and do further declare that by the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, We have, this day, given Orders for issuing Our Writs in

due form, for calling a Parliament in Our said Dominion, which Writs are to bear date on the EIGHTEENTH day of MAY instant, and to be returnable on the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. McGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada

JOHN J. McGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING :

KNOW YE, that We, being desirous and resolved as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, summon and call together the House of Commons in and for Our said Dominion, to meet at Our City of Ottawa, in Our said Dominion, on MONDAY, the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next; then and there to have conference and treaty with the Great Men and Senate of Our said Dominion.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. McGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH,
Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it was in and by an Act passed in the Forty-first year of Our Reign, chaptered Seventeen, and intituled "An Act for the better prevention of crimes of violence in certain parts of Canada," amongst other

things in effect enacted, that whenever in the judgment of the Governor in Council it should be necessary for the better prevention of crimes of violence that this Act should apply to any County, City or Town, or other Municipal or Judicial District in any Province or Territory of Canada, the Governor in Council might by Proclamation to be published in the *Canada Gazette*, declare that from and after a day to be named therein the said Act should apply to such County, City, Town or other Municipal or Judicial District.

AND WHEREAS it was further provided by the said Act that the same should continue in force until the end of the then next ensuing session of Parliament.

AND WHEREAS by Acts passed in the forty-second, forty-third and forty-fourth years of Our Reign the said Act has been continued in force from Session to Session, and by an Act passed in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign chaptered Thirty-Eight and intituled "An Act further to continue in force for a limited time the better prevention of crime Act, 1878," the same has been continued in force until the end of the now next ensuing Session of Parliament.

AND WHEREAS in the judgment of Our Governor in Council it is necessary that for the better prevention of crimes of violence that the said Act should apply to the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, from and after the first day of June in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

AND WHEREAS Our Governor in Council has, by order, directed that the said Act should, by Proclamation, be declared to apply to the said City from and after the said day :

Now KNOW YE, and We do by this Our Royal Proclamation, and by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, proclaim, order and declare that from and after the First day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, the said Act passed in the forty-first year of Our Reign, chaptered seventeen, and intituled "An Act for the better prevention of crimes of violence in certain parts of Canada until the end of the next Session of Parliament" shall apply to and be in force in the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-THIRD day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

The following is an abstract of the provisions of the Act mentioned in the above proclamation, viz :—

The term "Proclaimed District," when used hereinafter, means a place to which this Act may have been applied by a proclamation issued thereunder; and the term "arm" includes any gun, rifle, revolver pistol, or other fire-arm, or air-gun, and any part of any such weapon and any bullet, gunpowder, cartridge, or ammunition, and any sword-blade, bayonet, pike, pike head, spear, spear head, dirk, dagger, bowie-knife, or other instrument intended for cutting or stabbing; and any steel or metal knuckles, skull-cracker or slung-shot, and any other such deadly or dangerous weapon.

From and after the day named in, and during the continuance in force of the above proclamation, it

shall not be lawful for any person, not being a Justice of the Peace, or an officer, soldier, sailor or volunteer, in Her Majesty's service, while on duty, or a constable or other peace officer, or a person licensed under this Act, to carry or have within the proclaimed district, elsewhere than in his own dwelling house, shop, warehouse or counting-house, any arm; and any person carrying or having any arm contrary to this provision, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be liable, on conviction thereof, to imprisonment in any gaol or place of confinement for a term not exceeding twelve months.

It shall be lawful for any person whomsoever to seize and apprehend any person who shall be found carrying any arm within the proclaimed district contrary to the said Act, and to deliver such person, as soon as may be, into the custody of a constable or other peace officer, in order to his being forthwith conveyed before some competent judicial authority to be dealt with according to law.

It shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, constable or other peace officer, to search any person whom he may suspect to be carrying any arm within the proclaimed district, contrary to the said Act, and to seize and take from such person any arm so carried, and to keep and detain the same for the use of Her Majesty.

Any Justice of the Peace may, on the oath of a credible witness, that he believes that arms are kept in any house or place within the proclaimed district in order to their being carried within the proclaimed district, contrary to the provisions of the third section of the said Act, issue his warrant to any constable or peace officer to search for and seize the same; and such constable or peace officer or any person in his aid may search for, and if arms are found in such house or place, may seize and detain the same.

In case admission to such house or place be not granted after demand, such constable or peace officer as aforesaid and any person in his aid may at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter the same by force in order to make such search and seizure.

Unless the person in whose house or place the same are found do, within four days next after the seizure, prove to the satisfaction of the Justice that they were not in such house or place in order to their being carried within the proclaimed district contrary to the provisions of the third section of the said Act, they shall be kept and detained for the use of Her Majesty; otherwise they shall be restored to such person.

The Governor in Council may, from time to time, appoint one or more proper persons to grant at his or their discretion a license or licenses under the said Act, to have and carry any arm within the proclaimed district, and such person or persons may from time to time, revoke any such license; and a copy of the order of revocation shall be delivered to or left at the last known place of abode of every person whose license is thereby revoked; and thereupon his license shall cease and determine.

Whosoever is charged with having committed any offense against the provisions of the third section of the said Act may be tried and dealt with by three Justices of the Peace, or by any functionary or tribunal invested by the proper Legislative Authority, with power to do alone such acts as are usually required to be done by two or more Justices of the Peace in pursuance of the Act passed in the session held in the thirty-second and thirty-third year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter Thirty-one, intituled "*An Act respecting the duty of Justices of the Peace out of Sessions, in relation to summary convictions and orders.*"

The production of a printed copy of the *Canada Gazette*, purporting to be printed by the Queen's Printer, containing the above proclamation, shall be conclusive evidence of the issuing and publication of such proclamation.

It shall be the duty of the Court or Justice before whom any person is convicted under section three of the said Act, to keep and detain for the use of Her Majesty, the arm for the carrying or having which the person is convicted.

Nothing in the said Act contained shall prevent any person from being liable under any other Act or otherwise to any other punishment than is provided for any offense by the said Act; so, however, that no person be punished twice for the same offence.

Circular.

DOWNING STREET, 18th April, 1882.

SIR,—With reference to my Circular Despatch of the 20th of January last, I have the honour to transmit to you, for information in the Colony under your Government, copies of revised regulations governing the examination and entry of Naval Cadets, which will come into effect for the examination taking place after June next.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient, humble Servant,

KIMBERLEY.

The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.

REGULATIONS respecting Naval Cadets, for the information of candidates, to take effect after June, 1882.

1. Appointments to Naval Cadetships will be made by limited competition, with the under-mentioned exceptions:

Four Cadetships given annually to sons of gentlemen in the Colonies, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Service Cadetships, the total number of which is not to exceed five in any one year. Service Cadets will be selected by the Board of Admiralty from (a) sons of officers of the Army, Navy, or Marines who have been killed in action, or who have been lost at sea on active service, or killed on duty, or who have died of wounds received in action or injuries received on duty within six months from the date of such action or injury, (b) sons of officers of the Navy who have performed long or distinguished service, and who hold or have held rank or relative rank on the Active List not lower than that of Commander; not more than two such Service Cadets to be nominated annually.

Applications for Service Cadetships should be addressed to the Military Secretary, Horse Guards, if the candidate is the son of an officer of the Army; to the Secretary of the Admiralty if the candidate is the son of an officer of the Navy or Marines, and to the Military Secretary, India office, if the candidate is the son of an officer of the Indian Army.

Colonial and Service Cadets will be entered on passing the test examination specified in paragraph 8, and will in all other respects be subject to these Regulations.

The examination of candidates nominated to compete, and also of Service Cadets, will be conducted by the Civil Service Commissioners. A fee of ten shillings will be required from each candidate.

2. Except in special circumstances not more than one third of the number of candidates actually presenting themselves before the Civil Service Commissioners will be entered.

3. Nomination for Naval Cadetships will take place half-yearly as soon as convenient after the report of the last examination has been received.

4. Examinations of the young gentlemen who have obtained nominations will be held in London, and will commence on the second Wednesday in June and the last Wednesday in November in each year, and the appointments will date from the 15th July and 15th January following respectively.

5. No candidate will be eligible for examination in June whose age will not be within the following limits on the 15th July following, viz., not less than twelve nor more than thirteen and a half years of age, nor in November whose age will not be within those limits on the 15th January following.

6. Every candidate must be in good health, and free from any physical defect of body, impediment of speech, defect of sight or hearing, and also from any predisposition to constitutional or hereditary disease or weakness of any kind, and in all respects well developed and active in proportion to his age. Before being examined by the Civil Service Commissioners he will be required to pass the medical examination according to the prescribed regulations, and must have been found physically fit for the Navy; rejection at such examination will finally exclude him from the Navy.

7. The candidate will be required to produce (1) a certificate of the date of his birth,* or a declaration thereof made before a magistrate; (2) a certificate of good conduct from the masters of the school or schools at which he may have been educated during the two previous years, or, if educated at home, from the tutor or the clergyman of the parish in which he resides; and (3) a certificate of good health.

8. The candidates will be tested by examination in the following subjects:—

	Marks.
(1.) Arithmetic: including proportion, vulgar and decimal fractions.....	250
(2.) Algebra: including fractions and simple equations of one unknown quantity	175
(3.) Geometry: definitions, postulates, axioms, and subjects of the first twenty-six propositions of Euclid's Elements	175
(4.) English: writing from dictation, spelling 75, handwriting 25.....	100
reading with intelligence, and parsing easy sentences.....	100
(5.) French: translating, by aid of a dictionary, French into English, and English into French; reading, parsing, and speaking.....	200
(6.) Scripture history.....	100

Candidates will be further examined in any two of the following subjects they may select:

Elementary mathematics: miscellaneous questions in arithmetic, algebra, (including quadratic equations), and geometry to the end of the first book of Euclid's Elements...	300
Latin: reading, parsing, and translating, by aid of a dictionary, Latin into English, and English into Latin.....	300
Geography and English History	300

The final order of merit will be determined by the sum of the marks obtained in the test, as well as in the further examination.

In arithmetic the candidate will be required to obtain five tenths, and in each of the other subjects of the test examination four tenths of the marks allotted thereto. In English the candidate must obtain four tenths of the marks allotted for each of the two sub-divisions of the subject.

9. Colonial and Service Cadets will be appointed on passing the test examination; they must, however, obtain 660 marks in the aggregate, as well as the proportion of marks in arithmetic and other subjects required from the candidates who compete.

10. A candidate who passes the test examination, but does not succeed in the competition, will be entitled to compete at the next examination, provided he is within the regulations as to limits of age at that time. No candidate will be allowed to compete more than twice. A candidate who fails to pass the test will not be entitled to another trial, but he will be allowed to compete at the next examination if he receives a fresh nomination and is still within the limits of age.

11. A candidate who, owing to illness, fails to appear at the examination for which he has obtained his nomination may receive a second nomination, provided he is still within the limits of age.

12. For all Cadets entered under these regulations, the payment will be at the rate of 70*l.* per annum for the period in the Britannia, to be paid half-yearly in

advance to the Accountant-General of the Navy. But the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty reserve the power of selecting, from among the cadets entered at each half-yearly examination, a number, not to exceed 10, being sons of Officers of the Navy, Army, or Marines, or of Civil Officers under the Board of Admiralty, with respect to whom the annual payment will be 40*l.* only. In this selection their Lordships will have regard solely to the pecuniary circumstances of the Cadets.

13. The period of training on board the Britannia will be four terms; there will be two terms in each year. The first term of each year will be from February to July, the second from September to December.

The vacations will be five weeks at Christmas, two weeks at Easter, and six weeks at Midsummer.

14. There will be examinations in Seamanship and Study at the end of each term.

Cadets who pass unsatisfactory examinations, or who are reported for unsatisfactory conduct, will be "warned," and they will be liable to be discharged at the end of the following or any subsequent term, should they again be reported as failing to attain the proper number of marks at the examinations, or for unsatisfactory conduct.

If a Cadet is reported for unsatisfactory conduct during his final term he will be discharged without being allowed to present himself at the examination for passing out of the Britannia.

Any Cadet who shall appear to their Lordships for any reason to be unfit for the Service will be removed from the Britannia.

15. It is to be distinctly understood that the period of training on board the Britannia is a time of *probation*, and the parent or guardian of every Cadet will be required to sign a declaration (on the admission of the Cadet to the Britannia) to the effect that he shall be immediately withdrawn on the receipt of an official intimation of his being considered unfit for the Navy.

16. Cadets will, on passing out of the Britannia, rank according to the amount of sea time they obtain at their final examination, and those who obtain equal amounts of sea time will rank in the order of merit in which they pass out of the Britannia.

17. The parent or guardian of every Cadet will be required to provide outfit under the regulation in force.

18. Pay and pocket money will not be allowed by Government to Cadets entered in and after June 1881.

By Command of their Lordships,

ROBERT HALL.

Admiralty, 22nd March, 1882.

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ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

CERTIFIED COPY of a Report of a Committee of the Honorable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 23rd May, 1882.

ON a report dated 17th May 1882, from the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, submitting that by the provisions of the 18th section of the Pilotage Act 36 Vic. chap. 54, sub-section 8, it is determined that the rates of pilotage for and below the Harbor of Quebec set forth in tables 1 and 2 of schedule A, to the Act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada passed in the 12th year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter 114, intituled "An Act to consolidate the laws relative to the powers and duties of the Trinity House of Quebec and for other purposes" shall not be altered for three years after the going into force of the Act 36 Vic. chap. 54, nor unless the share of the net income of the Corporation of Pilots annually accruing to each member of the corporation acting and practising as a pilot for and below the Harbor of Quebec has been less than six hundred dollars (\$600), on an average of three years previous.

* A Certificate of Baptism will not be accepted.

The Minister states that it has been represented to him that the net income of each pilot for the past three years has fallen below six hundred dollars (\$600.)

That measures have been taken by the passage of a Bill through Parliament to reduce the number of pilots so as to allow to the reduced number the specified sum of \$600, or a greater sum, but inasmuch as a year at least must elapse before such reduction in the number of pilots can be made, the Minister recommends that the accompanying by-law passed by the Harbor Commissioners of Quebec at a meeting held on the 3rd instant, repealing the existing rates of pilotage and increasing the rates be approved, such by-law to have effect and the increased rates to continue in force only during the season of navigation in the year 1882.

The committee concur in the foregoing report of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries and advise that the rule submitted be approved accordingly.

JOHN J. McGEE.
Clerk, Privy Council.

Quebec Harbour Commission.

AT a weekly meeting of the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, held in their office, in the Lower Town of the City of Quebec, being their usual place of sitting, on Wednesday, the third day of the month of May, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, at which meeting were present the following named Commissioners, viz :—

P. V. Valin, Esquire, Chairman,
The Honorable Thomas McGreevy,
James Patton, Esquire,
William Rae, Esquire,
Ferdinand Hamel, Esquire,
R. R. Dobell, Esquire,
Julien Chabot, Esquire, and
Laurent Goudbout, Esquire, President of the

Corporation of Pilots, for and below the Harbour of Quebec, forming a quorum of the said Harbour Commissioners, the following By-law to increase the rates of pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec, was read for the first time, and at a subsequent weekly meeting of the said Quebec Harbour Commissioners, held at the same place, on Wednesday, the tenth day of the said month of May, in the same year, at which

were present the following named Commissioners, forming also a quorum, viz :—

P. V. Valin, Esquire, Chairman,
James Patton, Esquire,
Ferdinand Hamel, Esquire,
Julien Chabot, Esquire,
William Rae, Esquire,
R. R. Dobell, Esquire, and

Laurent Goudbout, Esquire, President of the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec, the said following By-law was read for the second and last time, and adopted, having been published since its first reading, twice in the English language in the *Morning Chronicle* and twice in the French language in *Le Canadien*, both papers published at Quebec.

Quebec Harbour Commission.

BY-LAW to increase the Rates of Pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec.

WHEREAS the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec having terminated a period of three years, as mentioned in the 18th section of "The Pilotage Act of 1873," and having declared in and by their petition addressed the twenty-first day of the month of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty, to the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, wherein they pray for an increased rate of pilotage, that the share of the net income of the said Corporation of Pilots, annually accruing to each member of the said Corporation acting and practising as a pilot for and below the Harbour of Quebec, has been less than six hundred dollars (\$600) on an average of the said three years previous, the said Quebec Harbour Commissioners enact as follows :

1. The rates of pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec set forth in tables I and II of Schedule A to the Act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada, passed in the 12th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 114, intituled "An Act to consolidate the laws relating to the powers and duties of the Trinity House of Quebec and for other purposes," are hereby repealed.

2. For the future the rates of pilotage payable to the pilots belonging to the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec, and acting and practising as such pilots, shall be as follows :

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TABLE I.

RATES OF PILOTAGE FOR THE HARBOUR OF QUEBEC AND BELOW.

FOR EACH FOOT OF DRAUGHT OF WATER.

From	To	From the 1st May to the 10th Nov.	From the 10th Nov. to the 19th Nov.	From the 19th Nov. to the 1st March.	From the 1st March to the 1st May.
Bic Island or any other place below the anchorage of Brandy Pots off Hare Island..	Anchorage or mooring ground in the Basin or Harbor of Quebec.	\$3 87	\$4 95	\$6 02	\$4 41
The anchorage ground at the Brandy Pots off Hare Island or any place above the said anchorage ground and below St. Roch's Point	do do	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.
St. Roch's Point or any place above this Point and below the Pointe aux Pins, on Crane Island.....	do do	$\frac{1}{8}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{8}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{8}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{8}$ do
Pointe aux Pins, on Crane Is- land, or any place below St Patrick's Hole.....	do do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do
The anchorage or mooring ground in the Basin or Harbor of Quebec.....	Bic Island or the place where the Pilot shall be discharged in the river below Quebec.....	\$3 40	\$4 46	\$5 54	\$3 93

TABLE II.

RATES of Pilotage for the Harbour of Quebec and below.

From	To	
Any wharf in the Harbour of Quebec between Pointe-à-Carcy, below, and the West End of the Allan's Wharf above, both inclusive.....	Any other Wharf within said limits.....	\$ cts. 2 50
Any place in the Harbour of Quebec not being a Wharf within the above mentioned limits.....	Any other place in the said Harbour not being a Wharf within the said limits.	5 00

Pilots taking charge of vessels at Patrick's Hole or above it shall be entitled to more than the sum allowed in the Table II for piloting vessels from one part of the Harbour to another.

P. V. VALIN,
Chairman.

A. H. VERRET,
Secretary Treasurer.

The Honorable the Acting Minister of
Marine and Fisheries.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada held in the 40th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10 and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Berlin, Province of Ontario, now an Out-port of Customs under the Port of Guelph, be, and the same is hereby erected as an independent Port of Entry and Warehousing Port to take effect from the 1st of July next.

JOHN J. McGEE.

Clerk, Privy Council.

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GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 65, and intituled "An Act for the better protection of navigable streams and rivers,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the stream called "Beaver Creek", in the Township of Waterloo, in the County of Waterloo, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby exempted from the operation of the said Act.

JOHN J. McGEE.

Clerk, Privy Council.

48-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the Act 42 Victoria, chapter 16, intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the laws relating to Weights and Measures,"—His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Regulations for the Inspection of Weights and Measures adopted by Order in Council of the 14th of August 1879 be, and the same are hereby amended by the addition after section "D", of the following additional section:—

DD. Weighing machines known as "Hydrostatic Balances," being such as are commonly used for determining the weight of coals delivered at the pit mouth, may be verified for use for such purposes and also for weighing coals as delivered from vessels and barges, provided they give true indications within one two hundredth part of the load.

JOHN J. McGEE.

Clerk, Privy Council.

48-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 1st section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 37th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 45 and intituled "An Act to make better provision, extending to the whole Dominion of Canada respecting the inspection of certain staple articles of Canadian produce,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the County of Restigouche, in the Province of New Brunswick, be and the same is hereby constituted an Inspection Division for the purposes of the said Act.

JOHN J. McGEE.

Clerk, Privy Council.

48-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 25th May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a disease affecting Neat Cattle prevails in the County of Pictou, Nova Scotia, and parts of the adjoining County or Counties, it is expedient to provide for the segregation and isolation in as far as possible of animals affected with such disease, and also to declare the places where such diseased animals are found, as infected places,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, and under the provisions of the Act 42 Victoria, chapter 23, and intituled "An Act to provide against infectious or contagious diseases affecting animals," has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations and Orders be enforced:—

1. A Veterinary Inspector duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture shall visit the places in the said localities where such diseased animals are found, and all farms or places on which such animals are found, shall be declared infected places, within the meaning of the Act aforesaid;

2. No person whatever, except an Inspector or Officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture, shall remove any cattle from any of such farms or infected places, and then only for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the said Act, under a penalty not exceeding two hundred dollars;

3. An Inspector or Officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture may make a selection of a place or places within the limits of an infected district, for the purpose of isolating and segregating such animals as may be diseased or supposed to be diseased or which may have been exposed to disease, and order the removal of such animals to such selected places;

4. An Inspector or Officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture, under the provisions of Section 14 of the Act aforesaid, may order any animal to be slaughtered which is found affected by infectious or contagious disease, a compensation to the amount of one third of the value of such animal before it became affected and ordered to be slaughtered, to be paid to the owner thereof, but such compensation not in any case to exceed twenty dollars. In all other cases the compensation to be two-thirds of the value of the animal ordered to be slaughtered, but not in any case to exceed forty dollars. The value of such animals to be in all cases established by an officer duly appointed for that purpose by the

Minister of Agriculture, but no compensation whatever will be allowed in any cases where attempts have been made to fraudulent concealment of the existence of the disease or in any cases where the animals have been removed from infected places contrary to the provisions of the Act aforesaid and particularly the first seven sections thereof.

5. And further a Veterinary Inspector or other officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture, to be empowered to carry out generally the provisions of the Act aforesaid.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Clerk, Privy Council.

48-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, 19th day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the Imperial Merchant Shipping Act of 1854, and of the Act 36 Vic., cap. 128, His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Port of Desoronto, in the Bay of Quinté, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted a Port of Registry for the registration of ships and subsequent transactions.

His Excellency has been further pleased to appoint the Collector of Customs for the time being at the Port of Desoronto to be the Registrar of Shipping at that port.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, Privy Council

47-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Friday, 19th day of May, 1882.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Victoria, chapter 9, intituled : " An Act to provide for the appointment of " Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces " of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick," and the Act 38 Victoria, chapter 30, amending the same, His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the limits of the Port of Musquodoboit, in the County of Halifax, Province of Nova Scotia, be defined to be from Jeddore Head to Petiswick Head, as a Port to which the provisions of the Acts referred to shall apply.

His Excellency has been further pleased to appoint Mr. David Williams, of Musquodoboit, Harbour Master for the said port, his salary not to exceed one hundred dollars of the fees to be collected by him from vessels entering that port in any calendar year.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Acting Clerk, P. C.

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MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 2nd June, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (10).

No. 1.

REGULATIONS AND ORDERS FOR THE MILITIA, 1879.

Dress Regulations for Officers.

Badges of Rank.

Adverting to paragraph 977, as Officers of all ranks in the Active Militia are permitted to wear undress

uniform at drill or in Camp of Exercise, it is to be understood such authority also covers the wearing of Badges of Rank on the collar of patrol jackets.

No. 2.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Sarnia Battery of Garrison Artillery.

To be 1st Lieutenant, provisionally :

John J. Clement, Gentleman, vice Ellis, promoted,

2nd Lieutenant Edwin Adams having left limits his name is hereby removed from the list of Officers of the Active Militia.

14th Battalion, " Princess of Wales' Own Rifles."

To be 2nd Lieutenant :

John Rowlands Shannon, Gentleman, vice Lally, retired.

28th " Perth " Battalion of Infantry.

No 2 Company, Stratford.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

Sergeant Charles Edward Irvine, vice Brown.

No. 6 Company, Mitchell.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :

Arthur Robb, Gentleman, vice John Spise, left limits.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

James Clyne, Gentleman, vice David Cumming, left limits.

29th " Waterloo " Battalion of Infantry.

No. 2 Company, Galt.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :

Sergeant James Harry Clyma, vice Cowan, promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

Sergeant Daniel McLennan, vice Simpson, appointed Quarter-Master.

No. 4 Company, Galt.

To be Captain :

Lieutenant Ernest Joseph Beaumont, V.B., vice Robert Macfarlane, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 6 Company, Berlin.

To be Captain, provisionally :

Sergeant Robert Edgeworth Stanton, vice John H. Ziegler, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :

William Richard Jaffray, Gentleman, vice John Clare Falls, left limits.

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant John Merner Staebler is hereby accepted.

30th " Wellington " Battalion of Rifles.

No. 1 Company, Harriston.

To be Captain :

William Walter Mason, Esquire, V.B., vice Henry Smith, left limits.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :

John Harvey Robertson, Gentleman, vice John Hill, left limits.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :

Andrew Laidlaw, Gentleman, vice Bonnar.

32nd "Bruce" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 1 Company, Port Elgin.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant John William Stafford, V.B., vice Boyd, appointed Adjutant.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Private Harry Smith, vice Stafford, promoted.

To be Adjutant:

Captain Benjamin Bowman Boyd, V.B., from No. 1 Company, vice Morton, promoted Major.

33rd "Huron" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 1 Company, Goderich.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Color Sergeant Charles Creighton Ross, vice Dixon, resigned.

34th "Ontario" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 6 Company, Brooklyn.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant John James O'Donovan, M.S., vice William Smith, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

35th Battalion of Infantry, "Simcoe Foresters."

To be Lieutenant Colonel:

Major and Brevet Lieutenant William E. O'Brien, V.B., vice Alexander McKenzie, deceased.

38th "Brant" Battalion, "Dufferin Rifles."

No. 2 Company, Brantford.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

George Glenn, Gentleman, vice Snartt, promoted.

No. 4 Company, Brantford.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant Richard Ellis Nicholls, vice Nathaniel Hunter, left limits.

No. 5 Company, Burford.

The resignation of 2nd Lieutenant Charles L. Daniel is hereby accepted.

To be Assistant Surgeon:

William Edwin Winskel, Esquire, vice Harris, promoted.

41st "Brockville" Battalion of Rifles.

This Battalion has been authorized to adopt and use the Badge and Motto of which the following is a description; and the officers are permitted to wear the same of a suitable size, in silver, on their Cross-belts and Head dress:—

A Maltese Cross surmounted by a Crown. In the centre the Battalion numeral, **41**, crossed rifles above, a beaver below. Under the Beaver the Motto "*Semper Paratus.*" The whole surrounded by a wreath of Maple leaves, outside of which are the words "Brockville Battalion of Rifles."

No. 3 Company, Frankville.

To be Captain.

2nd Lieutenant Melvin Lorenzo Day, G.S.I., vice Brevet Major Alfred Lander deceased.

The resignation of Lieutenant Noadiah Hubbard Beecher is hereby accepted.

44th "Welland" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 7 Company, Stevensville.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Joseph Clark, V.B., vice Brevet Major Joseph G. Beam who is hereby permitted to retire retaining his Brevet rank.

To be Lieutenant:

Private William Leaman Allen, V.B., vice Clark, promoted.

45th "West Durham" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 2 Company, Fenelon Falls.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Alexander Aeneas McDonald, M.S., vice John Wesley Kennedy, left limits.

56th "Grenville" Battalion, "Lisgar Rifles."

No. 2 Company, Prescott.

The resignation of Lieutenant Samuel Star Merick is hereby accepted.

77th "Wentworth" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 1 Company, Dundas.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant Thomas A. Bertram, V.B., vice A. Bertram promoted.

No. 3 Company, Binbrooke.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant William Roddick, vice Fletcher promoted

No. 6 Company, Glanford.

To be Lieutenant:

Corporal Wellington A. Young, M.S., vice Wells promoted.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

No. 3 Battery, Garrison Artillery, Quebec.

To be Captain:

1st Lieutenant Henry David Morgan, G.S., vice The Honorable Charles Edward Stewart Ruthven, left limits.

Montreal Company of Engineers.

To be 1st Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant Henry Goodwin, G.S., vice Ambrose Duffy who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Lieutenant James William Moffatt (Infantry Certificates V.B. 1st, M.S. 2nd) from No. 4 Company, 32nd Battalion, vice Goodwin, promoted.

5th Battalion "Royal Scots Fusiliers," Montreal.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Henry H. Lyman, V.B., vice Caverhill, promoted.

To be Lieutenants:

2nd Lieutenant John Lithgow, M.S., vice Cross, promoted.

2nd Lieutenant John Hood, M.S., vice Esdaile, promoted.

2nd Lieutenant James Alexander Lawrason Strathy, M.S., vice Lyman, promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :
Edward B. Ibbotson, Gentleman, vice Lithgow,
promoted.

To be Assistant Surgeon :
Casey Albert Wood, Esquire, vice Burland, pro-
moted.

6th Battalion "Fusiliers," Montreal.

To be Captain :
Lieutenant James Donald Anderson, Junior, M.S.,
vice James Mackinnon, deceased.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :
Jeffrey Hale Burland, Gentleman, vice G. C.
Stephen, promoted.

The resignation of Lieutenaut James Hector M.
Harte is hereby accepted.

17th "Levis" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 5 Company, St. Henri.

To be 2nd Lieutenant :
Ulric Légaré, M.S., from Retired List of Lieutenants,
vice Alexis DeRousselle whose resignation is
hereby accepted.

No 6 Company, St. Lambert.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :
Onésime Dion, Gentleman, vice Adelad Campbell,
failed to qualify.

51st Battalion of Infantry, "Hemmingford Rangers."

No. 1 Company, Havelock.

To be 2nd Lieutenant :
Sergeant Samuel Barr, M.S., vice Frederick T.
Boardman whose resignation is hereby accepted.

53rd "Sherbrooke" Battalion of Infantry.

This Battalion has been authorized to use on its
Battalion Color, the Device and Motto of which the
following is a description :—

The Battalion numeral, **LIII**, in Roman characters,
surrounded by a circle inscribed with the word
"Sherbrooke." The whole enclosed by a wreath of
Roses, Shamrocks, Thistles and Maple leaves, sur-
mounted by a Royal Crown. Underneath, a Beaver
above a scroll bearing the motto "*In hoc signo
vinces.*"

No. 2 Company, Sherbrooke.

Adverting to the appointment, in No. 2 of General
Orders (9) 12th May, 1882, of Lieutenant Alfred
Cecil Hale Bowen, the word "provisionally" is to be
omitted, Lieutenant Bowen being the holder of a
2nd Class Certificate of Qualification from a Board of
Volunteer Officers.

54th "Richmond" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 2 Company, Flodden.

To be 2nd Lieutenant :
Sergeant William J. Booth, M.S., vice Andrew Bell,
whose resignation is hereby accepted.

To be Surgeon :
Thomas Louis Brown, Esquire, vice William Telliard
Ward, left limits.

84th "St. Hyacinthe" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 3 Company, St. Simon.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :
Sergeant Aimé Valcourt, vice Norbert Duhaine,
left limits.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :
Sergeant Norbert Larochel, vice Robert Garbois,
failed to qualify.

85th Battalion of Infantry.

No. 1 Company, St. Jerome.

To be Captain :
Lieutenant Charles E. T. de Montigny, V.B., vice
Laviolette, resigned.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :
Sergeant Charles Moranville, vice de Montigny,
promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :
Theodore Grignon, Gentleman, vice Wilfrid T.
Lapointe, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

87th "Quebec" Battalion of Infantry.

To be Quarter-Master :
2nd Lieutenant (Provisionally) Damase Bélanger,
from No. 4 Company, vice Blondeau, appointed
Pay-Master.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

67th Battalion "Carleton Light Infantry."

No 6 Company, Grand Falls.

To be Lieutenant :
Sergeant Arthur Herbert McLaughlan, M.S., vice
Beckwith, promoted.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

69th "1st Annapolis" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 3 Company, Granville.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :
Sergeant Morrison O. Wade, vice William Leonard
Wade, left limits.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

2nd Lieutenant William H. Disbrowe, C.C., Winni-
peg Troop of Cavalry ; from 20th April, 1882.

PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Prince Edward Island Provisional Brigade of
Garrison Artillery.

No. 2 Battery, Charlottetown.

To be 1st Lieutenant, provisionally :
Henry Wallace Davison, Gentleman, vice Daniel
Davis, Junior, left limits.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally :
John Augustus Longworth, Gentlemen, vice Palmer
appointed Paymaster.

To be Adjutant, with rank of 1st Lieutenant, specially
and provisionally :
Walter Augustus Ormsby Morson, Gentleman.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Captain Thomas Ives, V.B., No. 2 Company, Prince
County Provisional Battalion.
Lieutenant Isaac Henderson, V.B., No. 1 Company,
82nd Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant Daniel Stewart, V.B., No. 3 Company, 82nd Battalion.
 2nd Lieutenant William Scott, V.B., No. 1 Company, 82nd Battalion.
 The above confirmations of rank to date from 27th April, 1882.

No. 3.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

ROYAL SCHOOLS OF GUNNERY.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

GUNNERY CERTIFICATE.

FOURTH CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

Gunner and Driver Patrick Doyle, "B" Battery, R.S.G.

INFANTRY CERTIFICATE.

FIRST CLASS "SHORT COURSE."

Captain William Clay Thompson, 39th Battalion.

BOARDS OF EXAMINERS.

PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATES.

Captain Thomas Ives, Prince County Prov. Battalion.
 Lieutenant Isaac Henderson, 82nd Battalion.
 2nd Lieutenant Daniel Stewart, 82nd do
 do William Scott, 82nd do

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

CAVALRY CERTIFICATES.

FIRST CLASS.

2nd Lieutenant William H. Disbrowe, Winnipeg Troop Cavalry.

SECOND CLASS.

Lieutenant Cornelius Knight, Winnipeg Troop Cavalry.
 Sergeant H. T. Shelton do

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
 Adjutant General of Militia,
 Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the 12th day of May, 1882, incorporating William Robert Bell, of the town of Brockville, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, farmer; John Northwood, of the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, in said Province, farmer; Herman Joseph Eberts, of the said town of Chatham, Gentleman; Robert Crawford, of the said town of Brockville, Gentleman; William Northwood, of the said town of Chatham, maltster; Thomas Caldwell Elwood, of the city of Toronto, electrician; Edmund Burritt, of Easton's Corners in the township of Welford, in said Province, farmer; William Ryan Thistle, of the city of Ottawa, in the said Province, lumber merchant; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, miller, of Milford, in the county of Brandon, and Charles Frederick Houghton, of the city of Winnipeg, Gentleman; both of the Province of Mani-

toba, in the said Dominion, for the purpose of acquiring, settling and conveying lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories of Canada, of improving, cultivating building upon and otherwise improving the same, of buying and selling grain and other products of the soil, of carrying on farming in all its branches. Of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses and other stock, of buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing in lands and all manner of interest in lands, of advancing money to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed on and of carrying on trade as general manufacturers, merchants, millers and forwarders and for establishing agencies in Canada or elsewhere for the purposes aforesaid, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as may be necessary and incident thereto; but nothing herein contained shall authorize the company to act as a loan company within the meaning of the Act, by the name of "The Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of six hundred thousand dollars divided into six thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this second day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
 Secretary of State.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st May, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,772,613 10
Excise.....	538,605 86
Post Office.....	113,689 24
Public Works, including Railways.	286,283 03
Miscellaneous	144,581 49
	<u>\$ 2,855,772 72</u>
Less Receipts from Dominion Lands transferred to Capital.....	473,556 65
	<u>\$ 2,382,216 07</u>
Revenue to 30th April, 1882.....	27,171,980 05
	<u>\$29,554,196 12</u>
Expenditure.....	\$2,783,685 38
do 30th April, 1882	19,770,127 68
	<u>\$22,553,813 06</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
 Ottawa, 1st June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of May, 1882, incorporating George Frederick Austin, of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, civil engineer; Thomas Ferris Nellis, of the same place, barrister at law; William Ryan Thistle, of the same place, lumber merchant; Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, Esquire; Joseph Merrill Currier, of Ottawa aforesaid, Esquire; McLeod Stewart, of the same place, Esquire; William George Perley, of the same place, lumber merchant; John Alexander

Gemmill, of the same place, barrister at law, and William Anderson Allan, of the same place, merchant, for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise acquiring and working mines, minerals and mining rights, lands, hereditaments and chattels in the Dominion of Canada, and crushing, smelting and reducing and amalgamating the ore and rendering marketable the produce, and developing the resources of the same mines, and crushing, smelting, reducing and amalgamating the produce of any mines whether belonging to the said company or not. Also to construct or aid in and subscribe towards the construction, maintenance and improvement of roads, tramways, docks, piers, wharves, viaducts, aqueducts, flumes, ditches, quartz mills, mills, orehouses and other buildings and works which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the said proposed company. Also to construct, charter and employ vessels for the purposes aforesaid and for the purpose of transporting the produce of the mines and works to any place or places within the Dominion of Canada, or elsewhere,—by the name of "The Austin Mining Company," with a total capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into fifty shares of five dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State, this 29th day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

49-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 26th May, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 23rd instant, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that there may be paid to the proprietor of any leather dressing establishment, in Canada, a drawback equal to five per cent. ad valorem, on the value on which duty has been paid on "Goat skins, tanned", but not further dressed, waxed, glazed or dyed, imported into Canada for the purpose of being finished, upon satisfactory proof that such "Goat" skins have been finished at such establishment by being so dressed, waxed, glazed or dyed, and under such further regulations and restrictions as the Honorable the Minister of Customs may deem necessary.

By command,

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

48-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 26th May, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 23rd instant, and under the authority vested in him by sec. 11 of 44th Victoria, chap. 11, has been pleased to order and direct that the following article be placed on the free list, subject to such regulations as may be laid down by this Department, viz:

"Foot Grease," the refuse of the cotton seed after the oil is pressed out.

By command,

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

48-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877", letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twelfth day of May, 1882, incorporating Nathaniel Clarke Wallace, of the Village of Woodbridge, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, merchant, a member of the House of Commons of Canada; Silas James, provincial land surveyor; James Armstrong, student-at-

law; John Jeremiah Cook, merchant; Alexander Gilbert Lightbourne, accountant; Elgin Schoff barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the said Province; James Duncan, of Emery, in the said Province, farmer; John Duncan, of Richmond Hill in said Province, farmer, and Robert Nathaniel Taylor, of Elder Mills, in the said Province, farmer; for the purpose of the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same.

The advance of money to assist settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayments for such advances and on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railways and of steamboats or other vessels or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all the necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incidental thereto,—by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company," with a total capital stock of three hundred thousand dollars divided into three thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-sixth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

48-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of May, 1882, incorporating Henry Stark Howland, banker, William Rees Brock, merchant, John Ginty, contractor, John Gillespie, merchant, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in our Dominion of Canada; George A. Mettlebury, real estate agent, and Jeffrey Hall Brock, real estate agent, both of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, in our said Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of (a) the acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories. (b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same. (c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same. (d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging, and generally dealing with lands, and all manner of interests in land including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting; settlers by way of bonus, or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus for the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and for aiding all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed

expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interests of said company or of settlers upon the said lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,—by the name of "The Dominion Lands Colonization Company," with a total capital stock of one million dollars divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-sixth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

48-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the eleventh of May, 1882, incorporating Edward Gurney, the younger, manufacturer, John Edward Rose, barrister at law, and Alexander Sutherland, Doctor of Divinity, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; Dennis Moore, of the City of Hamilton, in the said Province, manufacturer, Richard Brown, of said City of Toronto, merchant, William Glass, of the City of London, in said Province, Sheriff, William Briggs, Clergyman, Henry E. Clarke, manufacturer, Daniel McLean, merchant, Edward Hartly Dewart, Doctor of Divinity, John Thomas Moore, accountant, John Jacob Withrow, manufacturer, Samuel John Hunter, Clergyman, Charles Douglas Warren, merchant, all of the City of Toronto; Leonard Garty, of the City of London aforesaid, Clergyman, and Robert Warren, of the Town of Niagara, in said Province, yeoman, for the purpose of—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba, and the North West Territories.

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same.

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus for the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works that may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interests of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers or are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country, and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,—by the name of "The Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Company, Limited," with a total capital stock of

five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of May, 1882.

48-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the third day of May, 1882, incorporating Thomas Allen Stevens, William Pearce Turner, James Burns, Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, Joseph Seymour Fallows and John Elliott, all of the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, manufacturers; Henry Taylor, of the same place, broker; Charles Murray, of the same place, banker; Benjamin Cronyn, of the same place, barrister, and John Labatt, of the same place, brewer, for the purpose of carrying on a general brass and iron foundry business and manufacturing agricultural, electrical and other machines and appliances, and engines of every description, and of dealing in such machines, appliances and engines and in all kinds of brass and other metal goods, by the name of "The Stevens, Turner and Burns Foundry and General Manufacturing Company, limited," with a total capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of fifty dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this nineteenth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

47-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the third day of May, 1882, incorporating Alexander G. Ramsay, General Manager of the Canada Life Insurance Company, William Hendrie, Esquire, and Adam Brown, Esquire, all of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; John Dunlop, of the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, in the said Province, Esquire; James Crowther, Esquire; James Scott, merchant, William Mulock, Esquire, Edmund Boyd Osler, Esquire, and Robert H. Bethune, Cashier of the Dominion Bank, all of the City of Toronto, in the said Province, for the purpose of acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories, the colonizing, settling and selling lands, the surveying and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon lands, the buying and selling of grain and the products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and dealing generally with lands and all manner of interest in lands, the advance of money to assist settlers and the securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner, by way of mortgage or agreement, as may be mutually agreed upon, the erecting or acquiring saw mills and the manufacture and sale of lumber, the breeding, raising, buying and selling of cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising, by the name of "The Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company," with a total capital stock of one million dollars, divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this Nineteenth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

47-3'

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th April, 1882, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st March, 1882.	Deposits for April, 1882.	Total.	Withdrawn, April, 1882.	Balance, 30th April, 1882.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	548,895 83	44,614 97	593,510 80	38,790 43	554,720 37
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	437,638 00	105,750 08	543,378 08	75,421 90	467,956 18
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,328,441 62	67,449 00	1,395,893 62	62,019 10	1,333,874 52
Nanaimo.....	139,161 33	4,831 00	143,992 33	4,062 84	139,929 49
New Westminster.....	187,4 9 07	10,821 00	198,253 07	6,821 57	191,431 50
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	141,897 29	6,054 00	147,951 29	3,589 63	144,361 66
Antigonish.....	43,328 48	984 00	44,312 48	12,967 03	31,345 46
Annapolis.....	129,019 27	6,047 77	135,067 04	7,303 87	127,763 17
Arichat.....	124,248 66	1,234 00	125,482 66	1,373 00	124,109 66
Acadia Mines.....	30,025 25	753 00	30,778 25	1,000 32	29,777 93
Baddeck.....	42,902 83	1,441 00	44,343 83	1,775 13	42,568 70
Bridgewater.....	23,051 88	1,035 00	24,086 88	597 00	23,489 88
Barrington.....	36,170 52	1,154 00	37,324 52	632 33	36,692 19
Digby.....	64,232 71	4,337 00	68,569 71	5,294 88	63,274 83
Guysboro'.....	48,119 19	1,679 00	49,798 19	1,602 00	48,196 19
Halifax.....	2,388,813 73	62,741 63	2,451,555 36	111,710 78	2,339,844 58
Kentville.....	113,971 45	15,804 00	129,775 45	14,850 08	114,925 37
Liverpool.....	113,896 49	2,471 00	116,367 49	2,201 42	114,166 07
Lingan.....	12,391 84	512 00	12,903 84	130 00	12,773 84
Lunenburg.....	95,132 04	3,225 00	98,357 04	1,697 13	96,659 91
Maitland.....	46,755 98	1,172 00	47,927 98	1,283 00	46,644 98
New Glasgow.....	102,525 69	3,231 00	105,756 69	2,233 00	103,523 69
Parrsboro'.....	40,269 94	781 00	41,050 94	1,535 76	39,515 18
Port Hood.....	48,190 06	2,955 00	51,145 06	802 13	50,342 93
Pictou.....	41,532 49	1,429 00	42,961 49	545 50	42,415 99
Shelburne.....	35,288 65	6,983 00	42,271 65	1,316 00	40,955 65
Sydney.....	167,682 03	3,154 00	170,836 03	1,455 98	169,380 05
Sherbrooke.....	32,304 30	411 00	32,715 30	345 00	32,370 30
Truro.....	199,672 35	14,707 00	214,379 35	12,995 45	201,383 90
Wallace.....	8,991 50	1,600 00	10,591 50	391 00	10,200 50
Windsor.....	365,371 75	16,005 00	381,376 75	5,265 28	376,111 47
Weymouth.....	51,807 81	1,913 00	53,720 81	274 80	53,446 01
Yarmouth.....	323,686 80	11,311 00	334,997 80	11,941 17	323,056 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	65,440 24	2,632 00	68,072 24	2,080 42	65,991 82
Chatham.....	186,778 13	5,322 00	192,100 13	5,451 57	186,648 56
Dalhousie.....	155,447 33	1,446 00	156,893 33	3,326 01	153,567 32
Dorchester.....	23,812 55	2,184 84	25,997 39	.....	25,997 39
Fredericton.....	291,042 73	16,975 00	308,017 73	9,269 96	298,747 77
Hillboro'.....	21,220 93	284 00	21,504 93	323 00	21,181 93
Moncton.....	126,622 53	9,358 00	135,980 53	7,790 78	128,189 75
Newcastle.....	122,492 82	5,144 00	127,636 82	1,865 23	125,771 59
Richibucto.....	66,523 13	718 00	67,241 13	900 00	66,341 13
St. Andrews.....	204,606 13	3,128 00	207,734 13	2,518 39	205,215 74
St. John.....	1,638,347 13	33,453 00	1,671,800 13	38,514 57	1,633,285 56
Sussex.....	26,479 59	1,722 00	28,201 59	400 00	27,801 59
Woodstock.....	216,891 65	12,925 00	229,816 65	6,474 86	223,341 79
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	806,415 89	65,063 00	872,478 89	41,401 68	831,077 21
Total.....	11,469,960 61	569,958 29	12,039,918 90	514,640 97	11,525,277 93

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 31st May, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, (exclusive of British Columbia,) for April, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	74,776 00	6,563 00	81,339 00
do Fisheries.....	336,632 00	342 00	336,974 00
do Forest.....	962,384 00	86,213 00	1,048,697 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,003,698 00	21,317 00	1,025,015 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,152,489 00	17,053 00	2,169,542 00
Manufactures.....	197,500 00	43,696 00	241,196 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	67,204 00	8,686 00	75,890 00
Totals.....	4,794,683 00	183,970 00	4,978,653 00
Coin and Bullion.....		306,495 00	306,495 00
Grand Ttal.	4,794,683 00	490,465 00	5,285,148 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 2nd June, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada and the Duty Collected thereon, during the month ending 31st January, 1882.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	1,302 00	254 93
Agricultural Implements.....	"	2,503 00	641 30
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals. 7,287	4,082 00	1,086 57
Animals.....	\$	1,304 00	260 80
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	79,026 00	13,646 04
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	22,413 00	5,771 70
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 486,991	422,877 00	57,629 68
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 14,146	61,768 00	6,065 11
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	9,887 00	3,494 38
Candles.....	Lbs. 16,791	2,342 00	571 05
Chicory.....	" 3,905	2,303 00	868 86
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 86,133	332,289 00	47,828 27
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 58,350	7,614 00	1,202 22
" " U. States.....	" 9,853	1,628 00	382 53
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	10,465 00	1,342 30
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	2,410 00	381 95
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	1,252,009 00	283,697 19
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	41,325 00	9,467 86
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	26,228 00	7,312 50
Fancy Goods.....	"	201,276 00	42,384 61
Fish.....	"	5,336 00	1,058 04
Fruit, Dried.....	"	57,981 00	14,051 81
" green, &c.....	"	26,572 00	5,220 88
Furs.....	"	31,540 00	4,746 55
Glass and Glassware.....	"	56,757 00	13,334 23
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	2,649 00	793 95
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	159,061 00	39,765 25
Hops.....	Lbs. 31,114	8,504 00	1,866 84
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	838,880 00	176,792 21
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	38,022 00	9,110 25
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	18,392 00	2,348 89
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	131,586 00	28,102 94
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	9,350 00	1,732 13
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	37,916 00	8,073 92
Musical Instruments.....	"	35,536 00	10,002 25
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 291,508	38,481 00	20,988 06
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 37,152	19,042 00	4,234 80
Paints and Colors.....	\$	17,735 00	3,024 24
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	87,852 00	21,457 66
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,036 00	310 80
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,722,327	139,548 00	17,921 88
Butter.....	" 572	126 00	22 88
Cheese.....	" 3,020	529 00	90 61
Lard.....	" 128,979	14,727 00	2,579 58
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	5,054 00	799 52
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 21,385	182 00	25 69
Seeds.....	\$	21,742 00	3,269 35
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	315,138 00	92,654 65
Soap of all kinds.....	"	2,416 00	647 98
Spices, ground and unground.....	"	6,189 00	1,281 45
Starch.....	Lbs. 28,479	1,857 00	569 58
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals. 66,722	56,764 00	74,825 09
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	" 20,912	18,750 00	13,201 60
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 978	6,711 00	4,074 05
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 167,378	6,862 00	4,075 48
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 4,823,257	172,947 00	88,058 84
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 2,968,276	105,718 00	46,556 79
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 36,219	1,194 00	585 26
" Melado, &c., &c.....	"		
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 74,407	3,119 00	1,479 62
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 17,460	5,587 00	1,396 75
Molasses not for refining.....	" 108,757	34,032 00	5,334 60
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 292,736	60,064 00	13,210 54
" United States.....	" 105,348	18,862 00	6,793 00
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 14,001	19,085 00	10,435 63
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	79,327 00	19,769 51
Woollen manufactures.....	"	668,572 00	176,875 57
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs. 1,553	682 00	46 59
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	545,150 00	123,812 41
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$6,418,213 00	\$1,561,705 83
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		4,939 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,298,967 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 7,722,119 00	\$1,561,705 83

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of April, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st March, 1882	\$8,561,758 65	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$396,104 03
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	558,329 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	4,465 50	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,661,854 80
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	63,594 32
	9,124,553 15		8,728,449 12
			9,124,553 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 22nd May, 1882

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debts. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900)	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,933—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Build. and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash.....	Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333).....	Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association.....	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.....	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock.....	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stancilife, General Manager, Montreal.....	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock.....	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200)	Fire and Life.
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000.....	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Guarantee and Accident.
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£21,000 stg. Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B).....	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.....	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815)	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont... ..	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p.c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Life.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915).....	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.. ..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal..	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court. The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims. The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1st MAY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELEOTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Algoma Mills.....	.....	Algoma.....O.	James Townley.
Avonry.....	Sombra.....	Bothwell.....O.	Peter Knight.
Bardolph.....	Adolphustown.....	Lennox.....O.	H. B. Seeley.
Barrie Island.....	Barrie.....	Algoma.....O.	Peter Archdekin.
Becher (re-opened).....	Sombra.....	Bothwell.....O.	Henry Roebuck.
Carholme.....	Walsingham.....	Norfolk, S.R.....O.	James Smith.
Chance Harbour.....	.....	Pictou.....N.S.	Daniel Cameron.
Clappison.....	Flamborough East.....	Wentworth, N.R.....O.	H. Clappison.
Courtice.....	Darlington.....	Durham, W.R.....O.	C. W. Lent.
Dennistown.....	.....	Inverness.....N.S.	John Gillies.
Dog Creek (re-opened).....	.....	Cariboo Lilloet.....B.C.	W. H. Wright.
Dracon.....	Garafraxa.....	Wellington, C.R.....O.	John Young.
Kings Wharf.....	Emily.....	Victoria, S.R.....O.	James C. Leary.
Lac à la Tortue.....	Notre Dame de Mont Carmel	Champlain.....Q.	Joseph Brunelle.
Lakeport.....	Haldimand.....	Northumberland, E.R.....O.	H. J. Matthews.
Lourdes.....	Somerset.....	Mégantic.....Q.	George Nadeau.
Lidcote.....	Chatham.....	Kent.....O.	D. D. Purdy.
Newcombe.....	.....	Lunenburg.....N.S.	James Newcombe.
Riverdale Junction.....	Caledon.....	Cardwell.....O.	James Graham.
St. Cyprien.....	Hocquart.....	Témiscouata.....Q.	Grégoire Dallaire.
Shippigan Island.....	.....	Gloucester.....N.B.	Jacques Godin.
Ullswater (re-opened).....	Watt.....	Muskoka.....O.	George Bunn.
Wilbur.....	.....	Westmoreland.....N.B.	Nathan E. Wilbur.
Wilsonville.....	Townsend.....	Norfolk, N.R.....O.	Peter L. Hays.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Basswood.....Co. Welland, O.
Newport Point.....Co. Gaspé, Q.

NAMES CHANGED.

Close Mills, Co. Lennox, O.....to Chambers.
Kerry, Co. Prescott, O.....to St. Alfred de Prescott.

SUB OFFICE MADE A REGULAR POST OFFICE.

St. Féréol.....Co. Montmorency, Q.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE
D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 30TH APRIL, 1882.

CAPITAL.			LIABILITIES.								
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 600,000 00	\$ cts. 254,456 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,770,841 17	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 93,203 73	\$ cts. 6,298,501 31
City and District Savings Bank.....											
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,009,107 87	83,000 00	121,183 90	3,213,291 77

ASSETS.

	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
City and District Savings Bank.....	\$ cts. 2,500 00	\$ cts. 1,395,386 50	\$ cts. 600 00	\$ cts. 2,587,002 62	\$ cts. 1,619,484 95	\$ cts. 814,872 45	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 437,966 24	\$ cts. 7,037,812 76
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	721,490 48	.....	1,008,459 15	127,430 22	1,081,116 43	83,000 00	237,220 00	131,834 22	3,485,580 44

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

• Including landed property of Bank \$341,295 10

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 10th May, 1882.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60	168,227 35		
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25	5,620,094 75		
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	56,381 92	30,812 06		
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00	664,525 00		
\$500 & \$1000.....	8 167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00	7,907,500 00		
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77	14,391,159 16		

Fractional Notes.....	168,227 35
Provincial "	67,347 06
Montreal issue.....	6,889,145 50
Toronto "	4,828,332 00
Halifax "	1,760,552 00
St. John "	653,487 75
Victoria "	24,067 50
Total	\$14,391,159 16

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 30th April.....	2,330,862 55
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,250,862 55
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16	1,439,115 91
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16	2,158,673 86
	\$3,597,789 77
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,653,072 78
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,391,159 16.....	10,793,369 25
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,206,630 75

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,653,072 78
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	1,206,630 75
Total Excess.....	2,859,703 53

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th May, 1882.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of April, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	266,178 93	.....
Malt Liquor.....	50 00	.....
Malt	37,283 02	.....
Tobacco	154,278 68	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	966 75	.....
Manufactures in Bond.....	3,117 23	.....
Seizures	1,809 80	.....
Other Receipts	515 00	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....		464,199 41
Canals.....		4,862 97
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.....		1,887 00
Minor Public Works.....		287 38
Culling Timber.....		821 31
Inspection of Weights and Measures.....		2,881 87
Inspection of Gas.....		255 00
Bill Stamps.....		131 69
Total		475,326 63

E. MIALl,
Assist. Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 26th May, 1882.

48-tf

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts, for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words. each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community;

or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the Rainy River Improvement Company.

Wm. BANNERMAN.
Ottawa, 19th May, 1882. 47-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the British Canadian Cable and Telegraph Company for the purpose of laying a cable from a point in Scotland to Greenland, thence by the Hudson Bay to Winnipeg; with the right to extend telegraph lines along any railroad or post road in Manitoba or the North West Territories of Canada.

Wm. BANNERMAN.
Ottawa, 19th May, 1882. 47-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882. 39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants, and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle Farm Syndicate," (Limited.) The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or

of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Winnipeg, with branches at Toronto and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in fifty thousand shares of ten dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of the applicants are as follows:—Jay C. Richardson, of the city of Cincinnati, United States of America, Esquire; James Whealy, of the city of Winnipeg, in the county of Selkirk, yeoman; Alonzo King, of the town of Woodstock, in the county of Oxford, book-keeper; Robert B. Watson, of the city of Winnipeg, contractor; Rankin Dawson, M.D., of the city of Winnipeg; Edward Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; Josiah Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; Theodore S. Covernton, M.D., of the city of Winnipeg; Louisa Black, of the city of Winnipeg, milliner; Elizabeth Smith, of the city of Winnipeg, widow; Lou A. Stackhouse, of the city of Winnipeg, spinster; Thomas S. M. Cool, of the city of Winnipeg, lumber merchant; George Fraser, of the city of Winnipeg, Esquire; David Ede, of the city of Winnipeg, marble manufacturer; Rufus Atkinson, of the city of Winnipeg, Esquire; Peter Mabey, of the town of Simcoe, in the county of Norfolk, auctioneer; Joseph A. Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; George J. Stoddart, of the city of Winnipeg, clerk; Thomas Prest, of the city of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Esquire, and William Cowan, jr., of the same place, Esquire; Oliver Austin, of the town of Simcoe, Esquire.

The first fifteen of said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

J. B. McARTHUR,
Solicitor for applicants.
Dated at Winnipeg, 23rd May, 1882. 49-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," incorporating the applicants hereinafter named and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is the "Dominion of Canada Kennel Club (Limited.)"

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:

To import, buy, breed, sell, train and exchange such breeds of dogs, as may from time to time appear advisable to the Club, in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

To hold public exhibitions of dogs, such as bench shows and field trials in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

To compile, publish and sell, or procure to be compiled, published and sold a national stud book, in which dogs of every breed, whelped or owned in the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere, can be registered.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Ottawa in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is four thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be four hundred and the amount of each share ten dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: The Honorable Edgar Dewdney, Lieutenant Governor of the North West Territories of Canada, of Battleford, in the North West Territories; The Honorable Adolphe P. Caron, Minister of Militia and Defence of Canada, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario; Zebulon Aiton Lash, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario aforesaid, Queen's Counsel; Lindsay Russell, of Ottawa, Esquire, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior of Canada; Christopher Robinson, of the said City of Toronto, Queen's Counsel; Lieutenant-Colonel W. Osborne Smith, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba; Duncan C. Plumb, of the town of Niagara, in the County of Lincoln, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Alonzo Wright, of Ironsides, in the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, in the Province of Quebec; H. Bailey Harrison, of Tilsonburg, in the County of Oxford, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Edmund F. Stephenson, of the said City of Winnipeg, Esquire; Frederick Percy Austin, of the said City of Ottawa, Esquire; Frederick H. D. Veith, of the City of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Anderson Allan, of the said City of Ottawa, Esquire; John Gilmour of Ottawa, aforesaid, Esquire; Arthur Owens F. Coleman, of Ottawa aforesaid, Veterinary Surgeon; Charles V. M. Temple, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; James S. Niven, of the City of London, in the said Province of Ontario, Physician; and John Domville, of the Town of Rothesay, in the Province of New Brunswick, Esquire. Of whom the said Lindsay Russell, Arthur Owens F. Coleman, Frederick Percy Austin, John Gilmour, and William Anderson Allan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 2nd June, 1882. 49-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," by the Honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, Senator; Robert Doull, M.P., of Pictou, Nova Scotia; John Alexander Mackenzie, of Sarnia, Ontario, barrister; Frank Egerton Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, miller; Hugh MacMahon, Q.C., of London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, of Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., immigration agent; William Pugsley, Jr., of the City of St. John, New Brunswick, barrister; Leigh Richmond Harrison, of the said City of St. John, barrister, and Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, also of the said City of St. John, barrister, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To acquire lands and other property in the province of Manitoba, and the North-West Territory; to colonize, settle, improve and sell the said land and develop the resources thereof of every nature; to survey, divide up and build upon the same; to develop and work fisheries along the shores of Long Lake; to erect and establish stores on said property and to purchase and vend goods of every description; to buy, sell, grant, convey, lease, rent, mortgage and generally deal with lands and all manner of interests in lands; to advance money and assistance to settlers on land or goods purchased from the company and to secure the repayment of such advances, with such interest as may be agreed upon; to make, provide, give aid to and use roads, railways, tramways, telegraph lines, vessels, steamers, wharves and all other

works and means of transport necessary upon the lands and waters of the company, or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company.

3. The principal place of business of said company will be in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of said company will be four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The several persons hereinbefore described will be the first provisional directors of said company.

MACKENZIE, GURD & KITTERMATER,

Solicitors for applicants, Sarnia, Ont.

Dated 15th April, 1882.

49-6

THE NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY OF CANADA (LIMITED).

NOTICE is hereby given that by a resolution passed at a meeting of the shareholders of the above company held on the 17th day of May, 1882, the directors of the above company were authorized to apply for letters patent to be incorporated under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," and notice is hereby given that after the expiration of one month after the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* an application will be made on behalf of the above company to His Excellency the Governor in Council for letters patent to incorporate the said company under the said Act.

By order,

ANDREW RUTHERFORD,

Manager.

Dated at Toronto, this 18th day of May, 1882. 47-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Prince Albert Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration unto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or

export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the province of Ontario, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$100,000, divided into 4,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants, viz:—William Sharples, merchant, Thomas McGrevey, contractor, both of the city of Quebec, in the province of Quebec; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, barrister at law, Philip Robblin Palmer, insurance agent, and James Coleman Jamieson, publisher, all of the city of Belleville, in the province of Ontario; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, in said province of Ontario; Hugh Sutherland, lumber merchant, and James Albert Manning Aikens, barrister at law, the last two of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba; David Gilmour, lumber merchant, and William Jeffs, grain merchant, the last two of the town of Trenton, in said province of Ontario; and Duncan Charles Plumb, of the town of Niagara, in said province of Ontario, gentleman.

The first or provisional directors are the aforesaid William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGrevey, Philip Robblin Palmer and Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, all of whom are British subjects.

FORBES & HILTON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Trenton, 15th May, 1882.

47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic, under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Standard Homestead Company of Canada."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are:—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon, granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—James Moffat, of the City of London, a lieutenant colonel of Militia; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, of the City of Toronto, one of Her Majesty's Counsel; Andrew S. Irving, of the City of Toronto, manager Toronto News Co.; W. Barclay McMurrich, mayor of City of Toronto, barrister at law; Alexander Gemmel, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Sanderson Percy, of the City of Toronto, wholesale paint and oil merchant; Bernard Saunders, of the City of Toronto, merchant tailor; Andrew J. Somerville, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Richard J. Hovenden, of the City of Toronto, fresco painter; William Robins, of the City of Toronto, accountant; Samuel Davison, of the City of Toronto, commission merchant; William Roaf, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law; Peter B. Ball, of the City of Toronto, agent; Edward R. C. Clarkson, of the City of Toronto, accountant and official assignee; Christopher W. Bunting, of the City of Toronto, managing director Mail Printing Company; George Birrell, of the City of London, merchant; Robert Lewis, of the City of London, Esquire; Charles F. Goodhue, of the City of London, Esquire; Isaac Waterman, of the City of London, manufacturer; Robert McIntosh, of Rapid City, Manitoba, doctor of medicine; Daniel Spry, of the Town of Barrie, P.O. inspector, and Henry Bickford, of the Town of Dundas, manufacturer. The said James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrich, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden and William Robins are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 18th May, A.D., 1882.

47-6

NOTICE.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal to grant a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company by the name of "The German Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property or any interest therein from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or from any body corporate or any person or persons, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money to assist immigrants.

(e) To aid by way of bonuses in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising on any lands acquired or to be acquired by said company.

(i) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j) To erect, build and construct saw mills, grist mills, woollen mills and manufactories of every description on the lands of the company.

(k) And for such powers to have all necessary powers of borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto, but nothing herein contained shall constitute the company a loan company.

The town of Walkerton or the city of Toronto to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$100,000. There are to be 1,000 shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: the following residing in the town of Berlin, in the Province of Ontario, Hugo Kranz, merchant, and Frederick Snyder, tinsmith; James Dunlop Gemmill, of the city of Montreal, Esquire; Alexander Shaw, of the town of Walkerton, Q. C.; Robert Porteous, of the village of Paisley, banker; George Randall, of the town of Waterloo, Gentleman, and John Charles Brennan, of the city of Ottawa, merchant; and the said Hugo Kranz, Frederick Snyder, James Dunlop Gemmill, Alexander Shaw, Robert Porteous, George Randall John Charles Brennan are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

SHAW & ROBERTSON, of Walkerton,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Walkerton, 16th May, 1882. 47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey and real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 12th May, 1882.

46-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Bell, of the Town of Wingham, in the county of Huron, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, ex-Reeve of Wingham; John Kaine, of the Township of Howick, in said County, banker, ex-Warden of the County of Huron; Henry William Christian Meyer, of the said Town of Wingham, barrister-at-law, Reeve of Wingham; James Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, grain merchant, ex-Reeve of Howick; Henry Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, merchant; John Sanderson, of the village of Wroxeter, in the said County, merchant; Isaac Francis Toms, of the Town of Goderich, in the said County, Junior Judge; John Somerville Tennant, of the village of Lucknow, physician Benjamin Willson, of the said Town of Wingham, private banker, ex-Mayor of Wingham, and Robert Webster, of the Township of Ashfield, in said County, farmer, Reeve of said Township of Ashfield.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The County of Huron North West Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory, in the Province of Manitoba, or elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills, and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

3. The Town of Wingham, in the County of Huron, and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company, is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into fifteen hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional directors of the company are the said above mentioned intended applicants, Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins and Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER & DICKINSON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Wingham, Ont., 8th May, 1882.

46-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Foresters Colonization Society of Canada (limited)." 2.

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the City of London, merchant; John Taylor, of the City of London, barrister at law; Oronhyatekha, of the City of London, physician; John Stewart Dewar, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Towe, of the City of London, insurance agent; Thomas Peel, of the City of London, merchant; Alexander Greig Fenwick, of the City of London, physician; Melville DeBlois Dawson, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Stephenson Crummer, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman; William Henry Street, of the City of London, physician; Peter Toll, of the Town of London East, builder; Edmund Botterell, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Duff, of the City of London, manufacturer; William Maurice Moore, of the City of London, real estate agent; John Alonzo Nelles, of the City of London, insurance agent; Henry Crotty, of the City of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Richard Maxwell McElheran, of the City of London, journalist; John Parker Thomas, of the City of Belleville, barrister at law; Theophilus Stanfield, of the City of London, agent; Robert Moore, of the town of Simcoe, manufacturer; Alexander Sutherland Murray, of the City of London, jeweller; Archibald McPherson, of the City of London, merchant; Robert James Halle, of the Town of Chatham, insurance agent; Walter Scott Williams, of the Town of Napanee, barrister at law; Benjamin Watson Greer, of the City of London, painter; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, of the City of London, physician; Thomas Glass Davey, of the City of London, news agent, G.W.R.; William Nelson Yerex, of the City of London, Principal of London Commercial College; Alexander Henry, of the Town of Napanee, President of Napanee and Tamworth Railway; Alexander McCleneghan, of the Town of Woodstock, postmaster; John Richard Flock, of the City of London, physician; Samuel Payne, of the City of London, physician; George McBroom, of the City of London, merchant; George Charwood Jolly, of the Town of London West, Gentleman.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada: Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville DeBlois Dawson, Edward Stephenson Crummer, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edmund Botterell, William Duff and William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,

Solicitors for applicants.

London, 8th May 1882.

46 6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's previous

notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named as the applicants therefor, for a company under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Shell River Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought, are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving, and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration onto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Belleville or the Town of Trenton, both in the County of Hastings, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$300,000, divided into 6,000 shares of \$50 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants:—David Gilmour, lumber merchant, William Jeffs, grain merchant, George Henry Gordon, merchant, William Ford Baker, grain merchant, John Hendricks, yeoman, Anson Green Whittier, merchant, all of Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, printer and publisher, George Dean Dickson, barrister, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, barrister, Cornelius James Starling, contractor, all of Belleville; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, Charles Ashley, carriage maker, Stephen Allen Lazier, manufacturer, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, merchant, all of Foxboro; James Stalker Hamilton, yeoman, and Peter Rockwell Daly, yeoman, both of Halloway.

The first or provisional directors of the company are the aforesaid David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allan Lazier and Charles Ashley, all of whom are British subjects residing in Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,

Solicitor for applicants.

Belleville, 4th April, 1882.

46-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rawbone Gun and Manufacturing Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in fire-arms, ammunition, skates and sporting and sportsmen's requisites, and acquiring, disposing of and working patents relating thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be one hundred thousand dollars in one hundred shares of one thousand dollars each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Joseph Loxton Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Richard Hoskin, Gentleman, William George Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Orlando Dunn, general agent, William Case Adams, dentist, John Dunn, cattle dealer, Hamilton Kane, banker, and Henry Seton Strathy, banker, all of Toronto; George Dempsey Cushman, of the city of New York, in the State of New York, Gentleman; and Ebenezer Hooper, of the village of Boston, in the county of Norfolk, Ontario, Gentleman.

6. The said Joseph Loxton Rawbone, William George Rawbone, and Orlando Dunn are to be the first or provisional directors.

MCCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB & CREELMAN,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Toronto, 4th May, 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned:

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Nova Scotia Steel Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the making steel from scrap steel, scrap iron, and pig iron, the product to be manufactured into plow plates, spring steel, steel springs, &c.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one hundred and sixty and the value of each share one thousand dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and callings of each of the applicants are—

James D. McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Graham Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; James Matheson Carmichael, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Fitz William Stairs, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, manufacturer; Henry Skeffington Poole, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, mining engineer; George Forrest McKay, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; Andrew Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, accountant; Duncan Cameron Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, barrister; Angus Chisholm, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; James Eastwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, jeweller; William Stewart, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, contractor; George William Underwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Robert Spratt McCurdy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Donald Grant, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; George McDougall, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Archibald Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Heywood McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Adam Carr Bell, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, druggist; James Roy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, trader; John Ross, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, farmer; Simon Albert Fraser, of New

Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; John Benjamin Burland (in trust), of Montreal, Province of Quebec, agent; John Smith McLean, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; John Alexander Matheson, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; Thomas Bayne, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; James Farquhar, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Alexander Forrest, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Thomas Andrew Ritchie, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, Gentleman; Thomas Cummings, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, clergyman; Catherine Dickson, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, widow; Thomas Watson, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank manager; John McKeen, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank clerk; Howard Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Clarence Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Roderick McKenzie, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; John Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; William Grant Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Patterson Grant, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Senator; Daniel McDonald, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, collector of customs; William McDonald, of Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, medical doctor; Henry Marshall Jost, of Guysborough, in the County of Guysborough, merchant; Jonathan Hartley, of Pirate Cove, in the County of Guysborough, merchant.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 1st day of May, A.D., 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company, as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The High Wood Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Thorburn, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Hoskin, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister-at-law; John Lang Blaikie, of the said City of Toronto, President of the Canada Landed Credit Company; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, broker; Alexander Gunn, M.P., of the City of Kingston, in the County of Frontenac, merchant; James Trow, M.P., of the Village of Shakespeare, in the county of Perth, in the said Province, Esquire, and McLeod Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire.

Whereof the said John Thorburn, James Trow, John Lang Blaikie and McLeod Stewart are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 5th May 1882.

45-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act, 1877," that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Ottawa Land Company" (Limited).

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—

(a) The purchasing or otherwise acquiring of lands or any interest therein in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling, selling, leasing, mortgaging and otherwise dealing with the said lands.

(c) The surveying, laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same.

(d) To receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the land sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written,

subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(e) To construct and repair ordinary roads and bridges to assist emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, with branches at Winnipeg and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The intended amount of its capital is two hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be two thousand and the amount of each share one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:— Charles Magee, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Eli Lanford of the City of Hamilton, merchant; Duncan McArthur, of the City of Winnipeg, banker; James Albert Manning Aikens, of the City of Winnipeg, barrister-at-law; the Honourable Corydon Parslow Brown, of the City of Winnipeg, Minister of Public Works; and the Honourable Donald MacInnes, of the City of Hamilton, Senator; all of whom are to be first or provisional directors of the said company and are residents of Canada.

KILVERT & DUGGAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Hamilton, this 24th day of April, 1882. 44-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877" to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Dight, miller, John Fox, merchant, Francis Winnette Ball, bank manager, Bernard Stanley, merchant, William Stanley, miller, Lewis Cann, merchant, and Robert Fox, insurance agent, all of the village of Lucan, in the County of Middlesex and Province of Ontario; James Marr, of the Township of McGillivray, in said County, farmer; William Murdoch, of the Township of Adelaide, in said County, farmer; and Daniel Neil, of the Township of Biddulph, in said County, farmer.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The North Middlesex Colonization Company of Lucan, Canada."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

(6) To work all mines of coal, lignite, or other minerals that may be found upon the said lands.

3. The village of Lucan, in the Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company is one hundred thousand dollars divided into two thousand shares of fifty dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional Directors of the company are the said above-named intended applicants:—Thomas Dight, John Fox,

Francis Winnette Ball, Bernard Stanley, Robert Fox
and James Marr.

STREET & BECHER,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, Ont., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants and others who may become shareholders as a company in and by the name of "The North West Land and Grazing Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are :—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) The acquiring by purchase, lease, exchange, gift or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of lands or any interest in lands or any timber limits in the said North West Territory or any other part of the Dominion of Canada; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of all the lands, timber limits or personal property, rights or privileges so acquired, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money or other security at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon, and with power to retain a lien for the purchase money on the lands or interests sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or assignment, subject to conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed upon.

(c) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(d) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Governments as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(e) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company thereof as the law may allow.

(f) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(g) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(h) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(i) The construction, maintenance and repair of ordinary roads and bridges.

(j) The assisting immigrants from other countries to come to Canada and settlers to proceed from one Province to another, and to aid their settlement upon lands in Canada.

(k) And power to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada, and for the promotion of immigration into Canada.

(l) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(m) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company.

(n) To erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

5. There are to be one thousand five hundred shares, each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say :

Legh Richmond Harrison, of the city of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, barrister-at-law ; John Livingston, of the said city and province, journalist ; Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, of Rockland, in the County of Westmoreland and Province aforesaid, quarry manager ; Alfred Markham, of Markhamville, in the county of Kings, and province aforesaid, mining engineer ; William Pugsley, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Gentleman ; William Rairnie, of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Gentleman ; Edward G. Scovil, of the Parish of Simonds, in the city and county of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, manufacturer ; of whom the said Legh Richmond Harrison, John Livingston, Thomas Morrison Mackelvie, Alfred Markham and William Pugsley are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

L. R. HARRISON,
Solicitor for applicants:

Saint John, N. B., April 25, 1882.

44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of the applicants, and others who may become associated with them as a joint stock company under the name of "The St. Lawrence Manufacturing Company."

The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the manufacturing, buying and selling fixtures and fastenings for windows, blinds and awnings ; for purchasing and using or selling any letters patent of invention which may be of use to the company in connection therewith ; for the purpose of buying and using or selling any other letters patent of invention as may be thought expedient by the directors of the company, and of manufacturing, buying and selling such other goods, ware and commodities as to the directors of said company may seem expedient.

The capital stock of the company is to be fifty thousand dollars. The number of shares is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of five dollars.

The City of Montreal is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows :—

Charles Edgar Kennedy, of Hatley, in the County of Stanstead, Province of Quebec, trader ; Charles Carroll Colby, M.P., of Stanstead, in said County ; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, of the City of Sherbrooke, in said Province, Esquire ; Frederick Fairman, of the City of Montreal, in said Province, merchant ; Robert Baker May, of said City of Montreal, printer ; John Gilman Elder, of the town of Derby, in the State of Vermont, trader, and Stiles Frost of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, trader.

All the said applicants will be the first or provisional directors of the company.

CHAS. C. COLBY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Montreal, 3rd April, 1882.

44-6

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies, Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Edmonton and Ontario Colonization and Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories, from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals; the colonizing, settling and selling the said land; the survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same; the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands; the advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; the erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber; the breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horse, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 5,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Bossom Ashford Mitchell, of the City of London, merchant; William John Reid, of the same place, merchant; John William Little, of the same place, merchant; John Marshall, of the same place, merchant; Frederic Ardill Fitzgerald, of the same place, merchant; Thomas McCormick, of the same place, merchant; Charles Richardson, of the same place, merchant; James Watson, of the same place, merchant; Alfred Robinson, of the same place, Gentleman; Henry Dawson Long, of the same place, merchant; William Lind, of the same place, merchant; George Burns, of the same place, merchant; Joseph Atkinson, of the same place, merchant; Thomas Muir, of the same place, merchant; and George Robinson, of the same place, merchant.

The above named applicants, who are all residents of Canada, are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

FRASER & FRASER,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at London, Ontario, 24th day of April, 1882.
44-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Settlers Colonization Company (limited)."

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

3

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;
(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money, and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise and the securing payment of such advances with interest, on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein, required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, with branches in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be three hundred thousand dollars in three thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—Thomas Lailey, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Stark, of the city of Toronto, broker; John Dryden, of the village of Brooklin, Esquire; Humphrey Ewing Buchan, of the city of Toronto, doctor of medicine; William Stewart, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; James Watson, of the city of Toronto, Esquire; Edward John Stobo, of the town of Peterboro, clergyman; William Buck, of the city of Brantford, iron founder; Charles Raymond, of the city of Guelph, manufacturer; Archibald Alexander Cameron, of the city of Ottawa, clergyman; George Booth, of the city of Toronto, manufacturer; William Elliot, of the city of Toronto, merchant; John Harvard Castle, of the city of Toronto, Doctor of Divinity; William Muir, of the city of Toronto, clergyman; William Joseph Copp, of the city of Hamilton, iron founder; George Richardson, of the village of Colborne, clergyman; Frederick Beyers, of the village of Carleton Place, iron founder.

The eleven first named are to be the provisional directors, and all reside in Canada.

C. J. HOLMAN,
Solicitor for applicants.

Toronto, 20th April, 1882.

43-7

MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 14.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Monday, the 3rd day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Wednesday, the 5th day of July next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 23rd May, 1882.

49-5

UNION BANK OF LOWER CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 33.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Monday, the third day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at their Banking house, in the City of Quebec, on Monday, the Third day of July, 1882. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,
P. MACLEWEN,
Cashier.

Quebec, 27th May, 1882.

49-4

STANDARD BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 13.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. for the current half-year upon the paid-up capital of the Bank has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Monday, the third day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th day of June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors will be held at the Banking-house of the Institution, on Wednesday, the 12th of July next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,
J. L. BRODIE,
Cashier.

Standard Bank of Canada,
Toronto, 22nd May, 1882.

49-3

THE PLANTERS BANK OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the books for the subscription of stock in the Planters Bank of Canada will be opened at Montreal and Toronto, on the first day of June, A.D., 1882.

By order,
RD. TRUAX,
Sec. to the Provisional Board.

Montreal, 26th May, 1882.

49-1

NOTICE is hereby given that a general meeting of Provisional Directors of the Rapid City Central Railway Company, will be held at the Queen's Hotel, in the City of Toronto, at noon, on the ninth day of July next, for the purpose of opening stock books, and for such other business as may then be legally transacted.

Ottawa, 25th May, 1882.

49-6

THE CANADA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, by, and on behalf of the Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company, that it intends to cease to carry on business in Canada, and that it has made an application to the Government for the release of its securities deposited with the Receiver General, and that such application will be presented for hearing and determination, on the 7th day of September next, (1882); and all Canadian policy holders, opposing such application are hereby required to file their opposition with the Minister of Finance on or before said day, and attend on the hearing and determination of said application.

CHARLES CAMERON,

Managing Director and Secretary.

Dated this 30th day of May, 1882.

49-13

NOTICE is hereby given that the books of the Great Western Railway Company kept at the office in Canada for the registration of shares, will be closed from the fourteenth day of June to the day of the special general meeting of the company appointed to be held on the twenty-ninth day of June instant, both days inclusive, and transfers cannot be received between those dates.

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.
49-4

Dated 3rd June, 1882.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875 AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the matter of The Mechanics Bank, a body corporate and politic and having its head office in the City and District of Montreal, Insolvent.

THE undersigned, James Court, of the City of Montreal, assignee in this matter, hereby give notice that I have made a call (being the fifth) of twenty per cent. upon the shareholders of said Bank, both ordinary and preferential, on the amount of their double liability under sections 57, 58 and 59 of the Banking Act of 1871, (34 Vict., chap. 5), said call being payable at my office, No. 22, Saint John Street, in the City of Montreal, on Wednesday, the fifth day of July next, 1882.

JAMES COURT,
Assignee.

Montreal, 2nd June, 1882.

49-1

THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY (OF CANADA).

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E. C., on Thursday the twenty-ninth day of June next, at one o'clock, P. M. precisely, for the purpose of considering an agreement between the directors of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada and the directors of The Grand Trunk Railway Company, having for its object the consolidation of the undertakings of the two companies into one undertaking under the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 16 Vict., cap. 39, intituled: "An Act to empower any railway company whose railway forms part of the main trunk line of railway throughout this Province to unite with any other such company or to purchase the property and rights of any such company and to repeal certain Acts therein mentioned incorporating railway companies," and under the powers conferred by the several Acts amending or extending that Act, and for the purpose of either ratifying or disallowing such agreement in manner required by those Acts or one of them, by such agreement and in accordance with the provisions of the before mentioned Acts the following among other objects are proposed to be effected as from the first July, 1882.

1. The consolidation of the undertakings of the two existing companies into one undertaking under a single company.

2. The taking over by the single company of the liabilities of the two existing companies but without prejudice to the rights of creditors and other persons having claims against the undertaking or portions of the undertaking of each of the two existing companies.

3. The retainer of the stock of each of the two existing companies as a separate distinct class of stock under the titles of Great Western stock, representing the existing stock of the Great Western Company, and Grand Trunk stock representing the existing stock of the Grand Trunk Company.

4. The division of the net profits of the consolidated undertaking after payment of interest on borrowed capital, rents of leased lines, and all other outgoings

between the two classes of stocks as follows, namely, 30 per cent to Great Western stock and 70 per cent to Grand Trunk stock.

5. But if the 30 per cent. appropriated to Great Western stock is in any year insufficient to pay five per cent. per annum on the preference portion, and three per cent. per annum on the ordinary portion of that stock, then the deficiency to be made good out of the 70 per cent. appropriated to Grand Trunk stock, and all sums paid to make good such deficiency to be recouped out of any surplus remaining in any subsequent year, of the 30 per cent. after discharging interest at the before mentioned rates on the Great Western stock.

6. One third, as nearly as may be, of the directors of the consolidated undertaking to be qualified by holding Great Western stock and the other two thirds by holding Grand Trunk stock.

7. The making all proper arrangements consequent on the consolidation in manner above proposed of the two undertakings, and for preserving the rights of the holders of each class of stock, regulating the number and time and mode of election and qualification of Directors, the voting powers and all other matters required to be provided for in relation to the affairs of the two existing companies, and the rights of the stockholders and shareholders therein, or in the consolidated undertaking, or otherwise arising out of the consolidation, including the appointment of Trustees to receive and distribute moneys applicable to the Great Western Stock.

By order,

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

No. 142, Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C.
25th May, 1882.

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E.C., on Thursday the twenty-ninth day of June next, at one o'clock p.m. precisely, for the purpose of considering an agreement between the directors of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada and the directors of the Great Western Railway Company having for its object the consolidation of the undertakings of the two companies into one undertaking under the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 16 Vict. cap. 39 intituled "An Act to empower any railway company whose railway forms part of the main trunk line of railway throughout this Province to unite with any other such company or to purchase the property and rights of any such company and to repeal certain Acts therein mentioned incorporating railway companies," and under the powers conferred by the several Acts amending or extending that Act and for the purpose of either ratifying or disallowing such agreement in manner required by those Acts or one of them. By such agreement and in accordance with the provisions of the before mentioned Acts, the following among other objects are proposed to be effected as from the first July, 1882.

1. The consolidation of the undertakings of the two existing companies into one undertaking under a single company.

2. The taking over by the single company of the liabilities of the two existing companies but without prejudice to the rights of creditors and other persons having claims against the undertaking or portions of the undertaking of each of the two existing companies.

3. The retainer of the stock of each of the two existing companies as a separate distinct class of stock under the titles of Great Western Stock, representing the existing stock of the Great Western

Company, and Grand Trunk stock representing the existing stock of the Grand Trunk Company.

4. The division of the net profits of the consolidated undertaking after payment of interest on borrowed capital, rents of leased lines, and all other outgoings between the two classes of stocks as follows, namely, 30 per cent. to Great Western stock and 70 per cent. to Grand Trunk stock.

5. But if the 30 per cent. appropriated to Great Western stock is in any year insufficient to pay five per cent. per annum on the preference portion, and three per cent. per annum on the ordinary portion of that stock, then the deficiency to be made good out of the 70 per cent. appropriated to Grand Trunk stock, and all sums paid to make good such deficiency to be recouped out of any surplus remaining in any subsequent year, of the 30 per cent. after discharging interest at the before mentioned rates on the Great Western stock.

6. One third, as nearly as may be of the directors of the consolidated undertaking to be qualified by holding Great Western stock and the other two thirds by holding Grand Trunk stock.

7. The making all proper arrangements consequent on the consolidation in manner above proposed of the two undertakings, and for preserving the rights of the holders of each class of stock, regulating the number and time and mode of election and qualification of directors, the voting powers and all other matters required to be provided for in relation to the affairs of the two existing companies, and the rights of the stockholders and shareholders therein, or in the consolidated undertaking or otherwise arising out of the consolidation, including the appointment of Trustees to receive and distribute moneys applicable to Great Western Stock.

By order,

H. W. TYLER,
President.
J. B. RENTON,
Secretary.

Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C.
25th May, 1882.

48-tf.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

DIVIDEND No. 30.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. upon the capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Monday, the 3rd day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th of June to the 2nd day of July, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Banking House, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 11th day of July next.

The chair will be taking at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

W. N. ANDERSON,
General Manager.

Toronto, 23rd May, 1882.

48-5

BANQUE DE SAINT-JEAN.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the office of this bank, in St. John's, on and after Monday, the third day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 19th to the 30th June next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

PH. BAUDOUIN,
Cashier.

St. John, 22nd May, 1882.

48-5

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of five per cent. per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Monday, the 3rd July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of June next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. E. BRAIS,
Cashier.

Montreal, 25th May, 1882.

48-5

NOTICE is hereby given by the Stadacona Fire and Life Insurance Company (in liquidation), in pursuance of the statute of the Dominion Parliament passed the 17th day of May, 1882, intituled, "An Act to amend and extend the Act to empower the Stadacona Fire and Life Insurance Company to relinquish their charter and to provide for the mode of winding up their affairs"—that it is enacted as follows:—

1. Every person, company, body corporate or creditor whatsoever, having or claiming to have any claim or demand against the company, which is denied, not admitted or not recognised by it, shall be bound to proceed for the recovery thereof in some court of competent jurisdiction within one year from and after the passing of this Act; and in default of so doing within such delay, such person, company, body corporate or creditor shall be for ever deprived of the right of making such claim or demand.

2. Notwithstanding anything contained in section eight of the Act above cited, creditors who are unknown, have disappeared, are unrepresented or are not to be found, and who have not, either personally or by attorney, preferred their claim to the company, either for dividend or otherwise, within the aforesaid term of one year, shall be held to have abandoned the same, and to have renounced their right to any future dividend, and the final liquidation of the affairs of the company shall be proceeded with as though such persons or such claims had never existed.

Notice is also given that a first dividend has been declared by the liquidators on the 15th December, 1880.

CH. A. ERN. GAGNON,
A. LETELLIER,
J. M. BERNIER, Pst.,
Liquidators.

Quebec, 20th May, 1882.

48-2

THE KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the sixth call (5 p.c.) on the new issue of capital stock of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway will be payable on or before the 12th day of June, 1882, at the office of the company, in Kingston.

By order,
GEO. OSBORNE,
Secty. Treas.

Kingston, 11th May, 1882:

47-4

NORTHERN, NORTH WESTERN AND SAULT
STE. MARIE RAILWAY.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the proprietors of this company will be held at the Queen's Hotel, in the City of Toronto, on Wednesday, the 7th day of June next, at

12 o'clock, noon, to elect directors for the ensuing year, and for other purposes.

The stock and transfer books will remain closed from Friday, the 2nd, to Wednesday, the 7th proximo.

By order of the Board,

ADAM BROWN,
President.

Toronto, 17th May, 1882.

47-3

ONTARIO BANK

DIVIDEND No. 49.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of six per cent. to the first of June next, upon the capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Saturday, the 17th day of June.

The transfer books will be closed from the 3rd to the 17th of June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of stockholders for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank,
Toronto, 18th May, 1882.

47-5

METROPOLITAN BANK IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice, it is the intention of the liquidators to distribute among the shareholders of the Bank, any balance then remaining unclaimed with all interest accrued thereon of the amount reserved as a provision for the payment of the ordinary indebtedness and unredeemed circulation of the Bank, remaining unpaid when the last dividend payable to the shareholders is declared in accordance with the provisions of the Act 40 Vic., chap. 56.

By order of the Liquidators.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secretary.

Montreal, 13th May, 1882.

46-4

ONTARIO BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general Meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of directors for the ensuing year will be held at its Banking house in this City, on Tuesday the twentieth day of June next.

The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

A dividend of six per cent. will be paid in June next, on the stock of the Bank as intended to be reduced by the special Act now before the Dominion Parliament, and a formal declaration of said dividend will be made so soon as said Act receives the Royal assent.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Toronto, 28th April, 1882.

45-7

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city and at its branches on and after Thursday the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 5th day of June next. The chair to be taken at one o'clock.

By order of the Board,

A. MACNIDER,
Assistant General Manager,
Montreal, 25th April, 1882. 44-6

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :—

OTTAWA, 23 mai 1882.

LE LIEUTENANT COLONEL ADAM PEEBLES, Magistrat de Police de la Cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba ; Commissaire en vertu des dispositions de la 9me section de l'Acte 41 Vict. chap. 17, pour accorder, à sa discrétion, un permis ou des permis d'avoir et porter des armes, dans la cité de Winnipeg, et de les révoquer de temps à autre.

ANDREW CHARLES ELLIOTT, écuyer, de la cité de Victoria, dans la province de la Colombie Britannique ; Commissaire en vertu de l'acte 32-33 Vic., chap. 24, tel qu'amendé par l'acte 33 Vic., chap. 28, et pour les fins d'icelui.

JOSEPH M. CURRIER, écuyer, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario ; Maître de Poste de la cité d'Ottawa.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.
—SALUT :

ATTENDU que par et de l'avis et du consentement de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous avons jugé à propos de DISSOUDRE le présent parlement du Canada, qui se trouve prorogé au VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

SACHEZ MAINTENANT, qu'à cette fin Nous publions Notre présente Proclamation Royale, et par icelle DISSOLVONS en conséquence le dit Parlement du Canada, et les Sénateurs et les Membres de la Chambre des Communes sont en conséquence exemptés de

s'assembler et d'être présents le dit VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier du Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITE d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui les présentes parviendront—SALUT.

ATTENDU que c'est notre désir et détermination de rencontrer aussitôt que faire se pourra, Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous faisons connaître par les présentes Notre volonté et Plaisir Royal de convoquer un Parlement, et Nous déclarons de plus que, de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous AVONS CE JOUR donné des Ordres pour l'émanation de Nos Writs en due forme pour convoquer un Parlement dans Notre dite Puissance, lesquels Writs seront en date du DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI courant et retournables le SEPTIÈME jour d'AOUT prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, Député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITE d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront—SALUT :

SACHEZ que, désirant et ayant résolu, aussitôt que faire se pourra, de rencontrer Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en

Parlement, Nous, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, par ces présentes convoquons la Chambre des Communes dans et pour Notre dite Puissance, et la sommons de se réunir en Notre cité d'Ottawa, en Notre dite Puissance, LUNDI, le SEPT-

IÈME jour d'AOUT prochain, pour là et alors conférer et traiter avec les Grands Hommes et le Sénat de Notre dite Puissance.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de LORNE), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que dans et par un acte passé en la quarante-unième année de Notre Règne, chapitre dix-sept, et intitulé "Acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence dans certaines parties du Canada" il était entre autres choses décrété que, lorsque, de l'avis du Gouverneur en Conseil, il serait nécessaire, pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence, que le présent acte fût appliqué à tout comté, cité ou ville, ou autre district municipal ou judiciaire, dans toute province ou territoire du Canada, le Gouverneur en Conseil pourrait, par une proclamation qui devra être publiée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, déclarer que, à compter d'un jour qui y sera désigné, le dit acte devrait s'appliquer à tel comté, cité, ville ou autre district municipal ou judiciaire.

Et attendu qu'il a été de plus pourvu par le dit acte qu'il continuera en vigueur jusqu'à la fin de la session alors prochaine du parlement.

Et attendu que par des actes passés dans les quarante-deuxième, quarante-troisième et quarante-quatrième années de Notre Règne, le dit acte a continué en vigueur de session en session, et par un acte passé dans la quarante-cinquième année de Notre Règne, chapitre trente-huit et intitulé "Un acte pour maintenir encore en vigueur pendant un temps limité l'acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes, 1878," le dit acte a continué en vigueur jusqu'à la fin de la session prochaine du Parlement.

ET ATTENDU que de l'avis de Notre Gouverneur en Conseil, il est nécessaire pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence que le dit acte soit appliqué à la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba, dès et à compter du premier jour de juin, dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur, mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux.

ET ATTENDU que Notre Gouverneur en Conseil a ordonné que le dit acte soit, par proclamation, déclaré s'appliquer à la dite cité dès et à compter du dit jour :

SACHEZ DONC que par notre présente proclamation royale, et par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous proclamons, ordonnons et déclarons que dès et à compter du premier jour de juin, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, le dix acte passé en la quarante-unième année de Notre Règne, chapitre dix-sept, et intitulé "Acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence dans certaines parties du Canada, jusqu'à la fin de la prochaine session du Parlement," s'appliquera et sera en vigueur en la dite cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce VINGT-TROISIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

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Ci-suit un résumé des dispositions de l'acte mentionné dans la proclamation ci-dessus, savoir : —

Les mots "district proclamé" lorsque employés ci-après, signifient un endroit auquel le présent acte pourra avoir été appliqué par une proclamation émise sous son autorité; et le mot "arme" comprend tout fusil, carabine, revolver, pistolet ou autre arme à feu, ou fusil à air et toute partie de pareille arme, et toute balle, poudre, cartouche ou munition, et toute épée, lame d'épée, baïonnette, pique, tête de pique, dard, tête de dard, dague, poignard, couteau-poignard, ou autre instrument destiné à trancher ou poignarder; et toutes jointures d'acier ou de métal, bâton plombé, garcette, et toute autre arme meurtrière ou dangereuse de même nature.

A compter du jour y désigné et durant tout le temps que la proclamation qui précède restera en vigueur, il ne sera permis à qui que ce soit, n'étant pas un juge de paix, ni un officier, soldat, matelot ou volontaire, au service de Sa Majesté, étant de service, ou un constable ou autre officier de paix, ni une personne porteur d'un permis en vertu du présent acte, de porter ou avoir, dans les limites du district proclamé, ailleurs qu'à son domicile ou dans son magasin, sa boutique ou son comptoir, aucune arme; et quiconque portera ou aura quelque arme contrairement à la présente disposition, sera coupable de délit et sera passible, sur conviction du fait, d'emprisonnement dans toute prison ou tout lieu de détention, pendant un terme de pas plus de douze mois.

Il sera loisible à toute personne quelconque de saisir et appréhender tout individu qui sera trouvé porteur de quelque arme dans le district proclamé, contrairement au dit acte, et de remettre cet individu le plus tôt possible à la garde de quelque constable ou officier de paix, afin qu'il soit immédiatement conduit devant quelque autorité judiciaire compétente pour être traité suivant la loi.

Il sera loisible à tout juge de paix, constable ou autre officier de paix, de fouiller tout individu qu'il soupçonnera être porteur d'une arme dans le district proclamé, contrairement au dit acte, et de saisir et enlever à cet individu toute arme ainsi portée, et de la garder et détenir pour l'usage de Sa Majesté.

Tout juge de paix pourra, sur le serment d'un témoin digne de foi, déclarant qu'il croit que des

armes sont gardées dans quelque maison ou lieu situé dans le district proclamé, dans le but d'être portées dans le district proclamé contrairement aux dispositions de la troisième section du dit acte, émettre son mandat à tout constable ou officier de paix, de faire une perquisition et de saisir ces armes; et tel constable ou officier de paix, ou toute personne lui aidant, pourra faire cette perquisition; et s'il est trouvé des armes dans cette maison ou ce lieu, il pourra les saisir et les détenir.

Si l'entrée de cette maison ou de ce lieu n'est pas accordée après avoir été demandée, tel constable ou officier de paix comme susdit, et toute personne lui aidant, pourra, en tout temps entre le lever et le coucher du soleil, y entrer de force afin de faire la perquisition et la saisie.

A moins que la personne dans la maison ou sur la propriété de laquelle ces armes auront été trouvées ne prouve, dans les quatre jours qui suivront la saisie, à la satisfaction du juge de paix, qu'elles n'étaient pas dans cette maison ou dans ce lieu afin d'être portées dans le district proclamé, contrairement aux dispositions de la troisième section du dit acte, elles seront gardées et détenues pour l'usage de Sa Majesté; autrement, elles seront remises à cette personne.

Le Gouverneur en conseil pourra, de temps à autre, nommer une ou plusieurs personnes compétentes pour accorder, à sa ou leur discrétion, un permis ou des permis en vertu du dit acte, d'avoir et porter toute arme dans le district proclamé; et cette personne ou ces personnes pourra ou pourront de temps à autre révoquer tout tel permis; et une copie de cette révocation sera remise à la personne ou laissée au dernier domicile connu de toute personne dont le permis sera par là révoqué, et son permis sera dès lors nul et non avenu.

Quiconque sera accusé d'avoir commis une offense contre les dispositions de la troisième section du présent acte, pourra être traduit devant, et jugé par trois juges de paix, ou un fonctionnaire ou tribunal revêtu par l'autorité législative compétente du pouvoir d'accomplir seul les actes qui doivent être ordinairement accomplis par deux ou plus de juges de paix, en conformité de l'acte passé en la session tenue dans les 32^e et 33^e années du règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 31, intitulé "Acte concernant les devoirs des juges de paix hors des sessions, relativement aux ordres et convictions sommaires."

La production d'un exemplaire imprimé de la *Gazette du Canada*, comportant avoir été imprimé par l'Imprimeur de la Reine, contenant la susdite proclamation, fera preuve probante de l'émission et publication de telle proclamation.

Il sera du devoir de la cour ou du juge de paix devant qui une personne sera convaincue en vertu de la troisième section du dit acte, de garder et détenir pour l'usage de Sa Majesté l'arme pour le port ou la possession de laquelle cette personne a été trouvée coupable.

Rien dans le dit acte n'empêchera qui que ce soit d'être passible, en vertu de tout autre acte ou autrement, de toute autre punition que celle édictée contre toute offense par le dit acte, mais de manière, cependant, que nul ne soit puni deux fois pour la même offense.

Circulaire.

DOWNING STREET, 18 avril 1882.

MONSIEUR,—Relativement à ma dépêche circulaire du 20 janvier dernier, j'ai l'honneur de vous transmettre, pour l'information des habitants de la colonie placée sous votre gouvernement, copie des règlements revus qui régissent l'examen et l'admission des cadets de marine, lesquels seront mis en vigueur pour les examens qui auront lieu après le mois de juin prochain.

J'ai l'honneur d'être, monsieur,
Votre obéissant serviteur,

KIMBERLEY.

A l'administrateur du
Gouvernement du Canada.

RÈGLEMENTS concernant les cadets de marine, pour l'information des aspirants, devant être mis en vigueur après juin 1882.

1. Aux exceptions ci-après, les cadets de marine seront nommés par concours limité.

Quatre cadets seront choisis tous les ans parmi les fils de personnes résidant dans les colonies, sur la recommandation du secrétaire d'Etat pour les colonies.

Il ne sera pas admis plus de cinq cadets de l'armée en tout dans le cours d'un an. Ces cadets seront choisis par le conseil d'amirauté parmi (a) les fils d'officiers de l'armée, de marine, ou de troupes de marine, tués pendant l'action ou perdus en mer étant de service actif, ou tués en devoir, ou morts de blessures reçues pendant l'action ou étant de service, dans les 6 mois à compter de telle action ou blessure; (b) et parmi les fils d'officiers de marine qui ont fait un service long et distingué, et qui occupent ou ont occupé un grade ou grade relatif non inférieur à celui de commandant, sur la liste du service actif. Il ne sera nommé que deux de ces cadets tous les ans.

Les demandes d'admission comme cadets de l'armée devront être adressées au secrétaire militaire des Horse Guards, si l'aspirant est fils d'un officier de l'armée; au secrétaire de l'Amirauté, si l'aspirant est fils d'un officier de marine ou de troupes de marine; et au secrétaire militaire du Bureau des Indes, si l'aspirant est le fils d'un officier de l'armée des Indes.

Les cadets des colonies et de l'armée seront admis après avoir passé l'examen spécifié dans le paragraphe 8, et sous tous autres rapports seront soumis aux présents règlements.

L'examen des aspirants nommés pour concourir, ainsi que des cadets de l'armée, sera conduit par la commission du service civil. Chaque aspirant devra payer la somme de dix chelins.

2. Excepté dans les circonstances spéciales, il ne sera pas admis plus d'un tiers du nombre des aspirants qui se présenteront devant la commission du service civil.

3. Les cadets de marine seront nommés tous les six mois aussitôt que possible après que le rapport du dernier examen aura été reçu.

4. Les examens des jeunes gens qui auront obtenu leur nomination auront lieu à Londres et commenceront le deuxième mercredi de juin et le dernier mercredi de novembre chaque année, et les nominations dateront du 15 juillet et du 15 janvier respectivement.

5. Nul candidat ne pourra passer son examen en juin, à moins que, le 15 juillet suivant, il ne soit dans les limites d'âge ci-après, savoir: qu'il n'ait pas moins de douze ni plus de treize ans et demi; et nul ne sera examiné en novembre s'il ne se trouve dans ces limites d'âge le 15 janvier suivant.

6. Chaque aspirant devra être en bonne santé et exempt de tout défaut physique du corps; il ne devra pas être embarrassé dans sa prononciation, n'avoir aucun défaut de la vue ou de l'ouïe, ni aucune prédisposition à des maladies ou faiblesses constitutionnelles ou héréditaires, et être sous tous rapports bien développé et lesté en proportion de son âge. Avant d'être examiné par les commissaires du service civil, il devra subir l'examen du médecin conformément aux règlements présents, et il devra avoir été trouvé propre au service de la marine. Le rejet à cet examen l'exclura définitivement de la marine.

7. L'aspirant devra produire un certificat de la date de sa naissance, * ou une déclaration à cet effet faite devant un magistrat; (2) un certificat de bonne conduite donné par les maîtres de l'école ou des écoles où il pourra avoir reçu l'instruction pendant les deux années précédentes, ou, s'il a reçu l'instruction à domicile, par son tuteur ou le curé de la paroisse où il résidera; et (3) un certificat de santé.

8. Les aspirants subiront l'épreuve par l'examen sur les sujets suivants:—

Points.

(1.) Arithmétique, y compris les règles de proportion, les fractions ordinaires et décimales.....

250

* Un certificat de baptême ne sera pas accepté.

- (2.) Algèbre, y compris les fractions et les équations simples d'une quantité inconnue..... 175
- (3.) Géométrie : définitions, postulats, axiomes, et sujets des trente six premières propositions des éléments d'Euclide..... 175
- (4.) Anglais : écrire sous dictée ; épellation, 75 ; écriture, 25..... 100
Lire d'une manière intelligente et analyser des phrases faciles..... 100
- (5.) Français : traduction à l'aide d'un dictionnaire, du français en anglais et de l'anglais en français ; lire, analyser et parler..... 200
- (6.) Histoire de l'Écriture Sainte..... 100

Les aspirants seront ne plus examinés sur deux des sujets suivants, à leur choix :

- Mathématiques élémentaires : diverses questions en arithmétique, algèbre (y compris les équations quadratiques, et la géométrie jusqu'à la fin du premier livre des éléments d'Euclide..... 300
- Latin : lecture, analyse et traduction, à l'aide d'un dictionnaire, du latin en anglais et de l'anglais en latin..... 300
- Géographie et Histoire d'Angleterre..... 300

L'ordre de mérite définitif sera déterminé par le total des points obtenus dans l'épreuve ainsi que dans l'examen supplémentaire.

En arithmétique l'aspirant sera tenu d'obtenir les cinq-dixièmes, et dans chacune des autres matières d'examen les quatre-dixièmes des points attribués à ces sujets. Dans l'anglais l'aspirant devra obtenir les quatre-dixièmes des points attribués à chacune des subdivisions du sujet.

9. Les cadets des colonies et de l'armée seront nommés après avoir passé l'examen d'épreuve ; toutefois, ils devront obtenir 660 points en tout, ainsi que la proportion de points exigée en arithmétique et autres sujets, exigée des aspirants qui concourent.

10. Un aspirant qui passera l'examen d'épreuve, mais qui échouera dans le concours, aura le droit de concourir à l'examen suivant, pourvu qu'il soit dans les limites d'âge voulues par les règlements. Nul aspirant n'aura la permission de concourir plus de deux fois. Un aspirant qui échouera à l'examen d'épreuve n'aura pas droit à un nouvel essai, mais il lui sera permis de concourir à l'examen suivant s'il est nommé de nouveau et qu'il soit encore dans les limites d'âge.

11. Un aspirant qui, pour cause de maladie, ne se rendra pas à l'examen pour lequel il aura été nommé, pourra recevoir une seconde nomination pourvu qu'il se trouve encore dans les limites d'âge.

12. Pour tous les cadets entrés sous l'autorité des présents règlements, la somme à payer sera de 70 louis par année pour la période à passer dans le *Britannia*, laquelle somme sera payable semi-annuellement et d'avance entre les mains du comptable général de la marine. Mais les lords commissaires de l'amirauté se réservent le pouvoir de choisir parmi les cadets admis à chaque examen semestriel, un nombre n'excédant pas 10, fils d'officiers de marine, de l'armée ou de troupes de marine, ou d'officiers civils sous l'autorité du conseil d'amirauté, pour lesquels le paiement annuel sera de 40 louis seulement. Dans ce choix leurs Seigneuries n'auront égard qu'aux conditions de fortune dans lesquels se trouveront les cadets.

13. La période d'éducation à bord du *Britannia* sera en quatre termes et il y aura deux termes par année. Le premier terme de chaque année sera de février à juillet, le second de septembre à décembre.

Les vacances seront de cinq semaines à Noël, de deux semaines à Pâques et de six semaines à la mi-été.

14. Il y aura des examens sur l'art de la navigation et la théorie à la fin de chaque terme.

Les cadets qui passeront des examens non satisfaisants, ou qui seront notés de mauvaise conduite, seront "avertis," et ils pourront être renvoyés à la fin du terme suivant ou de tout terme subséquent,

s'ils sont de nouveau notés comme n'ayant pu remporter le nombre voulu de points lors de examens, ou pour conduite non satisfaisante.

Si un cadet est noté de conduite non satisfaisante pendant son dernier terme, il sera renvoyé sans qu'il lui soit permis de se présenter à l'examen pour sortir du *Britannia*.

Tout cadet qui, pour quelque raison que ce soit, paraîtra à leurs Seigneuries être impropre au service sera renvoyé du *Britannia*.

15. Il devra être distinctement entendu que la période d'éducation à bord du *Britannia* est un temps d'épreuve, et les parents ou le tuteur de tout cadet sera tenu de signer une déclaration (lors de l'admission du cadet sur le *Britannia*) à l'effet qu'il sera immédiatement retiré dès qu'avis officiel aura été donné qu'il est regardé comme impropre au service dans la marine.

16. En sortant du *Britannia* les cadets prendront rang suivant la somme de service sur mer qu'ils obtiendront à leur examen final, et ceux qui en obtiendront des sommes égales prendront rang suivant l'ordre de mérite dans lequel ils sortiront du *Britannia*.

17. Les parents ou le tuteur de chaque cadet, seront tenus de lui fournir l'équipement aux règlements en vigueur.

18. Le gouvernement n'allouera pas la paye ni l'argent de poche aux cadets entrés en juin et après juin 1881.

Par ordre de leurs Seigneuries,

ROBERT HALL,

Amirauté, 22 mars 1882.

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ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

COPIE certifiée d'un rapport du comité de l'Honorable Conseil Privé, approuvé par Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil le 23 mai 1882.

SUR un rapport daté du 17 mai 1882, fait par le ministre de la Marine et des Pêcheries et observant qu'en vertu de la 18e section de l'Acte concernant le Pilotage, 36 Vict., chap. 54, sous-section 8, il est réglé que les taux de pilotage pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui marqués dans les tableaux 1 et 2 de la cédula "A" de l'Acte de la législature de la province du Canada, adopté dans la 12e année du règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 114, intitulé : "Acte pour refondre les lois se rapportant aux pouvoirs et devoirs de la Maison de Trinité de Québec, et pour autres fins," ne seront pas changées durant les trois années qui suivront la mise en force de l'Acte 36 Vict., chap. 54, et ne le seront non plus à moins que la part du revenu net de la Corporation des Pilotes échéant chaque année à chacun des membres de la corporation agissant et pratiquant comme pilote pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui ait été moindre que six cents piastres (\$600) en moyenne pour les trois années précédentes.

Le ministre déclare qu'il lui a été représenté que le revenu net de chaque pilote durant les trois dernières années a été de moins que six cents piastres (\$600).

Que des mesures ont été prises par l'adoption d'un bill au parlement pour réduire le nombre des pilotes de manière à obtenir au nombre réduit des pilotes la somme spécifiée de \$600 ou une plus forte, mais comme une année au moins doit s'écouler avant que telle réduction dans le nombre des pilotes puisse être effectuée, le ministre recommande que le règlement ci-joint, adopté par les Commissaires du Havre de Québec à une assemblée tenue le 3 courant, rappelant les taux actuels de pilotage et les augmentant, soit approuvé, tel règlement devant avoir effet et les taux augmentés devant demeurer en force durant la saison de navigation de l'année 1882.

Le comité concourt dans le rapport du ministre de la marine et des pêcheries et conseille en conséquence l'adoption du règlement déposé.

JOHN J. McGEE.

Greffier du Conseil Privé.

Commission du Havre de Québec.

UNE assemblée hebdomadaire des Commissaires du Havre de Québec, tenue à leur bureau dans la basse-ville de la cité de Québec, lieu ordinaire de leurs réunions, mercredi, le troisième jour du mois de mai, en l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, à laquelle assemblée étaient présents les commissaires suivants, savoir :

- P. V. Valin, écr., président,
- L'honorable Thomas McGreevy,
- James Patton, écr.,
- William Rae, écr.,
- Ferdinand Hamel, écr.,
- R. R. Dobell, écr.,
- Julien Chabot, écr., et

Laurent Goudbout, écr., président de la Corporation des Pilotes pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, formant un quorum des dits Commissaires du Havre, le règlement suivant à l'effet d'augmenter les taux de pilotage pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, a été lu pour la première fois, et à une assemblée hebdomadaire subséquente des dits Commissaires du Havre de Québec, tenue au même lieu, mercredi, le dixième jour du mois de mai de la même année, à laquelle étaient présents les Commissaires suivants, formant aussi un quorum, savoir :

- P. V. Valin, écr., président,
- James Patton, écr.,
- Ferdinand Hamel, écr.,
- Julien Chabot, écr.,
- William Rae, écr.,
- R. R. Dobell, écr., et

Laurent Goudbout, écr., président de la Corporation des Pilotes pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, le dit règlement suivant a été lu pour la seconde et dernière fois et adopté, ayant été publié depuis sa première lecture deux fois en langue an-

glaise dans le *Morning Chronicle*, et deux fois en langue française dans le *Canadien*. Ces deux journaux étant publiés à Québec.

Commission du Havre de Québec.

RÈGLEMENT pour augmenter les taux du pilotage pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui.

ATTENDU que la Corporation des Pilotes pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui ayant terminé une période de trois ans, tel que mentionné dans la 18e section de "l'Acte de 1873 concernant le Pilotage," a déclaré dans sa pétition adressée aux Commissaires du Havre de Québec, le vingt et unième jour du mois de février en l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt, dans laquelle elle demande que le taux du pilotage soit augmenté, que la part des revenus nets de la dite Corporation des Pilotes échéant annuellement à chaque membre de la dite Corporation agissant et faisant le service comme pilote pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui a été moindre que six cents piastres (\$600) en moyenne durant les trois années précédemment écoulées, les dits Commissaires du Havre de Québec statuent comme suit :

1. Les taux du pilotage pour le havre de Québec et au-dessous fixés dans les tableaux I et II de la cédule A annexée à l'acte de la Législature de la ci-devant province du Canada passé dans la 12e année du Règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 114, intitulé : "Acte pour refondre les lois et ordonnances relatives aux pouvoirs et aux devoirs de la Corporation de la Maison de la Trinité de Québec et pour d'autres fins," sont par le présent abrogés.

2. A l'avenir les taux de pilotage payables aux Pilotes appartenant à la Corporation des Pilotes pour le havre de Québec et au-dessous, agissant et faisant le service comme tels pilotes, seront comme ne suit :

TABLEAU I.
TAUX DE PILOTAGE POUR LE HAVRE DE QUÉBEC ET AU-DESSOUS.

POUR CHAQUE PIED DE TIRANT D'EAU.					
De	A	Du 1er de mai au 10 de novembre.	Du 10 de novembre au 19 de novembre.	Du 19 de novembre au 1er de mars.	Du 1er de mars au 1er de mai.
L'Ile du Bic ou toute autre place en bas du mouillage du Pot-à-l'Eau-de-Vie jusqu'à l'Ile-aux-Lièvres.....	Poste à mouillage dans le bassin ou havre de Québec.....	\$3 87	\$4 95	\$6 02	\$4 41
Le mouillage du Pot-à-l'Eau-de-Vie en amont de l'Ile-aux-Lièvres, ou toute autre place au-dessus du dit mouillage en aval de la Pointe St-Roch.....	do do	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.
La Pointe St-Roch ou toute autre place au-dessus de cette Pointe ou au-dessous de la Pointe-aux-Pins, sur l'Ile-aux-Grues.....	do do	$\frac{1}{3}$ do	$\frac{1}{3}$ do	$\frac{1}{3}$ do	$\frac{1}{3}$ do
La Pointe-aux-Pins, sur l'Ile-aux-Grues ou toute autre place en bas du Trou-de-St-Patrice.	do do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do
Poste à mouillage dans le bassin ou havre de Québec.....	L'Ile-du-Bic ou le lieu où le pilote sera déchargé, sur la rivière, au-dessous de Québec.....	\$3 40	\$4 46	\$5 54	\$3 93

TABLEAU II.

Taux de pilotage pour le havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui.

De	A	
Tout quai dans le havre de Québec depuis la Pointe-à-Carcy, en bas, et l'extrémité ouest du quai Allan, en haut, ces deux quais inclus.....	Tous autres quais en dedans des dites limites..	\$ cts. 2 50
Toute place dans le havre de Québec n'étant pas en dedans des limites mentionnées ci-dessus.....	Toute autre place dans le dit havre n'étant pas un quai en dedans des dites limites.....	5 00

Les pilotes prenant charge d'un navire au Trou de St. Patrice ou au-dessus n'auront pas droit à plus que le montant alloué dans le tableau II pour le pilotage de vaisseaux d'une place à l'autre dans le havre.

48-3

P. V. VALIN,
Président.
A. H. VERRET,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.
Mardi, 23 mai 1882.
PRÉSENT :
SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

Sur la recommandation du ministre du revenu de l'intérieur et en vertu de l'acte 42 Victoria, chap. 16, intitulé "Acte à l'effet d'amender et "refondre les lois concernant les poids et mesures," il a plu à Son Excellence sur l'avis du Conseil Privé de Sa Majesté pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que les règlements concernant l'inspection des poids et mesures adoptés par un ordre en conseil du 14 août 1879 soient et les dits règlements sont par le présent amendés par l'addition après la section "D" de la section suivante:
DD. Les appareils à peser, connus sous le nom de "balances hydrostatiques," semblables à ceux communément employés pour déterminer la pesanteur du charbon livré à l'orifice du puits, peuvent être vérifiées pour semblable usage et de plus pour peser le charbon livré des barges et navires, pourvu qu'ils indiquent à un deux-centièmes près la pesanteur de la charge.
48-3
JOHN J. McGEE.
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

ORDRES GENERAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX,
OTTAWA, 2 juin 1882.
ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (10).
No. 1.
RÈGLEMENTS DE LA MILICE, 1879.
Règlements relatifs à l'uniforme des officiers.
Insignes relatifs aux grades.

Relativement au paragraphe 977, vu que les officiers de tous grades dans la milice ont la permission de porter l'uniforme de petite tenue à l'exercice ou au camp d'exercice, il est entendu qu'ils pourront aussi porter les insignes relatifs aux grades sur le col des habits-vestes de petite tenue.

No. 2.
MILICE ACTIVE.
—
PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.
Batterie No. 3, artillerie de place, Québec.
Est nommé capitaine :
1er lieutenant Henry David Morgan, E.d'A., vice l'honorable Charles Edward Stewart Ruthven, qui a laissé les limites.
—
Compagnie du génie de Montréal.
Est nommé lieutenant :
Sous-lieutenant Henry Goodwin, E.d'A., vice Ambrose Duffy qui a, par le présent, la permission de se retirer et de conserver son grade.
Est nommé sous-lieutenant, provisoirement :
Lieutenant James William Moffatt (certificats d'infanterie B.V. 1er, E.M. 2e) de la compagnie No. 4, 32e bataillon, vice Goodwin, promu.
—
5e bataillon "Royal Scots Fusiliers," Montréal.
Est nommé capitaine :
Lieutenant Henry H. Lyman, B.V., vice Caverhill, promu.
Sont nommés lieutenants :
Sous-lieutenant John Lithgow, E.M., vice Cross, promu.
Sous-lieutenant John Hood, E.M., vice Esdaile, promu.
Sous-lieutenant James Alexander Lawrason Strathy, E.M., vice Lyman, promu.
Est nommé sous-lieutenant, provisoirement :
Edward B. Ibbotson, gentilhomme, vice Lithgow, promu.
Est nommé aide-chirurgien :
Casey Albert Wood, écuyer, vice Burland, promu.
—
6e bataillon "Fusiliers," Montréal.
Est nommé capitaine :
Lieutenant James Donald Anderson, fils, E.M., vice James Mackinnon, décédé.

Est nommé sous-lieutenant, provisoirement :
Jeffrey Hale Burland, gentilhomme, *vice* G. C.
Stephen, promu.

La démission du lieutenant James Hector M. Harte
est par le présent acceptée.

17e bataillon d'infanterie "Lévis."

Compagnie No. 5, St. Henri.

Est nommé sous-lieutenant :

Ulric Légaré, E.M., de la liste des lieutenants en
retraite, *vice* Alexis DeRousselle dont la démission
est par le présent acceptée.

Compagnie No. 6, St. Lambert.

Est nommé lieutenant, provisoirement :

Onézime Dion, gentilhomme, *vice* Adelad Campbell,
qui n'a pas obtenu de certificat.

51e bataillon d'infanterie "Hemmingford Rangers."

Compagnie No. 1, Havelock.

Est nommé sous-lieutenant :

Sergeant Samuel Barr, E.M., *vice* Frederick T.
Boardman dont la démission est par le présent
acceptée.

53rd bataillon "Sherbrooke."

Ce bataillon est autorisé à porter sur son drapeau
la devise dont suit la description :—

Le numéro du bataillon, **LXIII**, en chiffres romains,
entouré d'une bande portant le mot "Sherbrooke."
Le tout renfermé dans une guirlande de roses, trèfle,
chardon et feuilles d'érable, surmontés d'une couronne
royale. Au-dessous, un castor au-dessus d'un rouleau
portant la devise "*In hoc signo vinces.*"

Compagnie No. 2, Sherbrooke.

Vu la nomination dans le No. 2 des ordres géné-
raux (9) 12 mai 1882, du lieutenant Alfred Cecil Hale
Bowen, le mot "provisoirement" doit être omis; le
lieutenant Bowen étant porteur d'un certificat de
2me classe obtenu d'un conseil d'officiers volontaires.

54e bataillon d'infanterie "Richmond."

Compagnie No. 2, Flodden.

Est nommé sous-lieutenant :

Sergent William J. Booth, E.M., *vice* Andrew Bell,
dont la démission est par le présent acceptée.

Est nommé chirurgien :

Thomas Louis Brown, écuyer, *vice* William Telliard
Ward, qui a laissé les limites.

84e bataillon d'infanterie "St. Hyacinthe."

Compagnie No. 3, St. Simon.

Est nommé lieutenant, provisoirement :

Sergent Aimé Valcourt, *vice* Norbert Duhaime, qui
a laissé les limites.

Est nommé sous-lieutenant, provisoirement :

Sergent Norbert Larochel, *vice* Robert Gadbois,
qui n'a pas obtenu de certificat.

85e bataillon d'infanterie.

Compagnie No. 1, St. Jérôme.

Est nommé capitaine :

Lieutenant Charles E. T. de Montigny, B.V., *vice*
Laviolette, qui a donné sa démission.

Est nommé lieutenant, provisoirement :

Sergeant Charles Moranville, *vice* de Montigny,
promu.

Est nommé sous-lieutenant, provisoirement :

Théodore Grignon gentilhomme, *vice* Wilfred T.
Lapointe, dont la démission est par le présent
acceptée.

87e bataillon d'infanterie "Québec."

Est nommé quartier-maître :

Sous-lieutenant (provisoirement) Damase Bélanger,
de la compagnie No. 4, *vice* Blondeau, nommé
payeur.

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjudant Général de Milice,
Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds
Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les
états fournis au département des Finances à la
nuit du 31 mai dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,772,613 10
Excise	538,605 86
Département des Postes.....	113,689 24
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	286,283 03
Divers	144,581 49
	<u>\$2,855,772 72</u>
Moins—recettes provenant des terres fédérales portées au compte du capital	473,556 65
	<u>\$2,382,216 07</u>
Revenu, 30 avril 1882.....	27,171,980 05
	<u>\$29,554,196 12</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$2,783,685 38
do 30 avril 1882.....	19,770,127 68
	<u>\$22,553,813 06</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,

Député du Ministre des Finances.

Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er juin 1882.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de
"l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compa-
gnies à fonds social" il a été émis des lettres patentes
sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 12 mai
1882, constituant en corps politique William Robert
Bell, de la ville de Brockville, province d'Ontario,
Canada, cultivateur; John Northwood, de la ville de
Chatham, comté de Kent, dite province, cultivateur;
Herman Joseph Eberts, de la dite ville de Chatham,
gentilhomme; Robert Crawford, de la dite ville de
Brockville, gentilhomme; William Northwood, de la
dite ville de Chatham, fabricant de malt; Thomas
Caldwell Elwood, de la cité de Toronto, électricien;
Edmund Burritt, d'Easton's Corners, dans le township
de Wolford, dite province, cultivateur; William Ryan

Thistle, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la dite province, marchand de bois ; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, meunier, de Milford, dans le comté de Brandon, et Charles Frederick Houghton, de la cité de Winnipeg, gentilhomme, tous deux de la province du Manitoba, dans le dit Canada, pour les fins suivantes :—Acquérir, coloniser et transporter des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du Canada ; améliorer, cultiver les dites terres et ériger dessus des habitations ; acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; cultiver, élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux et autres animaux ; acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon ; prêter de l'argent et secourir les colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ; garantir le remboursement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle manière par voie d'hypothèque ou convention qui pourront être arrêtées de part et d'autre ; faire le commerce en qualité de fabricants, marchands, propriétaires de moulins et expéditeurs ; établir des agences en Canada ou ailleurs pour les fins susdites, et pour telles fins posséder tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre et aliéner des biens meubles et immeubles, ainsi que tous autres pouvoirs qui pourront être nécessaires et utiles à ces fins ; mais rien de contenu dans les présentes n'autorisera la compagnie à agir comme compagnie de prêt dans l'intention de l'acte, sous le nom de "La compagnie d'agriculture de la vallée de la Qu'Appelle (limitée)," avec un capital social total de six cent mille piastres divisé en six mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada ce deuxième jour de juin 1882.

49-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, il a été émis sous le grand sceau du Canada des lettres patentes, en date du vingt-septième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique George Frederick Austin, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, Canada, ingénieur civil ; Thomas Ferris Nellis, du même lieu, avocat ; William Ryan Thistle, du même lieu, marchand de bois ; Alexander Walker O'Gilvie, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada, écr., Joseph Merrill Currier, d'Ottawa susdit, écr. ; McLeod Stewart, du même lieu, écr. ; William George Perley, du même lieu, marchand de bois ; John Alexander Gemmill, du même lieu, avocat, et William Anderson Allan, du même lieu, marchand, dans le but d'acheter, acquérir de toute façon et exploiter des mines, minéraux et droits miniers, terres meubles et immeubles dans le Canada ; broyer, fondre, et amalgamer le minerai, le rendre propre au commerce ; développer les ressources des dites mines ; broyer, fondre et amalgamer les produits de n'importe quelle mine, appartenant ou non à la dite compagnie ; construire ou, par des souscriptions, aider à construire, entretenir et améliorer les routes, tramways, bassins, quais, jetées, viaducs, aqueducs, canaux d'écluse, fossés, établissements à broyer le quartz, moulins, entrepôts et autres bâtiments qui pourront être nécessaires ou utiles aux fins que se propose la dite compagnie ; construire, affréter et employer des navires pour les fins susdites et pour les fins du transport des produits de mines et autres exploitations à un endroit quelconque dans le Canada ou ailleurs, sous le nom de "La compagnie minière Austin," avec un capital total de deux cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en cinquante mille parts de cinq piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat, ce 29 mai 1882.

49-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

Etat, sujet à révision, des revenus de l'intérieur accrus pendant le mois d'avril 1882.

Source de revenu.	—	Montant.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spiritueux	266,178 93	.....
Liqueur de malt.....	50 00	.....
Malt	37,283 02	.....
Tabac	154,278 68	.....
Inspection du pétrole.....	966 75	.....
Fabrications en entrepôt.	3,117 23	.....
Saisies	1,809 80	.....
Autres recettes.....	515 00	.....
Total, revenu de l'accise ....	.....	464,199 41
Canaux .....	.....	4,862 97
Pouvoirs d'eau et autres loyers..	.....	1,887 00
Travaux publics secondaires. ....	.....	287 38
Inspection et mesurage du bois..	.....	821 31
Inspection des poids et mesures.	.....	2,881 87
Inspection du gaz .....	.....	255 00
Timbres d'effets de commerce ...	.....	131 69
Total .....	.....	475,326 63

E. MIALl,
Sous-commissaire.

Ministère du revenu de l'intérieur,
Ottawa, 26 mai 1882. 48-tf

MINISTÈRE DES DOUANES.
Ottawa, 26 mai 1882.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général, par un ordre en conseil en date du 23 courant, d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, qu'il pourra être payé au propriétaire de tout établissement pour la préparation du cuir en Canada, un drawback égal à cinq pour cent ad valorem sur la valeur d'après laquelle un droit a été payé sur les "peaux de chèvre, tannées," mais non autrement préparées, cirées, vernies ou teintes, importées en Canada dans le but d'être finies, sur preuve satisfaisante que ces peaux de chèvre ont été finies à cet établissement en y étant ainsi préparées, cirées, vernies ou teintes, et sujet à tels autres règlements et restrictions que l'honorable ministre des douanes pourra juger nécessaires.

Par ordre,
48 3 J. JOHNSON,
Commissaire des douanes.

MINISTÈRE DES DOUANES.
Ottawa, 26 mai 1882.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général, par un ordre en conseil en date du 23 courant, et en vertu de l'autorité qui lui est conférée par la section 11 de 44 Victoria, chap. 11, d'ordonner que l'article ci-dessous soit mis sur la liste des articles exempts de droits, sujet à tels règlements qui pourront être adoptés par ce département, savoir :

"Graisse, dite 'Foot Grease,'" étant le résidu de la graine de cotonnier, après que l'huile en a été extraite.

Par ordre,
48-3 J. JOHNSON,
Commissaire des douanes.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les "compagnies à fonds social" des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du douzième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique, Nathaniel Clark Wallace, du village de Woodbridge, dans le comté de York, province d'Ontario, Canada, marchand, membre de la Chambre des Communes du Canada ; Silas James, arpenteur

provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, John Jeremiah Cook, marchand, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, comptable, Elgin Schoff, avocat, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la dite province d'Ontario; James Dunkin, d'Emery, dans la dite province, cultivateur, John Duncan, de Richmond Hill, dans la dite province, cultivateur, et Robert Nathaniel Taylor, de Elder Mills, dans la dite province, cultivateur,—dans le but d'acquérir par achat ou autrement, soit du gouvernement fédéral, des gouvernements provinciaux, ou de toute autre corporation ou individu, des terres ou intérêts en icelles, dans le Canada; de coloniser, vendre et ouvrir les dites terres; d'arpenter, ouvrir, cultiver, améliorer les dites terres, et construire dessus; de prêter de l'argent aux colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des emprunts ainsi faits à des conditions dont il aura été convenu, soit au moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations; d'acheter, prendre, louer, échanger ou autrement acquérir toute propriété immobilière et tout droit ou privilège nécessaire ou qui pourra convenir à la dite compagnie dans toute partie de la Puissance du Canada, et de vendre, louer, hypothéquer et autrement disposer de ces choses; d'aider, encourager et favoriser l'émigration et la colonisation dans et sur les terres de la compagnie et d'établir ces terres, et, pour les fins susdites, de prêter et octroyer toutes sommes de deniers; d'aider au moyen de bonis à la construction et à l'entretien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer et de bateaux à vapeur ou autres bateaux ou voitures, à partir ou au travers des terres de la compagnie, ainsi que d'aider à construire, bâtir et exploiter tels autres ouvrages que l'on pourra juger propres à favoriser les fins de la compagnie; d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de biens et effets nécessaires à la compagnie ou à toute personne qui pourra s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ou ailleurs, et, dans ce but, d'avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre des biens, meubles et immeubles, et autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou dont elle pourra avoir besoin,—sous le nom de "La compagnie de colonisation des cultivateurs de York," avoir un capital social de trois cent mille piastres divisé en trois mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-sixième jour de mai 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

48-3

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 12 mai 1882, constituant en corps politique Henry Stark Howland, banquier; William Rees Brock, marchand; John Ginty, entrepreneur; John Gillespie, marchand, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, dans le dit Canada; George A. Muttelbury, agent d'immeubles, et Jeffrey Hall Brock, agent d'immeubles, tous deux de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, dit Canada, dans le but de—

(a) Acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord Ouest;

(b) Coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres;

(c) Arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, les trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon, de même que construire dessus;

(d) Vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et secourir ces derniers par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances avec intérêt et aux conditions dont il aura été convenu soit par voie d'hypothèque ou obligations; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour la construction et le maintien de chemins de fer sur les dites terres, avec le droit d'aider à toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de navires, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, rues et autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées propres à faire

atteindre à la compagnie l'objet qu'elle a en vue; le droit d'acheter et vendre des propriétés personnelles ou les droits en icelles, requises dans l'intérêt de la dite compagnie ou de celui des colons établis sur les terres de cette dernière ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent, avec tels autres droits qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la dite compagnie pour l'objet qu'elle a en vue en demandant à être constituée en corps politique; le droit d'aider et encourager l'immigration et assister les immigrants de toute façon qui pourrait être jugée désirable pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite région et promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada,—sous le nom de "La compagnie de colonisation des terres de la Puissance," avec un capital total de un million de piastres divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat pour le Canada, ce vingt-sixième jour de mai 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

48-3

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada en date du onzième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique Edward Gurney junior, fabricant, John Edward Rose, avocat et Alexander Sutherland, docteur en théologie, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, Canada; Dennis Moore, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans la dite province, fabricant, Richard Brown, de la dite cité de Toronto, marchand, William Glass, de la cité de London, dite province, shérif; William Briggs, membre du clergé, Henry E. Clarke, fabricant, Daniel McLean, marchand, Edward Hartley Dewar, docteur en théologie, John Thomas Moore, comptable, John Jacob Withrow, fabricant, Samuel John Hunter, membre du clergé, Charles Douglas Warren, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Toronto; Leonard Garty, de la dite cité de London, membre du clergé, et Robert Warren, de la ville de Niagara, dans la dite province, franc-tenancier, dans le but:—

1. D'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

2. De coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

3. D'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher et cultiver les dites terres avec le droit de construire dessus.

4. De vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer et en général trafiquer les dites terres ainsi que les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, prêter de l'argent et en général secourir les colons soit par voie de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de ces prêts avec intérêt et à des conditions dont il aura été convenu soit par hypothèque ou obligation, accorder des subventions pour aider à la construction et à l'entretien de lignes de chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi que de toutes les entreprises de nature à ouvrir ces terres, telles que lignes de bateaux à vapeur, télégraphes, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, rues, routes et autres entreprises de nature à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre des biens mobiliers ou droits en iceux requis par la compagnie, pour favoriser ses intérêts, ou par les colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent, avec tout autre pouvoir utile ou nécessaire à la compagnie dans l'objet qu'elle a en vue; le droit d'aider et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens propres à ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite région, à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie du Canada en général, sous le nom de "La compagnie limitée de Terres et de Homestead de la Saskatchewan," avec un capital social de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-sixième jour de mai 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

48-3

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social" des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada en date du troisième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique Alexander G. Ramsay, gérant général de la Compagnie d'Assurance sur la vie du Canada, William Hendrie, écuyer et Adam Brown, écuyer, tous de la cité de Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario dans la Puissance du Canada; John Dunlop, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford dans la dite province; James Crowther, écuyer, James Scott, marchand, William Mulock, écuyer, Edmund Boyd Osler, écuyer et Robert H. Bethune, caissier de la Banque Dominion, tous de la cité de Toronto dans la dite province, dans le but d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, coloniser, ouvrir et vendre des terres, les arpenter et établir, les améliorer, cultiver et construire dessus, acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, acheter, vendre

louer, affermer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer et en général trafiquer les dites terres de toute façon ainsi que les intérêts en icelles, le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent et secourir les colons, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des prêts ainsi faits avec intérêts à des conditions et de telle façon, soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou obligation, suivant qu'il aura été convenu; le droit de construire ou acquérir des scieries, manufacturer et vendre du bois de service, le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, y compris le droit d'exercer dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux, sous le nom de "La compagnie des Terres d'Ontario et Qu'Appelle," avec un capital total de un million de piastres, divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce dix-neuvième jour de mai 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois d'avril 1882. A. .
 Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 mars 1882.....	\$8,561,758 65	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$396,101 03
Dépôts durant le mois	558,329 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	4,465 50		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,664,854 80
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	63,594 32
			8,728,449 12
	9,124,553.15		\$9,124,553 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
 Commis des statistiques.
 Département des Finances, Ottawa, 22 mai 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date..	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montr'l, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Montr'l ; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 débiteures de municipalités ; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée)		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée)		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Onest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc ; Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
L'association d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,"		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. Jean, N.B.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B) ..	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Garantie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux ; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal ; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasins de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,243 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000) ..	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$11,000 stg. effets canadiens	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....		

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont-réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)...	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi-paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso-lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecosaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecosaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Écosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal..	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gerant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en espèces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des États-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des États-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMEES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISEES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPERATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav.: \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernement, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comté auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers

pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Britannique Canadienne de câble et de télégraphe, dans le but de jeter un câble d'un point en Ecosse au Groënland, de là par la baie d'Hudson à Winnipeg; avec le droit de construire des lignes télégraphiques le long de n'importe quel chemin de fer ou route postale dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière à la Pluie.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie sera "Le syndicat de la ferme Qu'Appelle, (limité)."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(2) L'exercice du droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) L'exercice du droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, les trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon ou élever dessus des constructions.

(4) L'exercice du droit de vendre, louer, affermer et hypothéquer les dites terres, les trafiquer de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et faire toute chose utile ou nécessaire aux fins que se propose la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique ; aider et encourager l'immigration, secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, avec des succursales à Toronto et ailleurs, dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinquante mille parts de dix piastres chacune.

4. Voici les noms, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants : Jay C. Richardson, de la cité de Cincinnati, Etats-Unis d'Amérique, écr., James Whealy, de la cité de Winnipeg, comté de Selkirk, franc-tenancier, Alonzo King, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford, comptable, Robert B. Watson, de la cité de Winnipeg, entrepreneur, Rankin Dawson, M. D., de la cité de Winnipeg, Edward Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, Josiah Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, Theodore T. Covernton, M. D., de la cité de Winnipeg, Louisa Black, de la cité de Winnipeg, modiste, Elizabeth Smith, de la cité de Winnipeg, veuve Low ; A. Stackhouse, de la cité de Winnipeg, tisserand, Thomas J. M. Cool, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois, George Fraser, de la cité de Winnipeg, fabricant de marbre, Rufus Atkinson, de la cité de Winnipeg, écr., Peter Mabee, de la ville de Simcoe, comté de Norfolk, encanteur, Joseph A. Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, George J. Stoddart, de la cité de Winnipeg, commis, Thomas Prest, de la cité de Winnipeg, province du Manitoba, écr., William Cowan, jr., du même lieu, écr., Olivier Austin, de la ville de Simcoe, écr.

Les quinze premiers requérants nommés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

J. B. McARTHUR,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Winnipeg, ce 23 mai 1882.

49-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son

Excellence le gouverneur en conseil, [un mois après la publication. du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation de Prince Albert."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba, les Territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans le Canada ; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et en développer les ressources agricoles, minières ou autres ; le droit de vendre, concéder, transporter, louer, hypothéquer, exploiter ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés ou les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prendre des hypothèques ou autres garanties pour le prix d'achat en tout ou en partie, avec le droit de vendre et céder ces hypothèques, aider et encourager l'immigration et la colonisation des dites terres, soit par des prêts ou subventions garantis suivant qu'il aura été convenu ou par tout autre moyen ; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subvention ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou plusieurs lignes de chemin de fer, télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis, soit par la compagnie, soit par toute personne établie sur les terres de la dite compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de colonisation de la dite compagnie ; le droit de construire des maisons, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de tout genre, avec le droit d'aider à la construction d'iceux de toute manière légale et à des conditions et avec des garanties dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de placer des bestiaux sur les terres de la compagnie et d'exercer l'industrie de l'élevage du bétail dans toutes ses branches ; le droit de récolter du grain et autres produits de ferme ; le droit de manufacturer ou exporter les dits produits ; le droit de faire des opérations minières sur les propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit de faire tout ce qui est permis aux compagnies de même nature.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$400,000 divisé en 4,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les noms, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants :—William Sharples, marchand ; Thomas McGreevey, entrepreneur, tous deux de la cité de Québec, dans la province de Québec ; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, avocat ; Philip Roblin Palmer, agent d'assurance, et James Coleman Jamieson, éditeur, tous de la cité de Belleville, dans la province d'Ontario, John White, fabricant, de Roslin, dans la dite province d'Ontario ; Hugh Sutherland, marchand de bois, et James Albert Manning Aikens, avocat, ces deux derniers de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba ; David Gilmour, marchand de bois, et William Jeffs, marchand de grain, tous deux de la ville de Trenton, dans la dite province d'Ontario, et Duncan Charles Plumb, de la ville de Niagara, dans la dite province d'Ontario.

Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie sont les dits William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGreevey, Philip Roblin Palmer et Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, tous étant sujets britanniques.

FORBES ET HILTON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Trenton, 15 mai 1882.

47—

AVIS est par le présent donné que, conformément à l'Acte des compagnies à fonds social, du Canada, 1877," et après l'expiration d'un mois au moins, à compter de la publication des présentes dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes scellées du grand sceau, accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant ainsi que tous autres qui pourront devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique et incorporé sous le nom et pour les fins et objets ci-après mentionnés, savoir:—

1. Le nom de corporation projeté de la compagnie sera "La compagnie d'établissements (homestead) Standard du Canada"

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation sont les suivantes:

(a) Acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Coloniser, établir et vendre ces terres.

(c) Arpenter, tracer, améliorer, défricher et cultiver ces terres; y faire des constructions et autrement s'en occuper.

(d) Vendre, affermer, louer, hypothéquer ces terres et généralement s'occuper de toute espèce d'intérêts dans ces terrains, y compris l'achat et la vente du grain et autres produits du sol; avancer de l'argent aux colons et autrement les aider au moyen de bonis ou de toute autre manière, et assurer le remboursement de ces avances avec les intérêts, à telles conditions et de telle manière dont il pourra être convenu, au moyen d'hypothèque ou de convention; accorder des bonis ou autrement aider à la construction et l'entretien de voies ferrées traversant les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute entreprise ayant pour but d'ouvrir ces terres, y compris les bateaux à vapeur, les lignes de télégraphe, les canaux, les réservoirs, les aqueducs, les chemins, les rues et autres travaux qui pourront être jugés propres à favoriser les fins de la compagnie; acheter et vendre toute espèce de biens mobiliers ou droits sur ces biens dont la compagnie pourra avoir besoin pour favoriser ses propres intérêts ou ceux des colons établis sur ces terres; le pouvoir d'emprunter et faire des placements d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs utiles et nécessaires pour favoriser les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation; le pouvoir de favoriser, aider et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toutes les manières et par tous les moyens désirables dans le but d'ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée, et promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie ainsi que ceux du Canada en général.

3. Le principal siège d'affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto et elle aura des bureaux dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le capital social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre d'actions du dit capital sera de dix mille, et chaque action sera pour un montant de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms au long ainsi que l'adresse et la profession des dits requérants: James Moffat, de la cité de London, lieutenant-colonel de milice; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, de la cité de Toronto, conseil de la Reine; Andrew S. Irving, de la cité de Toronto, directeur de la compagnie de publication de Toronto; W. Barclay McMurrich, maire de la cité de Toronto, avocat; Alexander Gemmel, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros; Sanderson Percy, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de peinture et d'huile en gros; Bernard Saunders, de la cité de Toronto, marchand-tailleur; Andrew J. Somerville, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros; Richard J. Hovenden, de la cité de Toronto, peintre décorateur; William Robins, de la cité de Toronto, comptable; Samuel Davison, de la

cité de Toronto, marchand à commission; William Roaf, de la cité de Toronto, avocat; Peter B. Ball, de la cité de Toronto, agent; Edward R. C. Clarkson, de la cité de Toronto, comptable et syndic officiel; Christopher W. Bunting, de la cité de Toronto, directeur-gérant de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *Mail*; George Birrell, de la cité de London, marchand; Robert Lewis, de la cité de London, écuyer; Charles F. Goodhue, de la cité de London, écuyer; Isaac Waterman, de la cité de London, manufacturier; Robert McIntosh, de Rapid City, Manitoba, docteur en médecine; Daniel Spry, de la ville de Barrie, inspecteur des postes, et Henry Pickford, de la ville de Dundas, manufacturier.

Les dits James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrich, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden et William Robins seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGII,
Pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto, le 18 mai A.D. 1882.

47-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur, et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipegosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits, et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, éleveurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissaires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Ingersoll, 12 mai 1882.

46-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que les soussignés, un mois après la première publication du présent avis, s'adresseront par requête à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil pour obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées : Thomas Bell, de la ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron, province d'Ontario, fabricant, ex-préfet de Wingham ; John Kaine, du township de Howick, dans le dit comté, banquier, ex-préfet du comté de Huron ; Henry William Christian Meyer, de la dite ville de Wingham, avocat, préfet de Wingham ; James Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand de grain, ex-préfet de Howick ; Henry Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand ; John Sanderson, du village de Wroxeter, dans le dit comté, marchand ; Isaac Francis Toms, de la ville de Goderich, dans le dit comté, juge puisné ; John Somerville, du village de Lucknow, médecin ; Benjamin Wilson, de la dite ville de Wingham, courtier privé, ex-maire de Wingham, et Robert Webster, du township d'Ashfield, dans le dit comté, cultivateur, préfet du dit township d'Ashfield.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie de colonisation du comté de Huron et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit de louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement en disposer.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter, prêter et avancer des sommes d'argent sur les dites terres et de secourir les colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des dites sommes avec intérêt.

(5) Le droit d'ériger et acquérir des moulins à farine et scieries, avec le droit de fabriquer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, biens mobiliers et effets requis par la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait acheter des terres de la compagnie ou s'établir dessus.

3. La ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron et province d'Ontario, sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

4. Le montant du capital-actions de la compagnie est de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie sont les requérants ci-dessus nommés, savoir : Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins et Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER et DICKINSON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Wingham, Ont., 7 mai, 1882.

46 6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Société de colonisation des Forestiers du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—Le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou particuliers ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre

les dites terres, le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail et hypothéquer les dites terres avec le droit de les trafiquer en général de n'importe quelle façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de les secourir, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt et à telles conditions et de telles manières qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service ; le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire dans toutes ses branches d'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes localités dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$500,000 divisé en 10,000 parts de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, de la Cité de London, marchand ; John Taylor, de la Cité de London, avocat ; Oronhyatekha, de la Cité de London, médecin ; John Stewart Dewar, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Towe, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Thomas Peel, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Alexander Greig Fenwick, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Melville DeBlois Dawson, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Stevenson Crumner, de la Cité de Hamilton, gentilhomme ; William Henry Street, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Peter Toll, de la Ville de London Est, constructeur ; Edmund Botterell, de la Cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme ; William Duff, de la Cité de London, fabricant ; William Maurice Moore, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; John Alonzo Nelles, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Henry Crotty, de la Cité de Winnipeg, agent d'immeubles ; Richard Maxwell McElheran, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; John Parker Thomas, de la Cité de Belleville, avocat ; Theophilus Stanfield, de la Cité de London, agent ; Robert Moore, de la Ville de Simcoe, fabricant ; Alexander Sutherland Murray, de la Cité de London, orfèvre ; Archibald McPherson, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Robert James Halle, de la Ville de Chathan, agent d'assurance ; Walter Scott Williams, de la Ville de Napanee, avocat ; Benjamin Watson Greer, de la Cité de London, peintre ; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Thomas Glass Davey, de la Cité de London, agent de journaux, G.W.B. William Nelson Yerex, de la Cité de London, Principal du Collège Commercial de London ; Alexander Henry, de la Ville de Napanee, Président de chemin de fer Napanee et Tramworth ; Alexander McCleneghan, de la Ville de Woodstock, maître de poste ; John Richard Flock, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Samuel Payne, de la Cité de London, médecin ; George McBroom, de la de London, marchand ; George Charwood Jolly, de la Ville de London Ouest, gentilhomme ;

Ceux d'entre les requérants ci-dessus nommés dont les noms suivent, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada :

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville de Blois Dawson, Edward Stevenson Crumner, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edmund Botterell, William Duff et William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN et TAYLOR,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, 8 mai 1882.

46-6

AVIS est par le présent donné en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du*

Canada, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée sera "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Rivière aux Ecaillés."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—Le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans la Puissance du Canada ; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et d'en développer les ressources minières, agricoles ou autres ; le droit d'exploiter, vendre, donner, transporter, louer, hypothéquer et trafiquer de n'importe quelle manière les dites propriétés, y compris le droit de prendre des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat ; le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques ; le droit d'aider et encourager l'émigration et la colonisation des terres qui pourraient être acquises, soit par des prêts ou subventions garanties d'une manière sur laquelle on se sera entendu ou de toute manière légale ; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de lignes de chemin de fer ou télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de la colonisation des terres de la compagnie ; le droit de construire des bâtiments, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de toute sorte ; le droit d'aider à la construction de ces travaux de toute façon légale et à telles conditions et avec telles garanties dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de fournir ses terres de bestiaux et de s'engager dans l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux ; le droit de s'occuper de la culture du blé et de l'industrie des produits de ferme ; le droit de fabriquer et exporter les dits grains et produits et de s'engager dans des opérations minières sur les dites propriétés, et avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être conférés à de semblables compagnies.

3. La cité de Belleville ou la ville de Trenton, l'un et l'autre dans le comté de Hastings, sera le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$300,000 divisé en 6,000 actions de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

David Gilmour, marchand de bois, William Jeffs, marchand de grain, George Henry Gordon, marchand, William Ford Baker, marchand de grain ; John Hendricks, propriétaire rural, Anson Green Whittier, marchand, tous de Trenton ; James Coleman Jamieson, imprimeur et éditeur, George Dean Dickson, avocat, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, avocat, Cornelius James Starling, entrepreneur, tous de Belleville ; John White, fabricant, Roslin Charles Ashley, voiturier, Stephen Allen Lazier, fabricant, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, marchand, tous de Foxboro' ; James Stalker Hamilton, propriétaire rural, et Peter Rockwell Daly, propriétaire rural, tous deux d'Halloway.

Les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie sont les susdits David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allen Lazier et Charles Ashley, qui tous sont sujets britanniques et résident en Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Belleville, 4 avril 1882.

46-5

politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. La raison sociale que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a) Le droit d'acheter des terres, soit du gouvernement fédéral, soit des gouvernements provinciaux, de compagnies ou de simples individus.

(b) Le droit d'établir, coloniser, arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, assainir, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, bâtir dessus ou les trafiquer d'une manière quelconque.

(c) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail les dites terres et en général en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers de toute façon soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques, obligations ou autrement ; le droit d'accorder des prêts ou subventions aux entreprises destinées à ouvrir ou améliorer les dites terres ; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent, d'hypothéquer les terres de la compagnie ou partie d'icelles pour les fins susdites ou pour toute autre fin de la compagnie, avec tous autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires pour le développement, l'aide et l'encouragement de l'immigration, la colonisation et l'établissement du pays ainsi que l'avancement des fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$500,000.

5. Le nombre des parts de ce fonds social sera de cinq mille, d'un montant de \$100 chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : John Bacon, écr., Silas James, Arp. P., Robert McPhail, marchand, Edmund Henry Duggan, avocat, Ogle Robert Peck, écr., John Austin Worrell, avocat, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, agent d'immeubles, John J. Cook, écr., et Matthew Walton, agent, tous de la cité de Toronto ; Thomas Armstrong, du village de Yorkville, dans le comté de York, docteur en médecine, et Richard Shaw Wood, de la cité de London, dans le comté de Middlesex, gentilhomme ; desquels les dits John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong et Richard Shaw Wood seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE et WORRELL,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 28 mars 1882.

45-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par l'honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, sénateur, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Robert Doull, M.P., de Pictou, Nouvelle-Ecosse ; John Alexander Mackenzie, avocat, de Sarnia, Ontario ; Frank Egerton Gibbs, meunier, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Hugh Macmahon, C.R., de London, Ontario ; Thomas Wesley Jackson, de Qu'Appelle, Territoire du Nord-Ouest, agent d'immigration ; William Pugsley, jr., avocat, de la cité de Saint-Jean, Nouveau-Brunswick ; Leigh Richmond Harrison, avocat, de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, et

Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, avocat, également de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, à l'effet de constituer les personnes ci-dessus nommées et d'autres en un corps politique pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres de Qu'Appelle et du Lac Long" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest ; le droit de coloniser, établir, améliorer et vendre les dites terres et en développer les ressources de toute nature ; le droit d'arpenter et diviser les dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit de développer et exploiter les pêcheries sur les rives du lac Long ; le droit d'ériger et établir des magasins sur les dites propriétés, acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute description ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, accorder, transporter, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et donner des secours aux colons établis sur les terres, y compris le droit d'avancer des marchandises ; le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit de construire des routes, chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe, vapeurs ou navires, quais et autres travaux et moyens de transport sur les terres et les eaux de la compagnie ou utiles pour l'amélioration des propriétés de la compagnie, y compris le droit d'accorder de l'aide à ces diverses entreprises et s'en servir.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de quatre cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quatre mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les différentes personnes ci-dessus décrites seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

MACKENZIE, GURD ET KITTERMASER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants, Sarnia, Ont.
Daté ce 15 avril 1882. 49-

A VIS public est par le présent donné, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et autres qui pourraient devenir actionnaires dans la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La Compagnie des terres d'Ottawa" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :

(a) Le droit pour la compagnie d'acheter ou autrement acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, établir, vendre, louer, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement les trafiquer.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions.

(d) Le droit de recevoir des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat, ou autre garantie à des taux d'intérêt tels qu'il aura été convenu, avec pouvoir de prendre sur les terres une garantie pour le prix d'achat, de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques et garanties, ou hypothéquer les dites terres au moyen d'un acte écrit ou en partie imprimé et en partie écrit, sujet à des conditions pour la garantie des sommes d'argent prêtées à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu.

(e) Le droit de construire et réparer les routes ordinaires et ponts, secourir les immigrants venant d'autres pays et les colons partis d'une autre province, avec le droit d'aider les uns et les autres à s'établir sur des terres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la ville d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales à Winnipeg et ailleurs dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le montant projeté du capital-actions est de deux cent cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le nombre des parts sera de deux mil's, et le montant de chacune d'elles de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms, prénoms, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : Charles Magee, de la cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme ; William Eli Lanford, de la cité d'Hamilton, marchand ; Duncan McArthur, de la cité de Winnipeg, banquier ; James Albert Manning Aikens, de la cité de Winnipeg, procureur en droit ; l'honorable Corydon Parslow Brown, de la cité de Winnipeg, ministre des travaux publics ; et l'honorable Donald MacInnes, de la cité d'Hamilton, sénateur. Tous ceux ci-dessus nommés, devant être les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie, résident au Canada.

KILVERT ET DUGGAN,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté à Hamilton, ce 24 avril 1882. 44-6

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du gouvernement du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après mentionnées et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la dite compagnie, sous le nom de "La Compagnie manufacturière du St. Laurent."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont :

Le droit pour elle de manufacturer, acheter et vendre des ornements, garnitures et fermoirs de fenêtres, persiennes et auvents ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser les brevets d'invention ou inventions qui peuvent servir à la compagnie dans ses opérations ; le droit d'acheter, vendre et utiliser n'importe quel brevet d'invention ou inventions qui pourraient être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie ; le droit de manufacturer, acheter et vendre telles autres marchandises et articles qui peuvent être jugées utiles par les directeurs de la compagnie.

Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cinquante mille piastres.

Le nombre des parts sera de dix mille et le montant de chaque part sera de cinq piastres.

La cité de Montréal sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Charles Edgar Kennedy, de Hatley, dans le comté de Stanstead, province de Québec, commerçant ; Charles Carroll Colby, M. P., de Stanstead, dans le dit comté ; Walter Morecroft Tomlinson, de la ville de Sherbrooke, dans la dite province, écuyer ; Frederick Fairman, de la cité de Montréal, dans la dite province, marchand, Robert Baker May, de la dite cité de Montréal, imprimeur ; John Gilman Elder, de la ville de Derby, dans l'Etat du Vermont, commerçant,

et Stiles Frost, de la cité de Boston, dans l'Etat de Massachusetts, commerçant.

Tous les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

CHAS. C. COLBY,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Montréal, 3 avril 1882.

44-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau de la Puissance du Canada, à l'effet d'accorder une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et tels autres qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après énumérées, savoir :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie des terres et de colonisation d'Edmonton et Ontario (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont: le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada ou des compagnies ou individus; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres; le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à ferme et hypothéquer les dites terres et en général trafiquer les intérêts d'icelles de toute façon; le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie et de secourir les dits colons; le droit de garantir les paiements des prêts faits avec intérêt à des conditions et d'une façon, soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou obligation, dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'ériger ou acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service; le droit de construire, élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit d'exploiter dans toutes ses branches l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux et de l'agriculture.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes places dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000 divisé en 5,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :

Bosson Ashford Mitchell, de la cité de London, marchand; William John Reid, du même lieu, marchand; John William Little, du même lieu, marchand; John Marshall, du même lieu, marchand; Freleric Ardill Fitzgerald, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas McCormick, du même lieu, marchand; Charles Richardson, du même lieu, marchand; James Watson, du même lieu, marchand; Alfred Robinson, gentilhomme; Henry Dawson Long, du même lieu, marchand; William Lind, du même lieu, marchand; George Burns, du même lieu, marchand; Joseph Atkinson, du même lieu, marchand; Thomas Muir, du même lieu, marchand, et George Robinson, du même lieu, marchand.

Les requérants ci-dessus nommés, tous résidents du Canada, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

FRASER ET FRASER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, Ontario, 24 avril 1882.

44-6

AVIS DIVERS.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée générale des directeurs provisoires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Central de Rapid City aura lieu à l'hôtel Queen, dans la cité de Toronto, à midi,

du neuvième jour de juillet prochain; dans le but d'ouvrir des livres de souscription et de traiter de toute autre affaire suivant que permis par la loi.

Ottawa, 25 mai 1882.

49-6

LA BANQUE DES PLANTEURS DU CANADA.

A VIS est par le présent donné que les livres de souscription au fonds social de la Banque des Planteurs du Canada seront ouverts à Montréal et Toronto le 1er juin 1882.

Par ordre,

RD. TRUAX,

Secrétaire du bureau provisoire.

49-1

BANQUE UNION DU BAS-CANADA.

DIVIDENDE No. 33.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois pour cent 3 (p.c.) sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, et que le dit dividende sera payable à la banque et ses succursales le et après le lundi, le troisième jour de juillet prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 16 au 30 juin, inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale des actionnaires aura à leur maison de banque, en la cité de Québec, lundi le troisième jour de juillet 1882, le président devant prendre le fauteuil à midi.

Par ordre du bureau,

P. MAC EWEN,

Caissier.

Québec, 27 mai 1882,

49-4

ACTE DE FAILLITE, 1875, ET ACTES QUI L'AMENDENT.

La Banque des Artisans (*Mechanics Bank*), corps politique et incorporé ayant son principal bureau d'affaires dans la cité et le district de Montréal, faillie.

JE, soussigné, James Court, de la cité de Montréal, syndic en cette affaire, donne par le présent avis que j'ai demandé un versement (le cinquième) de vingt pour cent aux actionnaires, tant ordinaires que privilégiés de la dite banque, sur le montant de leur double responsabilité, en vertu des sections 57, 58 et 59 de l'"Acte des Banques, 1871" (34 Vict., chap. 5), payable le dit versement à mon bureau, No. 22, rue St. John, dans la cité de Montréal, mercredi, le cinquième jour de juillet prochain, 1882.

JAMES COURT,

Syndic.

Montréal, 2 juin 1882.

49-1

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER GRAND TRONC DU CANADA.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Tronc du Canada aura lieu au City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, Londres, E.C., jeudi, le vingt-neuvième jour de juin prochain, à une heure p.m. précise, dans le but de prendre en considération un arrangement entre les directeurs de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Tronc du Canada, et les directeurs de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Occidental, ayant pour objet l'amalgamation des entreprises des deux compagnies en une seule, en vertu des pouvoirs conférés par l'acte du Conseil législatif et de l'Assemblée législative de la province du Canada, 16 Victoria, chap. 39, intitulé: "Acte pour autoriser toute compagnie de chemin de fer dont le chemin forme partie de l'artère principale de chemin

de fer dans cette province de se fusionner avec toute telle autre compagnie, ou d'acheter la propriété et les droits de toute telle autre compagnie, et d'abroger certains actes y mentionnés, incorporant des compagnies de chemin de fer," et en vertu des pouvoirs conférés par les divers actes, modifiant ou amplifiant cet acte; et dans le but soit de ratifier ou de désavouer cet arrangement tel que voulu par ces actes ou aucun d'eux. Par cet arrangement, et en conformité des dispositions des actes ci-dessus mentionnés les objets suivants entre autres sont proposés d'être effectués à compter du 1er juillet 1882 :

1. L'amalgamation des entreprises des deux compagnies actuelles en une seule entreprise sous le contrôle d'une seule compagnie.

2. Que l'une des compagnies prenne à son compte les obligations des deux compagnies actuelles, mais sans préjudice des droits des créanciers ou d'autres personnes ayant des réclamations contre l'entreprise ou parties de l'entreprise de chacune des deux compagnies actuelles.

3. Le maintien des effets de chacune des deux compagnies actuelles comme classe séparée et distincte d'effets sous le titre Effets du Grand Occidental, représentant les effets de la compagnie du Grand Occidental, et Effets du Grand-Tronc, représentant les effets actuels de la compagnie du Grand-Tronc.

4. La division des profits nets de l'entreprise amalgamée, après avoir payé l'intérêt sur le capital emprunté, le loyer des lignes affermées, et toutes autres dépenses, entre les deux catégories d'effets comme suit, savoir : 30 pour cent aux effets du Grand Occidental et 70 pour cent aux effets du Grand-Tronc.

5. Mais si les 30 pour cent attribués aux effets du Grand Occidental se trouvent en aucune année insuffisants pour payer cinq pour cent par année sur la partie privilégiée, et trois pour cent par année sur la partie ordinaire des actions, alors la différence sera égalisée à même les 70 pour cent attribués aux actions du Grand-Tronc, et toute somme payée pour égaliser cette différence sera remboursée à même tout surplus qui pourrait rester dans une année subséquente sur les 30 pour cent après paiement de l'intérêt aux taux plus haut mentionnés sur les actions du Grand Occidental.

6. Autant que possible un tiers des directeurs de l'entreprise amalgamée devront être porteurs d'effets du Grand Occidental, et les autres deux tiers être porteurs d'effets du Grand Tronc.

7. En faisant tout arrangement convenable découlant de l'amalgamation des deux entreprises en la manière proposée plus haut, et pour garantir les droits des porteurs de chaque catégorie d'actions, le règlement du nombre, du temps et du mode d'élection et de qualification des directeurs, les pouvoirs de voter et toutes autres choses qu'il est nécessaire de régler relativement aux affaires des deux compagnies actuelles, et les droits des porteurs de bons et actionnaires de ces compagnies, ou de l'entreprise amalgamée, ou provenant de l'amalgamation, y compris la nomination de fidéicommissaires pour recevoir et distribuer les deniers applicables aux effets du Grand Occidental.

Par ordre,

H. W. TYLER,
Président.
J. B. RENTON,
Secrétaire.

Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
Londres, E. C.
25 mai 1882.

48-4

BANQUE DE SAINT-JEAN.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois pour cent sur le capital payé de cette banque a été déclaré pour les six mois courants, et sera payable au bureau de cette banque, à Saint-Jean, le et après lundi le trois juillet prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 19 au 30 juin prochain, ces deux jours compris.

Par ordre des directeurs,

PH. BAUDOUIN,
Caissier.

Saint-Jean, 22 mai 1882.

48-4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent, pour le semestre courant, étant au taux de cinq pour cent par année, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de Banque en cette ville, le et après lundi, le troisième jour de juillet prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 16 au 30 juin prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du bureau.

J. E. BRAIS,
Caissier.

Montréal, 25 mai 1882.

48-5

AVIS est donné par le présent par la compagnie d'assurance de Stadacona contre le feu et sur la vie (en liquidation) que conformément au statut du parlement fédéral passé le 17e jour de mai 1882, intitulé "Acte pour amender et amplifier l'Acte pour autoriser la Compagnie d'Assurance de Stadacona contre le feu et sur la vie à renoncer à sa charte et établir un mode de liquider ses affaires," il est statué comme suit :

1. Toutes personnes, compagnies, corps incorporés, ou créanciers quelconques, ayant ou prétendant avoir des droits ou réclamations contre la compagnie, déniés par elle ou non admis, ou non reconnus, seront tenus de les faire valoir en justice en s'adressant aux tribunaux compétents, dans le délai d'un an à compter de la passation du présent acte, et à défaut de ce faire dans le dit délai, ils seront pour toujours forclos du droit de le faire.

2. Nonobstant la huitième section du susdit acte, les créanciers inconnus, disparus, ou non représentés, ou non trouvés, qui n'auront point fait par eux-mêmes ou par procureur leur réclamation à la compagnie, soit pour dividende, soit pour autre chose, dans le susdit délai d'un an, seront considérés comme l'ayant abandonnée et ayant renoncé à tout dividende futur, et il sera procédé à la liquidation finale des affaires de la compagnie comme si telles personnes ou telle réclamation n'eussent jamais existé.

Avis est aussi donné qu'un premier dividende a été déclaré par les liquidateurs le 15 décembre 1880.

CH. A. ERN. GAGNON,
A. LETELLIER,
J. M. BERNIER, ptre.
Liquidateurs.

Québec, 20 mai 1882.

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BANQUE MÉTROPOLITAINE EN FAILLITE.

AVIS est par le présent donné, qu'un mois après la première publication de cet avis, c'est l'intention des liquidateurs de distribuer parmi les actionnaires de la banque toute balance qui n'aura pas été réclamée jusque-là, avec tout intérêt accru dessus, du montant réservé pour le paiement des dettes ordinaires et des billets de banque en circulation et n'ayant pas été payés quand sera déclaré le dernier dividende aux actionnaires, en conformité de l'Acte 40 Vict., chap. 56.

Par ordre des liquidateurs.

G. H. R. WAINWRIGHT,
Secrétaire.

Montréal 13 mai 1882.

46-4

BANQUE DE MONTRÉAL.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de cinq pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de banque en cette ville et à ses succursales le et après le jeudi, premier jour de juin prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 17 au 31 mai prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale annuelle des actionnaires aura lieu à la banque, lundi le 5^e jour de juin prochain. La séance sera ouverte à 1 heure.

Par ordre du bureau,

A. MACNIDER,
Assistant gérant général.

Montréal, 25 avril 1882.

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE CROWN IN
CHANCERY FOR CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to summon John O'Donohoe, Esquire, of Toronto, Queen's Counsel, to the Senate, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal.

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned Judges and Junior Judges of the several County Courts of the Province of Ontario, and the Judge of the Provisional Judicial District of Algoma, in the said Province; "Local Judges of the High Court," under the provisions of section 76 of the "Ontario Judicature Act, 1881," viz:—

<i>Names.</i>	<i>County or District.</i>
James R. Gowan,	Simcoe.
David S. McQueen,	Oxford.
Stephen J. Jones,	Brant.
William Miller,	Waterloo.
David J. Hughes,	Elgin.
George M. Boswell,	Northumberland and Durham.
Zaccheus Burnham,	Ontario.
John G. Stevenson,	Haldimand.

JUDGES.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>County or District.</i>
Charles J. Robinson,	Lambton.
Gordon W. Leggatt,	Essex.
James Daniell,	Prescott and Russell.
Daniel H. Lizars,	Perth.
Henry Macpherson,	Grey.
John Deacon,	Renfrew.
John J. Kingsmill,	Bruce.
Alexander F. Scott,	Peel.
Thomas Miller,	Halton.
Robert Dennistoun,	Peterboro.
William H. Wilkison,	Lennox and Addington.
William Elliott,	Middlesex.
Walter McCrea,	District of Algoma.
Robert P. Jellett,	Prince Edward.
Wm. S. Senkler,	Lanark.
William Warren Dean,	Victoria.
William A. Ross,	Carleton.
Thomas B. MacMahon,	Norfolk.
James S. Sinclair,	Wentworth.
Kenneth Mackenzie,	York.
Edmund J. Senkler,	Lincoln.
Cornelius V. Price,	Frontenac.
Jacob F. Pringle,	Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry.
Archibald Bell,	Kent.
Herbert S. Macdonald,	Leeds and Grenville.
Thomas A. Lazier,	Hastings.
George Baxter,	Welland.

JUNIOR JUDGES.

George McK. Clark,	Northumberland and Durham.
John Boyd,	York.
John A. Ardagh,	Simcoe.
Isaac F. Toms,	Huron.
Austin C. Chadwick,	Wellington.
Anthony Lacourse,	Waterloo.
George H. F. Dartnell,	Ontario.
Robert Lyon,	Carleton.
Frederick Davis,	Middlesex.
E. Baldwin Fraleek,	Hastings.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to all whom it may concern—

GREETING :

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice and consent of Our Privy Council for Canada, to DISSOLVE the present Parliament of Canada, which stands prorogued to the TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next ;

Now KNOW YE, that We do for that end publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby DISSOLVE the said Parliament of Canada accordingly : and the Senators and the Members of the House of Commons are discharged from their meeting and attendance on the said TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. McGEE, Deputy of Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING.

WHEREAS We are desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament ; We do make known Our Royal Will and Pleasure to call a Parliament, and do further declare that by the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, We have, this day, given Orders for issuing Our Writs in due form, for calling a Parliament in Our said Dominion, which Writs are to bear date on the EIGHTEENTH day of MAY instant, and to be returnable on the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. McGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor

General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING :

KNOW YE, that We, being desirous and resolved as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, summon and call together the House of Commons in and for Our said Dominion, to meet at Our City of Ottawa, in Our said Dominion, on MONDAY, the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next, then and there to have conference and treaty with the Great Men and Senate of Our said Dominion.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. McGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, } WHEREAS it was in Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } and by an Act passed in the Forty-first year of Our Reign, chaptered Seventeen, and intituled "An Act for the better prevention of crimes of violence in certain parts of Canada," amongst other things in effect enacted, that whenever in the judgment of the Governor in Council it should be necessary for the better prevention of crimes of violence that this Act should apply to any County, City or Town, or other Municipal or Judicial District in any Province or Territory of Canada, the Governor in Council might by Proclamation to be published in the *Canada Gazette*, declare that from and after a day to be named therein the said Act should apply to such County, City, Town or other Municipal or Judicial District.

AND WHEREAS it was further provided by the said Act that the same should continue in force until the end of the then next ensuing session of Parliament.

AND WHEREAS by Acts passed in the forty-second, forty-third and forty-fourth years of Our Reign the said Act has been continued in force from Session to Session, and by an Act passed in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign chaptered Thirty-Eight and intituled "An Act further to continue in force for a limited time the better prevention of crime Act, 1878," the same has been continued in force until the end of the now next ensuing Session of Parliament.

AND WHEREAS in the judgment of Our Governor in Council it is necessary that for the better prevention of crimes of violence that the said Act should apply to the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, from and after the first day of June in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

AND WHEREAS Our Governor in Council has, by order, directed that the said Act should, by Proclamation, be declared to apply to the said City from and after the said day :

Now KNOW YE, and We do by this Our Royal Proclamation, and by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, proclaim, order and declare that from and after the First day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, the said Act passed in the forty-first year of Our Reign, chaptered seventeen, and intituled "An Act for the better prevention of crimes of violence in certain parts of Canada until the end of the next Session of Parliament" shall apply to and be in force in the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-THIRD day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

The following is an abstract of the provisions of the Act mentioned in the above proclamation, viz :—

The term "Proclaimed District," when used hereinafter, means a place to which this Act may have been applied by a proclamation issued thereunder ; and the term "arm" includes any gun, rifle, revolver pistol, or other fire-arm, or air-gun, and any part of any such weapon and any bullet, gunpowder, cartridge, or ammunition, and any sword-blade, bayonet, pike, pike head, spear, spear head, dirk, dagger, bowie-knife, or other instrument intended for cutting or stabbing ; and any steel or metal knuckles, skull-cracker or slung-shot, and any other such deadly or dangerous weapon.

From and after the day named in, and during the continuance in force of the above proclamation, it shall not be lawful for any person, not being a Justice of the Peace, or an officer, soldier, sailor or volunteer, in Her Majesty's service, while on duty, or a constable or other peace officer, or a person licensed under this Act, to carry or have within the proclaimed district, elsewhere than in his own dwelling house, shop, warehouse or counting-house, any arm ; and any person carrying or having any arm contrary to this provision, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be liable, on conviction thereof, to imprisonment in any gaol or place of confinement for a term not exceeding twelve months.

It shall be lawful for any person whomsoever to seize and apprehend any person who shall be found

carrying any arm within the proclaimed district contrary to the said Act, and to deliver such person, as soon as may be, into the custody of a constable or other peace officer, in order to his being forthwith conveyed before some competent judicial authority to be dealt with according to law.

It shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, constable or other peace officer, to search any person whom he may suspect to be carrying any arm within the proclaimed district, contrary to the said Act, and to seize and take from such person any arm so carried, and to keep and detain the same for the use of Her Majesty.

Any Justice of the Peace may, on the oath of a credible witness, that he believes that arms are kept in any house or place within the proclaimed district in order to their being carried within the proclaimed district, contrary to the provisions of the third section of the said Act, issue his warrant to any constable or peace officer to search for and seize the same ; and such constable or peace officer or any person in his aid may search for, and if arms are found in such house or place, may seize and detain the same.

In case admission to such house or place be not granted after demand, such constable or peace officer as aforesaid and any person in his aid may at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter the same by force in order to make such search and seizure.

Unless the person in whose house or place the same are found do, within four days next after the seizure, prove to the satisfaction of the Justice that they were not in such house or place in order to their being carried within the proclaimed district contrary to the provisions of the third section of the said Act, they shall be kept and detained for the use of Her Majesty ; otherwise they shall be restored to such person.

The Governor in Council may, from time to time, appoint one or more proper persons to grant at his or their discretion a license or licenses under the said Act, to have and carry any arm within the proclaimed district, and such person or persons may from time to time, revoke any such license ; and a copy of the order of revocation shall be delivered to or left at the last known place of abode of every person whose license is thereby revoked ; and thereupon his license shall cease and determine.

Whosoever is charged with having committed any offense against the provisions of the third section of the said Act may be tried and dealt with by three Justices of the Peace, or by any functionary or tribunal invested by the proper Legislative Authority, with power to do alone such acts as are usually required to be done by two or more Justices of the Peace in pursuance of the Act passed in the session held in the thirty-second and thirty-third year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter Thirty-one, intituled "*An Act respecting the duty of Justices of the Peace out of Sessions, in relation to summary convictions and orders.*"

The production of a printed copy of the *Canada Gazette*, purporting to be printed by the Queen's Printer, containing the above proclamation, shall be conclusive evidence of the issuing and publication of such proclamation.

It shall be the duty of the Court or Justice before whom any person is convicted under section three of the said Act, to keep and detain for the use of Her Majesty, the arm for the carrying or having which the person is convicted.

Nothing in the said Act contained shall prevent any person from being liable under any other Act or otherwise to any other punishment than is provided for any offense by the said Act ; so, however, that no person be punished twice for the same offence.

49-3

Circular.

DOWNING STREET, 16th April, 1882.

SIR,—With reference to my Circular Despatch of the 20th of January last, I have the honour to transmit to you, for information in the Colony under

your Government, copies of revised regulations governing the examination and entry of Naval Cadets, which will come into effect for the examination taking place after June next.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient, humble Servant,

KIMBERLEY.

The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.

REGULATIONS respecting Naval Cadets, for the information of candidates, to take effect after June, 1882.

1. Appointments to Naval Cadetships will be made by limited competition, with the under-mentioned exceptions:

Four Cadetships given annually to sons of gentlemen in the Colonies, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Service Cadetships, the total number of which is not to exceed five in any one year. Service Cadets will be selected by the Board of Admiralty from (a) sons of officers of the Army, Navy, or Marines who have been killed in action, or who have been lost at sea on active service, or killed on duty, or who have died of wounds received in action or injuries received on duty within six months from the date of such action or injury, (b) sons of officers of the Navy who have performed long or distinguished service, and who hold or have held rank or relative rank on the Active List not lower than that of Commander; not more than two such Service Cadets to be nominated annually.

Applications for Service Cadetships should be addressed to the Military Secretary, Horse Guards, if the candidate is the son of an officer of the Army; to the Secretary of the Admiralty if the candidate is the son of an officer of the Navy or Marines, and to the Military Secretary, India office, if the candidate is the son of an officer of the Indian Army.

Colonial and Service Cadets will be entered on passing the test examination specified in paragraph 8, and will in all other respects be subject to these Regulations.

The examination of candidates nominated to compete, and also of Service Cadets, will be conducted by the Civil Service Commissioners. A fee of ten shillings will be required from each candidate.

2. Except in special circumstances not more than one third of the number of candidates actually presenting themselves before the Civil Service Commissioners will be entered.

3. Nomination for Naval Cadetships will take place half-yearly as soon as convenient after the report of the last examination has been received.

4. Examinations of the young gentlemen who have obtained nominations will be held in London, and will commence on the second Wednesday in June and the last Wednesday in November in each year, and the appointments will date from the 15th July and 15th January following respectively.

5. No candidate will be eligible for examination in June whose age will not be within the following limits on the 15th July following, viz., not less than twelve nor more than thirteen and a half years of age, nor in November whose age will not be within those limits on the 15th January following.

6. Every candidate must be in good health, and free from any physical defect of body, impediment of speech, defect of sight or hearing, and also from any predisposition to constitutional or hereditary disease or weakness of any kind, and in all respects well developed and active in proportion to his age. Before being examined by the Civil Service Commissioners he will be required to pass the medical examination according to the prescribed regulations, and must have been found physically fit for the Navy; rejection at such examination will finally exclude him from the Navy.

7. The candidate will be required to produce (1) a certificate of the date of his birth,* or a declaration

thereof made before a magistrate; (2) a certificate of good conduct from the masters of the school or schools at which he may have been educated during the two previous years, or, if educated at home, from the tutor or the clergyman of the parish in which he resides; and (3) a certificate of good health.

8. The candidates will be tested by examination in the following subjects:—

	Marks.
(1.) Arithmetic: including proportion, vulgar and decimal fractions.....	250
(2.) Algebra: including fractions and simple equations of one unknown quantity	175
(3.) Geometry: definitions, postulates, axioms, and subjects of the first twenty-six propositions of Euclid's Elements	175
(4.) English: writing from dictation, spelling 75, handwriting 25.....	100
reading with intelligence, and parsing easy sentences.....	100
	200
(5.) French: translating, by aid of a dictionary, French into English, and English into French; reading, parsing, and speaking.....	200
(6.) Scripture history.....	100

Candidates will be further examined in any two of the following subjects they may select:

Elementary mathematics: miscellaneous questions in arithmetic, algebra, (including quadratic equations), and geometry to the end of the first book of Euclid's Elements...	300
Latin: reading, parsing, and translating, by aid of a dictionary, Latin into English, and English into Latin.....	300
Geography and English History	300

The final order of merit will be determined by the sum of the marks obtained in the test, as well as in the further examination.

In arithmetic the candidate will be required to obtain five tenths, and in each of the other subjects of the test examination four tenths of the marks allotted thereto. In English the candidate must obtain four tenths of the marks allotted for each of the two sub-divisions of the subject.

9. Colonial and Service Cadets will be appointed on passing the test examination; they must, however, obtain 600 marks in the aggregate, as well as the proportion of marks in arithmetic and other subjects required from the candidates who compete.

10. A candidate who passes the test examination, but does not succeed in the competition, will be entitled to compete at the next examination, provided he is within the regulations as to limits of age at that time. No candidate will be allowed to compete more than twice. A candidate who fails to pass the test will not be entitled to another trial, but he will be allowed to compete at the next examination if he receives a fresh nomination and is still within the limits of age.

11. A candidate who, owing to illness, fails to appear at the examination for which he has obtained his nomination may receive a second nomination, provided he is still within the limits of age.

12. For all Cadets entered under these regulations, the payment will be at the rate of 70*l.* per annum for the period in the Britannia, to be paid half-yearly in advance to the Accountant-General of the Navy. But the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty reserve the power of selecting, from among the cadets entered at each half-yearly examination, a number, not to exceed 10, being sons of Officers of the Navy, Army, or Marines, or of Civil Officers under the Board of Admiralty, with respect to whom the annual payment will be 40*l.* only. In this selection their Lordships will have regard solely to the pecuniary circumstances of the Cadets.

13. The period of training on board the Britannia will be four terms; there will be two terms in each year. The first term of each year will be from February to July, the second from September to December.

* A Certificate of Baptism will not be accepted.

The vacations will be five weeks at Christmas, two weeks at Easter, and six weeks at Midsummer.

14. There will be examinations in Seamanship and Study at the end of each term.

Cadets who pass unsatisfactory examinations, or who are reported for unsatisfactory conduct, will be "warned," and they will be liable to be discharged at the end of the following or any subsequent term, should they again be reported as failing to attain the proper number of marks at the examinations, or for unsatisfactory conduct.

If a Cadet is reported for unsatisfactory conduct during his final term he will be discharged without being allowed to present himself at the examination for passing out of the Britannia.

Any Cadet who shall appear to their Lordships for any reason to be unfit for the Service will be removed from the Britannia.

15. It is to be distinctly understood that the period of training on board the Britannia is a time of *probation*, and the parent or guardian of every Cadet will be required to sign a declaration (on the admission of the Cadet to the Britannia) to the effect that he shall be immediately withdrawn on the receipt of an official intimation of his being considered unfit for the Navy.

16. Cadets will, on passing out of the Britannia, rank according to the amount of sea time they obtain at their final examination, and those who obtain equal amounts of sea time will rank in the order of merit in which they pass out of the Britannia.

17. The parent or guardian of every Cadet will be required to provide outfit under the regulation in force.

18. Pay and pocket money will not be allowed by Government to Cadets entered in and after June 1881.

By Command of their Lordships,

ROBERT HALL.

Admiralty, 22nd March, 1882.

49-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

CERTIFIED COPY of a Report of a Committee of the Honorable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 23rd May, 1882.

ON a report dated 17th May 1882, from the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, submitting that by the provisions of the 18th section of the Pilotage Act 36 Vic. chap. 54, sub-section 8, it is determined that the rates of pilotage for and below the Harbor of Quebec set forth in tables 1 and 2 of schedule A, to the Act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada passed in the 12th year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter 114, intituled "An Act to consolidate the laws relative to the powers and duties of the Trinity House of Quebec and for other purposes" shall not be altered for three years after the going into force of the Act 36 Vic. chap. 54, nor unless the share of the net income of the Corporation of Pilots annually accruing to each member of the corporation acting and practising as a pilot for and below the Harbor of Quebec has been less than six hundred dollars (\$600), on an average of three years previous.

The Minister states that it has been represented to him that the net income of each pilot for the past three years has fallen below six hundred dollars (\$600.)

That measures have been taken by the passage of a Bill through Parliament to reduce the number of pilots so as to allow to the reduced number the specified sum of \$600, or a greater sum, but inasmuch as a year at least must elapse before such reduction in the number of pilots can be made, the Minister recommends that the accompanying by-law passed by the Harbor Commissioners of Quebec at a meeting held on the 3rd instant, repealing the existing rates of pilotage and increasing the rates be approved, such by-law to have effect and the increased rates to continue in force only during the season of navigation in the year 1882.

The committee concur in the foregoing report of the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries and advise that the rule submitted be approved accordingly.

JOHN J. MCGEE.

Clerk, Privy Council.

Quebec Harbour Commission.

At a weekly meeting of the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, held in their office, in the Lower Town of the City of Quebec, being their usual place of sitting, on Wednesday, the third day of the month of May, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, at which meeting were present the following named Commissioners, viz:—

P. V. Valin, Esquire, Chairman,

The Honorable Thomas McGreevy,

James Patton, Esquire,

William Rae, Esquire,

Ferdinand Hamel, Esquire,

R. R. Dobell, Esquire,

Julien Chabot, Esquire, and

Laurent Goudbout, Esquire, President of the Corporation of Pilots, for and below the Harbour of Quebec, forming a quorum of the said Harbour Commissioners, the following By-law to increase the rates of pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec, was read for the first time, and at a subsequent weekly meeting of the said Quebec Harbour Commissioners, held at the same place, on Wednesday, the tenth day of the said month of May, in the same year, at which were present the following named Commissioners, forming also a quorum, viz:—

P. V. Valin, Esquire, Chairman,

James Patton, Esquire,

Ferdinand Hamel, Esquire,

Julien Chabot, Esquire,

William Rae, Esquire,

R. R. Dobell, Esquire, and

Laurent Goudbout, Esquire, President of the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec, the said following By-law was read for the second and last time, and adopted, having been published since its first reading, twice in the English language in the *Morning Chronicle* and twice in the French language in *Le Canadien*, both papers published at Quebec.

Quebec Harbour Commission.

BY-LAW to increase the Rates of Pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec.

WHEREAS the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec having terminated a period of three years, as mentioned in the 18th section of "The Pilotage Act of 1873," and having declared in and by their petition addressed the twenty-first day of the month of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty, to the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, wherein they pray for an increased rate of pilotage, that the share of the net income of the said Corporation of Pilots, annually accruing to each member of the said Corporation acting and practising as a pilot for and below the Harbour of Quebec, has been less than six hundred dollars (\$600) on an average of the said three years previous, the said Quebec Harbour Commissioners enact as follows:

1. The rates of pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec set forth in tables I and II of Schedule A to the Act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada, passed in the 12th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 114, intituled "An Act to consolidate the laws relating to the powers and duties of the Trinity House of Quebec and for other purposes," are hereby repealed.

2. For the future the rates of pilotage payable to the pilots belonging to the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec, and acting and practising as such pilots, shall be as follows:

TABLE I.

RATES OF PILOTAGE FOR THE HARBOUR OF QUEBEC AND BELOW.

FOR EACH FOOT OF DRAUGHT OF WATER.					
From	To	From the 1st May to the 10th Nov.	From the 10th Nov. to the 19th Nov.	From the 19th Nov. to the 1st March.	From the 1st March to the 1st May.
Bic Island or any other place below the anchorage of Brandy Pots off Hare Island..	Anchorage or mooring ground in the Basin or Harbor of Quebec.				
The anchorage ground at the Brandy Pots off Hare Island or any place above the said anchorage ground and below St. Roch's Point		\$3 87	\$4 95	\$6 02	\$4 41
St. Roch's Point or any place above this Point and below the Pointe aux Pins, on Crane Island.....	do do	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.
Pointe aux Pins, on Crane Island, or any place below St. Patrick's Hole.....	do do	$\frac{1}{3}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{3}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{3}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{3}$ do
The anchorage or mooring ground in the Basin or Harbor of Quebec.....	Bic Island or the place where the Pilot shall be discharged in the river below Quebec.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do
		\$3 40	\$4 46	\$5 54	\$3 93

TABLE II.

RATES of Pilotage for the Harbour of Quebec and below.

From	To	
Any wharf in the Harbour of Quebec between Pointe-a-Carcy, below, and the West End of the Allan's Wharf above, both inclusive.....	Any other Wharf within said limits.....	\$ cts. 2 50
Any place in the Harbour of Quebec not being a Wharf within the above mentioned limits.....	Any other place in the said Harbour not being a Wharf within the said limits.	5 00

Pilots taking charge of vessels at Patrick's Hole or above it shall be entitled to more than the sum allowed in the Table II for piloting vessels from one part of the Harbour to another.

P. V. VALIN,
Chairman.
A. H. VERRET,
Secretary Treasurer.

The Honorable the Acting Minister of
Marine and Fisheries.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada held in the 40th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 10 and intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Customs,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Berlin, Province of Ontario, now an Out-port of Customs under the Port of Guelph, be, and the same is hereby erected as an independent Port of Entry and Warehousing Port to take effect from the 1st of July next.

JOHN J. McGEE.

Clerk, Privy Council.

48-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under the provisions of the 4th section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 65, and intituled "An Act for the better protection of navigable streams and rivers,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the stream called "Beaver Creek", in the Township of Waterloo, in the County of Waterloo, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby exempted from the operation of the said Act.

JOHN J. McGEE.

Clerk, Privy Council.

48-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the Act 42 Victoria, chapter 16, intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the laws relating to Weights and Measures,"—His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Regulations for the Inspection of Weights and Measures adopted by Order in Council of the 14th of August 1879 be, and the same are hereby amended by the addition after section "D", of the following additional section:—

DD. Weighing machines known as "Hydrostatic Balances," being such as are commonly used for determining the weight of coals delivered at the pit mouth, may be verified for use for such purposes and also for weighing coals as delivered from vessels and barges, provided they give true indications within one two-hundredth part of the load.

JOHN J. McGEE.

Clerk, Privy Council.

48-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 23rd day of May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue and under the provisions of the 1st section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 37th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 45 and intituled "An Act to make better provision, extending to the whole Dominion of Canada respecting the inspection of certain staple articles of Canadian produce,"—

His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the County of Restigouche, in the Province of New Brunswick, be and the same is hereby constituted an Inspection Division for the purposes of the said Act.

JOHN J. McGEE.

Clerk, Privy Council.

48-3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 25th May, 1882.

PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS a disease affecting Neat Cattle prevails in the County of Pictou, Nova Scotia, and parts of the adjoining County or Counties, it is expedient to provide for the segregation and isolation in as far as possible of animals affected with such disease, and also to declare the places where such diseased animals are found, as infected places,—

His Excellency, on the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, and under the provisions of the Act 42 Victoria, chapter 23, and intituled "An Act to provide against infectious or contagious diseases affecting animals," has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations and Orders be enforced:—

1. A Veterinary Inspector duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture shall visit the places in the said localities where such diseased animals are found, and all farms or places on which such animals are found, shall be declared infected places, within the meaning of the Act aforesaid;

2. No person whatever, except an Inspector or Officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture, shall remove any cattle from any of such farms or infected places, and then only for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the said Act, under a penalty not exceeding two hundred dollars;

3. An Inspector or Officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture may make a selection of a place or places within the limits of an infected district, for the purpose of isolating and segregating such animals as may be diseased or supposed to be diseased or which may have been exposed to disease, and order the removal of such animals to such selected places;

4. An Inspector or Officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture, under the provisions of Section 14 of the Act aforesaid, may order any animal to be slaughtered which is found affected by infectious or contagious disease, a compensation to the amount of one third of the value of such animal before it became affected and ordered to be slaughtered, to be paid to the owner thereof, but such compensation not in any case to exceed twenty dollars. In all other cases the compensation to be two-thirds of the value of the animal ordered to be slaughtered, but not in any case to exceed forty dollars. The value of such animals to be in all cases established by an officer duly appointed for that purpose by the

Minister of Agriculture, but no compensation whatever will be allowed in any cases where attempts have been made to fraudulent concealment of the existence of the disease or in any cases where the animals have been removed from infected places contrary to the provisions of the Act aforesaid and particularly the first seven sections thereof.

5. And further a Veterinary Inspector or other officer duly authorized by the Minister of Agriculture, to be empowered to carry out generally the provisions of the Act aforesaid.

JOHN J. MCGEE.

48-3

Clerk, Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

THE SUPREME COURT OF CANADA.

General Rule 81.

IT is hereby ordered that Schedule D annexed to the Rules of the Supreme Court of Canada be amended as follows:—

Instead of the item: "Printed case, per folio of 100 words, including correcting, superintending printing and all necessary attendances, 30 cts." the following allowances shall be taxed by the Registrar:—

"For engrossing for printer copy of case as settled when such engrossed copy is necessarily and properly required, per folio of 100 words, 10 cts.

"For correcting and superintending printing, per 100 words, 5 cts."

Ottawa, 3rd June, 1882.

W. J. RITCHIE, C.J.
S. H. STRONG, J.
T. FOURNIER, J.
W. A. HENRY, J.
H. E. TASCHEREAU, J.
JOHN W. GWYNE, J.

50-1

THE SUPREME COURT OF CANADA.

General Rule 82.

IT is hereby ordered that an allowance shall be taxed by the Registrar to the duly entered agent in any appeal, in the discretion of the Registrar, to \$20.

Ottawa, 3rd June, 1882.

W. J. RITCHIE, C.J.
T. FOURNIER, J.
W. A. HENRY, J.
H. E. TASCHEREAU, J.
JOHN W. GWYNE, J.

50-1

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 7th June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the following companies and persons have been allotted for colonization purposes the tracts of land hereinafter described opposite their respective names, that they have paid the first instalment due on the purchase of the even-numbered sections therein, and that they have entered into the agreement required by the Governor in Council in that behalf. The public are hereby further notified that the said companies and persons severally control the settlement of the said tracts of land, subject to the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act, 1879, and the amendments thereto, and subject to and in accordance with Plan No. 1 of the Land Regulations approved by the Governor in Council on the twenty-third day of December, 1881, viz:

The Dominion Lands Colonization Company:—Townships numbers twenty-one and twenty-two in Range number seven; Townships numbers twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-six in

Range number twelve; Townships numbers twenty-four and twenty-five in Range number eleven, and those parts of Township number twenty-two in Range number twelve and fractional Township number twenty-two in Range number eleven north of the Canadian Pacific Railway Belt; also Township number twenty-six in Range number fourteen and fractional Townships numbers twenty-six A in Ranges numbers thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, all west of the Second Principal Meridian.

The Montreal and Western Land Company:—Townships numbers twenty and twenty-one in Range number one, and Township number twenty-two in Range number three, all west of the Second Meridian.

The Dundee Land Investment Company:—Township number twenty-one in Range number two, west of the Second Meridian.

George Gordon Dustan and William Bain Scarth:—Townships numbers fifty-three and fifty-four in Range number twenty-three; and Townships numbers fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-six and fifty-seven in Range number twenty-four, all west of the Fourth Meridian.

Patrick Purcell:—Townships numbers thirty-one and thirty-two in Ranges numbers six, seven and eight, west of the Second Meridian.

By order,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,

50-3

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the third day of May, 1882, incorporating Louis Bredannaz, carriage maker, and Edmond Asmant, chemist, both of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada; Frederick Aiken Howland, miller, Lambton Mills, in the Province of Ontario, in the said Dominion; Allen John Stephens, manufacturer; Oliver Aiken Howland, barrister at law, and Samuel Trees, merchant, all of the City of Toronto, in said province, for the purpose of manufacturing, selling and dealing in all kinds of vehicles and acquiring and working patents relating thereto in all parts of the Dominion of Canada,—by the name of the "Toronto Patent Wheel and Waggon Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars divided into two hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

50-3

Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twentieth day of April 1882, incorporating Thomas Long, M.P.P., merchant, Charles Macdonell, miller, George Moberly, barrister-at-law, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, Clerk in Holy Orders, John Francis Mathieson, insurance agent, William Basil Hamilton, postmaster, Andrew Ginty Campbell, steamboat agent, Adam Dudgeon, Division Court Clerk, Charles Gamon, barrister-at-law, Andrew Melville, merchant, Thomas Worthington Fair, merchant, James Lindsay, merchant, Alexander McDermid, merchant tailor, Frank Foster Telfer and Herbert Young Telfer, confectioners, Hall Telfer, baker, Edward Richmond Carpenter, druggist, John Guinness Laird, Clerk in Holy Orders, Edward Feallows, Clerk in Holy Orders, Annie McGillivray, spinster, Bella McGillivray, spinster, Bernard Cullary, merchant, George Warburton Hodgetts, bank manager, Henry Wentworth Bell Smith, accountant, Samuel Ditson, merchant, William Ward Willis, Baptist Minister, Alexander Buist, Gentleman, Charles Cameron, steamboat owner, and John Joseph Long, merchant, all of the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe, in the Province of Ontario, in the

Dominion of Canada; John Hogg, of the Town of Portage La Prairie, in the Province of Manitoba, in the said Dominion, conveyancer; the Honorable David Reesor, of the Town of Yorkville, in the County of York, in the said Province of Ontario, Senator; William Bouchier, yeoman, Donald A. Currie, yeoman, Thomas Robinson, insurance agent, James Leach, yeoman, and David Emery Buist, yeoman, all of the Township of Nottawasaga, in the said County of Simcoe; George Bullas Bristow, Arthur Holroyd and John Buckingham, yeomen, all of the Township of Osprey, in the County of Grey, in the said Province of Ontario; Henry Horace Thompson, of the Village of Penetanguishene, in said County of Simcoe, merchant; Alexander McCarthy, of the town of Barrie, in said County of Simcoe, post office conductor; Robert James Sproul, merchant, and John Wesley Armstrong, Division Court Clerk, both of the Village of Flesherton, in said County of Grey; Walter Hunter, merchant, Robert Herbert Hunt, doctor of medicine, Thomas Wesley Tyson, Walter Lount Tyson, and John Henry Tyson, millers, Emma Louisa Hartman, all of the Village of Clarksburg, in said County of Grey; Charles Hunt, Gentleman, William H. Smith, grain buyer, all of the Village of Thornbury, in said County of Grey; James Hill Hunter, merchant, of the Town of Durham, in said County of Grey; George William Monk, M. P. P., of the township of March, in the County of Carleton, in said Province of Ontario; Robert Henry, lumber merchant, Patrick Hughes, merchant, both of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in said Province of Ontario; Frederick John French, Gentleman, of the Town of Prescott, in the County of Grenville, in said Province of Ontario; Michael Gartlan and Charles O'Brien, merchants, both of the Village of Stayner, in said County of Simcoe; Gideon Striker, M. P. P., of the Town of Picton, in the County of Prince Edward, in said Province of Ontario; Timothy Rodgers, yeoman, of the Village of Bradford, in the County of Simcoe; William Broder, merchant, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, in said Province of Ontario; Wilfred Charles Schrieber, wood agent, of the Village of Allandale, and Charles Cotton Bridges, yeoman, of the Township of Oro, both in said County of Simcoe,—for the purpose of acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of land or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof, the erection of buildings, including mills and machinery, and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to the conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed on, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and for the promotion of immigration,—by the name of "The Farmers North West Land and Colonization Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars divided into two thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 7th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

50-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-third day of May, 1882, incorporating George Young Smith, of the town of Whitby, in the County and Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, barrister-at-law; Henry Betts Taylor, of the said town of Whitby, bank agent; the Reverend J. Herbert Starr, of the said town of Whitby, Methodist

minister; John Rice, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Wellington Adams, of the said town of Whitby, dentist; D. Evans Starr, of the town of Brampton, in the County of Peel and the Province aforesaid, accountant; Jeremiah Long, of the said town of Whitby, grain merchant; George H. Starr, of the town of Brandon, in the Province of Manitoba, merchant; Joshua Richardson, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Thomas J. Holliday, of the village of Brooklin, in the said Province of Ontario, merchant; Frank Warren, of the said town of Brooklin, doctor of medicine; the Reverend James A. Carmichael, of the village of Columbus, in the said Province of Ontario, Presbyterian minister; James Rowe Philip, of the said town of Whitby, merchant, for the purpose of acquiring of land or any interest therein in Manitoba or the North West Territories or elsewhere from the Government of the Dominion of Canada or from any company or individuals; colonizing, settling, cultivating or building upon the said lands, the selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and otherwise disposing or dealing with the same, the borrowing, loaning and advancing of money upon the same to assist the settler and securing such advances by way of mortgage or otherwise on said lands as may be agreed upon, the breeding, raising, selling or purchasing of horses, cattle and sheep and the carrying on of all farming operations,—by the name of the "Ontario and North Western Land Company," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 9th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

50-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the twenty-third day of May 1882, incorporating John Stewart, of the township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, Esquire; John Herron, of the city of Ottawa, in the said Province, merchant; Hugh MacLennan, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, forwarder; Archibald Stewart, of the said township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; McLeod Stewart, of the said township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; Francis Henry Chrysler, of the said township of Nepean, barrister-at-law, and Joseph James Gormully, of the said city of Ottawa, barrister-at-law, for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise acquiring, settling, improving and cultivating lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories of the Dominion of Canada, developing the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same; the stocking of the same lands and the breeding and dealing in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and the carrying on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising; the aiding encouraging and promoting of immigration into the property of the company, and the colonizing of the same; and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the Company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agent for any government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada; the purchasing, acquiring, manufacturing and selling all kinds of timber, lumber, goods and chattels and effects (except wine, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors); the building, acquiring, navigating and using steam and other vessels and craft, and the providing and using of all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandize, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company to aid by

way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport, the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations; the constructing, maintaining and altering of any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company; selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, charging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company and taking and accepting mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company may see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, the selling, assigning, or otherwise disposing of all or any of such securities, engaging in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership or otherwise in conjunction with any other person or company, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them—by the name of "The Stewart Ranch Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State this 9th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

50-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877" letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the twenty-third day of May 1882, incorporating James Craig, of the township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, farmer, John Hodgins, of the City of Ottawa, in the said county of Carleton, barrister at law, Célestin Gagné, of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, Abraham Pratt, of the said city of Ottawa, Assessment Commissioner, Joseph Eugène Dupuis of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, Charles Adolphus Christin, of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, Edmund Wood Clark, of the township of Nepean, in the said county of Carleton, farmer, George Craig, of the said township of North Gower, John McKinstry of the said City of Ottawa, real estate agent, Richard Nesbitt Bishop, of the said city of Ottawa, hotel keeper, Harmonic Gerald Bate, of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, and Richard Craig, of Kemptville, in the county of Grenville in the said Province by Ontario, merchant, for the purpose of importing into, and the breeding and raising, of cattle horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within Canada, the trading and dealing in them or any of them or their products, the shipping of the same to foreign countries, the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, the selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company, and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, by the name of "The Anglo-Canadian Ranch Company, Limited," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into two hundred shares of five hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 9th day of June 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

50-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the 12th day of May, 1882, incorporating William Robert Bell, of the town of Brockville, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, farmer; John Northwood, of the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, in said Province, farmer; Herman Joseph Eberts, of the said town of Chatham, Gentleman; Robert Crawford, of the said town of Brockville, Gentleman; William Northwood, of the said town of Chatham, maltster; Thomas Caldwell Elwood, of the city of Toronto, electrician; Edmund Burritt, of Easton's Corners in the township of Welford, in said Province, farmer; William Ryan Thistle, of the city of Ottawa, in the said Province, lumber merchant; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, miller, of Milford, in the county of Brandon, and Charles Frederick Houghton, of the city of Winnipeg, Gentleman, both of the Province of Manitoba, in the said Dominion, for the purpose of acquiring, settling and conveying lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories of Canada, of improving, cultivating building upon and otherwise improving the same, of buying and selling grain and other products of the soil, of carrying on farming in all its branches. Of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses and other stock, of buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing in lands and all manner of interest in lands, of advancing money to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed on and of carrying on trade as general manufacturers, merchants, millers and forwarders and for establishing agencies in Canada or elsewhere for the purposes aforesaid, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as may be necessary and incident thereto; but nothing herein contained shall authorize the company to act as a loan company within the meaning of the Act, by the name of "The Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of six hundred thousand dollars divided into six thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this second day of June, 1882

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

49-3

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st May, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,772,613 10.
Excise.....	538,605 86
Post Office.....	113,689 24
Public Works, including Railways.	286,283 03
Miscellaneous	144,581 49
	<u>\$ 2,855,772 72</u>
Less Receipts from Dominion Lands transferred to Capital.....	473,556 65
	<u>\$ 2,382,216 07</u>
Revenue to 30th April, 1882.....	27,171,980 05
	<u>\$29,554,196 12</u>
Expenditure.....	\$2,783,685 38
do 30th April, 1882	19,770,127 68
	<u>\$22,553,813 06</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of May, 1882, incorporating George Frederick Austin, of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, civil engineer; Thomas Ferris Nellis, of the same place, barrister at law; William Ryan Thistle, of the same place, lumber merchant; Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, Esquire; Joseph Merrill Currier, of Ottawa aforesaid, Esquire; McLeod Stewart, of the same place, Esquire; William George Perley, of the same place, lumber merchant; John Alexander Gemmill, of the same place, barrister at law, and William Anderson Allan, of the same place, merchant, for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise acquiring and working mines, minerals and mining rights, lands, hereditaments and chattels in the Dominion of Canada, and crushing, smelting and reducing and amalgamating the ore and rendering marketable the produce, and developing the resources of the same mines, and crushing, smelting, reducing and amalgamating the produce of any mines whether belonging to the said company or not. Also to construct or aid in and subscribe towards the construction, maintenance and improvement of roads, tramways, docks, piers, wharves, viaducts, aqueducts, flumes, ditches, quartz mills, mills, orehouses and other buildings and works which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the said proposed company. Also to construct, charter and employ vessels for the purposes aforesaid and for the purpose of transporting the produce of the mines and works to any place or places within the Dominion of Canada, or elsewhere,—by the name of "The Austin Mining Company," with a total capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into fifty shares of five dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State, this 29th day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

49-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 26th May, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 23rd instant, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that there may be paid to the proprietor of any leather dressing establishment, in Canada, a drawback equal to five per cent. ad valorem, on the value on which duty has been paid on "Goat skins, tanned", but not further dressed, waxed, glazed or dyed, imported into Canada for the purpose of being finished, upon satisfactory proof that such "Goat" skins have been finished at such establishment by being so dressed, waxed, glazed or dyed, and under such further regulations and restrictions as the Honorable the Minister of Customs may deem necessary.

By command,

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

48-3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 26th May, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 23rd instant, and under the authority vested in him by sec. 11 of 44th Victoria, chap. 11, has been pleased to order and direct that the following article be placed on the free list, subject to such regulations as may be laid down by this Department, viz:

"Foot Grease," the refuse of the cotton seed after the oil is pressed out.

By command,

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

48-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twelfth day of May, 1882, incorporating Nathaniel Clarke Wallace, of the Village of Woodbridge, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, merchant, a member of the House of Commons of Canada; Silas James, provincial land surveyor; James Armstrong, student-at-law; John Jeremiah Cook, merchant; Alexander Gilbert Lightbourne, accountant; Elgin Schoff barrister-at-law, all of the City of Toronto, in the said Province; James Duncan, of Emery, in the said Province, farmer; John Duncan, of Richmond Hill in said Province, farmer, and Robert Nathaniel Taylor, of Elder Mills, in the said Province, farmer; for the purpose of the acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise, from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or person or persons of lands or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, settling and selling of said lands. The surveying, laying out, cultivating, improving and building upon the same.

The advance of money to assist settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayments for such advances and on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion, and to sell, lease, mortgage and otherwise dispose of the same.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration and settlement into and upon the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money.

To aid by way of bonus in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railways and of steamboats or other vessels or carriages, from or through the lands of the company, and to aid, construct, build and operate such other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company. To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods and chattels required by the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company or elsewhere, and for such purposes to have all the necessary powers for borrowing and investing money, selling and disposing of real and personal property and other powers necessary and incidental thereto,—by the name of "The York Farmers Colonization Company," with a total capital stock of three hundred thousand dollars divided into three thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-sixth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

48-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the 12th day of May, 1882, incorporating Henry Stark Howland, banker, William Rees Brock, merchant, John Ginty, contractor, John Gillespie, merchant, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in our Dominion of Canada; George A. Mettlebury, real estate agent, and Jeffrey Hall Brock, real estate agent, both of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, in our said Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of (a) the acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories. (b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same. (c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same. (d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging, and generally dealing with lands, and all manner of interests in land including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting; settlers by way of bonus, or otherwise, and the securing payment of

such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus for the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and for aiding all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interests of said company or of settlers upon the said lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,—by the name of "The Dominion Lands Colonization Company," with a total capital stock of one million dollars divided into ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this twenty-sixth day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

48-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the eleventh of May, 1882, incorporating Edward Gurney, the younger, manufacturer, John Edward Rose, barrister at law, and Alexander Sutherland, Doctor of Divinity, all of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; Dennis Moore, of the City of Hamilton, in the said Province, manufacturer, Richard Brown, of said City of Toronto, merchant, William Glass, of the City of London, in said Province, Sheriff, William Briggs, Clergyman, Henry E. Clarke, manufacturer, Daniel McLean, merchant, Edward Hartly Dewart, Doctor of Divinity, John Thomas Moore, accountant, John Jacob Withrow,

manufacturer, Samuel John Hunter, Clergyman, Charles Douglas Warren, merchant, all of the City of Toronto; Leonard Garty, of the City of London aforesaid, Clergyman, and Robert Warren, of the Town of Niagara, in said Province yeoman, for the purpose of—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon, and otherwise dealing with the same.

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus for the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands, and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works that may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interests of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers or are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country, and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion,—by the name of "The Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Company, Limited," with a total capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of May, 1882.

48-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60	168,227 35	171,362 10	
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25	5,620,094 75	5,572,238 75	
5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	36,381 92	30,812 06	26,227 06	
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00	664,525 00	676,625 00	
\$500 & \$1000.....	8 167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00	7,907,500 00	8,272,000 00	
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77	14,391,159 16	14,718,452 91	

Fractional Notes.....	171,362 10
Provincial ".....	62,519 56
Montreal issue.....	7,116,449 50
Toronto ".....	4,881,863 00
Halifax ".....	1,754,200 00
St. John ".....	710,388 25
Victoria ".....	21,670 50
Total.....	\$14,718,452 91

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st May.....	2,552,568 79
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,472,568 79

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91	1,471,845 29

Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91	2,207,767 93
	\$3,679,613 22

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,792,955 57
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Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91.....	11,038,839 00

Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	961,161 00
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SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,792,955 57
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	961,161 00

Total Excess.....	2,754,116 57
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J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 9th June, 1882.

2058

• Including landed property of Bank \$343,395 10.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Depnty Minister of Finance.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th June, 1882.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada and the Duty Collected thereon, (exclusive of British Columbia,) during the month ending 28th February, 1882.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Agricultural Implements	"	1,812 00	463 21
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals.	7,207 00	1,830 65
Animals.....	"	4,375 00	1,102 76
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	3,269 00	653 88
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	68,566 00	11,606 55
Breadstuffs, viz :—		22,384 00	5,684 35
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush.	138,987	96,482 00
Flour and Meal.....	Brls.	18,564	94,663 00
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	10,769 00	3,988 45
Candles.....	Lbs.	10,218	1,302 00
Chicory.....	"	2,791	140 00
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons.	178,395	292,682 00
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs.	21,407	2,405 00
" " U. States.....	"	36,115	5,184 00
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	10,527 00	1,378 70
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	5,224 00	683 45
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	1,598,978 00	359,712 71
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	47,908 00	10,057 43
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	20,138 00	5,772 15
Fancy Goods.....	"	330,081 00	70,911 61
Fish.....	"	4,446 00	887 19
Fruit, Dried.....	"	42,078 00	10,189 93
" green, &c.....	"	23,409 00	4,807 54
Furs.....	"	26,884 00	4,171 60
Glass and Glassware.....	"	73,851 00	16,896 30
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	2,332 00	805 95
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	247,417 00	61,854 70
Hops.....	Lbs.	39,070	11,156 00
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	857,370 00	186,978 87
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	86,670 00	20,267 10
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	4,297 00	772 35
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	137,455 00	31,493 96
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	6,437 00	1,295 99
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	45,612 00	9,587 22
Musical Instruments.....	"	32,655 00	9,344 73
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals.	165,646	21,531 00
" all other, N.E.S.....	"	34,761	24,009 00
Paints and Colors.....	\$	20,324 00	3,026 60
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	71,638 00	18,508 73
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,324 00	397 20
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs.	1,229,639	102,977 00
Butter.....	"	2,022	514 00
Cheese.....	"	2,066	223 00
Lard.....	"	194,625	22,813 00
Poultry and other meats.....	\$		2,911 00
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs.	21,340	128 00
Seeds.....	\$	22,845 00	3,458 50
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	505,648 00	148,408 20
Soap of all kinds.....	Lbs.	7,066	2,268 00
Spices, ground and unground.....	\$	11,357 00	2,381 20
Starch.....	Lbs.	21,985	1,289 00
Spirits of all kinds	Gals.	50,568	49,909 00
Wines, other than Sparkling	"	20,788	18,155 00
" Sparkling	Doz.	1,169	9,271 00
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs.	195,075	8,551 00
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	"	1,277,385	45,988 00
" below No. 9, D.S.....	"	3,647,348	133,808 00
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	"	154,993	5,470 00
" Melado, &c., &c.....	"	14,536	145 00
" Glucose and Syrups.....	"	43,202	1,942 00
" Molasses for refining.....	Gals.	52,475	17,364 00
" Molasses not for refining.....	"	101,365	29,857 00
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs.	51,675	11,476 00
" United States	"	563,197	102,635 00
Tobacco and Cigars.....	"	32,108	50,850 00
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$		69,882 00
Woollen manufactures	"		1,143,095 00
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs.		
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	747,182 00	169,291 18
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$7,483,537 00	\$1,814,192 80
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		13,110 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,555,159 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 9,051,806 00	\$1,814,192 80

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, (exclusive of British Columbia,) for April, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total,
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	71,776 00	6,563 00	81,339 00
do Fisheries.....	336,632 00	342 00	336,974 00
do Forest.....	962,384 00	86,313 00	1,048,697 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,003,698 00	21,317 00	1,025,015 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,152,489 00	17,053 00	2,169,542 00
Manufactures	197,500 00	43,696 00	241,196 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	67,204 00	8,686 00	75,890 00
Totals.....	4,794,683 00	183,970 00	4,978,653 00
Coin and Bullion.....		306,495 00	306,495 00
Grand Ttal.	4,794,683 00	490,465 00	5,285,148 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 2nd June, 1882

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th April, 1882, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st March, 1882.	Deposits for April, 1882.	Total.	Withdrawn, April, 1882.	Balance, 30th April, 1882.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto	548,895 83	44,614 97	593,510 80	38,790 43	554,720 37
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg	437,628 00	105,750 08	543,378 08	75,421 90	467,956 18
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria	1,328,444 62	67,449 00	1,395,893 62	62,019 10	1,333,874 52
Nanaimo	139,161 33	4,831 00	143,992 33	4,062 84	139,929 49
New Westminster	187,429 07	10,824 00	198,253 07	6,821 57	191,431 50
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst	141,897 29	6,054 00	147,951 29	3,589 63	144,361 66
Antigonish	43,328 48	984 00	44,312 48	12,967 02	31,345 46
Annapolis	129,019 27	6,017 77	135,067 04	7,303 87	127,763 17
Arichat	124,248 66	1,234 00	125,482 66	1,373 00	124,109 66
Acadia Mines	30,025 25	753 00	30,778 25	1,000 32	29,777 93
Baddeck	42,902 83	1,441 00	44,343 83	1,775 13	42,568 70
Bridgewater	28,051 88	1,035 00	29,086 88	597 00	28,489 88
Barrington	36,170 52	1,154 00	37,324 52	632 33	36,692 19
Digby	64,232 71	4,337 00	68,569 71	5,294 88	63,274 83
Guysboro'	48,119 19	1,679 00	49,798 19	1,602 00	48,196 19
Halifax	2,388,813 73	62,741 63	2,451,555 36	111,710 78	2,339,844 58
Kentville	113,971 45	15,804 00	129,775 45	14,850 08	114,925 37
Liverpool	113,896 49	2,471 00	116,367 49	2,201 42	114,166 07
Lingan	12,391 84	512 00	12,903 84	130 00	12,773 84
Lunenburg	95,132 04	3,225 00	98,357 04	1,697 13	96,659 91
Maitland	46,755 93	1,172 00	47,927 93	1,283 00	46,644 93
New Glasgow	102,525 69	3,231 00	105,756 69	2,233 00	103,523 69
Parrsboro'	40,269 94	781 00	41,050 94	1,535 76	39,515 18
Port Hood	48,190 06	2,955 00	51,145 06	802 13	50,342 93
Pictou	41,532 49	1,429 00	42,961 49	545 50	42,415 99
Shelburne	35,288 65	6,983 00	42,271 65	1,316 00	40,955 65
Sydney	167,682 03	3,154 00	170,836 03	1,455 98	169,380 05
Sherbrooke	32,304 30	411 00	32,715 30	345 00	32,370 30
Truro	199,672 35	14,707 00	214,379 35	12,995 45	201,383 90
Wallace	8,991 50	1,600 00	10,591 50	331 00	10,260 50
Windsor	365,371 75	16,005 00	381,376 75	5,265 28	376,111 47
Weymouth	51,807 81	1,913 00	53,720 81	274 80	53,446 01
Yarmouth	323,686 80	11,311 00	334,997 80	11,941 17	323,056 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst	65,440 24	2,632 00	68,072 24	2,080 42	65,991 82
Chatham	186,778 13	5,322 00	192,100 13	5,451 57	186,648 56
Dalhousie	155,447 33	1,446 00	156,893 33	3,326 01	153,567 32
Dorchester	23,812 55	2,184 84	25,997 39	.....	25,997 39
Fredericton	291,042 73	16,975 00	308,017 73	9,269 96	298,747 77
Hillboro'	21,220 93	284 00	21,504 93	323 00	21,181 93
Moncton	126,622 53	9,358 00	135,980 53	7,790 78	128,189 75
Newcastle	122,492 82	5,144 00	127,636 82	1,865 23	125,771 59
Richibucto	66,523 13	718 00	67,241 13	900 00	66,341 13
St. Andrews	204,606 13	3,128 00	207,734 13	2,518 39	205,215 74
St. John	1,638,347 13	33,453 00	1,671,800 13	38,514 57	1,633,285 56
Sussex	26,479 59	1,722 00	28,201 59	400 00	27,801 59
Woodstock	216,891 65	12,935 00	229,826 65	6,474 86	223,351 79
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown	806,415 89	66,063 00	872,478 89	41,401 68	831,077 21
Total	11,469,960 61	569,958 29	12,039,918 90	514,640 97	11,525,277 93

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.		Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
		Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.		
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).		Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).		Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.		Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)		Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds		Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.....	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)		Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Buildin and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.		Steam Boilers, &c.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400)		Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400)		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash		Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock.		Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).		Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333)		Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association.....	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.	\$50,000 cash.		Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B)		Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock		Life.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210)		Fire.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock		Guarantee.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)		Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock		Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$100,000 Canada stock.		Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock		Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Municipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200)		Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000		Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....	A. T. McGord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock		Guarantee and Accident
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£21,000 stg., Canada Stock		Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)		Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash		Life.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds		Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.		Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815)		Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto...	\$50,000 cash		Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)		Fire and Life,

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$55,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's.....	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phoenix Assurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50,171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company.....	J. G. Olapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333 British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto.....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Life.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life and Acciden
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal. Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915).....	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Mont- real Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Acciden
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto		\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock.. ..	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.....	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal...	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company.....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST MAY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Algoma Mills.....	.....	Algoma .....O.	James Townley.
Avoury.....	Sombra.....	Bothwell .....O.	Peter Knight.
Bardolph.....	Adolphustown.....	Lennox.....O.	H. B. Seeley.
Barrie Island.....	Barrie.....	Algoma.....O.	Peter Archdekin.
Becher (re-opened).....	Sombra.....	Bothwell .....O.	Henry Roebuck.
Carholme.....	Walsingham.....	Norfolk, S.R.....O.	James Smith.
Chance Harbour.....	.....	Pictou .....N.S.	Daniel Cameron.
Clappison.....	Flamborough East.....	Wentworth, N.R. ....O.	H. Clappison.
Courtice.....	Darlington.....	Durham, W.R. ....O.	C. W. Lent.
Dennistown.....	.....	Inverness, .....N.S.	John Gillies.
Dog Creek (re-opened).....	.....	Cariboo Lilloet.....B.C.	W. H. Wright.
Dracon.....	Garafraxa.....	Wellington, C.R.....O.	John Young.
Kings Wharf.....	Emily.....	Victoria, S.R. ....O.	James C. Leary.
Lac à la Tortue.....	Notre Dame de Mont Carmel	Champlain .....Q.	Joseph Brunelle.
Lakeport.....	Haldimand.....	Northumberland, E.R....O.	H. J. Matthews.
Lourdes.....	Somerset.....	Mégantic.....Q.	George Nadeau.
Lidcote.....	Chatham.....	Kent.....O.	D. D. Purdy.
Newcombe.....	.....	Lunenburg.....N.S.	James Newcombe.
Riverdale Junction.....	Caledon.....	Cardwell.....O.	James Graham. †
St. Cyprien.....	Hocquart.....	Témiscouata.....Q.	Grégoire Dallaire.
Shippigan Island.....	.....	Gloucester.....N.B.	Jacques Godin.
Ullswater (re-opened).....	Watt.....	Muskoka.....O.	George Bunn.
Wilbur.....	.....	Westmoreland.....N.B.	Nathan E. Wilbur.
Wilsonville.....	Townsend.....	Norfolk, N.R.....O.	Peter L. Hays.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Basswood..... Co. Welland, O.
Newport Point..... Co. Gaspé, Q.

NAMES CHANGED.

Close Mills, Co. Lennox, O.....to Chambers.
Kerry, Co. Prescott, O.....to St. Alfred de Prescott.

SUB OFFICE MADE A REGULAR POST OFFICE.

St. Féréol.....Co. Montmorency, Q.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of April, 1882. Cr.
(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st March, 1882	\$8,561,758 65	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$396,104 03
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	558,329 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	4,465 50	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,664,854 80
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	63,594 32
	9,124,553 15		8,728,449 12
			9,124,553 15

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 22nd May, 1882

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of April, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	266,178 93	.....
Malt Liquor.....	50 00	.....
Malt	37,283 02	.....
Tobacco	154,278 68	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	966 75	.....
Manufactures in Bond.	3,117 23	.....
Seizures	1,809 80	.....
Other Receipts	515 00	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....		464,199 41
Canals.....		4,862 97
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.		1,887 00
Minor Public Works.....		287 38
Culling Timber.....		821 31
Inspection of Weights and Measures		2,881 87
Inspection of Gas.....		255 00
Bill Stamps.....		131 69
Total		475,326 63

E. MIALLE,
Assist. Commissioner.
Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 26th May, 1882. 48—tf

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America

Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the

preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the Rainy River Improvement Company.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the British Canadian Cable and Telegraph Company for the purpose of laying a cable from a point in Scotland to Greenland, thence by the Hudson Bay to Winnipeg; with the right to extend telegraph lines along any railroad or post road in Manitoba or the North West Territories of Canada.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882.

39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario West Trade Colonization Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain a transfer thereof or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be

necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(c) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3 The city of Toronto, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:

Robert Davies, of the city of Toronto, brewer; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, of the town of Woodstock, merchant; Joshua Smith Hamilton, of the city of Brantford, merchant; William Gillzean Reid, of the city of Hamilton, merchant; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; George Thomas Robinson, of the city of Toronto, merchant; Archibald George Hodge, of the city of Toronto, hotel-keeper;

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDOUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto, the 8th day of June
A D., 1882. 50-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants, and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle Farm Syndicate," (Limited.) The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or

of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Winnipeg, with branches at Toronto and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in fifty thousand shares of ten dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of the applicants are as follows:—Jay C. Richardson, of the city of Cincinnati, United States of America, Esquire; James Whealy, of the city of Winnipeg, in the county of Selkirk, yeoman; Alonzo King, of the town of Woodstock, in the county of Oxford, book-keeper; Robert B. Watson, of the city of Winnipeg, contractor; Rankin Dawson, M.D., of the city of Winnipeg; Edward Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; Josiah Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; Theodore S. Covernton, M.D., of the city of Winnipeg; Louisa Black, of the city of Winnipeg, milliner; Elizabeth Smith, of the city of Winnipeg, widow; Lou A. Stackhouse, of the city of Winnipeg, spinster; Thomas S. M. Cool, of the city of Winnipeg, lumber merchant; George Fraser, of the city of Winnipeg, Esquire; David Ede, of the city of Winnipeg, marble manufacturer; Rufus Atkinson, of the city of Winnipeg, Esquire; Peter Mabee, of the town of Simcoe, in the county of Norfolk, auctioneer; Joseph A. Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; George J. Stoddart, of the city of Winnipeg, clerk; Thomas Prest, of the city of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Esquire, and William Cowan, jr., of the same place, Esquire; Oliver Austin, of the town of Simcoe, Esquire.

The first fifteen of said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

J. B. MoARTHUR,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Winnipeg, 23rd May, 1882. 49-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under "the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," incorporating the applicants hereinafter named and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is the "Dominion of Canada Kennel Club (Limited.)"

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:

To import, buy, breed, sell, train and exchange such breeds of dogs, as may from time to time appear advisable to the Club, in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

To hold public exhibitions of dogs, such as bench shows and field trials in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

To compile, publish and sell, or procure to be compiled, published and sold a national stud book, in which dogs of every breed, whelped or owned in the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere, can be registered.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Ottawa in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is four thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be four hundred and the amount of each share ten dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: The Honorable Edgar Dewdney, Lieutenant Governor of the North West Territories of Canada, of Battleford, in the North West Territories; The Honorable Adolphe P. Caron, Minister of Militia and Defence of Canada, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario; Zebulon Aiton Lash, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario aforesaid, Queen's Counsel; Lindsay Russell, of Ottawa, Esquire, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior of Canada; Christopher Robinson, of the said City of Toronto, Queen's Counsel; Lieutenant-Colonel W. Osborne Smith, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba; Duncan C. Plumb, of the town of Niagara, in the County of Lincoln, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Alonzo Wright, of Ironsides, in the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, in the Province of Quebec; H. Bailey Harrison, of Tilsonburg, in the County of Oxford, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Edmund F. Stephenson, of the said City of Winnipeg, Esquire; Frederick Percy Austin, of the said City of Ottawa, Esquire; Frederick H. D. Veith, of the City of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Anderson Allan, of the said City of Ottawa, Esquire; John Gilmour of Ottawa, aforesaid, Esquire; Arthur Owens F. Coleman, of Ottawa aforesaid, Veterinary Surgeon; Charles V. M. Temple, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; James S. Niven, of the City of London, in the said Province of Ontario, Physician; and John Domville, of the Town of Rothesay, in the Province of New Brunswick, Esquire. Of whom the said Lindsay Russell, Arthur Owens F. Coleman, Frederick Percy Austin, John Gilmour, and William Anderson Allan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,

Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 2nd June, 1882.

49-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," by the Honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, Senator; Robert Doull, M.P., of Pictou, Nova Scotia; John Alexander Mackenzie, of Sarnia, Ontario, barrister; Frank Egerton Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, miller; Hugh MacMahon, Q.C., of London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, of Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., immigration agent; William Pugsley, Jr., of the City of St. John, New Brunswick, barrister; Leigh Richmond Harrison, of the said City of St. John, barrister, and Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, also of the said City of St. John, barrister, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To acquire lands and other property in the province of Manitoba, and the North-West Territory; to colonize, settle, improve and sell the said land and develop the resources thereof of every nature; to survey, divide up and build upon the same; to develop and work fisheries along the shores of Long Lake; to erect and establish stores on said property and to purchase and vend goods of every description; to buy, sell, grant, convey, lease, rent, mortgage and generally deal with lands and all manner of interests in lands; to advance money and assistance to settlers on land or goods purchased from the company and to secure the repayment of such advances, with such interest as may be agreed upon; to make, provide, give aid to and use roads, railways, tramways, telegraph lines, vessels, steamers, wharves and all other

works and means of transport necessary upon the lands and waters of the company, or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company.

3. The principal place of business of said company will be in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of said company will be four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The several persons hereinbefore described will be the first provisional directors of said company.

MACKENZIE, GURD & KITTERMASTER,

Solicitors for applicants, Sarnia, Ont.

Dated 15th April, 1882.

49-6

THE NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY OF CANADA (LIMITED).

NOTICE is hereby given that by a resolution passed at a meeting of the shareholders of the above company held on the 17th day of May, 1882, the directors of the above company were authorized to apply for letters patent to be incorporated under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," and notice is hereby given that after the expiration of one month after the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* an application will be made on behalf of the above company to His Excellency the Governor in Council for letters patent to incorporate the said company under the said Act.

By order,

ANDREW RUTHERFORD,

Manager.

Dated at Toronto, this 18th day of May, 1882. 47-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Prince Albert Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase of money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration unto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or

export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the province of Ontario, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$400,000, divided into 4,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants, viz:—William Sharples, merchant, Thomas McGrevey, contractor, both of the city of Quebec, in the province of Quebec; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, barrister at law, Philip Roblin Palmer, insurance agent, and James Coleman Jamieson, publisher, all of the city of Belleville, in the province of Ontario; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, in said province of Ontario; Hugh Sutherland, lumber merchant, and James Albert Manning Aikens, barrister at law, the last two of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba; David Gilmour, lumber merchant, and William Jeffs, grain merchant, the last two of the town of Trenton, in said province of Ontario; and Duncan Charles Plumb, of the town of Niagara, in said province of Ontario, gentleman.

The first or provisional directors are the aforesaid William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGrevey, Philip Roblin Palmer and Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, all of whom are British subjects.

FORBES & HILTON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Trenton, 15th May, 1882.

47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic, under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Standard Homestead Company of Canada."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are:—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon, granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—James Moffat, of the City of London, a lieutenant colonel of Militia; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, of the City of Toronto, one of Her Majesty's Counsel; Andrew S. Irving, of the City of Toronto, manager Toronto News Co.; W. Barclay McMurrich, mayor of City of Toronto, barrister at law; Alexander Gemmel, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Sanderson Percy, of the City of Toronto, wholesale paint and oil merchant; Bernard Saunders, of the City of Toronto, merchant tailor; Andrew J. Somerville, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Richard J. Hovenden, of the City of Toronto, fresco painter; William Robins, of the City of Toronto, accountant; Samuel Davison, of the City of Toronto, commission merchant; William Roaf, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law; Peter B. Ball, of the City of Toronto, agent; Edward R. C. Clarkson, of the City of Toronto, accountant and official assignee; Christopher W. Bunting, of the City of Toronto, managing director Mail Printing Company; George Birrell, of the City of London, merchant; Robert Lewis, of the City of London, Esquire; Charles F. Goodhue, of the City of London, Esquire; Isaac Waterman, of the City of London, manufacturer; Robert McIntosh, of Rapid City, Manitoba, doctor of medicine; Daniel Spry, of the Town of Barrie, P.O. inspector, and Henry Bickford, of the Town of Dundas, manufacturer. The said James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrich, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden and William Robbins are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 18th May, A.D., 1882.

47-6

NOTICE.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal to grant a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company by the name of "The German Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property or any interest therein from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or from any body corporate or any person or persons, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money to assist immigrants.

(e) To aid by way of bonuses in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising on any lands acquired or to be acquired by said company.

(i) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j) To erect, build and construct saw mills, grist mills, woollen mills and manufactories of every description on the lands of the company.

(k) And for such powers to have all necessary powers of borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto, but nothing herein contained shall constitute the company a loan company.

The town of Walkerton or the city of Toronto to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$100,000. There are to be 1,000 shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: the following residing in the town of Berlin, in the Province of Ontario, Hugo Kranz, merchant, and Frederick Snyder, tinsmith; James Dunlop Gemmill, of the city of Montreal, Esquire; Alexander Shaw, of the town of Walkerton, Q. C.; Robert Porteous, of the village of Paisley, banker; George Randall, of the town of Waterloo, Gentleman, and John Charles Brennan, of the city of Ottawa, merchant; and the said Hugo Kranz, Frederick Snyder, James Dunlop Gemmill, Alexander Shaw, Robert Porteous, George Randall, John Charles Brennan are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

SHAW & ROBERTSON, of Walkerton,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Walkerton, 16th May, 1882. 47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey and real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 12th May, 1882.

46-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Bell, of the Town of Wingham, in the county of Huron, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, ex-Reeve of Wingham; John Kaine, of the Township of Howick, in said County, banker, ex-Warden of the County of Huron; Henry William Christian Meyer, of the said Town of Wingham, barrister-at-law, Reeve of Wingham; James Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, grain merchant, ex-Reeve of Howick; Henry Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, merchant; John Sanderson, of the village of Wroxeter, in the said County, merchant; Isaac Francis Toms, of the Town of Goderich, in the said County, Junior Judge; John Somerville Tennant, of the village of Lucknow, physician Benjamin Willson, of the said Town of Wingham, private banker, ex-Mayor of Wingham, and Robert Webster, of the Township of Ashfield, in said County, farmer, Reeve of said Township of Ashfield.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The County of Huron North West Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory, in the Province of Manitoba, or elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills, and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

3. The Town of Wingham, in the County of Huron, and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company, is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into fifteen hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional directors of the company are the said above mentioned intended applicants, Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins and Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER & DICKINSON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Wingham, Ont., 8th May, 1882.

46-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Foresters Colonization Society of Canada (limited)." 2.

The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the City of London, merchant; John Taylor, of the City of London, barrister at law; Oronhyatekha, of the City of London, physician; John Stewart Dewar, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Towe, of the City of London, insurance agent; Thomas Peel, of the City of London, merchant; Alexander Greig Fenwick, of the City of London, physician; Melville DeBlois Dawson, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Stevenson Crummer, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman; William Henry Street, of the City of London, physician; Peter Toll, of the Town of London East, builder; Edmund Botterell, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Duff, of the City of London, manufacturer; William Maurice Moore, of the City of London, real estate agent; John Alonzo Nelles, of the City of London, insurance agent; Henry Crotty, of the City of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Richard Maxwell McElheran, of the City of London, journalist; John Parker Thomas, of the City of Belleville, barrister at law; Theophilus Stanfield, of the City of London, agent; Robert Moore, of the town of Simcoe, manufacturer; Alexander Sutherland Murray, of the City of London, jeweller; Archibald McPherson, of the City of London, merchant; Robert James Halle, of the Town of Chatham, insurance agent; Walter Scott Williams, of the Town of Napanee, barrister at law; Benjamin Watson Greer, of the City of London, painter; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, of the City of London, physician; Thomas Glass Davey, of the City of London, news agent, G.W.R.; William Nelson Yerey, of the City of London, Principal of London Commercial College; Alexander Henry, of the Town of Napanee, President of Napanee and Tamworth Railway; Alexander McCleneghan, of the Town of Woodstock, postmaster; John Richard Flock, of the City of London, physician; Samuel Payne, of the City of London, physician; George McBroom, of the City of London, merchant; George Charlwood Jolly, of the Town of London West, Gentleman.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada: Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville DeBlois Dawson, Edward Stephenson Crummer, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edward Botterell, William Duff and William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, 8th May 1882.

46 6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, after one month's previous

notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named as the applicants therefor, for a company under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Shell River Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought, are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving, and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration onto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon: Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Belleville or the Town of Trenton, both in the County of Hastings, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$300,000, divided into 6,000 shares of \$50 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants:—David Gilmour, lumber merchant, William Jeffs, grain merchant, George Henry Gordon, merchant, William Ford Baker, grain merchant, John Hendricks, yeoman, Anson Green Whittier, merchant, all of Trenton; James Coleman Jamieson, printer and publisher, George Dean Dickson, barrister, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, barrister, Cornelius James Starling, contractor, all of Belleville; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, Charles Ashley, carriage maker, Stephen Allen Lazier, manufacturer, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, merchant, all of Foxboro; James Stalker Hamilton, yeoman, and Peter Rockwell Daly, yeoman, both of Halloway.

The first or provisional directors of the company are the aforesaid David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allan Lazier and Charles Ashley, all of whom are British subjects residing in Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for applicants.

Belleville, 4th April, 1882.

46-5

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada for the grant of a charter of incorporation, constituting the applicants and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Rawbone Gun and Manufacturing Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in fire-arms, ammunition, skates and sporting and sportsmen's requisites, and acquiring, disposing of and working patents relating thereto.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be one hundred thousand dollars in one hundred shares of one thousand dollars each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are: Joseph Loxton Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Richard Hoskin, Gentleman, William George Rawbone, gun manufacturer, Orlando Dunn, general agent, William Case Adams, dentist, John Dunn, cattle dealer, Hamilton Kane, banker, and Henry Seton Strathly, banker, all of Toronto; George Dempsey Cushman, of the city of New York, in the State of New York, Gentleman; and Ebenezer Hooper, of the village of Boston, in the county of Norfolk, Ontario, Gentleman.

6. The said Joseph Loxton Rawbone, William George Rawbone, and Orlando Dunn are to be the first or provisional directors.

MCCARTHY, HOSKIN, PLUMB & CREELMAN,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated Toronto, 4th May, 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Governor General in Council, under the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, for letters patent incorporating the applicants hereunder mentioned and others who may become shareholders in the company thereby created a body corporate and politic by the name and for the purposes hereunder mentioned:

1. The corporate name of the proposed company is the "Nova Scotia Steel Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the making steel from scrap steel, scrap iron, and pig iron, the product to be manufactured into plow plates, spring steel, steel springs, &c.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be at New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou and Province of Nova Scotia.

4. The intended amount of the capital is one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares to be one hundred and sixty and the value of each share one thousand dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and callings of each of the applicants are—

James D. McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Graham Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; James Matheson Carmichael, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Fitz William Stairs, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, manufacturer; Henry Skeffington Poole, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, mining engineer; George Forrest McKay, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; Andrew Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, accountant; Duncan Cameron Fraser, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, barrister; Angus Chisholm, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; James Eastwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, jeweller; William Stewart, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, contractor; George William Underwood, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Robert Sprott McCurdy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Donald Grant, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; George McDougall, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Archibald Walker, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; John Heywood McGregor, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Adam Carr Bell, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, druggist; James Roy, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, trader; John Ross, of New Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, farmer; Simon Albert Fraser, of New

Glasgow, in the County of Pictou, manufacturer; John Benjamin Burland (in trust), of Montreal, Province of Quebec, agent; John Smith McLean, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; John Alexander Matheson, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; Thomas Bayne, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, merchant; James Farquhar, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Alexander Forrest, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, banker; Thomas Andrew Ritchie, of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, Gentleman; Thomas Cummings, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, clergyman; Catherine Dickson, of Stellarton, in the County of Pictou, widow; Thomas Watson, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank manager; John McKeen, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, bank clerk; Howard Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Clarence Primrose, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, merchant; Roderick McKenzie, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; John Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; William Grant Crerar, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Gentleman; Robert Patterson Grant, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, Senator; Daniel McDonald, of Pictou, in the County of Pictou, collector of customs; William McDonald, of Antigonish, in the County of Antigonish, medical doctor; Henry Marshall Jost, of Guysborough, in the County of Guysborough, merchant; Jonathan Hartley, of Pirate Cove, in the County of Guysborough, merchant.

The first five of whom are the first or provisional directors.

D. C. FRASER;

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at New Glasgow, this 1st day of May, A.D., 1882.

45-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice application will be made by the applicants hereinafter named to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act of 1877," incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company, as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. The proposed corporate name of the Company is "The High Wood Ranch Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:

To purchase or otherwise acquire, settle, improve and cultivate lands and hereditaments in the North West Territories of the Dominion of Canada.

To develop the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same.

To stock the same lands and to breed and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and to carry on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising.

To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agents for any Government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada.

To purchase, acquire, manufacture and sell all kinds of timber, lumber, goods, chattels and effects (except wines, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors.)

To build, acquire, navigate and use steam and other vessels and craft and to provide and use all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise of colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandise, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company, to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport.

To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations.

To construct, maintain and alter any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company.

To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage, charge, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the company, and to take and accept mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatsoever and bearing interest or otherwise as the company shall see fit) from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, and to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any of such securities.

To engage in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership, or otherwise in conjunction, with any other person or company.

And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of its shares is to be one thousand, and the amount of each share is to be one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows: John Thorburn, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, Esquire; John Hoskin, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the said Province, barrister-at-law; John Lang Blaikie, of the said City of Toronto, President of the Canada Landed Credit Company; Edmund Boyd Osler, of the said City of Toronto, broker; Alexander Gunn, M.P., of the City of Kingston, in the County of Frontenac, merchant; James Trow, M.P., of the Village of Shakespeare, in the county of Perth, in the said Province, Esquire, and McLeod Stewart, of the said city of Ottawa, Esquire.

Whereof the said John Thorburn, James Trow, John Lang Blaikie and McLeod Stewart are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 5th May 1882. 45-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made on the 6th day of July, 1882, under authority of section 16, chap. 34, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the extension beyond the terms of their limitation of the letters patent bearing date the twenty-eighth day of January, A.D., eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, granted to William Milner for certain improvements in waggon gearing to be called "Front Hounds with sway bar connected, and Back Hounds or Crotch."

WILLIAM MILNER,
Patentee.

Strathroy, Ont., 5th June, A.D., 1882. 50-3

NORTHERN, NORTH-WESTERN, AND SAULT STE. MARIE RAILWAY.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the proprietors of this company will be held at the Queen's hotel, in the City of Toronto, on Wednesday, the 7th day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon, to elect directors for the ensuing year, and for other purposes. The stock and transfer

books will remain closed from Friday, the 2nd, to Wednesday, the 7th prox.

By order of the Board.

ADAM BROWN,
President.

Toronto, May 17, 1882.

POSTPONEMENT.

The above meeting has been adjourned until Tuesday, the fourth day of July next, ensuing, at 1.30 p.m., at the Queen's hotel, in the City of Toronto.

ADAM BROWN,
Président.

50-2

CANADA MUTUAL TELEGRAPH CO., (LIMITED.)

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the above company will be held at the head office of the company, No. 4 Hospital St., in the City of Montreal, on Tuesday, the 27th day of June instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of organising under the provisions of the Act of incorporation passed during the last session of the Dominion Parliament, election of officers, making rules, regulations and by-laws, and for other purposes authorised by the said Act of incorporation.

ALEX. F. RIDDELL,
Secretary.

Montreal, 8th June, 1882.

50-2

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 14.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Monday, the 3rd day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Wednesday, the 5th day of July next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 23rd May, 1882.

49-5

UNION BANK OF LOWER CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 33.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Monday, the third day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at their Banking house, in the City of Quebec, on Monday, the Third day of July, 1882. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

P. MacEWEN,
Cashier.

Quebec, 27th May, 1882.

49-4

NOTICE is hereby given that a general meeting of Provisional Directors of the Rapid City Central Railway Company, will be held at the Queen's Hotel, in the City of Toronto, at noon, on the ninth day of

July next, for the purpose of opening stock books, and for such other business as may then be legally transacted.

Ottawa, 25th May, 1882.

49-6

STANDARD BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 13.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. for the current half-year upon the paid-up capital of the Bank has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Monday, the third day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th day of June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors will be held at the Banking-house of the Institution, on Wednesday, the 12th of July next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

J. L. BRODIE,
Cashier.

Standard Bank of Canada,
Toronto, 22nd May, 1882.

49-3

THE CANADA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, by, and on behalf of the Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company, that it intends to cease to carry on business in Canada, and that it has made an application to the Government for the release of its securities deposited with the Receiver General, and that such application will be presented for hearing and determination, on the 7th day of September next, (1882); and all Canadian policy holders, opposing such application are hereby required to file their opposition with the Minister of Finance on or before said day, and attend on the hearing and determination of said application.

CHARLES CAMERON,

Managing Director and Secretary.

Dated this 30th day of May, 1882.

49-13

NOTICE is hereby given that the books of the Great Western Railway Company kept at the office in Canada for the registration of shares, will be closed from the fourteenth day of June to the day of the special general meeting of the company appointed to be held on the twenty-ninth day of June instant, both days inclusive, and transfers cannot be received between those dates.

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

Dated 3rd June, 1882.

49-4

THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY (OF CANADA).

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E. C., on Thursday the twenty-ninth day of June next, at one o'clock, P. M. precisely, for the purpose of considering an agreement between the directors of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada and the directors of The Grand Trunk Railway Company, having for its object the consolidation of the undertakings of the two companies into one undertaking under the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 16 Vict., cap. 39, intituled: "An Act to empower any railway company whose railway forms part of the main trunk line of railway throughout this Province to unite with any other such company or to purchase the property and rights of any such company and to repeal certain Acts

therein mentioned incorporating railway companies," and under the powers conferred by the several Acts amending or extending that Act, and for the purpose of either ratifying or disallowing such agreement in manner required by those Acts or one of them, by such agreement and in accordance with the provisions of the before mentioned Acts the following among other objects are proposed to be effected as from the first July, 1882.

1. The consolidation of the undertakings of the two existing companies into one undertaking under a single company.

2. The taking over by the single company of the liabilities of the two existing companies but without prejudice to the rights of creditors and other persons having claims against the undertaking or portions of the undertaking of each of the two existing companies.

3. The retainer of the stock of each of the two existing companies as a separate distinct class of stock under the titles of Great Western stock, representing the existing stock of the Great Western Company, and Grand Trunk stock representing the existing stock of the Grand Trunk Company.

4. The division of the net profits of the consolidated undertaking after payment of interest on borrowed capital, rents of leased lines, and all other outgoings between the two classes of stocks as follows, namely, 30 per cent to Great Western stock and 70 per cent to Grand Trunk stock.

5. But if the 30 per cent. appropriated to Great Western stock is in any year insufficient to pay five per cent. per annum on the preference portion, and three per cent. per annum on the ordinary portion of that stock, then the deficiency to be made good out of the 70 per cent, appropriated to Grand Trunk stock, and all sums paid to make good such deficiency to be recouped out of any surplus remaining in any subsequent year, of the 30 per cent. after discharging interest at the before mentioned rates on the Great Western stock.

6. One third, as nearly as may be, of the directors of the consolidated undertaking to be qualified by holding Great Western stock and the other two thirds by holding Grand Trunk stock.

7. The making all proper arrangements consequent on the consolidation in manner above proposed of the two undertakings, and for preserving the rights of the holders of each class of stock, regulating the number and time and mode of election and qualification of Directors, the voting powers and all other matters required to be provided for in relation to the affairs of the two existing companies, and the rights of the stockholders and shareholders therein, or in the consolidated undertaking, or otherwise arising out of the consolidation, including the appointment of Trustees to receive and distribute moneys applicable to the Great Western Stock.

By order,

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

No. 142, Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C.

25th May, 1882.

48-5

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E. C., on Thursday the twenty-ninth day of June next, at one o'clock p.m. precisely, for the purpose of considering an agreement between the directors of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada and the directors of the Great Western Railway Company having for its object the consolidation of the undertakings of the two companies into one undertaking under the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 16 Vict. cap. 39 intituled "An Act to empower any railway company

"whose railway forms part of the main trunk line of railway throughout this Province to unite with any other such company or to purchase the property and rights of any such company and to repeal certain Acts therein mentioned incorporating railway companies," and under the powers conferred by the several Acts amending or extending that Act and for the purpose of either ratifying or disallowing such agreement in manner required by those Acts or one of them. By such agreement and in accordance with the provisions of the before mentioned Acts, the following among other objects are proposed to be effected as from the first July, 1882.

1. The consolidation of the undertakings of the two existing companies into one undertaking under a single company.

2. The taking over by the single company of the liabilities of the two existing companies but without prejudice to the rights of creditors and other persons having claims against the undertaking or portions of the undertaking of each of the two existing companies.

3. The retainer of the stock of each of the two existing companies as a separate distinct class of stock under the titles of Great Western Stock, representing the existing stock of the Great Western Company, and Grand Trunk stock representing the existing stock of the Grand Trunk Company.

4. The division of the net profits of the consolidated undertaking after payment of interest on borrowed capital, rents of leased lines, and all other outgoings between the two classes of stocks as follows, namely, 30 per cent. to Great Western stock and 70 per cent. to Grand Trunk stock.

5. But if the 30 per cent. appropriated to Great Western stock is in any year insufficient to pay five per cent. per annum on the preference portion, and three per cent. per annum on the ordinary portion of that stock, then the deficiency to be made good out of the 70 per cent. appropriated to Grand Trunk stock, and all sums paid to make good such deficiency to be recouped out of any surplus remaining in any subsequent year, of the 30 per cent. after discharging interest at the before mentioned rates on the Great Western stock.

6. One third, as nearly as may be of the directors of the consolidated undertaking to be qualified by holding Great Western stock and the other two thirds by holding Grand Trunk stock.

7. The making all proper arrangements consequent on the consolidation in manner above proposed of the two undertakings, and for preserving the rights of the holders of each class of stock, regulating the number and time and mode of election and qualification of directors, the voting powers and all other matters required to be provided for in relation to the affairs of the two existing companies, and the rights of the stockholders and shareholders therein, or in the consolidated undertaking or otherwise arising out of the consolidation, including the appointment of trustees to receive and distribute moneys applicable to Great Western Stock.

By order,

H. W. TYLER,
President.

J. B. RENTON,
Secretary.

Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C.
25th May, 1882.

48-5

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

DIVIDEND No. 30.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. upon the capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Monday, the 3rd day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th of June to the 2nd day of July, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Banking House, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 11th day of July next.

The chair will be taking at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

W. N. ANDERSON,
General Manager.

Toronto, 23rd May, 1882.

48-5

BANQUE DE SAINT-JEAN.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the office of this bank, in St. John's, on and after Monday, the third day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 19th to the 30th June next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

PH. BAUDOUIN,
Cashier.

St. John, 22nd May, 1882.

48-4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of five per cent. per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Monday, the 3rd July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of June next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. E. BRAIS,
Cashier.

Montreal, 25th May, 1882.

48-5

THE KINGSTON AND PEMBROKE RAILWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the sixth call (5 p.c.) on the new issue of capital stock of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway will be payable on or before the 12th day of June, 1882, at the office of the company, in Kingston.

By order,

GEO. OSBORNE,
Secty. Treas.

Kingston, 11th May, 1882.

47-4

ONTARIO BANK

DIVIDEND No. 49.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of six per cent. to the first of June next, upon the capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Saturday, the 17th day of June.

The transfer books will be closed from the 3rd to the 17th of June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of stockholders for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank,
Toronto, 18th May, 1882.

47-5

ONTARIO BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general Meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of directors for the ensuing year will be held at its Banking house in this City, on Tuesday the twentieth day of June next.

The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

A dividend of six per cent. will be paid in June next, on the stock of the Bank as intended to be reduced by the special Act now before the Dominion Parliament, and a formal declaration of said dividend will be made so soon as said Act receives the Royal assent.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager,
45-7

Toronto, 28th April, 1882.

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



BUREAU DU GREFFIER DE LA COUROSSE EN CHANCELLERIE DU CANADA.

IL A PLU A SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL d'appeler John O'Donohue, écuyer, de Toronto, Conseil de la Reine, au Sénat, par lettres patentes sous le grand sceau.

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de nommer les juges et les juges juniors des différentes Cours de Comté de la province d'Ontario, ci-dessous mentionnés, ainsi que le juge du district judiciaire provisoire d'Algoma, dans la dite province; "Juges locaux de la Haute Cour" en vertu des dispositions de la clause 76 de "l'Acte de judicature d'Ontario 1881," savoir :—

JUGES.

Noms.	Comté ou District.
James R. Gowan,	Simcoe.
David S. McQueen,	Oxford.
Stephen J. Jones,	Brant.
William Miller,	Waterloo.
David J. Hughes,	Elgin.
George M. Boswell,	Northumberland et Durham.
Zaccheus Burnham,	Ontario.
John G. Stevenson,	Haldimand.
Charles J. Robinson,	Lambton.
Gordon W. Leggatt,	Essex.
James Daniell,	Prescott et Russell.
Daniel H. Lizars,	Perth.
Henry Macpherson,	Grey.
John Deacon,	Renfrew.

Noms.

John J. Kingsmill,
Alexander F. Scott,
Thomas Miller,
Robert Dennistoun,
William H. Wilkison,
William Elliott,
Walter McCrea,
Robert P. Jellett,
Wm. S. Senkler,
William Warren Dean,
William A. Ross,
Thomas B. MacMahon,
James S. Sinclair,
Kenneth Mackenzie,
Edmund J. Senkler,
Cornelius V. Price,
Jacob F. Pringle,

Archibald Bell,
Herbert S. Macdonald,
Thomas A. Lazier,
George Baxter,

Comté ou District.

Bruce.
Peel.
Halton.
Peterboro.
Lennox et Addington.
Middlesex.
District d'Algoma.
Prince Edward.
Lanark.
Victoria.
Carleton.
Norfolk.
Wentworth.
York.
Lincoln.
Frontenac.
Stormont, Dundas et Glengarry.
Kent.
Leeds et Grenville.
Hastings.
Welland.

JUGES JUNIORS.

George McK. Clark,	Northumberland et Durham.
John Boyd,	York.
John A. Ardagh,	Simcoe.
Isaac F. Toms,	Huron.
Austin C. Chadwick,	Wellington.
Anthony Lacourse,	Waterloo.
George H. F. Dartnell,	Ontario.
Robert Lyon,	Carleton.
Frederick Davis,	Middlesex.
E. Baldwin Fraleck,	Hastings.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.
—SALUT:

ATTENDU que par et de l'avis et du consentement de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous avons jugé à propos de DISSOUDRE le présent parlement du Canada, qui se trouve prorogé au VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

SACHEZ MAINTENANT, qu'à cette fin Nous publions Notre présente Proclamation Royale, et par icelle DISSOLVONS en conséquence le dit Parlement du Canada, et les Sénateurs et les Membres de la Chambre des Communes sont en conséquence exemptés de s'assembler et d'être présents le dit VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier du Très-Ancien et Très-

Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui les présentes parviendront—SALUT.

ATTENDU que c'est notre désir et détermination de rencontrer aussitôt que faire se pourra, Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous faisons connaître par les présentes Notre volonté et Plaisir Royal de convoquer un Parlement, et Nous déclarons de plus que, de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous AVONS CE JOUR donné des Ordres pour l'émanation de Nos Writs en due forme pour convoquer un Parlement dans Notre dite Puissance, lesquels Writs seront en date du DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI courant et retournables le SEPTIÈME jour d'AOUT prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. McGEE, Député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront—SALUT :

SACHEZ que, désirant et ayant résolu, aussitôt que faire se pourra, de rencontrer Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, par ces présentes convoquons la Chambre des Communes dans et pour Notre dite Puissance, et la sommons de se réunir en Notre cité d'Ottawa, en Notre dite Puissance, LUNDI, le SEPTIÈME jour d'AOUT prochain, pour là et alors conférer et traiter avec les Grands Hommes et le Sénat de Notre dite Puissance.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. McGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de LORNE), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que dans et par un acte passé en la quarante-unième année de Notre Règne, chapitre dix-sept, et intitulé "Acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence dans certaines parties du Canada" il était entre autres choses décrété que, lorsque, de l'avis du Gouverneur en Conseil, il serait nécessaire, pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence, que le présent acte fût appliqué à tout comté, cité ou ville, ou autre district municipal ou judiciaire, dans toute province ou territoire du Canada, le Gouverneur en Conseil pourrait, par une proclamation qui devra être publiée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, déclarer que, à compter d'un jour qui y sera désigné, le dit acte devrait s'appliquer à tel comté, cité, ville ou autre district municipal ou judiciaire.

Et attendu qu'il a été de plus pourvu par le dit acte qu'il continuera en vigueur jusqu'à la fin de la session alors prochaine du parlement.

Et attendu que par des actes passés dans les quarante-deuxième, quarante-troisième et quarante-quatrième années de Notre Règne, le dit acte a continué en vigueur de session en session, et par un acte passé dans la quarante-cinquième année de Notre Règne, chapitre trente-huit et intitulé "Un acte pour maintenir encore en vigueur pendant un temps limité l'acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes, 1878," le dit acte a continué en vigueur jusqu'à la fin de la session prochaine du Parlement.

ET ATTENDU que de l'avis de Notre Gouverneur en Conseil, il est nécessaire pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence que le dit acte soit appliqué à la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba, dès et à compter du premier jour de juin, dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur, mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux.

ET ATTENDU que Notre Gouverneur en Conseil a ordonné que le dit acte soit, par proclamation, déclaré s'appliquer à la dite cité dès et à compter du dit jour :

SACHEZ DONC que par notre présente proclamation royale, et par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous proclamons, ordonnons et déclarons que dès et à compter du premier jour de juin, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, le dix acte passé en la quarante-unième année de Notre Règne, chapitre dix-sept, et intitulé "Acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence dans certaines parties du Canada, jusqu'à la fin de la prochaine session du Parlement," s'appliquera et sera en

vigueur en la dite cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba.

De ce qui précède Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce VINGT-TROISIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

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Ci-suit un résumé des dispositions de l'acte mentionné dans la proclamation ci-dessus, savoir :—

Les mots "district proclamé" lorsque employés ci-après, signifient un endroit auquel le présent acte pourra avoir été appliqué par une proclamation émise sous son autorité; et le mot "arme" comprend tout fusil, carabine, revolver, pistolet ou autre arme à feu, ou fusil à air et toute partie de pareille arme, et toute balle, poudre, cartouche ou munition, et toute épée, lame d'épée, baïonnette, pique, tête de pique, dard, tête de dard, dague, poignard, couteau-poignard, ou autre instrument destiné à trancher ou poignarder; et toutes jointures d'acier ou de métal, bâton plombé, garcette, et toute autre arme meurtrière ou dangereuse de même nature.

A compter du jour désigné et durant tout le temps que la proclamation qui précède restera en vigueur, il ne sera permis à qui que ce soit, n'étant pas un juge de paix, ni un officier, soldat, matelot ou volontaire, au service de Sa Majesté, étant de service, ou un constable ou autre officier de paix, ni une personne porteur d'un permis en vertu du présent acte, de porter ou avoir, dans les limites du district proclamé, ailleurs qu'à son domicile ou dans son magasin, sa boutique ou son comptoir, aucune arme; et quiconque portera ou aura quelque arme contrairement à la présente disposition, sera coupable de délit et sera passible, sur conviction du fait, d'emprisonnement dans toute prison ou tout lieu de détention, pendant un terme de pas plus de douze mois.

Il sera loisible à toute personne quelconque de saisir et appréhender tout individu qui sera trouvé porteur de quelque arme dans le district proclamé, contrairement au dit acte, et de remettre cet individu le plus tôt possible à la garde de quelque constable ou officier de paix, afin qu'il soit immédiatement conduit devant quelque autorité judiciaire compétente pour être traité suivant la loi.

Il sera loisible à tout juge de paix, constable ou autre officier de paix, de fouiller tout individu qu'il soupçonnera être porteur d'une arme dans le district proclamé, contrairement au dit acte, et de saisir et enlever à cet individu toute arme ainsi portée, et de la garder et détenir pour l'usage de Sa Majesté.

Tout juge de paix pourra, sur le serment d'un témoin digne de foi, déclarant qu'il croit que des armes sont gardées dans quelque maison ou lieu situé dans le district proclamé, dans le but d'être portées dans le district proclamé contrairement aux dispositions de la troisième section du dit acte, émettre son mandat à tout constable ou officier de paix, de faire une perquisition et de saisir ces armes; et tel constable ou officier de paix, ou toute personne lui aidant, pourra faire cette perquisition; et s'il est trouvé des armes dans cette maison ou ce lieu, il pourra les saisir et les détenir.

Si l'entrée de cette maison ou de ce lieu n'est pas accordée après avoir été demandée, tel constable ou officier de paix comme susdit, et toute personne lui aidant, pourra, en tout temps entre le lever et le coucher du soleil, y entrer de force afin de faire la perquisition et la saisie.

A moins que la personne dans la maison ou sur la propriété de laquelle ces armes auront été trouvées ne prouve, dans les quatre jours qui suivront la saisie, à la satisfaction du juge de paix, qu'elles n'étaient pas dans cette maison ou dans ce lieu afin d'être portées dans le district proclamé, contrairement aux dispositions de la troisième section du dit acte, elles seront gardées et détenues pour l'usage de Sa Majesté; autrement, elles seront remises à cette personne.

Le Gouverneur en conseil pourra, de temps à autre, nommer une ou plusieurs personnes compétentes pour accorder, à sa ou leur discrétion, un permis ou des permis en vertu du dit acte, d'avoir et porter toute arme dans le district proclamé; et cette personne ou ces personnes pourra ou pourront de temps à autre révoquer tout tel permis; et une copie de cette révocation sera remise à la personne ou laissée au dernier domicile connu de toute personne dont le permis sera par là révoqué, et son permis sera dès lors nul et non avenue.

Quiconque sera accusé d'avoir commis une offense contre les dispositions de la troisième section du présent acte, pourra être traduit devant, et jugé par trois juges de paix, ou un fonctionnaire ou tribunal revêtu par l'autorité législative compétente du pouvoir d'accomplir seul les actes qui doivent être ordinairement accomplis par deux ou plus de juges de paix, en conformité de l'acte passé en la session tenue dans les 32^e et 33^e années du règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 31, intitulé "Acte concernant les devoirs des juges de paix hors des sessions, relativement aux ordres et convictions sommaires."

La production d'un exemplaire imprimé de la *Gazette du Canada*, comportant avoir été imprimé par l'Imprimeur de la Reine, contenant la susdite proclamation, fera preuve probante de l'émission et publication de telle proclamation.

Il sera du devoir de la cour ou du juge de paix devant qui une personne sera convaincue en vertu de la troisième section du dit acte, de garder et détenir pour l'usage de Sa Majesté l'arme pour le port ou la possession de laquelle cette personne a été trouvée coupable.

Rien dans le dit acte n'empêchera qui que ce soit d'être passible, en vertu de tout autre acte ou autrement, de toute autre punition que celle édictée contre toute offense par le dit acte, mais de manière, cependant, que nul ne soit puni deux fois pour la même offense.

Circulaire.

DOWNING STREET, 18 avril 1882.

MONSIEUR,—Relativement à ma dépêche circulaire du 20 janvier dernier, j'ai l'honneur de vous transmettre, pour l'information des habitants de la colonie placée sous votre gouvernement, copie des règlements revus qui régissent l'examen et l'admission des cadets de marine, lesquels seront mis en vigueur pour les examens qui auront lieu après le mois de juin prochain.

J'ai l'honneur d'être, monsieur,
Votre obéissant serviteur,
KIMBERLEY.

A l'administrateur du
Gouvernement du Canada.

RÈGLEMENTS concernant les cadets de marine, pour l'information des aspirants, devant être mis en vigueur après juin 1882.

1. Aux exceptions ci-après, les cadets de marine seront nommés par concours limité.

Quatre cadets seront choisis tous les ans parmi les fils de personnes résidant dans les colonies, sur la recommandation du secrétaire d'Etat pour les colonies.

Il ne sera pas admis plus de cinq cadets de l'armée en tout dans le cours d'un an. Ces cadets seront choisis par le conseil d'amirauté parmi (a) les fils d'officiers de l'armée, de marine, ou de troupes de marine, tués pendant l'action ou perdus en mer étant de service actif, ou tués en devoir, ou morts de blessures reçues pendant l'action ou étant de service, dans les 6 mois à compter de telle action ou blessure; (b) et parmi les fils d'officiers de marine qui ont fait un service long et distingué, et qui occupent ou ont occupé un grade ou grade relatif non inférieur à celui de commandant, sur la liste du service actif. Il ne sera nommé que deux de ces cadets tous les ans.

Les demandes d'admission comme cadets de l'armée devront être adressées au secrétaire militaire des Horse Guards, si l'aspirant est fils d'un officier de l'armée; au secrétaire de l'Amirauté, si l'aspirant est fils d'un officier de marine ou de troupes de marine; et au secrétaire militaire du Bureau des Indes, si l'aspirant est le fils d'un officier de l'armée des Indes.

Les cadets des colonies et de l'armée seront admis après avoir passé l'examen spécifié dans le paragraphe 8, et sous tous autres rapports seront soumis aux présents règlements.

L'examen des aspirants nommés pour concourir, ainsi que des cadets de l'armée, sera conduit par la commission du service civil. Chaque aspirant devra payer la somme de dix chelins.

2. Excepté dans les circonstances spéciales, il ne sera pas admis plus d'un tiers du nombre des aspirants qui se présenteront devant la commission du service civil.

3. Les cadets de marine seront nommés tous les six mois aussitôt que possible après que le rapport du dernier examen aura été reçu.

4. Les examens des jeunes gens qui auront obtenu leur nomination auront lieu à Londres et commenceront le deuxième mercredi de juin et le dernier mercredi de novembre chaque année, et les nominations dateront du 15 juillet et du 15 janvier respectivement.

5. Nul candidat ne pourra passer son examen en juin, à moins que, le 15 juillet suivant, il ne soit dans les limites d'âge ci-après, savoir: qu'il n'ait pas moins de douze ni plus de treize ans et demi; et nul ne sera examiné en novembre s'il ne se trouve dans ces limites d'âge le 15 janvier suivant.

6. Chaque aspirant devra être en bonne santé et exempt de tout défaut physique du corps; il ne devra pas être embarrassé dans sa prononciation, n'avoir aucun défaut de la vue ou de l'ouïe, ni aucune prédisposition à des maladies ou faiblesses constitutionnelles ou héréditaires, et être sous tous rapports bien développé et lesté en proportion de son âge. Avant d'être examiné par les commissaires du service civil, il devra subir l'examen du médecin conformément aux règlements présents, et il devra avoir été trouvé propre au service de la marine. Le rejet à cet examen l'exclura définitivement de la marine.

7. L'aspirant devra produire un certificat de la date de sa naissance, * ou une déclaration à cet effet faite devant un magistrat; (2) un certificat de bonne conduite donné par les maîtres de l'école ou des écoles où il pourra avoir reçu l'instruction pendant les deux années précédentes, ou, s'il a reçu l'instruction à domicile, par son tuteur ou le cure de la paroisse où il résidera; et (3) un certificat de santé.

8. Les aspirants subiront l'épreuve par l'examen sur les sujets suivants:—

	Points.
(1.) Arithmétique, y compris les règles de proportion, les fractions ordinaires et décimales.....	250
(2.) Algèbre, y compris les fractions et les équations simples d'une quantité inconnue.....	175
(3.) Géométrie: définitions, postulats, axiomes, et sujets des trente six premières propositions des éléments d'Euclide.....	175

* Un certificat de baptême ne sera pas accepté.

(4.) Anglais: écrire sous dictée; épellation, 75; écriture, 25.....	100
Lire d'une manière intelligente et analyser des phrases faciles.....	100
	200
(5.) Français: traduction à l'aide d'un dictionnaire, du français en anglais et de l'anglais en français; lire, analyser et parler.....	200
(6.) Histoire de l'Ecriture Sainte.....	100

Les aspirants seront ne plus examinés sur deux des sujets suivants, à leur choix:

Mathématiques élémentaires: diverses questions en arithmétique, algèbre (y compris les équations quadratiques, et la géométrie jusqu'à la fin du premier livre des éléments d'Euclide).....	300
Latin: lecture, analyse et traduction, à l'aide d'un dictionnaire, du latin en anglais et de l'anglais en latin.....	300
Géographie et Histoire d'Angleterre.....	300

L'ordre de mérite définitif sera déterminé par le total des points obtenus dans l'épreuve ainsi que dans l'examen supplémentaire.

En arithmétique l'aspirant sera tenu d'obtenir les cinq-dixièmes, et dans chacune des autres matières d'examen les quatre-dixièmes des points attribués à ces sujets. Dans l'anglais l'aspirant devra obtenir les quatre-dixièmes des points attribués à chacune des subdivisions du sujet.

9. Les cadets des colonies et de l'armée seront nommés après avoir passé l'examen d'épreuve; toutefois, ils devront obtenir 660 points en tout, ainsi que la proportion de points exigée en arithmétique et autres sujets, exigée des aspirants qui concourent.

10. Un aspirant qui passera l'examen d'épreuve, mais qui échouera dans le concours, aura le droit de concourir à l'examen suivant, pourvu qu'il soit dans les limites d'âge voulues par les règlements. Nul aspirant n'aura la permission de concourir plus de deux fois. Un aspirant qui échouera à l'examen d'épreuve n'aura pas droit à un nouvel essai, mais il lui sera permis de concourir à l'examen suivant s'il est nommé de nouveau et qu'il soit encore dans les limites d'âge.

11. Un aspirant qui, pour cause de maladie, ne se rendra pas à l'examen pour lequel il aura été nommé, pourra recevoir une seconde nomination pourvu qu'il se trouve encore dans les limites d'âge.

12. Pour tous les cadets entrés sous l'autorité des présents règlements, la somme à payer sera de 70 louis par année pour la période à passer dans le *Britannia*, laquelle somme sera payable semi-annuellement et d'avance entre les mains du comptable général de la marine. Mais les lords commissaires de l'amirauté se réservent le pouvoir de choisir parmi les cadets admis à chaque examen semestriel, un nombre n'excédant pas 10, fils d'officiers de marine, de l'armée ou de troupes de marine, ou d'officiers civils sous l'autorité du conseil d'amirauté, pour lesquels le paiement annuel sera de 40 louis seulement. Dans ce choix leurs Seigneuries n'auront égard qu'aux conditions de fortune dans lesquels se trouveront les cadets.

13. La période d'éducation à bord du *Britannia* sera en quatre termes et il y aura deux termes par année. Le premier terme de chaque année sera de février à juillet, le second de septembre à décembre.

Les vacances seront de cinq semaines à Noël, de deux semaines à Pâques et de six semaines à la mi-été.

14. Il y aura des examens sur l'art de la navigation et la théorie à la fin de chaque terme.

Les cadets qui passeront des examens non satisfaisants, ou qui seront notés de mauvaise conduite, seront "avertis," et ils pourront être renvoyés à la fin du terme suivant ou de tout terme subséquent, s'ils sont de nouveau notés comme n'ayant pu remporter le nombre voulu de points lors de examens, ou pour conduite non satisfaisante.

Si un cadet est noté de conduite non satisfaisante pendant son dernier terme, il sera renvoyé sans qu'il lui soit permis de se présenter à l'examen pour sortir du *Britannia*.

Tout cadet qui, pour quelque raison que ce soit, paraîtra à leurs Seigneuries être impropre au service sera renvoyé du *Britannia*.

15. Il devra être distinctement entendu que la période d'éducation à bord du *Britannia* est un temps d'épreuve, et les parents ou le tuteur de tout cadet sera tenu de signer une déclaration (lors de l'admission du cadet sur le *Britannia*) à l'effet qu'il sera immédiatement retiré dès qu'avis officiel aura été donné qu'il est regardé comme impropre au service dans la marine.

16. En sortant du *Britannia* les cadets prendront rang suivant la somme de service sur mer qu'ils obtiendront à leur examen final, et ceux qui en obtiendront des sommes égales prendront rang suivant l'ordre de mérite dans lequel ils sortiront du *Britannia*.

17. Les parents ou le tuteur de chaque cadet, seront tenus de lui fournir l'équipement aux règlements en vigueur.

18. Le gouvernement n'allouera pas la paye ni l'argent de poche aux cadets entrés en juin et après juin 1881.

Par ordre de leurs Seigneuries,

ROBERT HALL, 49-3

Amirauté, 22 mars 1882.

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

COPIE certifiée d'un rapport du comité de l'Honorable Conseil Privé, approuvé par Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil le 23 mai 1882.

SUR un rapport daté du 17 mai 1882, fait par le ministre de la Marine et des Pêcheries et observant qu'en vertu de la 18e section de l'Acte concernant le Pilotage, 36 Vict., chap. 54, sous-section 8, il est réglé que les taux de pilotage pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui marqués dans les tableaux 1 et 2 de la cédula "A" de l'Acte de la législature de la province du Canada, adopté dans la 12e année du règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 114, intitulé: "Acte pour refondre les lois se rapportant aux pouvoirs et devoirs de la Maison de Trinité de Québec, et pour autres fins," ne seront pas changées durant les trois années qui suivront la mise en force de l'Acte 36 Vict., chap. 54, et ne le seront non plus à moins que la part du revenu net de la Corporation des Pilotes échéant chaque année à chacun des membres de la corporation agissant et pratiquant comme pilote pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui ait été moindre que six cents piastres (\$600) en moyenne pour les trois années précédentes.

Le ministre déclare qu'il lui a été représenté que le revenu net de chaque pilote durant les trois dernières années a été de moins que six cents piastres (\$600).

Que des mesures ont été prises par l'adoption d'un bill au parlement pour réduire le nombre des pilotes de manière à obtenir au nombre réduit des pilotes la somme spécifiée de \$600 ou une plus forte, mais comme une année au moins doit s'écouler avant que telle réduction dans le nombre des pilotes puisse être effectuée, le ministre recommande que le règlement ci-joint, adopté par les Commissaires du Havre de Québec à une assemblée tenue le 3 courant, rappelant les taux actuels de pilotage et les augmentant, soit approuvé, tel règlement devant avoir effet et les taux augmentés devant demeurer en force durant la saison de navigation de l'année 1882.

Le comité concourt dans le rapport du ministre de la marine et des pêcheries et conseille en conséquence l'adoption du règlement déposé.

JOHN J. MCGEE.
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

Commission du Havre de Québec.

A UNE assemblée hebdomadaire des Commissaires du Havre de Québec, tenue à leur bureau dans la basse-ville de la cité de Québec, lieu ordinaire de leurs réunions, mercredi, le troisième jour du mois de mai, en l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, à laquelle assemblée étaient présents les commissaires suivants, savoir :

P. V. Valin, écr., président,
L'honorable Thomas McGreevy,
James Patton, écr.,
William Rae, écr.,
Ferdinand Hamel, écr.,
R. R. Dobell, écr.,
Julien Chabot, écr., et

Laurent Goudbout, écr., président de la Corporation des Pilotes pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, formant un quorum des dits Commissaires du Havre, le règlement suivant à l'effet d'augmenter les taux de pilotage pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, a été lu pour la première fois, et à une assemblée hebdomadaire subséquente des dits Commissaires du Havre de Québec, tenue au même lieu, mercredi, le dixième jour du mois de mai de la même année, à laquelle étaient présents les Commissaires suivants, formant aussi un quorum, savoir :

P. V. Valin, écr., président,
James Patton, écr.,
Ferdinand Hamel, écr.,
Julien Chabot, écr.,
William Rae, écr.,
R. R. Dobell, écr., et

Laurent Goudbout, écr., président de la Corporation des Pilotes pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, le dit règlement suivant a été lu pour la seconde et dernière fois et adopté, ayant été publié depuis sa première lecture deux fois en langue anglaise dans le *Morning Chronicle*, et deux fois en langue française dans le *Canadien*. Ces deux journaux étant publiés à Québec.

Commission du Havre de Québec.

RÈGLEMENT pour augmenter les taux du pilotage pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui.

ATTENDU que la Corporation des Pilotes pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui ayant terminé une période de trois ans, tel que mentionné dans la 18e section de "l'Acte de 1873 concernant le Pilotage," a déclaré dans sa pétition adressée aux Commissaires du Havre de Québec, le vingt et unième jour du mois de février en l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt, dans laquelle elle demande que le taux du pilotage soit augmenté, que la part des revenus nets de la dite Corporation des Pilotes échéant annuellement à chaque membre de la dite Corporation agissant et faisant le service comme pilote pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui a été moindre que six cents piastres (\$600) en moyenne durant les trois années précédemment écoulées, les dits Commissaires du Havre de Québec statuent comme suit :

1. Les taux du pilotage pour le havre de Québec et au-dessous fixés dans les tableaux I et II de la cédula A annexée à l'acte de la Législature de la ci-devant province du Canada passé dans la 12e année du Règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 114, intitulé : "Acte pour refondre les lois et ordonnances relatives aux pouvoirs et aux devoirs de la Corporation de la Maison de la Trinité de Québec et pour d'autres fins," sont par le présent abrogés.

2. A l'avenir les taux de pilotage payables aux Pilotes appartenant à la Corporation des Pilotes pour le havre de Québec et au-dessous, agissant et faisant le service comme tels pilotes, seront comme suit :

TABLEAU I.
TAUX DE PILOTAGE POUR LE HAVRE DE QUÉBEC ET AU-DESSOUS.

POUR CHAQUE PIED DE TIRANT D'EAU.					
De	A	Du 1er de mai au 10 de novembre.	Du 10 de novembre au 19 de novembre.	Du 19 de novembre au 1er de mars.	Du 1er de mars au 1er de mai.
L'Ile du Bic ou toute autre place en bas du mouillage du Pot-à-l'Eau-de-Vie jusqu'à l'Ile-aux-Lièvres.....	Poste à mouillage dans le bassin ou havre de Québec.....	\$3 87	\$4 95	\$6 02	\$4 41
Le mouillage du Pot-à-l'Eau-de-Vie en amont de l'Ile-aux-Lièvres, ou toute autre place au-dessus du dit mouillage en aval de la Pointe St-Roch.....	do do	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.
La Pointe St-Roch ou toute autre place au-dessus de cette Pointe ou au-dessous de la Pointe-aux-Pins, sur l'Ile-aux-Grues.....	do do	$\frac{1}{8}$ do	$\frac{1}{8}$ do	$\frac{1}{8}$ do	$\frac{1}{8}$ do
La Pointe-aux-Pins, sur l'Ile-aux-Grues ou toute autre place en bas du Trou-de-St-Patrice.	do do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do
Poste à mouillage dans le bassin ou havre de Québec.....	L'Ile-du-Bic ou le lieu où le pilote sera déchargé, sur la rivière, au-dessous de Québec.....	\$3 40	\$4 46	\$5 54	\$3 93

TABLEAU II.
TAUX de pilotage pour le havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui.

De	A	
Tout quai dans le havre de Québec depuis la Pointe-à-Carey, en bas, et l'extrémité ouest du quai Allan, en haut, ces deux quais inclus.....	Tous autres quais en dedans des dites limites..	\$ cts. 2 50
Toute place dans le havre de Québec n'étant pas en dedans des limites mentionnées ci-dessus.....	Toute autre place dans le dit havre n'étant pas un quai en dedans des dites limites.....	5 00

Les pilotes prenant charge d'un navire au Trou de St. Patrice ou au-dessus n'auront pas droit à plus que le montant alloué dans le tableau II pour le pilotage de vaisseaux d'une place à l'autre dans le havre.

P. V. VALIN,
Président.
A. H. VERRET,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

HOTEL DU GOUVERNEMENT, OTTAWA.

Mardi, 23 mai 1882.

PRÉSENT :

SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL
EN CONSEIL.

SUR la recommandation du ministre du revenu de l'intérieur et en vertu de l'acte 42 Victoria, chap. 16, intitulé "Acte à l'effet d'amender et "refondre les lois concernant les poids et mesures," il a plu à Son Excellence sur l'avis du Conseil Privé de Sa Majesté pour le Canada d'ordonner, et il est par le présent ordonné, que les règlements concernant l'inspection des poids et mesures adoptés par un ordre en conseil du 14 août 1879 soient et les dits règlements sont par le présent amendés par l'addition après la section "D" de la section suivante :

DD. Les appareils à peser, connus sous le nom de "balances hydrostatiques," semblables à ceux communément employés pour déterminer la pesanteur du charbon livré à l'orifice du puits, peuvent être vérifiées pour semblable usage et de plus pour peser le charbon livré des barges et navires, pourvu qu'ils indiquent à un deux-centièmes près la pesanteur de la charge.

48-3

JOHN J. McGEE.
Greffier du Conseil Privé.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

COUR SUPRÊME DU CANADA.

Règle générale 81.

IL est par le présent ordonné que l'annexe D des règles de la Cour Suprême du Canada soit modifiée comme suit :—

Au lieu de l'item "Cause imprimée, par page de 100 mots, y compris la correction, la surveillance de l'impression et tous les services nécessaires, 30c" les prix suivants seront taxés par le registraire, savoir :

"Pour grossoyer pour l'imprimeur une copie de la cause telle que réglée, lorsqu'il sera nécessaire et à propos de se procurer une telle copie grossoyée, par page de 100 mots, 10c."

"Correction et surveillance de l'impression, 5c."

Ottawa, 3 juin 1882.

W. J. RITCHIE, J.C.
S. H. STRONG, J.
T. FOURNIER, J.
W. A. HENRY, J.
H. E. TASCHEREAU, J.
JOHN W. GWYNNE, J.

50-1

COUR SUPRÊME DU CANADA.

Règle générale 82.

IL est par le présent ordonné que le registraire taxera en faveur de l'agent dûment inscrit dans tout appel, à sa discrétion, une rétribution de \$20.

Ottawa, 3 juin 1882.

W. J. RITCHIE, J. C.
T. FOURNIER, J.
W. A. HENRY, J.
H. E. TASCHEREAU, J.
JOHN W. GWYNNE, J.

50-1

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social" il a été émis des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 12 mai 1882, constituant en corps politique William Robert Bell, de la ville de Brockville, province d'Ontario, Canada, cultivateur ; John Northwood, de la ville de

Chatham, comté de Kent, dite province, cultivateur ; Herman Joseph Eberts, de la dite ville de Chatham, gentilhomme ; Robert Crawford, de la dite ville de Brockville, gentilhomme ; William Northwood, de la dite ville de Chatham, fabricant de malt ; Thomas Caldwell Elwood, de la cité de Toronto, électricien ; Edmund Burritt, d'Easton's Corners, dans le township de Wolford, dite province, cultivateur ; William Ryan Thistle, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la dite province, marchand de bois ; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, meunier, de Milford, dans le comté de Brandon, et Charles Frederick Houghton, de la cité de Winnipeg, gentilhomme, tous deux de la province du Manitoba, dans le dit Canada, pour les fins suivantes :—Acquérir, coloniser et transporter des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du Canada ; améliorer, cultiver les dites terres et ériger dessus des habitations ; acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; cultiver, élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux et autres animaux ; acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon ; prêter de l'argent et secourir les colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ; garantir le remboursement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle manière par voie d'hypothèque ou convention qui pourront être arrêtées de part et d'autre ; faire le commerce en qualité de fabricants, marchands, propriétaires de moulins et expéditeurs ; établir des agences en Canada ou ailleurs pour les fins susdites, et pour telles fins posséder tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre et aliéner des biens meubles et immeubles, ainsi que tous autres pouvoirs qui pourront être nécessaires et utiles à ces fins ; mais rien de contenu dans les présentes n'autorisera la compagnie à agir comme compagnie de prêt dans l'intention de l'acte, sous le nom de "La compagnie d'agriculture de la vallée de la Qu'Appelle (limitée)," avec un capital social total de six cent mille piastres divisé en six mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada ce deuxième jour de juin 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

49-3

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, il a été émis sous le grand sceau du Canada des lettres patentes, en date du vingt-septième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique George Frederick Austin, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, Canada, ingénieur civil ; Thomas Ferris Nellis, du même lieu, avocat ; William Ryan Thistle, du même lieu, marchand de bois ; Alexander Walker O'Gilvie, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada, écr., Joseph Merrill Currier, d'Ottawa susdit, écr. ; McLeod Stewart, du même lieu, écr. ; William George Perley, du même lieu, marchand de bois ; John Alexander Gemmill, du même lieu, avocat, et William Anderson Allan, du même lieu, marchand, dans le but d'acheter, acquérir de toute façon et exploiter des mines, minéraux et droits miniers, terres meubles et immeubles dans le Canada ; broyer, fondre, et amalgamer le minerai, le rendre propre au commerce ; développer les ressources des dites mines ; broyer, fondre et amalgamer les produits de n'importe quelle mine, appartenant ou non à la dite compagnie ; construire ou, par des souscriptions, aider à construire, entretenir et améliorer les routes, tramways, bassins, quais, jetées, viaducs, aqueducs, canaux d'écluse, fossés, établissements à broyer le quartz, moulins, entrepôts et autres bâtiments qui pourront être nécessaires ou utiles aux fins que se propose la dite compagnie ; construire, affréter et employer des navires pour les fins susdites et pour les fins du transport des produits de mines et autres exploitations à un endroit quelconque dans le Canada ou ailleurs, sous le nom de "La compagnie minière

Austin," avec un capital total de deux cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en cinquante mille parts de cinq piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat, ce 29 mai 1882.

49-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 mai dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,772,613 10
Excise	538,605 86
Département des Postes.....	113,689 24
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	286,283 03
Divers	144,581 49
	<u>\$2,855,772 72</u>
Moins—recettes provenant des terres fédérales portées au compte du capital.....	473,556 65
	<u>\$2,382,216 07</u>
Revenu, 30 avril 1882.....	27,171,980 05
	<u>\$29,554,196 12</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$2,783,685 38
do 30 avril 1882.....	19,770,127 68
	<u>\$22,553,813 06</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er juin 1882.

ETAT, sujet à révision, des revenus de l'intérieur accrus pendant le mois d'avril 1882.

Source de revenu.	—	Montant.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spiritueux.....	266,178 93	.....
Liqueur de malt.....	50 00	.....
Malt.....	37,283 02	.....
Tabac.....	154,278 68	.....
Inspection du pétrole.....	966 75	.....
Fabrications en entrepôt.....	3,117 23	.....
Saisies.....	1,809 80	.....
Autres recettes.....	515 00	.....
Total, revenu de l'accise....		464,199 41
Canaux.....		4,862 97
Pouvoirs d'eau et autres loyers..		1,887 00
Travaux publics secondaires....		287 38
Inspection et mesurage du bois..		821 31
Inspection des poids et mesures.		2,881 87
Inspection du gaz.....		255 00
Timbres d'effets de commerce...		131 69
Total		475,326 63

E. MIALI,
Sous-commissaire.

Ministère du revenu de l'intérieur,
Ottawa, 26 mai 1882.

48-tf

MINISTÈRE DES DOUANES.
Ottawa, 26 mai 1882.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général, par un ordre en conseil en date du 23 courant, d'ordonner, et il

est par le présent ordonné, qu'il pourra être payé au propriétaire de tout établissement pour la préparation du cuir en Canada, un drawback égal à cinq pour cent ad valorem sur la valeur d'après laquelle un droit a été payé sur les "peaux de chèvre, tannées," mais non autrement préparées, cirées, vernies ou teintes, importées en Canada dans le but d'être finies, sur preuve satisfaisante que ces peaux de chèvre ont été finies à cet établissement en y étant ainsi préparées, cirées, vernies ou teintes, et sujet à tels autres règlements et restrictions que l'honorable ministre des douanes pourra juger nécessaires.

Par ordre,

48 3 J. JOHNSON,
Commissaire des douanes.

MINISTÈRE DES DOUANES.

Ottawa, 26 mai 1882.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'il a plu à Son Excellence le gouverneur général, par un ordre en conseil en date du 23 courant, et en vertu de l'autorité qui lui est conférée par la section 11 de 44 Victoria, chap. 11, d'ordonner que l'article ci-dessous soit mis sur la liste des articles exempts de droits, sujet à tels règlements qui pourront être adoptés par ce département, savoir :

"Graisse, dite 'Foot Grease,' étant le résidu de la graine de cotonnier, après que l'huile en a été extraite.

Par ordre,

48-3 J. JOHNSON,
Commissaire des douanes.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les "compagnies à fonds social" des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du douzième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique, Nathaniel Clark Wallace, du village de Woodbridge, dans le comté de York, province d'Ontario, Canada, marchand, membre de la Chambre des Communes du Canada; Silas James, arpenteur provincial, James Armstrong, étudiant en droit, John Jeremiah Cook, marchand, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, comptable, Elgin Schoff, avocat, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la dite province d'Ontario; James Dunkin, d'Emery, dans la dite province, cultivateur, John Duncan, de Richmond Hill, dans la dite province, cultivateur, et Robert Nathaniel Taylor, de Elder Mills, dans la dite province, cultivateur,—dans le but d'acquérir par achat ou autrement, soit du gouvernement fédéral, des gouvernements provinciaux, ou de toute autre corporation ou individu, des terres ou intérêts en icelles, dans le Canada; de coloniser, vendre et ouvrir les dites terres; d'arpenter, ouvrir, cultiver, améliorer les dites terres, et construire dessus; de prêter de l'argent aux colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des emprunts ainsi faits à des conditions dont il aura été convenu, soit au moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations; d'acheter, prendre, louer, échanger ou autrement acquérir toute propriété immobilière et tout droit ou privilège nécessaire ou qui pourra convenir à la dite compagnie dans toute partie de la Puissance du Canada, et de vendre, louer, hypothéquer et autrement disposer de ces choses; d'aider, encourager et favoriser l'émigration et la colonisation dans et sur les terres de la compagnie et d'établir ces terres, et, pour les fins susdites, de prêter et octroyer toutes sommes de deniers; d'aider au moyen de bonis à la construction et à l'entretien d'une ligne ou de lignes de chemin de fer et de bateaux à vapeur ou autres bateaux ou voitures, à partir ou au travers des terres de la compagnie, ainsi que d'aider à construire, bâtir et exploiter tels autres ouvrages que l'on pourra juger propres à favoriser les fins de la compagnie; d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de biens et effets nécessaires à la compagnie ou à toute personne qui pourra s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ou ailleurs, et, dans ce but, d'avoir tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'ar-

gent, vendre des biens, meubles et immeubles, et autres pouvoirs nécessaires ou dont elle pourra avoir besoin,—sous le nom de "La compagnie de colonisation des cultivateurs de York," avoir un capital social de trois cent mille piastres divisé en trois mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-sixième jour de mai 1882.

48-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 12 mai 1882, constituant en corps politique Henry Stark Howland, banquier; William Rees Brock, marchand; John Ginty, entrepreneur; John Gillespie, marchand, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, dans le dit Canada; George A. Muttelbury, agent d'immeubles, et Jeffrey Hall Brock, agent d'immeubles, tous deux de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba, dit Canada, dans le but de—

(a) Acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord Ouest;

(b) Coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres;

(c) Arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, les trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon, de même que construire dessus;

(d) Vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon y compris les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et secourir ces derniers par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances avec intérêt et aux conditions dont il aura été convenu soit par voie d'hypothèque ou obligations; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour la construction et le maintien de chemins de fer sur les dites terres, avec le droit d'aider à toutes les entreprises tendant à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de navires, télégraphe, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, routes, rues et autres entreprises qui pourront être jugées propres à faire atteindre à la compagnie l'objet qu'elle a en vue; le droit d'acheter et vendre des propriétés personnelles ou les droits en icelles, requises dans l'intérêt de la dite compagnie ou de celui des colons établis sur les terres de cette dernière ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent, avec tels autres droits qui pourraient être utiles ou nécessaires à la dite compagnie pour l'objet qu'elle a en vue en demandant à être constituée en corps politique; le droit d'aider et encourager l'immigration et assister les immigrants de toute façon qui pourrait être jugée désirable pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite région et promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada,—sous le nom de "La compagnie de colonisation des terres de la Puissance," avec un capital total de un million de piastres divisé en dix mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat pour le Canada, ce vingt-sixième jour de mai 1882.

48-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," des lettres patentes ont été émises sous le grand sceau du Canada en date du onzième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique Edward Gurney junior, fabricant, John Edward Rose, avocat et Alexander Sutherland, docteur en théologie, tous de la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, Canada; Dennis Moore, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans la dite province, fabricant, Richard Brown, de la dite cité de Toronto, marchand, William Glass, de la cité de London, dite province, shérif; William Briggs, membre du clergé, Henry E. Clarke, fabricant, Daniel McLean, marchand, Edward Hartley Dewar, docteur en théologie, John Thomas Moore, comptable, John Jacob Withrow, fabricant, Samuel John Hunter, membre du clergé, Charles Douglas Warren, marchand, tous de la dite cité de Toronto; Leonard Garty, de la dite cité de London, membre du clergé, et Robert Warren, de la ville de Niagara, dans la dite province, franc-tenancier, dans le but :—

1. D'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

2. De coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

3. D'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher et cultiver les dites terres avec le droit de construire dessus.

4. De vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer et en général trafiquer les dites terres ainsi que les intérêts en icelles, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, prêter de l'argent et en général secourir les colons soit par voie de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de ces prêts avec intérêt et à des conditions dont il aura été convenu soit par hypothèque ou obligation, accorder des subventions pour aider à la construction et à l'entretien de lignes de chemins de fer sur les dites terres ainsi que de toutes les entreprises de nature à ouvrir ces terres, telles que lignes de bateaux à vapeur, télégraphes, canaux, réservoirs, aqueducs, rues, routes et autres entreprises de nature à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre des biens mobiliers ou droits en icelles requis par la compagnie, pour favoriser ses intérêts, ou par les colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie ou autrement; le droit d'emprunter et engager des sommes d'argent, avec tout autre pouvoir utile ou nécessaire à la compagnie dans l'objet qu'elle a en vue; le droit d'aider et encourager l'immigration et secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens propres à ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite région, à favoriser les intérêts de la compagnie du Canada en général, sous le nom de "La compagnie limitée de Terres et de Homestead de la Saskatchewan," avec un capital social de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinq mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada, ce vingt-sixième jour de mai 1882.

48-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...	La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du bav. de Montr'l, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Montr'l ; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.	La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine,"	Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 débentures de municipalités ; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....	La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....	William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U. et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Briton" (limitée).....	L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....	John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.	La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....	Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton ..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du bavoir de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stig. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto...	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St Jean, N.B.	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B) ..	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux ; \$15,000 bons du bavoir de Montréal ; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasinages de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210).....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Robert Simms et Cie, et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,00.)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	S. O. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Frederick Stancilffe, agent général, Montréal	£10,000 stig. effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£11,000 stig. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	£21,000 stig. effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont ...	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	Tbos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	A. J. Pell, Montréal	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.	Sur les glaces.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....	J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Montréal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)...	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dn Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich, Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont.	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents principaux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. consolidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents principaux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal.	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect.	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877" A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES À CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecossaïsc.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecossaïse.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecossaïse.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe," de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernement, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées.

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHEF RIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois d'avril 1882. A. .
 Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 mars 1882.....	\$8,561,753 65	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$396,104 03
Intérêts durant le mois	558,329 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	4,465 50		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,664,851 80
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	63,594 32
			8,728,449 12
	9,124,553 15		\$9,124,553 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
 Commis des statistiques.
 Département des Finances, Ottawa, 22 mai 1882

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, provenant du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comité auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers

pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Britannique Canadienne de câble et de télégraphie, dans le but de jeter un câble d'un point en Ecosse au Groënland, de là par la baie d'Hudson à Winnipeg; avec le droit de construire des lignes télégraphiques le long de n'importe quel chemin de fer ou route postale dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière à la Pluie.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR
LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie sera " Le syndicat de la ferme Qu'Appelle, (limité)."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(2) L'exercice du droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) L'exercice du droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, les trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon ou élever dessus des constructions.

(4) L'exercice du droit de vendre, louer, affermer et hypothéquer les dites terres, les trafiquer de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachant requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement; emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et faire toute chose utile ou nécessaire aux fins que se propose la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique; aider et encourager l'immigration, secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, avec des succursales à Toronto et ailleurs, dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinquante mille parts de dix piastres chacune.

4. Voici les noms, prénoms, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants: Jay C. Richardson, de la cité de Cincinnati, Etats-Unis d'Amérique, écr., James Whealy, de la cité de Winnipeg, comté de Selkirk, franc-tenancier, Alonzo King, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford, comptable, Robert B. Watson, de la cité de Winnipeg, entrepreneur, Rankin Dawson, M. D., de la cité de Winnipeg, Edward Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, Josiah Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, Theodore T. Covernton, M. D., de la cité de Winnipeg, Louisa Black, de la cité de Winnipeg, modiste, Elizabeth Smith, de la cité de Winnipeg, veuve Low; A. Stackhouse, de la cité de Winnipeg, tisserand, Thomas J. M. Cool, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois, George Fraser, de la cité de Winnipeg, fabricant de marbre, Rufus Atkinson, de la cité de Winnipeg, écr., Peter Mabee, de la ville de Simcoe, comté de Norfolk, encanteur, Joseph A. Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, George J. Stoddart, de la cité de Winnipeg, commis, Thomas Prest, de la cité de Winnipeg, province du Manitoba, écr., William Cowan, jr., du même lieu, écr., Olivier Austin, de la ville de Simcoe, écr.

Les quinze premiers requérants nommés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

J. B. McARTHUR,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Winnipeg, ce 23 mai 1882.

49-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son

Excellence le gouverneur en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation de Prince Albert."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba, les Territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans le Canada; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et en développer les ressources agricoles, minières ou autres; le droit de vendre, concéder, transporter, louer, hypothéquer, exploiter ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés ou les intérêts en icelles; le droit de prendre des hypothèques ou autres garanties pour le prix d'achat en tout ou en partie, avec le droit de vendre et céder ces hypothèques, aider et encourager l'immigration et la colonisation des dites terres, soit par des prêts ou subventions garantis suivant qu'il aura été convenu ou par tout autre moyen; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subvention ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou plusieurs lignes de chemin de fer, télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis, soit par la compagnie, soit par toute personne établie sur les terres de la dite compagnie; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de colonisation de la dite compagnie; le droit de construire des maisons, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de tout genre, avec le droit d'aider à la construction d'iceux de toute manière légale et à des conditions et avec des garanties dont il aura été convenu; le droit de placer des bestiaux sur les terres de la compagnie et d'exercer l'industrie de l'élevage du bétail dans toutes ses branches; le droit de récolter du grain et autres produits de ferme; le droit de manufacturer ou exporter les dits produits; le droit de faire des opérations minières sur les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit de faire tout ce qui est permis aux compagnies de même nature.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$400,000 divisé en 4,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les noms, prénoms, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants:—William Sharples, marchand; Thomas McGreevey, entrepreneur, tous deux de la cité de Québec, dans la province de Québec; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, avocat; Philip Roblin Palmer, agent d'assurance, et James Coleman Jamieson, éditeur, tous de la cité de Belleville, dans la province d'Ontario, John White, fabricant, de Roslin, dans la dite province d'Ontario; Hugh Sutherland, marchand de bois, et James Albert Manning Aikens, avocat, ces deux derniers de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba; David Gilmour, marchand de bois, et William Jeffs, marchand de grain, tous deux de la ville de Trenton, dans la dite province d'Ontario, et Duncan Charles Plumb, de la ville de Niagara, dans la dite province d'Ontario.

Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie sont les dits William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGreevey, Philip Roblin Palmer et Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, tous étant sujets britanniques.

FORBES ET HILTON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Trenton, 15 mai 1882.

47-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que, conformément à l'Acte des compagnies à fonds social, du Canada, 1877," et après l'expiration d'un mois au moins, à compter de la publication des présentes dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes scellées du grand sceau, accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant ainsi que tous autres qui pourront devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique et incorporé sous le nom et pour les fins et objets ci-après mentionnés, savoir: —

1. Le nom de corporation projeté de la compagnie sera "La compagnie d'établissements (homestead) Standard du Canada."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation sont les suivantes :

(a) Acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Coloniser, établir et vendre ces terres.

(c) Arpenter, tracer, améliorer, défricher et cultiver ces terres; y faire des constructions et autrement s'en occuper.

(d) Vendre, affermer, louer, hypothéquer ces terres et généralement s'occuper de toute espèce d'intérêts dans ces terrains, y compris l'achat et la vente du grain et autres produits du sol; avancer de l'argent aux colons et autrement les aider au moyen de bonis ou de toute autre manière, et assurer le remboursement de ces avances avec les intérêts, à telles conditions et de telle manière dont il pourra être convenu, au moyen d'hypothèque ou de convention; accorder des bonis ou autrement aider à la construction et l'entretien de voies ferrées traversant les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute entreprise ayant pour but d'ouvrir ces terres, y compris les bateaux à vapeur, les lignes de télégraphe, les canaux, les réservoirs, les aqueducs, les chemins, les rues et autres travaux qui pourront être jugés propres à favoriser les fins de la compagnie; acheter et vendre toute espèce de biens mobiliers ou droits sur ces biens dont la compagnie pourra avoir besoin pour favoriser ses propres intérêts ou ceux des colons établis sur ces terres; le pouvoir d'emprunter et faire des placements d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs utiles et nécessaires pour favoriser les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation; le pouvoir de favoriser, aider et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toutes les manières et par tous les moyens désirables dans le but d'ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée, et promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie ainsi que ceux du Canada en général.

3. Le principal siège d'affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto et elle aura des bureaux dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le capital social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre d'actions du dit capital sera de dix mille, et chaque action sera pour un montant de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms au long ainsi que l'adresse et la profession des dits requérants: James Moffat, de la cité de London, lieutenant-colonel de milice; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, de la cité de Toronto, conseil de la Reine; Andrew S. Irving, de la cité de Toronto, directeur de la compagnie de publication de Toronto; W. Barclay McMurrick, maire de la cité de Toronto, avocat; Alexander Gemmel, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros; Sanderson Percy, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de peinture et d'huile en gros; Bernard Saunders, de la cité de Toronto, marchand-tailleur; Andrew J. Somerville, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros; Richard J. Hovenden, de la cité de Toronto, peintre décorateur; William Robins, de la cité de Toronto, comptable; Samuel Davison, de la

cité de Toronto, marchand à commission; William Roaf, de la cité de Toronto, avocat; Peter B. Ball, de la cité de Toronto, agent; Edward R. C. Clarkson, de la cité de Toronto, comptable et syndic officiel; Christopher W. Bunting, de la cité de Toronto, directeur-gérant de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *Mail*; George Birrell, de la cité de London, marchand; Robert Lewis, de la cité de London, écuyer; Charles F. Goodhue, de la cité de London, écuyer; Isaac Waterman, de la cité de London, manufacturier; Robert McIntosh, de Rapid City, Manitoba, docteur en médecine; Daniel Spry, de la ville de Barrie, inspecteur des postes, et Henry Pickford, de la ville de Dundas, manufacturier.

Les dits James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrick, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden et William Robins seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,

Pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto, le 18 mai A.D. 1882.

47-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur; et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréter, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipegoosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits, et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élevateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissoires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants

Ingersoll, 12 mai 1882.

46-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que les soussignés, un mois après la première publication du présent avis, s'adresseront par requête à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil pour obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées : Thomas Bell, de la ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron, province d'Ontario, fabricant, ex-préfet de Wingham ; John Kaine, du township de Howick, dans le dit comté, banquier, ex-préfet du comté de Huron ; Henry William Christian Meyer, de la dite ville de Wingham, avocat, préfet de Wingham ; James Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand de grain, ex-préfet de Howick ; Henry Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand ; John Sanderson, du village de Wroxeter, dans le dit comté, marchand ; Isaac Francis Toms, de la ville de Goderich, dans le dit comté, juge puisné ; John Somerville, du village de Lucknow, médecin ; Benjamin Wilson, de la dite ville de Wingham, courtier privé, ex maire de Wingham, et Robert Webster, du township d'Ashfield, dans le dit comté, cultivateur, préfet du dit township d'Ashfield.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie de colonisation du comté de Huron et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit de louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement en disposer.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter, prêter et avancer des sommes d'argent sur les dites terres et de secourir les colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des dites sommes avec intérêt.

(5) Le droit d'ériger et acquérir des moulins à farine et scieries, avec le droit de fabriquer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, biens mobiliers et effets requis par la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait acheter des terres de la compagnie ou s'établir dessus.

3. La ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron et province d'Ontario, sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

4. Le montant du capital-actions de la compagnie est de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie sont les requérants ci-dessus nommés, savoir : Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins et Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER et DICKINSON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Wingham, Ont., 7 mai, 1882.

46 6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Société de colonisation des Forestiers du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—Le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou particuliers ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre

les dites terres, le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail et hypothéquer les dites terres avec le droit de les trafiquer en général de n'importe quelle façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de les secourir, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt et à telles conditions et de telles manières qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service ; le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire dans toutes ses branches d'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes localités dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$500,000 divisé en 10,000 parts de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, de la Cité de London, marchand ; John Taylor, de la Cité de London, avocat ; Oronhyatekha, de la Cité de London, médecin ; John Stewart Dewar, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Towe, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Thomas Peel, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Alexander Greig Fenwick, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Melville DeBlois Dawson, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Stevenson Crummer, de la Cité de Hamilton, gentilhomme ; William Henry Street, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Peter Toll, de la Ville de London Est, constructeur ; Edmund Botterell, de la Cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme ; William Duff, de la Cité de London, fabricant ; William Maurice Moore, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; John Alonzo Nelles, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Henry Crotty, de la Cité de Winnipeg, agent d'immeubles ; Richard Maxwell McElheran, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; John Parker Thomas, de la Cité de Belleville, avocat ; Theophilus Stanfield, de la Cité de London, agent ; Robert Moore, de la Ville de Simcoe, fabricant ; Alexander Sutherland Murray, de la Cité de London, orfèvre ; Archibald McPherson, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Robert James Halle, de la Ville de Chathan, agent d'assurance ; Walter Scott Williams, de la Ville de Napanee, avocat ; Benjamin Watson Greer, de la Cité de London, peintre ; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Thomas Glass Davey, de la Cité de London, agent de journaux, G.W.B. William Nelson Yerex, de la Cité de London, Principal du Collège Commerciale de London ; Alexander Henry, de la Ville de Napanee, Président de chemin de fer Napanee et Tramworth ; Alexander McCleneghan, de la Ville de Woodstock, maître de poste ; John Richard Flock, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Samuel Payne, de la Cité de London, médecin ; George McBroom, de la de London, marchand ; George Charlwood Jolly, de la Ville de London Ouest, gentilhomme ;

Ceux d'entre les requérants ci-dessus nommés dont les noms suivent, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada :

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville de Blois Dawson, Edward Stevenson Crummer, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edward Botterell, William Duff et William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN et TAYLOR,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, 8 mai 1882.

46-6

A VIS est par le présent donné en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du*

anada, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée sera "La Compagnie de colonisation de la Rivière aux Ecaïlles."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique sont :—Le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans la Puissance du Canada ; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et d'en développer les ressources minières, agricoles ou autres ; le droit d'exploiter, vendre, donner, transporter, louer, hypothéquer et trafiquer de n'importe quelle manière les dites propriétés, y compris le droit de prendre des hypothèques pour le prix d'achat ; le droit de vendre et transporter telles hypothèques ; le droit d'aider et encourager l'émigration et la colonisation des terres qui pourraient être acquises, soit par des prêts ou subventions garanties d'une manière sur laquelle on se sera entendu ou de toute manière légale ; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien de lignes de chemin de fer ou télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis pour les fins de la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait s'établir sur les terres de la compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de la colonisation des terres de la compagnie ; le droit de construire des bâtiments, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de toute sorte ; le droit d'aider à la construction de ces travaux de toute façon légale et à telles conditions et avec telles garanties dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de fournir ses terres de bestiaux et de s'engager dans l'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux ; le droit de s'occuper de la culture du blé et de l'industrie des produits de ferme ; le droit de fabriquer et exporter les dits grains et produits et de s'engager dans des opérations minières sur les dites propriétés, et avec tels autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être conférés à de semblables compagnies.

3. La cité de Belleville ou la ville de Trenton, l'un et l'autre dans le comté de Hastings, sera le siège principal des affaires de la compagnie.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$300,000 divisé en 6,000 actions de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

David Gilmour, marchand de bois, William Jeffs, marchand de grain, George Henry Gordon, marchand, William Ford Baker, marchand de grain ; John Hendricks, propriétaire rural, Anson Green Whittier, marchand, tous de Trenton ; James Coleman Jamieson, imprimeur et éditeur, George Dean Dickson, avocat, Eddison Baldwin Fraleck, avocat, Cornelius James Starling, entrepreneur, tous de Belleville ; John White, fabricant, Roslin Charles Ashley, voiturier, Stephen Allen Lazier, fabricant, Egbert Wilbert Ashley, marchand, tous de Foxboro' ; James Stalker Hamilton, propriétaire rural, et Peter Rockwell Daly, propriétaire rural, tous deux d'Halloway.

Les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie sont les susdits David Gilmour, William Jeffs, George Henry Gordon, Cornelius James Starling, James Coleman Jamieson, Stephen Allen Lazier et Charles Ashley, qui tous sont sujets britanniques et résident en Ontario.

GEO. D. DICKSON,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Belleville, 4 avril 1882.

46-5

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après l'insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, en conformité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," de lettres-patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps

politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. La raison sociale que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres d'Ontario et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande d'être constituée en corps politique sont :—

(a) Le droit d'acheter des terres, soit du gouvernement fédéral, soit des gouvernements provinciaux, de compagnies ou de simples individus.

(b) Le droit d'établir, coloniser, arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, assainir, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, bâtir dessus ou les trafiquer d'une manière quelconque.

(c) Le droit de vendre, louer, prendre à bail les dites terres et en général en trafiquer les intérêts de toute façon, avec le droit d'acheter et vendre des grains et autres produits du sol, le droit de prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons et de secourir ces derniers de toute façon soit par le moyen de subventions ou autrement, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques, obligations ou autrement ; le droit d'accorder des prêts ou subventions aux entreprises destinées à ouvrir ou améliorer les dites terres ; le droit d'emprunter et placer de l'argent, d'hypothéquer les terres de la compagnie ou partie d'icelles pour les fins susdites ou pour toute autre fin de la compagnie, avec tous autres pouvoirs qui peuvent être utiles ou nécessaires pour le développement, l'aide et l'encouragement de l'immigration, la colonisation et l'établissement du pays ainsi que l'avancement des fins de la compagnie.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de \$500,000.

5. Le nombre des parts de ce fonds social sera de cinq mille, d'un montant de \$100 chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : John Bacon, écr., Silas James, Arp. P., Robert McPhail, marchand, Edmund Henry Duggan, avocat, Ogle Robert Peck, écr., John Austin Worrell, avocat, Alexander Gilbert Lightbourn, agent d'immeubles, John J. Cook, é. r., et Matthew Walton, agent, tous de la cité de Toronto ; Thomas Armstrong, du village de Yorkville, dans le comté de York, docteur en médecine, et Richard Shaw Wood, de la cité de London, dans le comté de Middlesex, gentilhomme ; desquels les dits John Bacon, Silas James, Robert McPhail, Edmund Henry Duggan, Ogle Robert Peck, John Austin Worrell, Thomas Armstrong et Richard Shaw Wood seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires.

CROMBIE, CROMBIE et WORRELL,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Toronto, 28 mars 1882.

45-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, de lettres-patentes sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par l'honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, sénateur, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Robert Doull, M.P., de Pictou, Nouvelle-Ecosse ; John Alexander Mackenzie, avocat, de Sarnia, Ontario ; Frank Egerton Gibbs, meunier, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Hugh Macmahon, C.R., de London, Ontario ; Thomas Wesley Jackson, de Qu'Appelle, Territoire du Nord-Ouest, agent d'immigration ; William Pugsle, jr., avocat, de la cité de Saint-Jean, Nouveau-Brunswick ; Leigh Richmond Harrison, avocat, de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, et

Gilbert Raddan Pugslay, avocat, également de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, à l'effet de constituer les personnes ci-dessus nommées et d'autres en un corps politique pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres de Qu'Appelle et du Lac Long" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest ; le droit de coloniser, établir, améliorer et vendre les dites terres et en développer les ressources de toute nature ; le droit d'arpenter et diviser les dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit de développer et exploiter les pêcheries sur les rives du lac Long ; le droit d'ériger et établir des magasins sur les dites propriétés, acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute description ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, accorder, transporter, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et donner des secours aux colons établis sur les terres, y compris le droit d'avancer des marchandises ; le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit de construire des routes, chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe, vapeurs ou navires, quais et autres travaux et moyens de transport sur les terres et les eaux de la compagnie ou utiles pour l'amélioration des propriétés de la compagnie, y compris le droit d'accorder de l'aide à ces diverses entreprises et s'en servir.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de quatre cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quatre mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les différentes personnes ci-dessus décrites seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

MACKENZIE, GURD ET KITTERMASTER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants, Sarnia, Ont.

Daté ce 15 avril 1882.

49-6

AVIS DIVERS.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite le 6me jour de juillet 1882, en vertu de l'autorité de la section 16, chap. 34, des statuts refondus du Canada, pour prolonger au-delà de la période pour laquelle elles sont accordées, les lettres patentes portant la date du vingt-huitième jour de janvier A.D. mil huit-cent soixante et neuf, accordées à William Milner pour une certaine amélioration dans l'engrenage des wagons, devant être appelée "Jottereaux de devant unis à une barre en balance et Jottereaux de derrière ou fourche."

WILLIAM MILNER,

Patentee.

Strathroy, Ont., 5 juin 1882.

50-3

COMPAGNIE MUTUELLE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DU CANADA, A RESPONSABILITÉ LIMITÉE.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la susdite compagnie aura lieu au bureau principal de la compagnie, No. 4, rue de l'Hôpital, en la cité de Montréal, mardi, le vingt-septième jour de juin courant, à dix heures du matin, afin de s'organiser en vertu des dispositions de l'acte d'incorporation passé à la dernière session du parlement, élire des officiers, faire des règles et règlements et autres affaires autorisées par le dit acte d'incorporation.

ALEX. F. RIDDELL,

Secrétaire.

Montréal, 8 juin 1882.

50-2

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée générale des directeurs provisoires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Central la Rapid City aura lieu à l'hôtel Queen, dans la cité de Toronto, à midi, du neuvième jour de juillet prochain, dans le but d'ouvrir des livres de souscription et de traiter de toute autre affaire suivant que permis par la loi.

Ottawa, 25 mai 1882.

49-6

BANQUE UNION DU BAS-CANADA.

DIVIDENDE No. 33.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois pourcent 3 (p.c.) sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, et que le dit dividende sera payable à la banque et ses succursales le et après le lundi, le troisième jour de juillet prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 16 au 30 juin, inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale des actionnaires aura à leur maison de banque, en la cité de Québec, lundi le troisième jour de juillet 1882, le président devant prendre le fauteuil à midi.

Par ordre du bureau,

P. MacEWEN,

Caissier.

Québec, 27 mai 1882,

49-4

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER GRAND TRONC DU CANADA.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Tronc du Canada aura lieu au City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, Londres, E.C., jeudi, le vingt-neuvième jour de juin prochain, à une heure p.m. précise, dans le but de prendre en considération un arrangement entre les directeurs de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Tronc du Canada, et les directeurs de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Occidental, ayant pour objet l'amalgamation des entreprises des deux compagnies en une seule, en vertu des pouvoirs conférés par l'acte du Conseil législatif et de l'Assemblée législative de la province du Canada, 16 Victoria, chap. 39, intitulé : "Acte pour autoriser toute compagnie de chemin de fer dont le chemin forme partie de l'artère principale de chemin de fer dans cette province de se fusionner avec toute telle autre compagnie, ou d'acheter la propriété et les droits de toute telle autre compagnie, et d'abroger certains actes y mentionnés, incorporant des compagnies de chemin de fer," et en vertu des pouvoirs conférés par les divers actes, modifiant ou amplifiant cet acte ; et dans le but soit de ratifier ou de désavouer cet arrangement tel que voulu par ces actes ou aucun d'eux. Par cet arrangement, et en conformité des dispositions des actes ci-dessus mentionnés les objets suivants entre autres sont proposés d'être effectués à compter du 1er juillet 1882 :

1. L'amalgamation des entreprises des deux compagnies actuelles en une seule entreprise sous le contrôle d'une seule compagnie.

2. Que l'une des compagnies prenne à son compte les obligations des deux compagnies actuelles, mais sans préjudice des droits des créanciers ou d'autres personnes ayant des réclamations contre l'entreprise ou parties de l'entreprise de chacune des deux compagnies actuelles.

3. Le maintien des effets de chacune des deux compagnies actuelles comme classe séparée et distincte d'effets sous le titre Effets du Grand Occidental, représentant les effets de la compagnie du Grand Occidental, et Effets du Grand Tronc, représentant les effets actuels de la compagnie du Grand Tronc.

4. La division des profits nets de l'entreprise amalgamée, après avoir payé l'intérêt sur le capital emprunté, le loyer des lignes affermées, et toutes autres dépenses, entre les deux catégories d'effets

comme suit, savoir : 30 pour cent aux effets du Grand Occidental et 70 pour cent aux effets du Grand-Tronc.

5. Mais si les 30 pour cent attribués aux effets du Grand Occidental se trouvent en aucune année insuffisants pour payer cinq pour cent par année sur la partie privilégiée, et trois pour cent par année sur la partie ordinaire des actions, alors la différence sera égalisée à même les 70 pour cent attribués aux actions du Grand-Tronc, et toute somme payée pour égaliser cette différence sera remboursée à même tout surplus qui pourrait rester dans une année subséquente sur les 30 pour cent après paiement de l'intérêt aux taux plus haut mentionnés sur les actions du Grand Occidental.

6. Autant que possible un tiers des directeurs de l'entreprise amalgamée devront être porteurs d'effets du Grand Occidental, et les autres deux tiers être porteurs d'effets du Grand Tronc.

7. En faisant tout arrangement convenable découlant de l'amalgamation des deux entreprises en la manière proposée plus haut, et pour garantir les droits des porteurs de chaque catégorie d'actions, le règlement du nombre, du temps et du mode d'élection et de qualification des directeurs, les pouvoirs de voter et toutes autres choses qu'il est nécessaire de régler relativement aux affaires des deux compagnies actuelles, et les droits des porteurs de bons et actionnaires de ces compagnies, ou de l'entreprise amalgamée, ou provenant de l'amalgamation, y compris la nomination de fidéicommissaires pour recevoir et distribuer les deniers applicables aux effets du Grand Occidental.

Par ordre,

H. W. TYLER,
Président.
J. B. RENTON,
Secrétaire.

Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
Londres, E. C.
25 mai 1882.

48-5

BANQUE DE SAINT-JEAN.

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois pour cent sur le capital payé de cette banque a été déclaré pour les six mois courants, et sera payable au bureau de cette banque, à Saint-Jean, le et après lundi le trois juillet prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 19 au 30 juin prochain, ces deux jours compris.

Par ordre des directeurs,

PH. BAUDOUIN,
Caissier.

Saint-Jean, 22 mai 1882.

48-4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent, pour le semestre courant, étant au taux de cinq pour cent par année, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de Banque en cette ville, le et après lundi, le troisième jour de juillet prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 16 au 30 juin prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du bureau.

J. E. BRAIS,
Caissier.

Montréal, 25 mai 1882.

48-5

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 19th May, 1882.

DAVID WILLIAMS, of Musquodoboit, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; to be Harbour Master for the Port of Musquodoboit, in the said Province.

23rd May, 1882.

HENRY CROWE BLAIR, of Truro, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Gentleman; to be a Landing Waiter and Searcher and Clerk in Her Majesty's Customs.

Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for Canada.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at the CITY OF OTTAWA, on the 7th day of August, 1882.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

County of Ottawa.

Alonzo Wright, of the township of Hull, Gentleman.

Montreal East.

Charles Joseph Coursol, of Montreal, Advocate.

Town of Sherbrooke.

Robert Newton Hall, of the City of Sherbrooke, Queen's Counsel.

Laval.

J. Aldric Ouimet, of the City of Montreal, Queen's Counsel.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

South Riding of the County of Lanark.

John Graham Haggart, of the town of Perth, Mill Owner.

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to all whom it may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice and consent of Our Privy Council for Canada, to DISSOLVE the present Parliament of Canada, which stands prorogued to the TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next;

Now Know YE, that We do for that end publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby DISSOLVE the said Parliament of Canada accordingly: and the Senators and the Members of the House of Commons are discharged from their meeting and

attendance on the said TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING.

WHEREAS We are desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament; We do make known Our Royal Will and Pleasure to call a Parliament, and do further declare that by the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, We have, this day, given Orders for issuing Our Writs in due form, for calling a Parliament in Our said Dominion, which Writs are to bear date on the EIGHTEENTH day of MAY instant, and to be returnable on the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

KNOW YE, that We, being desirous and resolved as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, summon and call together the House of Commons in and for Oursaid Dominion,

to meet at Our City of Ottawa, in Our said Dominion, on MONDAY, the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next, then and there to have conference and treaty with the Great Men and Senate of Our said Dominion.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Our Reign, chaptered nine and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick only, and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Halifax and Pictou, in Nova Scotia, and Saint John, in New Brunswick), in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for the purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council:

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the nineteenth day of May in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating the Port of Musquodoboit, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, as a port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply, the boundary of the said Port being as follows, to wit: An imaginary line drawn from Jeddore Head to Petpiswick Head.

Now KNOW YE that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and the Acts amending the same, and Order in Council respectively, proclaim and declare that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick" and the Acts amending the same, shall henceforth apply to the Port of Musquodoboit, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, as hereinbefore defined.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom those presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of

Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secretary of State

51-3

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it was in and by an Act passed in the Forty-first year of Our Reign, chaptered Seventeen, and intituled "An Act for the better prevention of crimes of violence in certain parts of Canada," amongst other things in effect enacted, that whenever in the judgment of the Governor in Council it should be necessary for the better prevention of crimes of violence that this Act should apply to any County, City or Town, or other Municipal or Judicial District in any Province or Territory of Canada, the Governor in Council might by Proclamation to be published in the *Canada Gazette*, declare that from and after a day to be named therein the said Act should apply to such County, City, Town or other Municipal or Judicial District.

AND WHEREAS it was further provided by the said Act that the same should continue in force until the end of the then next ensuing session of Parliament.

AND WHEREAS by Acts passed in the forty-second, forty-third and forty-fourth years of Our Reign the said Act has been continued in force from Session to Session, and by an Act passed in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign chaptered Thirty-Eight and intituled "An Act further to continue in force for a limited time the better prevention of crime Act, 1878," the same has been continued in force until the end of the now next ensuing Session of Parliament.

AND WHEREAS in the judgment of Our Governor in Council it is necessary that for the better prevention of crimes of violence that the said Act should apply to the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, from and after the first day of June in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

AND WHEREAS Our Governor in Council has, by order, directed that the said Act should, by Proclamation, be declared to apply to the said City from and after the said day :

Now KNOW YE, and We do by this Our Royal Proclamation, and by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, proclaim, order and declare that from and after the First day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, the said Act passed in the forty-first year of Our Reign, chaptered seventeen, and intituled "An Act for the better prevention of crimes of violence in certain parts of Canada until the end of the next Session of Parliament" shall apply to and be in force in the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of our Most Ancient

and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this TWENTY-THIRD day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secretary of State.

The following is an abstract of the provisions of the Act mentioned in the above proclamation, viz :—

The term "Proclaimed District," when used hereinafter, means a place to which this Act may have been applied by a proclamation issued thereunder ; and the term "arm" includes any gun, rifle, revolver pistol, or other fire-arm, or air-gun, and any part of any such weapon and any bullet, gunpowder, cartridge, or ammunition, and any sword-blade, bayonet, pike, pike head, spear, spear head, dirk, dagger, bowie-knife, or other instrument intended for cutting or stabbing ; and any steel or metal knuckles, skull-cracker or slung-shot, and any other such deadly or dangerous weapon.

From and after the day named in, and during the continuance in force of the above proclamation, it shall not be lawful for any person, not being a Justice of the Peace, or an officer, soldier, sailor or volunteer, in Her Majesty's service, while on duty, or a constable or other peace officer, or a person licensed under this Act, to carry or have within the proclaimed district, elsewhere than in his own dwelling house, shop, warehouse or counting-house, any arm ; and any person carrying or having any arm contrary to this provision, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be liable, on conviction thereof, to imprisonment in any gaol or place of confinement for a term not exceeding twelve months.

It shall be lawful for any person whomsoever to seize and apprehend any person who shall be found carrying any arm within the proclaimed district contrary to the said Act, and to deliver such person, as soon as may be, into the custody of a constable or other peace officer, in order to his being forthwith conveyed before some competent judicial authority to be dealt with according to law.

It shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, constable or other peace officer, to search any person whom he may suspect to be carrying any arm within the proclaimed district, contrary to the said Act, and to seize and take from such person any arm so carried, and to keep and detain the same for the use of Her Majesty.

Any Justice of the Peace may, on the oath of a credible witness, that he believes that arms are kept in any house or place within the proclaimed district in order to their being carried within the proclaimed district, contrary to the provisions of the third section of the said Act, issue his warrant to any constable or peace officer to search for and seize the same ; and such constable or peace officer or any person in his aid may search for, and if arms are found in such house or place, may seize and detain the same.

In case admission to such house or place be not granted after demand, such constable or peace officer as aforesaid and any person in his aid may at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter the same by force in order to make such search and seizure.

Unless the person in whose house or place the same are found do, within four days next after the seizure, prove to the satisfaction of the Justice that they were not in such house or place in order to their being carried within the proclaimed district contrary to the provisions of the third section of the said Act, they shall be kept and detained for the use of Her Majesty ; otherwise they shall be restored to such person.

The Governor in Council may, from time to time, appoint one or more proper persons to grant at his or their discretion a license or licenses under the

said Act, to have and carry any arm within the proclaimed district, and such person or persons may from time to time, revoke any such license; and a copy of the order of revocation shall be delivered to or left at the last known place of abode of every person whose license is thereby revoked; and thereupon his license shall cease and determine.

Whosoever is charged with having committed any offense against the provisions of the third section of the said Act may be tried and dealt with by three Justices of the Peace, or by any functionary or tribunal invested by the proper Legislative Authority, with power to do alone such acts as are usually required to be done by two or more Justices of the Peace in pursuance of the Act passed in the session held in the thirty-second and thirty-third year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter Thirty-one, intituled "*An Act respecting the duty of Justices of the Peace out of Sessions, in relation to summary convictions and orders.*"

The production of a printed copy of the *Canada Gazette*, purporting to be printed by the Queen's Printer, containing the above proclamation, shall be conclusive evidence of the issuing and publication of such proclamation.

It shall be the duty of the Court or Justice before whom any person is convicted under section three of the said Act, to keep and detain for the use of Her Majesty, the arm for the carrying or having which the person is convicted.

Nothing in the said Act contained shall prevent any person from being liable under any other Act or otherwise to any other punishment than is provided for any offense by the said Act; so, however, that no person be punished twice for the same offence.

49-3

Circular.

DOWNING STREET, 18th April, 1882.

SIR,—With reference to my Circular Despatch of the 20th of January last, I have the honour to transmit to you, for information in the Colony under your Government, copies of revised regulations governing the examination and entry of Naval Cadets, which will come into effect for the examination taking place after June next.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient, humble Servant,

KIMBERLEY.

The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.

REGULATIONS respecting Naval Cadets, for the information of candidates, to take effect after June, 1882.

1. Appointments to Naval Cadetships will be made by limited competition, with the under-mentioned exceptions:

Four Cadetships given annually to sons of gentlemen in the Colonies, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Service Cadetships, the total number of which is not to exceed five in any one year. Service Cadets will be selected by the Board of Admiralty from (a) sons of officers of the Army, Navy, or Marines who have been killed in action, or who have been lost at sea on active service, or killed on duty, or who have died of wounds received in action or injuries received on duty within six months from the date of such action or injury, (b) sons of officers of the Navy who have performed long or distinguished service, and who hold or have held rank or relative rank on the Active List not lower than that of Commander; not more than two such Service Cadets to be nominated annually.

Applications for Service Cadetships should be addressed to the Military Secretary, Horse Guards, if the candidate is the son of an officer of the Army; to the Secretary of the Admiralty if the candidate is the son of an officer of the Navy or Marines, and to the Military Secretary, India office, if the candidate is the son of an officer of the Indian Army.

Colonial and Service Cadets will be entered on passing the test examination specified in paragraph 8, and will in all other respects be subject to these Regulations.

The examination of candidates nominated to compete, and also of Service Cadets, will be conducted by the Civil Service Commissioners. A fee of ten shillings will be required from each candidate.

2. Except in special circumstances not more than one third of the number of candidates actually presenting themselves before the Civil Service Commissioners will be entered.

3. Nomination for Naval Cadetships will take place half-yearly as soon as convenient after the report of the last examination has been received.

4. Examinations of the young gentlemen who have obtained nominations will be held in London, and will commence on the second Wednesday in June and the last Wednesday in November in each year, and the appointments will date from the 15th July and 15th January following respectively.

5. No candidate will be eligible for examination in June whose age will not be within the following limits on the 15th July following, viz., not less than twelve nor more than thirteen and a half years of age, nor in November whose age will not be within those limits on the 15th January following.

6. Every candidate must be in good health, and free from any physical defect of body, impediment of speech, defect of sight or hearing, and also from any predisposition to constitutional or hereditary disease or weakness of any kind, and in all respects well developed and active in proportion to his age. Before being examined by the Civil Service Commissioners he will be required to pass the medical examination according to the prescribed regulations, and must have been found physically fit for the Navy; rejection at such examination will finally exclude him from the Navy.

7. The candidate will be required to produce (1) a certificate of the date of his birth,* or a declaration thereof made before a magistrate; (2) a certificate of good conduct from the masters of the school or schools at which he may have been educated during the two previous years, or, if educated at home, from the tutor or the clergyman of the parish in which he resides; and (3) a certificate of good health.

8. The candidates will be tested by examination in the following subjects:—

	Marks.
(1.) Arithmetic: including proportion, vulgar and decimal fractions.....	250
(2.) Algebra: including fractions and simple equations of one unknown quantity	175
(3.) Geometry: definitions, postulates, axioms, and subjects of the first twenty-six propositions of Euclid's Elements	175
(4.) English: writing from dictation, spelling 75, handwriting 25.....	100
reading with intelligence, and parsing easy sentences.....	100
	200
(5.) French: translating, by aid of a dictionary, French into English, and English into French; reading, parsing, and speaking.....	200
(6.) Scripture history.....	100

Candidates will be further examined in any two of the following subjects they may select:

Elementary mathematics: miscellaneous questions in arithmetic, algebra, (including quadratic equations), and geometry to the end of the first book of Euclid's Elements...	300
Latin: reading, parsing, and translating, by aid of a dictionary, Latin into English, and English into Latin.....	300
Geography and English History	300

The final order of merit will be determined by the sum of the marks obtained in the test, as well as in the further examination.

* A Certificate of Baptism will not be accepted.

In arithmetic the candidate will be required to obtain five tenths, and in each of the other subjects of the test examination four tenths of the marks allotted thereto. In English the candidate must obtain four tenths of the marks allotted for each of the two sub-divisions of the subject.

9. Colonial and Service Cadets will be appointed on passing the test examination; they must, however, obtain 660 marks in the aggregate, as well as the proportion of marks in arithmetic and other subjects required from the candidates who compete.

10. A candidate who passes the test examination, but does not succeed in the competition, will be entitled to compete at the next examination, provided he is within the regulations as to limits of age at that time. No candidate will be allowed to compete more than twice. A candidate who fails to pass the test will not be entitled to another trial, but he will be allowed to compete at the next examination if he receives a fresh nomination and is still within the limits of age.

11. A candidate who, owing to illness, fails to appear at the examination for which he has obtained his nomination may receive a second nomination, provided he is still within the limits of age.

12. For all Cadets entered under these regulations, the payment will be at the rate of 70*l.* per annum for the period in the *Britannia*, to be paid half-yearly in advance to the Accountant-General of the Navy. But the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty reserve the power of selecting, from among the cadets entered at each half-yearly examination, a number, not to exceed 10, being sons of Officers of the Navy, Army, or Marines, or of Civil Officers under the Board of Admiralty, with respect to whom the annual payment will be 40*l.* only. In this selection their Lordships will have regard solely to the pecuniary circumstances of the Cadets.

13. The period of training on board the *Britannia* will be four terms; there will be two terms in each year. The first term of each year will be from February to July, the second from September to December.

The vacations will be five weeks at Christmas, two weeks at Easter, and six weeks at Midsummer.

14. There will be examinations in Seamanship and Study at the end of each term.

Cadets who pass unsatisfactory examinations, or who are reported for unsatisfactory conduct, will be "warned," and they will be liable to be discharged at the end of the following or any subsequent term, should they again be reported as failing to attain the proper number of marks at the examinations, or for unsatisfactory conduct.

If a Cadet is reported for unsatisfactory conduct during his final term he will be discharged without being allowed to present himself at the examination for passing out of the *Britannia*.

Any Cadet who shall appear to their Lordships for any reason to be unfit for the Service will be removed from the *Britannia*.

15. It is to be distinctly understood that the period of training on board the *Britannia* is a time of *probation*, and the parent or guardian of every Cadet will be required to sign a declaration (on the admission of the Cadet to the *Britannia*) to the effect that he shall be immediately withdrawn on the receipt of an official intimation of his being considered unfit for the Navy.

16. Cadets will, on passing out of the *Britannia*, rank according to the amount of sea time they obtain at their final examination, and those who obtain equal amounts of sea time will rank in the order of merit in which they pass out of the *Britannia*.

17. The parent or guardian of every Cadet will be required to provide outfit under the regulation in force.

18. Pay and pocket money will not be allowed by Government to Cadets entered in and after June 1881.

By Command of their Lordships,

ROBERT HALL.

Admiralty, 22nd March, 1882.

49-3

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

THE Supreme Court of Canada will hold a special session at the City of Ottawa on Thursday, the twenty-second day of June 1882, at 11 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of giving judgments only.

By order of the Chief Justice.

ROBT. CASSELS,
Registrar,

Dated this 10th day of June, 1882.

51-3

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 16th June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the following companies and persons have been allotted for colonization purposes the tracts of land hereinafter described opposite their respective names, that they have paid the first instalment due on the purchase of the odd-numbered sections therein, and that they have entered into the agreement required by the Governor in Council in that behalf. The public are hereby further notified that the said companies and persons severally control the settlement of the said tracts of land, subject to the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act, 1879, and the amendments thereto, and subject to and in accordance with Plan No. 1 of the Land Regulations approved by the Governor in Council on the twenty-third day of December, 1881, viz:—

The Temperance Colonization Society:—Townships numbers thirty-two, thirty three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six in Ranges numbers four, five and six; and Townships numbers thirty-seven and thirty-eight in Ranges numbers three, four and five, all west of the Third Meridian, excepting thereout the Indian Reserve known as "White Cap's Reserve," situated on the East bank of the South Saskatchewan River.

The York Farmers Colonization Co.:—Townships numbers twenty-two and twenty-three in Range number two; Townships numbers twenty-six in Ranges numbers four and five; and townships numbers twenty-seven in Ranges numbers two and three, all west of the Second Meridian.

William Henry Christian Meyer:—Township number twenty-two in Range number twenty-five, west of the Second Meridian. ; 51-3

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 7th June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the following companies and persons have been allotted for colonization purposes the tracts of land hereinafter described opposite their respective names, that they have paid the first instalment due on the purchase of the odd-numbered sections therein, and that they have entered into the agreement required by the Governor in Council in that behalf. The public are hereby further notified that the said companies and persons severally control the settlement of the said tracts of land, subject to the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act, 1879, and the amendments thereto, and subject to and in accordance with Plan No. 1 of the Land Regulations approved by the Governor in Council on the twenty-third day of December, 1881, viz:

The Dominion Lands Colonization Company:—Townships numbers twenty-one and twenty-two in Range number seven; Townships numbers twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-six in Range number twelve; Townships numbers twenty-four and twenty-five in Range number eleven, and those parts of Township number twenty-two in Range number twelve and fractional Township number twenty-two in Range number eleven north of the Canadian Pacific Railway Belt; also Township num-

ber twenty-six in Range number fourteen and fractional Townships numbers twenty-six A in Ranges numbers thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, all west of the Second Principal Meridian.

The Montreal and Western Land Company :—Townships numbers twenty and twenty-one in Range number one, and Township number twenty-two in Range number three, all west of the Second Meridian.

The Dundee Land Investment Company :—Township number twenty-one in Range number two, west of the Second Meridian.

George Gordon Dustan and William Bain Scarth :—Townships numbers fifty-three and fifty-four in Range number twenty-three; and Townships numbers fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-six and fifty-seven in Range number twenty-four, all west of the Fourth Meridian.

Patrick Purcell :—Townships numbers thirty-one and thirty-two in Ranges numbers six, seven and eight, west of the Second Meridian.

By order,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,

50-3 Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the third day of May, 1882, incorporating Louis Bredannaz, carriage maker, and Edmond Asmant, chemist, both of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada; Frederick Aiken Howland, miller, Lambton Mills, in the Province of Ontario, in the said Dominion; Allen John Stephens, manufacturer; Oliver Aiken Howland, barrister at law, and Samuel Trees, merchant, all of the City of Toronto, in said province, for the purpose of manufacturing, selling and dealing in all kinds of vehicles and acquiring and working patents relating thereto in all parts of the Dominion of Canada,—by the name of the "Toronto Patent Wheel and Waggon Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars divided into two hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

50-3 Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twentieth day of April 1882, incorporating Thomas Long, M.P.P., merchant, Charles Macdonell, miller, George Moberly, barrister-at-law, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, Clerk in Holy Orders, John Francis Mathieson, insurance agent, William Basil Hamilton, postmaster, Andrew Ginty Campbell, steamboat agent, Adam Dudgeon, Division Court Clerk, Charles Gamon, barrister-at-law, Andrew Melville, merchant, Thomas Worthington Fair, merchant, James Lindsay, merchant, Alexander McDermid, merchant tailor, Frank Foster Telfer and Herbert Young Telfer, confectioners, Hall Telfer, baker, Edward Richmond Carpenter, druggist, John Guinness Laird, Clerk in Holy Orders, Edward Feallows, Clerk in Holy Orders, Annie McGillivray, spinster, Bella McGillivray, spinster, Bernard Cullary, merchant, George Warburton Hodgetts, bank manager, Henry Wentworth Bell Smith, accountant, Samuel Ditson, merchant, William Ward Willis, Baptist Minister, Alexander Buist, Gentleman, Charles Cameron, steamboat owner, and John Joseph Long, merchant, all of the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; John Hogg, of the Town of Portage La Prairie, in the Province of Manitoba, in the said Dominion, conveyancer; the Honorable David Reesor, of the Town of Yorkville, in the County of York, in the said Province of Ontario, Senator; William Bouchier, yeoman, Donald A.

Currie, yeoman, Thomas Robinson, insurance agent, James Leach, yeoman, and David Emery Buist, yeoman, all of the Township of Nottawasaga, in the said County of Simcoe; George Bullas Bristow, Arthur Holroyd and John Buckingham, yeomen, all of the Township of Osprey, in the County of Grey, in the said Province of Ontario; Henry Horace Thompson, of the Village of Penetanguishene, in said County of Simcoe, merchant; Alexander McCarthy, of the town of Barrie, in said County of Simcoe, post office conductor; Robert James Sproul, merchant, and John Wesley Armstrong, Division Court Clerk, both of the Village of Flesherton, in said County of Grey; Walter Hunter, merchant, Robert Herbert Hunt, doctor of medicine, Thomas Wesley Tyson, Walter Lount Tyson, and John Henry Tyson, millers, Emma Louisa Hartman, all of the Village of Clarksburg, in said County of Grey; Charles Hunt, Gentleman, William H. Smith, grain buyer, all of the Village of Thornbury, in said County of Grey; James Hill Hunter, merchant, of the Town of Durham, in said County of Grey; George William Monk, M. P. P., of the township of March, in the County of Carleton, in said Province of Ontario; Robert Henry, lumber merchant, Patrick Hughes, merchant, both of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in said Province of Ontario; Frederick John French, Gentleman, of the Town of Prescott, in the County of Grenville, in said Province of Ontario; Michael Gartlan and Charles O'Brien, merchants, both of the Village of Stayner, in said County of Simcoe; Gideon Striker, M.P.P., of the Town of Picton, in the County of Prince Edward, in said Province of Ontario; Timothy Rodgers, yeoman, of the Village of Bradford, in the County of Simcoe; William Broder, merchant, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, in said Province of Ontario; Wilfred Charles Schrieber, wood agent, of the Village of Allandale, and Charles Cotton Bridges, yeoman, of the Township of Oro, both in said County of Simcoe,—for the purpose of acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of land or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof, the erection of buildings, including mills and machinery, and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to the conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed on, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and for the promotion of immigration,—by the name of "The Farmers North West Land and Colonization Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars divided into two thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 7th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

50-3 Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-third day of May, 1882, incorporating George Young Smith, of the town of Whitby, in the County and Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, barrister-at-law; Henry Betts Taylor, of the said town of Whitby, bank agent; the Reverend J. Herbert Starr, of the said town of Whitby, Methodist minister; John Rice, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Wellington Adams, of the said town of Whitby, dentist; D. Evans Starr, of the town of Brampton, in the County of Peel and the Province aforesaid, accountant; Jeremiah Long, of the said town of Whitby, grain merchant; George H. Starr, of

the town of Brandon, in the Province of Manitoba, merchant; Joshua Richardson, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Thomas J. Holliday, of the village of Brooklin, in the said Province of Ontario, merchant; Frank Warren, of the said town of Brooklin, doctor of medicine; the Reverend James A. Carmichael, of the village of Columbus, in the said Province of Ontario, Presbyterian minister; James Rowe Philip, of the said town of Whitby, merchant, for the purpose of acquiring of land or any interest therein in Manitoba or the North West Territories or elsewhere from the Government of the Dominion of Canada or from any company or individuals; colonizing, settling, cultivating or building upon the said lands, the selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and otherwise disposing or dealing with the same, the borrowing, loaning and advancing of money upon the same to assist the settler and securing such advances by way of mortgage or otherwise on said lands as may be agreed upon, the breeding, raising, selling or purchasing of horses, cattle and sheep and the carrying on of all farming operations,—by the name of the "Ontario and North Western Land Company," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 9th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

50-3

Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the twenty-third day of May 1882, incorporating John Stewart, of the township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, Esquire; John Herron, of the city of Ottawa, in the said Province, merchant; Hugh MacLennan, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, forwarder; Archibald Stewart, of the said township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; McLeod Stewart, of the said township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; Francis Henry Chrysler, of the said township of Nepean, barrister-at-law, and Joseph James Gormully, of the said city of Ottawa, barrister-at-law, for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise acquiring, settling, improving and cultivating lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories of the Dominion of Canada, developing the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same; the stocking of the same lands and the breeding and dealing in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and the carrying on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising; the aiding encouraging and promoting of immigration into the property of the company, and the colonizing of the same; and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the Company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agent for any government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada; the purchasing, acquiring, manufacturing and selling all kinds of timber, lumber, goods and chattels and effects (except wine, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors); the building, acquiring, navigating and using steam and other vessels and craft, and the providing and using of all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandize, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport, the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or

convenient for the purposes of their operations; the constructing, maintaining and altering of any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the company; selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, charging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company and taking and accepting mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company may see fit, from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, the selling, assigning, or otherwise disposing of all or any of such securities, engaging in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership or otherwise in conjunction with any other person or company, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them—by the name of "The Stewart Ranch Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State this 9th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secretary of State.

50-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of May, 1882, incorporating George Frederick Austin, of the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, civil engineer; Thomas Ferris Nellis, of the same place, barrister at law; William Ryan Thistle, of the same place, lumber merchant; Alexander Walker Ogilvie, of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, Esquire; Joseph Merrill Currier, of Ottawa aforesaid, Esquire; McLeod Stewart, of the same place, Esquire; William George Perley, of the same place, lumber merchant; John Alexander Gemmill, of the same place, barrister at law, and William Anderson Allan, of the same place, merchant, for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise acquiring and working mines, minerals and mining rights, lands, hereditaments and chattels in the Dominion of Canada, and crushing, smelting and reducing and amalgamating the ore and rendering marketable the produce, and developing the resources of the same mines, and crushing, smelting, reducing and amalgamating the produce of any mines whether belonging to the said company or not. Also to construct or aid in and subscribe towards the construction, maintenance and improvement of roads, tramways; docks, piers, wharves, viaducts, aqueducts, flumes, ditches, quartz mills, mills, orehouses and other buildings and works which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the said proposed company. Also to construct, charter and employ vessels for the purposes aforesaid and for the purpose of transporting the produce of the mines and works to any place or places within the Dominion of Canada, or elsewhere,—by the name of "The Austin Mining Company," with a total capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into fifty shares of five dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State, this 29th day of May, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,

Secretary of State.

49-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877" letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the twenty-third day of May 1882, incorporating James Craig, of the township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, farmer, John Hodgins, of the City of Ottawa, in the said county of Carleton, barrister at law, Cé-

lestin Gagné, of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, Abraham Pratt, of the said city of Ottawa, Assessment Commissioner, Joseph Eugène Dupuis of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, Charles Adolphus Christin, of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, Edmund Wood Clark, of the township of Nepean, in the said county of Carleton, farmer, George Craig, of the said township of North Gower, John McKinstry of the said City of Ottawa, real estate agent, Richard Nesbitt Bishop, of the said city of Ottawa, kotel heeper, Harmonic Gerald Bate, of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, and Richard Craig, of Kemptville, in the county of Grenville in the said Province by Ontario, merchant, for the purpose of importing into, and the breeding and raising, of cattle horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within Canada, the trading and dealing in them or any of them or their products, the shipping of the same to foreign countries, the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, the selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company, and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, by the name of "The Anglo-Canadian Ranch Company, Limited," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into two hundred shares of five hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 9th day of June 1882.

50-3 J. A. MOUSSEAU, Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the 12th day of May, 1882, incorporating William Robert Bell, of the town of Brockville, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, farmer; John Northwood, of the town of Chatham, in the county of Kent, in said Province, farmer; Herman Joseph Eberts, of the said town of Chatham, Gentleman; Robert Crawford, of the said town of Brockville, Gentleman; William Northwood, of the said town of Chatham, maltster; Thomas Caldwell Elwood, of the city of Toronto, electrician; Edmund Burritt, of Easton's Corners in the township of Woford, in said Province, farmer; William Ryan Thistle, of the city of Ottawa, in the said Province, lumber merchant; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, miller, of Milford, in the county of Brandon, and Charles Frederick Houghton, of the city of Winnipeg, Gentleman, both of the Province of Manitoba, in the said Dominion, for the purpose of acquiring, settling and conveying lands in the Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories of Canada, of improving, cultivating building upon and otherwise improving the same, of buying and selling grain and other products of the soil, of carrying on farming in all its branches. Of breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses and other stock, of buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing in lands and all manner of interest in lands, of advancing money to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and securing repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed on and of carrying on trade as general manufacturers, merchants, millers and forwarders and for establishing agencies in Canada or elsewhere for the purposes aforesaid, and for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such

other powers as may be necessary and incident thereto; but nothing herein contained shall authorize the company to act as a loan company within the meaning of the Act, by the name of "The Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of six hundred thousand dollars divided into six thousand shares of one hundred dollars.
Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this second day of June, 1882.
J. A. MOUSSEAU, Secretary of State.

49-3 STATEMENT
Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st May, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,772,613 10
Excise.....	538,605 86
Post Office.....	113,689 24
Public Works, including Railways.	286,283 03
Miscellaneous	144,581 49
	\$ 2,855,772 72
Less Receipts from Dominion Lands transferred to Capital.....	473,556 65
	\$ 2,382,216 07
Revenue to 30th April, 1882....	27,171,980 05
	\$29,554,196 12
Expenditure.....	\$2,783,685 38
do 30th April, 1882	19,770,127 68
	\$22,553,813 06

J. M. COURTNEY, Deputy Minister of Finance.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st June, 1882.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of April, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	266,178 93	.....
Malt Liquor	50 00	.....
Malt	37,283 02	.....
Tobacco	154,278 68	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	966 75	.....
Manufactures in Bond.....	3,117 23	.....
Seizures	1,809 80	.....
Other Receipts	515 00	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....		461,199 41
Canals.....		4,832 97
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c.		1,887 00
Minor Public Works.....		287 38
Culling Timber.....		821 31
Inspection of Weights and Measures		2,881 87
Inspection of Gas.....		255 00
Bill Stamps.....		131 69
Total		475,326 63

E. MIALl, Assist. Commissioner.
Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 26th May, 1882. 48-11

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100.....	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60	168,227 35	171,362 10	
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25	5,620,094 75	5,572,238 75	
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	56,381 92	30,812 06	26,227 06	
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00	664,525 00	676,625 00	
\$500 & \$1000.....	8,167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00	7,907,500 00	8,272,000 00	
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77	14,391,159 16	14,718,452 91	

Fractional Notes.....	171,362 10
Provincial ".....	62,519 56
Montreal issue.....	7,116,449 50
Toronto ".....	4,881,863 00
Halifax ".....	1,754,200 00
St. John ".....	710,388 25
Victoria ".....	21,670 50
Total.....	\$14,718,452 91

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st May..... 2,552,563 79

Guaranteed Sterling Debentures 2,920,000 00

5,472,568 79

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—

10 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91 1,471,845 29

Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—

15 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91 2,207,767 93 \$3,679,613 22

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 1,792,955 57

Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13. 12,000,000 00

75 p.c. on \$14,718,452 91..... 11,033,839 00

Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 961,161 00

SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures..... 1,792,955 57

Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures..... 961,161 00

Total Excess..... 2,754,116 57

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 9th June, 1882.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31st MAY, 1882.

CAPITAL.			LIABILITIES.								
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
	\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 600,000 00	\$ cts. 302,188 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,789,918 79	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 88,361 23	\$ cts. 6,360,468 43
City and District Savings Bank.....											
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00	250,000 00						2,915,434 00	83,000 00	15,960 00	3,014,394 00

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ASSETS.										
	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock.	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
	\$ cts. 2,500 00	\$ cts. 1,384,505 16	\$ cts. 1,100 00	\$ cts. 2,474,283 52	\$ cts. 1,818,103 34	\$ cts. 860,391 65	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. *426,535 34	\$ cts. 7,147,419 01
City and District Savings Bank.....	95,029 94	705,490 48	.....	1,008,437 15	126,506 88	946,075 49	83,000 00	237,220 00	114,941 72	3,316,701 66
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....										

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

• Including landed property of Bank \$343,395 10.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th June, 1882.

SUMMARY STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada and the Duty Collected thereon, (exclusive of British Columbia,) during the month ending 28th February, 1882.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Agricultural Implements	"	1,812 00	463 21
Ale, Beer and Porter..	Gals.	7,207 00	1,830 65
Animals.....	\$	4,375 00	1,102 76
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	3,269 00	653 88
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	68,566 00	11,606 55
Breadstuffs, viz :—		22,384 00	5,684 25
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush.	138,987	96,482 00
Flour and Meal.....	Brls.	18,564	10,674 01
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	94,663 00	8,635 26
Candles.....	Lbs.	10,769 00	3,988 45
Chicory.....	"	1,302 00	327 85
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons.	2,791	119 64
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs.	178,395	43,855 05
" U. States.....	"	21,407	439 52
Copper and manufactures of.....	"	36,115	774 22
Cordage of all kinds.....	\$	5,184 00	1,373 79
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	10,527 00	683 45
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	5,224 00	359,712 71
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	1,598,978 00	10,057 43
Fancy Goods.....	"	47,908 00	5,772 15
Fish.....	"	20,138 00	70,911 61
Fruit, Dried.....	"	330,081 00	887 19
" green, &c.....	"	4,446 00	10,189 93
Furs.....	"	42,078 00	4,807 54
Glass and Glassware.....	"	23,409 00	4,171 60
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	26,884 00	16,896 20
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	73,851 00	805 95
Hops.....	Lbs.	2,332 00	61,854 70
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	"	247,417 00	2,344 18
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	\$	11,156 00	186,978 87
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	857,370 00	20,267 10
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	86,670 00	772 35
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	4,297 00	31,493 96
Malt.....	Lbs.	137,455 00	1,295 99
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	"	6,437 00	
Musical Instruments.....	\$	45,612 00	9,587 22
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals.	32,655 00	9,344 73
" all other, N.E.S.....	"	21,531 00	11,937 36
Paints and Colors.....	"	24,009 00	4,891 27
Paper and manufactures of.....	\$	20,324 00	3,026 60
Perfumery, &c.....	"	71,638 00	18,508 73
Provisions, viz :		1,324 00	397 20
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs.	1,229,639	102,977 00
Butter.....	"	2,022	13,436 99
Cheese.....	"	2,066	514 00
Lard.....	"	194,625	223 00
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	22,813 00	61 98
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs.	2,911 00	3,892 48
Seeds.....	\$	2,911 00	521 34
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	22,845 00	25 61
Soap of all kinds.....	Lbs.	505,648 00	3,458 50
Spices, ground and unground.....	\$	2,268 00	148,408 20
Starch.....	Lbs.	11,357 00	702 95
Spirits of all kinds	Gals.	1,289 00	2,381 20
Wines, other than Sparkling	"	21,985	439 70
" Sparkling.....	Doz.	50,568	69,955 27
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs.	20,788	12,904 63
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	"	1,169	5,365 80
" below No. 9, D.S.....	"	195,075	4,928 60
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	"	1,277,385	23,376 75
" Melado, &c., &c.....	"	3,647,348	58,379 16
" Glucose and Syrups.....	"	154,993	2,609 84
" Molasses for refining.....	Gals.	14,536	98 01
" Molasses not for refining.....	"	43,202	920 03
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs.	52,475	3,600.90
" United States	"	101,365	4,590 60
Tobacco and Cigars.....	"	51,675	2,420 96
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	563,197	11,820 71
Woollen manufactures	"	32,108	27,003 03
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs.	69,882 00	17,204 01
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	1,143,095 00	287,193 23
Total Dutiable Goods.....		747,182 00	169,291 18
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		\$7,483,537 00	\$1,814,192 80
Free Goods, all other.....		13,110 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		1,555,159 00	
		\$ 9,051,896 00	\$1,814,192 80

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 7th June, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, (exclusive of British Columbia,) for April, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	71,776 00	6,563 00	81,339 00
do Fisheries.....	336,632 00	312 00	336,971 00
do Forest.....	962,334 00	86,313 00	1,048,697 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,003,698 00	21,317 00	1,025,015 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,152,489 00	17,053 00	2,169,512 00
Manufactures.....	197,500 00	43,696 00	241,196 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	67,204 00	8,686 00	75,890 00
Totals.....	4,794,683 00	183,970 00	4,978,653 00
Coin and Bullion.....		306,495 00	306,495 00
Grand Total.....	4,794,683 00	490,465 00	5,285,148 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 2nd June, 1882

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th April, 1882, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st March, 1882.	Deposits for April, 1882.	Total.	Withdrawn, April, 1882.	Balance, 30th April, - 1882.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	548,895 83	44,614 97	593,510 80	38,790 43	554,720 37
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	47,628 00	103,750 08	543,378 08	75,421 90	467,956 18
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,328,444 62	67,449 00	1,395,893 62	62,019 10	1,333,874 52
Nanaimo.....	139,161 33	4,831 00	143,992 33	4,062 84	139,929 49
New Westminster.....	187,479 07	10,824 00	198,253 07	6,821 57	191,431 50
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	141,897 29	6,054 00	147,951 29	3,589 63	144,361 66
Antigonish.....	43,328 48	984 00	44,312 48	12,967 02	31,345 46
Annapolis.....	129,019 27	6,047 77	135,067 04	7,303 87	127,763 17
Arichat.....	124,248 66	1,234 00	125,482 66	1,373 00	124,109 66
Acadia Mines.....	30,025 25	753 00	30,778 25	1,000 32	29,777 93
Baddeck.....	42,902 83	1,441 00	44,343 83	1,775 13	42,568 70
Bridgewater.....	23,051 88	1,035 00	29,086 88	597 00	28,489 88
Barrington.....	36,170 52	1,154 00	37,324 52	632 33	36,692 19
Digby.....	64,232 71	4,337 00	68,569 71	5,294 88	63,274 83
Guysboro'.....	48,119 19	1,679 00	49,798 19	1,602 00	48,196 19
Halifax.....	2,388,813 73	62,741 63	2,451,555 36	111,710 78	2,339,844 58
Kentville.....	113,971 45	15,804 00	129,775 45	14,850 08	114,925 37
Liverpool.....	113,896 49	2,471 00	116,367 49	2,201 42	114,166 07
Lingan.....	12,391 84	512 00	12,903 84	130 00	12,773 84
Lunenburg.....	95,132 04	3,225 00	98,357 04	1,697 13	96,659 91
Maitland.....	46,755 98	1,172 00	47,927 98	1,283 00	46,644 98
New Glasgow.....	102,525 69	3,231 00	105,756 69	2,233 00	103,523 69
Parrsboro'.....	40,269 94	781 00	41,050 94	1,535 76	39,515 18
Port Hood.....	48,190 06	2,955 00	51,145 06	802 13	50,342 93
Pictou.....	41,532 49	1,429 00	42,961 49	545 50	42,415 99
Shelburne.....	35,288 65	6,983 00	42,271 65	1,316 00	40,955 65
Sydney.....	167,682 03	3,154 00	170,836 03	1,455 98	169,380 05
Sherbrooke.....	32,304 30	411 00	32,715 30	345 00	32,370 30
Truro.....	199,672 35	14,707 00	214,379 35	12,995 45	201,383 90
Wallace.....	8,991 50	1,600 00	10,591 50	331 00	10,260 50
Windsor.....	365,371 75	16,005 00	381,376 75	5,265 28	376,111 47
Weymouth.....	51,807 81	1,913 00	53,720 81	274 80	53,446 01
Yarmouth.....	323,686 80	11,311 00	334,997 80	11,941 17	323,056 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	65,440 24	2,632 00	68,072 24	2,080 42	65,991 82
Chatham.....	186,778 13	5,322 00	192,100 13	5,451 57	186,648 56
Dalhousie.....	155,447 33	1,446 00	156,893 33	3,326 01	153,567 32
Dorchester.....	23,812 55	2,184 84	25,997 39	.....	25,997 39
Fredericton.....	291,042 73	16,975 00	308,017 73	9,369 96	298,647 77
Hillboro'.....	21,220 93	284 00	21,504 93	323 00	21,181 93
Moncton.....	126,622 53	9,358 00	135,980 53	7,790 78	128,189 75
Newcastle.....	122,492 82	5,144 00	127,636 82	1,865 23	125,771 59
Richibucto.....	66,523 13	718 00	67,241 13	900 00	66,341 13
St. Andrews.....	204,606 13	3,128 00	207,734 13	2,518 39	205,215 74
St. John.....	1,638,347 13	3,453 00	1,671,800 13	38,514 57	1,633,285 56
Sussex.....	26,479 59	1,722 00	28,201 59	400 00	27,801 59
Woodstock.....	216,891 65	12,975 00	229,866 65	6,474 86	223,391 79
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	806,415 89	66,063 00	872,478 89	41,401 68	831,077 21
Total.....	11,469,960 61	569,958 29	12,039,918 90	514,640 97	11,525,277 93

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 31st May, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

LIST OF INSURANCE COMPANIES, LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN CANADA UNDER THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.		Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.		Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....		Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).	Accident.	
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....		Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.	
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....		Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.	
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....		Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.	
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....		Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.	
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.	
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....		J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.	
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....		Charles Cameron, Managing Director, Hamilton.....	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.	
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton		A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000).....	Life.	
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....		W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Building & and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.	
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine,	
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Guarantee.	
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Fire.	
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....		J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock.	Fire and Life.	
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....		Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).	Life.	
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....		J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333).....	Life.	
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association.....		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.	\$50,000 cash	Life.	
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....		R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.	
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....		Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.	
The Guarantee Company of North America.....		Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210).....	Guarantee.	
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.		Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock	Fire.	
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....		Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.	
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....		W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.	
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto..	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Life.	
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....		Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Fire and Life	
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....		G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200).....	Fire and Life	
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....		C. O. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p. c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.	
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....		A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock	Guarantee and Accident	
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool...		F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	£21,000 stg., Canada Stock	Fire.	
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....		William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.	
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.		D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Life.	
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....		Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.	
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....		A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Life.	
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....		J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.	
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....		Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto..	\$50,000 cash.....		
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....		Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life,	

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's.....	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000, U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen A's Mont... ..	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto....	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal..	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915).....	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$150,515 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.	\$150,000 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 6 per cent debentures.	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company		\$50,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST MAY, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Algoma Mills .....	.....	Algoma	O. James Townley.
Avonry	Sombra	Bothwell	O. Peter Knight.
Bardolph	Adolphustown	Lennox	O. H. B. Seeley.
Barrie Island	Barrie	Algoma	O. Peter Archdekin.
Becher (re-opened)	Sombra	Bothwell	O. Henry Roebuck.
Carholme	Walsingham	Norfolk, S.R.	O. James Smith.
Chance Harbour .....	.....	Pictou	N.S. Daniel Cameron.
Clappison	Flamborough East	Wentworth, N.R.	O. H. Clappison.
Courtice	Darlington	Durham, W.R.	O. C. W. Lent.
Dennistown .....	.....	Inverness	N.S. John Gillies.
Dog Creek (re-opened) .....	.....	Cariboo Lilloet	B.C. W. H. Wright.
Dracon	Garafraxa	Wellington, C.R.	O. John Young.
Kings Wharf	Emily	Victoria, S.R.	O. James C. Leary.
Lac à la Tortue	Notre Dame de Mont Carmel	Champlain	Q. Joseph Brunelle.
Lakeport	Haldimand	Northumberland, E.R.	O. H. J. Matthews.
Lourdes	Somerset	Mégantic	Q. George Nadeau.
Lidcote	Chatham	Kent	O. D. D. Purdy.
Newcombe .....	.....	Lunenburg	N.S. James Newcombe.
Riverdale Junction	Caledon	Cardwell	O. James Graham.
St. Cyprien	Hocquart	Témiscouata	Q. Grégoire Dallaire.
Shippigan Island .....	.....	Gloucester	N.B. Jacques Godin.
Ullswater (re-opened)	Watt	Muskoka	O. George Bunn.
Wilbur .....	.....	Westmoreland	N.B. Nathan E. Wilbur.
Wilsonville	Townsend	Norfolk, N.R.	O. Peter L. Hays.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Basswood Co. Welland, O. || Newport Point | Co. Gaspé, Q. |

NAMES CHANGED.

Close Mills, Co. Lennox, O. to Chambers.

Kerry, Co. Prescott, O. to St. Alfred de Prescott.

SUB OFFICE MADE A REGULAR POST OFFICE.

St. Féréol Co. Montmorency, Q. |

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of April, 1882. Cr

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 31st March, 1882	\$8,561,753 65	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$396,104 03
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	558,329 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	4,465 50	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,664,854 80
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	63,594 32
	9,124,553 15		8,728,449 12
			9,124,553 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 22nd May, 1882

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

- 1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada,"
- 2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required
- 3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or

piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained: and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the Rainy River Improvement Company.

Wm. BANNERMAN.
Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the British Canadian Cable and Telegraph Company for the purpose of laying a cable from a point in Scotland to Greenland, thence by the Hudson Bay to Winnipeg; with the right to extend telegraph lines along any railroad or post road in Manitoba or the North West Territories of Canada.

Wm. BANNERMAN.
Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.
Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882.

39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for the issue of letters patent to the applicants hereinafter named constituting them and other persons who may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created a body corporate and politic as hereinafter mentioned.

The name of the said company is to be "The Watson Manufacturing Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to carry on in any or all the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in agricultural machines, implements, tools, fixtures and everything pertaining thereto, and the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in every other description of machinery, implements, tools and fixtures, and acquiring, holding, disposing of and working all patents and improvements thereon relating thereto which may be in force in the Dominion of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the Village of Ayr, in the County of Waterloo, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).

5. The said capital stock is to be divided into two thousand five hundred (2,500) shares of one hundred dollars (\$100) each.

6. The applicants are John Watson, (manufacturer), John George Watson, (engineer), William Dolman Watson, (accountant), Alfred Edward Watson, (accountant), and William Watson (accountant), all of the Village of Ayr, in the County of Waterloo, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, and who are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

BALL & BALL,
Galt, Ont.,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated and first published the 17th of June 1882.
51-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act" by "The North West Trading Company, limited," incorporated by letters patent dated the 22nd day of July A.D. 1873, for Supplementary Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada extending the powers of the said company for the following purposes:—

1. To acquire lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territory from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals. To survey, colonize, settle, cultivate and build upon said lands. To sell, rent, mortgage or otherwise dispose of said lands. To advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, securing such advances with interest by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land, on such terms and in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon. To breed, buy and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on all farming operations.

2. To increase the capital stock of the said company to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent for company.

Ottawa, 16th June, 1882.

51-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario East Trade Colonization Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain a transfer thereof or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be

necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(c) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:

Robert Davies, of the city of Toronto, brewer; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, of the town of Woodstock, merchant; Joshua Smith Hamilton, of the city of Brantford, merchant; William Gillzean Reid, of the city of Hamilton, merchant; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; George Thomas Robinson, of the city of Toronto, merchant; Archibald George Hodge, of the city of Toronto, hotel-keeper;

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto, the 8th day of June
A.D., 1882. 51-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants, and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle Farm Syndicate," (Limited.) The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or

of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Winnipeg, with branches at Toronto and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in fifty thousand shares of ten dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of the applicants are as follows:—Jay C. Richardson, of the city of Cincinnati, United States of America, Esquire; James Whealy, of the city of Winnipeg, in the county of Selkirk, yeoman; Alonzo King, of the town of Woodstock, in the county of Oxford, book-keeper; Robert B. Watson, of the city of Winnipeg, contractor; Rankin Dawson, M.D., of the city of Winnipeg; Edward Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; Josiah Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; Theodore S. Covernton, M.D., of the city of Winnipeg; Louisa Black, of the city of Winnipeg, milliner; Elizabeth Smith, of the city of Winnipeg, widow; Lou A. Stackhouse, of the city of Winnipeg, spinster; Thomas S. M. Cool, of the city of Winnipeg, lumber merchant; George Fraser, of the city of Winnipeg, Esquire; David Ede, of the city of Winnipeg, marble manufacturer; Rufus Atkinson, of the city of Winnipeg, Esquire; Peter Mabee, of the town of Simcoe, in the county of Norfolk, auctioneer; Joseph A. Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; George J. Stoddart, of the city of Winnipeg, clerk; Thomas Prest, of the city of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Esquire, and William Cowan, jr., of the same place, Esquire; Oliver Austin, of the town of Simcoe, Esquire.

The first fifteen of said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

J. B. McARTHUR,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Winnipeg, 23rd May, 1882. 49-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," incorporating the applicants hereinafter named and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is the "Dominion of Canada Kennel Club (Limited.)"

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:

To import, buy, breed, sell, train and exchange such breeds of dogs, as may from time to time appear advisable to the Club, in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

To hold public exhibitions of dogs, such as bench shows and field trials in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

To compile, publish and sell, or procure to be compiled, published and sold a national stud book, in which dogs of every breed, whelped or owned in the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere, can be registered.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Ottawa in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is four thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be four hundred and the amount of each share ten dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: The Honorable Edgar Dewdney, Lieutenant Governor of the North West Territories of Canada, of Battleford, in the North West Territories; The Honorable Adolphe P. Caron, Minister of Militia and Defence of Canada, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario; Zebulon Aiton Lash, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario aforesaid, Queen's Counsel; Lindsay Russell, of Ottawa, Esquire, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior of Canada; Christopher Robinson, of the said City of Toronto, Queen's Counsel; Lieutenant-Colonel W. Osborne Smith, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba; Duncan C. Plumb, of the town of Niagara, in the County of Lincoln, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Alonzo Wright, of Ironsides, in the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, in the Province of Quebec; H. Bailey Harrison, of Tilsonburg, in the County of Oxford, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Edmund F. Stephenson, of the said City of Winnipeg, Esquire; Frederick Percy Austin, of the said City of Ottawa, Esquire; Frederick H. D. Veith, of the City of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Anderson Allan, of the said City of Ottawa, Esquire; John Gilmour of Ottawa, aforesaid, Esquire; Arthur Owens F. Coleman, of Ottawa aforesaid, Veterinary Surgeon; Charles V. M. Temple, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; James S. Niven, of the City of London, in the said Province of Ontario, Physician; and John Domville, of the Town of Rothesay, in the Province of New Brunswick, Esquire. Of whom the said Lindsay Russell, Arthur Owens F. Coleman, Frederick Percy Austin, John Gilmour, and William Anderson Allan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 2nd June, 1882.

49-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," by the Honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, Senator; Robert Doull, M.P., of Pictou, Nova Scotia; John Alexander Mackenzie, of Sarnia, Ontario, barrister; Frank Egerton Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, miller; Hugh MacMahon, Q.C., of London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, of Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., immigration agent; William Pugsley, Jr., of the City of St. John, New Brunswick, barrister; Leigh Richmond Harrison, of the said City of St. John, barrister, and Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, also of the said City of St. John, barrister, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To acquire lands and other property in the province of Manitoba, and the North-West Territory; to colonize, settle, improve and sell the said land and develop the resources thereof of every nature; to survey, divide up and build upon the same; to develop and work fisheries along the shores of Long Lake; to erect and establish stores on said property and to purchase and vend goods of every description; to buy, sell, grant, convey, lease, rent, mortgage and generally deal with lands and all manner of interests in lands; to advance money and assistance to settlers on land or goods purchased from the company and to secure the repayment of such advances, with such interest as may be agreed upon; to make, provide, give aid to and use roads, railways, tramways, telegraph lines vessels, steamers, wharves and all other

works and means of transport necessary upon the lands and waters of the company, or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company.

3. The principal place of business of said company will be in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of said company will be four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The several persons hereinbefore described will be the first provisional directors of said company.

MACKENZIE, GURD & KITTERMSTER,
Solicitors for applicants, Sarnia, Ont.

Dated 15th April, 1882.

49-6

THE NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY OF CANADA (LIMITED).

NOTICE is hereby given that by a resolution passed at a meeting of the shareholders of the above company held on the 17th day of May, 1882, the directors of the above company were authorized to apply for letters patent to be incorporated under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," and notice is hereby given that after the expiration of one month after the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* an application will be made on behalf of the above company to His Excellency the Governor in Council for letters patent to incorporate the said company under the said Act.

By order,

ANDREW RUTHERFORD,
Manager.

Dated at Toronto, this 18th day of May, 1882. 47-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Prince Albert Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling, granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration unto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or

export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the province of Ontario, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$400,000, divided into 4,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants, viz:—William Sharples, merchant, Thomas McGrevey, contractor, both of the city of Quebec, in the province of Quebec; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, barrister at law, Philip Robblin Palmer, insurance agent, and James Coleman Jamieson, publisher, all of the city of Belleville, in the province of Ontario; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, in said province of Ontario; Hugh Sutherland, lumber merchant, and James Albert Manning Aikens, barrister at law, the last two of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba; David Gilmour, lumber merchant, and William Jeffs, grain merchant, the last two of the town of Trenton, in said province of Ontario; and Duncan Charles Plumb, of the town of Niagara, in said province of Ontario, gentleman.

The first or provisional directors are the aforesaid William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGrevey, Philip Robblin Palmer and Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, all of whom are British subjects.

FORBES & HILTON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Trenton, 15th May, 1882.

47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic, under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Standard Homestead Company of Canada."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are:—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon, granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—James Moffat, of the City of London, a lieutenant colonel of Militia; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, of the City of Toronto, one of Her Majesty's Counsel; Andrew S. Irving, of the City of Toronto, manager Toronto News Co.; W. Barclay McMurrich, mayor of City of Toronto, barrister at law; Alexander Gemmel, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Sanderson Percy, of the City of Toronto, wholesale paint and oil merchant; Bernard Saunders, of the City of Toronto, merchant tailor; Andrew J. Somerville, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Richard J. Hovenden, of the City of Toronto, fresco painter; William Robins, of the City of Toronto, accountant; Samuel Davison, of the City of Toronto, commission merchant; William Roaf, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law; Peter B. Ball, of the City of Toronto, agent; Edward R. C. Clarkson, of the City of Toronto, accountant and official assignee; Christopher W. Bunting, of the City of Toronto, managing director Mail Printing Company; George Birrell, of the City of London, merchant; Robert Lewis, of the City of London, Esquire; Charles F. Goodhue, of the City of London, Esquire; Isaac Waterman, of the City of London, manufacturer; Robert McIntosh, of Rapid City, Manitoba, doctor of medicine; Daniel Spry, of the Town of Barrie, P.O. inspector, and Henry Bickford, of the Town of Dundas, manufacturer. The said James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrich, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden and William Robbins are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 18th May, A.D., 1882.

47-1f

NOTICE.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal to grant a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company by the name of "The German Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property or any interest therein from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or from any body corporate or any person or persons, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money to assist immigrants.

(e) To aid by way of bonuses in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising on any lands acquired or to be acquired by said company.

(i) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j) To erect, build and construct saw mills, grist mills, woollen mills and manufactories of every description on the lands of the company.

(k) And for such powers to have all necessary powers of borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto, but nothing herein contained shall constitute the company a loan company.

The town of Walkerton or the city of Toronto to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$100,000. There are to be 1,000 shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: the following residing in the town of Berlin, in the Province of Ontario, Hugo Kranz, merchant, and Frederick Snyder, tinsmith; James Dunlop Gemmill, of the city of Montreal, Esquire; Alexander Shaw, of the town of Walkerton, Q. C.; Robert Porteous, of the village of Paisley, banker; George Randall, of the town of Waterloo, Gentleman, and John Charles Brennan, of the city of Ottawa, merchant; and the said Hugo Kranz, Frederick Snyder, James Dunlop Gemmill, Alexander Shaw, Robert Porteous, George Randall, John Charles Brennan are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

SHAW & ROBERTSON, of Walkerton,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Walkerton, 16th May, 1882. 47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of "The Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of Canada, by Hugh Sutherland, of the City of Winnipeg, lumber dealer; Henry N. Ruttan, of the same place, contractor; Amos Rowe, of the same place, publisher; Peter Johnson Brown, of the same place, contractor, and Duncan Macmillan, of the City of London, Ontario, barrister, to incorporate them and others who may become shareholders as a body politic and corporate under the name of "The Saskatchewan Transportation Company, Limited."

The object for which incorporation is sought is to construct, acquire, charter, navigate and maintain steamboats, barges, sailing vessels or other vessels for the purpose of carrying and conveying passengers, goods, mails and freight of all description upon and over Lake Winnipeg, Manitoba, Lake of the Woods and Winnipegosis and the several rivers and lakes whose waters flow into or out of said lakes.

Also to make roads and tramways on, over and across places and portages where from rapids, falls or other impediments, the continuous navigation of such waters is impeded, and also to buy and sell grain, coal, furs, and generally to act as warehousemen, forwarders and common carriers and brokers, and for the purposes aforesaid to acquire, hold, alienate and convey and real estate, elevators, docks, offices or buildings requisite for carrying on the undertaking of said company, and to make contracts with any person or corporation whatever for the benefit of the said company, with power to make, draw, accept and endorse any promissory note, bill of exchange, draft or bank cheque requisite for carrying on the business of the company.

The principal place of business of the said company will be the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba.

The amount of the capital stock is to be five hundred thousand dollars, divided into five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The applicants, all of whom reside in Canada and are British subjects, shall be the first Directors of the company.

BROWN & WELLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Ingersoll, 12th May, 1882. 46-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will, at or soon after the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice, petition His Excellency the Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion, granting a charter of incorporation under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877," to the following named persons the intended applicants for said letters patent, that is to say: Thomas Bell, of the Town of Wingham, in the county of Huron, and Province of Ontario, manufacturer, ex-Reeve of Wingham; John Kaine, of the Township of Howick, in said County, banker, ex-Warden of the County of Huron; Henry William Christian Meyer, of the said Town of Wingham, barrister-at-law, Reeve of Wingham; James Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, grain merchant, ex-Reeve of Howick; Henry Perkins, of the said Township of Howick, merchant; John Sanderson, of the village of Wroxeter, in the said County, merchant; Isaac Francis Toms, of the Town of Goderich, in the said County, Junior Judge; John Somerville Tennant, of the village of Lucknow, physician Benjamin Willson, of the said Town of Wingham, private banker, ex-Mayor of Wingham, and Robert Webster, of the Township of Ashfield, in said County, farmer, Reeve of said Township of Ashfield.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The County of Huron North West Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are as follows:

(1) To acquire a tract or tracts of land or any interest therein in the North West Territory, in the Province of Manitoba, or elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada.

(2) To colonize, settle and sell the said land.

(3) To lease, rent, mortgage, and otherwise dispose of the same.

(4) To borrow, lend and advance money upon the same and to assist settlers on lands purchased from the company and secure repayment of the same with interest.

(5) To erect and acquire flour and saw mills, and to manufacture and sell timber and flour, and to buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required by the company or by any person who may settle or purchase land from the company.

3. The Town of Wingham, in the County of Huron, and Province of Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock of the company, is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into fifteen hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The persons who are to be the first or provisional directors of the company are the said above mentioned intended applicants, Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins and Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER & DICKINSON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Wingham, Ont., 8th May, 1882. 46-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and that—

MISCELLANEOUS.

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Foresters Colonization Society of Canada (limited)."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring saw mills, and the manufacture and sale of lumber. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of London, Ontario, with branches at various places in Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the proposed company will be \$500,000 in 10,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, of the City of London, merchant; John Taylor, of the City of London, barrister at law; Oronhyatekha, of the City of London, physician; John Stewart Dewar, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Towe, of the City of London, insurance agent; Thomas Peel, of the City of London, merchant; Alexander Greig Fenwick, of the City of London, physician; Melville DeBlois Dawson, of the City of London, journalist; Edward Stephenson Crummer, of the City of Hamilton, Gentleman; William Henry Street, of the City of London, physician; Peter Toll, of the Town of London East, builder; Edmund Botterell, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman; William Duff, of the City of London, manufacturer; William Maurice Moore, of the City of London, real estate agent; John Alonzo Nelles, of the City of London, insurance agent; Henry Crotty, of the City of Winnipeg, real estate agent; Richard Maxwell McElheran, of the City of London, journalist; John Parker Thomas, of the City of Belleville, barrister at law; Theophilus Stanfield, of the City of London, agent; Robert Moore, of the town of Simcoe, manufacturer; Alexander Sutherland Murray, of the City of London, jeweller; Archibald McPherson, of the City of London, merchant; Robert James Halle, of the Town of Chatham, insurance agent; Walter Scott Williams, of the Town of Napanee, barrister at law; Benjamin Watson Greer, of the City of London, painter; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, of the City of London, physician; Thomas Glass Davcy, of the City of London, news agent, G.W.R.; William Nelson Yerex, of the City of London, Principal of London Commercial College; Alexander Henry, of the Town of Napanee, President of Napanee and Tamworth Railway; Alexander McCleneghan, of the Town of Woodstock, postmaster; John Richard Flock, of the City of London, physician; Samuel Payne, of the City of London, physician; George McBroom, of the City of London, merchant; George Charwood Jolly, of the Town of London West, Gentleman.

The following of the above named applicants shall be the first or provisional directors of the company, all of whom are residents of Canada: Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville DeBlois Dawson, Edward Stephenson Crummer, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edmund Botterell, William Duff and William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN & TAYLOR,
Solicitors for applicants.

London, 8th May 1882.

466

THE Office of the "Toronto Patent Wheel and Waggon Company (Limited)" is at No. 4 Strachan Avenue, in the City of Toronto.

WM. STOCKDALE,
51-1 Manager.

WELLINGTON, GREY AND BRUCE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway Company will be held at the principal office of the said company, in the City of Hamilton, (being in the general office building of the Great Western Railway Company, 58 Stuart street, West), on Wednesday, the 19th July, A.D., 1882, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of directors, and for the transaction of other business.

By order,
SAML. SLATER,
Secretary.
Hamilton, 15th June, 1882. 51-3

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made on the 6th day of July, 1882, under authority of section 16, chap. 34, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the extension beyond the terms of their limitation of the letters patent bearing date the twenty-eighth day of January, A.D., eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, granted to William Milner for certain improvements in waggon gearing to be called "Front Hounds with sway bar connected, and Back Hounds or Crotch."

WILLIAM MILNER,
Patentee.
Strathroy, Ont., 5th June, A.D., 1882. 50-3

NORTHERN, NORTH-WESTERN, AND SAULT STE. MARIE RAILWAY.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the proprietors of this company will be held at the Queen's hotel, in the City of Toronto, on Wednesday, the 7th day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon, to elect directors for the ensuing year, and for other purposes. The stock and transfer books will remain closed from Friday, the 2nd, to Wednesday, the 7th prox.

By order of the Board.
ADAM BROWN,
President.
Toronto, May 17, 1882.

POSTPONEMENT.

The above meeting has been adjourned until Tuesday, the fourth day of July next, ensuing, at 1.30 p.m., at the Queen's hotel, in the City of Toronto.

ADAM BROWN,
Président.
50-2

CANADA MUTUAL TELEGRAPH CO., (LIMITED.)

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the above company will be held at the head office of the company, No. 4 Hospital St., in the City of Montreal, on Tuesday, the 27th day of June instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of organising under the provisions of the Act of incorporation passed during the last session of the Dominion Parliament, election of officers, making

rules, regulations and by-laws, and for other purposes authorised by the said Act of incorporation.

ALEX. F. RIDDELL,
Secretary.
50-2

Montreal, 8th June, 1882.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 14.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Monday, the 3rd day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Wednesday, the 5th day of July next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.
49-5

Toronto, 23rd May, 1882.

UNION BANK OF LOWER CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 33.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Monday, the third day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at their Banking house, in the City of Quebec, on Monday, the Third day of July, 1882. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

P. MacEWEN,
Cashier.
49-4

Quebec, 27th May, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that a general meeting of Provisional Directors of the Rapid City Central Railway Company, will be held at the Queen's Hotel, in the City of Toronto, at noon, on the ninth day of July next, for the purpose of opening stock books, and for such other business as may then be legally transacted.

Ottawa, 25th May, 1882.

49-6

STANDARD BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 13.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. for the current half-year upon the paid-up capital of the Bank has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Monday, the third day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th day of June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors will be held at the Banking-house of the Institution, on Wednesday, the 12th of July next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

J. L. BRODIE,
Cashier.

Standard Bank of Canada,
Toronto, 22nd May, 1882.

49-3

THE CANADA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, by, and on behalf of the Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company, that it intends to cease to carry on business in Canada, and that it has made an application to the Government for the release of its securities deposited with the Receiver General, and that such application will be presented for hearing and determination, on the 7th day of September next, (1882); and all Canadian policy holders, opposing such application are hereby required to file their opposition with the Minister of Finance on or before said day, and attend on the hearing and determination of said application.

CHARLES CAMERON,

Managing Director and Secretary.

Dated this 30th day of May, 1882.

49-13

NOTICE is hereby given that the books of the Great Western Railway Company kept at the office in Canada for the registration of shares, will be closed from the fourteenth day of June to the day of the special general meeting of the company appointed to be held on the twenty-ninth day of June instant, both days inclusive, and transfers cannot be received between those dates.

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

Dated 3rd June, 1882.

49-4

THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY (OF CANADA).

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E. C., on Thursday the twenty-ninth day of June next, at one o'clock, P. M. precisely, for the purpose of considering an agreement between the directors of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada and the directors of The Grand Trunk Railway Company, having for its object the consolidation of the undertakings of the two companies into one undertaking under the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 16 Vict., cap. 39, intituled: "An Act to empower any railway company whose railway forms part of the main trunk line of railway throughout this Province to unite with any other such company or to purchase the property and rights of any such company and to repeal certain Acts therein mentioned incorporating railway companies," and under the powers conferred by the several Acts amending or extending that Act, and for the purpose of either ratifying or disallowing such agreement in manner required by those Acts or one of them, by such agreement and in accordance with the provisions of the before mentioned Acts the following among other objects are proposed to be effected as from the first July, 1882.

1. The consolidation of the undertakings of the two existing companies into one undertaking under a single company.

2. The taking over by the single company of the liabilities of the two existing companies but without prejudice to the rights of creditors and other persons having claims against the undertaking or portions of the undertaking of each of the two existing companies.

3. The retainer of the stock of each of the two existing companies as a separate distinct class of stock under the titles of Great Western stock, representing the existing stock of the Great Western Company, and Grand Trunk stock representing the existing stock of the Grand Trunk Company.

4. The division of the net profits of the consolidated undertaking after payment of interest on borrowed capital, rents of leased lines, and all other outgoings between the two classes of stocks as follows, namely,

30 per cent to Great Western stock and 70 per cent to Grand Trunk stock.

5. But if the 30 per cent. appropriated to Great Western stock is in any year insufficient to pay five per cent. per annum on the preference portion, and three per cent. per annum on the ordinary portion of that stock, then the deficiency to be made good out of the 70 per cent. appropriated to Grand Trunk stock, and all sums paid to make good such deficiency to be recouped out of any surplus remaining in any subsequent year, of the 30 per cent. after discharging interest at the before mentioned rates on the Great Western stock.

6. One third, as nearly as may be, of the directors of the consolidated undertaking to be qualified by holding Great Western stock and the other two thirds by holding Grand Trunk stock.

7. The making all proper arrangements consequent on the consolidation in manner above proposed of the two undertakings, and for preserving the rights of the holders of each class of stock, regulating the number and time and mode of election and qualification of Directors, the voting powers and all other matters required to be provided for in relation to the affairs of the two existing companies, and the rights of the stockholders and shareholders therein, or in the consolidated undertaking, or otherwise arising out of the consolidation, including the appointment of Trustees to receive and distribute moneys applicable to the Great Western Stock.

By order,
WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

No. 142, Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C.

25th May, 1882.

48-5

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E.C., on Thursday the twenty-ninth day of June next, at one o'clock p.m. precisely, for the purpose of considering an agreement between the directors of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada and the directors of the Great Western Railway Company having for its object the consolidation of the undertakings of the two companies into one undertaking under the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 16 Vict. cap. 39 intituled "An Act to empower any railway company whose railway forms part of the main trunk line of railway throughout this Province to unite with any other such company or to purchase the property and rights of any such company and to repeal certain Acts therein mentioned incorporating railway companies," and under the powers conferred by the several Acts amending or extending that Act and for the purpose of either ratifying or disallowing such agreement in manner required by those Acts or one of them. By such agreement and in accordance with the provisions of the before mentioned Acts, the following among other objects are proposed to be effected as from the first July, 1882.

1. The consolidation of the undertakings of the two existing companies into one undertaking under a single company.

2. The taking over by the single company of the liabilities of the two existing companies but without prejudice to the rights of creditors and other persons having claims against the undertaking or portions of the undertaking of each of the two existing companies.

3. The retainer of the stock of each of the two existing companies as a separate distinct class of stock under the titles of Great Western Stock, representing the existing stock of the Great Western Company, and Grand Trunk stock representing the existing stock of the Grand Trunk Company.

4. The division of the net profits of the consolidated undertaking after payment of interest on borrowed capital, rents of leased lines, and all other outgoings between the two classes of stocks as follows, namely, 30 per cent. to Great Western stock and 70 per cent. to Grand Trunk stock.

5. But if the 30 per cent. appropriated to Great Western stock is in any year insufficient to pay five per cent. per annum on the preference portion, and three per cent. per annum on the ordinary portion of that stock, then the deficiency to be made good out of the 70 per cent. appropriated to Grand Trunk stock, and all sums paid to make good such deficiency to be recouped out of any surplus remaining in any subsequent year, of the 30 per cent. after discharging interest at the before mentioned rates on the Great Western stock.

6. One third, as nearly as may be of the directors of the consolidated undertaking to be qualified by holding Great Western stock and the other two thirds by holding Grand Trunk stock.

7. The making all proper arrangements consequent on the consolidation in manner above proposed of the two undertakings, and for preserving the rights of the holders of each class of stock, regulating the number and time and mode of election and qualification of directors, the voting powers and all other matters required to be provided for in relation to the affairs of the two existing companies, and the rights of the stockholders and shareholders therein, or in the consolidated undertaking or otherwise arising out of the consolidation, including the appointment of Trustees to receive and distribute moneys applicable to Great Western Stock.

By order,
H. W. TYLER,
President.
J. B. RENTON,
Secretary.

Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C.
25th May, 1882.

48-5

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

DIVIDEND No. 30.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. upon the capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Monday, the 3rd day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th of June to the 2nd day of July, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Banking House, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 11th day of July next.

The chair will be taking at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

W. N. ANDERSON,
General Manager.
Toronto, 23rd May, 1882. 48-5

BANQUE DE SAINT-JEAN.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the office of this bank, in St. John's, on and after Monday, the third day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 19th to the 30th June next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

PH. BAUDOUIN,
Cashier.
St. John, 22nd May, 1882. 48-4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of five per cent. per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Monday, the 3rd July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of June next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. F. BRAIS,
Cashier.
48-5

Montreal, 25th May, 1882.

ONTARIO BANK

DIVIDEND No. 49.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of six per cent. to the first of June next, upon the capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Saturday, the 17th day of June.

The transfer books will be closed from the 3rd to the 17th of June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of stockholders for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Ontario Bank,
Toronto, 18th May, 1882.

47-5

ONTARIO BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general Meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of directors for the ensuing year will be held at its Banking house in this City, on Tuesday the twentieth day of June next.

The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon precisely.

A dividend of six per cent. will be paid in June next, on the stock of the Bank as intended to be reduced by the special Act now before the Dominion Parliament, and a formal declaration of said dividend will be made so soon as said Act receives the Royal assent.

By order of the Board,

C. HOLLAND,
General Manager.

Toronto, 28th April, 1882.

45-7

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

DAVID WILLIAMS, de Musquodoboit, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, écuyer ; Maître de havre pour le port de Musquodoboit, dans la dite province.

23 mai 1882.

HENRY CROWE BLAIR, de Truro, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, gentilhomme ; Officier préposé au débarquement, examinateur et commis dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

Bureau du Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie du Canada.

MEMBRES rapportés pour servir dans le PARLEMENT convoqué de se réunir à la CITÉ D'OTTAWA, le 7me jour d'août 1882 :

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

Comté d'Ottawa.

Alonzo Wright, du township de Hull, gentilhomme.

Montréal-Est.

Charles Joseph Coursol, de Montréal, avocat.

Ville de Sherbrooke.

Robert Newton Hall, de la ville de Sherbrooke, conseil de la Reine.

Laval.

J. Aldric Ouimet, de la cité de Montréal, conseil de la Reine.

PROVINCE D'ONTARIO.

Division sud du comté de Lanark.

John Graham Haggart, de la ville de Perth, propriétaire de moulin.

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.
—SALUT:

ATTENDU que par et de l'avis et du consentement de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous avons jugé à propos de DISSOUDRE le présent parlement du Canada, qui se trouve prorogé au VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

SACHEZ MAINTENANT, qu'à cette fin Nous publions Notre présente Proclamation Royale, et par icelle DISSOLVONS en conséquence le dit Parlement du Canada, et les Sénateurs et les Membres de la Chambre des Communes sont en conséquence exemptés de s'assembler et d'être présents le dit VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier du Très-Ancien et Très-

Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

[Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui les présentes parviendront—SALUT.

ATTENDU que c'est notre désir et détermination de rencontrer aussitôt que faire se pourra, Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous faisons connaître par les présentes Notre volonté et Plaisir Royal de convoquer un Parlement, et Nous déclarons de plus que, de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, NOUS AVONS CE JOUR donné des Ordres pour l'émanation de Nos Writs en due forme pour convoquer un Parlement dans Notre dite Puissance, lesquels Writs seront en date du DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI courant et retournables le SEPTIÈME jour d'AOUT prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. McGEE, Député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront—SALUT :

SACHEZ que, désirant et ayant résolu, aussitôt que faire se pourra, de rencontrer Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, par ces présentes convoquons la Chambre des Communes dans et pour Notre dite Puissance, et la sommons de se réunir en Notre cité d'Ottawa, en Notre dite Puissance, LUNDI, le SEPTIÈME jour d'AOUT prochain, pour là et alors conférer et traiter avec les Grands Hommes et le Sénat de Notre dite Puissance.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. McGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du ministre de la Justice, Canada. } **A**TTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé en la session du Parlement du Canada tenue dans la trente-sixième année de Notre règne, chapitre neuvième et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick seulement, et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement, dans l'une ou l'autre de ces provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil (sauf seulement les ports d'Halifax et de Pictou, dans la Nouvelle-Ecosse, et le port de St-Jean, dans le Nouveau-Brunswick.)

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du dix-neuvième jour de mai dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant le port de Musquodoboit, dans le comté d'Halifax, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements, la limite du dit port sera comme suit, savoir : une ligne imaginaire tirée de Jeddore Head à Petpiswick Head.

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et ses amendements et un ordre en Conseil, nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au port de Musquodoboit, dans le comté d'Halifax, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, tel que ci-dessus défini.

De ce qui précède Nos fœux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Che-

valier Grand' Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'Ottawa, ce DIX-NEUVIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

51-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du Ministre de la Justice, Canada. } **A**TTENDU que dans et par un acte passé en la quarante-unième année de Notre Règne, chapitre dix-sept, et intitulé "Acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence dans certaines parties du Canada" il était entre autres choses décrété que, lorsque, de l'avis du Gouverneur en Conseil, il serait nécessaire, pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence, que le présent acte fût appliqué à tout comté, cité ou ville, ou autre district municipal ou judiciaire, dans toute province ou territoire du Canada, le Gouverneur en Conseil pourrait, par une proclamation qui devra être publiée dans la *Gazette du Canada*, déclarer que, à compter d'un jour qui y sera désigné, le dit acte devra s'appliquer à tel comté, cité, ville ou autre district municipal ou judiciaire.

Et attendu qu'il a été de plus pourvu par le dit acte qu'il continuera en vigueur jusqu'à la fin de la session alors prochaine du parlement.

Et attendu que par des actes passés dans les quarante-deuxième, quarante-troisième et quarante-quatrième années de Notre Règne, le dit acte a continué en vigueur de session en session, et par un acte passé dans la quarante-cinquième année de Notre Règne, chapitre trente-huit et intitulé "Un acte pour maintenir encore en vigueur pendant un temps limité l'acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes, 1878," le dit acte a continué en vigueur jusqu'à la fin de la session prochaine du Parlement.

Et ATTENDU que de l'avis de Notre Gouverneur en Conseil, il est nécessaire pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence que le dit acte soit appliqué à la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba, dès et à compter du premier jour de juin, dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur, mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux.

Et ATTENDU que Notre Gouverneur en Conseil a ordonné que le dit acte soit, par proclamation, déclaré s'appliquer à la dite cité dès et à compter du dit jour :

SACHEZ DONC que par notre présente proclamation royale, et par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous proclamons, ordonnons et déclarons que dès et à compter du premier jour de juin, en l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, le dix acte passé en la quarante-unième année de Notre Règne, chapitre dix-sept, et intitulé "Acte pour mieux prévenir les crimes de violence dans certaines parties du Canada, jusqu'à la fin de la prochaine session du Parlement," s'appliquera et sera en vigueur en la dite cité de Winnipeg, dans la province de Manitoba.

De ce qui précède, Nos féaux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes, requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR

JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce VINGT-TROISIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

49-3

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

Ci-suit un résumé des dispositions de l'acte mentionné dans la proclamation ci-dessus, savoir :—

Les mots "district proclamé" lorsque employés ci-après, signifient un endroit auquel le présent acte pourra avoir été appliqué par une proclamation émise sous son autorité; et le mot "arme" comprend tout fusil, carabine, revolver, pistolet ou autre arme à feu, ou fusil à air et toute partie de pareille arme, et toute balle, poudre, cartouche ou munition, et toute épée, lame d'épée, baïonnette, pique, tête de pique, dard, tête de dard, dague, poignard, couteau-poignard, ou autre instrument destiné à trancher ou poignarder; et toutes jointures d'acier ou de métal, bâton plombé, garcette, et toute autre arme meurtrière ou dangereuse de même nature.

A compter du jour y désigné et durant tout le temps que la proclamation qui précède restera en vigueur, il ne sera permis à qui que ce soit, n'étant pas un juge de paix, ni un officier, soldat, matelot ou volontaire, au service de Sa Majesté, étant de service, ou un constable ou autre officier de paix, ni une personne porteur d'un permis en vertu du présent acte, de porter ou avoir, dans les limites du district proclamé, ailleurs qu'à son domicile ou dans son magasin, sa boutique ou son comptoir, aucune arme; et quiconque portera ou aura quelque arme contrairement à la présente disposition, sera coupable de délit et sera passible, sur conviction du fait, d'emprisonnement dans toute prison ou tout lieu de détention, pendant un terme de pas plus de douze mois.

Il sera loisible à toute personne quelconque de saisir et appréhender tout individu qui sera trouvé porteur de quelque arme dans le district proclamé, contrairement au dit acte, et de remettre cet individu le plus tôt possible à la garde de quelque constable ou officier de paix, afin qu'il soit immédiatement conduit devant quelque autorité judiciaire compétente pour être traité suivant la loi.

Il sera loisible à tout juge de paix, constable ou autre officier de paix, de fouiller tout individu qu'il soupçonnera être porteur d'une arme dans le district proclamé, contrairement au dit acte, et de saisir et enlever à cet individu toute arme ainsi portée, et de la garder et détenir pour l'usage de Sa Majesté.

Tout juge de paix pourra, sur le serment d'un témoin digne de foi, déclarant qu'il croit que des armes sont gardées dans quelque maison ou lieu situé dans le district proclamé, dans le but d'être portées dans le district proclamé contrairement aux dispositions de la troisième section du dit acte, émettre son mandat à tout constable ou officier de paix, de faire une perquisition et de saisir ces armes; et tel constable ou officier de paix, ou toute personne lui aidant, pourra faire cette perquisition; et s'il est trouvé des armes dans cette maison ou ce lieu, il pourra les saisir et les détenir.

Si l'entrée de cette maison ou de ce lieu n'est pas accordée après avoir été demandée, tel constable ou officier de paix comme susdit, et toute personne lui aidant, pourra, en tout temps entre le lever et le coucher du soleil, y entrer de force afin de faire la perquisition et la saisie.

A moins que la personne dans la maison ou sur la propriété de laquelle ces armes auront été trouvées ne prouve, dans les quatre jours qui suivront la saisie, à la satisfaction du juge de paix, qu'elles n'étaient pas dans cette maison ou dans ce lieu afin d'être

portées dans le district proclamé, contrairement aux dispositions de la troisième section du dit acte, elles seront gardées et détenues pour l'usage de Sa Majesté ; autrement, elles seront remises à cette personne.

Le Gouverneur en conseil pourra, de temps à autre, nommer une ou plusieurs personnes compétentes pour accorder, à sa ou leur discrétion, un permis ou des permis en vertu du dit acte, d'avoir et porter toute arme dans le district proclamé ; et cette personne ou ces personnes pourra ou pourront de temps à autre révoquer tout tel permis ; et une copie de cette révocation sera remise à la personne ou laissée au dernier domicile connu de toute personne dont le permis sera par là révoqué, et son permis sera dès lors nul et non avenue.

Quiconque sera accusé d'avoir commis une offense contre les dispositions de la troisième section du présent acte, pourra être traduit devant, et jugé par trois juges de paix, ou un fonctionnaire ou tribunal revêtu par l'autorité législative compétente du pouvoir d'accomplir seul les actes qui doivent être ordinairement accomplis par deux ou plus de juges de paix, en conformité de l'acte passé en la session tenue dans les 32e et 33e années du règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 31, intitulé "Acte concernant les devoirs des juges de paix hors des sessions, relativement aux ordres et convictions sommaires."

La production d'un exemplaire imprimé de la *Gazette du Canada*, comportant avoir été imprimé par l'Imprimeur de la Reine, contenant la susdite proclamation, fera preuve probante de l'émission et publication de telle proclamation.

Il sera du devoir de la cour ou du juge de paix devant qui une personne sera convaincue en vertu de la troisième section du dit acte, de garder et détenir pour l'usage de Sa Majesté l'arme pour le port ou la possession de laquelle cette personne a été trouvée coupable.

Rien dans le dit acte n'empêchera qui que ce soit d'être passible, en vertu de tout autre acte ou autrement, de toute autre punition que celle édictée contre toute offense par le dit acte, mais de manière, cependant, que nul ne soit puni deux fois pour la même offense.

Circulaire.

DOWNING STREET, 18 avril 1882.

MONSIEUR,—Relativement à ma dépêche circulaire du 20 janvier dernier, j'ai l'honneur de vous transmettre, pour l'information des habitants de la colonie placée sous votre gouvernement, copie des règlements revus qui régissent l'examen et l'admission des cadets de marine, lesquels seront mis en vigueur pour les examens qui auront lieu après le mois de juin prochain.

J'ai l'honneur d'être, monsieur,
Votre obéissant serviteur,
KIMBERLEY.

A l'administrateur du
Gouvernement du Canada.

RÈGLEMENTS concernant les cadets de marine, pour l'information des aspirants, devant être mis en vigueur après juin 1882.

1. Aux exceptions ci-après, les cadets de marine seront nommés par concours limité.

Quatre cadets seront choisis tous les ans parmi les fils de personnes résidant dans les colonies, sur la recommandation du secrétaire d'Etat pour les colonies.

Il ne sera pas admis plus de cinq cadets de l'armée en tout dans le cours d'un an. Ces cadets seront choisis par le conseil d'amirauté parmi (a) les fils d'officiers de l'armée, de marine, ou de troupes de marine, tués pendant l'action ou perdus en mer étant de service actif, ou tués en devoir, ou morts de blessures reçues pendant l'action ou étant de service, dans les 6 mois à compter de telle action ou blessure ; (b) et parmi les fils d'officiers de marine qui ont fait un service long et distingué, et qui occupent ou ont occupé un grade ou grade relatif non inférieur à celui de commandant, sur la liste du service actif. Il ne sera nommé que deux de ces cadets tous les ans.

Les demandes d'admission comme cadets de l'armée devront être adressées au secrétaire militaire des Horse Guards, si l'aspirant est fils d'un officier de l'armée ; au secrétaire de l'Amirauté, si l'aspirant est fils d'un officier de marine ou de troupes de marine ; et au secrétaire militaire du Bureau des Indes, si l'aspirant est le fils d'un officier de l'armée des Indes.

Les cadets des colonies et de l'armée seront admis après avoir passé l'examen spécifié dans le paragraphe 8, et sous tous autres rapports seront soumis aux présents règlements.

L'examen des aspirants nommés pour concourir ainsi que des cadets de l'armée, sera conduit par la commission du service civil. Chaque aspirant devra payer la somme de dix chelins.

2. Excepté dans les circonstances spéciales, il ne sera pas admis plus d'un tiers du nombre des aspirants qui se présenteront devant la commission du service civil.

3. Les cadets de marine seront nommés tous les six mois aussitôt que possible après que le rapport du dernier examen aura été reçu.

4. Les examens des jeunes gens qui auront obtenu leur nomination auront lieu à Londres et commenceront le deuxième mercredi de juin et le dernier mercredi de novembre chaque année, et les nominations dateront du 15 juillet et du 15 janvier respectivement.

5. Nul candidat ne pourra passer son examen en juin, à moins que, le 15 juillet suivant, il ne soit dans les limites d'âge ci-après, savoir : qu'il n'ait pas moins de douze ni plus de treize ans et demi ; et nul ne sera examiné en novembre s'il ne se trouve dans ces limites d'âge le 15 janvier suivant.

6. Chaque aspirant devra être en bonne santé et exempt de tout défaut physique du corps ; il ne devra pas être embarrassé dans sa prononciation, n'avoir aucun défaut de la vue ou de l'ouïe, ni aucune prédisposition à des maladies ou faiblesses constitutionnelles ou héréditaires, et être sous tous rapports bien développé et lesté en proportion de son âge. Avant d'être examiné par les commissaires du service civil, il devra subir l'examen du médecin conformément aux règlements présents, et il devra avoir été trouvé propre au service de la marine. Le rejet à cet examen l'exclura définitivement de la marine.

7. L'aspirant devra produire un certificat de la date de sa naissance, * ou une déclaration à cet effet faite devant un magistrat ; (2) un certificat de bonne conduite donné par les maîtres de l'école ou des écoles où il pourra avoir reçu l'instruction pendant les deux années précédentes, ou, s'il a reçu l'instruction à domicile, par son tuteur ou le curé de la paroisse où il résidera ; et (3) un certificat de santé.

8. Les aspirants subiront l'épreuve par l'examen sur les sujets suivants :—

	Points.
(1.) Arithmétique, y compris les règles de proportion, les fractions ordinaires et décimales.....	250
(2.) Algèbre, y compris les fractions et les équations simples d'une quantité inconnue.....	175
(3.) Géométrie : définitions, postulats, axiomes, et sujets des trente-six premières propositions des éléments d'Euclide.....	175
(4.) Anglais : écrire sous dictée ; épellation, 75 ; écriture, 25.....	100
Lire d'une manière intelligente et analyser des phrases faciles.....	100
(5.) Français : traduction à l'aide d'un dictionnaire, du français en anglais et de l'anglais en français ; lire, analyser et parler.....	200
(6.) Histoire de l'Écriture Sainte.....	100

Les aspirants seront ne plus examinés sur deux des sujets suivants, à leur choix :

Mathématiques élémentaires : diverses questions en arithmétique, algèbre (y compris les équations quadratiques, et la géométrie jusqu'à la fin du premier livre des éléments d'Euclide..... 300

* Un certificat de baptême ne sera pas accepté..

Latin : lecture, analyse et traduction, à l'aide
d'un dictionnaire, du latin en anglais et de
l'anglais en latin..... 300
Géographie et Histoire d'Angleterre..... 300

L'ordre de mérite définitif sera déterminé par le total des points obtenus dans l'épreuve ainsi que dans l'examen supplémentaire.

En arithmétique l'aspirant sera tenu d'obtenir les cinq-dixièmes, et dans chacune des autres matières d'examen les quatre-dixièmes des points attribués à ces sujets. Dans l'anglais l'aspirant devra obtenir les quatre-dixièmes des points attribués à chacune des subdivisions du sujet.

9. Les cadets des colonies et de l'armée seront nommés après avoir passé l'examen d'épreuve ; toutefois, ils devront obtenir 660 points en tout, ainsi que la proportion de points exigée en arithmétique et autres sujets, exigée des aspirants qui concourent.

10. Un aspirant qui passera l'examen d'épreuve, mais qui échouera dans le concours, aura le droit de concourir à l'examen suivant, pourvu qu'il soit dans les limites d'âge voulues par les règlements. Nul aspirant n'aura la permission de concourir plus de deux fois. Un aspirant qui échouera à l'examen d'épreuve n'aura pas droit à un nouvel essai, mais il lui sera permis de concourir à l'examen suivant s'il est nommé de nouveau et qu'il soit encore dans les limites d'âge.

11. Un aspirant qui, pour cause de maladie, ne se rendra pas à l'examen pour lequel il aura été nommé, pourra recevoir une seconde nomination pourvu qu'il se trouve encore dans les limites d'âge.

12. Pour tous les cadets entrés sous l'autorité des présents règlements, la somme à payer sera de 70 louis par année pour la période à passer dans le *Britannia*, laquelle somme sera payable semi-annuellement et d'avance entre les mains du comptable général de la marine. Mais les lords commissaires de l'amirauté se réservent le pouvoir de choisir parmi les cadets admis à chaque examen semestriel, un nombre n'excédant pas 10, fils d'officiers de marine, de l'armée ou de troupes de marine, ou d'officiers civils sous l'autorité du conseil d'amirauté, pour lesquels le paiement annuel sera de 40 louis seulement. Dans ce choix leurs Seigneuries n'auront égard qu'aux conditions de fortune dans lesquels se trouveront les cadets.

13. La période d'éducation à bord du *Britannia* sera en quatre termes et il y aura deux termes par année. Le premier terme de chaque année sera de février à juillet, le second de septembre à décembre.

Les vacances seront de cinq semaines à Noël, de deux semaines à Pâques et de six semaines à la mi-été.

14. Il y aura des examens sur l'art de la navigation et la théorie à la fin de chaque terme.

Les cadets qui passeront des examens non satisfaisants, ou qui seront notés de mauvaise conduite, seront "avertis," et ils pourront être renvoyés à la fin du terme suivant ou de tout terme subséquent, s'ils sont de nouveau notés comme n'ayant pu remporter le nombre voulu de points lors de examens, ou pour conduite non satisfaisante.

Si un cadet est noté de conduite non satisfaisante pendant son dernier terme, il sera renvoyé sans qu'il lui soit permis de se présenter à l'examen pour sortir du *Britannia*.

Tout cadet qui, pour quelque raison que ce soit, paraîtra à leurs Seigneuries être impropre au service sera renvoyé du *Britannia*.

15. Il devra être distinctement entendu que la période d'éducation à bord du *Britannia* est un temps d'épreuve, et les parents ou le tuteur de tout cadet sera tenu de signer une déclaration (lors de l'admission du cadet sur le *Britannia*) à l'effet qu'il sera immédiatement retiré dès qu'avis officiel aura été donné qu'il est regardé comme impropre au service dans la marine.

16. En sortant du *Eritannia* les cadets prendront rang suivant la somme de service sur mer qu'ils obtiendront à leur examen final, et ceux qui en obtiendront des sommes égales prendront rang suivant l'ordre de mérite dans lequel ils sortiront du *Britannia*.

17. Les parents ou le tuteur de chaque cadet, se-

ront tenus de lui fournir l'équipement aux règlements en vigueur.

18. Le gouvernement n'allouera pas la paye ni l'argent de poche aux cadets entrés en juin et après juin 1881.

Par ordre de leurs Seigneuries,

ROBERT HALL,
Amirauté, 22 mars 1882. 49-3

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.

LA Cour Suprême du Canada tiendra une session spéciale dans la cité d'Ottawa, jeudi, le 22 juin 1882, à 11 heures a.m., dans le but de rendre des jugements seulement.

Par ordre du juge en chef,
ROBERT CASSELS,
Greffier.

Daté ce 10 juin 1882. 51-3

DEPARTEMENT DE L'INTERIEUR.

Ottawa, 7 juin 1882.

AVIS public est donné par le présent que les étendues de terre ci-dessous décrites ont été réparties pour des fins de colonisation aux compagnies et personnes ci-dessous nommées, que ces compagnies et personnes ont fait le premier versement dû sur l'achat des sections portant des nombres impairs, et qu'elles ont conclu l'arrangement requis à cet égard par le gouverneur en conseil ; et avis public est aussi donné que les dites compagnies et personnes contrôlent séparément l'établissement des dites étendues de terre, sujet aux dispositions de l'Acte des terres fédérales, 1879, et des actes qui le modifient, et sujet et conformément au plan No. 1 des Règlements des terres approuvés par le gouverneur en conseil le vingt-troisième jour de décembre 1881, viz :

A la Compagnie de colonisation des Terres Fédérales :—Les townships numéros vingt-un et vingt-deux dans le rang numéro sept ; les townships numéros vingt-trois, vingt-quatre, vingt-cinq et vingt-six dans le rang numéro douze ; les townships numéros vingt-quatre et vingt-cinq dans le rang numéro onze, et ces parties du township numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro douze et le township fractionnaire numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro onze au nord de la zone du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique ; aussi le township numéro vingt-six dans le rang numéro quatorze et les townships fractionnaires numéros vingt-six A dans les rangs numéros treize, quatorze et quinze, le tout à l'ouest du deuxième méridien principal.

A la Compagnie des terres de Montréal et de l'Ouest :—Les townships numéros vingt et vingt-un dans le rang numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro trois, le tout à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

A la Compagnie de placement en terres de Dundee :—Le township numéro vingt-un dans le rang numéro deux, à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

A George Gordon Dustan et William Bain Scarth :—Les townships numéros cinquante-trois et cinquante-quatre dans le rang numéro vingt-trois ; et les townships numéros cinquante-trois, cinquante-quatre, cinquante-six et cinquante-sept dans le rang numéro vingt-quatre, le tout à l'ouest du quatrième méridien.

A Patrick Purcell :—Les townships numéros trente-un et trente-deux dans les rangs numéros six, sept et huit, à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

Par ordre,
LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Sous-ministre de l'intérieur,

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTÉRIEUR.

Ottawa, 16 juin 1882.

AVIS public est par le présent donné que les compagnies et personnes suivantes ont obtenu pour les fins de la colonisation les étendues de terre ci-après décrites après leurs noms respectifs; qu'elles ont payé le premier versement dû sur le prix d'achat des sections de nombre impair et qu'elles ont fait avec le gouverneur en conseil l'arrangement requis à cette fin. Avis est de plus donné au public que les dites compagnies et personnes contrôlent chacune la colonisation des dites étendues de terre, sujet aux clauses de l'acte de 1879 concernant les terres du gouvernement fédéral et les amendements d'icelui, et sujet de de plus et en conformité du plan No. 1 des règlements concernant les terres approuvés par le gouverneur-général en conseil, le vingt-troisième jour de décembre 1881, savoir:

La société de colonisation de tempérance:—Les townships numéros trente-deux, trente-trois, trente-quatre, trente-cinq et trente-six dans les rangs numéros quatre, cinq et six; et les townships numéros trente-sept et trente-huit dans les rangs numéros trois, quatre et cinq, tous à l'ouest du troisième méridien, en exceptant cependant la réserve indienne connue sous le nom de "Réserve du Veau Blanc," située sur la rive est de la Saskatchewan-Sud.

La compagnie de colonisation des cultivateurs de York:—Les townships numéros vingt-deux et vingt-trois dans le rang numéro deux, les townships numéros vingt-six dans les rangs numéros quatre et cinq; et les townships numéros vingt-sept dans les rangs numéros deux et trois, tous à l'ouest du second méridien.

William Henry Christian Meyer:—Les townships numéros vingt-deux, dans le rang numéro vingt-cinq, à l'ouest du second méridien.

51-3

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social" il a été émis des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, en date du 12 mai 1882, constituant en corps politique William Robert Bell, de la ville de Brockville, province d'Ontario, Canada, cultivateur; John Northwood, de la ville de Chatham, comté de Kent, dite province, cultivateur; Herman Joseph Eberts, de la dite ville de Chatham, gentilhomme; Robert Crawford, de la dite ville de Brockville, gentilhomme; William Northwood, de la dite ville de Chatham, fabricant de malt; Thomas Caldwell Elwood, de la cité de Toronto, électricien; Edmund Burritt, d'Easton's Corners, dans le township de Woford, dite province, cultivateur; William Ryan Thistle, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la dite province, marchand de bois; Robert Zaccheus Rogers, meunier, de Milford, dans le comté de Brandon, et Charles Frederick Houghton, de la cité de Winnipeg, gentilhomme, tous deux de la province du Manitoba, dans le dit Canada, pour les fins suivantes:—Acquérir, coloniser et transporter des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du Canada; améliorer, cultiver les dites terres et ériger dessus des habitations; acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol; cultiver, élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux et autres animaux; acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer

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les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon; prêter de l'argent et secourir les colons établis sur les terres de la compagnie; garantir le remboursement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle manière par voie d'hypothèque ou convention qui pourront être arrêtées de part et d'autre; faire le commerce en qualité de fabricants, marchands, propriétaires de moulins et expéditeurs; établir des agences en Canada ou ailleurs pour les fins susdites, et pour telles fins posséder tous les pouvoirs nécessaires pour emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent, vendre et aliéner des biens meubles et immeubles, ainsi que tous autres pouvoirs qui pourront être nécessaires et utiles à ces fins; mais rien de contenu dans les présentes n'autorisera la compagnie à agir comme compagnie de prêt dans l'intention de l'acte, sous le nom de "La compagnie d'agriculture de la vallée de la Qu'Appelle (limitée)," avec un capital social total de six cent mille piastres divisé en six mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat du Canada ce deuxième jour de juin 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

49-3

AVIS public est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, il a été émis sous le grand sceau du Canada des lettres patentes, en date du vingt-septième jour de mai 1882, constituant en corps politique George Frederick Austin, de la cité d'Ottawa, dans la province d'Ontario, Canada, ingénieur civil; Thomas Ferris Nellis, du même lieu, avocat; William Ryan Thistle, du même lieu, marchand de bois; Alexander Walker O'Gilvie, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, Canada, écr., Joseph Merrill Currier, d'Ottawa susdit, écr.; McLeod Stewart, du même lieu, écr.; William George Perley, du même lieu, marchand de bois; John Alexander Gemmill, du même lieu, avocat, et William Anderson Allan, du même lieu, marchand, dans le but d'acheter, acquérir de toute façon et exploiter des mines, minéraux et droits miniers, terres meubles et immeubles dans le Canada; broyer, fondre, et amalgamer le minerai, le rendre propre au commerce; développer les ressources des dites mines; broyer, fondre et amalgamer les produits de n'importe quelle mine, appartenant ou non à la dite compagnie; construire ou, par des souscriptions, aider à construire, entretenir et améliorer les routes, tramways, bassins, quais, jetées, viaducs, aqueducs, canaux d'écluse, fossés, établissements à broyer le quartz, moulins, entrepôts et autres bâtiments qui pourront être nécessaires ou utiles aux fins que se propose la dite compagnie; construire, affréter et employer des navires pour les fins susdites et pour les fins du transport des produits de mines et autres exploitations à un endroit quelconque dans le Canada ou ailleurs, sous le nom de "La compagnie minière Austin," avec un capital total de deux cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en cinquante mille parts de cinq piastres chacune.

Daté au bureau du secrétaire d'Etat, ce 29 mai 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

49-3

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878 ; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurances autorisées.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montr'l, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Mont'l ; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite " Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens ; \$23,000 débetures de municipalités ; \$72,600 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite " Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.U., et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite " Anchor Marine "		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite " Briton " (limitée).....		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pcs., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$93,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Sur la vie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,"		J. De Wolfe Spur, St. Jean, N.B.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.U. (B).....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux ; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal ; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasinages de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210).....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	£10,000 stg., effets canadiens.	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie) ; \$3,000 5 p. c. canad. ; \$63,000 bons municipaux ; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		C. C. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Garantie et accidents.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	£21,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur les glaces.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American".....	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile".....	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont- real et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)..	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$50,586).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$50,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie,
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre.....	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale.....	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi- paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (général.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.....	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.. ..	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre.....	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en espèces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPÉRATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.-U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernment, \$100,000, en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois d'avril 1882. Ar.
Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 31 mars 1882.....	\$8,561,758 65	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$396,104 03
Dépôts durant le mois	558,329 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	4,465 50		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,664,854 80
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	63,594 32
			8,728,449 12
	9,124,553 15		\$9,124,553 15

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 22 mai 1882.

ETAT	
Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 mai dernier.	
REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,772,613 10
Excise	538,605 86
Département des Postes.....	113,689 24
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	286,283 03
Divers	144,581 49
	\$2,855,772 72
Moins—recettes provenant des terres fédérales portées au compte du capital	473,556 65
	\$2,382,216 07
Revenu, 30 avril 1882.....	27,171,980 05
	\$29,554,196 12
DÉPENSES.....	\$2,783,685 38
do 30 avril 1882.....	19,770,127 68
	\$22,553,813 06

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er juin 1882:

ETAT, sujet à révision, des revenus de l'intérieur accrûs pendant le mois d'avril 1882.		
Source de revenu.	—	Montant.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spiritueux.....	266,178 93	.....
Liqueur de malt.....	50 00	.....
Malt	37,283 02	.....
Tabac	154,278 68	.....
Inspection du pétrole.....	966 75	.....
Fabrications en entrepôt.....	3,117 23	.....
Saisies	1,809 80	.....
Autres recettes.....	515 00	.....
Total, revenu de l'accise		464,199 41
Canaux.....		4,862 97
Pouvoirs d'eau et autres loyers..		1,887 00
Travaux publics secondaires.		287 38
Inspection et mesurage du bois..		821 31
Inspection des poids et mesures.		2,881 87
Inspection du gaz		255 00
Timbres d'effets de commerce ...		131 69
Total		475,326 63

E. MIALL,
Sous-commissaire.
Ministère du revenu de l'intérieur,
Ottawa, 26 mai 1882. 48—tf

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comté auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers

pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LÉMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LÉMOINE,
Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Britannique Canadienne de câble et de télégraphe, dans le but de jeter un câble d'un point en Ecosse au Groënland, de là par la baie d'Hudson à Winnipeg; avec le droit de construire des lignes télégraphiques le long de n'importe quel chemin de fer ou route postale dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

Wm. BANNERMAN.
Ottawa, 19 mai 1882. 47-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière à la Pluie.

Wm. BANNERMAN.
Ottawa, 19 mai 1882. 47-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie sera " Le syndicat de la ferme Qu'Appelle, (limité)."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(2) L'exercice du droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) L'exercice du droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, les trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon ou élever dessus des constructions.

(4) L'exercice du droit de vendre, louer, affermer et hypothéquer les dites terres, les trafiquer de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attenant requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement ; emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et faire toute chose utile ou nécessaire aux fins que se propose la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique ; aider et encourager l'immigration, secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, avec des succursales à Toronto et ailleurs, dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinquante mille parts de dix piastres chacune.

4. Voici les nom, prénom qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants : Jay C. Richardson, de la cité de Cincinnati, Etats-Unis d'Amérique, écr., James Whealy, de la cité de Winnipeg, comté de Selkirk, franc-tenancier, Alonzo King, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford, comptable, Robert B. Watson, de la cité de Winnipeg, entrepreneur, Rankin Dawson, M. D., de la cité de Winnipeg, Edward Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, Josiah Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, Theodore T. Covernton, M. D., de la cité de Winnipeg, Louisa Black, de la cité de Winnipeg, modiste, Elizabeth Smith, de la cité de Winnipeg, veuve Low ; A. Stackhouse, de la cité de Winnipeg, tisserand, Thomas J. M. Cool, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois, George Fraser, de la cité de Winnipeg, fabricant de marbre, Rufus Atkinson, de la cité de Winnipeg, écr., Peter Mabee, de la ville de Simcoe, comté de Norfolk, encanteur, Joseph A. Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, George J. Stoddart, de la cité de Winnipeg, commis, Thomas Prest, de la cité de Winnipeg, province du Manitoba, écr., William Cowan, jr., du même lieu, écr., Olivier Austin, de la ville de Simcoe, écr.

Les quinze premiers requérants nommés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

J. B. McARTHUR,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Winnipeg, ce 23 mai 1882.

49-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son

Excellence le gouverneur en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation de Prince Albert."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba, les Territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans le Canada ; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et en développer les ressources agricoles, minières ou autres ; le droit de vendre, concéder, transporter, louer, hypothéquer, exploiter ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés ou les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prendre des hypothèques ou autres garanties pour le prix d'achat en tout ou en partie, avec le droit de vendre et céder ces hypothèques, aider et encourager l'immigration et la colonisation des dites terres, soit par des prêts ou subventions garantis suivant qu'il aura été convenu ou par tout autre moyen ; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subvention ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou plusieurs lignes de chemin de fer, télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit d'acheter, manufacturer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis, soit par la compagnie, soit par toute personne établie sur les terres de la dite compagnie ; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de colonisation de la dite compagnie ; le droit de construire des maisons, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de tout genre, avec le droit d'aider à la construction d'iceux de toute manière légale et à des conditions et avec des garanties dont il aura été convenu ; le droit de placer des bestiaux sur les terres de la compagnie et d'exercer l'industrie de l'élevage du bétail dans toutes ses branches ; le droit de récolter du grain et autres produits de ferme ; le droit de manufacturer ou exporter les dits produits ; le droit de faire des opérations minières sur les propriétés de la compagnie ; le droit de faire tout ce qui est permis aux compagnies de même nature.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$400,000 divisé en 4,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les noms, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants :—William Sharples, marchand ; Thomas McGreevey, entrepreneur, tous deux de la cité de Québec, dans la province de Québec ; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, avocat ; Philip Roblin Palmer, agent d'assurance, et James Coleman Jamieson, éditeur, tous de la cité de Belleville, dans la province d'Ontario, John White, fabricant, de Roslin, dans la dite province d'Ontario ; Hugh Sutherland, marchand de bois, et James Albert Manning Aikens, avocat, ces deux derniers de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba ; David Gilmour, marchand de bois, et William Jeffs, marchand de grain, tous deux de la ville de Trenton, dans la dite province d'Ontario, et Duncan Charles Plumb, de la ville de Niagara, dans la dite province d'Ontario.

Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie sont les dits William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGreevey, Philip Roblin Palmer et Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, tous étant sujets britanniques.

FORBES ET HILTON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Trenton, 15 mai 1882.

47-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que, conformément à l' "Acte des compagnies à fonds social, du Canada, 1877," et après l'expiration d'un mois au moins, à compter de la publication des présentes dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes scellées du grand sceau, accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant ainsi que tous autres qui pourront devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique et incorporé sous le nom et pour les fins et objets ci-après mentionnés, savoir : —

1. Le nom de corporation projeté de la compagnie sera "La compagnie d'établissements (homestead) Standard du Canada."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation sont les suivantes :

(a) Acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Coloniser, établir et vendre ces terres.

(c) Arpenter, tracer, améliorer, défricher et cultiver ces terres ; y faire des constructions et autrement s'en occuper.

(d) Vendre, affermer, louer, hypothéquer ces terres et généralement s'occuper de toute espèce d'intérêts dans ces terrains, y compris l'achat et la vente du grain et autres produits du sol ; avancer de l'argent aux colons et autrement les aider au moyen de bonis ou de toute autre manière, et assurer le remboursement de ces avances avec les intérêts, à telles conditions et de telle manière dont il pourra être convenu, au moyen d'hypothèque ou de convention ; accorder des bonis ou autrement aider à la construction et l'entretien de voies ferrées traversant les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute entreprise ayant pour but d'ouvrir ces terres, y compris les bateaux à vapeur, les lignes de télégraphe, les canaux, les réservoirs, les aqueducs, les chemins, les rues et autres travaux qui pourront être jugés propres à favoriser les fins de la compagnie ; acheter et vendre toute espèce de biens mobiliers ou droits sur ces biens dont la compagnie pourra avoir besoin pour favoriser ses propres intérêts ou ceux des colons établis sur ces terres ; le pouvoir d'emprunter et faire des placements d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs utiles et nécessaires pour favoriser les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation ; le pouvoir de favoriser, aider et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toutes les manières et par tous les moyens désirables dans le but d'ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée, et promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie ainsi que ceux du Canada en général.

3. Le principal siège d'affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto et elle aura des bureaux dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le capital social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre d'actions du dit capital sera de dix mille, et chaque action sera pour un montant de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms au long ainsi que l'adresse et la profession des dits requérants : James Moffat, de la cité de London, lieutenant-colonel de milice ; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, de la cité de Toronto, conseil de la Reine ; Andrew S. Irving, de la cité de Toronto, directeur de la compagnie de publication de Toronto ; W. Barclay McMurrick, maire de la cité de Toronto, avocat ; Alexander Gemmel, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros ; Sanderson Percy, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de peinture et d'huile en gros ; Bernard Saunders, de la cité de Toronto, marchand-tailleur ; Andrew J. Somerville, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros ; Richard J. Hovenden, de la cité de Toronto, peintre décorateur ; William Robins, de la cité de Toronto, comptable ; Samuel Davison, de la

cité de Toronto, marchand à commission ; William Roaf, de la cité de Toronto, avocat ; Peter B. Ball, de la cité de Toronto, agent ; Edward R. C. Clarkson, de la cité de Toronto, comptable et syndic officiel ; Christopher W. Bunting, de la cité de Toronto, directeur-gérant de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *Mail*, George Birrell, de la cité de London, marchand ; Robert Lewis, de la cité de London, écuyer ; Charles F. Goodhue, de la cité de London, écuyer ; Isaac Waterman, de la cité de London, manufacturier, Robert McIntosh, de Rapid City, Manitoba, docteur en médecine ; Daniel Spry, de la ville de Barrie, inspecteur des postes, et Henry Bickford, de la ville de Dundas, manufacturier.

Les dits James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrick, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden et William Robins seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,
Pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto, le 18 mai A.D. 1882. 47-tf

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'acte de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en conseil un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette*, pour l'obtention de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, par Hugh Sutherland, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois ; Henry N. Ruttan, du même lieu, entrepreneur ; Amos Rowe, du même lieu, imprimeur ; Peter Johnson Brown, du même lieu, entrepreneur, et Duncan MacMillan, de la ville de London, Ontario, avocat, à l'effet de les constituer en corps politique, eux et ceux qui pourront devenir actionnaires, sous le nom de "La compagnie de transport de la Saskatchewan (limitée)."

L'objet de la compagnie en demandant d'être constituée en corps politique est de construire, acquérir, affréer, exploiter et maintenir des bateaux à vapeur, barges, voiliers et autres bâtiments pour le transport des passagers, marchandises, fret et malles de tout genre sur le lac Winnipeg, Manitoba, le lac des Bois, la Winnipigoosis et les différents lacs et rivières dont les eaux arrivent dans les dits lacs ou en sortent ;

De plus l'objet de la compagnie est de construire des chemins et tramways à travers les endroits et portages où les rapides, chutes et autres empêchements entravent la navigation continue de telles eaux ; de vendre et acheter grain, charbon, fourrures et autres produits, et en général d'agir comme consignataires, expéditeurs, courtiers, et dans le but ci-dessus d'acquérir, détenir, aliéner et transporter des immeubles, élévateurs, bassins, bureaux et bâtiments requis pour les fins de l'entreprise de la dite compagnie, et de faire des contrats avec n'importe quelle personne ou corporation pour l'avantage de la dite compagnie, avec pouvoir de faire, accepter et endosser des billets promissaires, lettres de change, traites ou chèques requis pour les fins de la compagnie.

Le bureau principal de la dite compagnie sera la ville de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba.

Le montant du capital-actions sera de cinq cent mille piastres divisés en cinq mille parts de cent piastres chacune.

Les requérants qui tous résident au Canada et sont sujets anglais, seront les premiers directeurs de la compagnie.

BROWN ET WELLS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants

Ingersoll, 12 mai 1882.

46-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que les soussignés, un mois après la première publication du présent avis, s'adresseront par requête à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en conseil pour obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," constituant en corps politique les personnes ci-après nommées : Thomas Bell, de la ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron, province d'Ontario, fabricant, ex-préfet de Wingham ; John Kaine, du township de Howick, dans le dit comté, banquier, ex-préfet du comté de Huron ; Henry William Christian Meyer, de la dite ville de Wingham, avocat, préfet de Wingham ; James Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand de grain, ex-préfet de Howick ; Henry Perkins, du dit township de Howick, marchand ; John Sanderson, du village de Wroxeter, dans le dit comté, marchand ; Isaac Francis Toms, de la ville de Goderich, dans le dit comté, juge puisné ; John Somerville, du village de Lucknow, médecin ; Benjamin Wilson, de la dite ville de Wingham, courtier privé, ex-maire de Wingham, et Robert Webster, du township d'Ashfield, dans le dit comté, cultivateur, préfet du dit township d'Ashfield.

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La compagnie de colonisation du comté de Huron et du Nord-Ouest."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes : —

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres ou des intérêts en icelles dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest ou ailleurs dans le Canada.

(2) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) Le droit de louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres ou autrement en disposer.

(4) Le droit d'emprunter, prêter et avancer des sommes d'argent sur les dites terres et de secourir les colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des dites sommes avec intérêt.

(5) Le droit d'ériger et acquérir des moulins à farine et scieries, avec le droit de fabriquer et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, biens mobiliers et effets requis par la compagnie ou par n'importe quelle personne qui pourrait acheter des terres de la compagnie ou s'établir dessus.

3. La ville de Wingham, dans le comté de Huron et province d'Ontario, sera le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie.

4. Le montant du capital-actions de la compagnie est de cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quinze cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie sont les requérants ci-dessus nommés, savoir : Isaac Francis Toms, James Perkins et Henry William Christian Meyer.

MEYER et DICKINSON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Wingham, Ont., 7 mai, 1882.

46 6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social" un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées, savoir :

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La Société de colonisation des Forestiers du Canada (limitée)."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont : — Le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou particuliers ; le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre

les dites terres, le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail et hypothéquer les dites terres avec le droit de les trafiquer en général de n'importe quelle façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent aux colons établis sur les terres achetées de la compagnie et de les secourir, avec le droit de garantir le remboursement des prêts à eux faits avec intérêt et à telles conditions et de telles manières qu'il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit d'ériger et acquérir des scieries, avec le droit de manufacturer et vendre du bois de service ; le droit d'élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire dans toutes ses branches d'industrie de l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de London, Ontario, avec des succursales à différentes localités dans le Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie projetée sera de \$500,000 divisé en 10,000 parts de \$50 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants : —

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, de la Cité de London, marchand ; John Taylor, de la Cité de London, avocat ; Oronhyatekha, de la Cité de London, médecin ; John Stewart Dewar, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Towe, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Thomas Peel, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Alexander Greig Fenwick, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Melville DeBlois Dawson, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; Edward Stevenson Crumner, de la Cité de Hamilton, gentilhomme ; William Henry Street, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Peter Toll, de la Ville de London Est, constructeur ; Edmund Botterell, de la Cité d'Ottawa, gentilhomme ; William Duff, de la Cité de London, fabricant ; William Maurice Moore, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; John Alonzo Nelles, de la Cité de London, agent d'assurance ; Henry Crotty, de la Cité de Winnipeg, agent d'immeubles ; Richard Maxwell McElheran, de la Cité de London, journaliste ; John Parker Thomas, de la Cité de Belleville, avocat ; Theophilus Stanfield, de la Cité de London, agent ; Robert Moore, de la Ville de Simcoe, fabricant ; Alexander Sutherland Murray, de la Cité de London, orfèvre ; Archibald McPherson, de la Cité de London, marchand ; Robert James Halle, de la Ville de Chathan, agent d'assurance ; Walter Scott Williams, de la Ville de Napanee, avocat ; Benjamin Watson Greer, de la Cité de London, peintre ; Ralph Jonathan Parks Morden, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Thomas Glass Davey, de la Cité de London, agent de journaux, G.W.B. William Nelson Yerex, de la Cité de London, Principal du Collège Commerciale de London ; Alexander Henry, de la Ville de Napanee, Président de chemin de fer Napanee et Tranworth ; Alexander McCleneghan, de la Ville de Woodstock, maître de poste ; John Richard Flock, de la Cité de London, médecin ; Samuel Payne, de la Cité de London, médecin ; George McBroom, de la de London, marchand ; George Charwood Jolly, de la Ville de London Ouest, gentilhomme ;

Ceux d'entre les requérants ci-dessus nommés dont les noms suivent, seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie, tous étant des résidents du Canada :

Frederick Ardill Fitzgerald, John Taylor, Oronhyatekha, John Stewart Dewar, Edward Towe, Thomas Peel, Alexander Greig Fenwick, Melville de Blois Dawson, Edward Stevenson Crumner, William Henry Street, Peter Toll, Edward Botterell, William Duff et William Maurice Moore.

MACMILLAN et TAYLOR,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

London, 8 mai 1882.

46-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par l'honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs,

sénateur, d'Oshawa, Ontario; Robert Doull, M.P., de Pictou, Nouvelle-Ecosse; John Alexander Mackenzie, avocat, de Sarnia, Ontario; Frank Egerton Gibbs, meunier, d'Oshawa, Ontario; Hugh Macmahon, C.R., de London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, de Qu'Appelle, Territoire du Nord-Ouest, agent d'immigration; William Pugsle, jr., avocat, de la cité de Saint-Jean, Nouveau-Brunswick; Leigh Richmond Harrison, avocat, de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, et Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, avocat, également de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, à l'effet de constituer les personnes ci-dessus nommées et d'autres en un corps politique pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres de Qu'Appelle et du Lac Long" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont: le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest; le droit de coloniser, établir, améliorer et vendre les dites terres et en développer les ressources de toute nature; le droit d'arpenter et diviser les dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions; le droit de développer et exploiter les pêcheries sur les rives du lac Long; le droit d'ériger et établir des magasins sur les dites propriétés, acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute description; le droit d'acheter, vendre, accorder, transporter, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles; le droit de prêter de l'argent et donner des secours aux colons établis sur les terres, y compris le droit d'avancer des marchandises; le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit de construire des routes, chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe, vapeurs ou navires, quais et autres travaux et moyens de transport sur les terres et les eaux de la compagnie ou utiles pour l'amélioration des propriétés de la compagnie, y compris le droit d'accorder de l'aide à ces diverses entreprises et s'en servir.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de quatre cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quatre mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les différentes personnes ci-dessus décrites seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

MACKENZIE, GURD ET KITTERMASTER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants, Sarnia, Ont.

Daté ce 15 avril 1882.

49-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite au gouverneur général en conseil en vertu de "l'acte du Canada concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par la "Compagnie de trafic du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), constituée en corps politique par lettres patentes du 22 juillet, A.D., 1873, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes supplémentaires sous le grand sceau du Canada, étendant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie pour les fins suivantes:

1. L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et individus; l'arpentage, la colonisation, l'établissement, la culture des dites terres et la construction de maisons dessus; la vente, la location des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et trafiquer de toute autre façon, de prêter de l'argent aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres et de leur venir en aide, en garantissant ses avances avec intérêt au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement sur les dites terres, à des conditions et de telle manière dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire toutes les opérations se rattachant à l'industrie des fermiers.

2. L'augmentation du capital-actions de la dite compagnie jusqu'à deux cent cinquante mille piastres

devant être divisé en deux mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent de la compagnie.

Ottawa, 16 juin 1882.

51-6

AVIS DIVERS.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite le 6me jour de juillet 1882, en vertu de l'autorité de la section 16, chap. 34, des statuts refondus du Canada, pour prolonger au-delà de la période pour laquelle elles sont accordées, les lettres patentes portant la date du vingt-huitième jour de janvier A.D. mil huit cent soixante et neuf, accordées à William Milner pour une certaine amélioration dans l'engrenage des wagons, devant être appelée "Jottereaux de devant unis à une barre en balance et Jottereaux de derrière ou fouche."

WILLIAM MILNER,
Patentee.

Strathroy, Ont., 5 juin 1882.

50-3

COMPAGNIE MUTUELLE DE TÉLÉGRAPHE DU CANADA, A RESPONSABILITÉ LIMITÉE.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale des actionnaires de la susdite compagnie aura lieu au bureau principal de la compagnie, No. 4, rue de l'Hôpital, en la cité de Montréal, mardi, le vingt-septième jour de juin courant, à dix heures du matin, afin de s'organiser en vertu des dispositions de l'acte d'incorporation passé à la dernière session du parlement, élire des officiers, faire des règles et règlements et autres affaires autorisées par le dit acte d'incorporation.

ALEX. F. RIDDELL,
Secrétaire.

Montréal, 8 juin 1882.

50-2

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée générale des directeurs provisoires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Central de Rapid City aura lieu à l'hôtel Queen, dans la cité de Toronto, à midi, du neuvième jour de juillet prochain, dans le but d'ouvrir des livres de souscription et de traiter de toute autre affaire suivant que permis par la loi.

Ottawa, 25 mai 1882.

49-6

BANQUE UNION DU BAS-CANADA.

DIVIDENDE No. 33.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois pour cent 3 (p.c.) sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, et que le dit dividende sera payable à la banque et ses succursales le et après le lundi, le troisième jour de juillet prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 16 au 30 juin, inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale des actionnaires aura à leur maison de banque, en la cité de Québec, lundi le troisième jour de juillet 1882, le président devant prendre le fauteuil à midi.

Par ordre du bureau,

P. MacEWEN,
Caissier.

Québec, 27 mai 1882,

49-4

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER GRAND TRONC DU CANADA.

A VIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Tronc du Canada aura lieu au City Ter-

minus Hotel, Cannon Street, Londres, E.C., jeudi, le vingt-neuvième jour de juin prochain, à une heure p.m. précise, dans le but de prendre en considération un arrangement entre les directeurs de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand-Tronc du Canada, et les directeurs de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Occidental, ayant pour objet l'amalgamation des entreprises des deux compagnies en une seule, en vertu des pouvoirs conférés par l'acte du Conseil législatif et de l'Assemblée législative de la province du Canada, 16 Victoria, chap. 39, intitulé : "Acte pour autoriser toute compagnie de chemin de fer dont le chemin forme partie de l'artère principale de chemin de fer dans cette province de se fusionner avec toute telle autre compagnie, ou d'acheter la propriété et les droits de toute telle autre compagnie, et d'abroger certains actes y mentionnés, incorporant des compagnies de chemin de fer," et en vertu des pouvoirs conférés par les divers actes, modifiant ou amplifiant cet acte ; et dans le but soit de ratifier ou de désavouer cet arrangement tel que voulu par ces actes ou aucun d'eux. Par cet arrangement, et en conformité des dispositions des actes ci-dessus mentionnés les objets suivants entre autres sont proposés d'être effectués à compter du 1er juillet 1882 :

1. L'amalgamation des entreprises des deux compagnies actuelles en une seule entreprise sous le contrôle d'une seule compagnie.

2. Que l'une des compagnies prenne à son compte les obligations des deux compagnies actuelles, mais sans préjudice des droits des créanciers ou d'autres personnes ayant des réclamations contre l'entreprise ou parties de l'entreprise de chacune des deux compagnies actuelles.

3. Le maintien des effets de chacune des deux compagnies actuelles comme classe séparée et distincte d'effets sous le titre Effets du Grand Occidental, représentant les effets de la compagnie du Grand Occidental, et Effets du Grand-Tronc, représentant les effets actuels de la compagnie du Grand-Tronc.

4. La division des profits nets de l'entreprise amalgamée, après avoir payé l'intérêt sur le capital emprunté, le loyer des lignes affermées, et toutes autres dépenses, entre les deux catégories d'effets comme suit, savoir : 30 pour cent aux effets du Grand Occidental et 70 pour cent aux effets du Grand-Tronc.

5. Mais si les 30 pour cent attribués aux effets du Grand Occidental se trouvent en aucune année insuffisants pour payer cinq pour cent par année sur la partie privilégiée, et trois pour cent par année sur la partie ordinaire des actions, alors la différence sera égalisée à même les 70 pour cent attribués aux actions du Grand-Tronc, et toute somme payée pour égaliser cette différence sera remboursée à même tout surplus qui pourrait rester dans une année subséquente sur les 30 pour cent après paiement de l'intérêt aux taux plus haut mentionnés sur les actions du Grand Occidental.

6. Autant que possible un tiers des directeurs de l'entreprise amalgamée devront être porteurs d'effets du Grand Occidental, et les autres deux tiers être porteurs d'effets du Grand Tronc.

7. En faisant tout arrangement convenable découlant de l'amalgamation des deux entreprises en la manière proposée plus haut, et pour garantir les droits des porteurs de chaque catégorie d'actions, le règlement du nombre, du temps et du mode d'élection et de qualification des directeurs, les pouvoirs de voter et toutes autres choses qu'il est nécessaire de régler relativement aux affaires des deux compagnies actuelles, et les droits des porteurs de bons et actionnaires de ces compagnies, ou de l'entreprise amalgamée, ou provenant de l'amalgamation y compris la nomination de fidéicommissaires pour recevoir et dis-

tribuer les deniers applicables aux effets du Grand Occidental.

Par ordre,

H. W. TYLER,
Président.
J. B. RENTON,
Secrétaire.

Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
Londres, E. C.
25 mai 1882.

48-5

BANQUE DE SAINT-JEAN.

A VIS public est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois pour cent sur le capital payé de cette banque a été déclaré pour les six mois courants, et sera payable au bureau de cette banque, à Saint-Jean, le et après lundi le trois juillet prochain. Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 19 au 30 juin prochain, ces deux jours compris.

Par ordre des directeurs,

PH. BAUDOUIN,
Caissier.

Saint-Jean, 22 mai 1882.

48-4

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent, pour le semestre courant, étant au taux de cinq pour cent par année, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de Banque en cette ville, le et après lundi, le troisième jour de juillet prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 16 au 30 juin prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du bureau.

J. E. BRAIS,
Caissier.

Montréal, 25 mai 1882.

48-5

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



APPOINTMENTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—

OTTAWA, 3rd May, 1882.

JAMES HENRY GATES, of Annapolis, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Gentleman; to be a Preventive Officer in Her Majesty's Customs.

19th May, 1882.

RIVERS G. CHARLTON, of Chicoutimi, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; to be a Sub-Collector in Her Majesty's Customs.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected to serve in the House of Commons of Our said Dominion, and to all whom it may concern—

GREETING :

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice and consent of Our Privy Council for Canada, to DISSOLVE the present Parliament of

Canada, which stands prorogued to the TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next ;

Now KNOW YE, that We do for that end publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby DISSOLVE the said Parliament of Canada accordingly : and the Senators and the Members of the House of Commons are discharged from their meeting and attendance on the said TWENTY-SIXTH day of JUNE next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING.

WHEREAS We are desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament ; We do make known Our Royal Will and Pleasure to call a Parliament, and do further declare that by the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, We have, this day, given Orders for issuing Our Writs in due form, for calling a Parliament in Our said Dominion, which Writs are to bear date on the EIGH-

TEENTH day of MAY instant, and to be returnable on the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the Forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING :

KNOW YE, that We, being desirous and resolved as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, summon and call together the House of Commons in and for Oursaid Dominion, to meet at Our City of Ottawa, in Our said Dominion, on MONDAY, the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next, then and there to have conference and treaty with the Great Men and Senate of Our said Dominion.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MCGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth year of Our Reign, chaptered nine and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour

Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick only, and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Halifax and Pictou, in Nova Scotia, and Saint John, in New Brunswick), in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for the purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council :

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the nineteenth day of May in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating the Port of Musquodoboit, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, as a port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply, the boundary of the said Port being as follows, to wit: An imaginary line drawn from Jeddore Head to Petpiswick Head.

Now KNOW YE that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and the Acts amending the same, and Order in Council respectively, proclaim and declare that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick" and the Acts amending the same, shall henceforth apply to the Port of Musquodoboit, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, as hereinbefore defined.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom those presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State

51-3

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 16th June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the following companies and persons have been allotted for colonization purposes the tracts of land hereinafter described opposite their respective names, that they have paid the first instalment due on the purchase of the odd-numbered sections therein, and that they have entered into the agreement required by the Governor in Council in that behalf. The public are hereby further notified that the said companies and persons severally control the settlement of the said tracts of land, subject to the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act, 1879, and the amendments thereto, and subject to and in accordance with Plan No. 1 of the Land Regulations approved by the Governor in Council on the twenty-third day of December, 1881, viz:—

The Scottish, Ontario and Manitoba Land Company:—The north half of Township number fifteen, and the south half of Township number sixteen in Range number twenty-five; Township number twenty and fractional Township number nineteen in Range

number twenty-eight, all west of the First Meridian.

The Primitive Methodist Colonization Co.:—Townships numbers twenty-two and twenty-three, in Ranges numbers eight and nine; fractional Township number twenty-two, in Range number ten, and those parts of Townships numbers twenty-one in Ranges numbers eight, nine and ten, north of the Canadian Pacific Railway Belt, all west of the Second Meridian. 52-3

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 16th June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the following companies and persons have been allotted for colonization purposes the tracts of land hereinafter described opposite their respective names, that they have paid the first instalment due on the purchase of the odd-numbered sections therein, and that they have entered into the agreement required by the Governor in Council in that behalf. The public are hereby further notified that the said companies and persons severally control the settlement of the said tracts of land, subject to the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act, 1879, and the amendments thereto, and subject to and in accordance with Plan No. 1 of the Land Regulations approved by the Governor in Council on the twenty-third day of December, 1881, viz:—

The Temperance Colonization Society:—Townships numbers thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six in Ranges numbers four, five and six; and Townships numbers thirty-seven and thirty-eight in Ranges numbers three, four and five, all west of the Third Meridian, excepting thereout the Indian Reserve known as "White Cap's Reserve," situate on the East bank of the South Saskatchewan River.

The York Farmers Colonization Co.:—Townships numbers twenty-two and twenty-three in Range number two; Townships numbers twenty-six in Ranges numbers four and five; and townships numbers twenty-seven in Ranges numbers two and three, all west of the Second Meridian.

William Henry Christian Meyer:—Township number twenty-two in Range number twenty-five, west of the Second Meridian. 51-3

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 7th June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the following companies and persons have been allotted for colonization purposes the tracts of land hereinafter described opposite their respective names, that they have paid the first instalment due on the purchase of the odd-numbered sections therein, and that they have entered into the agreement required by the Governor in Council in that behalf. The public are hereby further notified that the said companies and persons severally control the settlement of the said tracts of land, subject to the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act, 1879, and the amendments thereto, and subject to and in accordance with Plan No. 1 of the Land Regulations approved by the Governor in Council on the twenty-third day of December, 1881, viz:

The Dominion Lands Colonization Company:—Townships numbers twenty-one and twenty-two in Range number seven; Townships numbers twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-six in Range number twelve; Townships numbers twenty-four and twenty-five in Range number eleven, and the parts of Township number twenty-two in Range number twelve and fractional Township number twenty-two in Range number eleven north of the Canadian Pacific Railway Belt; also Township number twenty-six in Range number fourteen and fractional Townships numbers twenty-six A in Ranges numbers thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, all west of the Second Principal Meridian.

The Montreal and Western Land Company:—

Townships numbers twenty and twenty-one in Range number one, and Township number twenty-two in Range number three, all west of the Second Meridian.

The Dundee Land Investment Company:—Township number twenty-one in Range number two, west of the Second Meridian.

George Gordon Dustan and William Bain Scarth:—Townships numbers fifty-three and fifty-four in Range number twenty-three; and Townships numbers fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-six and fifty-seven in Range number twenty-four, all west of the Fourth Meridian.

Patrick Purcell:—Townships numbers thirty-one and thirty-two in Ranges numbers six, seven and eight, west of the Second Meridian.

By order,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the third day of May, 1882, incorporating Louis Bredannaz, carriage maker, and Edmond Asmant, chemist, both of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada; Frederick Aiken Howland, miller, Lambton Mills, in the Province of Ontario, in the said Dominion; Allen John Stephens, manufacturer; Oliver Aiken Howland, barrister at law, and Samuel Trees, merchant, all of the City of Toronto, in said province, for the purpose of manufacturing, selling and dealing in all kinds of vehicles and acquiring and working patents relating thereto in all parts of the Dominion of Canada,—by the name of the "Toronto Patent Wheel and Waggon Company (limited)," with a total capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars divided into two hundred and fifty shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twentieth day of April 1882, incorporating Thomas Long, M.P.P., merchant, Charles Macdonell, miller, George Moberly, barrister-at-law, Lawrence Holwell Kirkby, Clerk in Holy Orders, John Francis Mathieson, insurance agent, William Basil Hamilton, postmaster, Andrew Ginty Campbell, steamboat agent, Adam Dudgeon, Division Court Clerk, Charles Gamon, barrister-at-law, Andrew Melville, merchant, Thomas Worthington Fair, merchant, James Lindsay, merchant, Alexander McDermid, merchant tailor, Frank Foster Telfer and Herbert Young Telfer, confectioners, Hall Telfer, baker, Edward Richmond Carpenter, druggist, John Guinness Laird, Clerk in Holy Orders, Edward Feallows, Clerk in Holy Orders, Annie McGillivray, spinster, Bella McGillivray, spinster, Bernard Cullary, merchant, George Warburton Hodgetts, bank manager, Henry Wentworth Bell Smith, accountant, Samuel Ditson, merchant, William Ward Willis, Baptist Minister, Alexander Buist, Gentleman, Charles Cameron, steamboat owner, and John Joseph Long, merchant, all of the Town of Collingwood, in the County of Simcoe, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada; John Hogg, of the Town of Portage La Prairie, in the Province of Manitoba, in the said Dominion, conveyancer; the Honorable David Reesor, of the Town of Yorkville, in the County of York, in the said Province of Ontario, Senator; William Bouchier, yeoman, Donald A. Currie, yeoman, Thomas Robinson, insurance agent, James Leach, yeoman, and David Emery Buist, yeoman, all of the Township of Nottawasaga, in the said County of Simcoe; George Bullas Bristow, Arthur

Holroyd and John Buckingham, yeomen, all of the Township of Osprey, in the County of Grey, in the said Province of Ontario; Henry Horace Thompson, of the Village of Penetanguishene, in said County of Simcoe, merchant; Alexander McCarthy, of the town of Barrie, in said County of Simcoe, post office conductor; Robert James Sproul, merchant, and John Wesley Armstrong, Division Court Clerk, both of the Village of Flesherton, in said County of Grey; Walter Hunter, merchant, Robert Herbert Hunt, doctor of medicine, Thomas Wesley Tyson, Walter Lount Tyson, and John Henry Tyson, millers, Emma Louisa Hartman, all of the Village of Clarksburg, in said County of Grey; Charles Hunt, Gentleman, William H. Smith, grain buyer, all of the Village of Thornbury, in said County of Grey; James Hill Hunter, merchant, of the Town of Durham, in said County of Grey; George William Monk, M. P. P., of the township of March, in the County of Carleton, in said Province of Ontario; Robert Henry, lumber merchant, Patrick Hughes, merchant, both of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in said Province of Ontario; Frederick John French, Gentleman, of the Town of Prescott, in the County of Grenville, in said Province of Ontario; Michael Gartlan and Charles O'Brien, merchants, both of the Village of Stayner, in said County of Simcoe; Gideon Striker, M. P. P., of the Town of Picton, in the County of Prince Edward, in said Province of Ontario; Timothy Rodgers, yeoman, of the Village of Bradford, in the County of Simcoe; William Broder, merchant, of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, in said Province of Ontario; Wilfred Charles Schrieber, wood agent, of the Village of Allandale, and Charles Cotton Bridges, yeoman, of the Township of Oro, both in said County of Simcoe,—for the purpose of acquiring by purchase, lease or otherwise from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or any corporation or persons, of land or any interest in lands in the Dominion of Canada, and the cultivation thereof, the erection of buildings, including mills and machinery, and the making of other improvements thereon; the selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of the same, and to take or receive mortgages thereon for the purchase money on the lands sold or otherwise disposed of, and to sell and assign such mortgages and liens, or mortgage the same by any instrument in writing or partly printed and partly written, subject to the conditions for the security of moneys advanced thereon at such rates of interest as may be agreed on, the construction and repair of ordinary roads and bridges, the assisting emigrants from other countries to come to Canada and for the promotion of immigration,—by the name of "The Farmers North West Land and Colonization Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of two hundred thousand dollars divided into two thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 7th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

50-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, bearing date the twenty-third day of May, 1882, incorporating George Young Smith, of the town of Whitby, in the County and Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, barrister-at-law; Henry Betts Taylor, of the said town of Whitby, bank agent; the Reverend J. Herbert Starr, of the said town of Whitby, Methodist minister; John Rice, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Wellington Adams, of the said town of Whitby, dentist; D. Evans Starr, of the town of Brampton, in the County of Peel and the Province aforesaid, accountant; Jeremiah Long, of the said town of Whitby, grain merchant; George H. Starr, of the town of Brandon, in the Province of Manitoba, merchant; Joshua Richardson, of the said town of Whitby, Gentleman; Thomas J. Holliday, of the village of Brooklin, in the said Province of Ontario,

merchant; Frank Warren, of the said town of Brooklin, doctor of medicine; the Reverend James A. Carmichael, of the village of Columbus, in the said Province of Ontario, Presbyterian minister; James Rowe Philip, of the said town of Whitby, merchant, for the purpose of acquiring of land or any interest therein in Manitoba or the North West Territories or elsewhere from the Government of the Dominion of Canada or from any company or individuals; colonizing, settling, cultivating or building upon the said lands, the selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and otherwise disposing or dealing with the same, the borrowing, loaning and advancing of money upon the same to assist the settler and securing such advances by way of mortgage or otherwise on said lands as may be agreed upon, the breeding, raising, selling or purchasing of horses, cattle and sheep and the carrying on of all farming operations,—by the name of the "Ontario and North Western Land Company," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 9th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

50-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the twenty-third day of May 1882, incorporating John Stewart, of the township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, Esquire; John Herron, of the city of Ottawa, in the said Province, merchant; Hugh MacLennan, of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, in the said Dominion, forwarder; Archibald Stewart, of the said township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; McLeod Stewart, of the said township of Nepean, barrister-at-law; Francis Henry Chrysler, of the said township of Nepean, barrister-at-law, and Joseph James Gormully, of the said city of Ottawa, barrister-at-law, for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise acquiring, settling, improving and cultivating lands and hereditaments in the North-West Territories of the Dominion of Canada, developing the resources of the said lands and hereditaments by clearing, draining, improving, building, mining, farming, lumbering on and otherwise dealing with the same; the stocking of the same lands and the breeding and dealing in all kinds of stock, cattle, sheep and produce, and the carrying on in all its branches the business of farming and stock-raising; the aiding encouraging and promoting of immigration into the property of the company, and the colonizing of the same; and for the purposes aforesaid to aid and assist immigrants and settlers upon the property of the Company by land grants, advances or otherwise, and to act as agent for any government, corporation or person promoting emigration to Canada; the purchasing, acquiring, manufacturing and selling all kinds of timber, lumber, goods and chattels and effects (except wine, spirits and fermented and other intoxicating liquors); the building, acquiring, navigating and using steam and other vessels and craft, and the providing and using of all other works and means of transport necessary or convenient for the transportation and carrying for hire or otherwise colonists, immigrants, settlers, passengers, goods and merchandize, and for the convenient conduct of the operations of the company; and for the purposes of affording facilities of access to the lands and other property of the company to aid by way of bonus, gift of money, land grant or otherwise any line or lines of railway or steam vessels or other medium of land or water transport, the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real or personal property, and all easements, rights and privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of their operations; the constructing, maintaining and altering of any saw-mills, grist mills, buildings, wharves, storehouses and other works necessary or convenient for the purposes

of the company ; selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, charging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company and taking and accepting mortgages, charges and liens on real or personal property or any other securities whatever (and bearing interest or otherwise as the company may see fit, from purchasers from or other debtors of the company, the selling, assigning, or otherwise disposing of all or any of such securities, engaging in any business or transaction (within the company's objects) in partnership or otherwise in conjunction with any other person or company, and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them— by the name of "The Stewart Ranch Company (Limited)," with a total capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars divided into one thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars.

Dated at the Office of the Secretary of State this 9th day of June, 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

50-3

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act 1877" letters patent have been issued under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada bearing date the twenty-third day of May 1882, incorporating James Craig, of the township of North Gower, in the County of Carleton, in the Province of Ontario, in the Dominion of Canada, farmer, John Hodgins, of the City of Ottawa, in the said county of Carleton, barrister at law, Célestin Gagné, of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, Abraham Pratt, of the said city of Ottawa, Assessment Commissioner, Joseph Eugène Dupuis of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, Charles Adolphus Christin, of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, Edmund Wood Clark, of the township of Nepean, in the said county of Carleton, farmer, George Craig, of the said township of North Gower, John McKinsty of the said City of Ottawa, real estate agent, Richard Nesbitt Bishop, of the said city of Ottawa, hotel keeper, Harmonic Gerald Bate, of the said city of Ottawa, merchant, and Richard Craig, of Kemptville, in the county of Grenville in the said Province by Ontario, merchant, for the purpose of importing into, and the breeding and raising, of cattle horses, mules, sheep and swine in the North-West Territories and elsewhere within Canada, the trading and dealing in them or any of them or their products, the shipping of the same to foreign countries, the purchasing, taking on lease or in exchange, hiring or otherwise acquiring ranches, cattle runs and all other real and personal property and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, the selling, improving, managing, developing, leasing, mortgaging, disposing of or otherwise dealing with all or any part of the property of the company, and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects, by the name of "The Anglo-Canadian Ranch Company, Limited," with a total capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars divided into two hundred shares of five hundred dollars.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada this 9th day of June 1882.

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State.

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STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st May, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,772,613 10
Excise.....	538,605 86
Post Office.....	113,689 24
Public Works, including Railways.	286,283 03
Miscellaneous	144,581 49
	\$ 2,855,772 72
Less Receipts from Dominion Lands transferred to Capital.....	473,556 65
	\$ 2,382,216 07
Revenue to 30th April, 1882.....	27,171,980 05
	\$29,554,196 12
Expenditure.....	\$2,783,685 38
do 30th April, 1882	19,770,127 68
	\$22,553,813 06

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st June, 1882.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued during the month of April, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	266,178 93	.....
Malt Liquor	50 00	.....
Malt	37,283 02	.....
Tobacco	154,278 68	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	966 75	.....
Manufactures in Bond.	3,117 23	.....
Seizures	1,809 80	.....
Other Receipts	515 00	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....	.....	464,199 41
Canals.....	.....	4,862 97
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c. ....	.....	1,887 00
Minor Public Works.....	.....	287 38
Culling Timber .....	.....	821 31
Inspection of Weights and Measures .....	.....	2,881 87
Inspection of Gas.....	.....	255 00
Bill Stamps.....	.....	131 69
Total ... ..	.....	475,326 63

E. MIALL,
Assist. Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 26th May, 1882.

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POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of May, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 30th April, 1882.....	\$8,728,449 12	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$369,129 93
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	569,720 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on ac- counts closed during month	4,522 63	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,881,690 43
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	48,871 39
	9,302,691 75		8,933,561 82
			9,302,691 75

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 23rd June, 1882.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1st JUNE, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Apple Hill.....	Kenyon.....	Glengarry..... O.	Alexander Kennedy.
Christie's Corners.....	Oxford.....	Leeds & Grenville, N.R... O.	Jacob Vanallen.
Clanwilliam.....	Sec. Tp. 16, Range 17 West.	..... M.	Peter McCudhie.
Crampton.....	Dorchester.....	Middlesex, E.R..... O.	Alexander Fleming.
Desert.....	Johnston.....	Algoma..... O.	Joseph Alderson.
Glen Huron Station.....	Nottawasaga.....	Simcoe, N.R..... O.	Peter McMillan.
Granite Hill.....	Gurd.....	Muskoka..... O.	John S. Driscoll.
Griswold.....	Sec. 4, Tp. 10, Range 22 W..	..... M.	John Park.
Hartford.....	.....	Carleton..... N.B.	George Stiekney.
Harvey Bank.....	.....	Albert..... N.B.	H. E. Graves
Horncastle.....	Laxton.....	Victoria, N.R..... O.	George Sharp.
Inkerman.....	.....	Gloucester..... N.B.	François X. Robichaud.
Lake Charles.....	North Keppel.....	Grey, N.R..... O.	Joseph Davidson.
Mount Maple.....	Chatham.....	Argenteuil..... Q.	David Warwick.
New Carlow.....	Carlow.....	Hastings, N.R..... O.	A. S. Tooley.
New Zion.....	.....	Sunbury..... N.B.	James H. Sowers.
Oak Lake.....	Sec. 23, Tp. 9, Range 24 W..	..... M.	H. A. Roberts.
Pond Mills..	Westminster.....	Middlesex, S R..... O.	William Agur.
Sand Hill.....	Eaton.....	Compton..... Q.	D. Caswell.
Saurin.....	Flos.....	Simcoe, N.R..... O.	David A. Cooper.
Strangfield.....	Tilbury West.....	Kent..... O.	Thomas Strangford.
Strathadam.....	.....	Northumberland..... N.B.	Robert Adam.
Queensville.....	.....	Northumberland..... N.B.	John Johnston.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Goshen..... Co. Huron, S.R., O.
South Middleton..... Co. Norfolk, N.R., O.
Yatton..... Co. Wellington, C.R., O.
Wilson..... Co. Norfolk, S.R., O.
Mascouche Rapids..... Co. L'Assomption, Q.

NAMES CHANGED.

Grenfel, Co. Marquette, M.....to Kingsley.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45

	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,868 85	167,381 60	168,227 35	171,362 10	
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25	5,620,094 75	5,572,238 75	
\$5, \$10 & \$20.....	58,426 65	43,721 65	56,381 92	30,812 06	26,227 06	
\$50 & \$100.....	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00	664,525 00	676,625 00	
\$500 & \$1000.....	8 167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00	7,907,500 00	8,272,000 00	
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77	14,391,159 16	14,718,452 91	

Fractional Notes.....	171,362 10
Provincial "	62,519 56
Montreal issue.....	7,116,449 50
Toronto "	4,881,863 00
Halifax "	1,754,200 00
St. John "	710,388 25
Victoria "	21,670 50
Total.....	\$14,718,452 91

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st May.....	2,552,568 79
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,472,568 79
Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91	1,471,845 29
Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91	2,207,767 93
	\$3,679,613 22
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,792,955 57
Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91	11,038,839 00
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	961,161 00
SUMMARY.	
Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,792,955 57
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	961,161 00
Total Excess.....	2,754,116 57

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 9th June, 1882.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31ST MAY, 1882.

LIABILITIES.										
CAPITAL.										
Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand,	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 600,000 00	\$ cts. 302,188 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,789,918 79	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 88,361 23	\$ cts. 6,360,468 43
1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,915,434 00	83,000 00	15,960 00	3,014,394 00
City and District Savings Bank.....										
Caisse ! d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....										
ASSETS.										
Dominion Securities.		Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
\$ cts. 2,500 00	\$ cts. 1,384,505 16	\$ cts. 1,100 00	\$ cts. 2,474,283 52	\$ cts. 1,818,103 34	\$ cts. \$60,391 65	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 83,000 00	\$ cts. *426,535 34	\$ cts. 7,147,419 01	\$ cts. 3,316,701 66
95,029 94	705,490 48	.....	1,008,437 15	126,506 88	946,075 49	83,000 00	237,220 00	114,941 72		
City and District Savings Bank.....										
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....										

* Including landed property of Bank \$343,395 10.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th June, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

SUMMARY STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada and the Duty Collected thereon, (exclusive of British Columbia,) during the month ending 28th February, 1882.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Acids.....	\$	1,812 00	\$ cts. 463 21
Agricultural Implements.....	"	7,207 00	1,830 65
Ale, Beer and Porter.....	Gals. 7,450	4,375 00	1,102 76
Animals.....	\$	3,269 00	653 88
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	68,566 00	11,606 55
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	22,384 00	5,684 35
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 138,987	96,482 00	10,674 01
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 18,564	94,663 00	8,635 26
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	10,769 00	3,988 45
Candles.....	Lbs. 10,218	1,302 00	327 85
Chicory.....	" 2,791	140 00	119 64
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 178,395	292,682 00	43,855 05
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 21,407	2,405 00	439 52
" " U. States.....	" 36,115	5,184 00	774 22
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	10,527 00	1,378 70
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	5,224 00	683 45
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	1,598,978 00	359,712 71
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	47,908 00	10,057 43
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	20,138 00	5,772 15
Fancy Goods.....	"	330,081 00	70,911 61
Fish.....	"	4,446 00	887 19
Fruit, Dried.....	"	42,078 00	10,189 93
" green, &c.....	"	23,409 00	4,807 54
Furs.....	"	26,884 00	4,171 60
Glass and Glassware.....	"	73,851 00	16,896 30
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	2,332 00	805 95
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	247,417 00	61,854 70
Hops.....	Lbs. 39,070	11,156 00	2,344 18
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	857,370 00	186,978 87
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	86,670 00	20,267 10
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	4,297 00	772 35
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	137,455 00	31,493 96
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	6,437 00	1,295 99
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	45,612 00	9,587 22
Musical Instruments.....	"	32,655 00	9,344 73
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 165,646	21,531 00	11,927 36
" all other, N.E.S.....	" 34,761	24,009 00	4,891 27
Paints and Colors.....	\$	20,324 00	3,026 60
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	71,638 00	18,508 73
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,324 00	397 20
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,229,639	102,977 00	13,436 99
Butter.....	" 2,022	514 00	80 88
Cheese.....	" 2,066	223 00	61 98
Lard.....	" 194,625	22,813 00	3,892 48
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	2,911 00	521 34
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 21,340	128 00	25 61
Seeds.....	\$	22,845 00	3,458 50
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	505,648 00	148,408 20
Soap of all kinds.....	Lbs. 7,066	2,268 00	702 95
Spices, ground and unground.....	\$	11,357 00	2,381 20
Starch.....	Lbs. 21,985	1,289 00	439 70
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals. 50,568	49,909 00	69,955 27
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	" 20,788	18,155 00	12,904 62
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,169	9,271 00	5,365 80
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 195,075	8,551 00	4,928 60
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 1,277,385	45,988 00	23,376 75
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 3,647,348	133,808 00	58,379 16
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 154,993	5,470 00	2,609 84
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 14,536	145 00	98 01
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 43,202	1,942 00	920 03
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 52,475	17,364 00	3,600 90
Molasses not for refining.....	" 101,365	29,850 00	4,590 60
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 51,675	11,476 00	2,420 96
" United States.....	" 563,197	102,635 00	11,820 71
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 32,108	50,850 00	27,003 08
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	69,882 00	17,204 01
Woollen manufactures.....	"	1,143,095 00	287,193 23
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs.		
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	747,182 00	169,291 18
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$7,483,537 00	\$1,814,192 80
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		13,110 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,555,159 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 9,051,806 00	\$1,814,192 80

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, (exclusive of British Columbia,) for April, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total,
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	74,776 00	6,563 00	81,339 00
do Fisheries.....	336,632 00	342 00	336,974 00
do Forest.....	962,384 00	86,313 00	1,048,697 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,003,698 00	21,317 00	1,025,015 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,152,489 00	17,053 00	2,169,542 00
Manufactures	197,500 00	43,696 00	241,196 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	67,204 00	8,686 00	75,890 00
Totals.....	4,794,683 00	183,970 00	4,978,653 00
Coin and Bullion.....		306,495 00	306,495 00
Grand Ttal.	4,794,683 00	490,465 00	5,285,148 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 2nd June, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.		Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....		Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....		Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....		Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....		Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....		Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited).....		J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds.....	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....		Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton		A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....		W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Buildin' and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine,
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Guarantee.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited).....		J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	£21,000 stg. Canada Stock.	Fire.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....		Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada		J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333).....	Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association.....		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.E.....	\$50,000 cash.	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....		R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....		Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....		Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210).....	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.		Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....		Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000)	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....		W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....		Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	£10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....		G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200).....	Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....		C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited).....		A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock.	Guarantee and Accident
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....		F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	£21,000 stg. Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....		William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.		D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....		Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....		A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....		J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....		Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash.....	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....		Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,586).....	Life.
The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont... ..	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto...	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Life.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$64,000 Mun. Debs., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto...	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Acciden
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915).....	Life and Acciden
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U.S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31st MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Insurance Company, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.....	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$150,515 Canada Stock	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.....	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.....	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal...	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee...	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.....	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.....	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.....	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$150,000 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.....	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada Stock.....	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.....	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company .....	.....	\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.....	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada"

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or

piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the Rainy River Improvement Company.

W.M. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the British Canadian Cable and Telegraph Company for the purpose of laying a cable from a point in Scotland to Greenland, thence by the Hudson Bay to Winnipeg; with the right to extend telegraph lines along any railroad or post road in Manitoba or the North West Territories of Canada.

W.M. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882.

39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation to the applicants hereinafter named and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Military Colonization Company of Canada."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same and the developing of the mineral resources of the land and dealing with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring or leasing of mills of various kinds and the manufacture and sale of flour, lumber and other commodities. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the company shall be one hundred thousand dollars in a thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants are:—

Thomas Bland Strange, of the City of Kingston, Ontario, major general; Claude de Vin Wade, of Bow River, North West Territory, Gentleman; R. Hunt, of Bombay India, colonel 5th Bombay Native Infantry; Reginald Hennell, of Bombay, India, major 5th Bombay Native Infantry; Falkland Warren, of Nicosia, Cyprus, colonel Royal Artillery; Albert Cunningham, of London England, Gentleman; and William Robert Oswald, of Montreal stock broker.

6. The first directors of the company are to be the said Thomas Bland Strange, Claude de Vin Wade, and William Robert Oswald.

HATTON & NICOLLS,

Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 21st June, 1882.

52-6

NOTICE is hereby given of application, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," for letters patent, constituting Richard Fuller, of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman; John Ross, of the Village of Homer, in the County of Lincoln, in said Province, contractor; James J. Foy, of the City of Toronto, in said Province, barrister-at-law; Duncan McArthur, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, banker, and William Clarke, of the said City of Winnipeg, miller, a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Keewatin Paper Manufacturing Company," for the purpose of manufacturing paper and paper pulp, with its chief place of business at the City of Winni-

peg, with a capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) divided into fifteen hundred shares of one hundred dollars each, and having the said Richard Fuller, John Ross, James J. Foy, Duncan McArthur and William Clarke as the provisional directors thereof.

AIKENS, CULVER & HAMILTON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated this 22nd June, A.D. 1882.

52-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the persons herein after named and described intend to apply to the Governor in Council for letters patent of incorporation, under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, constituting them and others who may become shareholders of the company to be thereby created a body corporate and politic, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877."

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Dominion Transport Company."

2. The purpose for which the incorporation of the said company is sought, is the transport, on land, by means of vehicles drawn by horses, of goods, wares and merchandize in and about the Cities of Montreal, Ottawa, Quebec, Toronto and Winnipeg, and other principal places throughout the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be in the City of Montreal.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is \$500,000.00 composed of five thousand shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

The Honourable Matthew H. Cochrane, of Compton, in the Province of Quebec, senator; Henry Judah, of the City and District of Montreal, Esquire, advocate, and William B. Smith, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire. And the said persons are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTT,

Attorneys for applicants.

Montreal, 20th June, 1882.

52-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the undersigned applicants to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent of incorporation, under the Great Seal of the Dominion, incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company, as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Canada Pulp Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—To make, manufacture and sell throughout the different Provinces of the Dominion, pulp and paper and articles manufactured from pulp or paper; to acquire letters patent of invention respecting such manufacture; to make and sell machines in which the inventions to which such letters patent refer are used; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is fifty thousand dollars.

5. The amount of its shares is to be one hundred dollars each.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—John Farman, John McKernan, Albert A. Ayer, John P. McLachlan, John Cassils, Esquires, merchants, and Hiram K. Jaslin, Esquire, civil engineer, all of the City of Montreal aforesaid, and Robert Meighen, of Perth, Gentleman. And they are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTT,

Solicitors for the applicants.

Montreal, 20th June, 1882.

52-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to carry on farming and to develop the resources of the company; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of the purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the company, and to issue debentures secured upon the lands of the company or otherwise, for the same purposes; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessaries for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandise so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interest of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$600,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 6,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, Warring Kennedy, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward Carter, merchant, James Haywood, commercial tra-

veller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Samuel Trees, Toronto, manufacturer; Warring Kennedy, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 19th April, 1882.

52-5

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario West Trade Colonization Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are —

(a). For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b). To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c). To develop the agricultural, mining and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d). To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming, grounds and utensils;

and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain a transfer thereof or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(o) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say :

Robert Davies, of the city of Toronto, brewer ; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, of the town of Woodstock, merchant ; Joshua Smith Hamilton, of the city of Brantford, merchant ; William Gillzean Reid, of the city of Hamilton, merchant ; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer ; George Thomas Robinson, of the city of Toronto, merchant ; Archibald George Hodge, of the city of Toronto, hotel-keeper.

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDOUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto, the 20th day of June A.D., 1882. 52-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for the issue of letters patent to the applicants hereinafter named constituting them and other persons who may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created a body corporate and politic as hereinafter mentioned.

The name of the said company is to be "The Watson Manufacturing Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to carry on in any or all the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in agricultural machines, implements, tools, fixtures and everything pertaining thereto, and the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in every other description of machinery, implements, tools and fixtures, and acquiring, holding, disposing of and working all patents and improvements thereon relating thereto which may be in force in the Dominion of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the Village of Ayr, in the County of Waterloo, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).

5. The said capital stock is to be divided into two thousand five hundred (2,500) shares of one hundred dollars (\$100) each.

6. The applicants are John Watson, (manufacturer), John George Watson, (engineer), William Dolman

Watson, (accountant), Alfred Edward Watson, (accountant), and William Watson (accountant), all of the Village of Ayr, in the County of Waterloo, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, and who are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

BALL & BALL,
Galt, Ont.,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated and first published the 17th of June 1882.
51-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act" by "The North West Trading Company, limited," incorporated by letters patent dated the 22nd day of July A.D. 1873, for Supplementary Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada extending the powers of the said company for the following purposes :—

1. To acquire lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territory from the Government of Canada and also from companies and individuals. To survey, colonize, settle, cultivate and build upon said lands. To sell, rent, mortgage or otherwise dispose of said lands. To advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, securing such advances with interest by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land, on such terms and in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon. To breed, buy and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on all farming operations.

2. To increase the capital stock of the said company to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be divided into two thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent for company.

Ottawa, 16th June, 1882. 51-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario East Trade Colonization Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are :—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from,

through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain a transfer thereof or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(o) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:

Robert Davies, of the city of Toronto, brewer; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, of the town of Woodstock, merchant; Joshua Smith Hamilton, of the city of Brantford, merchant; William Gillzean Reid, of the city of Hamilton, merchant; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; George Thomas Robinson, of the city of Toronto, merchant; Archibald George Hodge, of the city of Toronto, hotel-keeper;

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDOUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto, the 8th day of June A D., 1882. 51-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration

of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants, and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle Farm Syndicate," (Limited.) The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are:—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Winnipeg, with branches at Toronto and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in fifty thousand shares of ten dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of the applicants are as follows:—Jay Charles Richardson, of the city of Cincinnati, United States of America, Esquire; James Whealy, of the city of Winnipeg, in the county of Selkirk, yeoman; Alonzo King, of the town of Woodstock, in the county of Oxford, book-keeper; Robert Burns Watson, of the city of Winnipeg, contractor; Rankin Dawson, M.D., of the city of Winnipeg; Edward Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; Josiah Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; Theodore S. Covernton, M.D., of the city of Winnipeg; Louisa Black, of the city of Winnipeg, milliner; Elizabeth Smith, of the city of Winnipeg, widow; Laura Angelina Stackhouse, of the city of Winnipeg, spinster; Thomas Scott McCool, of the city of Winnipeg, lumber merchant; George Fraser, of the city of Winnipeg, Esquire; David Ede, of the city of Winnipeg, marble manufacturer; Rufus Atkinson, of the city of Winnipeg, Esquire; Peter Mabee, of the town of Simcoe, in the county of Norfolk, auctioneer; Joseph A. Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; George Stoddart, of the city of Winnipeg, clerk; Thomas Prest, of the city of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Esquire, and William Cowan, jr., of the same place, Esquire; Oliver Austin, of the town of Simcoe, Esquire.

The first fifteen of said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

J. B. McARTHUR,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Winnipeg, 23rd May, 1882. 49-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor

General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under "the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," incorporating the applicants hereinafter named and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is the "Dominion of Canada Kennel Club (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:

To import, buy, breed, sell, train and exchange such breeds of dogs, as may from time to time appear advisable to the Club, in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

To hold public exhibitions of dogs, such as bench shows and field trials in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

To compile, publish and sell, or procure to be compiled, published and sold a national stud book, in which dogs of every breed, whelped or owned in the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere, can be registered.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Ottawa in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is four thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be four hundred and the amount of each share ten dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: The Honorable Edgar Dewdney, Lieutenant Governor of the North West Territories of Canada, of Battleford, in the North West Territories; The Honorable Adolphe P. Caron, Minister of Militia and Defence of Canada, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario; Zebulon Aiton Lash, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario aforesaid, Queen's Counsel; Lindsay Russell, of Ottawa, Esquire, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior of Canada; Christopher Robinson, of the said City of Toronto, Queen's Counsel; Lieutenant-Colonel W. Osborne Smith, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba; Duncan C. Plumb, of the town of Niagara, in the County of Lincoln, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Alonzo Wright, of Ironsides, in the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, in the Province of Quebec; H. Bailey Harrison, of Tilsonburg, in the County of Oxford, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Edmund F. Stephenson, of the said City of Winnipeg, Esquire; Frederick Percy Austin, of the said City of Ottawa, Esquire; Frederick H. D. Veith, of the City of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Anderson Allan, of the said City of Ottawa, Esquire; John Gilmour of Ottawa, aforesaid, Esquire; Arthur Owens F. Coleman, of Ottawa aforesaid, Veterinary Surgeon; Charles V. M. Temple, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; James S. Niven, of the City of London, in the said Province of Ontario, Physician; and John Domville, of the Town of Rothesay, in the Province of New Brunswick, Esquire. Of whom the said Lindsay Russell, Arthur Owens F. Coleman, Frederick Percy Austin, John Gilmour, and William Anderson Allan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 2nd June, 1882. 49-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," by the Honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, Senator; Robert Doull, M.P., of Pictou, Nova Scotia; John Alexander Mackenzie, of Sarnia, Ontario, barrister; Frank Egerton Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, miller; Hugh MacMahon, Q.C., of London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, of Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., immigration agent; William Pugsley, Jr., of the City of St. John, New Brunswick, barrister; Leigh Rich-

mond Harrison, of the said City of St. John, barrister, and Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, also of the said City of St. John, barrister, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To acquire lands and other property in the province of Manitoba, and the North-West Territory; to colonize, settle, improve and sell the said land and develop the resources thereof of every nature; to survey, divide up and build upon the same; to develop and work fisheries along the shores of Long Lake; to erect and establish stores on said property and to purchase and vend goods of every description; to buy, sell, grant, convey, lease, rent, mortgage and generally deal with lands and all manner of interests in lands; to advance money and assistance to settlers on land or goods purchased from the company and to secure the repayment of such advances, with such interest as may be agreed upon; to make, provide, give aid to and use roads, railways, tramways, telegraph lines vessels, steamers, wharves and all other works and means of transport necessary upon the lands and waters of the company, or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company.

3. The principal place of business of said company will be in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of said company will be four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The several persons hereinbefore described will be the first provisional directors of said company.

MACKENZIE, GURD & KITTERMASTER,
Solicitors for applicants, Sarnia, Ont.

Dated 15th April, 1882. 49-6

THE NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY OF CANADA (LIMITED).

NOTICE is hereby given that by a resolution passed at a meeting of the shareholders of the above company held on the 17th day of May, 1882, the directors of the above company were authorized to apply for letters patent to be incorporated under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," and notice is hereby given that after the expiration of one month after the first insertion of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* an application will be made on behalf of the above company to His Excellency the Governor in Council for letters patent to incorporate the said company under the said Act.

By order,

ANDREW RUTHERFORD,
Manager.

Dated at Toronto, this 18th day of May, 1882. 47-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal for a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter named, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed name of the company is "The Prince Albert Colonization Company."

2. The purposes for which the said incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands and other property in the Province of Manitoba, in the North West Territories and elsewhere in the Dominion of Canada. The colonizing, improving and cultivating the said lands and developing the resources, agricultural, mineral or otherwise thereof, and the working, selling,

granting, conveying, leasing, mortgaging or otherwise disposing of any of such properties, and the taking mortgages and other securities for the purchase money or any part thereof, with power to sell and assign such mortgages, aiding and encouraging emigration unto and the colonization of any such lands so to be acquired by advances or bonus secured as may be agreed upon or by any other lawful means; aiding by way of bonus or otherwise the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway or telegraph, canals or highways conducive to the development of the company's property. The buying, manufacturing and selling of all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the purposes of the company or by any person who may settle on any of the company's lands. Borrowing and investing moneys for the colonization purposes of the company. Erecting buildings, dwellings, grist mills, saw mills and manufactures of any description, and to aid in the construction thereof in any lawful manner upon such terms and conditions and security as may be agreed upon. Stocking any of their lands and engaging in the business of stock breeding and raising. Raising grain and other farm produce and to manufacture or export the same and to engage in mining upon any of their said properties. And with such other powers as may be conferred upon similar companies.

3. The City of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, in the province of Ontario, to be the chief place of business.

4. The capital stock to be \$400,000, divided into 4,000 shares of \$100 each.

5. The following are the names in full and the addresses and calling of the applicants, viz:—William Sharples, merchant, Thomas McGrevey, contractor, both of the city of Quebec, in the province of Quebec; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, barrister at law, Philip Roblin Palmer, insurance agent, and James Coleman Jamieson, publisher, all of the city of Belleville, in the province of Ontario; John White, manufacturer, Roslin, in said province of Ontario; Hugh Sutherland, lumber merchant, and James Albert Manning Aikens, barrister at law, the last two of the city of Winnipeg, in the province of Manitoba; David Gilmour, lumber merchant, and William Jeffs, grain merchant, the last two of the town of Trenton, in said province of Ontario; and Duncan Charles Plumb, of the town of Niagara, in said province of Ontario, gentleman.

The first or provisional directors are the aforesaid William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGrevey, Philip Roblin Palmer and Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, all of whom are British subjects.

FORBES & HILTON,

Solicitors for applicants.

Trenton, 15th May, 1882.

47-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic, under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Standard Homestead Company of Canada."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are:—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances

with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon, granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—James Moffat, of the City of London, a lieutenant colonel of Militia; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, of the City of Toronto, one of Her Majesty's Counsel; Andrew S. Irving, of the City of Toronto, manager Toronto News Co.; W. Barclay McMurrich, mayor of City of Toronto, barrister at law; Alexander Gemmel, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Sanderson Percy, of the City of Toronto, wholesale paint and oil merchant; Bernard Saunders, of the City of Toronto, merchant tailor; Andrew J. Somerville, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Richard J. Hovenden, of the City of Toronto, fresco painter; William Robins, of the City of Toronto, accountant; Samuel Davison, of the City of Toronto, commission merchant; William Roaf, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law; Peter B. Ball, of the City of Toronto, agent; Edward R. C. Clarkson, of the City of Toronto, accountant and official assignee; Christopher W. Bunting, of the City of Toronto, managing director Mail Printing Company; George Birrell, of the City of London, merchant; Robert Lewis, of the City of London, Esquire; Charles F. Goodhue, of the City of London, Esquire; Isaac Waterman, of the City of London, manufacturer; Robert McIntosh, of Rapid City, Manitoba, doctor of medicine; Daniel Spry, of the Town of Barrie, P.O. inspector, and Henry Bickford, of the Town of Dundas, manufacturer. The said James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrich, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden and William Robins are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 18th May, A.D., 1882.

47-tf

NOTICE.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, for letters patent under the Great Seal to grant a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor, for the incorporation of a company by the name of "The German Colonization Company."

The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion, with a view of colonizing and settling the same;

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any real and personal property or any interest therein from the Dominion or Provincial Governments or from any body corporate or any person or persons, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, clearing, cultivating or otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company, and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to lend and grant any money to assist immigrants.

(e) To aid by way of bonuses in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of railway and of steamboats or barges from and through the lands of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company, or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) To act as agents for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(h) To breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of stock-raising on any lands acquired or to be acquired by said company.

(i) To dig, excavate, mine and sell or purchase coal or other minerals which may be found or discovered in the lands of the company.

(j) To erect, build and construct saw mills, grist mills, woollen mills and manufactories of every description on the lands of the company.

(k) And for such powers to have all necessary powers of borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real estate and personal property, and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto, but nothing herein contained shall constitute the company a loan company.

The town of Walkerton or the city of Toronto to be the chief place of business of the said company.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$100,000. There are to be 1,000 shares, each share to be for the sum of \$100.

The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say: the following residing in the town of Berlin, in the Province of Ontario, Hugo Kranz, merchant, and Frederick Snyder, tinsmith; James Dunlop Gemmill, of the city of Montreal, Esquire; Alexander Shaw, of the town of Walkerton, Q. C.; Robert Porteous, of the village of Paisley, banker; George Randall, of the town of Waterloo, Gentleman, and John Charles Brennan, of the city of Ottawa, merchant; and the said Hugo Kranz, Frederick Snyder, James Dunlop Gemmill, Alexander Shaw, Robert Porteous, George Randall John Charles Brennan are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

SIIAW & ROBERTSON, of Walkerton,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at Walkerton, 16th May, 1882. 47-6

MISCELLANEOUS.

LA BANQUE DE ST. HYACINTHE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. upon the capital paid up of this institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and will be payable at this Bank, in St. Hyacinthe, on and after Tuesday, the first day of August next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st July, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
R. St. JACQUES,
Cashier.

St. Hyacinthe, 15th June, 1882.

52-5

Dominion of Canada, }
Province of Prince Edward Island. }

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of an Act of the Parliament of Canada passed in the forty-fifth year of Her present Majesty's Reign, chapter 23, intituled "An Act respecting Insolvent Banks, Insurance Companies, Loan Companies, Building Societies and Trading Corporations," and of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Prince Edward Island, an Insolvent Banking Company.

His Honor Mr. Justice Peters has, by an order dated the nineteenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, appointed The Bank of Nova Scotia, (to act through its agent here Mr. David C. Chalmers), Lemuel Cambridge Owen, of Charlottetown, in said province, merchant, and Charles Colson Gardiner, of the same place, Gentleman, to be the liquidators of the above named Banking Company.

JAMES D. IRVING,
Deputy Prothonotary.

R. R. FITZGERALD,
Solicitor.

Dated this 19th day of June, A.D., 1882.

52-2

Dominion of Canada, }
Province of Prince Edward Island. }

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of an Act of the Parliament of Canada passed in the forty-fifth year of Her present Majesty's Reign, chapter 23 intituled "An Act respecting Insolvent Banks, Insurance Companies, Loan Companies, Building Societies and Trading Corporations," and of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Prince Edward Island, an insolvent Banking Company.

The creditors of the above named Banking Company are requested on or before the twenty-fourth day of July next (A.D. 1882) to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their solicitors, if any, to David C. Chalmers, of Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in the Province of Prince Edward Island, in said Dominion of Canada, the person appointed to act for the Bank of Nova Scotia, one of the liquidators of the said Banking Company, and if so required by notice in writing from the said David C. Chalmers acting as aforesaid or by the solicitor of the liquidators of said Banking Company to come in and prove their said debts or claims at the chambers of the Honorable Horsefield Peters, a Judge of the said Supreme Court of the said Province, in the Law Courts Building, in Charlottetown aforesaid, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

Monday the twenty-eighth day of August next coming A.D. 1882, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the said chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.

Dated the 19th day of June A.D. 1882.

JAMES D. IRVING,
Deputy Prothy.

52-5

WELLINGTON, GREY AND BRUCE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway Company will be held at the principal office of the said company, in the City of Hamilton, (being in the general office building of the Great Western Railway Company, 58 Stuart street, West), on Wednesday, the 19th July, A.D., 1882,

at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of directors, and for the transaction of other business.

By order,

SAML. SLATER,
Secretary.

Hamilton, 15th June, 1881.

51-3

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made on the 6th day of July, 1882, under authority of section 16, chap. 34, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, for the extension beyond the terms of their limitation of the letters patent bearing date the twenty-eighth day of January, A.D., eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, granted to William Milner for certain improvements in waggon gearing to be called "Front Hounds with sway bar connected, and Back Hounds or Crotch."

WILLIAM MILNER,
Patentee.

Strathroy, Ont., 5th June, A.D., 1882.

50-3

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 14.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Monday, the 3rd day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Wednesday, the 5th day of July next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 23rd May, 1882.

49-5

UNION BANK OF LOWER CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 33.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after Monday, the third day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at their Banking house, in the City of Quebec, on Monday, the Third day of July, 1882. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

P. MACEWEN,
Cashier.

Quebec, 27th May, 1882.

49-4

NOTICE is hereby given that a general meeting of Provisional Directors of the Rapid City Central Railway Company, will be held at the Queen's Hotel, in the City of Toronto, at noon, on the ninth day of July next, for the purpose of opening stock books, and for such other business as may then be legally transacted.

Ottawa, 25th May, 1882.

49-6

THE CANADA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, by, and on behalf of the Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company, that it intends to cease to carry on business in Canada, and that it has made an application to the Government for the release of its securities deposited with the Receiver General, and that such application will be presented for hearing and determination, on the 7th day of September next, (1882); and all Canadian policy holders, opposing such application are hereby required to file their opposition with the Minister of Finance on or before said day, and attend on the hearing and determination of said application.

CHARLES CAMERON,

Managing Director and Secretary.

Dated this 30th day of May, 1882.

49-13

NOTICE is hereby given that the books of the Great Western Railway Company kept at the office in Canada for the registration of shares, will be closed from the fourteenth day of June to the day of the special general meeting of the company appointed to be held on the twenty-ninth day of June instant, both days inclusive, and transfers cannot be received between those dates.

WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

Dated 3rd June, 1882.

49-4

THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY (OF CANADA).

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E. C., on Thursday the twenty-ninth day of June next, at one o'clock, P. M. precisely, for the purpose of considering an agreement between the directors of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada and the directors of The Grand Trunk Railway Company, having for its object the consolidation of the undertakings of the two companies into one undertaking under the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 16 Vict., cap. 39, intituled: "An Act to empower any railway company whose railway forms part of the main trunk line of railway throughout this Province to unite with any other such company or to purchase the property and rights of any such company and to repeal certain Acts therein mentioned incorporating railway companies," and under the powers conferred by the several Acts amending or extending that Act, and for the purpose of either ratifying or disallowing such agreement in manner required by those Acts or one of them, by such agreement and in accordance with the provisions of the before mentioned Acts the following among other objects are proposed to be effected as from the first July, 1882.

1. The consolidation of the undertakings of the two existing companies into one undertaking under a single company.

2. The taking over by the single company of the liabilities of the two existing companies but without prejudice to the rights of creditors and other persons having claims against the undertaking or portions of the undertaking of each of the two existing companies.

3. The retainer of the stock of each of the two existing companies as a separate distinct class of stock under the titles of Great Western stock, representing the existing stock of the Great Western Company, and Grand Trunk stock representing the existing stock of the Grand Trunk Company.

4. The division of the net profits of the consolidated undertaking after payment of interest on borrowed capital, rents of leased lines, and all other outgoings between the two classes of stocks as follows, namely,

30 per cent to Great Western stock and 70 per cent to Grand Trunk stock.

5. But if the 30 per cent. appropriated to Great Western stock is in any year insufficient to pay five per cent. per annum on the preference portion, and three per cent. per annum on the ordinary portion of that stock, then the deficiency to be made good out of the 70 per cent. appropriated to Grand Trunk stock, and all sums paid to make good such deficiency to be recouped out of any surplus remaining in any subsequent year, of the 30 per cent. after discharging interest at the before mentioned rates on the Great Western stock.

6. One third, as nearly as may be, of the directors of the consolidated undertaking to be qualified by holding Great Western stock and the other two thirds by holding Grand Trunk stock.

7. The making all proper arrangements consequent on the consolidation in manner above proposed of the two undertakings, and for preserving the rights of the holders of each class of stock, regulating the number and time and mode of election and qualification of Directors, the voting powers and all other matters required to be provided for in relation to the affairs of the two existing companies, and the rights of the stockholders and shareholders therein, or in the consolidated undertaking, or otherwise arising out of the consolidation, including the appointment of Trustees to receive and distribute moneys applicable to the Great Western Stock.

By order,
WALTER LINDLEY,
Secretary.

No. 142, Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C.

25th May, 1882.

48-5

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special general meeting of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, will be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E.C., on Thursday the twenty-ninth day of June next, at one o'clock p.m. precisely, for the purpose of considering an agreement between the directors of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada and the directors of the Great Western Railway Company having for its object the consolidation of the undertakings of the two companies into one undertaking under the powers conferred by the Act of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 16 Vict. cap. 39 intituled "An Act to empower any railway company " whose railway forms part of the main trunk line " of railway throughout this Province to unite with " any other such company or to purchase the property " and rights of any such company and to repeal " certain Acts therein mentioned incorporating railway companies," and under the powers conferred by the several Acts amending or extending that Act and for the purpose of either ratifying or disallowing such agreement in manner required by those Acts or one of them. By such agreement and in accordance with the provisions of the before mentioned Acts, the following among other objects are proposed to be effected as from the first July, 1882.

1. The consolidation of the undertakings of the two existing companies into one undertaking under a single company.

2. The taking over by the single company of the liabilities of the two existing companies but without prejudice to the rights of creditors and other persons having claims against the undertaking or portions of the undertaking of each of the two existing companies.

3. The retainer of the stock of each of the two existing companies as a separate distinct class of stock under the titles of Great Western Stock, representing the existing stock of the Great Western Company, and Grand Trunk stock representing the existing stock of the Grand Trunk Company.

4. The division of the net profits of the consolidated undertaking after payment of interest on borrowed capital, rents of leased lines, and all other outgoings between the two classes of stocks as follows, namely, 30 per cent. to Great Western stock and 70 per cent. to Grand Trunk stock.

5. But if the 30 per cent. appropriated to Great Western stock is in any year insufficient to pay five per cent. per annum on the preference portion, and three per cent. per annum on the ordinary portion of that stock, then the deficiency to be made good out of the 70 per cent. appropriated to Grand Trunk stock, and all sums paid to make good such deficiency to be recouped out of any surplus remaining in any subsequent year, of the 30 per cent. after discharging interest at the before mentioned rates on the Great Western stock.

6. One third, as nearly as may be of the directors of the consolidated undertaking to be qualified by holding Great Western stock and the other two thirds by holding Grand Trunk stock.

7. The making all proper arrangements consequent on the consolidation in manner above proposed of the two undertakings, and for preserving the rights of the holders of each class of stock, regulating the number and time and mode of election and qualification of directors, the voting powers and all other matters required to be provided for in relation to the affairs of the two existing companies, and the rights of the stockholders and shareholders therein, or in the consolidated undertaking or otherwise arising out of the consolidation, including the appointment of Trustees to receive and distribute moneys applicable to Great Western Stock.

By order,
H. W. TYLER,
President.
J. B. RENTON,
Secretary.

Dashwood House,
9, New Broad Street,
London, E. C.

25th May, 1882.

48-5

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

DIVIDEND No. 30.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. upon the capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Monday, the 3rd day of July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 18th of June to the 2nd day of July, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Banking House, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 11th day of July next.

The chair will be taking at twelve o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

W. N. ANDERSON,
General Manager.
Toronto, 23rd May, '1882. 48-5

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of two and one half per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of five per cent. per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, on and after Monday, the 3rd July next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of June next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. E. BRAIS,
Cashier.
Montreal, 25th May, 1882. 48-5

*Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.*

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at the CITY OF OTTAWA, on the 7th day of August, 1882.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Hochelaga.

Alphonse Desjardins, of the City of Montreal, advocate.

Bagot.

Honble. Joseph Alfred Mousseau, of the City of Ottawa, Secretary of State.

Beauharnois.

Joseph G. H. Bergeron, of the City of Montreal, advocate.

Two Mountains.

Jean-Baptiste Daoust, of the Parish of St. Eustache, yeoman.

Richmond and Wolfe.

William Bullock Ives, of the City of Sherbrooke, advocate.

Iberville.

François Béchard, of the Parish of St. Gregory-the-Great, farmer.

Bonaventure.

Louis Joseph Riopel, of New Carlisle, advocate.

Temiscouata.

Paul Etienne Grandbois, of the Town of Fraserville, physician.

Nicolet.

François X. O. Méthot, of the Parish of St. Pierre les Becquets, farmer.

City of Three Rivers.

Sir Hector Louis Langevin, K.C.M.G., C.B., Minister of Public Works.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

County of Frontenac.]

George Airey Kirkpatrick, of the City of Kingston, barrister-at-law.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Victoria.

Honorable John Costigan, of Grand Falls, Minister of Inland Revenue.

Northumberland.

Honorable Peter Mitchell, of Montreal.

RICHARD POPE,

Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



NOMINATIONS.

DÉPARTEMENT DU SECRÉTAIRE D'ÉTAT DU CANADA.

Il a plu à SON EXCELLENCE LE GOUVERNEUR GÉNÉRAL de faire les nominations suivantes, savoir :

Ottawa, 3 mai 1882.

JAMES HENRY GATES, d'Annapolis, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, gentilhomme ; Officier dans

les douanes de Sa Majesté, pour prévenir la contre-bande.

19 mai 1882.

RIVERS G. CHARLTON, de Chicoutimi, dans la province de Québec, écuyer ; Sous-percepteur dans les douanes de Sa Majesté.

*Bureau du Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
du Canada.*

MEMBRES rapportés pour servir dans le PARLEMENT convoqué de se réunir à la CITE D'OTTAWA, le 7e jour d'août 1882 :

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

Hochelaga.

Alphonse Desjardins, de la cité de Montréal, avocat.

Bagot.

L'honorable Joseph Alfred Mousseau, de la cité d'Ottawa, secrétaire d'Etat.

Beauharnois.

Joseph G. H. Bergeron, de la cité de Montréal, avocat.

Deux-Montagnes.

Jean Baptiste Daoust, de la paroisse de St. Eustache, bourgeois.

Richmond et Wolfe.

William Bullock Ives, de la cité de Sherbrooke, avocat.

Iberville.

François Béchard, de la paroisse de St. Grégoire-le-Grand, cultivateur.

Bonaventure.

Louis Joseph Riopel, de New Carlisle, avocat.

Témiscouata.

Paul Etienne Grandbois, de la ville de Fraserville, médecin.

Nicolet.

François X. O. Méthot, de la paroisse de Saint-Pierre les Becquets, cultivateur.

Cité des Trois-Rivières.

Sir Hector Louis Langevin, K.C.M.G., C.B., ministre des Travaux Publics.

PROVINCE D'ONTARIO.

Comté de Frontenac.

George Airey Kirkpatrick, de la cité de Kingston, avocat.

PROVINCE DU NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK.

Victoria.

L'honorable John Costigan, de Grand Falls, ministre du Revenu de l'Intérieur.

Northumberland.

L'honorable Peter Mitchell, de Montréal.

RICHARD POPE,

Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. MCGEE,

Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.

—SALUT:

ATTENDU que par et de l'avis et du consentement de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous avons jugé à propos de DISSOUDRE le présent parlement du Canada, qui se trouve prorogé au VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

SACHEZ MAINTENANT, qu'à cette fin Nous publions Notre présente Proclamation Royale, et par icelle DISSOLVONS en conséquence le dit Parlement du Canada, et les Sénateurs et les Membres de la Chambre des Communes sont en conséquence exemptés de s'assembler et d'être présents le dit VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier du Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui les présentes parviendront—SALUT.

ATTENDU que c'est notre désir et détermination de rencontrer aussitôt que faire se pourra, Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous faisons connaître par les présentes Notre volonté et Plaisir Royal de convoquer un Parlement, et Nous déclarons de plus que, de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous AVONS CE JOUR donné des Ordres pour l'émanation de Nos Writs en due forme pour convoquer un Parlement dans Notre dite Puissance, lesquels Writs seront en date du DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI courant et retournables le SEPTIÈME jour d'AOUT prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, Député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront—SALUT:

SACHEZ que, désirant et ayant résolu, aussitôt que faire se pourra, de rencontrer Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, par ces présentes convoquons la Chambre des Communes dans et pour Notre dite Puissance, et la sommons de se réunir en Notre cité d'Ottawa, en Notre dite Puissance, LUNDI, le SEPTIÈME jour d'AOUT prochain, pour là et alors conférer et traiter avec les Grands Hommes et le Sénat de Notre dite Puissance.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de LORNE), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie
Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT:

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASIE, Député du ministre de la Justice, Canada. } **A**TTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé en la session du Parlement du Canada tenue dans la trente-sixième année de Notre règne, chapitre neuvième et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick seulement, et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement, dans l'une ou l'autre de ces provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil (sauf seulement les ports d'Halifax et de Pictou, dans la Nouvelle-Ecosse, et le port de St-Jean, dans le Nouveau-Brunswick.)

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du dix-neuvième jour de mai dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant le port de Musquodoboit, dans le comté d'Halifax, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements, la limite du dit port sera comme suit, savoir: une ligne imaginaire tirée de Jeddore Head à Petpiswick Head.

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et ses amendements et un ordre en Conseil, nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au port de Musquodoboit, dans le comté d'Halifax, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, tel que ci-dessus défini.

De ce qui précède Nos fœux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. Témoin, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand' Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'Ottawa, ce DIX-NEUVIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

51-3

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTÉRIEUR.

Ottawa, 16 juin 1882.

A VIS public est donné par le présent que les étendues de terre ci-dessous décrites ont été réparties pour des fins de colonisation aux compagnies et personnes ci-dessous nommées, que ces compagnies et personnes ont fait le premier versement dû sur l'achat des sections portant des nombres impairs, et qu'elles ont conclu l'arrangement requis à cet égard par le gouverneur en conseil ; et avis public est aussi donné que les dites compagnies et personnes contrôlent séparément l'établissement des dites étendues de terre, sujet aux dispositions de l'Acte des terres fédérales, 1879, et des actes qui le modifient, et sujet et conformément au plan No. 1 des Règlements des terres approuvés par le gouverneur en conseil le vingt-troisième jour de décembre 1881, viz :

La compagnie écossaise des terres d'Ontario et du Manitoba :—La moitié nord du township numéro quinze et la moitié sud du township numéro seize, dans le rang numéro vingt-cinq ; le township numéro vingt et le township fractionnel numéro dix-neuf dans le rang numéro vingt-huit, tous à l'ouest du premier méridien.

La compagnie de colonisation des premiers méthodistes :—Les townships numéros vingt-deux et vingt-trois dans les rangs numéros huit et neuf ; le township fractionnel numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro dix et les parties des townships numéros vingt et un dans les rangs numéros huit, neuf et dix, au nord de la lisière de terre du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique, tous à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

52-3

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTÉRIEUR.

Ottawa, 7 juin 1882.

A VIS public est donné par le présent que les étendues de terre ci-dessous décrites ont été réparties pour des fins de colonisation aux compagnies et personnes ci-dessous nommées, que ces compagnies et personnes ont fait le premier versement dû sur l'achat des sections portant des nombres impairs, et qu'elles ont conclu l'arrangement requis à cet égard par le gouverneur en conseil ; et avis public est aussi donné que les dites compagnies et personnes contrôlent séparément l'établissement des dites étendues de terre, sujet aux dispositions de l'Acte des terres fédérales, 1879, et des actes qui le modifient, et sujet et conformément au plan No. 1 des Règlements des

terres approuvés par le gouverneur en conseil le vingt-troisième jour de décembre 1881, viz :

A la Compagnie de colonisation des Terres Fédérales :—Les townships numéros vingt-un et vingt-deux dans le rang numéro sept ; les townships numéros vingt-trois, vingt-quatre, vingt-cinq et vingt-six dans le rang numéro douze ; les townships numéros vingt-quatre et vingt-cinq dans le rang numéro onze, et ces parties du township numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro douze et le township fractionnaire numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro onze au nord de la zone du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique ; aussi le township numéro vingt-six dans le rang numéro quatorze et les townships fractionnaires numéros vingt-six A dans les rangs numéros treize, quatorze et quinze, le tout à l'ouest du deuxième méridien principal.

A la Compagnie des terres de Montréal et de l'Ouest :—Les townships numéros vingt et vingt-un dans le rang numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro trois, le tout à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

A la Compagnie de placement en terres de Dundee :—Le township numéro vingt-un dans le rang numéro deux, à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

A George Gordon Dustan et William Bain Scarth :—Les townships numéros cinquante-trois et cinquante-quatre dans le rang numéro vingt-trois ; et les townships numéros cinquante-trois, cinquante-quatre, cinquante-six et cinquante-sept dans le rang numéro vingt-quatre, le tout à l'ouest du quatrième méridien.

A Patrick Purcell :—Les townships numéros trente-un et trente-deux dans les rangs numéros six, sept et huit, à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

Par ordre,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Sous-ministre de l'intérieur.

51-5

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTÉRIEUR.

Ottawa, 16 juin 1882.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que les compagnies et personnes suivantes ont obtenu pour les fins de la colonisation les étendues de terre ci-après décrites après leurs noms respectifs ; qu'elles ont payé le premier versement dû sur le prix d'achat des sections de nombre impair et qu'elles ont fait avec le gouverneur en conseil l'arrangement requis à cette fin. Avis est de plus donné au public que les dites compagnies et personnes contrôlent chacune la colonisation des dites étendues de terre, sujet aux clauses de l'acte de 1879 concernant les terres du gouvernement fédéral et les amendements d'icelui, et sujet de plus et en conformité du plan No. 1 des règlements concernant les terres approuvés par le gouverneur-général en conseil, le vingt-troisième jour de décembre 1881, savoir :

La société de colonisation de tempérance :—Les townships numéros trente-deux, trente-trois, trente-quatre, trente-cinq et trente-six dans les rangs numéros quatre, cinq et six ; et les townships numéros trente-sept et trente-huit dans les rangs numéros trois, quatre et cinq, tous à l'ouest du troisième méridien, en exceptant cependant la réserve indienne connue sous le nom de "Réserve du Veau Blanc," située sur la rive est de la Saskatchewan-Sud.

La compagnie de colonisation des cultivateurs de York :—Les townships numéros vingt-deux et vingt-trois dans le rang numéro deux, les townships numéros vingt-six dans les rangs numéros quatre et cinq ; et les townships numéros vingt-sept dans les rangs numéros deux et trois, tous à l'ouest du second méridien.

William Henry Christian Meyer :—Les townships numéros vingt-deux, dans le rang numéro vingt-cinq, à l'ouest du second méridien.

51-3

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montréal, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Montréal; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Etna," de Hartford, Connecticut....		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 débentures de municipalités; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Etna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U. et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900).....	Sur la vie.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée).....		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton..	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal...	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pes., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto..	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650).....	Sur la vie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. Jean, N.B.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.. ..		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B) ..	Sur la vie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasins de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210).....	Garantie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000.)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$48,667 5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$10,000 stg., effets canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal...	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		C. O. Foster, agent, Montréal.	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$11,000 stg. effets canadiens.....	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg., effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vic.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		D. O. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815).....	Sur la vie.

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents génér., Mont.	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$27,000 bons du hav. de Mont-réal et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Acceptés à \$150,800)...	Contre l'inc. et par la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux Montréal...	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie
La société d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, gérant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accepté \$60,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn	Robert Hampson, Montréal, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. génér., Mont..	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens ..	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie, de Québec	J. G. Clapham, président, Québec.....	\$60,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi-paux, Montréal	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso-lidés canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La société d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi-paux, Montréal.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolidés canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (général.) Aussi \$194,666 annuités angl. (génér.) Total \$515,515.....	
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Frères, agents généraux, Montréal....	\$71,068, fds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$101,218)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Bossé, agents, Montréal.	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, président, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Acceptés à \$90,512)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, gérant, Montréal.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montréal, (acceptés à \$153,900), étant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre.....	A. W. Lauder, trésorier général, Toronto....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montréal..	R. Macaulay, secrétaire général, Montréal..	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, gérant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en espèces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Acceptés à \$32,915)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis, \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montréal (acceptés à \$140,500), étant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur gérant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,930).....	Sur la vie.
			Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPERATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES EMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre.....	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.U.....	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amerique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre.....	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$8,273 ¹ débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise.....	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal.....	\$150,790 sav.: \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$50,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemen, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de mai 1882 A .
Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20,

Balance en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 30 avril 1882.....	\$8,728,449 12	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$369,129 93
Dépôts durant le mois	569,720 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	4,522 63		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,881,630 43
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	48 871 39
	9,302,691 75		8,933,461 83
			\$9,202,691 75

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
Commis des statistiques.
Département des Finances, Ottawa, 23 juin 1882.

ETAT	
Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 mai dernier.	
REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,772,613 10
Excise	538,605 86
Département des Postes.....	113,689 24
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	286,283 03
Divers	144,581 49
	\$2,855,772 72
Moins—recettes provenant des terres fédérales portées au compte du capital	473,556 65
	\$2,382,216 07
Revenu, 30 avril 1882.....	27,171,980 05
	\$29,554,196 12
DÉPENSES.....	\$2,783,685 38
do 30 avril 1882.....	19,770,127 68
	\$22,553,813 06

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er juin 1882.

ETAT, sujet à révision, des revenus de l'intérieur accrus pendant le mois d'avril 1882.		
Source de revenu.	—	Montant.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spiritueux.....	265,178 93	
Liqucur de malt.....	50 00	
Malt.....	37,283 02	
Tabac	151,278 68	
Inspection du pétrole.....	966 75	
Fabrications en entrepôt.	3,117 23	
Saisies	1,809 80	
Autres recettes.....	515 00	
Total, revenu de l'accise		464,199 41
Canaux		4,862 97
Pouvoirs d'eau et autres loyers..		1,887 00
Travaux publics secondaires.....		287 38
Inspection et mesurage du bois..		821 31
Inspection des poids et mesures.		2,881 87
Inspection du gaz		255 00
Timbres d'effets de commerce ...		131 69
Total		475,326 63

E. MIALL,
Sous-commissaire.
Ministère du revenu de l'intérieur,
Ottawa, 26 mai 1882. 48-t

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comté auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comté.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers

pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Britannique Canadienne de câble et de télégraphe, dans le but de jeter un câble d'un point en Ecosse au Groënland, de là parla baie d'Hudson à Winnipeg; avec le droit de construire des lignes télégraphiques le long de n'importe quel chemin de fer ou route postale dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière à la Pluie.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, à l'effet de constituer en corps politique Richard Fuller, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, gentilhomme; John Ross, du village d'Homer, dans le comté de Lincoln, dans la dite province, entrepreneur; James J. Foy, de la cité de Toronto, dans la dite province, avocat; Duncan McArthur, de la cité de Winnipeg, province du Manitoba, banquier, et William Clarke, de la dite cité de Winnipeg, meunier, sous la raison sociale de "La compagnie manufacturière de papier de Kéwatin," dans le but de fabriquer du papier et de la pulpe à papier; la dite com-

pagnie devant avoir le siège principal de ses opérations dans la cité de Winnipeg, avec un capital-actions de cent cinquante mille piastres (\$150,000) divisé en quinze cents actions de cent piastres chacune; les dits Richard Fuller, John Ross, James J. Foy, Duncan McArthur et William Clarke devant être les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

AIKENS, CULVER ET HAMILTON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté ce 22 juin 1882.

52-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par les soussignés à Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil pour obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada constituant en corps politique les requérants et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie proposée, sous le nom et pour les fins suivantes:—

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie de pulpe du Canada."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes:—

Manufacturer, fabriquer et vendre dans n'importe quelle province de la Confédération, de la pulpe et du papier, ainsi que les articles manufacturés avec de la pulpe ou du papier; acquérir des brevets d'invention se rapportant à telle manufacture; fabriquer et vendre des machines auxquelles s'appliquent les dits brevets d'invention; en général faire toute espèce de choses propres à faciliter à la compagnie la réalisation de ses fins.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant projeté du capital-actions de la compagnie, est de cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le montant des actions de tel capital sera de cent piastres pour chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants:—

John Farman, John McKergow, Albert A. Ayer, John P. McLachlan, John Cassils, tous écuyers, marchands, et Hiram K. Jaslin, écuyer, ingénieur civil, tous de la cité de Montréal, et Robert Meighen, de Perth, gentilhomme.

Les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTT,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 20 juin 1882.

52-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées:

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont:—

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que les intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre

du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachant requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement; le droit de faire des opérations d'agriculture et de développer les ressources de la compagnie; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie, et d'émettre des débentures garanties par les terres de la compagnie, ou autrement, pour les mêmes fins; le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres, d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$600,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de 6,000 d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit:

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward Carter, James Haywood, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand; dont les personnes suivantes seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie:—William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 19 avril 1882.

52-6

A VIS est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada, de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gou-

verneur-Général en Conseil, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une chartre constituant en corps politique les requérants ci-après nommés et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après énumérées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée sera "La compagnie militaire de colonisation du Canada."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada soit des individus ou compagnies ; coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres ; arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres, bâtir dessus, en développer les ressources minières suivant qu'il est permis de le faire par les règlements du gouvernement ; acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer et en général trafiquer les terres de n'importe quelle façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie ; garantir le remboursement des prêts ainsi faits avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou autrement suivant qu'il aura été convenu ; ériger, acquérir ou louer des moulins de différente sorte ; manufacturer et vendre de la farine, du bois de service et autres commodités ; élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux ; exercer dans toutes ses branches l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cent mille piastres divisé en mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

Thomas Bland Strange, de la cité de Kingston, Ontario, major-général ; Claude de Vin Wade, de la Rivière de l'Arc, territoire du Nord-Ouest, gentilhomme ; R. Hunt, de Bombay, Inde, colonel du 5e régiment d'infanterie indigène de Bombay ; Reginald Hennell, de Bombay, Inde, major du 5e régiment d'infanterie indigène de Bombay ; Falkland Warren, de Nicosia, Chypre, colonel de l'artillerie royale ; Albert Cunningham, de Londres, Angleterre, gentilhomme, et William Robert Oswald, de Montréal, courtier de change.

6. Les premiers directeurs de la compagnie seront les dits Thomas Bland Strange, Claude de Vin Wade et William Robert Oswald.

HOLTON ET NICOLLS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 21 juin 1882.

52-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que les personnes ci-après nommées et désignées ont l'intention de s'adresser au gouverneur en conseil pour obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada les constituant elles et toute autre qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire de la compagnie, en un corps politique sous l'autorité de l'Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social."

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie sera "La compagnie de transport du Canada."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique est le transport par terre, au moyen de véhicules tirés par des chevaux, de marchandises et effets dans les cités de Montréal, Ottawa, Québec, Toronto, Winnipeg et aux alentours, de même que dans les principaux centres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la cité de Montréal.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000.00 divisé en cinq mille actions de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants :

L'honorable Matthew H. Cochrane, de Compton, dans la province de Québec, sénateur ; Henry Judah,

de la cité et du district de Montréal, écuyer, avocat ; et William B. Smith, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, écuyer. Et les dites personnes seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT, TAIT ET ABBOTT,
Avocats des requérants.

Montréal, 20 juin 1882.

52-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par l'honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, sénateur, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Robert Deull, M.P., de Pictou, Nouvelle-Ecosse ; John Alexander Mackenzie, avocat, de Sarnia, Ontario ; Frank Egerton Gibbs, meunier, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Hugh Macmahon, C.R., de London, Ontario ; Thomas Wesley Jackson, de Qu'Appelle, Territoire du Nord-Ouest, agent d'immigration ; William Pugsley, jr., avocat, de la cité de Saint-Jean, Nouveau-Brunswick ; Leigh Richmond Harrison, avocat, de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, et Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, avocat, également de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, à l'effet de constituer les personnes ci-dessus nommées et d'autres en un corps politique pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres de Qu'Appelle et du Lac Long" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest ; le droit de coloniser, établir, améliorer et vendre les dites terres et en développer les ressources de toute nature ; le droit d'arpenter et diviser les dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit de développer et exploiter les pêcheries sur les rives du lac Long ; le droit d'ériger et établir des magasins sur les dites propriétés, acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute description ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, accorder, transporter, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et donner des secours aux colons établis sur les terres, y compris le droit d'avancer des marchandises ; le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit de construire des routes, chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe, vapeurs ou navires, quais et autres travaux et moyens de transport sur les terres et les eaux de la compagnie ou utiles pour l'amélioration des propriétés de la compagnie, y compris le droit d'accorder de l'aide à ces diverses entreprises et s'en servir.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de quatre cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quatre mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les différentes personnes ci-dessus décrites seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

MACKENZIE, GURD ET KITTERMMASTER,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants, Sarnia, Ont.
Daté ce 15 avril 1882.

49-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite au gouverneur général en conseil en vertu de "l'acte du Canada concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par la "Compagnie de trafic du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), constituée en corps politique par lettres patentes du 22 juillet, A.D., 1873, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes supplémentaires sous le grand sceau du Canada, étendant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie pour les fins suivantes :

1. L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et

individus; l'arpentage, la colonisation, l'établissement, la culture des dites terres et la construction de maisons dessus; la vente, la location des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et trafiquer de toute autre façon, de prêter de l'argent aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres et de leur venir en aide, en garantissant ses avances avec intérêt au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement sur les dites terres, à des conditions et de telle manière dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire toutes les opérations se rattachant à l'industrie des fermiers.

2. L'augmentation du capital-actions de la dite compagnie jusqu'à deux cent cinquante mille piastres devant être divisé en deux mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent de la compagnie.

Ottawa, 16 juin 1882.

51-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie sera "Le syndicat de la ferme Qu'Appelle, (limité)."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(2) L'exercice du droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) L'exercice du droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, les trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon ou élever dessus des constructions.

(4) L'exercice du droit de vendre, louer, affermer et hypothéquer les dites terres, les trafiquer de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement; emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et faire toute chose utile ou nécessaire aux fins que se propose la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique; aider et encourager l'immigration, secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, avec des succursales à Toronto et ailleurs, dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinquante mille parts de dix piastres chacune.

4. Voici les nom, prénom qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants: Jay Charles Richardson, de la cité de Cincinnati, Etats-Unis d'Amérique, écr., James Whealy, de la cité de Winnipeg, comté de

Selkirk, franc-tenancier, Alonzo King, de la ville de Woodstock, dans le comté d'Oxford, comptable, Robert Burns Watson, de la cité de Winnipeg, entrepreneur, Rankin Dawson, M.D., de la cité de Winnipeg, Edward Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, Josiah Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, Theodore S. Covernton, M. D., de la cité de Winnipeg, Louisa Black, de la cité de Winnipeg, modiste, Elizabeth Smith, de la cité de Winnipeg, veuve; Laura Angelina Stackhouse, de la cité de Winnipeg, tisserand, Thomas Scott McCool, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois; George Fraser, de la cité de Winnipeg, fabricant de marbre, Rufus Atkinson, de la cité de Winnipeg, écr., Peter Mabec, de la ville de Simcoe, comté de Norfolk, encanteur, Joseph A. Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, George Stoddart, de la cité de Winnipeg, commis, Thomas Prest, de la cité de Winnipeg, province du Manitoba, écr., William Cowan, jr., du même lieu, écr., Olivier Austin, de la ville de Simcoe, écr.

Les quinze premiers requérants nommés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

J. B. McARTHUR,
Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Winnipeg, ce 23 mai 1882.

49-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur en conseil, un mois après la publication du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau, constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :—

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est "La Compagnie de colonisation de Prince Albert."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans le droit d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba, les Territoires du Nord-Ouest et ailleurs dans le Canada; le droit de coloniser, améliorer et cultiver les dites terres et en développer les ressources agricoles, minières ou autres; le droit de vendre, concéder, transporter, louer, hypothéquer, exploiter ou autrement trafiquer les dites propriétés ou les intérêts en icelles; le droit de prendre des hypothèques ou autres garanties pour le prix d'achat en tout ou en partie, avec le droit de vendre et céder ces hypothèques, aider et encourager l'immigration et la colonisation des dites terres, soit par des prêts ou subventions garantis suivant qu'il aura été convenu ou par tout autre moyen; le droit d'aider par le moyen de subvention ou autrement à la construction et au maintien d'une ou plusieurs lignes de chemin de fer, télégraphe, canaux ou routes de nature à développer les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit d'acheter, manifacter et vendre toute espèce de marchandises, meubles et effets requis, soit par la compagnie, soit par toute personne établie sur les terres de la dite compagnie; le droit d'emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent pour les fins de colonisation de la dite compagnie; le droit de construire des maisons, résidences, moulins à moudre, scieries et manufactures de tout genre, avec le droit d'aider à la construction d'iceux de toute manière légale et à des conditions et avec des garanties dont il aura été convenu; le droit de placer des bestiaux sur les terres de la compagnie et d'exercer l'industrie de l'élevage du bétail dans toutes ses branches; le droit de récolter du grain et autres produits de ferme; le droit de manifacter ou exporter les dits produits; le droit de faire des opérations minières sur les propriétés de la compagnie; le droit de faire tout ce qui est permis aux compagnies de même nature.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la cité d'Ottawa, dans le comté de Carleton.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$400,000 divisé en 4,000 parts de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les noms, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants :—William Sharples, marchand ; Thomas McGreevey, entrepreneur, tous deux de la cité de Québec, dans la province de Québec ; Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, avocat ; Philip Roblin Palmer, agent d'assurance, et James Coleman Jamieson, éditeur, tous de la cité de Belleville, dans la province d'Ontario, John White, fabricant, de Roslin, dans la dite province d'Ontario ; Hugh Sutherland, marchand de bois, et James Albert Manning Aikens, avocat, ces deux derniers de la cité de Winnipeg, dans la province du Manitoba ; David Gilmour, marchand de bois, et William Jeffs, marchand de grain, tous deux de la ville de Trenton, dans la dite province d'Ontario, et Duncan Charles Plumb, de la ville de Niagara, dans la dite province d'Ontario.

Les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie sont les dits William Sharples, David Gilmour, Duncan Charles Plumb, William Jeffs, Thomas McGreevey, Philip Roblin Palmer et Nathaniel Baldwin Falkiner, tous étant sujets britanniques.

FORBES ET HILTON,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Trenton, 15 mai 1882.

47-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que, conformément à l' "Acte des compagnies à fonds social, du Canada, 1877," et après l'expiration d'un mois au moins, à compter de la publication des présentes dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes scellées du grand sceau, accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant ainsi que tous autres qui pourront devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique et incorporé sous le nom et pour les fins et objets ci-après mentionnés, savoir :

1. Le nom de corporation projeté de la compagnie sera "La compagnie d'établissements (homestead) Standard du Canada"

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation sont les suivantes :

(a) Acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Coloniser, établir et vendre ces terres.

(c) Arpenter, tracer, améliorer, défricher et cultiver ces terres ; y faire des constructions et autrement s'en occuper.

(d) Vendre, affermer, louer, hypothéquer ces terres et généralement s'occuper de toute espèce d'intérêts dans ces terrains, y compris l'achat et la vente du grain et autres produits du sol ; avancer de l'argent aux colons et autrement les aider au moyen de bonis ou de toute autre manière, et assurer le remboursement de ces avances avec les intérêts, à telles conditions et de telle manière dont il pourra être convenu, au moyen d'hypothèque ou de convention ; accorder des bonis ou autrement aider à la construction et l'entretien de voies ferrées traversant les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute entreprise ayant pour but d'ouvrir ces terres, y compris les bateaux à vapeur, les lignes de télégraphe, les canaux, les réservoirs, les aqueducs, les chemins, les rues et autres travaux qui pourront être jugés propres à favoriser les fins de la compagnie ; acheter et vendre toute espèce de biens mobiliers ou droits sur ces biens dont la compagnie pourra avoir besoin pour favoriser ses propres intérêts ou ceux des colons établis sur ces terres ; le pouvoir d'emprunter et faire des placements d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs utiles et nécessaires pour favoriser les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation ; le pouvoir de favoriser, aider et encourager l'immigration et de secourir les immigrants de toutes les manières et par tous les moyens désirables dans le but d'ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée, et promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie ainsi que ceux du Canada en général.

3. Le principal siège d'affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto et elle aura des bureaux dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le capital social de la compagnie sera] de un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre d'actions du dit capital sera de dix mille, et chaque action sera pour un montant de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms au long ainsi que l'adresse et la profession des dits requérants : James Moffat, de la cité de London, lieutenant-colonel de milice ; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, de la cité de Toronto, conseil de la Reine ; Andrew S. Irving, de la cité de Toronto, directeur de la compagnie de publication de Toronto ; W. Barclay McMurrich, maire de la cité de Toronto, avocat ; Alexander Gemmel, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros ; Sanderson Percy, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de peinture et d'huile en gros ; Bernard Saunders, de la cité de Toronto, marchand-tailleur ; Andrew J. Somerville, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros ; Richard J. Hovenden, de la cité de Toronto, peintre décorateur ; William Robins, de la cité de Toronto, comptable ; Samuel Davison, de la cité de Toronto, marchand à commission ; William Roaf, de la cité de Toronto, avocat ; Peter B. Ball, de la cité de Toronto, agent ; Edward R. C. Clarkson, de la cité de Toronto, comptable et syndic officiel ; Christopher W. Bunting, de la cité de Toronto, directeur-gérant de la compagnie d'imprimerie du *Mail*, George Birrell, de la cité de London, marchand ; Robert Lewis, de la cité de London, écuyer ; Charles F. Goodhue, de la cité de London, écuyer ; Isaac Waterman, de la cité de London, manufacturier, Robert McIntosh, de Rapid City, Manitoba, docteur en médecine ; Daniel Spry, de la ville de Barrie, inspecteur des postes, et Henry Bickford, de la ville de Dundas, manufacturier.

Les dits James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrich, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden et William Robins seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,

Pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto, le 18 mai A.D. 1882.

47-tf

AVIS DIVERS.

LA BANQUE DE ST. HYACINTHE.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de quatre pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour les six mois courants, et sera payable au bureau de cette banque à St. Hyacinthe, le et après mardi le premier d'août prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 17 au 31 juillet, ces deux jours compris.

Par ordre des directeurs,

R. ST. JACQUES,

Caissier.

St. Hyacinthe, 15 juin 1882.

52-5

AVIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite le 6me jour de juillet 1882, en vertu de l'autorité de la section 16, chap. 34, des statuts refondus du Canada, pour prolonger au-delà de la période pour laquelle elles sont accordées, les lettres patentes portant la date du vingt-huitième jour de janvier A.D. mil huit cent soixante et neuf, accordées à William Milner pour une certaine amélioration dans l'engrenage des wagons, devant être appelée "Jottereaux de devant unis à une barre en balance et Jottereaux de derrière ou fourche."

WILLIAM MILNER,

Patentee.

Strathroy, Ont., 5 juin 1882.

50-3

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée générale des directeurs provisoires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Central de Rapid City aura

lieu à l'hôtel Queen, dans la cité de Toronto, à midi, du neuvième jour de juillet prochain, dans le but d'ouvrir des livres de souscription et de traiter de toute autre affaire suivant que permis par la loi.

Ottawa, 25 mai 1882.

49-6

BANQUE UNION DU BAS-CANADA.

DIVIDENDE No. 33.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de trois pour cent 3 (p.c.) sur le capital payé de cette institution a été déclaré pour le semestre courant, et que le dit dividende sera payable à la banque et ses succursales le et après le lundi, le troisième jour de juillet prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 16 au 30 juin, inclusivement.

L'assemblée générale des actionnaires aura à leur maison de banque, en la cité de Québec, lundi le troisième jour de juillet 1882, le président devant prendre le fauteuil à midi.

Par ordre du bureau,

P. MAC EWEN,

Caissier.

Québec, 27 mai 1882,

49-4

LA COMPAGNIE DU CHEMIN DE FER GRAND TRONC DU CANADA.

AVIS est donné par le présent qu'une assemblée générale spéciale de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Tronc du Canada aura lieu au City Terminus Hotel, Cannon Street, Londres, E.C., jeudi, le vingt-neuvième jour de juin prochain, à une heure p.m. précise, dans le but de prendre en considération un arrangement entre les directeurs de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Tronc du Canada, et les directeurs de la compagnie du chemin de fer Grand Occidental, ayant pour objet l'amalgamation des entreprises des deux compagnies en une seule, en vertu des pouvoirs conférés par l'acte du Conseil législatif et de l'Assemblée législative de la province du Canada, 16 Victoria, chap. 39, intitulé : "Acte pour autoriser toute compagnie de chemin de fer dont le chemin forme partie de l'artère principale de chemin de fer dans cette province de se fusionner avec toute telle autre compagnie, ou d'acheter la propriété et les droits de toute telle autre compagnie, et d'abroger certains actes y mentionnés, incorporant des compagnies de chemin de fer," et en vertu des pouvoirs conférés par les divers actes, modifiant ou amplifiant cet acte ; et dans le but soit de ratifier ou de désavouer ce arrangement tel que voulu par ces actes ou aucun d'eux. Par cet arrangement, et en conformité des dispositions des actes ci-dessus mentionnés les objets suivants entre autres sont proposés d'être effectués à compter du 1er juillet 1882 :

1. L'amalgamation des entreprises des deux compagnies actuelles en une seule entreprise sous le contrôle d'une seule compagnie.

2. Que l'une des compagnies prenne à son compte les obligations des deux compagnies actuelles, mais sans préjudice des droits des créanciers ou d'autres personnes ayant des réclamations contre l'entreprise ou parties de l'entreprise de chacune des deux compagnies actuelles.

3. Le maintien des effets de chacune des deux compagnies actuelles comme classe séparée et distincte d'effets sous le titre Effets du Grand Occidental, représentant les effets de la compagnie du Grand Occidental, et Effets du Grand-Tronc, représentant les effets actuels de la compagnie du Grand-Tronc.

4. La division des profits nets de l'entreprise amalgamée, après avoir payé l'intérêt sur le capital emprunté, le loyer des lignes affermées, et toutes autres dépenses, entre les deux catégories d'effets comme suit, savoir : 30 pour cent aux effets du Grand Occidental et 70 pour cent aux effets du Grand-Tronc.

5. Mais si les 30 pour cent attribués aux effets du Grand Occidental se trouvent en aucune année insuffisants pour payer cinq pour cent par année sur la partie privilégiée, et trois pour cent par année sur la partie ordinaire des actions, alors la différence sera

égalisée à même les 70 pour cent attribués aux actions du Grand-Tronc, et toute somme payée pour égaliser cette différence sera remboursée à même tout surplus qui pourrait rester dans une année subséquente sur les 30 pour cent après paiement de l'intérêt aux taux plus haut mentionnés sur les actions du Grand Occidental.

6. Autant que possible un tiers des directeurs de l'entreprise amalgamée devront être porteurs d'effets du Grand Occidental, et les autres deux tiers être porteurs d'effets du Grand Tronc.

7. En faisant tout arrangement convenable découlant de l'amalgamation des deux entreprises en la manière proposée plus haut, et pour garantir les droits des porteurs de chaque catégorie d'actions, le règlement du nombre, du temps et du mode d'élection et de qualification des directeurs, les pouvoirs de voter et toutes autres choses qu'il est nécessaire de régler relativement aux affaires des deux compagnies actuelles, et les droits des porteurs de bons et actionnaires de ces compagnies, ou de l'entreprise amalgamée, ou provenant de l'amalgamation y compris la nomination de fidéicommissaires pour recevoir et distribuer les deniers applicables aux effets du Grand Occidental.

Par ordre,

H. W. TYLER,

Président.

J. B. RENTON,

Secrétaire.

Dashwood House,

9, New Broad Street,

Londres, E. C.

25 mai 1882.

48-5

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de deux et demi pour cent, pour le semestre courant, étant au taux de cinq pour cent par année, sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré et que le dit dividende sera payable à sa maison de Banque en cette ville, le et après lundi, le troisième jour de juillet prochain.

Les livres de transport seront clos du 16 au 30 juin prochain, ces deux jours inclusivement.

Par ordre du bureau.

J. E. BRAIS,

Caissier.

Montréal, 25 mai 1882.

48-5

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The Canada Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

OTTAWA. FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1882.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



*Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery
for Canada.*

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT
summoned to be holden at the CITY OF OTTAWA,
on the 7th day of August, 1882.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Dorchester.

Charles Alexander Lesage, of the Parish of St.
Claire, Physician.

Gaspé.

Hon. Pierre Fortin, of Percé, Physician and
Surgeon.

Argenteuil.

Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, of the City of Montreal,
Queen's Counsel.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Cumberland.

Sir Charles Tupper, K.C.M.G., C.B., of the City of
Ottawa.

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United
Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN,
Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful the Senators of the
Dominion of Canada, and the Members elected
to serve in the House of Commons of Our said
Dominion, and to all whom it may concern—

GREETING :

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the
advice and consent of Our Privy Council for
Canada, to DISSOLVE the present Parliament of
Canada, which stands prorogued to the TWENTY-
SIXTH day of JUNE next ;

Now Know YE, that We do for that end publish
this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby DIS-
SOLVE the said Parliament of Canada accordingly :
and the Senators and the Members of the House of
Commons are discharged from their meeting and
attendance on the said TWENTY-SIXTH day of
JUNE next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these
Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great
Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS,
JOHN J. McGEE, Deputy of Our Trusty and
Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS
SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the
Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most
Ancient and Most Noble Order of the
Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Dis-
tinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint
George, Governor General of Canada and Vice
Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of
OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY,
in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight
hundred and eighty-two, in the Forty-fifth year
of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United
Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN,
Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

to all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING.

WHEREAS We are desirous and resolved, as soon
as may be, to meet Our People of Our Domi-
nion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parlia-

ment; We do make known Our Royal Will and Pleasure to call a Parliament, and do further declare that by the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, We have, this day, given Orders for issuing Our Writs in due form, for calling a Parliament in Our said Dominion, which Writs are to bear date on the EIGHTEENTH day of MAY instant, and to be returnable on the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MOGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery,
Canada.

JOHN J. MOGEE,
Deputy Governor.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING :

KNOW YE, that We, being desirous and resolved as soon as may be, to meet Our People of Our Dominion of Canada, and to have their advice in Parliament, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada, summon and call together the House of Commons in and for Our said Dominion, to meet at Our City of Ottawa, in Our said Dominion, on MONDAY, the SEVENTH day of AUGUST next, then and there to have conference and treaty with the Great Men and Senate of Our said Dominion.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. WITNESS, JOHN J. MOGEE, Deputy of Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne) Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this EIGHTEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

RICHARD POPE,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING :

A PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Deputy of the Minister of Justice, Canada. } WHEREAS it is, in and by the Act passed in the session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the thirty-sixth

year of Our Reign, chaptered nine and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the said Act shall apply to the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick only, and to such ports and such ports only (except the ports of Halifax and Pictou, in Nova Scotia, and Saint John, in New Brunswick), in either of the said Provinces as shall from time to time be designated for the purpose by Proclamation under an Order or Orders of the Governor in Council :

AND WHEREAS an Order of the Governor in Council was passed on the nineteenth day of May in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, designating the Port of Musquodoboit, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, as a port to which the said Act and the Acts amending the same shall apply, the boundary of the said Port being as follows, to wit: An imaginary line drawn from Jeddore Head to Petpiswick Head.

Now KNOW YE that We do hereby, and by virtue of the authority vested in Us by the said Act and the Acts amending the same, and Order in Council respectively, proclaim and declare that the Act hereinbefore mentioned and intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Harbour Masters for certain Ports in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick" and the Acts amending the same, shall henceforth apply to the Port of Musquodoboit, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, as hereinbefore defined.

Of all which Our loving subjects and all others whom those presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed, WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved Councillor, SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of Our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor General of Canada and Vice Admiral of the same.

At Our Government House, in Our CITY of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secretary of State

51-3

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

QUEBEC HARBOUR COMMISSION.

AT a weekly meeting of the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, held in their office, in the Lower Town of the City of Quebec, being their usual place of sitting, on Wednesday, the third day of the month of May, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, at which meeting were present the following named Commissioners, viz :—

P. V. Valin, Esquire, Chairman,
The Honorable Thomas McGreevy,
James Patton, Esquire,
William Rae, Esquire,
Ferdinand Hamel, Esquire,
R. R. Dobell, Esquire,
Julien Chabot, Esquire, and

Laurent Goudbout, Esquire, President of the Corporation of Pilots, for and below the Harbour of Quebec, forming a quorum of the said Harbour Commissioners, the following By-law to increase the rates of pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec, was read for the first time, and at a subsequent weekly

meeting of the said Quebec Harbour Commissioners, held at the same place, on Wednesday, the tenth day of the said month of May, in the same year, at which were present the following named Commissioners, forming also a quorum, viz :—

P. V. Valin, Esquire, Chairman,
James Patton, Esquire,
Ferdinand Hamel, Esquire,
Julien Chabot, Esquire,
William Rae, Esquire,
R. R. Dobell, Esquire, and
Laurent Goudbout, Esquire, President of the

Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec, the said following By-law was read for the second and last time, and adopted, having been published since its first reading, twice in the English language in the *Morning Chronicle* and twice in the French language in *Le Canadien*, both papers published at Quebec.

Quebec Harbour Commission.

By-LAW to increase the Rates of Pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec.

WHEREAS the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec having terminated a period of three years, as mentioned in the 18th

section of "The Pilotage Act of 1873," and having declared in and by their petition, addressed the twenty-first day of the month of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty, to the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, wherein they pray for an increased rate of pilotage, that the share of the net income of the said Corporation of Pilots, annually accruing to each member of the said Corporation acting and practising as a pilot for and below the Harbour of Quebec, has been less than six hundred dollars (\$600) on an average of the said three years previous, the said Quebec Harbour Commissioners enact as follows :

1. The rates of pilotage for and below the Harbour of Quebec set forth in tables I and II of Schedule A to the Act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada, passed in the 12th year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 114, intituled "An Act to consolidate the laws relating to the powers and duties of the Trinity House of Quebec and for other purposes," are hereby repealed.

2. For the future the rates of pilotage payable to the pilots belonging to the Corporation of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec, and acting and practising as such pilots, shall be as follows :

TABLE I.

RATES of Pilotage for the Harbour of Quebec and below.

FOR EACH FOOT OF DRAUGHT OF WATER.					
From	To	From the 1st May to the 10th Nov.	From the 10th Nov. to the 19th Nov.	From the 19th Nov. to the 1st March.	From the 1st March to the 1st May.
Bic Island or any other place below the anchorage of Brandy Pots off Hare Island..	Anchorage or mooring ground in the Basin or Harbor of Quebec	\$3 87	\$4 95	\$6 02	\$4 41
The anchorage ground at the Brandy Pots off Hare Island or any place above the said anchorage ground and below St. Roch's Point	do do	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this sum.
St. Roch's Point or any place above this Point and below the Pointeaux Pins, on Crane Island	do do	$\frac{1}{3}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{3}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{3}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{3}$ do ..
Pointe aux Pins, on Crane Island, or any place below St. Patrick's Hole	do do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..	$\frac{1}{4}$ do ..
The anchorage or mooring ground in the Basin or Harbor of Quebec	Bic Island or the place where the Pilot shall be discharged in the river below Quebec	\$3 40	\$4 46	\$5 54	\$3 93

TABLE II.
RATES of Pilotage for the Harbour of Quebec and below.

From	To	
		\$ cts.
Any wharf in the Harbour of Quebec between Pointe-à-Carcy, below, and the West End of the Allan's Wharf above, both inclusive.....	Any other Wharf within said limits.....	2 50
Any place in the Harbour of Quebec not being a wharf within the above mentioned limits.....	Any other place in the said Harbour not being a Wharf within the said limits	5.00

Pilots taking charge of vessels at Patrick's Hole or above it shall be entitled to no more than the sum allowed in the Table II for piloting vessels from one part of the Harbour to another.

P. V. VALIN,
Chairman.
A. H. VERRET,
Secretary Treasurer.

The Honorable the Acting Minister of
Marine and Fisheries.

PRIVY COUNCIL, OTTAWA,
23rd May, 1882.

I certify that the foregoing By-law governing the Rates of Pilotage for the Harbour of Quebec, has been this day approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

JOHN J. MCGEE,
Clerk, Privy Council.

53-3

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 27th June, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (11).

No. 1

ACTIVE MILITIA

REGULATIONS FOR THE ANNUAL DRILL OF 1882-83,
DOMINION OF CANADA.

1. In order that the expenditure for drill and training of the Active Militia of Canada for the fiscal year 1882-83, may be kept within the appropriation made by Parliament, the strength of corps to be drilled and paid for that year has been limited as under, viz :—

Corps of Infantry and Garrison Artillery (excepting the Battery at Victoria, B.C.) are not to exceed 42 Non-Commissioned Officers and men per Company and Battery including Regimental Staff sergeants and bandsmen.

Field Batteries—1 Captain, 2 1st Lieutenants, 1 2nd Lieutenant, 1 Surgeon, 1 Veterinary Surgeon, 1 Sergeant Major, 1 Quarter Master Sergeant, 4 Sergeants, 4 Corporals, 4 Bombardiers, 1 Trumpeter, 1 Farrier, 58 Gunners and Drivers and 29 horses, including the officers' and non-commissioned officers' horses.

City and Rural Corps.

2. The maximum number of officers, non-commissioned officers and men to receive pay for drill in each district, will be

Military District Number	1.....	2559
do	do	2..... 3573
do	do	3..... 2048
do	do	4..... 1417
do	do	5..... 3229
do	do	6..... 1385
do	do	7..... 2293
do	do	8..... 1476
do	do	9..... 2249
do	do	10..... 450
do	do	11..... 300
do	do	12..... 428
		21407

The strength of Corps authorized to drill at their local head quarters in each district is to be deducted from the total strength authorized for drill in the district, the remainder will represent the number which may be concentrated in a camp of exercise.

City Corps.

3. All city corps (excepting Field Batteries of Artillery, and such companies as belong to Rural Battalions of Infantry) may be permitted to perform twelve days of annual drill at their local head quarters at such times, prior to 1st December 1882, as may be most convenient.

The No. 2 Field Battery of the 1st Provisional Brigade (Ontario) and the Halifax Field Battery may be permitted to drill at their local head quarters as city corps.

The officers of city corps shall be paid at the rate of one dollar; the non-commissioned officers and men, fifty cents; and for horses of mounted officers or of corps, seventy-five cents each, for each day's drill consisting of three hours.

Any city company which forms part of a Rural Battalion, can only be permitted to drill for pay, in case it is selected for, and performs such drill in camp with the battalion to which it belongs.

Rural Corps.

4. Selections to be made from rural corps of the different arms in each district in proportion as their strength bears towards each other. Those not drawn for drill last year to be first taken.

The corps so selected in each of the Districts' numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 (excluding isolated companies of Infantry and Engineers and Garrison Batteries of Artillery), are to be concentrated for twelve days drill in a camp of exercise, including the day going to and the day returning from camp.

Isolated rural companies of Infantry or Engineers, or Garrison Batteries of Artillery, selected for annual drill of 1882-83 may be permitted to perform the same at their respective head quarters on the same conditions as apply to city corps.

The Winnipeg and Newcastle Field Batteries are to drill in camp near their local head quarters under regulations for corps in camp of exercise except that they will be paid 25 cents per Officer and man, and 35 cents per horse, per diem, to cover cost of transport, rations, forage, fuel for cooking and allowance for camp kettles. The other Field Batteries are to drill in the camp of exercise in their respective districts.

Excepting the Winnipeg Field Battery the corps drawn for drill in Districts numbered 10, 11 and 12 are to perform the period of drill at their local head quarters under the same regulations as apply to city corps.

Command and Staff.

The following will be the staff of each camp of exercise :—

In command the Deputy Adjutant General of the District, 1 Brigade Major, 1 Assistant Brigade Major with subaltern's pay, 1 Supply Officer, 1 Camp Quarter Master, one Medical Officer, 1 Instructor of Musketry, 1 Orderly and one Provost Officer, and five staff non-commissioned officers.

The commanding officer of each camp will be allowed five dollars, and each other officer on the authorized strength of the staff of a camp of exercise will be allowed two dollars and fifty cents per diem in camp in lieu of subsistence, together with free forage and one dollar per diem for one horse if a horse is required and used by him in the discharge of his duties as a mounted officer.

Each non-commissioned officer on the authorized strength of the staff of a camp of exercise will be paid an allowance of fifty cents per diem in addition to pay of rank, in lieu of rations.

In case of illness or unavoidable absence of the Deputy Adjutant General, another officer will be named to command the camp.

Places and dates of encampment.

The places where the camps of exercise will be formed in Districts, will be specified hereafter.

Pay, &c.

The officers, non-commissioned officers and men of such corps as drill in camps of exercise will be paid for each day's drill of six hours, the net pay of their respective ranks as laid down in paragraph 698 and 702 of the Regulations and Orders for 1879. For horses of mounted officers and corps one dollar per diem, in addition to free rations (for officers, non-commissioned officers and men) as laid down in paragraph 497, together with 1 oz. of pearl barley and 2 oz. of cheese, and free forage (for horses) as laid down in paragraph 531 of the Regulations and Orders, 1879. If straw is not required its equivalent in value of either hay or oats may be issued instead if required.

Neither pay, allowances or rations are to be issued to or for any officer or man for any day or days he is absent from camp.

General Rules of Encampment.

The Regulations and Orders for the Militia 1879, from Paragraph 567 to 614, are to be observed to the extent they apply to the circumstances of any camp of exercise formed under the provisions of this order.

TRANSPORT.

The regulations relating to transport are to be followed to the extent they apply to services connected with camps of exercise.

The Deputy Adjutant General in each District will receive instructions from Head Quarters to enable him to specify the routes by which corps must proceed in going to and returning from camp.

Requisitions for transport by railway or steamboat will be issued by the Deputy Adjutant General of the District, who will also check as to rates and numbers claimed for, all accounts for transport services.

Except as otherwise provided, only officers and men *bonâ fide* proceeding to perform drill in camp are to be allowed transport.

Troops of Cavalry and Field Batteries of Artillery whose local head quarters are within 25 miles, and all companies of Infantry whose head quarters are within 5 miles of the place of encampment, are to march to camp.

All corps whose head quarters are within 2 miles of the railway station or steamboat wharf from which they are to receive transport, will march to that railway station or steamboat wharf.

Companies of Infantry whose head quarters are more than 2 miles from the railway station or steamboat wharf from which they are to receive transport

will be allowed six cents per officer and four cents per man per mile for the number of miles necessarily travelled by ordinary wagon road going to and returning from that station or wharf.

A similar allowance will be paid to companies whose head quarters are more than 5 miles from the place of encampment, and from whence no railway or steamboat can be made available for transport over any portion of the journey.

SUBSISTENCE.

Deputy Adjutants General of Districts will advertise for tenders in such newspapers for which authority has been obtained, and carry out the provisions relating to subsistence on pages 142 to 154 inclusive of the Regulations and Orders 1879, except paragraphs 506, 507, 520 and 521 not applicable to camps of exercise. They are also to see that the supply officer recommended for appointment is specially fitted for the important duty he will be required to discharge.

As the issue of rations in camp will not commence until the morning of the second day, corps proceeding to join will be required to provide one day's cooked rations and one day's forage. Twenty-five cents per officer and man and thirty-five cents per horse will be issued in money in lieu of rations for the first day of camp.

The Deputy Adjutant General of the District may, if he prefers, issue a half ration of food and forage on the first and last day of camp instead of one full ration on the last day.

In addition to his ordinary equipment each officer and man must supply himself with and take to camp one knife, fork and spoon, one tin plate and one tin drinking cup. Each company must provide one butcher's knife, one meat fork, one shovel and one axe. Each battalion must provide camp kettles and necessary cooking utensils.

RATIONS.

The Supply Officer is to be guided by paragraphs 497, 499, 500, 501, 502 and 503 of the Regulations and Orders 1879, in respect to all receipts and issues. Sub-sections, 2, 3 and 4 of paragraph 497 are not to apply to camps of exercise.

Fuel for cooking will be issued on the scale laid down in paragraph 530 of Regulations and Orders 1879; and an allowance at the rate of six dollars per troop and company and ten dollars per field battery of artillery will be paid to each corps to enable them to provide camp kettles.

The arrangements for cooking are to be the same as for actual service—cooking stoves are therefore not to be taken to camp by any corps at the public expense.

The supply officer will be allowed one day before the opening and one day after closing of camp to arrange for delivery of supplies from contractors and for closing his accounts. He should, however, so systematize his work in camp as to insure his having all vouchers and accounts for each day properly filed and completed during that day. His pay is five dollars per diem.

TENTS AND BLANKETS.

Necessary tents, and one blanket per officer and man will be supplied on application of each commanding officer, under the provisions of paragraphs 615 to 626 of the Regulations and Orders 1879.

The camp quarter master will be allowed one day before opening and one day after closing of camp, to arrange for issue of, and to receive over, and return camp equipment to store and close his accounts.

The quarter master and one man per company of each battalion may proceed one day in advance of their corps, in order to make necessary arrangements for the encampment of their corps under instructions from the Deputy Adjutant General of the District. They will also, if required, remain one day for duty after the camp breaks up.

Such Quarter Masters of Battalions as proceed to camp one day in advance of their corps will be paid an allowance of one dollar per diem, in addition to pay of rank, and the one man per company proceed-

ing with him will be paid an allowance of fifty cents per diem for that day and the first day of encampment, also a similar allowance for any day or days any of them remain after camp breaks up for duty under order of the Deputy Adjutant General of the District. Neither rations nor any other allowance in lieu will be issued for those days.

If the weather is unfavourable and tents wet when camp breaks up, the Deputy Adjutant General of the District will use his discretion in giving orders for the protection of the public interests in respect to the articles to be returned to store.

MEDICAL REGULATIONS.

A medical inspection of every officer, non-commissioned officer and man is to be made, if possible, *before* the men leave the corps' head quarters; when that is not possible, then the medical examination must be made immediately after the corps goes into camp, and a full report relating to each man shall be made in a written return to the Commanding Officer.

This inspection is with a view of ascertaining, 1st. Whether the man is labouring under disease of any kind at the time, such as rheumatic affections; diseases of lungs or heart; or of any of the viscera of the abdomen; or under any form of the syphilitic disease; or is short-sighted; or has any disease or injuries of any of the joints; or badly shaped feet or overlapping toes, which would prevent his marching; 2nd. If the man has any predisposition to any of the above diseases, or has recently suffered from any of them; or if he has any other disqualification which may render him unfit for service, or predispose him to become inefficient from exposure.

Such men, if any be found, are not to be permitted to go to, or remain in camp, as well for their own sakes, as to prevent claims for compensation being made upon the public on account of illness on the part of men who are not fit for service.

The Surgeon of each Battalion and Field Battery will make out a sick report every morning, and transmit a copy to the Commanding Officer.

The Surgeon of each corps will keep an admission and discharge Book, of all cases taken into Hospital, according to Form B.

Each Surgeon will give a receipt for all articles of medical equipment which may be issued to him for the use of his Corps, for the care and proper expenditure of which he will be responsible; and on being relieved from duty he will return all medical stores, articles of equipment and medicine remaining unexpended into the District Stores, with a list of the materials which have been expended by him, on complying with which his receipt will be returned to him.

Such wine or spirituous liquor, as may be prescribed for use in cases of illness must, if procured, be paid for by the person requiring the same. The attention of medical officers of corps is specially called to paragraphs 138, 140 and 141 of the Regulations and Orders for the Active Militia, 1879.

No expense to be incurred by medical officers on account of Government, without previous authority for such being obtained.

CASUALTIES.

In any case of serious illness or accident, the medical officer shall, in conjunction with the commanding officer of the corps, make such immediate arrangements, as may be necessary, sending the patient, if possible, at once to his home or the nearest Hospital. He will make a minute report to Head Quarters of all circumstances connected with the case.

The nature and cause of all accidents or injuries which occur to officers, non-commissioned officers and men and horses while on duty or drill in camp or otherwise during the period of annual training, are to be fully investigated at the time by a board of Officers, and a full and accurate report on each case sent to Head Quarters without delay; the time and place at which the accident or injury occurred should

be specially stated, and all information necessary to a clear understanding at Head Quarters of all details connected with the case should be carefully given.

Claims for indemnification for losses, or injuries by accidents or other causes, often show that ordinary precautions have not been adopted and that discipline has not been carefully attended to. In future such claims for indemnification will not be paid unless it is clearly shown that the accident,—whether to man or horse, or the loss of whatever description—was entirely unavoidable, and could not by any care or pre-arrangement have been prevented or avoided.

In cases of illness contracted in camp, compensation will be limited to a period not exceeding 60 days.

Field Batteries of Artillery.

In camps where two or more batteries are present the Officer in command of camp will arrange for them to be brigaded and trained together under the senior Artillery Officer, until fit to be worked with the other branches of the service.

The gallop past at close intervals will be discontinued by Field Batteries of Artillery, and full intervals will be adopted for this pace.

Field Batteries of Artillery Establishment. For repairs.

One Harness-maker or Saddler and one Wheeler or Carriage-smith may be enrolled on the strength of each Field Battery of Artillery to form part of the total of fifty-eight gunners and drivers including Wheelers, Collar-maker, and Shoeing-smith authorized in Paragraph 27 of the Regulations and Orders, 1879.

When in camp or on service the Harness maker and Wheeler may, if they provide their own tools, execute urgent repairs to the equipment of the Battery under orders of the Commanding Officer. Payment will be made for necessary materials used to effect such repairs, together with fifty cents working pay per diem for any day the artificer performs a fair amount of such extra work.

Special authority must be obtained for repairs to be executed at other times than when in camp or out on service.

Ammunition.

Each Field Battery of Artillery will be allowed 100 rounds, and each Garrison Battery 20 rounds of Blank Ammunition; for Exercise and Practice.

Ammunition previously issued for exercise and practice, and not expended by the corps, to be deducted from the number of rounds authorized to be issued this year.

ARTILLERY PRACTICE.

Field Batteries with M. L. R. 9-pr. guns.

16 competitors as marksmen, to be selected by the Officer commanding the Battery, from the best instructed officers, non-commissioned officers and men, to fire 5 rounds each, viz:

3 common shell, with percussion fuzes.....	48
2 shrapnel shell, with time fuzes.....	32
Trial shots and instruction—Common shell plugged or with bursting charge and percussion fuze, if range permits.....	10

otal rounds..... 90

Halifax Field Battery to be assimilated to the above.

Field Battery with S. B. 9-pr. and 24-pr. Howitzers.

16 competitors, as above mentioned, each to fire 5 rounds:—

2 solid shot 9-pr.....	32
2 shrapnel shell, with time fuzes, 9-pr.....	32
1 common shell 24-pr, with time fuze.....	16
Trial shots and instruction—Solid shot 9-pr..	10

Total rounds..... 90

24-pr. Howitzer Battery.

16 competitors, 5 rounds each :—	
3 common shell, with time fuzes.....	48
2 shrapnel shell, with time fuzes.....	32
Trial shots and instruction—Common shell...	10
Total rounds.....	90

Garrison Batteries.

The 55 rounds allowed, to be expended in a suitable manner, as follows :

8 marksmen, selected as before, to fire 5 rounds each, viz :—	
3 solid shot.....	24
1 common shell, with time fuze	8
1 shrapnel shell, with time fuze	8
Trial shots and instruction—Solid shot.....	15
Total rounds.....	55

*British Columbia.**Victoria Battery :—*

16 competitors, 5 rounds each.	
3 common shell plugged.....	48
2 " with time fuze.....	32
" for trial shots.....	2
Shrapnel shell for instruction.....	3
Total rounds.....	85

CORPS ARMED WITH RIFLES.

Twenty rounds of ball and 20 rounds of blank ammunition for practice, under the provisions of paragraphs 271 to 284 inclusive of the R. and O. 1879. will be allowed to each man authorized to drill.

The number of rounds of ball ammunition previously issued to any corps for practice, but remaining in its possession unexpended, is to be deducted from the issue authorized for practice this year. Deputy Adjutants General will see to this when making requisitions for ammunition, and require returns to be made to them of the rifle practice carried out by each individual in each corps. These returns are to be sent to Head Quarters, Ottawa, with the annual reports relating to the drill and training.

No person is under any circumstances to sell ammunition issued at the public expense by Government to any corps for practice.

TARGET PRACTICE.

Too much care cannot be devoted to musketry instruction.

Target practice affords proof of the attention bestowed on position drill and aiming drill. Company officers are reminded that the former of these drills can be carried out with advantage during the first morning parade daily, and by individual men when lying down "at ease."

Each man must expend, under supervision of the musketry instructor and senior company officer present the number of rounds of ball ammunition authorized for that purpose, and no man is to use more than his share of the Government allowance, viz., twenty rounds.

In carrying out target practice, every man will fire 5 rounds at 200 yards, standing; 10 rounds at 400 yards, kneeling; and 5 rounds at 500 yards, *any military position*.

"Standing," "kneeling," and "lying down," as defined in the position drill, are the recognized military positions.

At the conclusion of the individual firing a classification is to be made, when those who have obtained 40 points will be classified as first class shots; those obtaining 30, but failing to obtain 40, as second class shots; and those failing to obtain 30, as third class shots. At 200 yards the targets shall be 4 feet wide, having a bull's eye 1 foot diameter, centre 3 feet diameter, outer remainder of target. At 400 yards and 500 yards, target 6 feet wide, bull's eye 2 feet

diameter, centre 4 feet diameter, outer remainder of target.

Value of Points.—Outer, black disc or flag, 2; centre, black and white disc or flag, 3; bull's eye, white disc or flag, 4. The signal for danger or cease firing is in all cases to be a red flag; on no account is a shot to be fired when the danger flag is up at the marker's butt.

No man is ever to load until all is clear for him to fire, and if it becomes necessary for any purpose to cease firing, any man whose rifle is loaded will at once unload, remaining unloaded until the order is given to resume the practice.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

Troops of Cavalry are restricted to 35 horses each, for pay.

No mounted officer shall receive pay for more than one horse, actually used by him.

The pay for horses shall cover any expense incurred for shoeing while at drill.

The attention of officers is drawn to paragraphs 156, 177 and 178 of the R. and O. 1879, relating to their uniform, clothing, &c.

Before going into camp Captains of Companies should make sure that each man is in good health, has had his hair cut, and has provided himself with a change of shirt, socks, a towel, comb, soap, a boot brush, needles and thread, boot laces—and that his boots fit him easily, have broad soles, and low heels, comfort in walking over rough ground to be considered rather than appearance. A pair of light shoes, for change, will be found very useful in camp. White Cap Covers will be permitted, of uniform pattern by Battalions.

Special attention is to be given in camp to the posting and instruction of guards, pickets, and outposts in their duties.

PAY AND INSPECTIONS.

The Deputy Adjutant General in each district will see that the expenditure for drill is kept within the appropriation, and to that end will take steps to select, in the manner indicated, from corps in his district, to make the maximum strength authorized for drill. The corps not selected, and which cannot be paid, are hereby relieved from the performance of drill during the year 1882-83.

The Deputy Adjutant General of each district will notify the commanding officer of each corps detailed for drill, as well as those which cannot be paid, and send a return to Head Quarters of the corps warned, and of those which cannot be paid; also a detail of the steps he has taken to make the selections.

Deputy Adjutants General are directed to forward a statement to Head Quarters, for information of the General Officer in Command, shewing the dates on which corps in their respective districts will complete drill and be ready for inspection.

Before any corps receives pay, the commanding officer shall be required to certify in his own handwriting, at the end of the pay list of his corps, that each officer, non-commissioned officer and man for whom pay is demanded, was *actually present* with his corps and performed the number of days of drill for 1882-83 specified opposite his name.

The attention of Staff Officers, Commanding Officers of all arms and Captains of Troops, Batteries and Companies is specially called to the form of certificate they are required to append in writing at the foot of pay lists. They will be held responsible by the Department that these pay-lists are correct; they must therefore see that the names of officers, non-commissioned officers and men of their corps are only entered thereon for the number of days' drill they have actually performed with their corps during the year for which payment is demanded. If any person performs less than the authorized number of drills with his corps, he is only to be paid for the actual number of days' drill he has performed in such manner.

The inspections of all corps on completion of drill are to be made in the field during the day time.

At inspections great stress is to be laid on the cleanliness of Arms, the correct fitting of accoutrements, and the manner in which Guards and Sentries perform their duties, and as regards the knowledge of their Men as well as of their Company Drill, by Company Officers and Non-commissioned Officers.

Cleanliness of all parts of the camp and its neighbourhood must be attended to, and reported on by inspecting officers.

Before the men are dismissed, the names on the service roll are to be called in presence of the Inspecting Officer, who, before certifying to the pay-list must compare such names with those on the pay-list and see that each person for whom pay is claimed is vouched for as entitled to receive it.

In his annual report, the Inspecting Officer is to specify that he has complied with this order, and is also to state the result.

In order that a full report may be made for Parliament, relating to the drill and training for the fiscal year 1882-83, all drill for which payment will be made must be completed before the 1st day of December 1882, and the reports of Deputy Adjutants General of Districts must be transmitted to Head Quarters *not later than the 5th of that month.*

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 28th June, 1882.

GENERAL ORDERS (12).

No. 1.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE OF CANADA.

Graduates,—June, 1882.

The following Gentlemen Cadets have completed their full period of instruction at the College, and been granted Certificates of Graduation, dated 27th June, 1882, viz:—

1st Class Certificates.

	Aggregate numbers.	
Sergeant William Henry Robinson....	50,983	Honors
Lance Sergt. Frank Herbert Latimer.	50,481	do
Company Sergeant-Major Frederick Duthus Skinner.....	48,372	do
Company Sergeant-Major Graeme Sym St. Duffus	45,221	do
Battalion Sergeant-Major Edward Thornton Taylor.....	38,202	do
Company Sergt-Major George Mowat Duff.....	38,199	do
Sergeant Zachary Taylor Wood.....	36,075	do
Company Sergeant-Major Alexander King Kirkpatrick.....	35,099	do
Sergeant Henry Smith Greenwood....	33,921	do
Sergeant Andrew Rainsford Wetmore	33,382	do
Sergeant William G. Stairs.....	33,042	do
Corporal George Robertson Hooper...	30,822	do
Sergeant Arthur Edward Hodgins....	30,455	do
Corporal Alfred Thomas Tomlinson...	30,261	do
Corporal George Hunter Ogilvie.....	27,712	do
Lance Corporal Ernest Frederick Würtele.....	26,701	.....
Sergeant Frederick Charles Anderson	23,022	Honors

2nd Class Certificates.

Lance Corporal Herbert Clarke.....	20,843	.....
Corporal George Edward Laidlaw.....	17,869	Special mention.

Commissions in the Army.

The following Graduates have elected to accept Commissions in Her Majesty's Regular Arm/, viz:—

Sergeant William Henry Robinson.
Company Sergeant-Major Frederick St. Duthus Skinner.
Company Sergeant-Major Graeme Sym Duffus.
Battalion Sergeant-Major Edward Thornton Taylor.

No. 2.

ACTIVE MILITIA.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE OF CANADA.

The following graduates are hereby appointed Lieutenants in the Militia to date, from 27th June 1882:—

Lance Sergeant Frank Herbert Latimer, R.M.C.
Company Sergeant Major George Mowat Duff, R.M.C.
Sergeant Zachary Taylor Wood, R.M.C.
Company Sergeant-Major Alexander King Kirkpatrick, R.M.C.
Sergeant Henry Smith Greenwood, R.M.C.
Sergeant Andrew Rainsford Wetmore, R.M.C.
Sergeant William G. Stairs, R.M.C.
Corporal George Robertson Hooper, R.M.C.
Sergeant Arthur Edward Hodgins, R.M.C.
Corporal Alfred Thomas Tomlinson, R.M.C.
Corporal George Hunter Ogilvie, R.M.C.
Lance Corporal Ernest Frederick Würtele, R.M.C.
Sergeant Frederick Charles Anderson, R.M.C.
Lance Corporal Herbert Clarke, R.M.C.
Corporal George Edward Laidlaw, R.M.C.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

" B " Battery, Royal School of Gunnery.

To be Lieutenant, from 23rd May, 1882:
Captain Alfred A. Farley, G.S.I., from No. 3 Company, 15th Battalion.

13th Battalion of Infantry.

The resignations of Lieutenant Charles Sumner Scott and 2nd Lieutenant Duncan J. Campbell are hereby accepted.

28th " Perth " Battalion of Infantry.

To be Major:
Captain and Brevet Major Humphrey Albert Lucas White, V.B., from No. 4 Company, vice Scott, promoted.

No. 4 Company, St. Mary's.

To be Captain, provisionally:
John Elley Harding, Esquire, vice White, promoted.
To be Lieutenant:
2nd Lieutenant Hugh Boulton Morphy, V.B., vice Thomas George Guest, left limits.

38th " Brant " Battalion, " Dufferin Rifles."

No. 4 Company, Brantford.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:
Charles Lafayette Daniel, Gentleman, vice Morton, promoted.

*39th "Norfolk" Battalion of Rifles.**No. 1 Company, Simcoe.*

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

John Wesley Reyerson, Gentleman, vice Harry Percy Jackson, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

William Swain Perry, Gentleman, vice David Thomas Haskett left limits.

*41st "Brockville" Battalion of Rifles.**No. 2 Company, Gananoque.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Color Sergeant James McKellar, vice Thompson, resigned.

42nd "Brockville" Battalion of Infantry.

The Companies now numbered 5, 6 and 7 of this Battalion are hereby re-numbered as follows:—

No. 5 Company "Landsdowne" to be No. 4 Company.

6 " "Brockville" " " 5 "

7 " "Pembroke" " " 6 "

No. 2 Company, Brockville.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant George Gordon Hutcheson, V.B., vice Robert Murray Fitzsimmons, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 5 Company, Brockville.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant Edwin Perkins Comstock, vice Clutterbuck.

43rd "Ottawa and Carleton" Battalion of Rifles.

To be Assistant Surgeon:

William Francis Scott, Esq., M.D.

56th "Grenville" Battalion, "Lisgar Rifles."

The companies now numbered 6, 7 and 8 of this Battalion are hereby re-numbered as follows:—

No. 6 Company "North Augusta" to be No. 5 Company.

No. 7 Company "Spencerville" to be No. 6 Company.

No. 8 " "Metcalfe" " " 7 "

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Lieutenant François Frédéric Evariste Gourdeau, of "The Princess Louise Dragoon Guards," having completed, on 12th October 1881, a course of Cavalry Instruction at Aldershot, England, with H. M.'s 7th Dragoon Guards, is hereby, as a special case, confirmed in rank from that date.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.*5th Provisional Regiment of Cavalry.**No. 4 Troop, Compton.*

The resignation of Captain Frederick Smith Stimson is hereby accepted.

*6th Provisional Regiment of Cavalry.**No. 1 Troop, Montreal.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Quarter-Master John Henry Garth, vice Robert McGill Stewart, deceased.

To be Quarter-Master:

Staff Sergeant John Thompson McBride, vice McGill, appointed 2nd Lieutenant No. 1 Troop.

Montreal Brigade of Garrison Artillery.

To be Captain:

1st Lieutenant Frederick Whitley, G.S., vice Robert Morris Birks, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 2 Battery, Quebec Garrison Artillery.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

T. St. Jean Lortie, Gentleman, vice Charles Erolde Lemoine, left limits.

3rd Battalion Victoria Rifles of Canada.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

D'Arcy Boulton Heath, Gentleman, vice Belcher, promoted.

5th Battalion "Royal Scots Fusiliers," Montreal.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

James Skene Saxon Crossley, Gentleman, M.S., vice Hood, promoted.

*52nd "Brome" Battalion of Light Infantry.**No. 5 Company, Mansonville.*

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Cassius M. Bowen, V.B., vice Samuel C. Drew, left limits.

*53rd "Sherbrooke" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 4 Company, Sherbrooke.*

To be Captain, provisionally:

Louis Charles Bélanger, Esquire, vice Worthington, transferred to No. 3 Company as Lieutenant.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Joseph Pierre Royer, Gentleman, vice Bowen.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Louis H. Olivier, Gentleman, vice Worthington, promoted.

*61st "Montmagny and L'Islet," Battalion of Infantry.**No. 1 Company, St. Thomas.*

To be Captain:

2nd Lieutenant J. B. Cléophas Fournier, M.S., vice Philippe C. Dupuis, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Wilbrod Fournier, Gentleman, vice Eugène Bender, left limits.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Paymaster-Sergeant Joseph Spénard, vice J. B. C. Fournier, promoted.

*64th Battalion of Rifles, "Voltigeurs de Beauharnois."**No. 1 Company, Beauharnois.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant Théotime Bonhomme, M.S., from No. 6 Company, vice Joseph Arthur Lapointe, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

*65th Battalion "Mount Royal" Rifles.**No. 2 Company, Montreal.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Eugène Sicotte, Gentleman, vice Henri Galarneau, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 3 Company, Montréal.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Louis George Edouard Bauset, Gentleman, vice Hubert, transferred to No. 7 Company.

No. 5 Company, Montreal.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Eugène Globensky, V.B., vice George Malepart, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

No. 6 Company, Montreal.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

2nd Lieutenant, provisionally, Léandre Ethier, from No. 8 Company, vice Roy, transferred to No. 4 Company.

No. 7 Company, Montreal.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

2nd Lieutenant, provisionally, L. J. Richard Hubert, from No. 3 Company.

No. 8 Company, Montreal.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Charles Joseph Doherty, Gentleman, vice Ethier, transferred to No. 6 Company.

*84th "St. Hyacinthe" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 4 Company, Sorel.*

To be Lieutenant:

Sergeant Michel Gervais, M.S., vice Charles de Salaberry Hatt, left limits.

No. 5 Company, St. Hyacinthe.

To be Lieutenant:

Sergeant Benjamin Alfred Benoit, M.S., vice Maurice St. Jacques, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Sergeant Louis Hébert, vice Antoine M. Morin, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

85th Battalion of Infantry.

To be Major:

Captain Alphonse D. Aubry, V.B., from No. 5 Company, vice Godfroid Laviolette, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 5 Company, Côte St. Paul.

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Joseph Dunn, V.B., vice Aubry, promoted.

Temiscouata Provisional Battalion of Infantry.

To be Adjutant:

Captain and Honorary Major Louis Denis Hudon, G.S., from Paymaster, vice Alfred Lebel, left limits.

CONFIRMATION OF RANK.

Lieutenant Horace Manseau, V.B., No. 2 Company, 80th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant Arthur Simard, V.B., No. 5 Company, 65th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant George Thomas Dunn, V.B., No. 2 Company, 85th Battalion.

The above officers are confirmed in their rank, from 16th June 1882.

*PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.**62nd Battalion "Saint John Fusiliers."*

To be Captains:

Lieutenant Arthur Charles Fleming Sorell, M.S., vice William Farren, who is hereby permitted to retire retaining rank.

Lieutenant Osborne Blois, V.B., vice Alban Thomas, who is hereby permitted to retire with rank of Lieutenant.

To be Lieutenants:

2nd Lieutenant Mathew Boyd Edwards, M.S., vice Sorell, promoted.

2nd Lieutenant Ross Dougald Woodrow, M.S., vice Blois, promoted.

*PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.**1st "Halifax" Brigade of Garrison Artillery.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Henry Butler Dustan, Gentleman, vice Charles Elliot Mackenzie, who resignation is hereby accepted.

*PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.**Winnipeg Troop of Cavalry.*

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Cornelius Knight, C.C., vice Young retired.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant William Henry Disbrowe, C.C., vice Knight, promoted.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

Sergeant Henry T. Shelton, C.C., vice Disbrowe, promoted.

Winnipeg Field Battery of Artillery.

To be 2nd Lieutenant:

Moorhouse Mackeand, Gentleman, G.S. 3rd, vice Andrew James Robert Bannatyne, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

Winnipeg Infantry Company.

To be Lieutenant:

2nd Lieutenant Christopher F. Forrest, V.B., vice Mackeand, promoted.

*PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.**New Westminster Rifle Company.*

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally:

Private James Wilson, vice Adam Jackson, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

*PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.**82nd "Queen's County" Battalion of Infantry.**No. 5 Company, Brookfield.*

To be Captain:

Lieutenant Theophilus Stuart McLeod, M.S., vice Allan Ramsay Spence, left limits.

No. 3.

CERTIFICATES GRANTED.

ROYAL SCHOOLS OF GUNNERY.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

GUNNERY CERTIFICATE.

• FIRST CLASS "LONG COURSE."

1st Lieutenant Joseph A. G. Hudon, No. 1 Battery,
Quebec Garrison Artillery.

BOARDS OF EXAMINERS.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

FIRST CLASS "INFANTRY" CERTIFICATE.

Lieutenant Joseph Edouard Parent, 83rd Battalion.

SECOND CLASS "INFANTRY" CERTIFICATE.

Lieutenant Horace Manseau, 80th Battalion.

2nd Lieutenant Arthur Simard, 65th Battalion.

do George Thomas Dunn, 85th Battalion.

By Command,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

UNREVISED Statement of Inland Revenues accrued
during the month of May, 1882.

Source of Revenue.	—	Amount.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spirits	292,616 65	.....
Malt Liquor .....	.....	.....
Malt	34,117 12	.....
Tobacco	179,198 99	.....
Petroleum Inspection.....	1,670 35	.....
Manufactures in Bond.....	3,439 49	.....
Seizures	17 62	.....
Other Receipts	564 00	.....
Total Excise Revenue.....	.....	511,624 24
Canals.....	.....	41,364 09
Hydraulic and other Rents, &c. ....	.....	549 50
Minor Public Works.....	.....	590 71
Culling Timber .....	.....	1,371 49
Inspection of Weights and Measures .....	.....	2,004 11
Inspection of Gas.....	.....	199 50
Total ... ..	.....	557,703 62

E. MIALL,
Acting Commissioner.

Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, 27th June, 1882.

53-tf

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 10 of 1882.

BELYEA'S POINT LIGHTHOUSE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a lighthouse, erected
by the Government of Canada upon Nathaniel
Belyea's Point, on the River St. John, in King's
County, New Brunswick, was put in operation on the
1st instant.

Lat. N. 45° 22' 35"
Long. W. 66° 12' 45"

The light is fixed white; the illuminating apparatus
dioptric of the 6th order. The light is elevated 40
feet above water mark, and should be visible 11 miles
from all points of approach.

The tower, which stands upon a small timber crib,
is a square wooden building painted white, and is 36
feet in height from the pier to the vane on the
lantern. The lighthouse is situated on the extreme
point, near the water's edge, on the West side of the
river, and the light is for the purpose of guiding ves-
sels clear of Purdy's shoal, on the opposite side of the
river, and for general purposes of navigation.

WM. SMITH,

Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 19th June, 1882.

53-3

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 11 of 1882.

CRANBERRY ISLAND FOG ALARM.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Steam Fog
Whistle on Cranberry Island, off Cape Canso,
Guysboro County, Nova Scotia, which was disconti-
nued in October, 1881, in consequence of the des-
truction of the building by fire, has been re-establish-
ed and will be again put into operation on the 1st
July next.

Lat. N. 45° 19' 50"
Long. W. 60° 55' 30"

During thick weather, fogs, or snow storms, the
alarm will sound, as heretofore, a blast of eight
seconds' duration in each minute, leaving intervals
of 52 seconds between the blasts.

WM. SMITH,

Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1882.

53-3

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 16th June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the following
companies and persons have been allotted for
colonization purposes the tracts of land hereinafter
described opposite their respective names, that they
have paid the first instalment due on the purchase
of the odd-numbered sections therein, and that
they have entered into the agreement required by
the Governor in Council in that behalf. The public
are hereby further notified that the said companies
and persons severally control the settlement of the
said tracts of land, subject to the provisions of the
Dominion Lands Act, 1879, and the amendments
thereto, and subject to and in accordance with Plan
No. 1 of the Land Regulations approved by the Gov-
ernor in Council on the twenty-third day of December,
1881, viz:—

*The Scottish, Ontario and Manitoba Land Com-
pany*:—The north half of Township number fifteen,
and the south half of Township number sixteen in
Range number twenty-five; Township number twenty
and fractional Township number nineteen in Range
number twenty-eight, all west of the First Meridian.

The Primitive Methodist Colonization Co.:—Town-
ships numbers twenty-two and twenty-three, in Ranges
numbers eight and nine; fractional Township number
twenty-two, in Range number ten, and those parts of
Townships numbers twenty-one in Ranges numbers
eight, nine and ten, north of the Canadian Pacific
Railway Belt, all west of the Second Meridian

LINDSAY RUSSELL,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

52-3

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Ottawa, 16th June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that the following companies and persons have been allotted for colonization purposes the tracts of land hereinafter described opposite their respective names, that they have paid the first instalment due on the purchase of the odd-numbered sections therein, and that they have entered into the agreement required by the Governor in Council in that behalf. The public are hereby further notified that the said companies and persons severally control the settlement of the said tracts of land, subject to the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act, 1879, and the amendments thereto, and subject to and in accordance with Plan No. 1 of the Land Regulations approved by the Governor in Council on the twenty-third day of December, 1881, viz:—

The Temperance Colonization Society:—Townships numbers thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five and thirty-six in Ranges numbers four, five and six; and Townships numbers thirty-seven and thirty-eight in Ranges numbers three, four and five, all west of the Third Meridian, excepting thereout the Indian Reserve known as "White Cap's Reserve," situate on the East bank of the South Saskatchewan River.

The York Farmers Colonization Co.:—Townships numbers twenty-two and twenty-three in Range number two; Townships numbers twenty-six in Ranges numbers four and five; and townships numbers twenty-seven in Ranges numbers two and three, all west of the Second Meridian.

William Henry Christian Meyer:—Township num-

ber twenty-two in Range number twenty-five, west of the Second Meridian.

By order,

51-3 LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure, on account of the Consolidated Fund, of the Dominion of Canada, as by Returns furnished to the Finance Department to the night of the 31st May, 1882.

REVENUE.	AMOUNT.
Customs.....	\$1,772,613 70
Excise.....	538,605 86
Post Office.....	13,689 24
Public Works, including Railways.	286,283 03
Miscellaneous	144,581 49
	<hr/>
	\$ 2,855,772 72
Less Receipts from Dominion Lands transferred to Capital.....	473,556 65
	<hr/>
Revenue to 30th April, 1882.....	\$ 2,382,216 07
	27,171,980 05
	<hr/>
	\$29,554,196 12
Expenditure.....	\$2,783,685 38
do 30th April, 1882.	19,770,127 68
	<hr/>
	\$22,553,813 06

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, 1st June, 1882.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Post Office Savings Bank Account for the Month of May, 1882. Cr.

(Furnished to the Minister of Finance in accordance with the Post Office Act 1875, sec. 69 and Public Accounts Audit Act, 1878, Sec. 20.)

Balance in hands of Minister of Finance on 30th April, 1882.....	\$8,728,449 12	Repayments at Post Office Savings Banks during month	\$369,129 93
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks during month	569,720 00		
Interest allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	4,522 63	Balance :—	
		At the credit of Depositors' Accounts.....	\$8,884,690 43
		Outstanding cheques held by Depositors, and not presented for payment.	48,871 39
	9,302,691 75		8,933,561 82
			9,302,691 75

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 23rd June, 1882.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA
ON THE 1ST JUNE, 1882.

NAME OF POST OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP OR PARISH.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Apple Hill.....	Kenyon.....	Glengarry.....O.	Alexander Kennedy.
Christie's Corners.....	Oxford.....	Leeds & Grenville, N.R...O.	Jacob Vanallen.. 1
Clanwilliam.....	Sec. Tp. 16, Range 17 West.	.....M.	Peter McCudhie.
Crampton.....	Dorchester.....	Middlesex, E.R.....O.	Alexander Fleming.
Desert.....	Johnston.....	Algoma.....O.	Joseph Alderson.
Glen Huron Station.....	Nottawasaga.....	Simcoe, N.R.....O.	Peter McMillan.
Granite Hill	Gurd.....	Muskoka.....O.	John S. Driscoll.
Griswold.....	Sec. 4, Tp. 10, Range 22 W..	.....M.	John Park.
Hartford.....	.....	Carleton.....N.B.	George Stickney.
Harvey Bank.....	.....	Albert.....N.B.	H. E. Graves.
Horncastle.....	Laxton.....	Victoria, N.R.....O.	George Sharp.
Inkerman.....	.....	Gloucester.....N.B.	François X. Robichaud.
Lake Charles.....	North Keppel.....	Grey, N.R.....O.	Joseph Davidson.
Mount Maple.....	Chatham.....	Argenteuil.....Q.	David Warwick.
New Carlow.....	Carlow.....	Hastings, N.R.....O.	A. S. Tooley.
New Zion.....	.....	Sunbury.....N.B.	James H. Sowers.
Oak Lake.....	Sec. 23, Tp. 9, Range 24 W..	.....M.	H. A. Roberts.
Pond Mills.....	Westminster.....	Middlesex, S.R.. ....O.	William Agur.
Sand Hill.....	Eaton.....	Compton.....Q.	D. Caswell.
Saurin.....	Flos.....	Simcoe, N.R.....O.	David A. Cooper.
Strangfield.....	Tilbury West.....	Kent.....O.	Thomas Strangford.
Strathadam.....	.....	Northumberland.....N.B.	Robert Adam.
Queensville.....	.....	Northumberland.....N.B.	John Johnston.

CHANGES IN POST OFFICES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

OFFICES CLOSED.

Goshen..... Co. Huron, S.R., O.
 South Middleton..... Co. Norfolk, N.R., O.
 Yatton..... Co. Wellington, C.R., O.
 Wilson..... Co. Norfolk, S.R., O.
 Mascouche Rapids..... Co. L'Assomption, Q.

NAMES CHANGED.

Grenfel, Co. Marquette, M.....to Kingsley.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	31st July.	31st August.	30th September.	31st October.	30th November.	31st December.
Fractionals.....	151,678 10	153,156 10	156,793 10	170,872 85	175,781 35	173,155 85
\$1 & \$2.....	4,669,269 25	4,936,310 75	5,363,421 75	5,732,630 75	5,779,902 75	5,796,147 75
\$5, \$10 & \$20	77,040 45	71,865 45	71,595 85	71,345 85	70,890 85	58,580 85
\$50 & \$100	799,375 00	761,075 00	676,325 00	676,575 00	695,625 00	682,925 00
\$500 & \$1000	8,998,000 00	9,027,500 00	8,872,000 00	8,221,500 00	8,224,500 00	8,288,000 00
Total.....	14,695,362 80	14,949,907 30	15,140,135 70	14,872,924 45	14,946,699 95	14,998,809 45
	31st January.	28th February.	31st March.	30th April.	31st May.	30th June.
Fractionals.....	171,691 85	174,838 85	167,381 60	168,227 35	171,362 10	
\$1 & \$2.....	5,681,450 25	5,671,919 25	5,677,849 25	5,620,094 75	5,572,238 75	
\$5, \$10 & \$20	58,426 65	43,721 65	36,381 92	30,812 06	26,227 06	
\$50 & \$100	696,025 00	694,575 00	731,825 00	664,525 00	676,625 00	
\$500 & \$1000	8 167,000 00	8,224,500 00	7,702,000 00	7,907,500 00	8,272,000 00	
Total.....	14,774,593 75	14,809,554 75	14,315,437 77	14,391,159 16	14,718,452 91	

Fractional Notes.....	171,362 10
Provincial "	62,519 56
Montreal issue.....	7,116,449 50
Toronto "	4,881,863 00
Halifax "	1,754,200 00
St. John "	710,388 25
Victoria "	21,670 50
Total.....	\$14,718,452 91

Specie held by the several Assistant Receivers General, on the 31st May.....	2,552,568 79
Guaranteed Sterling Debentures	2,920,000 00
	5,472,568 79

Guaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
10 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91	1,471,845 29

Specie to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13—	
15 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91	2,207,767 93
	\$3,679,613 22

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,792,955 57
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Unguaranteed Debentures to be held under Vic. 43, cap. 13.	12,000,000 00
75 p. c. on \$14,718,452 91.....	11,038,839 00

Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	961,161 00
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SUMMARY.

Excess of Specie and Guaranteed Debentures.....	1,792,955 57
Excess of Unguaranteed Debentures.....	961,161 00

Total Excess.....	2,754,116 57
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J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

FRED. TOLLER,
Comptroller, Dominion Currency.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 9th June, 1882.

SUMMARY STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada and the Duty Collected thereon, (exclusive of British Columbia,) during the month ending 28th February, 1882.

ARTICLES.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acids.....	\$	1,812 00	463 21
Agricultural Implements	"	7,207 00	1,830 65
Ale, Beer and Porter.....	Gals. 7,450	4,375 00	1,102 76
Animals.....	\$	3,269 00	653 88
Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c.....	"	68,566 00	11,606 55
Brass and manufactures of.....	"	22,384 00	5,684 35
Breadstuffs, viz :—			
Grain of all kinds.....	Bush. 138,987	96,482 00	10,674 01
Flour and Meal.....	Brls. 18,564	94,663 00	8,635 26
Rice and all other Breadstuffs.....	\$	10,769 00	3,988 45
Candles.....	Lbs. 10,218	1,302 00	327 85
Chicory.....	" 2,791	140 00	119 64
Coal of all kinds and Coke.....	Tons. 178,395	292,682 00	43,855 05
Coffee, from countries others than U. S.....	Lbs. 21,407	2,405 00	439 52
" " U. States.....	" 36,115	5,184 00	774 22
Copper and manufactures of.....	\$	10,527 00	1,378 70
Cordage of all kinds.....	"	5,224 00	683 45
Cotton, manufactures of.....	"	1,598,978 00	359,712 71
Drugs and Medicines.....	"	47,908 00	10,057 43
Earthen, Stone, and Chinaware.....	"	20,138 00	5,772 15
Fancy Goods.....	"	330,081 00	70,911 61
Fish.....	"	4,446 00	887 19
Fruit, Dried.....	"	42,078 00	10,189 93
" green, &c.....	"	23,409 00	4,807 54
Furs.....	"	26,884 00	4,171 60
Glass and Glassware.....	"	73,851 00	16,896 30
Gunpowder and explosive substances.....	"	2,332 00	805 95
Hats, Caps and Bonnets.....	"	247,417 00	61,854 70
Hops.....	Lbs. 39,070	11,156 00	2,344 18
Iron and Steel, and manufactures of.....	\$	857,370 00	186,978 87
Jewellery and watches, and manufactures of gold and silver	"	86,670 00	20,267 10
Lead and manufactures of.....	"	4,297 00	772 35
Leather and manufactures of.....	"	137,455 00	31,493 96
Marble and Stone, and manufactures of.....	"	6,437 00	1,295 99
Malt.....	Lbs.		
Metals, Composition, &c., and manufactures of.....	\$	45,612 00	9,587 22
Musical Instruments.....	"	32,655 00	9,344 73
Oils, Kerosene, Refined Petroleum, etc., etc.....	Gals. 165,646	21,531 00	1,927 36
" all other, N. E.S.....	" 34,761	24,009 00	4,891 27
Paints and Colors.....	\$	20,324 00	3,076 60
Paper and manufactures of.....	"	71,638 00	18,508 73
Perfumery, &c.....	"	1,324 00	397 20
Provisions, viz :			
Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Sides ; Beef, Pork and Mutton.....	Lbs. 1,229,639	102,977 00	13,436 99
Butter.....	" 2,022	514 00	80 88
Cheese.....	" 2,066	223 00	61 98
Lard.....	" 194,625	22,813 00	3,892 48
Poultry and other meats.....	\$	2,911 00	521 34
Salt, not imported from Great Britain or British Possessions or for Gulf Fisheries.....	Lbs. 21,340	128 00	25 61
Seeds.....	\$	22,845 00	3,458 50
Silk, manufactures of.....	"	505,648 00	148,408 20
Soap of all kinds.....	Lbs. 7,066	2,268 00	702 95
Spices, ground and unground.....	\$	11,357 00	2,381 20
Starch.....	Lbs. 21,935	1,289 00	439 70
Spirits of all kinds.....	Gals. 50,568	49,909 00	69,955 27
Wines, other than Sparkling.....	" 20,788	18,155 00	12,904 62
" Sparkling.....	Doz. 1,169	9,271 00	5,365 80
Sugar, above No. 14, D.S.....	Lbs. 195,075	8,551 00	4,928 60
" equal to No. 9, and not above No. 14, D.S.....	" 1,277,385	45,988 00	23,376 75
" below No. 9, D.S.....	" 3,647,348	133,808 00	58,379 16
" Syrups, Cane Juice, &c.....	" 154,993	5,470 00	2,609 84
" Melado, &c., &c.....	" 14,536	145 00	98 01
Glucose and Syrups.....	" 43,202	1,942 00	920 03
Molasses for refining.....	Gals. 52,475	17,364 00	3,600 90
Molasses not for refining.....	" 101,365	29,850 00	4,590 60
Tea from countries other than the U.S.....	Lbs. 51,675	11,476 00	2,420 96
" United States.....	" 563,197	102,635 00	11,820 71
Tobacco and Cigars.....	" 32,108	50,850 00	27,003 08
Wood and manufactures of.....	\$	69,882 00	17,204 01
Woollen manufactures.....	"	1,143,095 00	287,193 23
Wool, Class 1, viz : Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire down combing wools, or wools known as Lustre Wools, and other like combing wools, such as are grown in Canada.....	Lbs.		
All other dutiable articles.....	\$	747,182 00	169,291 18
Total Dutiable Goods.....		\$7,483,537 00	\$1,814,192 80
Coin and Bullion (except U.S. silver coin).....		13,110 00	
Free Goods, all other.....		1,555,159 00	
Grand Total entered for Consumption.....		\$ 9,051,806 00	\$1,814,192 80

MONTHLY STATEMENT of Goods Exported from the Dominion of Canada, (exclusive of British Columbia,) for April, 1882.

	Produce of Canada.	Produce of other countries.	Total.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Produce of the Mine.....	74,776 00	6,563 00	81,339 00
do Fisheries.....	336,632 00	342 00	336,974 00
do Forest.....	962,384 00	86,313 00	1,048,697 00
Animals and their Produce.....	1,003,698 00	21,317 00	1,025,015 00
Agricultural Products.....	2,152,489 00	17,053 00	2,169,542 00
Manufactures	197,500 00	43,696 00	241,196 00
Miscellaneous Articles.....	67,204 00	8,686 00	75,890 00
Totals.....	4,794,683 00	183,970 00	4,978,653 00
Coin and Bullion.....		306,495 00	306,495 00
Grand Ttal.	4,794,683 00	490,465 00	5,285,148 00

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 2nd June, 1882.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

RETURN OF THE AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE MONTREAL CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK, AND OF THE CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC, ON THE 31ST MAY, 1882.

CAPITAL.			LIABILITIES.								
	Capital Stock.	Capital paid up.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable on demand.	Other deposits payable on demand.	Dominion Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Provincial Govt. deposits payable after notice.	Other deposits payable after notice.	Special Poor Fund or Charity Trust.	Other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
City and District Savings Bank.....	\$ cts. 2,000,000 00	\$ cts. 600,000 00	\$ cts. 302,188 41	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 5,789,918 79	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts. 88,361 23	\$ cts. 6,360,468 43
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	1,000,000 00	250,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,915,434 00	83,000 00	15,960 00	3,014,394 00

		ASSETS.								
	Dominion Securities.	Provincial or Municipal Securities.	Loans having Government Securities.	Loans secured by Bank Stock.	Loans secured by Stock, &c.	Cash in hand or on call in chartered Banks.	Special Poor Fund or charity Fund Investments.	Bank Stock prior to incorporation.	Other Assets.	Total Assets.
City and District Savings Bank.....	\$ cts. 2,500 00	\$ cts. 1,384,505 16	\$ cts. 1,100 00	\$ cts. 2,474,283 52	\$ cts. 1,818,103 34	\$ cts. 860,391 65	\$ cts. 180,000 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. *426,535 34	\$ cts. 7,147,419 01
Caisse d'Economie Notre-Dame de Québec.....	95,029 94	705,490 48	.....	1,008,437 15	126,506 88	946,075 49	83,000 00	237,220 00	114,941 72	3,316,701 66

* Including landed property of Bank \$343,395 10.

N. S. GARLAND,
Clerk of Statistics.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 7th June, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.

STATEMENT of the Balances at Cr. of Depositors in Government Savings Banks, on 30th April, 1882, published in accordance with Act 34 Vic., Chap. 6, Sec. 23.

BANK.	Balance on 31st March, 1882.	Deposits for April, 1882.	Total.	Withdrawn, April, 1882.	Balance, 30th April, 1882.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Ontario—</i>					
Toronto.....	548,895 83	44,614 97	593,510 80	38,790 43	554,720 37
<i>Manitoba—</i>					
Winnipeg.....	437,628 00	105,750 08	543,378 08	75,421 90	467,956 18
<i>British Columbia—</i>					
Victoria.....	1,328,444 62	67,449 00	1,395,893 62	62,019 10	1,333,874 52
Nanaimo.....	139,161 33	4,831 00	143,992 33	4,062 84	139,929 49
New Westminster.....	187,429 07	10,824 00	198,253 07	6,821 57	191,431 50
<i>Nova Scotia—</i>					
Amherst.....	141,897 29	6,054 00	147,951 29	3,589 63	144,361 66
Antigonish.....	43,328 48	984 00	44,312 48	12,967 02	31,345 46
Annapolis.....	129,019 27	6,017 77	135,067 04	7,303 87	127,763 17
Arichat.....	124,248 66	1,234 00	125,482 66	1,373 00	124,109 66
Acadia Mines.....	30,025 25	753 00	30,778 25	1,000 32	29,777 93
Baddeck.....	42,902 83	1,441 00	44,343 83	1,775 13	42,568 70
Bridgewater.....	28,051 88	1,035 00	29,086 88	597 00	28,489 88
Barrington.....	36,170 52	1,154 00	37,324 52	632 33	36,692 19
Digby.....	64,232 71	4,337 00	68,569 71	5,294 88	63,274 83
Guysboro'.....	48,119 19	1,679 00	49,798 19	1,602 00	48,196 19
Halifax.....	2,388,813 73	62,741 63	2,451,555 36	111,710 78	2,339,844 58
Kentville.....	113,971 45	15,804 00	129,775 45	14,850 08	114,925 37
Liverpool.....	113,896 49	2,471 00	116,367 49	2,201 42	114,166 07
Lingan.....	12,391 84	512 00	12,903 84	130 00	12,773 84
Lunenburg.....	95,132 64	3,225 00	98,357 04	1,697 13	96,659 91
Maitland.....	46,755 93	1,172 00	47,927 93	1,283 00	46,644 93
New Glasgow.....	102,523 69	3,231 00	105,756 69	2,233 00	103,523 69
Parrsboro'.....	40,269 94	781 00	41,050 94	1,535 76	39,515 18
Port Hood.....	48,190 06	2,955 00	51,145 06	802 13	50,342 93
Pictou.....	41,532 49	1,429 00	42,961 49	545 50	42,415 99
Shelburne.....	35,288 65	6,983 00	42,271 65	1,316 00	40,955 65
Sydney.....	167,682 03	3,154 00	170,836 03	1,455 98	169,380 05
Sherbrooke.....	32,304 30	411 00	32,715 30	345 00	32,370 30
Truro.....	199,672 35	14,707 00	214,379 35	12,995 45	201,383 90
Wallace.....	8,991 50	1,600 00	10,591 50	391 00	10,200 50
Windsor.....	365,371 75	16,005 00	381,376 75	5,265 28	376,111 47
Weymouth.....	51,807 81	1,913 00	53,720 81	274 80	53,446 01
Yarmouth.....	323,686 80	11,311 00	334,997 80	11,941 17	323,056 63
<i>New Brunswick—</i>					
Bathurst.....	65,440 24	2,632 00	68,072 24	2,080 42	65,991 82
Chatham.....	186,778 13	5,322 00	192,100 13	5,451 57	186,648 56
Dalhousie.....	155,447 33	1,446 00	156,893 33	3,326 01	153,567 32
Dorchester.....	23,812 55	2,184 84	25,997 39	.....	25,997 39
Fredericton.....	291,042 73	16,975 00	308,017 73	9,369 96	298,647 77
Hillboro'.....	21,220 93	284 00	21,504 93	323 00	21,181 93
Moncton.....	126,622 53	9,358 00	135,980 53	7,790 78	128,189 75
Newcastle.....	122,492 82	5,144 00	127,636 82	1,865 23	125,771 59
Richibucto.....	66,523 13	718 00	67,241 13	900 00	66,341 13
St. Andrews.....	204,606 13	3,128 00	207,734 13	2,518 39	205,215 74
St. John.....	1,638,317 13	33,453 00	1,671,800 13	38,514 57	1,633,285 56
Sussex.....	26,479 59	1,722 00	28,201 59	400 00	27,801 59
Woodstock.....	216,891 65	12,935 00	229,826 65	6,474 86	223,351 79
<i>Prince Edward Island—</i>					
Charlottetown.....	806,415 89	66,063 00	872,478 89	41,401 68	831,077 21
Total.....	11,469,960 61	569,958 29	12,039,918 90	514,640 97	11,525,277 93

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 31st May, 1882.

J. M. COURTNEY,
D. M. F.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.		Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit. Deposits marked (A) are applicable solely to Life Policies existing 31st March 1878; marked (B) to policies subsequent to that date.	Description of Insurance business for which licensed.
The Accident Insurance Company of North America.....	.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$13,500 Mont. Harb. bonds; \$8,895 Mont. Warehousing Bds.; \$550, 5 p. Canada stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$20,210).	Accident.
The Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	.....	Robert Wood, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$5,070 Canada stock; \$23,000 Municipal Debentures; \$72,000 U.S. Bonds. (Accepted at \$97,771)	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Aetna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut.....	.....	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U.S. gold bonds (A), \$100,000 U.S. Bonds and \$25,000 Debs. Prov. of Queb. (B).	Life.
The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.....	.....	Jno. Fisher, Chief Agent, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds, 4 per cent.	Fire.
The Anchor Marine Insurance Company.....	.....	Hugh Scott, Agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Inland Marine.
The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.....	.....	Louis H. Boulton, Manager, Toronto.....	\$61,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,900).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited) .....	.....	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$54,993—Canada 4 per cent. bonds	Life.
The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.....	.....	Charles Cameron, Managing Direct., Hamilt'n	\$57,000 Municipal Debent. (Accepted at \$51,300).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton .....	.....	A. G. Ramsay, Manager, Hamilton	\$60,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$54,000)	Life.
The Canadian Steam Users Insurance Association.....	.....	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 Imper. Building Society stock, \$5,000 Toronto Buildg. and Loan Assoc. stock, \$1,600 Western Assur. stock.....	Steam Boilers, &c. Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Montreal Harbor bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Guarantee.
The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.....	.....	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$30,000 cash	Fire.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited) .....	.....	J. K. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$21,000 stg. Canada Stock.	Fire and Life.
The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.....	.....	Fred. Cole, General Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,344 Canada stock (Life A), \$50,613 Canada Con. 5 per cent. stock and \$55,967, 4 p. c. stock (Fire).....	Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada.....	.....	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	\$83,703 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$75,333).....	Life.
The Dominion Safe'y Fund Life Association.....	.....	J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B.	\$50,000 cash.	Life.
The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N. Y.....	.....	R. W. Gale, Manager, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$65,000 U.S. Bonds (B).....	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.....	.....	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock	Fire.
The Guarantee Company of North America.....	.....	Edward Rawlings, Manager, Montreal.....	\$32,000 Municipal Debentures; \$15,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds; \$8,895 Montreal Warehousing bonds, \$400 stock, and cash \$838.47. (Accepted at \$51,210)	Guarantee.
The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.	.....	Robt. Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm, Gen. Agents, Montreal.....	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut.....	.....	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal	\$55,000 U.S. bds. and \$30,840 bank stock. (Accepted at \$100,000) \$48,667 Con. 5 per cent. Can. stock, \$51,402 6 per cent. Can. stock	Fire.
The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.....	.....	W. H. Rintoul, Agent, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company.....	.....	S. C. Duncan-Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada stock.....	Life.
The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited) London, England.....	.....	Fred. Stanciliffe, General Manager, Montreal	\$10,000 stg. Canada stock	Life.
The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.....	.....	G. F. C. Smith, Chief Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life), and \$3,000 Can. 5's; \$63,000 Muni- cipal Debentures, and \$42,500 cash. (Accepted at \$152,200).....	Fire and Life
The London Assurance Corporation, England.....	.....	C. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal.....	\$50,127 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock and \$99,873 Canada stock, being (Fire) \$100,000 and (Life) \$50,000	Fire and Life.
The London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited) .....	.....	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto.....	£11,000 stg. Canada Stock	Guarantee and Accident
The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Liverpool.....	.....	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto	£21,000 stg. Canada Stock	Fire.
The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	.....	William Robertson, Manager, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) \$5,000 cash and \$4,867 Prov. of Queb. bonds (B)	Life.
The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.	.....	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.....	\$25,000 Canada Stock and \$5,000 cash.....	Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.....	.....	Thos. A. Temple, General Agent, St. John, N.B.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds.....	Life.
The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company, New York.....	.....	A. J. Pell, Montreal.....	\$5,000 United States bonds.....	Plate Glass Insurance.
The Mutual Life Association of Canada.....	.....	J. Turner, President, Hamilton.....	\$100,906 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$90,815).....	Life.
The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company.....	.....	Wm. McCabe, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$50,000 cash	Life.
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.....	.....	Macdougall & Davidson, General Agents, } Montreal.....	\$50,000 Canada stock (Life A); \$47,000 Montreal Harbour bonds and \$65,000 Municipal Deb. (Fire). (Accepted at \$150,800)	Fire and Life,

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$85,833 Canada stock, \$14,167 Canada 5's.....	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Norwich, England.....	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 Canada Stock.....	Fire.
The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.....	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,686).....	Life
The Phenix Assurance Company of Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	\$100,000, U. S. bonds.....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phenix Fire Assurance Company, London, England	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen Ag'ts Mont.....	\$50 171 Canada stock, and \$50,126 Canada Con. 5 p.c. stock.....	Fire.
The Quebec Fire Assurance Company.....	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec.....	\$60,000 Bank stock, \$6,000 Municipal Debentures and cash \$9,200. (Accepted at \$74,600).....	Fire.
The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.....	A. M. Forbes & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents, Montreal	\$100,000 Canada stock (Fire) and \$51,100 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock (Life).....	Fire and Life.
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.....	J. Cassie Hatton, Attorney, Montreal.....	\$100,000 Canada stock (A) and \$10,000 Canada stock (B).....	Life.
The Royal Canadian Insurance Company	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal.....	\$56,000 Canadian Pacific bonds. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Fire and Inland Marine.
The Royal Insurance Company	M. H. Gault & Wm. Tatley, Chief Agents, Montreal		
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal.....	\$96,982 Canada stock, \$53,533 Canada Consol. 5 p. c. stock, \$170,333, British Consols—being \$149,182 (Fire) \$50,000 (Life A) and \$121,666 (General). Also \$194,666, British Annuities (General). Total \$515,515.....	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.....	Kavanagh & Bossé, Agents, Montreal.	\$71,068 Canada stock, \$20,000 Montreal Harbour bonds, \$13,500 Municipal Deb. (Accepted at \$101,218).....	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.....	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto...	\$111,185 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$100,066).....	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Company, Scotland.....	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal.	\$96,475 Municipal Debent., cash \$3,684. (Accepted at \$90,512).....	Life.
The Star Life Assurance Society of England.....	A. W. Lauder, General Treasurer, Toronto...	\$64,000 Mun. Debts., \$107,000 Mont. Harbour Bds., (accepted at \$153,900), being \$126,750 (Life A), and \$27,150 (Life B).....	Life and Accident
The Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of Montreal.....	R. Macaulay, Secret. and Manager, Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada stock.....	Life and Accident
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto.....	\$56,000 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$50,400).....	Life and Accident
The Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.	Thos. Simpson, Agent, Montreal.....	\$32,250 Municipal Debent., cash \$1,190.36 and \$3,000 Canada Pacific Bonds. (Accepted at \$32,915).....	Life and Accident
The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine	Wm. Mulock, Agent Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. bonds, \$25,000 Municipal Debent., \$20,000 Montreal Harbour Bonds, (accepted at \$140,500), being \$100,000 (Life A) \$25,000 par (Life B) and \$20,000 par, (accident).....	Life and Accident
The Western Assurance Company, Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto.....	\$100,000 U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (A) and \$15,000 District of Columbia, U. S., Bonds (B).....	Life.
		\$57,700 Municipal Debentures. (Accepted at \$51,930).....	Fire and Inland Marine.

THE FOLLOWING LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES HAVING CEASED TO TRANSACT NEW BUSINESS IN CANADA, ARE ENTITLED UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877, TO TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH POLICIES EXISTING AT 31ST MARCH, 1878, AND THEIR DEPOSITS ARE APPLICABLE TO THOSE POLICIES SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1868 AND 1871.

NAME OF THE COMPANY.	Chief Agent to receive process.	Amount of Deposit.	Business.
The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada Stock	Life.
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., U.S.	Robt. Wood, General Agent, Montreal.	\$100,000 U.S. Bonds	Life.
The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.	David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$150,515 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Life Association of Scotland.	George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal.	\$150,000 Canada Stock	Life.
The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.	John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The New York Life Insurance Company	F. W. Campbell, M.D., Attorney, Montreal.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The North Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.	M. W. Mills, Chief Agent, Toronto.	\$100,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut	A. R. Bethune, General Agent, Montreal.	\$105,000 U. S. Bonds.	Life.
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company (limited) England.	John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal.	\$8,273 Canada 5 per cent Debentures.	Life.
The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.	Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal.	\$150,000 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Scottish Provident Institution.	R. A. Ramsay, Attorney. Montreal.	\$100,343 Canada Stock.	Life.
The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company	Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.	\$150,790, viz: 112,343, Canada Stock, and \$38,447 Canada 5 per cent debentures.	Life.
The United States Life Insurance Company		\$60,000 U. S. Gold Bonds.	Life.

NOTE.—The Globe Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, has been declared insolvent both in the United States and Canada, and Jas. D. Fish of New York has been appointed Receiver by the United States Courts, and W. C. Wells, of Montreal, has been appointed Assignee by the Superior Court of Lower Canada, Montreal, for the Canadian business of the Company. The deposit of the Company with the Government, \$100,000 U.S. Bonds, has by order of said Superior Court, been delivered to the Bankers of that Court.

The Merchants' Marine Insurance Company of Montreal has ceased to transact business and is winding up its affairs. The deposit has been surrendered to the Company, except \$2,223 cash held against contested claims.

The Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute.

Office of the Superintendent of Insurance,
Ottawa, 31st March, 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

TO ADVERTISERS IN THE GAZETTE.

PARTIES sending advertisements to be inserted in "The Canada Gazette," will hereafter please observe the following rules:

1st. Address "The Canada Gazette, Ottawa, Canada."

2nd. Indicate the number of insertions required.

3rd. Invariably remit the fees for such advertisements, together with the price of one Gazette, as below. Otherwise they will not be inserted. The rates are eight cts. for the first insertion, and two cts. for each subsequent insertion per line of nine words, each figure counting as one word.

Subscribers will also notice that the subscription, \$4 per annum, is invariably payable in advance, and that the "Gazette" will be stopped from them at the end of the period paid for. Single numbers will be charged ten cts. each, and when more than one are required by advertisers, must be remitted for likewise.

BROWN CHAMBERLIN,
Queen's Printer.

Office of Queen's Printer,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1872.

APPLICATIONS TO PARLIAMENT.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.

51. All applications for Private Bills, properly the subjects of legislation by the Parliament of Canada, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbour, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting the right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular Trade or Calling, or of any Banking or other Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for the granting to any individual or individuals, any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which, in its operation, would affect the rights or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, and (except in the case of existing corporations) signed by, or on behalf of the applicants, to be published as follows, viz:

In the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and in one in the French language in the District affected, or in both languages in one paper, if there be but one in the said District, or if there be no paper published therein, then, in both languages, in a paper in the nearest District, in which a newspaper is published.

In any other Province.

A notice inserted in the *Canada Gazette*, and in one newspaper published in the County, or Union of Counties affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the nearest County in which a newspaper is published. Such Notices to be continued in each case, for a period of two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. And copies of the newspapers containing the first and last insertion of such notice shall be sent to the Clerk of each House.

When a Petition is for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge, the petitioner or petitioners, upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, shall also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask; the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or

piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and whether they intend to erect a drawbridge, and the dimensions of the same.

Any person seeking to obtain any Private Bill shall, eight days before the meeting of Parliament, deposit with the Clerk of the House, in which the bill is to originate, a copy of such bill in the English or French language, with a sum sufficient to pay for translating and printing the same—600 copies to be printed in English, and 200 copies in French—the translation to be done by the officers of the House, and the printing by the contractor. The applicant shall be also required to pay the accountant of the House a sum of \$200 and the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes, and lodge the receipt of the same with the Clerk of the Committee to which such Bill is referred—such payment to be made immediately after the second reading, and before the consideration of the Bill by such Committee.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the first ten days of the session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.
JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the Commons

Rules of the Senate relating to Notices for Bills of Divorce.

72. Every Applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and for what cause, by advertisements, during six months, in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec and Manitoba, or in the County, or Union of Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided at the time of the separation, or if the requisite number of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District, or County, or Union of Counties.

73. A copy of the notice, in writing, is to be served at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate, is to be adduced before the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,
Clerk of the Senate.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the Rainy River Improvement Company.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the British Canadian Cable and Telegraph Company for the purpose of laying a cable from a point in Scotland to Greenland, thence by the Hudson Bay to Winnipeg; with the right to extend telegraph lines along any railroad or post road in Manitoba or the North West Territories of Canada.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19th May, 1882.

47-9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at the next session thereof, on behalf of Peter Nicholson, of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the District of Algoma, Collector of Customs, for a bill of divorce from Rosetta Nicholson, his wife, on the ground of adultery.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,

Solicitors for applicant.

Dated at Ottawa, this 18th March, 1882. 39-27

APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER BY LETTERS PATENT.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, for the grant of a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants and such others as hereafter may become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The name of the proposed company is "The Canada Bank Note Engraving and Printing Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the carrying on business as Engravers and Printers of bank notes, bonds, debentures, cheques, promissory notes, law and postage stamps and other instruments of monetary value, and generally the business of engraving and printing and dealing in and vending of all articles connected therewith; and the owning of buildings, machinery and plant, and the owning or hiring of buildings and land necessary therefor.

3. The chief place of the proposed company is to be at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, with branches and agencies in such other places within the Dominion of Canada as may be deemed necessary.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be (\$100,000) one hundred thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be one thousand, of one hundred dollars (\$100) each.

6. The names in full and the addresses and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—

William Cumming Smillie, of Poughkeepsie, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, engraver; Henry Lyman, of the City and District of Montreal, merchant; William Henry Leslie Marston, of the City and District of Montreal, engraver; Thomas Johnson Gillelan, of the City and District of Montreal, engraver; and George Frederick Cumming Smillie, of Plainfield, in the State of New Jersey, one of the said United States of America, engraver.

And the above five are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

DUNLOP & LYMAN,
Attorneys for applicants.

Montreal, 27th June, 1882.

53-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette* application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act" by "The North West Trading Company, limited," incorporated by letters patent dated the 22nd day of July A.D. 1873, for Supplementary Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada extending the powers of the said company for the following purposes:—

1. To acquire lands in the Province of Manitoba and in the North West Territory from the Government of Canada or elsewhere, and also from companies and individuals. To survey, colonize, settle, cultivate and build upon said lands. To sell, rent, mortgage or otherwise dispose of said lands. To advance money to and to assist settlers on or purchasers of said lands, securing such advances with interest by way of mortgage or otherwise on said land, on such terms and in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon. To breed, buy and sell horses, cattle, sheep and other stock, and to carry on all farming operations.

To build, purchase, charter, lease or own steam or other vessels, river and lake craft and to navigate the same and to build and maintain wharves to be used in connection therewith.

To purchase, lease or own horses and other draft animals, waggons, conveyances and vehicles of all

kinds, and to transport goods and passengers thereupon and charge upon such transport such sums as may be mutually agreed upon, and to erect, acquire and own warehouses and to store therein goods, wares, merchandize and such other commodities as they may see fit and to charge therefor, and to operate and work mines of all kinds and to develop mineral lands.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent for company.
53-6

Ottawa, 16th June, 1882.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after one month's publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned who are petitioners therefor for the incorporation of a company in and by the name of "The British and Canadian Grazing and Stock Raising Company."

2. The purposes for which its incorporation is sought are—

(a) To acquire, purchase, take, lease, exchange, sell, mortgage or dispose ranches, grazing grounds, cattle runs, or any real or personal property and any rights or privileges in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

(b) To settle, cultivate, build on and improve said lands, and to advance monies to settlers to assist them, and to secure repayment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by mortgage or agreement as may be agreed on.

(c) To buy, sell and exchange grain and other products of the soil, and to carry on farming in all its branches.

(d) To import, breed, raise, buy and sell cattle, horses, cows, mules, sheep, swine and other stock; to deal in the same and ship and export them to foreign countries for sale or otherwise.

(e) To carry on trade as general manufacturers, merchants, millers and forwarders, and to establish in Canada and elsewhere agencies for the said purposes; and to have all such powers as may be necessary and incident or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

3. The City of Toronto is to be the chief place of business of the company.

4. The capital stock is to be \$1,000,000.

5. There are to be ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each applicant: James Beaty, of the said City of Toronto, Queen's Counsel; Adam Henry Meyers, of Toronto, barrister at law; Charles Chamberlin, of Toronto, stock breeder; Christopher W. Bunting, of Toronto, journalist; John Drynan, of Toronto, merchant; Robert Kidney, of Toronto, real estate agent; William Bam, of Toronto, agent; Thomas Edward Somerville, of Toronto, Gentleman; James Reynolds, of Richmond Hill, merchant; David Thomas Fairbairn, of Richmond Hill, journalist; David Henry Watt, of Toronto, barrister; Thomas Fisher, of Toronto, broker; William Bain, the younger, of Toronto, clerk; James Tran, of Belford, farmer; William Burgess, of Parkdale, gardener; Robert Orr West, of Toronto, book-keeper; Hildebert Dorenwend, of Toronto, wig-maker; George James Chancey, of Markham, publisher; Andrew G. Brown, of Toronto, book-keeper; Walter Read, of Toronto, barrister; John Knox Leslie, of Eglington, clerk; Robert Birmingham, of Toronto, salesman; William Price, of Toronto, salesman; Samuel D. Page, of Toronto, salesman; William Henry Richey Allison, of Picton, barrister; Charles Stewart Wilson, of Picton, Esquire; Arthur William Hepburn, of Picton, forwarder, and James Canniff Wilson, of Picton, manufacturer; of the above applicants the following are to be provisional directors of the company:—James Beaty, Christopher W. Bunting, John Drynan, Adam Henry Meyers, William Henry Richey Allison, Charles Stewart

Wilson, Arthur William Hepburn, and James Canniff
Wilson.

BEATY, HAMILTON & CASSELS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated 29th June, A.D., 1882.

53-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," that after the expiration of one month from the first publication of this notice in the *Canada Gazette*, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under the said Act, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation to the applicants hereinafter named and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned. that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Military Colonization Company of Canada."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are the acquiring of lands in the Province of Manitoba, and in the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, and also from companies and individuals. The colonizing, settling and selling the said lands. The survey and laying out, improving, cultivating and building upon the same and the developing of the mineral resources of the land and dealing with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow. The buying and selling of grain, and other products of the soil. The buying, selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in lands. The advance of money and assistance to settlers on land purchased from the company, and the securing repayment for such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon. The erecting or acquiring or leasing of mills of various kinds and the manufacture and sale of flour, lumber and other commodities. The breeding, raising, buying and selling cattle, horses, sheep and other stock, and the carrying on in all its branches of farming and stock-raising.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Montreal in the Province of Quebec, with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the company shall be one hundred thousand dollars in a thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants are:—

Thomas Bland Strange, of the City of Kingston, Ontario, major general; Claude de Vin Wade, of Bow River, North West Territory, Gentleman; R. Hunt, of Bombay India, colonel 5th Bombay Native Infantry; Reginald Hennell, of Bombay, India, major 5th Bombay Native Infantry; Falkland Warren, of Nicosia, Cyprus, colonel Royal Artillery; Albert Cunningham, of London England, Gentleman; and William Robert Oswald, of Montreal stock broker.

6. The first directors of the company are to be the said Thomas Bland Strange, Claude de Vin Wade, and William Robert Oswald.

HATTON & NICOLLS,
Solicitors for applicants.

Montreal, 21st June, 1882.

52-6

NOTICE is hereby given of application, under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," for letters patent, constituting Richard Fuller, of the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario, Gentleman; John Ross, of the Village of Homer, in the County of Lincoln, in said Province, contractor; James J. Foy, of the City of Toronto, in said Province, barrister-at-law; Duncan McArthur, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, banker, and William Clarke, of the said City of Winnipeg, miller, a body corporate and politic under the name of "The Keewatin Paper Manufacturing Company," for the purpose of manufacturing paper and paper pulp, with its chief place of business at the City of Winni-

peg, with a capital stock of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) divided into fifteen hundred shares of one hundred dollars each, and having the said Richard Fuller, John Ross, James J. Foy, Duncan McArthur and William Clarke as the provisional directors thereof.

AIKINS, CULVER & HAMILTON,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated this 22nd June, A.D. 1882.

52-6

NOTICE is hereby given that the persons herein after named and described intend to apply to the Governor in Council for letters patent of incorporation, under the Great Seal of the Dominion of Canada, constituting them and others who may become shareholders of the company to be thereby created a body corporate and politic, under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877."

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Dominion Transport Company."

2. The purpose for which the incorporation of the said company is sought, is the transport, on land, by means of vehicles drawn by horses, of goods, wares and merchandize in and about the Cities of Montreal, Ottawa, Quebec, Toronto and Winnipeg, and other principal places throughout the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be in the City of Montreal.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is \$500,000.00 composed of five thousand shares of \$100 each.

5. The names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

The Honourable Matthew H. Cochrane, of Compton, in the Province of Quebec, senator; Henry Judah, of the City and District of Montreal, Esquire, advocate, and William B. Smith, of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire. And the said persons are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Attorneys for applicants.

Montreal, 20th June, 1882.

52-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the undersigned applicants to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for Letters Patent of incorporation, under the Great Seal of the Dominion, incorporating the said applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company, as a body politic and corporate under the name and for the purposes following, that is to say:—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Canada Pulp Company."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following:—To make, manufacture and sell throughout the different Provinces of the Dominion, pulp and paper and articles manufactured from pulp or paper; to acquire letters patent of invention respecting such manufacture; to make and sell machines in which the inventions to which such letters patent refer are used; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The chief place of business of the company is to be the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

4. The intended amount of its capital stock is fifty thousand dollars.

5. The amount of its shares is to be one hundred dollars each.

6. The names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:—John Farman, John McKernan, Albert A. Ayer, John P. McLachlan, John Cassils, Esquires, merchants, and Hiram K. Jaslin, Esquire, civil engineer, all of the City of Montreal aforesaid, and Robert Meighen, of Perth, Gentleman. And they are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Montreal, 20th June, 1882.

52-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter constituting the applicants, and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned:

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Provident and Commercial Land Company, Limited."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories from the Government of Canada, companies and private individuals.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil, the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to carry on farming and to develop the resources of the company; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporating is sought; power to mortgage the said lands or any part thereof for any of the purposes aforesaid or for any purpose of the company, and to issue debentures secured upon the lands of the company or otherwise, for the same purposes; power to erect and maintain houses upon the said lands, to purchase and supply lumber, timber and all necessities for the erection of buildings upon said lands by settlers upon such terms as may be deemed expedient; power to erect and maintain manufactories, saw and grist mills, steam or otherwise, upon the said lands, and to manufacture goods of any description, lumber, shingles and any other requisite material; to purchase and use any necessary machinery for such purposes, and to sell and dispose of merchandise so manufactured, and to sell, dispose of, or lease, any of the enterprises of the company upon such terms as the company may think reasonable; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle the said land and advance the interest of the company and of the Dominion and to grant bonuses for these purposes.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be the City of Toronto.

4. The capital stock of said company is to be \$600,000.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be 6,000 of the sum of \$100 each.

The names in full and address of the applicants are as follows:—William Fenton McMaster, merchant, James Charles Black, commercial traveller, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturer, Hugh Blain, merchant, Samuel Trees, manufacturer, Warring Kennedy, merchant, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commercial traveller, Alfred Ansley, merchant, Harry Symons, barrister, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, manufacturer, Edward Carter, merchant, James Haywood, commercial tra-

veller, George Clarence Thompson, manufacturer, all of Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, merchant, Stratford;—of whom the following are to be the first or provisional directors of said company: William Fenton McMaster, Toronto, merchant; James Charles Black, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alexander Archibald Allan, Toronto, manufacturer; Hugh Blain, Toronto, merchant; Samuel Trees, Toronto, manufacturer; Warring Kennedy, Toronto, merchant; Harry Alexander Galbraith, Toronto, commercial traveller; Alfred Ansley, Toronto, merchant; Harry Symons, Toronto, barrister.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solicitor for applicants.

Dated 19th April, 1882.

52-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario West Trade Colonization Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are:—

(a.) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b.) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c.) To develop the agricultural, mining and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d.) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e.) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land, money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f.) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g.) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h.) To act as agent for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i.) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j.) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k.) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming, grounds and utensils

and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company and to transfer the assets, franchises and rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain a transfer thereof or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(o) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say:

Robert Davies, of the city of Toronto, brewer; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, of the town of Woodstock, merchant; Joshua Smith Hamilton, of the city of Brantford, merchant; William Gillzean Reid, of the city of Hamilton, merchant; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; George Thomas Robinson, of the city of Toronto, merchant; Archibald George Hodge, of the city of Toronto, hotel-keeper.

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDOUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitors for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto, the 20th day of June A.D., 1882. 52-6

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof application will be made to the Governor General in Council under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," for the issue of letters patent to the applicants hereinafter named constituting them and other persons who may become shareholders in the company thereby to be created a body corporate and politic as hereinafter mentioned.

The name of the said company is to be "The Watson Manufacturing Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are to carry on in any or all the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in agricultural machines, implements, tools, fixtures and everything pertaining thereto, and the manufacturing, buying, selling, repairing and dealing in every other description of machinery, implements, tools and fixtures, and acquiring, holding, disposing of and working all patents and improvements thereon relating thereto which may be in force in the Dominion of Canada.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the Village of Ayr, in the County of Waterloo, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).

5. The said capital stock is to be divided into two thousand five hundred (2,500) shares of one hundred dollars (\$100) each.

6. The applicants are John Watson, (manufacturer), John George Watson, (engineer), William Dolman

Watson, (accountant), Alfred Edward Watson, (accountant), and William Watson (accountant), all of the Village of Ayr, in the County of Waterloo, in the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada, and who are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

BALL & BALL,

Galt, Ont.,

Solicitors for applicants.

Dated and first published the 17th of June 1882.
51-6

NOTICE is hereby given in pursuance of the Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877, that an application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal granting a charter of incorporation to the persons hereinafter mentioned, constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders in the company to be created, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act, and in and by the name of "The Ontario East Trade Colonization Company (limited)."

2. The purposes for which this incorporation is sought are:—

(a) For the purpose of acquiring a tract or tracts of land in the North West Territory of the Dominion of Canada with a view of colonizing and settling the same.

(b) To purchase, take, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire any personal property and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the company in any part of the Dominion.

(c) To develop the agricultural, mineral and other resources of the lands acquired by building, planting, working, clearing, cultivating or otherwise improving or dealing with the same, and to deal with the Government as to mines and minerals as the Government regulations may allow or otherwise.

(d) To aid, encourage and promote immigration into the property of the company and to colonize the same, and for the purposes aforesaid to advance and grant any money or grant any land and secure the company therefor by mortgage, by agreement or otherwise as the law may allow.

(e) To aid either by way of bonus, gifts of land-money or otherwise in the construction and maintenance of a line or lines of steamboats or barges from, through or contiguous to the lands or waters of the company to some point or place on or near and in connection with an existing or established line of railway, and to make, provide and carry on, use and work tramways, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company.

(f) To buy, manufacture and sell all kinds of goods, chattels and effects required for the company or by any person who may settle on the property of the company.

(g) And for such purposes to have all necessary powers for borrowing and investing moneys, selling and disposing of real and personal property and such other powers as are necessary and incident thereto.

(h) To act as agent for any Government, corporation or person for the purchase or sale of lands or mortgages on lands in Canada.

(i) To stock the said lands with animals, and to breed, grow and to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of stock, horses, cattle, sheep and produce.

(j) To work, convert, sell, use, or otherwise deal with all or any mines or mineral produce of the company and to quarry stone.

(k) To acquire or lease timber limits, to erect or acquire saw, grist or other mills, buildings, machinery, coves, booming grounds and utensils; and generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

(l) To amalgamate with any other colonization company, and to transfer the assets, franchises and

rights of this company, or to acquire the assets, franchises and rights of any other company and to obtain a transfer thereof or to amalgamate the same with this company.

(m) To own or lease railroad cars for transportation purposes.

(n) With power to borrow upon debentures or otherwise such sum or sums of money as may be necessary for carrying on the said business, and that with or without security; with power to invest on the security of mortgages on real estate in any of the Provinces of the Dominion or upon the debentures of any municipal corporation in any of the said Provinces or upon the debentures of any company incorporated by any special or general Act of the Dominion of Canada or of any of the said Provinces, any part or portion of the profits arising out of the said business for the purpose of repayment of the capital invested.

(o) And generally to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects aforesaid or any of them.

3. The city of Toronto, Ontario, is to be the chief place of business of the said company.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars.

5. There are to be five thousand shares and each share is to be for the sum of one hundred dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say :

Robert Davies, of the city of Toronto, brewer; Montelieu Murray Nesbitt, of the town of Woodstock, merchant; Joshua Smith Hamilton, of the city of Brantford, merchant; William Gillzean Reid, of the city of Hamilton, merchant; John Cosgrave, of the city of Toronto, brewer; George Thomas Robinson, of the city of Toronto, merchant; Archibald George Hodge, of the city of Toronto, hotel-keeper;

7. The said seven applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company, and they all reside in the Province of Ontario.

BAIN, McDOUGALL, GORDON & SHEPLEY,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at the city of Toronto, the 8th day of June A.D., 1882. 51-6

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act of 1877," application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, after the expiration of one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal of the Dominion granting a charter of incorporation constituting the applicants, and such others as may hereafter become shareholders in the company, a body corporate and politic under the provisions of the said Act for the purposes hereinafter mentioned :

1. The name of the said company shall be "The Qu'Appelle Farm Syndicate," (Limited.) The purposes for which the incorporation is sought are :—

(1) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories;

(2) The colonizing, settling and selling the same;

(3) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same;

(4) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms, and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be mutually agreed upon; granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets and other works as may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or other-

wise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote, aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

2. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the City of Winnipeg, with branches at Toronto and elsewhere in Manitoba and the North West Territory.

3. The capital stock of said company is to be five hundred thousand dollars in fifty thousand shares of ten dollars each.

4. The names in full, address and calling of the applicants are as follows :—Jay Charles Richardson, of the city of Cincinnati, United States of America, Esquire; James Whealy, of the city of Winnipeg, in the county of Selkirk, yeoman; Alonzo King, of the town of Woodstock, in the county of Oxford, book-keeper; Robert Burns Watson, of the city of Winnipeg, contractor; Rankin Dawson, M.D., of the city of Winnipeg; Edward Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; Josiah Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; Theodore S. Covernton, M.D., of the city of Winnipeg; Louisa Black, of the city of Winnipeg, milliner; Elizabeth Smith, of the city of Winnipeg, widow; Laura Angelina Stackhouse, of the city of Winnipeg, spinster; Thomas Scott McCool, of the city of Winnipeg, lumber merchant; George Fraser, of the city of Winnipeg, Esquire; David Ede, of the city of Winnipeg, marble manufacturer; Rufus Atkinson, of the city of Winnipeg, Esquire; Peter Mabee, of the town of Simcoe, in the county of Norfolk, auctioneer; Joseph A. Maycock, of the city of Winnipeg, merchant; George Stoddart, of the city of Winnipeg, clerk; Thomas Prest, of the city of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, Esquire, and William Cowan, jr., of the same place, Esquire; Oliver Austin, of the town of Simcoe, Esquire.

The first fifteen of said applicants are to be the first or provisional directors of said company.

J. B. McARTHUR,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Winnipeg, 23rd May, 1882. 49-6

NOTICE is hereby given, that within one month after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for a charter of incorporation by letters patent under "The Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," incorporating the applicants hereinafter named and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed company as a body corporate and politic under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, that is to say :—

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is the "Dominion of Canada Kennel Club (Limited.)"

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are the following :

To import, buy, breed, sell, train and exchange such breeds of dogs, as may from time to time appear advisable to the Club, in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

To hold public exhibitions of dogs, such as bench shows and field trials in any part of the Dominion of Canada.

To compile, publish and sell, or procure to be compiled, published and sold a national stud book, in which dogs of every breed, whelped or owned in the Dominion of Canada or elsewhere, can be registered.

3. The chief place of business of the said company is to be the City of Ottawa in the Province of Ontario.

4. The intended amount of the capital stock is four thousand dollars.

5. The number of shares is to be four hundred and the amount of each share ten dollars.

6. The following are the names in full and address and calling of each of the applicants, that is to say : The Honorable Edgar Dewdney, Lieutenant Governor of the North West Territories of Canada, of Battleford,

in the North West Territories; The Honorable Adolphe P. Caron, Minister of Militia and Defence of Canada, of the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario; Zebulon Aiton Lash, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario aforesaid, Queen's Counsel; Lindsay Russell, of Ottawa, Esquire, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior of Canada; Christopher Robinson, of the said City of Toronto, Queen's Counsel; Lieutenant-Colonel W. Osborne Smith, of the City of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba; Duncan C. Plumb, of the town of Niagara, in the County of Lincoln, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Alonzo Wright, of Ironsides, in the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, in the Province of Quebec; H. Bailey Harrison, of Tilsonburg, in the County of Oxford, in the said Province of Ontario, Esquire; Edmund F. Stephenson, of the said City of Winnipeg, Esquire; Frederick Percy Austin, of the said City of Ottawa, Esquire; Frederick H. D. Veith, of the City of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, Esquire; William Anderson Allan, of the said City of Ottawa, Esquire; John Gilmour of Ottawa, aforesaid, Esquire; Arthur Owens F. Coleman, of Ottawa aforesaid, Veterinary Surgeon; Charles V. M. Temple, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire; James S. Niven, of the City of London, in the said Province of Ontario, Physician; and John Donville, of the Town of Rothesay, in the Province of New Brunswick, Esquire. Of whom the said Lindsay Russell, Arthur Owens F. Coleman, Frederick Percy Austin, John Gilmour, and William Anderson Allan, are to be the first or provisional directors of the said company.

STEWART, CHRYSLER & GORMULLY,
Solicitors for the applicants.

Ottawa, 2nd June, 1882.

49-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for letters patent under the provisions of "The Canada Joint Stock Companies' Act, 1877," by the Honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, Senator; Robert Doull, M.P., of Pictou, Nova Scotia; John Alexander Mackenzie, of Sarnia, Ontario, barrister; Frank Egerton Gibbs, of Oshawa, Ontario, miller; Hugh MacMahon, Q.C., of London, Ontario; Thomas Wesley Jackson, of Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., immigration agent; William Pugsley, Jr., of the City of St. John, New Brunswick, barrister; Leigh Richmond Harrison, of the said City of St. John, barrister, and Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, also of the said City of St. John, barrister, to constitute them and others a body corporate and politic for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Land Company (Limited)."

2. The purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To acquire lands and other property in the province of Manitoba, and the North-West Territory; to colonize, settle, improve and sell the said land and develop the resources thereof of every nature; to survey, divide up and build upon the same; to develop and work fisheries along the shores of Long Lake; to erect and establish stores on said property and to purchase and vend goods of every description; to buy, sell, grant, convey, lease, rent, mortgage and generally deal with lands and all manner of interests in lands; to advance money and assistance to settlers on land or goods purchased from the company and to secure the repayment of such advances, with such interest as may be agreed upon; to make, provide, give aid to and use roads, railways, tramways, telegraph lines vessels, steamers, wharves and all other works and means of transport necessary upon the lands and waters of the company, or expedient for the improvement of the property of the company.

3. The principal place of business of said company will be in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. The capital stock of said company will be four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, consisting of four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each.

5. The several persons hereinbefore described will be the first provisional directors of said company.

MACKENZIE, GURD & KITTERMMASTER,

Solicitors for applicants, Sarnia, Ont.

Dated 15th April, 1882.

49-6

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, pursuant to the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," after the expiration of at least one month from the publication hereof in the *Canada Gazette*, for letters patent under the Great Seal, granting a charter constituting the applicants and such others as may thereafter become shareholders of the company, a body corporate and politic, under the name and for the purposes and objects hereinafter mentioned.

1. The proposed corporate name of the company is "The Standard Homestead Company of Canada."

2. The purposes for which the incorporation is sought, are:—

(a) The acquiring of land in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

(b) The colonizing, settling and selling the same.

(c) Surveying, laying out, improving, clearing, cultivating, building upon and otherwise dealing with the same.

(d) Selling, leasing, renting, mortgaging and generally dealing with lands and all manner of interest in land, including the buying and selling of grain and other products of the soil; the advancing of money and otherwise assisting settlers by way of bonus or otherwise, and the securing payment of such advances with interest on such terms and in such manner by way of mortgage or agreement as may be eventually agreed upon, granting of bonus or otherwise aiding in the construction and maintenance of railways through said lands and of all enterprises for the opening up of the same, including steamboats, telegraph lines, canals, reservoirs, aqueducts, roads, streets, and other works which may be deemed expedient in promoting the objects of the company; buying and selling of all personal property or rights therein required by said company to advance the interest of said company or of settlers upon the lands of the company or otherwise; power to borrow and invest moneys, and such other powers as are useful and necessary in advancing the object for which incorporation is sought; power to promote and aid and encourage immigration and assist immigrants in all ways and means that may be desirable to open up, develop and settle said country and advance the interests of the company and of the Dominion.

3. The chief place of business of the proposed company is to be at the city of Toronto with branches in the Province of Manitoba and the North West Territories.

4. The capital stock of the said company is to be one million dollars.

5. The number of shares of such capital stock is to be ten thousand, and each share is to be for the amount of one hundred dollars.

6. The names in full and addresses and calling of the said applicants are as follows:—James Moffat, of the City of London, a lieutenant colonel of Militia; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, of the City of Toronto, one of Her Majesty's Counsel; Andrew S. Irving, of the City of Toronto, manager Toronto News Co.; W. Barclay McMurrich, mayor of City of Toronto, barrister at law; Alexander Gemmel, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Sander-son Percy, of the City of Toronto, wholesale paint and oil merchant; Bernard Saunders, of the City of Toronto, merchant tailor; Andrew J. Somerville, of the City of Toronto, wholesale merchant; Richard J. Hovenden, of the City of Toronto, fresco painter; William Robins, of the City of Toronto, accountant; Samuel Davison, of the City of Toronto, commission merchant; William Roaf, of the City of Toronto, barrister at law; Peter B. Ball, of the City of Toronto, agent; Edward R. C. Clarkson, of the City of Toronto, accountant and official assignee; Christopher W. Bunting, of the City of Toronto, managing director

Mail Printing Company; George Birrell, of the City of London, merchant; Robert Lewis, of the City of London, Esquire; Charles F. Goodhue, of the City of London, Esquire; Isaac Waterman, of the City of London, manufacturer; Robert McIntosh, of Rapid City, Manitoba, doctor of medicine; Daniel Spry, of the Town of Barrie, P.O. inspector, and Henry Bickford, of the Town of Dundas, manufacturer. The said James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrich, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden and William Robbins are to be the first or provisional directors of the company.

C. A. BROUGH,
Solicitor for applicants.

Dated at Toronto, 18th May, A.D., 1882. 47-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BY-LAW No. 66.

The Imperial Oil Company Limited, enacts as follows:--

That the number of the directors of the company shall hereafter be increased to and be eight.

Passed this 25th day of April, A.D. 1882.

[L.S.] F. A. FITZGERALD,
President.
W. M. SPENCER,
Secretary.

We hereby certify that the above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the shareholders of The Imperial Oil Company, Limited, at a general meeting duly called for the purpose of considering it, by a vote of upwards of two thirds in value of the shareholders present in person or represented by proxy at the said general meeting.

In witness whereof The Imperial Oil Company, Limited, has caused to be affixed its corporate seal, and the President and Secretary have set their hands this twenty-sixth day of June, A.D. 1882.

[L.S.] F. A. FITZGERALD,
President.
W. M. SPENCER,
Secretary.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875 AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the matter of The Mechanics Bank, Insolvent.

A Dividend sheet has been prepared, of the double liability collected from shareholders holding stock prior to the reduction of forty per cent. in July 1876. Said dividend, payable only to Creditors having claims prior to that date, open to objection until the seventeenth day of July next (1882) after which dividend will be paid.

JAMES COURT,
Assignee.
Montreal, 30th June, 1882. 53-1

LA BANQUE DE ST. HYACINTHE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. upon the capital paid up of this institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and will be payable at this Bank, in St. Hyacinthe, on and after Tuesday, the first day of August next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st July, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
R. St. JACQUES,
Cashier.

St. Hyacinthe, 15th June, 1882. 52-5

Dominion of Canada,
Province of Prince Edward Island. }

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of an Act of the Parliament of Canada passed in the forty-fifth year of Her present Majesty's Reign, chapter 23, intituled "An Act respecting Insolvent Banks, Insurance Companies, Loan Companies, Building Societies and Trading Corporations," and of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Prince Edward Island, an Insolvent Banking Company.

His Honor Mr. Justice Peters has, by an order dated the nineteenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, appointed The Bank of Nova Scotia, (to act through its agent here Mr. David C. Chalmers), Lemuel Cambridge Owen, of Charlottetown, in said province, merchant, and Charles Colson Gardiner, of the same place, Gentleman, to be the liquidators of the above named Banking Company.

JAMES D. IRVING,
Deputy Prothonotary.

R. R. FITZGERALD,
Solicitor.

Dated this 19th day of June, A.D., 1882. 52-2

Dominion of Canada,
Province of Prince Edward Island. }

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of an Act of the Parliament of Canada passed in the forty-fifth year of Her present Majesty's Reign, chapter 23 intituled "An Act respecting Insolvent Banks, Insurance Companies, Loan Companies, Building Societies and Trading Corporations," and of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Prince Edward Island, an insolvent Banking Company.

The creditors of the above named Banking Company are requested on or before the twenty-fourth day of July next (A.D. 1882) to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their solicitors, if any, to David C. Chalmers, of Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in the Province of Prince Edward Island, in said Dominion of Canada, the person appointed to act for the Bank of Nova Scotia, one of the liquidators of the said Banking Company, and if so required by notice in writing from the said David C. Chalmers acting as aforesaid or by the solicitor of the liquidators of said Banking Company to come in and prove their said debts or claims at the chambers of the Honorable Horsefield Peters, a Judge of the said Supreme Court of the said Province, in the Law Courts Building, in Charlottetown aforesaid, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

Monday the twenty-eighth day of August next coming A.D. 1882, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the said chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.

Dated the 19th day of June A.D. 1882.

JAMES D. IRVING,
Deputy Prothy.

WELLINGTON, GREY AND BRUCE RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway Company will be held at the principal office of the said company, in the City of Hamilton, (being in the general office building of the Great Western Railway Company, 58 Stuart street, West), on Wednesday, the 19th July, A.D., 1882,

at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of directors, and for the transaction of other business.

By order,

SAML. SLATER,
Secretary.

Hamilton, 15th June, 1882.

1-3

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 14.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Monday, the 3rd day of July next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th June, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank, on Wednesday, the 5th day of July next. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,
Cashier.

Toronto, 23rd May, 1882.

49-5

NOTICE is hereby given that a general meeting of Provisional Directors of the Rapid City Central Railway Company, will be held at the Queen's Hotel, in the City of Toronto, at noon, on the ninth day of July next, for the purpose of opening stock books, and for such other business as may then be legally transacted.

Ottawa, 25th May, 1882.

49-6

THE CANADA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, by, and on behalf of the Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company, that it intends to cease to carry on business in Canada, and that it has made an application to the Government for the release of its securities deposited with the Receiver General, and that such application will be presented for hearing and determination, on the 7th day of September next, (1882); and all Canadian policy holders, opposing such application are hereby required to file their opposition with the Minister of Finance on or before said day, and attend on the hearing and determination of said application.

CHARLES CAMERON,

Managing Director and Secretary.

Dated this 30th day of May, 1882.

49-13

PUISSANCE DU CANADA.



Bureau du Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie du Canada.

MEMBRES rapportés pour servir dans le PARLEMENT convoqué de se réunir à la CITÉ D'OTTAWA, le 7e jour d'août 1882 :

PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC.

Dorchester.

Charles Alexandre Lesage, de la paroisse de te. Claire, médecin.

Gaspé.

L'honorable Pierre Fortin, de Percé, médecin et chirurgien.

Argenteuil.

L'honorable J. J. C. Abbott, de la cité de Montréal, Conseil de la Reine.

PROVINCE DE LA NOUVELLE-ÉCOSSE.

Cumberland.

Sir Charles Tupper, K.C.M.G., C.B. de la cité d'Ottawa.

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie, Canada.

PROCLAMATIONS.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A Nos Très-Aimés et Fidèles les Sénateurs de la Puissance du Canada et aux membres élus pour servir dans la Chambre des Communes de Notre dite Puissance, et à tous et chacun de vous.

—SALUT:

ATTENDU que par et de l'avis et du consentement de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous avons jugé à propos de DISSOUDRE le présent parlement du Canada, qui se trouve prorogé au VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

SACHEZ MAINTENANT, qu'à cette fin Nous publions Notre présente Proclamation Royale, et par icelle DISSOLVONS en conséquence le dit Parlement du Canada, et les Sénateurs et les Membres de la Chambre des Communes sont en conséquence exemptés de s'assembler et d'être présents le dit VINGT-SIXIÈME jour de JUIN prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. McGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier du Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ D'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,
Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie, Canada.

JOHN J. McGEE,
Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui les présentes parviendront—SALUT.

ATTENDU que c'est notre désir et détermination de rencontrer aussitôt que faire se pourra, Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous faisons connaître par les présentes Notre volonté et Plaisir

Royal de convoquer un Parlement, et Nous déclarons de plus que, de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé pour le Canada, Nous AVONS CE JOUR donné des Ordres pour l'émanation de Nos Writs en due forme pour convoquer un Parlement dans Notre dite Puissance, lesquels Writs seront en date du DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI courant et retournables le SEPTIÈME jour d'AOUT prochain.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, Député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui, etc.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,

Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie,
Canada.

JOHN J. MCGEE,

Député du Gouverneur.

[L.S.]

CANADA

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux à qui ces présentes parviendront—SALUT :

SACHEZ que, désirant et ayant résolu, aussitôt que faire se pourra, de rencontrer Notre Peuple de Notre Puissance du Canada, et d'avoir son avis en Parlement, Nous, par et de l'avis de Notre Conseil Privé du Canada, par ces présentes convoquons la Chambre des Communes dans et pour Notre dite Puissance, et la sommons de se réunir en Notre cité d'Ottawa, en Notre dite Puissance, LUNDI, le SEPTIÈME jour d'AOUT prochain, pour là et alors conférer et traiter avec les Grands Hommes et le Sénat de Notre dite Puissance.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, JOHN J. MCGEE, député de Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de LORNE), Chevalier Commandeur de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-Georges, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral d'icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-HUITIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

RICHARD POPE,

Greffier de la Couronne en Chancellerie-
Canada.

LORNE.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

VICTORIA, par la Grâce de Dieu, Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande-Bretagne et d'Irlande, Défenseur de la Foi, etc., etc., etc.

A tous ceux qui les présentes verront ou qu'icelles pourront concerner,—SALUT :

PROCLAMATION.

Z. A. LASH, Député du ministre de la Justice, Canada. } ATTENDU que par et en vertu d'un acte passé en la session du Parlement du Canada tenue dans la trente-sixième année de Notre règne, chapitre neuvième et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports des provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," il est entre autres choses en substance statué, que le dit acte s'appliquera aux provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick seulement, et à tels ports et à ces ports seulement, dans l'une ou l'autre de ces provinces, qui seront de temps à autre désignés à cette fin par proclamation en vertu d'un ordre ou d'ordres du Gouverneur en Conseil (sauf seulement les ports d'Halifax et de Pictou, dans la Nouvelle-Ecosse, et le port de St.-Jean, dans le Nouveau-Brunswick.)

Et attendu qu'il a été passé un ordre du Gouverneur en Conseil, en date du dix-neuvième jour de mai dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, désignant le port de Musquodoboit, dans le comté d'Halifax, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, comme un port auquel devront s'appliquer le dit acte et ses amendements, la limite du dit port sera comme suit, savoir : une ligne imaginaire tirée de Jeddore Head à Petpiswick Head.

SACHEZ maintenant que par et en vertu de l'autorité que Nous confère le dit acte et ses amendements et un ordre en Conseil, nous proclamons et déclarons que l'acte ci-dessus mentionné et intitulé "Acte pour pourvoir à la nomination de maîtres de havre pour certains ports dans les provinces de la Nouvelle-Ecosse et du Nouveau-Brunswick," et les actes qui l'amendent, devront désormais s'appliquer au port de Musquodoboit, dans le comté d'Halifax, dans la province de la Nouvelle-Ecosse, tel que ci-dessus défini.

De ce qui précède Nos fœux sujets et tous ceux que les présentes peuvent concerner, sont par les présentes requis d'en prendre avis et d'agir en conséquence.

EN FOI DE QUOI, Nous avons fait émettre Nos présentes Lettres Patentes et à icelles fait apposer le Grand Sceau du Canada. TÉMOIN, Notre Très-Fidèle et Bien-Aimé Conseiller SIR JOHN DOUGLAS SUTHERLAND CAMPBELL, (communément appelé le Marquis de Lorne), Chevalier de Notre Très-Ancien et Très-Noble Ordre du Chardon, Chevalier Grand-Croix de Notre Ordre Très-Distingué de Saint-Michel et Saint-George, Gouverneur-Général du Canada, et Vice-Amiral en icelui.

A Notre Hôtel du Gouvernement, en Notre CITÉ d'OTTAWA, ce DIX-NEUVIÈME jour de MAI, dans l'année de Notre-Seigneur mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, et de Notre Règne la quarante-cinquième.

Par ordre,

J. A. MOUSSEAU,
Secrétaire d'Etat.

51-3

ORDRES EN CONSEIL.

COMMISSION DU HAVRE DE QUÉBEC.

UNE assemblée hebdomadaire des Commissaires du Havre de Québec, tenue à leur bureau dans la basse-ville de la cité de Québec, lieu ordinaire de leurs réunions, mercredi, le troisième jour du mois de mai, en l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt-deux, à laquelle assemblée étaient présents les commissaires suivants, savoir :

P. V. Valin, écr., président,
L'honorable Thomas McGreevy,
James Patton, écr.,
William Rae, écr.,
Ferdinand Hamel, écr.,
R. R. Dobell, écr.,
Julien Chabot, écr., et

Laurent Goudbout, écr., président de la Corporation des Pilotes pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, formant un quorum des dits Commissaires du Havre, le règlement suivant à l'effet

d'augmenter les taux de pilotage pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, a été lu pour la première fois, et à une assemblée hebdomadaire subséquente des dits Commissaires du Havre de Québec, tenue au même lieu, mercredi, le dixième jour du mois de mai de la même année, à laquelle étaient présents les commissaires suivants, formant aussi un quorum, savoir :

P. V. Valin, écr., président,
James Patton, écr.,
Ferdinand Hamel, écr.,
Julien Chabot, écr.,
William Rae, écr.,
R. D. Dobell, écr., et

Laurent Goudbout, écr., président de la Corporation des Pilotes pour le port de Québec et en bas d'icelui, le dit règlement suivant a été lu pour la seconde et dernière fois et adopté, ayant été publié depuis sa première lecture deux fois en langue anglaise dans le *Morning Chronicle*, et deux fois en langue française dans le *Canadien*. Ces deux journaux étant publiés à Québec.

Commission du Havre de Québec.

RÈGLEMENT pour augmenter les taux du pilotage pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui.

ATTENDU que la Corporation des Pilotes pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui ayant ter-

miné une période de trois ans, tel que mentionné dans la 18e section de "l'Acte de 1873 concernant le Pilotage," a déclaré dans sa pétition adressée aux Commissaires du Havre de Québec, le vingt et unième jour du mois de février en l'année mil huit cent quatre-vingt, dans laquelle elle demande que le taux du pilotage soit augmenté, que la part des revenus nets de la dite Corporation des Pilotes échéant annuellement à chaque membre de la dite Corporation agissant et faisant le service comme pilote pour le Havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui a été moindre que six cents piastres (\$600) en moyenne durant les trois années précédemment écoulées, les dits Commissaires du Havre de Québec statuent comme suit :

1. Les taux du pilotage pour le Havre de Québec et au-dessous fixés dans les tableaux I et II de la cédula A annexée à l'acte de la Législature de la ci-devant province du Canada passé dans la 12e année du Règne de Sa Majesté, chapitre 114, intitulé: "Acte pour refondre les lois et ordonnances relatives aux pouvoirs et aux devoirs de la Corporation de la Maison de la Trinité de Québec et pour d'autres fins," sont par le présent abrogés.

2. A l'avenir les taux de pilotage payables aux Pilotes appartenant à la Corporation des Pilotes pour le Havre de Québec et au-dessous, agissant et faisant le service comme tels pilotes, seront comme suit :

TABLEAU I.

TAUX DE PILOTAGE POUR LE HAVRE DE QUÉBEC ET AU-DESSOUS.

POUR CHAQUE PIED DE TIRANT D'EAU.

De	A	Du 1er de mai au 10 de novembre.	Du 10 de novembre au 19 de novembre.	Du 19 de novembre au 1er de mars.	Du 1er de mars au 1er de mai.
L'Ile du Bic ou toute autre place en bas du mouillage du Pot-à-l'Eau-de-vie jusqu'à l'Ile-aux-Lièvres.	Poste à mouillage dans le bassin ou havre de Québec	\$3 87	\$4 95	\$6 02	\$4 41
Le mouillage du Pot-à-l'Eau-de-Vie en amont de l'Ile-aux-Lièvres, ou toute autre place au-dessus du dit mouillage en aval de la Pointe Saint-Roch.	do do	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.	$\frac{2}{3}$ de cette somme.
La Pointe Saint-Roch ou toute autre place au-dessus de cette Pointe ou au-dessous de la Pointe-aux-Pins, sur l'Ile-aux-Grues	do do	$\frac{1}{3}$ do	$\frac{1}{3}$ do	$\frac{1}{3}$ do	$\frac{1}{3}$ do
La Pointe-aux-Pins, sur l'Ile-aux-Grues ou toute autre place en bas du Trou-de-St-Patrice.	do do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do	$\frac{1}{4}$ do
Poste à mouillage dans le bassin ou havre de Québec.....	L'Ile-du-Bic ou le lieu où le pilote sera déchargé, sur la rivière, au-dessous de Québec.....	\$3 40	\$4 46	\$5 54	\$3 93

TABLEAU II.

Taux de pilotage pour le havre de Québec et en bas d'icelui.

De	A	
Tout quai dans le havre de Québec depuis la Pointe-à-Carcy, en bas, et l'extrémité ouest du quai Allan, en haut, ces deux quais inclus	Tous autres quais en dedans des dites limites..	\$ cts. 2 50
Toute place dans le havre de Québec n'étant pas en dedans des limites mentionnées ci-dessus.....	Toute autre place dans le dit havre n'étant pas un quai en dedans des dites limites.....	5 00

Les pilotes prenant charge d'un navire au Trou de Saint-Patrice ou au-dessus n'auront pas droit à plus que le montant alloué dans le tableau II pour le pilotage de vaisseaux d'une place à l'autre dans le havre

P. V. VALIN,
Président.
A. H. VERRET,
Secrétaire-trésorier.

CONSEIL PRIVÉ POUR LE CANADA,
OTTAWA, 23 mai 1882.

Je certifie que les règlements ci-dessus des commissaires du havre de Québec ont été approuvés par Son Excellence le Gouverneur Général en Conseil ce vingt-troisième jour de mai 1882.

53-3 JOHN J. MCGEE,
Greffier du Conseil Privé de la Reine pour le Canada.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX DE MILICE.

QUARTIERS GÉNÉRAUX.

OTTAWA, 27 juin 1882.

ORDRES GÉNÉRAUX (11).
No. 1.

MILICE ACTIVE.

RÈGLEMENTS POUR LES EXERCICES ANNUELS DE 1882-83.
PUISSANCE DU CANADA.

1. Afin que les dépenses de l'année 1882-83 pour les exercices et l'instruction de la Milice Active du Canada n'aillent pas au-delà du crédit affecté à cette fin par le parlement, la force des corps de milice qui s'exerceront et qui seront payés pour leurs exercices cette année a été limitée comme suit, savoir :—

Les corps d'infanterie et d'artillerie de place (à l'exception de la batterie de Victoria, C.B.) ne devront pas être composés de plus de 42 sous-officiers et soldats y compris les sergents d'état-major et les musiciens.

Les batteries de campagne, 1 capitaine, 2 lieutenants, 1 sous-lieutenant, 1 chirurgien, 1 vétérinaire, un maréchal-des-logis chef, un quartier-maître sous-officier, 4 maréchaux-des-logis, 4 brigadiers, 4 bombardiers, un trompette, un maréchal-ferrant, 58 canonniers et conducteurs et 29 chevaux, y compris les chevaux des officiers et des sous-officiers.

Corps urbains et ruraux.

2. Le maximum du nombre d'officiers, sous-officiers et soldats qui recevront paiement pour les exercices dans chaque district, sera comme suit :

District militaire numéro	1.....	2550
do	do	2..... 3573
do	do	3..... 2048
do	do	4..... 1417
do	do	5..... 3229
do	do	6..... 1385
do	do	7..... 2293
do	do	8..... 1476
do	do	9..... 2249
do	do	10..... 450
do	do	11..... 300
do	do	12..... 428

21,407

L'effectif des corps autorisés à faire leurs exercices à leurs quartiers généraux dans chaque district sera déduit de l'effectif total autorisé à faire l'exercice dans le district, la balance représentera le nombre qui pourra être concentré dans un camp d'exercice.

Corps urbains.

3. Tous les corps urbains (à l'exception des batteries d'artillerie de campagne et les compagnies qui appartiennent à des bataillons d'infanterie ruraux) pourront avoir la permission de faire douze jours d'exercices annuels à leurs propres quartiers généraux à l'époque qui leur conviendra le mieux, avant le 1er décembre 1882.

La batterie de campagne No. 2 de la première brigade provisoire (Ontario), et la batterie de campagne d'Halifax pourront avoir la permission de s'exercer à leurs propres quartiers généraux comme corps urbains.

Les officiers de corps urbains seront payés au taux d'une piastre par jour ; les sous-officiers et les soldats, au taux de cinquante cents ; et pour chaque cheval d'officier ou de corps montés il sera alloué soixante-quinze cents par jour ; un jour consistant en trois heures d'exercices. Toute compagnie formant partie d'un bataillon rural, ne pourra avoir la permission, lorsqu'elle aura été choisie, de faire les exercices pour lesquels il est accordé paiement, qu'en faisant ces exercices au camp avec le bataillon auquel elle appartient.

Corps ruraux.

Le choix parmi les corps ruraux des différentes armes dans chaque district se fera en proportion de leur force respective. Les corps qui n'ont pas fait les exercices l'année dernière seront pris les premiers.

Les corps des districts numéros 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, et 9 (non compris les compagnies d'infanterie isolées, du génie et les batteries d'artillerie de place) seront concentrés dans un camp pour douze jours d'exercices, y compris le jour pour se rendre au camp et celui pour en revenir.

Les compagnies d'infanterie isolées ou du génie ou les batteries d'artillerie de place, choisies pour faire les exercices annuels de 1882-83, pourront avoir la permission de s'exercer à leurs quartiers-généraux respectifs aux mêmes conditions que les corps urbains.

Les batteries d'artillerie de campagne de Winnipeg et Newcastle feront leurs exercices dans un camp près de leurs quartiers généraux d'après les règlements applicables aux corps dans un camp d'exercice si ce n'est qu'il sera payé 25 cents par officier et soldat et 35 cents par cheval par jour pour tenir lieu du coût des transport, rations, fourrage, combustible pour cuisine et indemnité pour marmites. Les autres batteries d'artillerie de campagne feront l'exercice dans le camp de leurs districts respectifs.

A l'exception de la batterie de campagne de Winnipeg les corps choisis pour l'exercice dans les districts Nos. 10, 11 et 12 feront leurs exercices à leurs quartiers généraux d'après les règlements applicables aux corps urbains.

Etat-major et commandement.

L'état-major de chaque camp d'exercice sera comme suit :

L'aide-adjutant général qui commandera, 1 major de brigade, 1 assistant major de brigade qui aura la solde d'un officier subalterne, 1 officier préposé aux approvisionnements, 1 quartier-maître de camp, un officier de santé, 1 instructeur de mousqueterie, 1 officier d'ordonnance et 1 prévost et 5 sous-officiers d'état-major.

L'officier commandant de chaque camp recevra cinq dollars et tout officier faisant partie de l'état-major d'un camp recevra deux dollars et cinquante centins par jour pour subsistance ainsi que fourrage gratuit et un dollar par jour pour un cheval, s'il en est besoin pour l'accomplissement de ses devoirs comme officier à cheval.

Tout sous-officier faisant partie de l'état-major d'un camp recevra une solde supplémentaire de vingt-cinq centins par jour au lieu de rations.

En cas de maladie ou d'absence inévitable de l'aide-adjutant général, un autre officier sera nommé au commandement du camp.

Places et dates de campement.

On fera connaître plus tard la place où le camp d'exercice sera formé dans le ...

Solde, etc

Les officiers, sous-officiers et soldats de tout corps faisant ses exercices au camp recevront pour chaque jour de six heures d'exercice la solde nette de leurs rangs respectifs, tel que porté aux paragraphes 698 et 702 des règlements de 1879. Il sera payé pour les chevaux des officiers et des troupes un dollar par jour, en sus de rations gratuites (pour les officiers, sous-officiers et soldats) tel que porté au paragraphe 497, ainsi que 1 once d'orge perlé et deux onces de fromage, et fourrage gratuit (pour chevaux) tel que mentionné au paragraphe 531 des règlements, 1879.

Si la paille n'est pas requise on donnera l'équivalent en foin ou en avoine si on le demande.

Tout officier ou soldat absent du camp sera privé de sa solde, indemnité ou rations pour tels jours d'absence.

Règles générales de campement.

Les règlements de la milice de 1879, depuis le paragraphe 567 jusqu'au paragraphe 614 devront être observés en autant qu'ils conviendront aux camps d'exercice formés en conformité de cet ordre.

Transport.

Les règlements relatifs au transport seront suivis en autant qu'il peuvent être applicables à l'usage des camps d'exercice.

L'aide-adjutant général dans chaque district recevra des quartiers généraux des instructions qui lui permettront de spécifier les routes que les corps doivent prendre aller et retour.

Les réquisitions de transport par chemin de fer ou bateau à vapeur seront données par l'aide-adjutant général du district ; les comptes pour transport relativement au prix et nombre de personnes seront aussi contrôlés par lui.

Sauf exception, les officiers et soldats seulement se rendant au camp *bonâ fide* pour y faire leurs exercices seront transportés aux frais du public.

Les troupes de cavalerie et les batteries d'artillerie de campagne dont les quartiers généraux sont à moins de 25 milles, et toute compagnie d'infanterie dont les quartiers généraux sont à moins de 5 milles du camp, marcheront pour s'y rendre.

Tout corps dont les quartiers généraux ne sont pas à plus de 2 milles des débarcadères de chemins de fer ou quais de bateaux à vapeur d'où il sera transporté, s'y rendra à pied.

Quant aux compagnies d'infanterie dont les quartiers généraux sont à plus de 2 milles du débarcadère du chemin de fer ou quai du bateau à vapeur qui doit les transporter, les officiers auront six centins et les soldats quatre centins par mille pour le nombre de milles nécessairement parcourus, aller et retour.

Une pareille indemnité sera payée aux compagnies dont les quartiers généraux sont à plus de 5 milles du camp, pourvu qu'on ne puisse faire usage de chemin de fer ou bateau à vapeur pour aucune partie de cette distance.

NOURRITURE.

Les aides-adjutants généraux de districts annonceront pour soumissions dans les journaux désignés dans ce but et pourront mettre à effet les dispositions qui regardent la nourriture dans les règlements de la milice de 1879, pages 142 à 154 inclusivement, excepté les paragraphes 506, 507, 520 et 521 qui ne s'appliquent pas aux camps d'exercices. Ils devront aussi avoir soin de recommander pour être nommé officier des approvisionnements une personne qui soit spécialement entendue pour remplir l'important devoir dont elle sera chargée.

Comme la distribution des rations dans le camp ne commencera que le matin du jour qui suivra celui de l'arrivée, les corps qui s'y rendront devront se pourvoir de rations cuites et de fourrage pour toute une journée. Il sera payé en argent au lieu de rations pour le premier jour du campement vingt-cinq cents pour chaque officier et soldat et trente-cinq cents pour chaque cheval.

Si l'aide-adjutant général du district le préfère, il pourra accorder une demiration de nourriture et fourrage le premier et le dernier jour du camp au lieu d'une ration entière le dernier jour.

En sus de son fourniment ordinaire, chaque officier et chaque soldat devra se procurer et apporter au camp, un couteau, une fourchette et une cuillère, une assiette et un gobelet de fer blanc ; chaque compagnie, un couteau et une fourchette à dépecer, une pelle et une hache ; chaque bataillon des marmites de camp et les ustensiles nécessaires à la cuisine.

RATIONS.

L'officier des approvisionnements se guidera sur les paragraphes 497, 499, 500, 501, 502 et 503 des règlements de la milice de 1879, en ce qui regarde les provisions qu'il recevra et délivrera. Les sous-sections 2, 3 et 4 du paragraphe 497 ne s'appliqueront pas au camp d'exercices.

Le combustible pour la cuisine sera fourni d'après l'échelle contenu dans le paragraphe 530 des règlements 1879 ; et une indemnité de six dollars par troupe et compagnie et dix dollars par batterie d'artillerie de campagne ou de place sera payée à chaque corps pour se procurer des marmites.

Ces arrangements pour la cuisine seront les mêmes que pour le service actif. Les poêles de cuisine ne devront pas alors être transportés au camp par aucun corps aux dépens du public.

A l'officier des approvisionnements il sera alloué une journée avant l'ouverture et une journée après la levée du camp, pour faire ses arrangements avec les fournisseurs et régler ses comptes avec eux. Cependant, cet officier ne devra pas négliger de faire en sorte que tous les comptes avec les pièces justificatives de chaque jour, soient convenablement et séparément arrangés et complétés à la fin de la journée. Sa solde sera de cinq dollars par jour.

TENTES ET COUVERTES.

Les tentes nécessaires, et une couverture pour chaque officier et soldat seront délivrées sur la demande de chaque officier commandant, d'après la teneur des paragraphes 615 à 626 des règlements de la milice de 1879.

Au quartier-maître du camp, il sera alloué une journée avant l'ouverture et une journée après la levée du camp, pour recevoir et délivrer les effets de campement, les renvoyer au magasin et régler ses comptes.

Chaque compagnie pourra envoyer, avec le quartier-maître du bataillon, un de ses hommes une journée avant l'arrivée au camp pour y faire d'après les instructions de l'aide-adjutant général du district, les arrangements que nécessitera son séjour au camp. S'il est nécessaire ils resteront aussi une journée de plus en devoir après la levée du camp.

Ces quartiers-maîtres qui se rendront une journée d'avance au camp recevront une indemnité de un dollar par jour en sus de leur solde, et l'homme qui les accompagnera cinquante cents par jour pour ce jour et le premier jour du camp; ils recevront aussi une semblable indemnité pour chaque jour qu'ils resteront après la levée du camp d'après les instructions de l'aide-adjutant général du district.

Il n'y aura pas de rations accordées pour ces jours ni indemnité en tenant lieu.

Si le temps est mauvais et que les tentes soient mouillées lors de la levée du camp, l'aide-adjutant général du district usera de sa discrétion sur les ordres à donner en ce qui regarde la protection des effets publics et leur renvoi dans le magasin militaire.

RÈGLEMENTS MÉDICAUX.

Autant que possible chaque officier, sous-officier et soldat sera soumis à une inspection médicale avant de laisser les quartiers généraux du corps de milice auquel il appartient. Lorsque cette inspection n'aura pu se faire avant le départ, alors elle devra se faire aussitôt après l'arrivée dans le camp; et il sera fait à l'officier commandant un rapport écrit et complet de chaque homme.

Cette inspection est exigée en vue de s'assurer, 1o. Si l'homme souffre dans le temps de quelque maladie, telle que rhumatisme, maladie des poumons ou du cœur, de quelque vicière de l'abdomen, ou de quelque espèce de maladie syphilitique; s'il a la vue courte; s'il a quelque articulation affectée; s'il a les pieds formés de manière à le gêner dans sa marche; 2o. Si l'homme a quelque prédisposition à quelque une des maladies ci-dessus, ou en a récemment souffert; enfin s'il y a chez lui quelque chose qui le rende ou qui pourrait le rendre impropre au service militaire.

S'il se trouve des hommes qui soient affectés tel que ci-dessus, on ne devra pas leur permettre d'aller au camp, non plus d'y demeurer, tant pour leur propre bien que pour prévenir toute réclamation de compensation pour cause de maladie, par des personnes qui ne sont aucunement propres au service militaire.

Le chirurgien de chaque bataillon ou de batterie de campagne fera tous les matins un rapport de santé dont il transmettra une copie à l'officier commandant.

Le chirurgien de chaque corps de milice gardera un registre des admissions et des libérations de tous ceux envoyés à l'hôpital, d'après la formule B.

Chaque chirurgien donnera un reçu pour tous les articles médicaux qui lui seront délivrés pour l'usage de son corps de milice, et sera responsable du soin et de l'emploi de ces articles. Lorsqu'il sera relevé de son office, il remettra dans les magasins du district toutes les médecines et les effets s'y rattachant qui n'auront pas été dépensés, fera une liste de ce qu'il aura dépensé, et pour ce, son reçu lui sera remis.

Le vin ou toute autre boisson spiritueuse qui pourra être prescrite, en cas de maladie, devra être payée par la personne qui s'en servira. Les officiers de santé voudront bien porter une attention spéciale aux paragraphes 138, 140 et 141 des règlements de la milice active, 1879.

Ils ne devront faire, pour le compte du gouvernement, aucune dépense sans en avoir auparavant obtenu la permission.

MALADIES OU ACCIDENTS.

Dans le cas de maladie ou d'accident sérieux, l'officier de santé, conjointement avec l'officier commandant du corps de milice, prendront tous les arrangements immédiats qui pourront être nécessaires, enverront immédiatement le patient chez lui si c'est possible ou au plus proche hôpital, et l'officier de santé fera sans délai un rapport minutieux de toutes les circonstances ayant trait au cas, et l'adressera aux quartiers généraux.

En ce qui regarde les accidents ou blessures qui pourraient survenir aux officiers, aux sous-officiers ou aux soldats de même qu'aux chevaux en devoir pendant les exercices dans le camp ou autrement, un comité d'officiers en fera immédiatement un examen et préparera un rapport circonstancié qu'il enverra sans délai aux quartiers généraux. L'heure et le lieu où l'accident ou la blessure est arrivé devront spécialement être donnés, et tous les détails ou informations nécessaires pour aider aux quartiers généraux à comprendre clairement l'affaire devront être fournis avec soin.

Les réclamations pour pertes d'objets ou pour blessures par accident ou autrement montrent que souvent, les précautions ordinaires n'ont pas été prises et que la discipline requise n'a pas été suivie. A l'avenir il ne sera payé aucune indemnité à moins qu'il ne soit clairement démontré que l'accident—soit à un homme soit à un cheval, ou que la perte de quoi que ce soit—a été tout à fait inévitable malgré tous les soins pris pour y obvier.

Pour les cas de maladie contractée dans un camp, la compensation sera limitée à une période qui ne dépassera pas 60 jours.

Batteries d'artillerie de campagne.

Lorsqu'il y aura deux batteries ou plus au camp l'officier en commandement veillera à ce qu'elles soient en brigade et exercées ensemble sous les ordres du plus ancien officier d'artillerie, jusqu'à ce qu'elles soient en état de faire la manœuvre avec les autres armes.

Le défilé au galop en ordre serré sera discontinué par les batteries d'artillerie qui adopteront des intervalles complets pour cette allure.

*Effectif des batteries d'artillerie de campagne.**Réparations.*

Un sellier et un charron pourront être enrôlés dans toute batterie d'artillerie de campagne et formeront partie du total des cinquante-huit canonniers et conducteurs y compris charron, sellier et maréchal-ferrant autorisés par le par. 27 des règlements de la milice, 1879.

Au camp ou en activité le sellier et le charron, s'ils font usage de leurs propres outils, pourront exécuter des réparations urgentes à l'équipement de la batterie d'après les ordres de l'officier commandant. Les matériaux nécessaires à telles réparations seront payés, et de plus l'ouvrier d'artillerie recevra cinquante cents pour chaque jour où il fera une quantité suffisante de tel ouvrage supplémentaire.

Lorsque les batteries ne seront pas en campement ou en activité, elles devront obtenir une autorisation spéciale pour toute réparation.

Munitions.

A chaque batterie d'artillerie de campagne il sera alloué 100 charges, et à chaque batterie d'artillerie de place 20 charges à poudre seulement pour l'exercice et la pratique du tir.

Les munitions fournies antérieurement pour les exercices et la pratique et qui n'ont pas été dépensées par les corps qui les ont obtenues, doivent être déduites de la quantité de munitions autorisées pour cette année.

PRATIQUE DU TIR AU CANON.

Batteries de campagne avec canons rayés de 9 se chargeant par la bouche.

16 concurrents, comme maîtres-tireurs, seront choisis par l'officier commandant de la batterie, parmi les officiers, les sous-officiers et les artilleurs les plus capables, et tireront 5 coups chacun, savoir :	
3 bombes ordinaires, avec fusée à percussion.	48
2 obus shrapnel, avec fusée à temps fixe.....	32
Coups d'essai et instruction—bombes ordinaires tamponnées ou avec charge explosive et fusée à percussion si la cible le permet.....	10
Total.....	90

La batterie d'artillerie de campagne d'Halifax sera assimilée à ce qui précède.

Batterie de campagne avec canons de 9 à âme lisse et Howitzers de 24.

16 concurrents, comme ci-dessus, qui tireront 5 coups chacun :	
2 boulets pleins de 9.....	32
2 obus shrapnel de 9, avec fusée à temps fixe.	32
1 bombe ordinaire de 24, avec fusée à temps fixe.....	16
Coups d'essai et d'instruction—boulets pleins de 9.....	10
Total.....	90

Batterie de canons Howitzer de 24.

16 concurrents ; 5 coups chacun :

3 bombes ordinaires, avec fusée à temps fixe..	48
2 bombes shrapnel, avec fusée à temps fixe...	32
Coups d'essai et instruction, bombes ordinaires	10
Total.....	90

Batteries de place.

Les 55 charges allouées devront être dépensées d'une manière convenable, comme suit :

8 maîtres tireurs, choisis comme il est dit plus haut, tireront 5 coups chacun, savoir :

3 boulets pleins.....	24
1 bombe ordinaire, avec fusée à temps fixe...	8
1 obus shrapnel, avec fusée à temps fixe.....	8
Coups d'essai et instruction, boulet plein.....	15
Total.....	55

*Colomb e Anglaise.**Batterie de Victoria.*

16 concurrents, 5 coups chacun.	
3 bombes ordinaires tamponnées.....	48
2 " " avec fusée à temps fixe..	32
1 " " pour coups d'essai.....	2
Obus shrapnel pour l'instruction.....	3
Total.....	85

CORPS ARMÉS DE LA CARABINE.

Il sera alloué à chaque homme ayant reçu autorisation de s'exercer, vingt cartouches à balle et vingt cartouches blanches pour la pratique conformément aux paragraphes 271 à 284 inclusivement des règlements de 1879.

Si un corps de milice a encore en sa possession des cartouches à balle provenant du nombre de celles qui lui ont été allouées l'année précédente, ces cartouches devront être déduites du nombre de celles qu'il est autorisé à recevoir pour la pratique du tir cette année. Les aides-adjutants-généraux, en transmettant leurs réquisitions pour munitions, verront à ce que cette déduction soit faite, et exigeront

qu'il leur soit fait un rapport de la pratique du tir de chaque individu des différents corps de milice. Ces rapports devront être envoyés aux quartiers-généraux à Ottawa en même temps que les rapports annuels concernant l'exercice et l'instruction militaires.

Personne, sous quelque prétexte que ce soit, ne doit vendre des munitions fournies gratis par le gouvernement, à des corps de milice pour la pratique du tir.

PRATIQUE DU TIR.

On ne peut donner trop de soins à la pratique du tir.

Elle démontre l'attention qu'on a apportée à l'exercice de position et de pointage. Les officiers de compagnie sont notifiés que le premier de ces exercices peut être pratiqué avec avantage tous les jours à la première parade du matin, non en corps lorsque les hommes sont au repos.

Tout soldat doit tirer sous la surveillance de l'instructeur de mousqueterie et en présence du plus ancien officier de la compagnie le nombre de cartouches à balle autorisé à cette fin, et personne ne pourra tirer plus que la part accordée par le gouvernement, savoir : vingt.

A la pratique du tir à la cible chaque soldat tirera 5 cartouches à 200 verges, debout ; 10 cartouches à 400 verges, à genoux ; et 5 cartouches à 600 verges, dans aucune position militaire.

"Debout," "à genoux" et couché tel que défini dans l'exercice de position sont les positions militaires reconnues.

A la fin du tir individuel une classification sera faite et ceux qui auront obtenu 40 points seront classés comme tireurs de premier ordre, ceux qui auront obtenu 30 points et n'auront pas atteint 40 seront rangés dans la deuxième classe, et ceux qui ne parviendront pas à 30 points formeront la troisième classe.

A 200 verges la cible aura 4 pieds de largeur avec un blanc d'un pied de diamètre, un centre de 3 pieds de diamètre, et l'outer (le dehors du tracé) comprendra le reste de la cible.

A 400 et 600 verges la cible aura 6 pieds de largeur, blanc 2 pieds de diamètre, centre 4 pieds de diamètre et l'outer le reste de la cible.

Valeur des points.—Outer, disque ou pavillon noir, 2 ; centre, disque ou pavillon noir et blanc, 3 ; blanc, disque ou pavillon blanc, 4. Le signal de danger ou pour cesser le feu sera dans tous les cas un pavillon rouge. Sous aucun prétexte on ne doit tirer lorsque le pavillon de danger est en vue à la butte du marqueur.

Personne ne doit charger son arme qu'au moment de tirer, et s'il est nécessaire dans un but quelconque de cesser le feu, tout homme ayant un fusil chargé le déchargera aussitôt, et restera ainsi jusqu'à ce que l'ordre de recommencer le feu ait été donné.

RÈGLEMENTS GÉNÉRAUX.

Le nombre de chevaux de chaque compagnie de cavalerie, pour lequel il sera alloué paiement, est limité à 35.

Aucun officier à cheval ne pourra recevoir de paie pour plus d'un cheval réellement employé par lui.

La paie pour les chevaux devra couvrir toute dépense à encourir pour ferrage durant les exercices.

Les officiers sont priés de prêter attention aux paragraphes 156, 177 et 178 des règlements de la milice de 1879 qui ont trait à leur uniforme, habillement, etc.

Avant de se rendre au camp les capitaines de compagnies devront voir à ce que chaque homme soit en bonne santé, se soit fait couper les cheveux, soit pourvu d'une chemise et de chaussons de rechange, d'une serviette, d'un peigne, de savon, d'une brosse à souliers, d'aiguilles, de fil, de cordons de souliers—si ses bottes lui vont bien, ayant une semelle large et des talons bas ; car lorsqu'il faut marcher sur un terrain difficile c'est le confort et non l'apparence des bottes qu'il faut considérer. Il serait très utile d'avoir aussi au camp une paire de souliers légers. Les couvertures blanches de casquettes seront permises, mais elle devront être d'un même patron pour chaque bataillon.

Au camp on devra s'occuper spécialement de l'instruction des gardes, piquets et avant-postes dans leurs devoirs.

SOLDE ET INSPECTION.

L'aide-adjutant-général de chaque district verra à ce que les dépenses pour les exercices soient tenues au niveau du crédit approprié à cette fin, et pour cela il prendra le moyen de pouvoir choisir parmi les corps de milice dans son district, et suivant le mode indiqué, tout le contingent d'hommes autorisés à faire les exercices. Les corps qui n'auront pas été choisis et qui ne peuvent pas être payés sont, par le présent, relevés de l'obligation de faire les exercices pour l'année 1882-83.

L'aide-adjutant-général de chaque district notifiera l'officier commandant de chaque corps choisi pour faire les exercices, de même que de ceux qui ne peuvent pas être payés, et enverra aux quartiers-généraux un retour des corps qui auront reçu avis et de ceux qui ne peuvent pas être payés, avec aussi les détails des moyens employés par lui pour faire son choix.

Les aides-adjutants-généraux enverront aux quartiers-généraux un rapport pour l'information de l'officier général commandant, donnant les dates auxquelles les corps dans leurs districts respectifs auront terminé leurs exercices et seront prêts pour l'inspection.

Avant qu'un corps de milice puisse être payé, l'officier commandant devra certifier le bordereau de paie, en signant son nom lui-même au bas de la feuille, déclarant que les officiers et soldats pour qui paiement est demandé, ont été *réellement présents* dans le corps de milice et qu'ils ont fait le nombre de jours d'exercices spécifiés en regard de leurs noms, pour l'année 1882-83.

Les officiers d'état-major, les officiers commandants de toutes les armes et les capitaines de compagnies de cavalerie, de batterie et compagnie d'infanterie sont priés de prêter une attention spéciale à la forme de certificat qu'ils doivent signer au bas des bordereaux. Le département les tiendra responsables de l'exactitude de ces bordereaux; ils devront en conséquence voir à ce que chaque officier, sous-officier et milicien n'y figure que pour le nombre de jours d'exercice que chacun aura réellement fait durant l'année pour laquelle paiement est demandé. Tout individu qui n'aura pas fait le nombre de jours d'exercice autorisé pour le corps auquel il appartient, ne sera payé que pour le nombre réel de jours d'exercice qu'il aura fait avec le corps dont il fait partie.

L'inspection des corps de milice qui doit avoir lieu à la fin des exercices annuels se fera sur les lieux mêmes pendant les exercices du jour.

Aux inspections on attachera une grande importance à la propreté des armes, à l'ajustement convenable des fourniments du soldat, à la manière dont les gardes et les sentinelles remplissent leurs devoirs et à la connaissance que les officiers et les sous-officiers doivent avoir de leurs hommes aussi bien que de leurs exercices et de leurs devoirs.

Les officiers inspecteurs doivent veiller à la propreté de toutes les parties du camp et de ses environs et en faire rapport.

Avant de remercier les hommes on fera l'appel de tous les noms entrés sur le rôle de service, et cela en présence de l'officier-inspecteur, qui, avant de certifier le bordereau, comparera ce dernier avec le rôle afin de s'assurer que chaque personne pour laquelle il est demandé paiement, a réellement droit de recevoir le montant inscrit à la suite de son nom.

L'officier inspecteur, dans son rapport annuel devra spécifier qu'il s'est conformé à l'ordre ci-dessus et en mentionner le résultat.

Afin qu'un rapport complet sur les exercices et les instructions militaires pour l'année fiscale de 1882-83, puisse être présenté à temps au parlement, tous les exercices pour lesquels il est accordé paiement devront être terminés avant le 1er décembre 1882, et les rapports des aides-adjutants-généraux devront être transmis aux quartiers-généraux, *pas plus tard* que le 5 du même mois.

Par ordre,

WALKER POWELL, Colonel,
Adjutant Général de Milice,
Canada.

AVIS DU GOUVERNEMENT.

Etat, sujet à révision, des revenus de l'intérieur accrus pendant le mois de mai 1882.

Source de revenu.	—	Montant.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Spiritueux	292,616 65	.....
Liqueur de malt .....	.....	.....
Malt	34,117 12	.....
Tabac	179,198 99	.....
Inspection du pétrole	1,670 35	.....
Fabrications en entrepôt	3,429 49	.....
Saisies	17 62	.....
Autres recettes	564 00	.....
Total, revenu de l'accise .....	.....	511,624 22
Canaux .....	.....	41,364 09
Pouvoirs d'eau et autres loyers .....	.....	549 50
Travaux publics secondaires .....	.....	690 71
Inspection et mesurage du bois .....	.....	1,371 49
Inspection des poids et mesures .....	.....	2,004 11
Inspection du gaz .....	.....	199 50
Total .....	.....	557,703 62

E. MIALI,
Commissaire par intérim.

Ministère du revenu de l'intérieur,
Ottawa, 27 juin 1882.

53-tf

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTÉRIEUR.

Ottawa, 16 juin 1882.

AVIS public est donné par le présent que les étendues de terre ci-dessous décrites ont été réparties pour des fins de colonisation aux compagnies et personnes ci-dessous nommées, que ces compagnies et personnes ont fait le premier versement dû sur l'achat des sections portant des nombres impairs, et qu'elles ont conclu l'arrangement requis à cet égard par le gouverneur en conseil; et avis public est aussi donné que les dites compagnies et personnes contrôlent séparément l'établissement des dites étendues de terre, sujet aux dispositions de l'Acte des terres fédérales, 1879, et des actes qui le modifient, et sujet et conformément au plan No. 1 des Règlements des terres approuvés par le gouverneur en conseil, le vingt-troisième jour de décembre 1881, viz :

La compagnie écossaise des terres d'Ontario et du Manitoba :—La moitié nord du township numéro quinze et la moitié sud du township numéro seize, dans le rang numéro vingt-cinq; le township numéro vingt et le township fractionnel numéro dix-neuf dans le rang numéro vingt-huit, tous à l'ouest du premier méridien.

La compagnie de colonisation des premiers méthodistes :—Les townships numéros vingt-deux et vingt-trois dans les rangs numéros huit et neuf; le township fractionnel numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro dix et les parties des townships numéros vingt et un dans les rangs numéros huit, neuf et dix, au nord de la lisière de terre du chemin de fer canadien du Pacifique, tous à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Sous-ministre de l'intérieur.

52-3

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTÉRIEUR.

Ottawa, 7 juin 1882.

AVIS public est donné par le présent que les étendues de terre ci-dessous décrites ont été réparties pour des fins de colonisation aux compagnies et personnes ci-dessous nommées, que ces compagnies et personnes ont fait le premier versement dû sur l'achat des sections portant des nombres impairs, et qu'elles ont conclu l'arrangement requis à cet égard

par le gouverneur en conseil ; et avis public est aussi donné que les dites compagnies et personnes contrôlent séparément l'établissement des dites étendues de terre, sujet aux dispositions de l'Acte des terres fédérales, 1879, et des actes qui le modifient, et sujet et conformément au plan No. 1 des Règlements des terres approuvés par le gouverneur en conseil le vingt-troisième jour de décembre 1881, viz :

A la Compagnie de colonisation des Terres Fédérales :—Les townships numéros vingt-un et vingt-deux dans le rang numéro sept ; les townships numéros vingt-trois, vingt-quatre, vingt-cinq et vingt-six dans le rang numéro douze ; les townships numéros vingt-quatre et vingt-cinq dans le rang numéro onze, et ces parties du township numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro douze et le township fractionnaire numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro onze au nord de la zone du chemin de fer Canadien du Pacifique ; aussi le township numéro vingt-six dans le rang numéro quatorze et les townships fractionnaires numéros vingt-six A dans les rangs numéros treize, quatorze et quinze, le tout à l'ouest du deuxième méridien principal.

A la Compagnie des terres de Montréal et de l'Ouest :—Les townships numéros vingt et vingt-un dans le rang numéro vingt-deux dans le rang numéro trois, le tout à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

A la Compagnie de placement en terres de Dundee :—Le township numéro vingt-un dans le rang numéro deux, à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

A George Gordon Dustan et William Bain Scarth :—Les townships numéros cinquante-trois et cinquante-quatre dans le rang numéro vingt-trois ; et les townships numéros cinquante-trois, cinquante-quatre, cinquante-six et cinquante-sept dans le rang numéro vingt-quatre, le tout à l'ouest du quatrième méridien.

A Patrick Purcell :—Les townships numéros trente-un et trente-deux dans les rangs numéros six, sept et huit, à l'ouest du deuxième méridien.

Par ordre,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,
Sous-ministre de l'intérieur.

51-3

DÉPARTEMENT DE L'INTÉRIEUR.

Ottawa, 16 juin 1882.

AVIS public est par le présent donné que les compagnies et personnes suivantes ont obtenu pour les fins de la colonisation les étendues de terre ci-après décrites après leurs noms respectifs ; qu'elles ont payé le premier versement dû sur le prix d'achat des sections de nombre impair et qu'elles ont fait avec le gouverneur en conseil l'arrangement requis à cette fin. Avis est de plus donné au public que les dites compagnies et personnes contrôlent chacune la colonisation des dites étendues de terre, sujet aux clauses de l'acte de 1879 concernant les terres du gouvernement fédéral et les amendements d'icelui, et sujet de

de plus et en conformité du plan No. 1 des règlements concernant les terres approuvés par le gouverneur-général en conseil, le vingt-troisième jour de décembre 1881, savoir :

La société de colonisation de tempérance :—Les townships numéros trente-deux, trente-trois, trente-quatre, trente-cinq et trente-six dans les rangs numéros quatre, cinq et six ; et les townships numéros trente-sept et trente-huit dans les rangs numéros trois, quatre et cinq, tous à l'ouest du troisième méridien, en exceptant cependant la réserve indienne connue sous le nom de "Réserve du Veau Blanc," située sur la rive est de la Saskatchewan-Sud.

La compagnie de colonisation des cultivateurs de York :—Les townships numéros vingt-deux et vingt-trois dans le rang numéro deux, les townships numéros vingt-six dans les rangs numéros quatre et cinq ; et les townships numéros vingt-sept dans les rangs numéros deux et trois, tous à l'ouest du second méridien.

William Henry Christian Meyer :—Les townships numéros vingt-deux, dans le rang numéro vingt-cinq, à l'ouest du second méridien.

LINDSAY SUSSELL,
Sous-ministre de l'intérieur.

51-3

ETAT

Du Revenu et des Dépenses, à compte du Fonds Consolidé de la Puissance du Canada, d'après les états fournis au département des Finances à la nuit du 31 mai dernier.

REVENU :	MONTANT.
Douanes	\$1,772,613 10
Excise	538,605 86
Département des Postes.....	113,689 24
Travaux Publics, y compris les Chemins de fer.....	286,283 03
Divers	144,581 49
	<u>\$2,855,772 72</u>
Moins—recettes provenant des terres fédérales portées au compte du capital	473,556 65
	<u>\$2,382,216 07</u>
Revenu, 30 avril 1882.....	27,171,980 05
	<u>\$29,554,196 12</u>
DÉPENSES.....	\$2,783,685 38
do 30 avril 1882.....	19,770,127 68
	<u>\$22,553,813 06</u>

J. M. COURTNEY,
Député du Ministre des Finances.
Département des Finances,
Ottawa, 1er juin 1882.

LISTE DES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE AUTORISEES A FAIRE DES OPERATIONS AU CANADA, EN VERTU DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1875 ET 1877.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.		Principal agent pour la réception des significations de pièces et d'avis.	Montant des dépôts — Les dépôts marqués (A) ne sont applicables qu'aux polices sur la vie en cours le 31 mars 1878; ceux marqués (B) aux polices émises depuis cette date.	Assurance autorisée.
La compagnie d'assur. de l'Amérique du Nord contre les accidents...		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$13,500, bons du hav. de Montr'l, \$8,895 bons d'emmag. de Mont'l; \$550 5 p. c. canad. et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$20,210)	Contre les accidents.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Connecticut...		Robt. Wood, agent général, Montréal.....	\$5,070 fonds publics canadiens; \$23,000 dépenses de municipalités; \$72,000 bons des E.-U. (Acceptés à \$97,771)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Ætna," de Hartford, Conn.		William H. Orr, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des E.-U. en or (A), \$100,000 bons des E.-U. et \$25,000 déb. de la Province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance agricole de Watertown, N.Y., E.-U.....		John Fisher, agent-en-chef, Cobourg.....	\$100,000 bons 4 p. c. des E.-U.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Anchor Marine"		Hugh Scott, agent, Toronto.....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Amérique Britannique, Toronto.....		Louis H. Boulton, gérant, Toronto.....	\$61,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$54,900)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de "Briton" (limitée)		J. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal.....	\$54,993 bons du Canada, 4 p. c.	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
L'association sur la vie dite "Briton" (limitée), du Canada.		Charles Cameron, direct.-gérant, Hamilton	\$57,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$51,300)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance maritime et contre l'incendie, du Canada.		A. G. Ramsay, gérant, Hamilton.....	\$60,000 bons municipaux. Acceptés \$54,000	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance du Canada sur la vie, Hamilton.....		W. B. McMurrich, agent, Toronto.....	\$3,900 effets de la Société Impériale de construction, \$5,000 effets de la société de construction et de prêts de Toronto, \$1,600 effets de l'Association de l'Ouest.....	Sur chaudières à vap., etc.
L'association Canadienne d'assurance des consommateurs de vapeur.			\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$56,000 bons du havre de Montréal. (Acceptés à \$50,400)	Contre l'inc. et sur la navig.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$30 en espèces.....	Garantie.
La compagnie d'assurance des Citoyens, du Canada.....		Gerald E. Hart, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$21,000 stg. effets du Canada.....	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'inc. dite "City of London" (à respons. limitée)		J. K. Oswald, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$100,344 fds. pes., (vie A), \$50,613 effets consol. 5 p. c. canad. et \$55,967, effets 4 p. c. (feu)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'ass. de l'Union Commerciale, de Londres, Angl.....		Fred. Cole, agent général, Montréal.....	\$83,703 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$77,650)	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Confederation"		J. K. Macdonald, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces	Sur la vie.
L'association du fonds de garantie sur la vie, dite "Dominion,"		J. De Wolfe Spurr, St. Jean, N.B.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canad. (A) et \$65,000 bons des E.-U. (B) ..	Contre l'incendie.
La société d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Equitable," des Etats-Unis, N.-Y.		R. W. Gale, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens	Garantie.
L'association d'assurance contre l'incendie (responsabilité limitée), Londres, Angleterre.....		Wm. Robertson, agent en chef, Montréal.....	\$32,000 bons municipaux; \$15,000 bons du havre de Montréal; \$8,895 bons d'emmagasinages de Montréal, \$400 actions et \$838.47 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$51,210)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie de garantie de l'Amérique du Nord.....		Edward Rawlings, gérant, Montréal.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et sur la vie, dite "Guardian," Londres, Angleterre.....		Robert Simms et Cie., et Geo. Denholm, agents généraux, Montréal.....	\$55,000, b. des E.-U., et \$30,840 act de banq. (Accept. à \$100,000) ..	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'ass. contre l'incendie dite "Hartford" de Hartford, Conn.		Robert Wood, agent généraux, Montréal.....	\$48,667.5 p. c. cons. canadiens, \$51,402 6 p. c. canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Impériale, de Londres, Angleterre.....		W. H. Rintoul, agent, Montréal.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Lancashire"		S. C. Duncan-Clark, agent principal, Toronto	£10,000 stg., effets canadiens	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "Lion" (à responsabilité limitée) Londres, Angleterre.....		Frederick Stanciliffe, agent général, Montréal	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad. (vie); \$3,000 5 p. c. canad.; \$63,000 bons municipaux; \$42,500 en espèces. (Acceptés à \$152,200)	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Liverpool et London et Globe"		G. F. C. Smith, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$50,127 5 p. c. consol. canad., et \$99,873 fonds publics canadiens (feu) 10,000, et (vie) \$50,000	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La corporation d'assurance dite "London," Angleterre.....		C. G. Foster, agent, Montréal.....	£11,000 stg. effets canadiens	Garantie et accidents.
La compagnie de Garantie et contre les Accidents, de Londres (responsabilité limitée).....		A. T. McCord, agent en chef, Toronto.....	\$21,000 stg. effets canadiens	Contre l'incendie.
La comp. d'assurance contre l'incendie, London et Lancashire.....		F. A. Ball, agent en chef, Toronto	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) de \$5,000 en espèces et \$4,867 bons de la province de Québec (B)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "London et Lancashire"		William Robertson, gérant, Montréal.....	\$25,000 effets publics canadiens et \$5,000 en argent.....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle contre l'incendie, de London, Ont.....		D. C. Macdonald, secrétaire, London, Ont.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La comp. d'ass. sur la vie, dite "Metropolitan," de New-York, E.-U.		Thos. A. Temple, agt. général, St. Jean, N.-B.....	\$5,000, bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur les glaces.
La compagnie Métropolitaine d'assurance sur les glaces, New-York.		A. J. Pell, Montréal.....	\$100,906 bons municipaux. (Acceptés à \$90,815)	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, du Canada.....		J. Turner, président, Hamilton.....		

La compagnie d'ass. mutuelle sur la vie dite "North American"	Wm. McCabe, directeur-gérant, Toronto.....	\$50,000 en espèces.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "North British and Mercantile"	Macdougall et Davidson, agents g�n�r., Mont r�al.....	\$50,000 fonds pub. canad., (vie A), \$47,000 bons du hav. de Mont- r�al et \$65,000 bons municip. (feu). (Accept�s � \$150,800)....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Contre l'incendie
La compagnie d'assurance du Nord, d'Aberdeen et Londres.....	Taylor Fr�res, agents g�n�raux Montr�al....	\$85,833 fonds publics canadiens, \$14,167 5 par cent canadiens....	Contre l'incendie.
La soci�t� d'assurance contre l'incendie, dite "Norwich Union," Norwich Angleterre	Alex. Dixon, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 effets canadiens.	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, d'Ontario.....	Wm. Hendry, g�rant, Waterloo.....	\$56,207 bons municipaux (accept� \$50,586)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Phoenix," de Brooklyn.....	Robert Hampson, Montr�al, agent	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La cie. d'ass. contre l'incendie, dite "Phoenix," Londres, Angleterre.	Gillespie, Moffat et Cie., agts. g�n�r., Mont. J. G. Clapham, pr�sident, Qu�bec.....	\$50,171 fonds publics canad., et \$50,126 5 p. c. consol. canadiens \$60,000 actions de banque, \$6,000 bons municipaux et \$9,200 en esp�ces. (Accept�s � \$74,600).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. sur la vie et contre l'incendie, dite "Queen," Angleterre.....	A. M. Forbes et H. G. Mudge, agents princi- paux, Montr�al.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (feu) et \$51,100 5 p. c. conso- lid�s canadiens (vie).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie. Sur la vie.
La soci�t� d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Reliance," Londres, Angleterre	J. Cassie Hatton, procureur, Montr�al.....	\$100,000 fonds publics canadiens (A) et \$10,000 effets canad. (B)	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.
La compagnie d'assurance Royale Canadienne.....	Arthur Gagnon, secr�taire, Montr�al.....	\$56,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Accept�s � \$50,400).....	
La compagnie d'assurance Royale	M. H. Gault et Wm. Tatley, agents princi- paux, Montr�al.....	\$96,982 fonds publics, \$53,533 5 p. c. des consolid�s canadiens et \$170,333, cons. angl.—appl., \$149,182 (feu), \$50,000, (vie A) et 121,666 (g�n�ral.) Aussi \$194,666 annuit�s angl. (g�n�r.) Total \$515,515.....	Contre l'inc. et sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Imp�riale Ecossaise.....	Taylor Fr�res, agents g�n�raux, Montr�al....	\$71,068, f�ds. pub. can., \$20,000 bons du havre de Montr�al, \$13,500 bons municipaux. (Accept�s � \$101,218).....	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assurance Union Ecossaise et Nationale.....	Kavanagh et Boss�, agents, Montr�al.	\$111,185 bons municipaux. (Accept�s � \$100,066)	Contre l'incendie.
La compagnie d'assur. contre l'incendie dite Sovereign, du Canada..	L'hon. Alex. Mackenzie, pr�sident, Toronto.	\$96,475 bons municip. \$3,684 en argent. (Accept�s � \$90,512)	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Standard," Ecosse.	W. M. Ramsay, g�rant, Montr�al.....	\$64,000 bons municipaux, \$107,000 bons du havre de Montr�al, (accept�s � \$153,900), �tant \$126,750 (vie A) et \$27,150 (vie B)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La soci�t� d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Star," d'Angleterre	A. W. Lauder, tr�sorier g�n�ral, Toronto.....	\$100,343 fonds publics canadiens.....	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La comp. d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Sun," de Montr�al..	R. Macaulay, secr�taire g�n�ral, Montr�al....	\$56,000 bons municipaux. (Accept�s � \$50,400)	
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie et Tontine, de Toronto.....	Arthur Harvey, g�rant, Toronto.....	\$32,250 bons municipaux \$1,190.36 en esp�ces et \$3,000 bons du Pacifique Canadien. (Accept�s � \$32,915)	
La compagnie d'assurance dite "Travelers," de Hartford, Connect..	Thos. Simpson, agent, Montr�al.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis., \$25,000 bons municipaux, \$20,000 bons du havre de Montr�al (accept�s � \$140,500), �tant \$100,000 (vie A), \$25,000 au pair (vie B), et 820,000 au pair (accidents)	Sur la vie et cont. les accid.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle Union sur la vie, du Maine.....	Wm. Mulock, agent, Toronto.....	\$100,000 4 p. c. des Etats-Unis, (A) et \$15,000, bons du district de Columbia, E.-U., (B).....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance de l'Ouest, Toronto.....	J. J. Kenny, directeur g�rant, Toronto.....	\$57,700 bons municipaux. (Accept�s � \$51,930).....	Contre l'inc. et sur la nav.

LES COMPAGNIES D'ASSURANCE SUR LA VIE CI-DESSOUS NOMMÉES, AYANT CESSÉ D'ENTREPRENDRE DES RISQUES AU CANADA, SONT AUTORISÉES, EN VERTU DE L'ARTICLE 17 DE "L'ACTE D'ASSURANCE REFONDU DE 1877," A POURSUIVRE TOUTES LES OPERATIONS SE RATTACHANT AUX POLICES ÉMISES AVANT LE 31 MARS 1878, ET LEURS DÉPÔTS SONT APPLICABLES A CES POLICES, SUJET AUX DISPOSITIONS DES ACTES D'ASSURANCE DE 1868 ET 1871.

NOM DE LA COMPAGNIE.	Principal agent pour la réception des significations des pièces et avis.	Montant des dépôts.	Assurance autorisée.
L'association médicale et générale sur la vie dite "Briton," Londres, Angleterre	Jas. B. M. Chipman, gérant, Montréal	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite Connecticut, de Hartford, Conn., E.-U.	Robt. Wood, agent-général, Montréal	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, d'Edimbourg.....	David Higgins, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$150,515 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'association d'assurance sur la vie, d'Ecosse.....	Geo. W. Ford, agent principal, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie Nationale d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.....	John F. Bell, procureur, Windsor	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, de New-York.....	F. W. Campbell, M.D., procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie dite "North Western," de Milwaukee, E.-U.....	M. W. Mills, agent principal, Toronto.....	\$100,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Phoenix," Hartford, Connecticut.....	A. R. Bethune, agent général, Montréal.....	\$105,000 bons des Etats-Unis	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, dite, "The Positive Government Security" (limitée) Angleterre	John Taylor, secrétaire, Montréal	\$8,273 débentures du Canada, 5. p. c.	Sur la vie.
La société d'assurance sur la vie, dite "Amicable" Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, agent général, Montréal.....	\$150,000 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
L'institution de Prévoyance Ecosaise	R. A. Ramsay, procureur, Montréal.....	\$100,343 bons du Canada.....	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance Provinciale Ecosaise.....	Geo. Wm. Ford, secrétaire, Montréal	\$150,790 sav. : \$112,343 bons du Canada, \$38,447 déb. Can. 5 p. c.	Sur la vie.
La compagnie d'assurance sur la vie, des Etats-Unis.....	.....	\$60,000 bons payables en or, Etats-Unis.....	Sur la vie.

NOTA.—La compagnie d'assurance mutuelle sur la vie, dite "Globe" de New-York, a été déclarée insolvable aux Etats-Unis et en Canada, et Jas. D. Fish, de New-York, a été nommé receveur par les cours des Etats-Unis, et W. C. Wells, de Montréal, a été nommé syndic par la Cour Supérieure de Montréal, pour les opérations faites en Canada. Le dépôt de la compagnie entre les mains du gouvernemen, \$100,000 en effets des Etats-Unis, a été, par ordre de la dite Cour Supérieure, délivré aux banquiers de cette cour.

La compagnie d'assurance maritime des Marchands de Montréal, a cessé de faire des opérations d'assurance, et est en voie de liquider ses affaires. Le dépôt a été remis à la compagnie moins \$2,223 en espèces retenues à cause de réclamations contestées

La compagnie d'assurance contre l'incendie et maritime dite "Dominion" s'est retirée des affaires, et a réassuré ses polices en circulation dans "l'Association d'assurance contre l'incendie," le dépôt a été remis, moins \$5,000 retenus pour couvrir les réclamations.

Bureau du Surintendant des Assurances, Ottawa, 31 mars 1882.

J. B. CHERRIMAN, Surintendant des Assurances.

DEPARTEMENT DES POSTES.

Dr. Compte des banques d'épargne de la Poste, pour le mois de mai 1882. Av.
 Fourni au Ministre des Finances aux termes de l'Acte pour l'Audition des Comptes Publics, 1878, Sec. 20)

Ealañce en caisse chez le Ministre des Finances, au 30 avril 1882.....	\$8,728,449 12	Remboursements durant le mois.....	\$369,129 93
Dépôts durant le mois	569,720 00		
Intérêt accordé aux déposants pour les comptes clos durant le mois	4,522 63		
		Balance :—	
		Au crédit des comptes des déposants.....	\$8,884,690 43
		Chèques en la possession des déposants et dont le paiement n'a pas été demandé.....	48,871 39
	9,302,691 75		8,933,561 82
			\$9,302,691 75

J. M. COURTNEY,
 Député du Ministre des Finances.

N. S. GARLAND,
 Commis des statistiques.
 Département des Finances, Ottawa, 23 juin 1882.

DEMANDES AU PARLEMENT.

PARLEMENT FÉDÉRAL.

Règles relatives aux avis de bills privés.

51. Dans le cas de toute demande de bill privé, proprement du ressort législatif du Parlement du Canada, suivant les dispositions de l'Acte de l'Amérique Britannique du Nord, 1867, et ayant pour objet, soit la construction d'un pont, d'un chemin de fer, d'un chemin à barrières ou d'une ligne télégraphique; soit la construction ou l'amélioration d'un port, d'un canal, d'une écluse, d'une digue ou d'une glissoire, ou autre ouvrage semblable; soit la concession d'un droit de passage d'eau, l'incorporation de professions ou métiers, ou d'une compagnie de banque ou autre compagnie par actions, soit la concession à une ou plusieurs personnes de certains droits ou privilèges exclusifs ou particuliers, soit le pouvoir de faire quelque chose qui, dans ses effets, pourrait toucher aux droits ou à la propriété d'autrui, ou concerner une classe particulière de la société; ou ayant pour objet quelque amendement de même nature à un acte antérieur,—un avis, énonçant d'une manière claire et intelligible la nature et l'objet de la demande, et signé (excepté s'il s'agit de corporations déjà existantes) par les pétitionnaires ou de leur part, est nécessaire et doit être publié comme il suit

Dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* en anglais et en français, ainsi que dans un journal anglais et un journal français du district intéressé, ou en anglais et en français dans le même journal, s'il ne s'en publie qu'un seul dans ce district; ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication de l'avis en anglais et en français doit se faire dans un journal du district le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

Dans les autres provinces :

Un avis doit être inséré dans la *Gazette du Canada* et dans un journal du comté ou des comtés-unis intéressés, ou s'il n'y paraît pas de journal, alors la publication doit se faire dans un journal du comté le plus voisin où il s'en publie.

La publication de ces avis durera, dans chaque cas la période de deux mois pendant l'intervalle de temps qui s'écoulera entre la clôture de la session précédente et la prise en considération de la pétition. Un exemplaire des numéros des journaux, reproduisant la première et la dernière insertion de l'avis, devra être transmis au greffier de chaque Chambre.

Toute personne désirant obtenir un bill privé devra, dans les huit jours qui précéderont l'ouverture du Parlement, déposer au bureau du greffier de la Chambre dans laquelle le bill doit prendre naissance, une copie de ce bill en langue anglaise ou en langue française, avec une somme suffisante pour en payer la traduction et l'impression. Il en sera imprimé 600 exemplaires en anglais et 200 en français; la traduction devra être faite par les officiers de la Chambre, et l'impression par l'entrepreneur des impressions. Le pétitionnaire aura aussi à payer au comptable de la Chambre une somme de \$200, plus le coût de l'impression de l'acte dans les Statuts, et remettra le reçu de ce paiement au greffier du comté auquel ce bill aura été renvoyé—le dit paiement sera effectué immédiatement après la seconde lecture avant la prise en considération du bill par le comité.

Si la pétition demande l'autorisation de présenter un bill privé ayant pour objet la construction d'un pont de péage, le pétitionnaire ou les pétitionnaires devront, en même temps qu'ils donneront l'avis prescrit par la règle précédente, donner aussi, de la même manière, avis des péages qu'ils entendent exiger, de l'étendue du privilège, de la hauteur des arches, de l'espace à laisser libre entre les culées ou les piliers

pour le passage de radeaux et des navires; et mentionner de plus s'ils se proposent de construire un pont mobile, et quelles en seront les dimensions.

Aucune pétition pour l'obtention d'un bill privé ne sera reçue par l'une ou par l'autre Chambre après les dix premiers jours de la session.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,

Greffier des Communes.

Règles du Sénat relatives aux avis de bills de divorce

72. Quiconque a l'intention de demander un bill de divorce, doit donner avis de son intention, et spécifier d'avec qui et pour quelle cause il veut divorcer. L'avis doit être inséré pendant six mois, à la *Gazette du Canada*, et dans deux journaux du district (si c'est dans les provinces de Québec et de Manitoba.) ou du comté ou des comtés-unis, (si c'est dans les autres provinces,) où le pétitionnaire résidait ordinairement lors de la séparation; et si le nombre voulu de journaux n'y paraît pas, alors la publication de l'avis devra se faire dans le district, le comté ou les comtés-unis voisins.

Un exemplaire en manuscrit de l'avis devra être signifié, à l'instance du pétitionnaire, à la personne d'avec laquelle il veut divorcer, si le lieu de la résidence de cette dernière peut être connu; et la preuve de cette signification ou de la diligence faite pour l'effectuer, doit être produite sous serment devant le Sénat et à sa satisfaction, lors de la lecture de la pétition.

ROBERT LEMOINE,

Greffier du Sénat.

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, lors de sa prochaine session, pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie Britannique Canadienne de câble et de télégraphe, dans le but de jeter un câble d'un point en Ecosse au Groënland, de là par la baie d'Hudson à Winnipeg; avec le droit de construire des lignes télégraphiques le long de n'importe quel chemin de fer ou route postale dans le Manitoba ou les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

A VIS public est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à la prochaine session du parlement du Canada pour l'obtention d'un acte à l'effet de constituer en corps politique la Compagnie d'amélioration de la Rivière à la Pluie.

WM. BANNERMAN.

Ottawa, 19 mai 1882.

47-9

DEMANDES POUR CHARTE PAR
LETTRES PATENTES.

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social, à l'effet de constituer en corps politique Richard Fuller, de la cité d'Hamilton, dans la province d'Ontario, gentilhomme; John Ross, du village d'Homer, dans le comté de Lincoln, dans la dite province, entrepreneur; James J. Foy, de la cité de Toronto, dans la dite province, avocat; Duncan McArthur, de la cité de Winnipeg, province du Manitoba, banquier, et William Clarke, de la dite cité de Winnipeg, meunier, sous la raison sociale de "La compagnie manufacturière de papier de Kéwatin," dans le but de fabriquer du papier et de la pulpe à papier; la dite com-

pagnie devant avoir le siège principal de ses opérations dans la cité de Winnipeg, avec un capital-actions de cent cinquante mille piastres (\$150,000) divisé en quinze cents actions de cent piastres chacune; les dits Richard Fuller, John Ross, James J. Foy, Duncan McArthur et William Clarke devant être les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

AIKINS, CULVER et HAMILTON,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Daté ce 22 juin 1882.

52-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite par les soussignés à Son Excellence le gouverneur-général en conseil pour obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada constituant en corps politique les requérants et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie proposée, sous le nom et pour les fins suivantes :—

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie de pulpe du Canada."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont les suivantes :—

Manufacturer, fabriquer et vendre dans n'importe quelle province de la Confédération, de la pulpe et du papier, ainsi que les articles manufacturés avec de la pulpe ou du papier; acquérir des brevets d'invention se rapportant à telle manufacture; fabriquer et vendre des machines auxquelles s'appliquent les dits brevets d'invention; en général faire toute espèce de choses propres à faciliter à la compagnie la réalisation de ses fins.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec.

4. Le montant projeté du capital-actions de la compagnie, est de cinquante mille piastres.

5. Le montant des actions de tel capital sera de cent piastres pour chacune.

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

John Farman, John McKergow, Albert A. Ayer, John P. McLachlan, John Cassils, tous écuyers, marchands, et Hiram K. Jaslin, écuyer, ingénieur civil, tous de la cité de Montréal, et Robert Meighen, de Perth, gentilhomme.

Les requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la compagnie.

ABBOTT, TAIT & ABBOTTS,

Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 20 juin 1882.

52-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau constituant en corps politique les soussignés et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir actionnaire dans la compagnie, et leur accordant une charte sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. Le nom que se propose de prendre la compagnie est la "La compagnie pourvoyeuse et commerciale des terres, limitée."

2. Les fins que se propose la compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(a) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada, soit des compagnies ou des particuliers.

(b) Le droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(c) Le droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, avec le droit de construire dessus des bâtiments et d'en trafiquer de toute façon.

(d) Le droit de louer et affermer les dites terres et d'en trafiquer de toute façon, de même que les intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre

du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement; le droit de faire des opérations d'agriculture et de développer les ressources de la compagnie; le droit d'emprunter de l'argent et d'en placer, avec tous les autres pouvoirs utiles ou nécessaires à la réalisation des fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique; le droit d'hypothéquer les dites terres ou une partie quelconque d'icelles pour l'une ou l'autre des fins expliquées ci-dessus ou pour n'importe quelle fin de la compagnie, et d'émettre des débetures garanties par les terres de la compagnie, ou autrement, pour les mêmes fins; le pouvoir de construire et maintenir des maisons sur les dites terres, d'acheter et fournir du bois de service et de charpente et toutes choses nécessaires à l'érection des bâtiments sur les dites terres par les colons, aux conditions dont il aura été convenu; le droit de construire et maintenir des manufactures, scieries et moulins à farine mus à la vapeur ou autrement sur les dites terres, et de fabriquer toute espèce de marchandises, bardeaux et autres articles requis; d'acheter et utiliser pour ces fins n'importe quelle machine; de vendre les marchandises ainsi manufacturées et en disposer de toute façon, ou de louer n'importe laquelle des entreprises de la compagnie à des conditions jugées raisonnables par la dite compagnie; le droit d'aider, encourager et développer l'immigration et secourir les immigrants de toute façon et par tous les moyens qui peuvent être jugés désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada; le droit d'accorder des subventions pour telles fins.

3. La compagnie projetée aura son principal siège d'affaires dans la cité de Toronto.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de \$600,000.

5. Le nombre de parts de tel capital-actions sera de 6,000 d'une somme de \$100 chacune.

6. Les nom, prénom et adresse de chacun des requérants sont comme suit :

William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, manufacturier, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, John Fitz-Allan Ellis, fabricant, Edward Carter, James Haywood, commis voyageur, George Clarence Thompson, fabricant, tous de Toronto; Frederick Henry Hesson, Stratford, marchand; dont les personnes suivantes seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie :—William Fenton McMaster, marchand, James Charles Black, commis voyageur, Alexander Archibald Allan, fabricant, Hugh Blain, marchand, Samuel Trees, fabricant, Warring Kennedy, marchand, Harry Alexander Galbraith, commis voyageur, Alfred Ansley, marchand, Harry Symons, avocat, tous de Toronto.

NICOL KINGSMILL,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté ce 19 avril 1882.

52-6

A VIS est par le présent donné sous l'autorité de l' "Acte du Canada, de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gou-

verneur-Général en Conseil, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants ci-après nommés et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires de la compagnie, sous le nom et pour les fins ci-après énumérées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie projetée sera "La compagnie militaire de colonisation du Canada."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest, soit du gouvernement du Canada soit des individus ou compagnies ; coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres ; arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, cultiver les dites terres, bâtir dessus, en développer les ressources minières suivant qu'il est permis de le faire par les règlements du gouvernement ; acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol ; acheter, vendre, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer et en général trafiquer les terres de n'importe quelle façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; prêter des sommes d'argent aux colons établis sur des terres achetées de la compagnie ; garantir le remboursement des prêts ainsi faits avec intérêt à telles conditions et de telle façon soit par le moyen d'hypothèque ou autrement suivant qu'il aura été convenu ; ériger, acquérir ou louer des moulins de différente sorte ; manufacturer et vendre de la farine, du bois de service et autres commodités ; élever, acheter et vendre des bestiaux, chevaux, moutons et autres animaux ; exercer dans toutes ses branches l'élevage des bestiaux.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Montréal, province de Québec, avec des succursales dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de cent mille piastres divisé en mille actions de cent piastres chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

Thomas Bland Strange, de la cité de Kingston, Ontario, major-général ; Claude de Vin Wade, de la Rivière de l'Arc, territoire du Nord-Ouest, gentilhomme ; R. Hunt, de Bombay, Inde, colonel du 5^e régiment d'infanterie indigène de Bombay ; Reginald Hennell, de Bombay, Inde, major du 5^e régiment d'infanterie indigène de Bombay ; Falkland Warren, de Nicosia, Chypre, colonel de l'artillerie royale ; Albert Cunningham, de Londres, Angleterre, gentilhomme, et William Robert Oswald, de Montréal, courtier de change.

6. Les premiers directeurs de la compagnie seront les dits Thomas Bland Strange, Claude de Vin Wade et William Robert Oswald.

HOLTON ET NICOLLS,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants.

Montréal, 21 juin 1882. 52-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que les personnes ci-après nommées et désignées ont l'intention de s'adresser au gouverneur en conseil pour obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada les constituant elles et toute autre qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire de la compagnie, en un corps politique sous l'autorité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social."

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie sera "La compagnie de transport du Canada."

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la dite compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique est le transport par terre, au moyen de véhicules tirés par des chevaux, de marchandises et effets dans les cités de Montréal, Ottawa, Québec, Toronto, Winnipeg et aux alentours, de même que dans les principaux centres du Canada.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera la cité de Montréal.

4. Le fonds social de la compagnie sera de \$500,000.00 divisé en cinq mille actions de \$100 chacune.

5. Voici les nom, prénom, qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants :

L'honorable Matthew H. Cochrane, de Compton, dans la province de Québec, sénateur ; Henry Judah,

de la cité et du district de Montréal, écuyer, avocat ; et William B. Smith, de la cité de Montréal, dans la province de Québec, écuyer. Et les dites personnes seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

ABBOTT, TAIT ET ABBOTTS,
Avocats des requérants.

Montréal, 20 juin 1882. 52-6

A VIS est par le présent donné que demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, de lettres patentes sous l'autorité de "l'Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par l'honorable Thomas Nicholson Gibbs, sénateur, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Robert Doull, M.P., de Pictou, Nouvelle-Ecosse ; John Alexander Mackenzie, avocat, de Sarnia, Ontario ; Frank Egerton Gibbs, meunier, d'Oshawa, Ontario ; Hugh Macmahon, C.R., de London, Ontario ; Thomas Wesley Jackson, de Qu'Appelle, Territoire du Nord-Ouest, agent d'immigration ; William Pugsley, jr., avocat, de la cité de Saint-Jean, Nouveau-Brunswick ; Leigh Richmond Harrison, avocat, de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, et Gilbert Raddan Pugsley, avocat, également de la dite cité de Saint-Jean, à l'effet de constituer les personnes ci-dessus nommées et d'autres en un corps politique pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie est "La compagnie des terres de Qu'Appelle et du Lac Long" (limitée).

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique sont : le droit pour elle d'acquérir des terres et autres propriétés dans la province du Manitoba et le territoire du Nord-Ouest ; le droit de coloniser, établir, améliorer et vendre les dites terres et en développer les ressources de toute nature ; le droit d'arpenter et diviser les dites terres avec le droit d'ériger dessus des constructions ; le droit de développer et exploiter les pêcheries sur les rives du lac Long ; le droit d'ériger et établir des magasins sur les dites propriétés, acheter et vendre des marchandises de toute description ; le droit d'acheter, vendre, accorder, transporter, louer, prendre à bail, hypothéquer les dites terres et en général les trafiquer de toute façon, y compris les intérêts en icelles ; le droit de prêter de l'argent et donner des secours aux colons établis sur les terres, y compris le droit d'avancer des marchandises ; le droit de garantir le remboursement de telles avances à des taux d'intérêt dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre ; le droit de construire des routes, chemins de fer, tramways, lignes de télégraphe, vapeurs ou navires, quais et autres travaux et moyens de transport sur les terres et les eaux de la compagnie ou utiles pour l'amélioration des propriétés de la compagnie, y compris le droit d'accorder de l'aide à ces diverses entreprises et s'en servir.

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la dite compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, Manitoba.

4. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de quatre cent cinquante mille piastres divisé en quatre mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

5. Les différentes personnes ci-dessus décrites seront les premiers directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

MACKENZIE, GURD ET KITTERMASTER,
Solliciteurs pour les requérants, Sarnia, Ont.
Daté ce 15 avril 1882. 49-6

A VIS est par le présent donné qu'un mois après la publication de cet avis dans la *Gazette du Canada* demande sera faite au gouverneur général en conseil en vertu de "l'acte du Canada concernant les compagnies à fonds social," par la "Compagnie de trafic du Nord-Ouest" (limitée), constituée en corps politique par lettres patentes du 22 juillet, A.D., 1873, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes supplémentaires sous le grand sceau du Canada, étendant les pouvoirs de la dite compagnie pour les fins suivantes :

1. L'acquisition de terres dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest du gouvernement du Canada de même que des compagnies et

individus; l'arpentage, la colonisation, l'établissement, la culture des dites terres et la construction de maisons dessus; la vente, la location des dites terres avec le droit de les hypothéquer et trafiquer de toute autre façon, de prêter de l'argent aux colons ou acheteurs des dites terres et de leur venir en aide en garantissant ses avances avec intérêt au moyen d'hypothèques ou autrement sur les dites terres, des conditions et de telle manière dont on aura convenu de part et d'autre; l'élevage, l'achat et la vente de chevaux, bestiaux et moutons et autres animaux, avec le droit de faire toutes les opérations se rattachant à l'industrie des fermiers.

2. L'augmentation du capital-actions de la dite compagnie jusqu'à deux cent cinquante mille piastres devant être divisé en deux mille cinq cents parts de cent piastres chacune.

DAVID KEMP,
Agent de la compagnie.

Ottawa, 16 juin 1882.

51-6

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'en vertu de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877 concernant les compagnies à fonds social," demande sera faite à Son Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil, un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada, accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et telles autres personnes qui pourraient devenir plus tard actionnaires dans la compagnie à être créée, pour les fins ci-après mentionnées :

1. La raison sociale de la compagnie sera "Le syndicat de la ferme Qu'Appelle, (limité)."

Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique, sont :—

(1) Le droit d'acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(2) L'exercice du droit de coloniser, établir et vendre les dites terres.

(3) L'exercice du droit d'arpenter, ouvrir, améliorer, défricher, cultiver les dites terres, les trafiquer de n'importe quelle façon ou élever dessus des constructions.

(4) L'exercice du droit de vendre, louer, affermer et hypothéquer les dites terres, les trafiquer de même que des intérêts en icelles, y compris le droit d'acheter et vendre du grain et autres produits du sol, de prêter de l'argent aux colons et d'aider à ces derniers par des subventions ou autrement et de garantir le remboursement de tels prêts avec intérêt par le moyen d'hypothèques ou obligations en la manière dont il aura été convenu de part et d'autre; le droit d'aider par des subventions ou autrement à la construction et au maintien des chemins de fer passant sur les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute autre entreprise destinée à ouvrir les dites terres, telles que lignes de bateaux, de télégraphe, de canaux, de réservoirs, d'aqueducs, rues, routes et autres travaux qui pourraient être jugés utiles à la réalisation de l'objet que se propose la compagnie; le droit d'acheter et vendre toute propriété personnelle ou droits y attachés requis par la dite compagnie pour protéger les intérêts de la dite compagnie ou des colons établis sur ses terres, ou autrement; emprunter et placer des sommes d'argent et faire toute chose utile ou nécessaire aux fins que se propose la dite compagnie en demandant à être constituée en corps politique; aider et encourager l'immigration, secourir les immigrants par tous les moyens qui peuvent être désirables pour ouvrir, développer et coloniser les dites terres et avancer les intérêts de la compagnie et du Canada.

2. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Winnipeg, avec des succursales à Toronto et ailleurs, dans le Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

3. Le fonds social de la dite compagnie sera de cinq cent mille piastres, divisé en cinquante mille parts de dix piastres chacune.

4. Voici les nom, prénom qualité et adresse de chacun des requérants: Jay Charles Richardson, de la cité de Cincinnati, Etats-Unis d'Amérique, écr., James Whealy, de la cité de Winnipeg, comté de

St. John, franc-tenancier, Alonzo King, de la ville de Stock, dans le comté d'Oxford, comptable, Robert Watson, de la cité de Winnipeg, entrepreneur, Kin Dawson, M.D., de la cité de Winnipeg, Edward Ycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, Josiah Ycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, Theodore Covernton, M. D., de la cité de Winnipeg, Louisa Black, de la cité de Winnipeg, modiste, Elizabeth Smith, de la cité de Winnipeg, veuve; Laura Angelina Stackhouse, de la cité de Winnipeg, tisserand, Thomas Scott McCool, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand de bois; George Fraser, de la cité de Winnipeg, fabricant de marbre, Rufus Atkinson, de la cité de Winnipeg, écr., Peter Mabec, de la ville de Simcoe, comté de Norfolk, encanteur, Joseph A. Maycock, de la cité de Winnipeg, marchand, George Stoddart, de la cité de Winnipeg, commis, Thomas Prest, de la cité de Winnipeg, province du Manitoba, écr., William Cowan, jr., du même lieu, écr., Olivier Austin, de la ville de Simcoe, écr.

Les quinze premiers requérants nommés seront les directeurs premiers ou provisoires de la dite compagnie.

J. B. McARTHUR,

Solliciteur pour les requérants.

Daté à Winnipeg, ce 23 mai 1882.

49-6

AVIS public est par le présent donné en conformité de l'"Acte du Canada de 1877, concernant les compagnies à fonds social", qu'un mois après la première insertion du présent avis dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son Excellence le Gouverneur-Général en Conseil, de lettres patentes sous le grand sceau du Canada accordant une charte constituant en corps politique les requérants et toute autre personne qui pourrait devenir plus tard actionnaire de la dite compagnie pour les fins ci-après énumérées :—

1. Le nom de la compagnie projetée est "La compagnie de gravure et d'impression des billets de banque du Canada.

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corps politique consistent dans l'exercice du droit de faire des affaires comme graveurs et imprimeurs de billets de banque, coupons, débentures, chèques, billets promissaires, timbres-poste et autres signes de valeur, et en général toute affaire comme graveurs, imprimeurs et marchands de tout article se rapportant à cette branche; le droit de posséder des bâtiments, machines et matériel, y compris le droit de posséder ou louer des bâtiments et des terrains nécessaires à ses fins;

3. Le siège principal des opérations de la compagnie projetée sera la cité de Toronto, dans la province d'Ontario, avec des succursales et agences dans toute autre localité dans le Canada qu'il sera nécessaire d'avoir.

4. Le capital-actions de la dite compagnie sera de (\$100,000) cent mille piastres;

5. Le nombre des actions sera de mille, d'une valeur de cent piastres chacune (\$100);

6. Voici les nom, prénom, adresse et qualité de chacun des requérants :—

William Cumming Smillie, de Poughkeepsie, dans l'Etat de New-York, l'un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, graveur; Henry Lyman, des cité et district de Montréal, marchand; William Henry Leslie Marston, des cité et district de Montréal, graveur; Thomas Johnson Gillelan, des cité et district de Montréal, graveur; George Frederick Cumming Smillie, de Plainfield, dans l'Etat de New-Jersey, l'un des Etats-Unis d'Amérique, graveur.

Les cinq requérants ci-dessus nommés seront les directeurs provisoires de la dite compagnie.

DUNLOP et LYMAN,

Avocats des requérants.

Montréal, 27 juin 1882.

53-6

AVIS est par le présent donné que, conformément à l'"Acte des compagnies à fonds social, du Canada, 1877," et après l'expiration d'un mois au moins, à compter de la publication des présentes dans la *Gazette du Canada*, demande sera faite à Son

Excellence le gouverneur général en conseil à l'effet d'obtenir des lettres patentes scellées du grand sceau, accordant une charte aux requérants et les constituant ainsi que tous autres qui pourront devenir actionnaires de la compagnie, en corps politique et incorporé sous le nom et pour les fins et objets ci-après mentionnés, savoir :

1. Le nom de corporation projeté de la compagnie sera "La compagnie d'établissements (homestead) Standard du Canada"

2. Les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation sont les suivantes :

(a) Acquérir des terres dans la province du Manitoba et les Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

(b) Coloniser, établir et vendre ces terres.

(c) Arpenter, tracer, améliorer, défricher et cultiver ces terres ; y faire des constructions et autrement s'en occuper.

(d) Vendre, affermer, louer, hypothéquer ces terres et généralement s'occuper de toute espèce d'intérêts dans ces terrains, y compris l'achat et la vente du grain et autres produits du sol ; avancer de l'argent aux colons et autrement les aider au moyen de bonis ou de toute autre manière, et assurer le remboursement de ces avances avec les intérêts, à telles conditions et de telle manière dont il pourra être convenu, au moyen d'hypothèque ou de convention ; accorder des bonis ou autrement aider à la construction et l'entretien de voies ferrées traversant les dites terres, ainsi qu'à toute entreprise ayant pour but d'ouvrir ces terres, y compris les bateaux à vapeur, les lignes de télégraphe, les canaux, les réservoirs, les aqueducs, les chemins, les rues et autres travaux qui pourront être jugés propres à favoriser les fins de la compagnie ; acheter et vendre toute espèce de biens mobiliers ou droits sur ces biens dont la compagnie pourra avoir besoin pour favoriser ses propres intérêts ou ceux des colons établis sur ces terres ; le pouvoir d'emprunter et faire des placements d'argent et tels autres pouvoirs utiles et nécessaires pour favoriser les fins pour lesquelles la compagnie demande à être constituée en corporation ; le pouvoir de favoriser, aider et encourager l'immigration, et de secourir les immigrants de toutes les manières et par tous les moyens désirables dans le but d'ouvrir, développer et coloniser la dite contrée, et promouvoir les intérêts de la compagnie ainsi que ceux du Canada en général.

3. Le principal siège d'affaires de la compagnie sera dans la cité de Toronto et elle aura des bureaux dans la province du Manitoba et les territoires du Nord-Ouest.

4. Le capital social de la compagnie sera de un million de piastres.

5. Le nombre d'actions du dit capital sera de dix mille, et chaque action sera pour un montant de cent piastres.

6. Voici les noms au long ainsi que l'adresse et la profession des dits requérants : James Moffat, de la cité de London, lieutenant-colonel de milice ; James Kirkpatrick Kerr, de la cité de Toronto, conseil de la Reine ; Andrew S. Irving, de la cité de Toronto, directeur de la compagnie de publication de Toronto ; W. Barclay McMurrich, maire de la cité de Toronto, avocat ; Alexander Gemmel, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros ; Sanderson Percy, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de peinture et d'huile en gros ; Bernard Saunders, de la cité de Toronto, marchand-tailleur ; Andrew J. Somerville, de la cité de Toronto, marchand de gros ; Richard J. Hovenden, de la cité de Toronto, peintre décorateur ; William Robins, de la cité de Toronto, comptable ; Samuel Davison, de la cité de Toronto, marchand à commission ; William Roaf, de la cité de Toronto, avocat ; Peter B. Ball, de la cité de Toronto, agent ; Edward R. C. Clarkson, de la cité de Toronto, comptable et syndic officiel ; Christopher W. Bunting, de la cité de Toronto, directeur-gérant de la compagnie d'imprimerie du Mail ; George Birrell, de la cité de London, marchand ; Robert Lewis, de la cité de London, écuyer ; Charles F. Goodhue, de la cité de London, écuyer ; Isaac Waterman, de la cité de London, manufacturier, Robert McIntosh, de Rapid City, Manitoba, docteur en médecine ; Daniel Spry, de la ville de Barrie,

inspecteur des postes, et Henry Bickford, de la ville de Dundas, manufacturier.

Les dits James Moffat, James Kirkpatrick Kerr, Andrew S. Irving, W. Barclay McMurrich, Alexander Gemmel, Sanderson Percy, Bernard Saunders, Andrew J. Somerville, Richard J. Hovenden et William Robbins seront les premiers directeurs ou directeurs provisoires de la compagnie.

C. A. BROUGH,

Pour les requérants.

Daté à Toronto, le 18 mai A.D. 1882.

47-tf

AVIS DIVERS.

ACTE DE FAILLITE DE 1875, ET SES AMENDEMENTS.

Dans l'affaire de la Banque des Artisans, faillie.

Il a été préparé une feuille de dividende des sommes perçues en vertu de la double responsabilité des actionnaires ayant des obligations antérieures à la réduction de quarante pour cent survenue en juillet 1876. Le dit dividende "payable seulement aux créanciers ayant des réclamations antérieures à cette date." sujet à objection jusqu'au dix-septième jour de juillet prochain (1882), après quoi le dividende sera payé.

JAMES COURT,

Syndic.

Montréal, 30 juin 1882.

53-1

LA BANQUE DE ST. HYACINTHE.

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'un dividende de quatre pour cent sur le capital payé de cette institution, a été déclaré pour les six mois courants, et sera payable au bureau de cette banque à St. Hyacinthe, le et après mardi le premier d'août prochain.

Les livres de transfert seront fermés du 17 au 31 juillet, ces deux jours compris.

Par ordre des directeurs,

R. ST. JACQUES,

Caissier.

St. Hyacinthe, 15 juin 1882.

52-5

AVIS est par le présent donné qu'une assemblée générale des directeurs provisoires de la compagnie du chemin de fer Central de Rapid City aura lieu à l'hôtel Queen, dans la cité de Toronto, à midi, du neuvième jour de juillet prochain, dans le but d'ouvrir des livres de souscription et de traiter de toute autre affaire suivant que permis par la loi.

Ottawa, 25 mai 1882.

49-6

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